

HEPATITIS B CORE PROTEIN MODULATORS

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application Number 62/218,815, filed September 15, 2015; hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

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BACKGROUND

[0002] Hepatitis B (HBV) causes viral Hepatitis that can further lead to chronic liver disease and increase the risk of liver cirrhosis and liver cancer (hepatocellular carcinoma). Worldwide, about 2 billion people have been infected with HBV, around 360 million people are chronically infected, and every year HBV infection causes more than one half million deaths (2009; WHO, 2009). HBV can be spread by body fluids: from mother to child, by sex, and via blood products. Children born to HBV -positive mothers may also be infected, unless vaccinated at birth.

[0003] The virus particle is composed of a lipid enveloped studded with surface protein (HBsAg) that surrounds the viral core. The core is composed of a protein shell, or capsid, built of 120 core protein (Cp) dimers, which in turn contains the relaxed circular DNA (rcDNA) viral genome as well as viral and host proteins. In an infected cell, the genome is found as a covalently closed circular DNA (cccDNA) in the host cell nucleus. The cccDNA is the template for viral RNAs and thus viral proteins. In the cytoplasm, Cp assembles around a complex of full-length viral RNA (the so-called pregenomic RNA or pgRNA and viral polymerase (P). After assembly, P reverse transcribes the pgRNA to rcDNA within the confines of the capsid to generate the DNA-filled viral core. For convenience, we divide the assembly process at the point of capsid assembly and pgRNA-packaging. Steps preceding this event are “upstream”; steps following RNA-packaging are “downstream”.

[0004] At present, chronic HBV is primarily treated with nucleos(t)ide analogs (e.g. entecavir) that suppress the virus while the patient remains on treatment but do not eliminate the infection, even after many years of treatment. Once a patient starts taking nucleotide

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analogs must continue taking them or risk the possibility of a life threatening immune response to viral rebound. Further, nucleos(t)ide therapy may lead to the emergence of antiviral drug resistance (Deres and Rubsamen-Waigmann, 1999; Tennant et al., 1998; Zhang et al., 2003) and – in rare patients- adverse events have been reported (Ayoub and Keffe ,

5 2011).

[0005] The only FDA approved alternative to nucleos(t)ide analogs is treatment with interferon α or pegylated interferon α . Unfortunately, the adverse event incidence and profile of interferon α can result in poor tolerability, and many patients are unable to complete therapy. Moreover, only a small percentage of patients are considered appropriate for interferon therapy,

10 as only a small subset of patients are likely to have a sustained clinical response to a course of interferon therapy. As a result, interferon based therapies are used in only a small percentage of all diagnosed patients who elect for treatment.

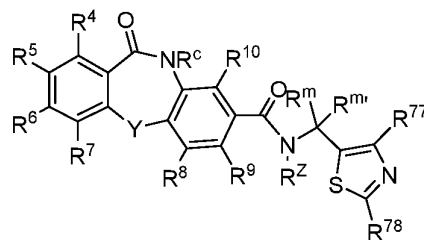
[0006] Thus, current HBV treatments can range from palliative to watchful waiting. Nucleos(t)ide analogs suppress virus production, treating the symptom, but leave the infection

15 intact. Interferon α has severe side effects and less tolerability among patients and is successful as a finite treatment strategy in only a small minority of patients. There is a clear on-going need for more effective treatments for HBV infections.

SUMMARY

[0007] Provided herein are compounds that can have properties such as those described

20 below, where the compounds in some embodiments may be represented by:

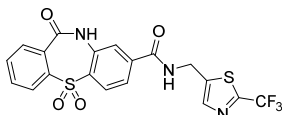


wherein

[0008] R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^c , R^m , $R^{m'}$, R^{77} , R^{78} , R^Z and Y are defined herein.

Also provided herein are methods of treating viral infections, such as hepatitis B, comprising administering to patient a disclosed compound.

[0008a] In a first aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided a compound represented by



or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

[0008b] In another aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising the compound of the first aspect.

[0008c] In a further aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided the compound of the first aspect for use in treating a hepatitis B infection.

[0008d] In another aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided a use of the compound of the first aspect in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a hepatitis B infection.

