

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR DEVELOPING, TESTING AND DEPLOYING DIGITAL REALITY APPLICATIONS INTO THE REAL WORLD VIA A VIRTUAL WORLD

FIELD

The present disclosure generally relates to computer systems, and more specifically to a system and method for developing, testing and deploying one or more digital reality applications into the real or virtual world via a persistent virtual world system.

BACKGROUND

Technology developments for providing digital reality application content to users have enabled experiences that were not possible in the past. Particularly, digital realities, such as augmented reality (AR), virtual reality (VR), and mixed reality (MR), change a user's perception on what they are seeing, hearing, and feeling, and how much of the real world comes into these experiences, providing the user with a sensation of a physical presence in places in the real world or an imagined world.

Development, testing, and deployment of digital reality applications may be computationally intensive. Furthermore, the variable nature of digital reality environments poses challenges for developers when creating digital reality applications. What is desired is a system and method to ease development, deployment, and operation of digital reality applications in a less computationally-intensive way and in an integrated ecosystem.

SUMMARY

This summary is provided to introduce a selection of concepts in a simplified form that are further described below in the Detailed Description. This summary is not intended to identify key features of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended to be used as an aid in determining the scope of the claimed subject matter.

Drawbacks described in the background are addressed by the current disclosure through a system and method that allows the integrated development, testing, and deployment of digital reality applications in the real world via a persistent virtual world system.

A system for developing, testing, and deploying digital reality applications comprising positional digital reality applications, areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof, comprises at least one server comprising memory and at least one processor, the memory storing a persistent virtual world system comprising at least one virtual replica of a corresponding real object, wherein the virtual 3D world coordinates and virtual properties of the virtual replicas are based on the 3D world coordinates and properties of the real objects; and at least one user device connected to the server via a network and configured to access the persistent virtual world system, wherein one or more users view and interact with the one or more digital reality applications in a merged reality comprised of a real world layer, a virtual world layer configured on top of the real world layer, and one or more digital reality application layers configured on top of the virtual world layer.

In the current disclosure, digital reality applications may include positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof. The positional digital reality applications are configured through the persistent virtual world system on one or more predetermined and precise 3D world locations, comprising 3D position and orientation, and can have multiple instances of 3D world locations. The areal digital reality application services refer to application services persistently available on one or more predetermined geographical areas covering one or more positional digital reality applications, where they can provision users within or in proximity to those areas with respective application services related to the one or more positional digital reality

applications. The positional digital reality applications and areal digital reality applications services are configured on top of the one or more digital reality application layers.

The memory of the server further stores an application development environment module configured to enable application developers to access the virtual world system to develop one or more digital reality applications, and an application management environment module configured to enable application administrators to access the persistent virtual world system to receive, manage, and deploy the one or more digital reality applications.

In some embodiments, the at least one server may use a cloud-to-edge infrastructure that may implement distributed computing capabilities, employing public or private clouds, cloudlets and edge systems, such as enterprise systems, mobile platforms, and/or user devices. In some embodiments, processing and provisioning of digital reality applications are based on the proximity of the at least one user device to the at least one digital reality application. In further embodiments, the processing and provisioning are server-based, client-based, or combinations thereof. In further embodiments, when the at least one user device is in proximity to a plurality of digital reality applications, the server may proceed to compute and composite the media content of the plurality of applications in the field of view or wide view of the one or more users and transmit the composited media content to the user device.

According to an embodiment, the persistent virtual world system comprises a virtual 3D infrastructure including one or more virtual replicas, purely virtual objects, virtual corridors, positional digital reality applications, or areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof enabling spatial organization, behaviors, computational and logical interactions between each other and with elements of the real world layer through their corresponding virtual replicas.

According to an embodiment, although publishing of the applications during deployment is done on the one or more digital reality application layers, which are persistent layers, during engagement by users, one or more positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services can filter through and process a plurality of elements of the virtual world layer, comprising virtual replicas and purely virtual objects that are relevant to the specific one or more positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services.

In some embodiments, the application development environment module includes development, settings, and testing sub-modules. These sub-modules are configured to enable an application developer to seamlessly develop, test, and configure the one or more digital reality applications or digital reality application layers, comprising adjusting the content, positional or areal location and space settings including 3D positioning and scaling, the time settings, and target user parameters for the one or more digital reality applications or digital reality application layers. In the location and space settings sub-module, the digital reality applications are positioned on the one or more digital reality application layers on top of the virtual world layer where, after future deployment, users can find them for interaction. Once the one or more digital reality applications have been developed, configured, and tested, the application developer may proceed to share the one or more digital reality applications with an application administrator through the application management environment module.

The application management environment module comprises the one or more shared digital reality applications, an application management testing sub-module, a rule-based application assessment sub-module, an application deployment sub-module, and an online application library. In the application management environment module, the application administrator may test, through the application management testing sub-module, the digital

reality application. After testing the application via the application testing sub-module and after assessing the suitability of the application via the rule-based application assessment sub-module, the application administrator may determine that the one or more digital reality applications require adjustments. The application administrator may thus send adjustment requests to the application developer. The application developer may subsequently adjust the one or more digital reality applications and, once approved, the application administrator may deploy and test deploy the one or more digital reality applications into an online application library for interaction with end users via the application deployment sub-module. The deployed one or more digital reality applications include the configuration previously set by the application developer and approved by the application administrator. In other words, the deployed application includes the content, real and/or virtual location and space settings including 3D positioning and scaling, time settings, and target user parameters defined for the one or more digital reality applications. The users may interact with the digital reality application via devices connected to the server via a network, wherein the server may service, stream, distribute, compute, and/or render the digital reality application content for the user.

The one or more digital reality applications may be configured into the real world via the persistent virtual world system stored in the memory of the server. The persistent virtual world system refers in the current disclosure to a virtualized version of the real world comprising real-world coordinates, such as 3D position, orientation, and scale of real objects, including latitudinal and longitudinal positional and orientation data, which are incorporated into the settings of the virtual replicas of the real world. The persistent virtual world system can include a detailed world map according to a real-life model where each entity (e.g., buildings, trees, people, etc.) is modeled based on real-world data, but which may, as well,

includes virtual objects not based on real-world data. Thus, when configuring one or more positional digital reality applications, an application developer may attach digital reality applications to one or more virtual replicas existing in the persistent virtual world system, so that the digital reality application may be viewed as an extension of the existing virtual replica. However, in other embodiments, the positional digital reality applications may be attached to a location of the persistent virtual world system without being attached to a specific virtual replica, but being positioned with respect to other virtual replicas in the persistent virtual world system. In other embodiments, areal digital reality application services may be attached to one or more geographic areas of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica. Thus, developing, testing, assessing and deploying the digital reality applications using the persistent virtual world system as a reference can provide application developers, administrators and end-users with a sensation of the world being a development space.

