

ABSTRACT
CONVERTER SOCKET

A converter socket 10 comprises a casing having a front plate 12 and a rear moulding 14. The rear moulding 14 has two sets of terminals 16, 18 each of which includes three wire terminals 16a, b, c for receiving, respectively, the live, neutral and earth wires of a mains supply. The provision of two sets of terminals 16, 18 enables the socket to be installed in two different positions, depending on which terminal set 16, 18 is used to connect to the main supply wires.

Figure 2