[0009] For example, the present disclosure is directed in part to compounds having allosteric effector properties against Hepatitis B virus Cp, a protein found as a dimer, a multimer, and as the protein shell of the HBV core. Without being bound by theory, disclosed compounds may ultimately target multimerization of viral core proteins, which is central to HBV infection, where the core protein multimerizes into shell, or capsid, and/or disclosed compounds may for example, ultimately target interaction of viral core proteins with other macromolecules, such as host or viral nucleic acid, host proteins, or other viral proteins. For example, disclosed compounds may be considered in some embodiments CpAM -- core protein allosteric modifiers. CpAM interaction with core protein can allosterically favor an assembly-active form of Cp dimer and lead to viral capsid assembly at an inappropriate time or place or lead to non-standard intersubunit interactions, all resulting in defective capsids. CpAMs may additionally or alternatively affect steps of “upstream” of capsid assembly by altering the concentrations or nature of Cp available as dimer as compared to capsid or other multimeric forms. Disclosed compounds or CpAMs may, in

some embodiments, noticeably affect functions upstream of viral assembly such as modulation of cccDNA transcription, RNA stability and/or protein-protein interactions.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[00010] The features and other details of the disclosure will now be more particularly described. Before further description of the present invention, certain terms employed in the specification, examples and appended claims are collected here. These definitions should be read in light of the remainder of the disclosure and as understood by a person of skill in the art. Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by a person of ordinary skill in the art.

Definitions

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[00011] As intended herein, the terms "a" and "an" include singular as well as plural references unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. For example, the term "an assembly effector" can include one or more such effectors.

[00012] The term "alkyl" as used herein refers to a saturated straight or branched hydrocarbon. Exemplary alkyl groups include, but are not limited to, straight or branched hydrocarbons of 1-6, 1-4, or 1-3 carbon atoms, referred to herein as C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyl, and C₁₋₃alkyl, respectively. Exemplary alkyl groups include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, 2-methyl-1-butyl, 3-methyl-2-butyl, 2-methyl-1-pentyl, 3-methyl-1-pentyl, 4-methyl-1-pentyl, 2-methyl-2-pentyl, 3-methyl-2-pentyl, 4-methyl-2-pentyl, 2,2-dimethyl-1-butyl, 3,3-dimethyl-1-butyl, 2-ethyl-1-butyl, butyl, isobutyl, t-butyl, pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, hexyl, etc.

[00013] The term "alkenyl" as used herein refers to an unsaturated straight or branched hydrocarbon having at least one carbon-carbon double bond. Exemplary alkenyl groups include, but are not limited to, a straight or branched group of 2-6 or 3-4 carbon atoms, referred to herein as C₂₋₆alkenyl, and C₃₋₄alkenyl, respectively. Exemplary alkenyl groups include, but are not limited to, vinyl, allyl, butenyl, pentenyl, etc.

[00014] The term "alkoxy" as used herein refers to a straight or branched alkyl group attached to oxygen (alkyl-O-). Exemplary alkoxy groups include, but are not limited to, alkoxy groups of 1-6 or 2-6 carbon atoms, referred to herein as C₁₋₆alkoxy, and C₂₋₆alkoxy, respectively. Exemplary alkoxy groups include, but are not limited to methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, etc.

[00015] The term "alkynyl" as used herein refers to an unsaturated straight or branched hydrocarbon having at least one carbon-carbon triple bond. Exemplary alkynyl groups include, but are not limited to, straight or branched groups of 2-6, or 3-6 carbon atoms, referred to herein as C₂₋₆alkynyl, and C₃₋₆alkynyl, respectively. Exemplary alkynyl groups include, but are not limited to, ethynyl, propynyl, butynyl, pentynyl, hexynyl, methylpropynyl, etc.

[00016] The terms "cycloalkyl" or a "carbocyclic group" as used herein refers to a saturated or partially unsaturated hydrocarbon group of, for example, 3-6, or 4-6 carbons, referred to

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herein as C₃₋₆cycloalkyl or C₄₋₆cycloalkyl, respectively. Exemplary cycloalkyl groups include, but are not limited to, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclobutyl or cyclopropyl.

[00017] The terms “halo” or “halogen” as used herein refer to F, Cl, Br, or I.