According to an embodiment, a method facilitating development, testing, and deployment of digital reality applications into the real world includes the steps of providing, by at least one server comprising memory and at least one processor, one or more digital reality applications and a persistent virtual world system comprising at least one virtual replica of a corresponding real object, wherein the virtual 3D world coordinates and virtual properties of the virtual replicas are based on the 3D world coordinates and properties of the real objects; and receiving, by the at least one server, input from at least one user device accessing the persistent virtual world system. The at least one user device is connected to the at least one server via a network. The persistent virtual world system allows one or more users to view and interact with the one or more digital reality applications in a merged reality

comprising a real world layer, a virtual world layer configured on top of the real world layer, and one or more digital reality application layers configured on top of the virtual world layer.

In some embodiments, the input may be related to development of the one or more digital reality applications. In such cases, the at least one server may facilitate further steps of developing the one or more digital reality applications by an application developer via an application development environment module; sharing, by the application developer, the digital reality application with an application management environment module; testing, by the application administrator via the application management environment module, the digital reality application for compliance evaluation; approving/rejecting, by the application administrator via the application management environment module, the digital reality application; sending, when required, application adjustment requests to the application development environment module; adjusting the application by the application developer via the application development environment module; and deploying and test deploying, by the application administrator, the digital reality application in an online application library once the digital reality application is compliant with the application administrator compliance parameters.

According to an embodiment, developing the one or more digital reality applications via the application development environment module further comprises setting-up, by the application developer, the application configuration (e.g., location, time, and target user parameters, amongst others); testing, by the application developer, the digital reality application in an application development space; and carrying out, by the application developer, further testing in a virtual world final positional or areal location in virtual reality, and in the real world final positional or areal location in augmented reality.

The application library of the current disclosure where the one or more digital reality applications are positioned and deployed may be considered as the digital reality application layer configured on top of a virtual world layer of the persistent virtual world system, which is in turn configured on top of a real world layer. The virtual world layer comprises the one or more virtual replicas and purely virtual objects. This set of layers forms a merged reality, where users employing user devices may view and interact with digital reality applications and at least some virtual replicas in augmented reality, virtual reality, or combinations thereof. As all or most of the real objects of the real world are mapped or virtualized into the persistent virtual world system, users located in areas of the persistent virtual world system may have a sensation that the real world is an application library with digital reality applications configured in several parts of the real world.

The above summary does not include an exhaustive list of all aspects of the present disclosure. It is contemplated that the disclosure includes all systems and methods that can be practiced from all suitable combinations of the various aspects summarized above, as well as those disclosed in the Detailed Description below, and particularly pointed out in the claims filed with the application. Such combinations have particular advantages not specifically recited in the above summary. Other features and advantages of the present disclosure will be apparent from the accompanying drawings and from the detailed description that follows below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing aspects and many of the attendant advantages of this disclosure will become more readily appreciated as the same become better understood by reference to the following detailed description, when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

FIG. 1 depicts a diagram of a system for developing, testing, and deploying one or more digital reality applications into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, according to an embodiment;

FIG. 2 depicts a diagram of an application development environment module for developing and testing one or more digital reality applications into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, according to an embodiment.

FIG. 3 depicts a diagram of an application management environment module enabling compliance testing and deployment of one or more digital reality applications into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, according to an embodiment.

FIGS. 4A-4B depict schematic illustrations of a system for developing, testing, and deploying one or more digital reality applications into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, where a virtual world system and real world are merged into a merged reality enabling deployment of the one or more digital reality applications.

FIG. 5 depicts a diagram of a user device that can be used for developing, testing, and deploying one or more digital reality applications of the current disclosure, according to an embodiment.

FIG. 6 depicts a block diagram of a method for developing, testing, and deploying one or more digital reality applications into the real world through a persistent virtual world system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

In the following description, reference is made to drawings which show by way of illustration various embodiments. Also, various embodiments will be described below by referring to several examples. It is to be understood that the embodiments may include

changes in design and structure without departing from the scope of the claimed subject matter.

FIG. 1 depicts a system **100** which may be used for developing, testing, and deploying one or more digital reality applications comprising positional digital reality applications, areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof, into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, according to an embodiment.

The system **100** may include at least one server **102** comprising memory **104** and at least one processor **106**, the memory **104** storing one or more digital reality applications and a persistent virtual world system **108** comprising at least one virtual replica **110** (e.g., virtual replicas A-N) of a corresponding real object (not shown), wherein the virtual 3D world coordinates and virtual properties of the virtual replicas **110** are based on the 3D world coordinates and properties of the real objects; an application development environment module **112** configured to enable users **114** (e.g., application developers) to access the persistent virtual world system **108** and to develop one or more digital reality applications **116**, and an application management environment module **118** configured to enable users **114** (e.g., application administrators) to manage the one or more digital reality applications **116** created via the application development environment module **112**. Users **114**, depending on their entitlement, may access one or more of the persistent virtual world system **108**, application development environment module **112**, and application management environment module **118** via user devices **120** connected via a network **122**. The at least one processor **106** is configured to execute instructions on data of the virtual replicas **110** and digital reality applications **116**. In some embodiments, the persistent virtual world system **108** is configured to allow users to view and interact with digital reality applications **106** in a merged reality comprising a real world layer, a virtual world layer configured on top of the

real world layer, and one or more digital reality application layers configured on top of the virtual world layer, as described in further detail below.

In the current disclosure, the term “persistent” is used to characterize a state of a system that can continue to exist without a continuously executing process or network connection. For example, the term "persistent" may be used to characterize the virtual world system where the virtual world system and all of the virtual replicas, purely virtual objects and digital reality applications therein comprised continue to exist after the processes used for creating the virtual replicas, purely virtual objects and digital reality applications cease, and independent of users being connected to the virtual world system. Thus, the virtual world system is saved in non-volatile storage location in the server. In this way, virtual replicas, purely virtual objects and digital reality applications may interact and collaborate with each other when being configured for accomplishing specific goals even if users are not connected to the server.

