

ABSTRACT

The present invention provides an offshore work facility capable of performing stable work even in deep water and improving work efficiency. The offshore work facility comprises three legs 10, a hull 20 supported so as to be able to move up and down with respect to the legs 10, and a crane 30 mounted on the hull 20. The hull 20 is configured as a floating structure, and comprises a main hull portion 21 and a first overhanging portion 22 that is formed to overhang from the main hull portion 21. The crane 30 is mounted on the first overhanging portion 22. The offshore work facility is configured by adding the first overhanging portion 22 and the crane 30 to the jack-up drilling rig from which the drilling equipment and the cantilever have been removed. The first overhanging portion 22 is added to the main hull portion 21 using a support structure for the cantilever.

FIG 2 & 2A