[00018] The terms “heteroaryl” or “heteroaromatic group” as used herein refers to a
5 monocyclic aromatic 5-6 membered ring system containing one or more heteroatoms, for example one to three heteroatoms, such as nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur. Where possible, said heteroaryl ring may be linked to the adjacent radical through carbon or nitrogen. Examples of heteroaryl rings include but are not limited to furan, thiophene, pyrrole, thiazole, oxazole, isothiazole, isoxazole, imidazole, pyrazole, triazole, pyridine or pyrimidine etc.

10 [00019] The terms “heterocyclyl” or “heterocyclic group” are art-recognized and refer to saturated or partially unsaturated 4-7 membered ring structures, whose ring structures include one to three heteroatoms, such as nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur. Where possible, heterocyclyl rings may be linked to the adjacent radical through carbon or nitrogen. Examples of heterocyclyl groups include, but are not limited to, pyrrolidine, piperidine, morpholine,
15 thiomorpholine, piperazine, oxetane, azetidine, tetrahydrofuran or dihydrofuran etc

[00020] The terms “hydroxy” and “hydroxyl” as used herein refers to the radical –OH.

[00021] "Treatment" as used herein includes the alleviation, prevention, reversal, amelioration or control of a pathology, disease, disorder, process, condition or event, including viral infection. In this context, the term "treatment" is further to be understood as embracing
20 the use of a drug to inhibit, block, reverse, restrict or control progression of viral infection.

[00022] As used herein, the term “pharmaceutical composition” refers to compositions of matter comprising at least one pharmaceutical compound and optionally a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[00023] As used herein, the term “pharmaceutical compound” or “drug” refers to a free
25 compound, its therapeutically suitable salts, solvates such as hydrates, specific crystal forms of the compound or its salts, or therapeutically suitable prodrugs of the compound.

[00024] Pharmaceutically or pharmacologically acceptable” include molecular entities and compositions that do not produce an adverse, allergic or other untoward reaction when

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administered to an animal, or a human, as appropriate. For human administration, preparations should meet sterility, pyrogenicity, and general safety and purity standards as required by FDA Office of Biologics standards.

[00025] The term “pharmaceutically acceptable carrier” or “pharmaceutically acceptable
5 excipient” as used herein refers to any and all solvents, dispersion media, coatings, isotonic and absorption delaying agents, and the like, that are compatible with pharmaceutical administration. The use of such media and agents for pharmaceutically active substances is well known in the art. The compositions may also contain other active compounds providing supplemental, additional, or enhanced therapeutic functions.

10 [00026] The compounds of the disclosure may contain one or more chiral centers and, therefore, exist as stereoisomers. The term “stereoisomers” when used herein consist of all enantiomers or diastereomers. These compounds may be designated by the symbols “(+),” “(-),” “R” or “S,” depending on the configuration of substituents around the stereogenic carbon atom, but the skilled artisan will recognize that a structure may denote a chiral center
15 implicitly. The present invention encompasses various stereoisomers of these compounds and mixtures thereof. Mixtures of enantiomers or diastereomers may be designated “(±)” in nomenclature, but the skilled artisan will recognize that a structure may denote a chiral center implicitly.

[00027] The compounds of the disclosure may contain one or more double bonds and,
20 therefore, exist as geometric isomers resulting from the arrangement of substituents around a carbon-carbon double bond. The symbol $\equiv$ denotes a bond that may be a single, double or triple bond as described herein. Substituents around a carbon-carbon double bond are designated as being in the “Z” or “E” configuration wherein the terms “Z” and “E” are used in accordance with IUPAC standards. Unless otherwise specified, structures depicting double
25 bonds encompass both the “E” and “Z” isomers. Substituents around a carbon-carbon double bond alternatively can be referred to as “cis” or “trans,” where “cis” represents substituents on the same side of the double bond and “trans” represents substituents on opposite sides of the double bond.

[00028] Compounds of the disclosure may contain a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring and
30 therefore, exist as geometric isomers resulting from the arrangement of substituents around the

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ring. The arrangement of substituents around a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring are designated as being in the “Z” or “E” configuration wherein the terms “Z” and “E” are used in accordance with IUPAC standards. Unless otherwise specified, structures depicting carbocyclic or heterocyclic rings encompass both “Z” and “E” isomers. Substituents around a carbocyclic or heterocyclic rings may also be referred to as “cis” or “trans”, where the term “cis” represents substituents on the same side of the plane of the ring and the term “trans” represents substituents on opposite sides of the plane of the ring. Mixtures of compounds wherein the substituents are disposed on both the same and opposite sides of plane of the ring are designated “cis/trans.”