The application development environment module **112** is configured to enable one or more users together or separately **114**, such as one or more application developer, to connect, develop, create and test one or more digital reality applications through the virtual world system **108**, and share one or more digital reality applications **116** with an application management environment module **118**. The application management environment module **118** is configured to enable one or more users **114**, such as an application administrator, to perform compliance testing, deployment and test deployment of the digital reality application **116** into an online application library that can be accessed by end users via user devices **120**.

In some embodiments, the digital reality applications **116**, once deployed and test deployed, may be attached to a virtual replica **110** existing in the persistent virtual world system **108**, which may be symbolized in **FIG. 1** by arrows pointing from some of the digital

reality applications **116** onto at least one virtual replica **110**. Thus, the one or more digital reality applications **116** may be configured in the same location as the virtual replica **110**, and may be viewed as an extension of the existing virtual replica **110**. However, in other embodiments, the one or more digital reality applications **116** may be attached to a location of the persistent virtual world system **108** without being attached to a specific virtual replica **110**. In other embodiments, specifying the area of the one or more areal digital reality application services of the one or more digital reality applications **116** comprises attaching the one or more areal digital reality application services to one or more geographic areas of the persistent virtual world system **108** not linked to a specific virtual replica

The virtual replicas **110** in the persistent virtual world system **108** can be developed based on the shape, location, position and orientation, other properties (e.g., physical and logical properties) and the expected functioning and systemic impact (e.g., energy consumption, traffic behavior, carbon emissions, etc.) of each of the real objects from which the virtual replicas **110** are based. Thus, for example, the virtual replicas **110** may include data and instructions that are input through software modules and tools included in a replica editor (not shown) configured to input the data and instructions of each virtual replica **110** that can enable configuring each of these properties. However, the virtual replicas **110** may also represent objects that do not exist in real life, such as purely virtual objects. These virtual replicas **110** representing purely virtual objects can also be positioned with respect to the location of real objects, and may also have digital reality applications **116** attached thereupon.

In some embodiments, a virtual replica includes one or more of 3D world and building data, such as SLAM or derivate-mapping based data; 3D geometry data; 3D point cloud data; or geographic information system data representing real-world structural properties that may serve to model a 3D structure for digital reality applications.

The persistent virtual world system **108** is a virtualized version of the real-world comprising real-world coordinates, such as 3D position, orientation, and scale of real objects, including latitudinal and longitudinal positional and orientation data, which are incorporated into the settings of the virtual replicas **110**. The persistent virtual world system **108** can include a detailed world map according to a real-life model where each entity (e.g., buildings, trees, people, etc.) is modeled based on real-world data, but which may, as well, include virtual objects not based on real-world data. Modeling techniques for converting real-world objects into virtual replicas **110** may be based on techniques known in the art. In one embodiment, the virtual replicas **110** may be modeled based on readily-available computer-assisted drawing (CAD) models of the real-world elements. For example, machine owners may provide already-existing digital CAD models of their machines. Similarly, building owners or government authorities may provide building information models (BIMs), which are digital representation of physical and functional characteristics of a facility, and store them in the persistent virtual world system **108**. In other embodiments, the virtual replicas may be modeled through car or drone-based image-scanning pipelines to be input through a variety of photo, video, depth simultaneous location and mapping (SLAM) scanning. In other embodiments, radar-imaging, such as synthetic-aperture radars, real-aperture radars, Light Detection and Ranging (LIDAR), inverse aperture radars, monopulse radars, and other types of imaging techniques may be used to map and model real-world elements before integrating them into the persistent virtual world system **108**. Radar-imaging solutions may be performed especially in cases where the original models of the structures are not available, or in cases where there is missing information or there is a need to add additional information to the virtual world entities which is not provided by the CAD models.

According to an embodiment, the digital content provided by the digital reality applications **116** may include at least one of the following: image data, 3D geometries, video

data, audio data, haptic data, textual data, or a combination thereof. One or more parts of the digital content to be provided to the at least one user **114** may include augmented reality (AR), virtual reality (VR) digital content, or combinations thereof. If a user **114** views the digital content as AR digital content, the AR digital content includes real-world environment elements augmented by computer-generated sensory input such as sound, video, graphics, or GPS data. Augmentation techniques are typically performed in real-time and in semantic context with environmental elements, such as overlaying supplemental information or virtual objects in the real world. The AR digital content allows information about the surrounding real world of the user **114** or virtual objects overlay in the real world to become interactive and digitally interactive. If a user **114** views the digital content as VR digital content, the VR digital content may include virtual elements that are used to replace the real world with a simulated one.

The at least one server **102** may provide computing resources sufficient to carry out heavy load applications, such as servicing, distributing, computing, streaming, and/or rendering digital content from one or more digital reality applications **116** for interaction users **114**. In preferred embodiments, the computing environment of the servers **102** is run on an abstracted, virtualized infrastructure that shares resources such as CPU, memory and storage between applications, such as in cloud servers. Using a cloud computing network, access to computing power, computer infrastructure (e.g., through so-called infrastructure as a service, or IaaS), applications, and business processes can be delivered as a service to users **114** on demand.

In some embodiments, processing and provisioning of the at least one digital reality application **116** is based on the proximity of the one or more user devices **120** to the at least one digital reality application **116**. In some embodiments, processing and provisioning of the

at least one digital reality application **116** are server-based, client-based, or combinations thereof. In embodiments of server-based processing and provisioning, when one or more user devices **120** employed by users **114** are in proximity to the at least one digital reality application **116**, most of the processing and optionally the rendering of the at least one digital reality application **116** is done by the at least one processor **106** of the at least one server **102**. Therefore, when one or more user devices **120** are in proximity to the at least one digital reality application **116**, the at least one processor **106** of the server **102** may geospatially (i.e., based on the current real or virtual position and orientation of the user **114** using a user device **120**) process, optionally render, and transmit the one or more digital reality application media content to users **114** for output by the user devices **120**, leaving only lightweight operations and computing to be performed by the user devices **120**. In embodiments of client-based processing and provisioning, when users **114** are in proximity to the at least one digital reality application **116**, the server **102** may proceed to transmit the one or more digital reality applications for local processing and execution by the user devices **120**.

In other embodiments, when one or more user devices **120** employed by users **114** are in proximity to a plurality of positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services of the one or more digital reality applications **116** in the field of view (e.g., up to 90 degrees) or wide view (e.g. more than 90 degrees, such as 120 degrees, 180 degrees, or even 360 degrees) of the one or more users **114**, the server **102** can proceed to compute and composite the media content of the plurality of positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services of the one or more digital reality applications **116** in the field of view or wide view of the one or more users **114** and transmit those composited media content to the user device **120**.

In some embodiments, the at least one server **102** may use a cloud-to-edge infrastructure that may implement distributed computing capabilities, comprising employing public or private clouds, cloudlets and edge systems, such as enterprise systems, mobile platforms, and user devices. This way, resources including physical servers and network equipment enable a shared storage and computing that may be dynamically allocated depending on factors such as the distance of the user to the resources and the network and computational demand from the users.

In an embodiment, in order to reduce hardware and network demands, contribute to the reduction of network latency, and improve the general digital reality experience, the digital reality ecosystem may connect through a network **122** including millimeter-wave (mmW) or combinations of mmW and sub 6 GHz communication systems, such as through 5th generation wireless systems communication (5G). In other embodiments, the system may connect through wireless local area networking (Wi-Fi) providing data preferably at 16 GHz. Provided communication systems may allow for about 1 to about 5 millisecond end-to-end (E2E) latency and 1-10 Gbps downlink speeds to end points in the field, complying with parameters necessary for executing the typically highly interactive digital reality applications. This results in high-quality, low latency, real-time digital application content streaming. In other embodiments, the digital reality ecosystem may communicatively connect through 4th generation wireless systems communication (4G), may be supported by 4G communication systems, or may include other wired or wireless communication systems.

User devices **120** may include, for example, mobile phones, smart phones, smart contact lenses, head-up displays, PDAs (personal digital assistant), handheld game devices, portable media players, personal computers, game consoles, media centers, or devices

specifically designed for interacting with digital reality (e.g., VR/AR/MR glasses, VR/AR/MR contact lenses, etc.), and the like.

In some embodiments, user interaction with digital content may be gesture-enabled, whereby the user **114** employs one or more gestures for interaction through the user devices **120**. For example, the gestures can be natural user interface (NUI) gestures. NUI may be defined as any interface technology that enables a user **114** to naturally interact with a device, free from artificial constraints imposed by input devices such as mice, keyboards, remote controls, and the like. Examples of NUI methods include those methods that employ gestures, such as tactile and non-tactile interfaces such as speech recognition, touch recognition, facial recognition, stylus recognition, air gestures (e.g., hand poses and movements and other body/appendage motions/poses), head and eye tracking, voice and speech utterances, and machine learning related to vision, speech, voice, pose, and/or touch data, for example.

FIG. 2 depicts an application development environment module **112**, which may be used for developing, testing, and deploying a digital reality application **116** into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, according to an embodiment. Some elements of **FIG. 2** may be similar to elements of **FIG. 1**, and thus similar or identical reference numerals may be used to identify those elements. The application development environment module **112** includes a development sub-module **202**, a settings sub-module **204**, and a testing sub-module **206**.

The development sub-module **202** is configured to enable one or more application developers **208** to develop one or more digital reality applications **116**. The development sub-module **202** includes application development tools **210**, such as real-time 3D game engine software development kits (SDKs), in order to build the one or more digital reality

applications **116**. The settings sub-module **204** is configured to allow the one or more application developers **208** to set various features that are necessary for suitable deployment of the digital reality application **116**. The settings sub-module **204** may include location and space settings **212**, time settings **214**, and target user parameter settings **216**.

The location and space settings **212** is configured to enable defining the one or more positional or areal locations where the at least one digital reality application **116** may be available to end users, including the relative three-dimensional position and scaling of the at least one digital reality application **116**. The one or more digital reality applications **116** are thus positioned on one or more digital reality application layers on top of the persistent virtual world system representing the real world, where users can find them for interaction.

In some embodiments, specifying the location and space of the one or more positional digital reality applications through the location and space settings **212** comprises attaching the one or more positional digital reality applications to one or more virtual replicas existing in the persistent virtual world system. In other embodiments, specifying the location and space of the one or more positional digital reality applications through the location and space settings **212** comprises attaching the one or more digital reality applications to empty locations of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica. In other embodiments, specifying the area of the one or more digital reality application services through the location and space settings **212** comprises attaching the one or more areal digital reality application services to one or more geographic areas of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica. For example, the settings sub-module **204** may be configured to attach one or more positional digital reality applications to one or more virtual replicas existing in the persistent virtual world system or to empty locations of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica, or to attach one or

more areal digital reality application services to one or more geographic areas of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica.

The time settings **214** may enable configuring the different time slots in which the digital reality application **116** may be available to users **114**. In one embodiment, the time settings **214** may enable the one or more digital reality applications **116** to be configured for being automatically updated or modified at determined intervals. In another embodiment, the time settings **214** may enable the digital reality applications **116** to be disabled at various points in time depending on the time and date. In a further embodiment, the location and space settings **212** may enable the digital reality applications **116** to be configured at specific seasons or during predetermined weather conditions. For example, time settings **214** may determine that a digital reality application **116** may be available only during daytime, during nighttime, during specific hours or for a specific time duration, during summer or winter, or during rainy or dry times of the day. The target user parameter settings **216** may enable the application developer **208** to specify the access rights to the digital reality application **116**. For example, the application developer **208** may allow a selected group of users to access the digital reality application **116**, such as by demographic parameters (e.g., age or gender). In other embodiments, the target user parameter settings **216** may utilize other rule-based criteria, such as user preference data, general big-data conditions, machine-learning output, and the like.

In some embodiments, the settings submodule **204** may be further configured to enable an adaptive characteristics configuration of the one or more digital reality applications **116**. The adaptive characteristics configuration may enable the digital reality applications **116** to change the configurations of one or more characteristics of the at least one digital reality application **116** based on the available settings. For example, the adaptive

configuration of the settings submodule **204** can adjust the color, brightness, shades, size, text, sounds, etc., of the one or more digital reality application **116** based on the time of the day, lighting conditions, weather conditions, traffic conditions, and the like. In another example, the adaptive characteristics configuration can increase the brightness of the graphical representation of a digital reality application **116** during the day to increase visibility of the digital reality application **116** during a shiny day, and can adjust down the brightness during nighttime.