[00029] Individual enantiomers and diastereomers of compounds of the present invention can be prepared synthetically from commercially available starting materials that contain asymmetric or stereogenic centers, or by preparation of racemic mixtures followed by resolution methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. These methods of resolution are exemplified by (1) attachment of a mixture of enantiomers to a chiral auxiliary, separation of the resulting mixture of diastereomers by recrystallization or chromatography and liberation of the optically pure product from the auxiliary, (2) salt formation employing an optically active resolving agent, (3) direct separation of the mixture of optical enantiomers on chiral liquid chromatographic columns or (4) kinetic resolution using stereoselective chemical or enzymatic reagents. Racemic mixtures can also be resolved into their component enantiomers by well-known methods, such as chiral-phase liquid chromatography or crystallizing the compound in a chiral solvent. Stereoselective syntheses, a chemical or enzymatic reaction in which a single reactant forms an unequal mixture of stereoisomers during the creation of a new stereocenter or during the transformation of a pre-existing one, are well known in the art. Stereoselective syntheses encompass both enantio- and diastereoselective transformations, and may involve the use of chiral auxiliaries. For examples, see Carreira and Kvaerno, *Classics in Stereoselective Synthesis*, Wiley-VCH: Weinheim, 2009.

[00030] The compounds disclosed herein can exist in solvated as well as unsolvated forms with pharmaceutically acceptable solvents such as water, ethanol, and the like, and it is intended that the invention embrace both solvated and unsolvated forms. In one embodiment, the compound is amorphous. In one embodiment, the compound is a single polymorph. In

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another embodiment, the compound is a mixture of polymorphs. In another embodiment, the compound is in a crystalline form.

[00031] The invention also embraces isotopically labeled compounds of the invention which are identical to those recited herein, except that one or more atoms are replaced by an atom having an atomic mass or mass number different from the atomic mass or mass number usually found in nature. Examples of isotopes that can be incorporated into compounds of the invention include isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, phosphorus, sulfur, fluorine and chlorine, such as ^2H , ^3H , ^{13}C , ^{14}C , ^{15}N , ^{18}O , ^{17}O , ^{31}P , ^{32}P , ^{35}S , ^{18}F , and ^{36}Cl , respectively. For example, a compound of the invention may have one or more H atom replaced with deuterium.

[00032] Certain isotopically-labeled disclosed compounds (*e.g.*, those labeled with ^3H and ^{14}C) are useful in compound and/or substrate tissue distribution assays. Tritiated (*i.e.*, ^3H) and carbon-14 (*i.e.*, ^{14}C) isotopes are particularly preferred for their ease of preparation and detectability. Further, substitution with heavier isotopes such as deuterium (*i.e.*, ^2H) may afford certain therapeutic advantages resulting from greater metabolic stability (*e.g.*, increased *in vivo* half-life or reduced dosage requirements) and hence may be preferred in some circumstances. Isotopically labeled compounds of the invention can generally be prepared by following procedures analogous to those disclosed in the examples herein by substituting an isotopically labeled reagent for a non-isotopically labeled reagent.

[00033] The term "therapeutically suitable salt," refers to salts or zwitterions of pharmaceutical compounds which are water or oil-soluble or dispersible, suitable for treatment of disorders and effective for their intended use. The salts may be prepared, for instance, during the final isolation and purification of the compounds or separately by reacting an amino group of the compounds with a suitable acid. For example, a compound may be dissolved in a suitable solvent, such as but not limited to methanol and water, and treated with at least one equivalent of an acid, for instance hydrochloric acid. The resulting salt may precipitate out and be isolated by filtration and dried under reduced pressure. Alternatively, the solvent and excess acid may be removed under reduced pressure to provide the salt. Representative salts include acetate, adipate, alginate, citrate, aspartate, benzoate, benzenesulfonate, bisulfate, butyrate, camphorate, camphorsulfonate, digluconate, glycerophosphate, hemisulfate, heptanoate,

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hexanoate, formate, isethionate, fumarate, lactate, maleate, methanesulfonate, naphthylsulfonate, nicotinate, oxalate, pamoate, pectinate, persulfate, 3-phenylpropionate, picrate, oxalate, maleate, pivalate, propionate, succinate, tartrate, trichloroacetate, trifluoroacetate, glutamate, para-toluenesulfonate, undecanoate, hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, phosphoric, and the like. The amino groups of a compound may also be quaternized with alkyl chlorides, bromides, and iodides such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, lauryl, myristyl, stearyl, and the like.