The testing sub-module **206** is configured to allow the application developer **208** to test created digital reality applications **116**. The testing sub-module **206** may include development space testing tools **218**, final location virtual reality testing tools **220**, and final location augmented reality testing tools **222**. The development space testing tools **218** may include a resource simulator to allow application developers **104** to test applications in development spaces without positioning the digital reality application **116** in the persistent virtual world system. The simulator may thus provide simulated input to the digital reality application **116** to allow for testing and application validation. The final location virtual reality (VR) testing tools **220** may be configured to allow an application developer **208** to test the one or more digital reality applications **116** in a virtual world final positional or areal location in virtual reality. In this scenario, a virtualized version of the area and elements where the digital reality application **116** is to be deployed is required for testing, which may already be stored and computed, for example, in the persistent virtual world system **108** of the server **102** in **FIG. 1**. The final location augmented reality (AR) testing tools **222** may be configured to allow an application developer **208** to test the one or more digital reality applications **116** in the real world final positional or areal location in augmented reality. In this scenario, the digital reality application **116** and one or more virtual replicas within the

persistent virtual world system, which may be involved in an interaction with application developers **208** developing the digital reality application **116**, may be overlay on top of reality for testing. The final location VR and AR testing tools **220** and **222** may be used once a digital reality application **116** has reached a pre-determined level of development, and thus is suitable for testing in the final locations where an end user may interact with the one or more digital reality application **116**.

After an application developer **208** has developed a digital reality application **116**, the application developer **208** may share the digital reality application **116** with an application management environment module.

FIG. 3 depicts a schematic illustration of an application management environment module **118**, which may be used for compliance testing and deployment of digital reality applications **116**, according to an embodiment. Some elements of **FIG. 3** may be similar to elements of **FIGS. 1-2**, and thus similar or identical reference numerals may be used to identify those elements.

The application management environment module **118** may be accessed by an application administrator **302** by connecting, through suitable user devices **120**, to one or more servers hosting the application management environment module **118** (e.g., server **102** of **FIG. 1**) via a network **122**. The application management environment module **118** may include the one or more digital reality applications **116** shared from the application development environment module, an application management testing sub-module **304**, a rule-based application assessment sub-module **306**, an application deployment sub-module **308**, and an online application library **310**. The application management testing sub-module **304** may, through suitable user devices **120**, enable an application administrator **302** to test the digital reality application **116**. Tests performed may comprise testing the different

parameters and options of the digital reality application **116** already configured at the application development environment module, such as testing the digital reality application **116** in the one or more final locations, testing at different times of the day, seasons, or weather conditions, or trying out the different target user parameter settings.

Upon the tests performed in the application management testing sub-module **304**, the application administrator **302** may employ a rule-based application assessment sub-module **306** in order to determine whether the digital reality application **116** is suitable for deployment and test deployment. The rules upon which the rule-based application assessment sub-module **306** is based may be related to the content, real and/or virtual location and space, time, and target user parameters, amongst others. For example, an application administrator **302** may determine, through the rule-based application assessment sub-module **306**, that a digital reality application **116** may not be suitable for deployment and test deployment because part of the content may include scenes that do not comply with these approval/rejection rules. If the application administrator **302** determines that the digital reality application **116** is suitable for deployment and test deployment, the application administrator **302** may employ an application deployment sub-module **308** to enable deployment and test deployment of the digital reality application **116** into the online application library **310**. The online application library **310** executes on one or more user devices **120** and provides functionality to allow users **114** to find and access digital reality applications **116**.

After deployment and test deployment of the digital reality application **116** by an application administrator **302** into the application library **310**, any end user **312** logged into the online application library **310** may be able to view, access and interact with the digital reality applications **116** once the end user **312** is located at a certain distance from the digital

reality applications **116**. For example, if an application is deployed to be attached to the virtual replica of a real statue, an end user **312** approaching the real statue may be able to view and interact with the application once the digital reality application **116** is within the field of view or wide view of the end user **312**.

The application library **310** of the current disclosure may be considered one or more virtual layers, or one or more digital reality application layers, on top of a virtual world layer of the persistent virtual world system, where digital reality applications may be viewed by users in augmented, virtual or mixed reality. As all or most of the real objects of the real world are mapped or virtualized into the persistent virtual world system, users located in areas of the persistent virtual world system may feel that the real world is like an application store, where both real and virtual objects may be viewed and interacted with.

FIGS. 4A-4B depict schematic illustrations of systems **400a-b** for developing, testing, and deploying one or more digital reality applications into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, where a virtual world system **108** and real world **402** are merged into a merged reality **404** enabling deployment of the one or more digital reality applications **116**. Some elements of **FIGS. 4A-4B** may be similar to elements of **FIGS. 1-3**, and thus similar or identical reference numerals may be used to identify those elements.

In the illustration of system **400a** in **FIG. 4A**, two end users **406a-b** wearing user devices **120** stand in an area of the real world **402**. From the perspective of a person not wearing user devices **120**, the real world **402** comprises, for example, a building **408**, a tree **410**, an airplane **412** and the two end users **406a-b**.

In the persistent virtual world system **108** there are three digital reality applications **414a-c**, wherein digital reality applications **414a-b** have been positioned and deployed in empty areas of the persistent virtual world system **108**, whereas the digital reality application

414c has been attached to a tree virtual replica **410a**. In the persistent virtual world system **108**, end users **406a-b** have their own respective virtual avatars **416a-b**, while other real objects (e.g., building **408**, tree **410** and airplane **412**) also have their own virtual replicas (e.g., building virtual replica **408a**, tree virtual replica **410a** and airplane virtual replica **412a**). In addition, in the persistent virtual world system **108** there may be one or more virtual replicas that do not represent an object from the real world (e.g., purely virtual objects such as a virtual bird **418** and a virtual fountain **420**).

The merged reality **404** comprises a real world layer **422**, a virtual world layer **424** configured on top of the real world layer **422**, and one or more digital reality application layers **426** configured on top of the virtual world layer **424**. Thus, when deploying digital reality applications into an online application library (e.g., online application library **310** of **FIG. 3**), the digital reality applications are positioned and deployed on the one or more digital reality application layers **426**.