[00034] Basic addition salts may be prepared, for instance, during the final isolation and purification of pharmaceutical compounds by reaction of a carboxyl group with a suitable base such as the hydroxide, carbonate, or bicarbonate of a metal cation such as lithium, sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, or aluminum, or an organic primary, secondary, or tertiary amine. Quaternary amine salts may be derived, for example, from methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, triethylamine, diethylamine, ethylamine, tributylamine, pyridine, N,N-dimethylaniline, N-methylpiperidine, N-methylmorpholine, dicyclohexylamine, procaine, dibenzylamine, N,N-dibenzylphenethylamine, 1-phenamine, and N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, ethylenediamine, ethanolamine, diethanolamine, piperidine, piperazine, and the like.

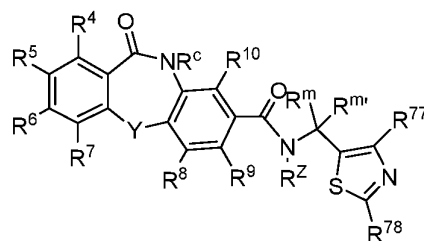
[00035] The term “therapeutically suitable prodrug,” refers to those prodrugs or zwitterions which are suitable for use in contact with the tissues of subjects and are effective for their intended use. The term “prodrug” refers to compounds that are transformed in vivo to a pharmaceutical compound, for example, by hydrolysis in blood. The term “prodrug,” refers to compounds that contain, but are not limited to, substituents known as “therapeutically suitable esters.” The term “therapeutically suitable ester,” refers to alkoxycarbonyl groups appended to the parent molecule on an available carbon atom. More specifically, a “therapeutically suitable ester,” refers to alkoxycarbonyl groups appended to the parent molecule on one or more available aryl, cycloalkyl and/or heterocycle groups. Compounds containing therapeutically suitable esters are an example, but are not intended to limit the scope of compounds considered to be prodrugs. Examples of prodrug ester groups include pivaloyloxymethyl, acetoxymethyl, phthalidyl, indanyl and methoxymethyl, as well as other such groups known in the art. Other examples of prodrug ester groups are found in T. Higuchi and V. Stella, Pro-drugs as Novel

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Delivery Systems, Vol. 14 of the A.C.S. Symposium Series, and in Edward B. Roche, ed., Bioreversible Carriers in Drug Design, American Pharmaceutical Association and Pergamon Press, 1987, both of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[00036] The terms "pharmaceutically effective amount" and "effective amount", as used herein, refer to an amount of a pharmaceutical formulation that will elicit the desired therapeutic effect or response when administered in accordance with the desired treatment regimen. US2011/0144086 describes the use of some diabenzothiazepine molecules (DBTs) as anti-malarial "inhibitors of the plasmodial surface anion channel." However, no study of DBT molecules as anti-virals has yet been reported.

10 [00037] In an embodiment, provided herein are compounds represented by:



wherein

Y is selected from the group consisting of $S(O)_y$, $C=O$, $C(R^{11})_2$, NR_Y and O wherein y is 0, 1, or 2;

15 R^{11} , for each occurrence, is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, and C_{1-6} alkyl (optionally substituted with one, two, or three halogens);

R_Y is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, propenyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl, wherein R_Y when not H may be optionally substituted by hydroxyl;

R^Z is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl and benzyl;

20 $R^{m'}$ and R^m are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-6} alkyl (optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents each independently selected from halogen and hydroxyl), and C_{2-6} alkenyl (optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents each independently selected from halogen and hydroxyl);

R^c is selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{2-6} alkenyl;

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R^{77} is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, cyano, and C_{1-6} alkyl;

R^{78} is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} alkyl, carboxy, -
 C(O)-O- C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, -NR'R''; phenyl (optionally substituted with one, two, three
 or four substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73}); benzyl
 5 (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the
 group consisting of R^{73}); 4-7 membered heterocycle (optionally substituted with one or more
 substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73}); 4-6 membered
 monocyclic heteroaryl (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently
 selected from the group consisting of R^{73}); 9-10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl (optionally
 10 substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the group
 consisting of R^{73}), X^2-R^{79} , and X^2-C_{1-6} alkylene- R^{79} ;

X^2 is selected from the group consisting of $S(O)_w$ (wherein w is 0, 1, or 2), O, -C(O)-
 and NR';

R^{79} is selected from the group consisting of H, hydroxyl, halogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, -C(O)-O-
 15 C_{1-6} alkyl, heterocycle (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the
 group consisting of halogen, NR'R'', -C(O)-O- C_{1-6} alkyl, carboxy and C_{1-6} alkyl), -C(O)-
 NR'R'', -C(=NH)-NR'R'', heteroaryl, phenyl (optionally substituted by one or more
 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, NR'R'', -C(O)-O- C_{1-6} alkyl, carboxy,
 C_{1-6} alkoxy, and C_{1-6} alkyl), C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, carboxy, NR'R'', -C(O)- C_{1-}
 20 C_{6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, -NR'-C(O)- C_{1-6} alkyl, NR'-C(O)- O- C_{1-6} alkyl, - $S(O)_w$ - C_{1-6} alkyl (where
 w is 0, 1 or 2), - $S(O)_w$ -NR'R'' (where w is 0, 1 or 2), and -NR'- $S(O)_w$ - C_{1-6} alkyl (where w is 0,
 1 or 2));

R^{73} is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy,
 oxo, C_{1-6} alkyl, -C(O)-O- C_{1-6} alkyl, heterocycle (optionally substituted by one or more
 25 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, oxo, NR'R'', -C(O)-O- C_{1-}
 C_{6} alkyl, carboxy and C_{1-6} alkyl), -C(O)-NR'- C_{1-6} alkyl, -C(=NH)-NR'R'', heteroaryl, phenyl ,
 C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, carboxy, oxo, NR'R'', -C(O)- C_{1-6} alkyl, - C_{3-6} cycloalkyl,
 NR'-C(O)- C_{1-6} alkyl, NR'-C(O)- O- C_{1-6} alkyl , - $S(O)_w$ - C_{1-6} alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), - $S(O)_w$ -
 NR'R'' (where w is 1, 2 or 3), -NR'- $S(O)_w$ - C_{1-6} alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), C(O)-NR'- C_{1-}
 30 C_{6} alkyl, C(O)- C_{1-3} alkylene-NR'- C(O)-O- C_{1-6} alkyl, X^2-R^{79} ; and X^2-C_{1-6} alkylene- R^{79} ;

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R' is selected, independently for each occurrence, from H, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, and propyl;

R'' is selected, independently for each occurrence, from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, (optionally substituted by hydroxyl), butyl (optionally substituted by hydroxyl), -C(O)-methyl
 5 and -C(O)-ethyl, or R' and R'' taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached may form a 4-7 membered heterocycle optionally substituted by one, two or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, NH₂, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₃alkyl, -C(O)-C₁₋₃alkyl, carboxy, oxo, and C₁₋₃alkyl;

each of moieties R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, and R¹⁰ is independently selected for each
 10 occurrence from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, and NR'R'';

wherein for each occurrence, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl or C₂₋₆alkynyl may be optionally substituted with one, two, three or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, C₂₋₄alkenyl, C₂₋₄alkynyl, C₁₋₃alkoxy,
 15 NR'R'', -NR'-S(O)_w-C₁₋₂alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), NR'-C(O)-C₁₋₃alkyl, NR'-C(O)-O-C₁₋₃alkyl, and S(O)_w-NR'R'' (where w is 0, 1 or 2); C₁₋₆alkoxy may be optionally substituted with one, two, three or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C₁₋₃alkyl, NR'R'', -NR'-S(O)_w-C₁₋₂alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), and S(O)_w-NR'R'' (where w is 0, 1 or 2); C₁₋₆alkylene may be optionally substituted by a
 20 substituent selected from the group consisting of C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, hydroxyl, cyano, and halogen;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and N-oxides thereof.

[00038] In some embodiments, Y may be selected from the group consisting of S(O)_y, C=O, C(R¹¹)₂, and O. For example, Y may be S(O)_y.