End users **406a-b** may, depending on the reality setting selected for interacting with the persistent virtual world system **108** in the merged reality **404** (e.g., virtual reality or augmented reality), view either of the one or more real world objects **408-412**; their respective virtual replicas **408-412a**; the digital reality applications **414a-c**; the purely virtual objects **418-420**; or combinations thereof. Users **406a-b** may further interact with the one or more virtual replicas **408a-412a**, digital reality applications **414a-c**, and purely virtual objects **418-420**. For example, if an end user views the merged reality **404** in virtual reality, the end user may view and interact with the digital reality applications **414a-c**, and depending on the configuration and media content available, may view and interact with the virtual replicas **408a-412a** and purely virtual objects **418-420**. In another example, if an end user views the merged reality **404** in augmented reality, the end user may view and interact

with the digital reality applications **414a-c**, may view the real world objects **408-412** and may, depending on the configuration and media content available, view and interact with their respective virtual replicas **408a-412a** and with the purely virtual objects **418-420**.

In some embodiments of the current disclosure, digital reality applications refer to positional digital reality applications, areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof. The positional digital reality applications are configured through the persistent virtual world system **108** on one or more predetermined and precise 3D world locations, comprising 3D position and orientation, and can have multiple instances of 3D world locations. The areal digital reality application services refer to application services persistently available on one or more predetermined geographical areas covering one or more positional digital reality applications, where they can provision users within or in proximity to those areas with respective application services related to the one or more positional digital reality applications. The positional digital reality applications and areal digital reality applications services are configured on top of the one or more digital reality application layers **426**.

FIG. 4B depicts an illustration of system **400b** where the virtual world system **108** comprises the virtual world layer **424** and one or more digital reality application layers **426**. The virtual world layer **424** comprises only the virtual elements that may be included in the persistent virtual world system **108**, such as virtual replicas **408a-410a** and purely virtual objects **418-420**. On the other hand, the one or more digital reality application layers **420** comprise only the applications that may be included in the persistent virtual world system **108**, such as digital reality applications **414a-414c**.

According to an embodiment, a plurality of virtual replicas (e.g., virtual replicas **408a-412a**), purely virtual objects (e.g., purely virtual objects **418-420**), and digital reality

applications (e.g., digital reality applications **414a-c**) comprising positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof in the virtual world system **108**, may be considered as a virtual 3D infrastructure comprising accurate properties of each of the real objects (through their virtual replicas), digital reality applications and of purely virtual objects. Thus, for example, this virtual 3D infrastructure of the virtual world layer **424** can enable spatial organization, several behaviors, and computational and logical interactions between digital reality applications **414a-c**, virtual replicas **408a-412a** and purely virtual objects **418**. In some embodiments, the purely virtual objects in the virtual 3D infrastructure further comprise virtual corridors, which can serve to define and delimit the path of real objects through their virtual replicas, purely virtual objects, or digital reality applications. For example, with reference to **FIG. 4A**, the real airplane **412** (and any digital reality application thereon attached) can have a predetermined flight-path serviced as a virtual corridor and accessed and processed through its respective virtual replica **412a**. Likewise, any other moving objects (e.g., flying, driving, walking, etc.) autonomously or manually controlled can use virtual corridor or virtual 3D infrastructure services to navigate, process and compute the real world through the virtual world system **108**.

According to an embodiment, although publishing of the applications during deployment is done on the one or more digital reality application layers **426**, which are persistent layers, during engagement by users, the one or more positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services can filter through and process all or most elements of the virtual world layer **426** comprising the virtual replicas and purely virtual objects that are relevant to the specific digital reality application. For example, a fast food restaurant digital reality application layer can filter all fast food restaurants through

their respective virtual replicas, highlighting for users and providing them the necessary data of each restaurant. In another example, a dating application layer can filter for a user only the people that are using such an application, highlighting these people for the user and providing the user with prospects matching the user's background, personality or tastes.

FIG. 5 depicts a schematic illustration of a user device **120**. A user device **120** may include operational components such as an input/output (I/O) module **502**; a power source **504**; a memory **506**; sensing mechanisms **508** and transceivers **510** forming a tracking module **512**; and a network interface **514**, all connected to a processor **516**.

The I/O module **502** is implemented as computing hardware and software configured to interact with users and provide user input data to one or more other system components. For example, I/O module **502** may be configured to interact with users, generate user input data based on the interaction, and provide the user input data to the processor **516** before being transferred to other processing systems via a network, such as to a server. In another example, I/O modules **502** is implemented as an external computing pointing device (e.g., a touch screen, mouse, 3D control, joystick, gamepad, and the like) and/or text entry device (e.g., a keyboard, dictation tool, and the like) configured to interact with other connected elements. In yet other embodiments, I/O module **502** may provide additional, fewer, or different functionality to that described above.

The power source **504** is implemented as computing hardware and software configured to provide power to the user device **120**. In one embodiment, the power source **504** may be a battery. The power source **504** may be built into the devices or removable from the devices and may be rechargeable or non-rechargeable. In one embodiment, the user devices **120** may be repowered by replacing one power source **504** with another power source **504**. In another embodiment, the power source **504** may be recharged by a cable attached to a charging source, such as a universal serial bus ("USB") FireWire, Ethernet,

Thunderbolt, or headphone cable, attached to a personal computer. In yet another embodiment, the power source **504** may be recharged by inductive charging, wherein an electromagnetic field is used to transfer energy from an inductive charger to the power source **504** when the two are brought in close proximity but need not be plugged into one another via a cable. In another embodiment, a docking station may be used to facilitate charging.

The memory **506** may be implemented as computing hardware and software adapted to store application program instructions and to store multi-source sensory data captured by the sensing mechanisms. The memory **506** may be of any suitable type capable of storing information accessible by the processor **516**, including a non-transitory computer-readable medium that stores data that may be read with the aid of an electronic device, such as a hard-drive, memory card, flash drive, ROM, RAM, DVD or other optical disks, as well as other write-capable and read-only memories. The memory **506** may include temporary storage in addition to persistent storage.

The sensing mechanisms **508** may be implemented as computing hardware and software adapted to obtain sensory data from users that can be used during interaction with applications, such as in development, management or end-user interaction with the application. For example, the sensing mechanisms **508** may be used to determine/track the position and orientation of the user device **120** and, therefore, of the one or more virtual replicas and digital reality applications with which the user device **120**. The sensing mechanisms may include, in particular, one or more Inertia Measuring Units (IMUs), accelerometers, and gyroscopes. The IMU is configured to measure and report the velocity, acceleration, angular momentum, speed of translation, speed of rotation, and other telemetry metadata of user device **120** by using a combination of accelerometers and gyroscopes. The sensing mechanisms **508** may further comprise cameras comprising optical sensors; haptic

sensors; audio sensors, or other suitable sensors used to provide an augmented or virtual reality experience to users.