[00039] In an embodiment, y may be 1 or 2. In another embodiment, y may be 0. In a
 25 further embodiment, y may be 1. In another other embodiment, y may be 2.

[00040] For example, in some embodiments Y may be C=O. In some embodiments, Y may be NH.

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[00041] For example, in some embodiments R^{78} may be selected from the group consisting of C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with one, two, or three substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, and cyano; phenyl substituted with one, two, three or four substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73} ; and X^2-C_{1-6} alkylene- R^{79} .

[00042] For example, in some embodiments R^{78} may be selected from the group consisting of CF_3 , cyano, and phenyl substituted with one, two, three or four substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73} .

[00043] For example, in some embodiments R^{78} may be selected from the group consisting of phenyl substituted with one, two, three or four substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73} ; benzyl (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73}), pyridinyl (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73}), pyrimidinyl (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73}), benzimidazole (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73}), quinolinyl (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73} , thiazolyl, and pyrazolyl (optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from the group consisting of R^{73}).

[00044] For example, in some embodiments R^{78} may be $-NR'R''$, wherein R' and R'' taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached may form a 4-7 membered heterocycle optionally substituted by one, two or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, NH_2 , $-C(O)-O-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, $-C(O)-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, carboxy, oxo, and C_{1-3} alkyl.

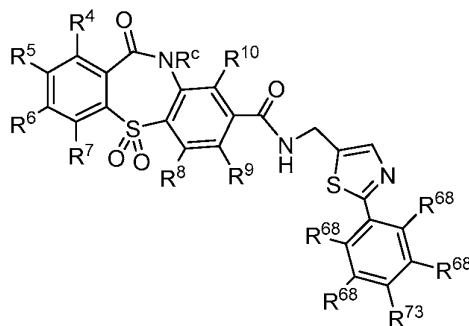
[00045] In one embodiment, R^{77} may be H. In some embodiments, R^7 may be H or halogen. In another embodiment, R^{10} may be H, halogen or methyl.

[00046] In certain embodiments, $R^{m'}$ and R^m may be each H. In other embodiments, R^Z may be H.

[00047] For example, in some embodiments each of R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} may be H.

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[00048] Also provided herein are compounds represented by:



wherein

R^{73} is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, oxo, $NR'R''$, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, carboxy and C₁₋₆alkyl), -C(O)-NR'-C₁₋₆alkyl, -C(=NH)-NR'R'', heteroaryl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, $NR'R''$, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, carboxy and C₁₋₆alkyl), phenyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, oxo, $NR'R''$, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, carboxy and C₁₋₆alkyl), C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, carboxy, -C(O)-C₁₋₆alkyl, -C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, NR'-C(O)-C₁₋₆alkyl, NR'-C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, -S(O)_w-C₁₋₆alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), -S(O)_w-NR'R'' (where w is 0, 1 or 2), -NR'-S(O)_w-C₁₋₆alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), C(O)-NR'-C₁₋₆alkyl, C(O)-C₁₋₃alkylene-NR'-C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, X²-R⁷⁹; and X²-C₁₋₆alkylene-R⁷⁹;

R^{68} is independently selected for each occurrence from the group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxyl, C₁₋₆alkyl and C₁₋₆alkoxy;

X² is selected from the group consisting of S(O)_w (wherein w is 0, 1, or 2), O, -C(O)- and NR';

R^{79} is selected from the group consisting of H, hydroxyl, halogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, heterocycle (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, $NR'R''$, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, carboxy and C₁₋₆alkyl), -C(O)-NR'R'', -C(=NH)-NR'R'', heteroaryl, phenyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, $NR'R''$, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, carboxy,

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C₁₋₆alkoxy, and C₁₋₆alkyl), C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, carboxy, NR'R'', -C(O)-C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, -NR'-C(O)-C₁₋₆alkyl, NR'-C(O)-O-C₁₋₆alkyl, -S(O)_w-C₁₋₆alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), -S(O)_w-NR'R'' (where w is 0, 1 or 2), and -NR'-S(O)_w-C₁₋₆alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2));

5 R' is selected, independently for each occurrence, from H, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, and propyl;