The transceivers **510** may be implemented as computing hardware and software configured to enable devices to receive wireless radio waves from antennas and to send the data back to the antennas. In some embodiments, mmW transceivers **510** may be employed, which may be configured to receive mmW wave signals from antennas and to send the data back to antennas when interacting with immersive content. The transceiver **510** may be a two-way communication transceiver **510**.

In an embodiment, the tracking module **512** may be implemented by combining the capabilities of the IMU, accelerometers, and gyroscopes with the positional tracking provided by the transceivers **510** and the accurate tracking, low-latency and high QoS functionalities provided by mmW-based antennas may enable sub-centimeter or sub-millimeter positional and orientational tracking, which may increase accuracy when tracking the real-time position and orientation of user device **120**. In alternative embodiments, the sensing mechanisms and transceivers **510** may be coupled together in a single tracking module device.

The network interface **514** may be implemented as computing software and hardware to communicatively connect to a network, receive computer readable program instructions from the network sent by the server or by other devices, and forward the instructions for storage in the memory **506** for execution by the processor **516**.

The processor **516** may be implemented as computing hardware and software configured to receive and process instructions. For example, the processor **516** may be configured to provide imaging requests, receive imaging data, process imaging data into environment or other data, process user input data and/or imaging data to generate user interaction data, perform edge-based (on-device) machine learning training and inference, provide server requests, receive server responses, and/or provide user interaction data,

environment data, and content object data to one or more other system components. For example, the processor **516** may receive user input data from I/O module **502** and may respectively implement application programs stored in the memory **506**. In other examples, the processor **516** may receive an accurate position and orientation of user device **120** through the tracking module **512**, and may prepare some of the data before sending the data to a server for further processing. The on-device processor **516** may share some of the processing tasks performed by the server.

In some embodiments, user devices **120** may enable NUI interactions through touch sensitive displays, voice and speech recognition, intention and goal understanding, motion gesture detection using depth cameras (e.g., stereoscopic camera systems, infrared camera systems, color camera systems, and combinations thereof), motion gesture detection using accelerometers/gyroscopes, facial recognition, 3D displays, head, eye, and gaze tracking, which may be used to enable AR or VR experiences of the current disclosure.

In some embodiments, to facilitate development, testing, and deployment of digital reality applications, a server computer system may, using techniques described herein, provide one or more digital reality applications and a persistent virtual world system comprising at least one virtual replica of a corresponding real object, wherein the virtual 3D world coordinates and virtual properties of the virtual replicas are based on the 3D world coordinates and properties of the real objects; and receive input from at least one user device accessing the persistent virtual world system. The at least one user device may be connected to the server computer system via a network. The persistent virtual world system allows one or more users to view and interact with the one or more digital reality applications in a merged reality comprising a real world layer, a virtual world layer configured on top of the real world layer, and one or more digital reality application layers configured on top of the virtual world layer.

The input received from the user device(s) may be related to development, testing, or deployment of the digital reality applications. The development may include setting up application configuration, testing the one or more digital reality applications in a development space, and carrying out further testing in augmented and virtual reality final locations. The development may be performed in an application development environment module stored in the memory, whereas management of the digital reality applications may be performed in an application management environment module.

FIG. 6 depicts a method **600** for developing, testing, and deploying one or more digital reality applications comprising positional digital reality applications, areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof into the real world through a persistent virtual world system, according to an embodiment. The method **600** may be facilitated by software tools implemented by a system of the current disclosure, as disclosed in **FIGS. 1-5**.

The method **600** may start in step **602** when an application developer creates a digital reality application. For example, and referring to **FIG. 2**, creating the digital reality application may be achieved employing the development sub-module **202** of the application development environment module **112**. Then, in step **604**, the method **600** may continue when the application developer sets application configuration parameters. For example, and referring to **FIG. 2**, the application developer may set the application configuration parameters employing the settings sub-module **204** of the application development environment module **112**, whereby location and space settings **212** including location, 3D positioning, and scaling; time settings **214**; and target user parameter settings **216** may be defined.

Subsequently, in step **606**, the method **600** may continue with the application developer testing the digital reality application in an application development space, such as,

for example, the development space testing tools **218** included in the testing sub-module **206** of **FIG. 2**. In step **608**, the application developer carries out further testing of the digital reality application. For example, and referring to **FIG. 2**, the further testing may employ the final location virtual reality testing tools **220** for testing in a virtual world final positional or areal location in virtual reality, and the final location augmented reality testing tools **222** for testing in the real world final positional or areal location in augmented reality, which are included in the testing sub-module **206**.

In step **610**, the application developer shares the digital reality application with an application administrator through, for example, the application management environment module **118** of **FIG. 3**. Then, in step **612**, the application administrator tests the digital reality application for compliance evaluation via, for example, the application management testing sub-module **304** of the application management environment module **118**.

In check **614**, the application administrator may decide whether to approve or reject the digital reality application by employing, for example, the rule-based application assessment sub-module **306** of **FIG. 3**. As described in **FIG. 3**, the application administrator may base the decision of whether approving or rejecting the digital reality application taking into account rules related to factors such as content, location and space settings **212**, time settings **214**, and target user parameter settings **216** described in **FIG. 2**. If the application administrator rejects the digital reality application, the application administrator may send an application adjustment request to the application developer, as seen in step **616**. In step **618**, the application developer then proceeds by adjusting the digital reality application based on adjustment requests (e.g., adjustments of content, location settings, time settings, and target user parameter settings, amongst others). Then the method **600** may return to step **606** whereby the application developer tests the application in the application development space.

The method **600** may subsequently continue until obtaining approval of the application administrator. If, in check **614**, the application administrator decides to approve the digital reality application, then the application administrator may proceed by deploying, based on the previously defined and approved content and configuration, the digital reality application on an online application library, as seen in step **620**.

While certain embodiments have been described and shown in the accompanying drawings, it is to be understood that such embodiments are merely illustrative of and not restrictive on the broad disclosure, and that the disclosure is not limited to the specific constructions and arrangements shown and described, since various other modifications may occur to those of ordinary skill in the art. The description is thus to be regarded as illustrative instead of limiting.

CLAIMS

The embodiments of the disclosure in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. A system for facilitating development, testing, and deployment of digital reality applications, the system comprising:

at least one server comprising memory and at least one processor, the memory storing one or more digital reality applications and a persistent virtual world system comprising at least one virtual replica of a corresponding real object, wherein the virtual 3D world coordinates and virtual properties of the virtual replicas are based on the 3D world coordinates and properties of the real objects; and

at least one user device connected to the server via a network and configured to access the persistent virtual world system,

wherein the persistent virtual world system is configured to allow one or more users to view and interact with the one or more digital reality applications in a merged reality comprising a real world layer, a virtual world layer configured on top of the real world layer, and one or more digital reality application layers configured on top of the virtual world layer.

2. The system of claim 1, wherein the memory further stores an application development environment module configured to enable access to the persistent virtual world system for developing the one or more digital reality applications, and an application management environment module configured to enable access to the persistent virtual world

system for receiving, managing and deploying one or more developed digital reality applications.

3. The system of claim 2, wherein the application development environment module further comprises a testing sub-module configured to test the one or more digital reality applications in a development space, in a virtual world final positional or areal location in virtual reality through the persistent virtual world system, and in the real world final positional or areal location in augmented reality through the persistent virtual world system, and wherein the application management environment module further comprises an application management testing sub-module configured to test the one or more digital reality applications developed and test deployed via the application development environment module.

4. The system of claim 2, wherein the application development environment module further comprises a settings sub-module configured to specify positional or areal location and space, time, and target user parameter settings of the one or more digital reality applications or one or more digital application layers with respect to the persistent virtual world system.

5. The system of claim 4, wherein the settings sub-module is further configured to enable an adaptive characteristics configuration of the one or more digital reality applications.

6. The system of claim 4, wherein the settings sub-module is further configured to attach one or more positional digital reality applications to one or more virtual replicas existing in the persistent virtual world system or to empty locations of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica, or to attach one or more areal digital

reality application services to one or more geographic areas of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica.

7. The system of claim 1, wherein the system is configured for processing and provisioning of the one or more digital reality applications based on proximity of the at least one user device to the one or more digital reality applications, and wherein the provisioning and processing are server-based, client-based, or combinations thereof.

8. The system of claim 7, wherein the server is configured to compute and composite media content of a plurality of digital reality applications in a field of view or wide view of the one or more users and transmit the computed and composited media content to the at least one user device where the at least one user device is in proximity to the plurality of digital reality applications.

9. The system of claim 1, wherein the one or more digital reality applications are configured to filter through and process a plurality of elements of the virtual world layer comprising virtual replicas and purely virtual objects that are relevant to the one or more digital reality applications.

10. The system of claim 1, wherein the persistent virtual world system comprises a virtual 3D infrastructure including one or more virtual replicas, purely virtual objects, virtual corridors, positional digital reality applications, or areal digital reality application services, or combinations thereof enabling spatial organization, behaviors, computational and logical interactions between each other and with elements of the real world layer through corresponding virtual replicas.

11. A method for facilitating development, testing, and deployment of digital reality applications, the method comprising:

providing, by at least one server comprising memory and at least one processor, one or more digital reality applications and a persistent virtual world system comprising at least one virtual replica of a corresponding real object, wherein the virtual 3D world coordinates and virtual properties of the virtual replicas are based on the 3D world coordinates and properties of the real objects; and

receiving, by the at least one server, input from at least one user device accessing the persistent virtual world system, wherein the at least one user device is connected to the at least one server via a network, and wherein the persistent virtual world system allows one or more users to view and interact with the one or more digital reality applications in a merged reality comprising a real world layer, a virtual world layer configured on top of the real world layer, and one or more digital reality application layers configured on top of the virtual world layer.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein the input is related to development of the one or more digital reality applications, and wherein the development comprises setting up application configuration, testing the one or more digital reality applications in a development space, and carrying out further testing in augmented and virtual reality final locations.

13. The method of claim 11, wherein the input is related to development of the one or more digital reality applications, and wherein the development is performed in an application development environment module stored in the memory, and wherein management of the

one or more digital reality applications is performed in an application management environment module.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the application development environment module comprises a testing sub-module configured to test the one or more digital reality applications in a development space, in a virtual world final positional or areal location in virtual reality through the persistent virtual world system, and in the real world final positional or areal location in augmented reality through the persistent virtual world system, and wherein the application management environment module further comprises an application management testing sub-module configured to test the one or more digital reality applications developed and test deployed via the application development environment module.

15. The method of claim 13, wherein the application development environment module comprises a settings sub-module configured to specify positional or areal location and space, time, and target user parameter settings of the one or more digital reality applications or one or more digital application layers with respect to the persistent virtual world system.

16. The method of claim 11, wherein the settings sub-module is configured to attach the one or more digital reality applications to one or more virtual replicas existing in the persistent virtual world system or to empty locations of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica, or to attach one or more areal digital reality application services to one or more geographic areas of the persistent virtual world system not linked to a specific virtual replica.

17. The method of claim 11 further comprising processing and provisioning the one or more digital reality applications, wherein the processing and provisioning are based on proximity of the at least one user device to the one or more digital reality applications, and wherein the provisioning and processing are server-based, client-based, or combinations thereof.

18. The method of claim 17 further comprising, where the at least one user device is in proximity to a plurality of positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services:

computing and compositing media content of the plurality of positional digital reality applications or areal digital reality application services in a field of view or wide view of the one or more users; and

transmitting the computed and composited media content to the at least one user device.

19. The method of claim 11 wherein the at least one server implements software tools to facilitate the following actions:

sharing the one or more digital reality applications with an application administrator;
testing, by the application administrator, the one or more digital reality applications for compliance;

approving or rejecting the one or more digital reality applications;
sending, if required, application adjustment requests to the application developer;
adjusting by the application developer, if required, the one or more digital reality application; and

deploying by the application administrator, the one or more digital reality applications into an online application library from the application management environment module.

20. One or more non-transitory computer readable-media having stored thereon instructions configured to cause a server computer system comprising memory and at least one processor to perform a method for facilitating development, testing, and deployment of digital reality applications, comprising the steps of:

providing one or more digital reality applications and a persistent virtual world system comprising at least one virtual replica of a corresponding real object, wherein the virtual 3D world coordinates and virtual properties of the virtual replicas are based on the 3D world coordinates and properties of the real objects; and

receiving input from at least one user device accessing the persistent virtual world system, wherein the at least one user device is connected to the at least one server via a network, and wherein the persistent virtual world system allows one or more users to view and interact with the one or more digital reality applications in a merged reality comprising a real world layer, a virtual world layer configured on top of the real world layer, and one or more digital reality application layers configured on top of the virtual world layer.