R'' is selected, independently for each occurrence, from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, (optionally substituted by hydroxyl), butyl (optionally substituted by hydroxyl), -C(O)-methyl and -C(O)-ethyl, or R' and R'' taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached may
10 form a 4-7 membered heterocycle optionally substituted by one, two or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, NH₂, -C(O)-O-C₁₋₃alkyl, -C(O)-C₁₋₃alkyl, carboxy, oxo, and C₁₋₃alkyl;

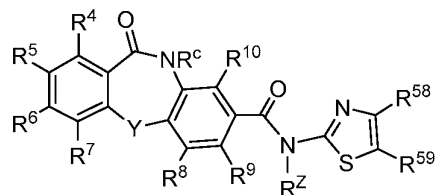
each of moieties R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, and R¹⁰ is independently selected for each occurrence from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, and NR'R'';
15

wherein for each occurrence, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl or C₂₋₆alkynyl may be optionally substituted with one, two, three or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, C₂₋₄alkenyl, C₂₋₄alkynyl, C₁₋₃alkoxy, NR'R'', -NR'-S(O)_w-C₁₋₂alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), NR'-C(O)-C₁₋₃alkyl, NR'-C(O)-O-C₁₋₃alkyl, and S(O)_w-NR'R'' (where w is 0, 1 or 2); C₁₋₆alkoxy may be optionally substituted with
20 one, two, three or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C₁₋₃alkyl, NR'R'', -NR'-S(O)_w-C₁₋₂alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), and S(O)_w-NR'R'' (where w is 0, 1 or 2); C₁₋₆alkylene may be optionally substituted by a substituent selected from the group consisting of C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, hydroxyl, cyano, and halogen;

25 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and N-oxides thereof.

[00049] Also provided herein are compounds represented by:

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wherein

Y is selected from the group consisting of $S(O)_y$, $C=O$, $C(R^{11})_2$, NR_Y and O
 wherein y is 0, 1, or 2;

5 R_Y is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, propenyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl;

R^Z is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl and benzyl;

R^c is selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-6} alkyl and C_{2-6} alkenyl;

X^2 is selected from the group consisting of $S(O)_w$ (wherein w is 0, 1, or 2), O, $-C(O)-$
 10 and NR^j ;

R^{58} and R^{59} are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, $NR'R''$, $-C(O)-$ C_{1-6} alkyl, $-C(O)-C_{1-6}$ alkoxy, phenyl, heteroaryl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $-S(O)_w-C_{1-6}$ alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or 2), $-S(O)_w-NR'R''$ (where w is 0, 1 or 2), and $-NR'-S(O)_w-C_{1-6}$ alkyl (where w is 0, 1 or
 15 2); or form a phenyl, heterocyclic or heteroaryl ring (optionally substituted by one, two, or three substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, and $NR'R''$) and fused to the ring to which they are attached;

R^j is selected, independently for each occurrence, from H, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl,
 20 cyclobutyl, and propyl;

R'' is selected, independently for each occurrence, from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl (optionally substituted by hydroxyl), butyl (optionally substituted by hydroxyl), $-C(O)-$ methyl and $-C(O)-$ ethyl, or R' and R'' taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached may form a 4-6 membered heterocycle optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected

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from the group consisting of halogen, NH_2 , $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkyl}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkyl}$, carboxy and $\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkyl}$;

R^{11} , for each occurrence, is selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, and $\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkyl}$ (optionally substituted with one, two, or three halogens);

5 each of moieties R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} is independently selected for each occurrence from the group consisting of hydrogen, $\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_{2-6}\text{alkynyl}$, $\text{C}_{2-6}\text{alkenyl}$, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, and $\text{NR}'\text{R}''$;

wherein for each occurrence, $\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_{2-6}\text{alkenyl}$ or $\text{C}_{2-6}\text{alkynyl}$ may be optionally substituted with one, two, three or more substituents selected from the group consisting of
 10 halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, $\text{C}_{3-6}\text{cycloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_{2-4}\text{alkenyl}$, $\text{C}_{2-4}\text{alkynyl}$, $\text{C}_{1-3}\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NR}'-\text{S}(\text{O})_w-\text{C}_{1-2}\text{alkyl}$ (where w is 0, 1 or 2), $\text{NR}'-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{C}_{1-3}\text{alkyl}$, $\text{NR}'-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{C}_{1-3}\text{alkyl}$, $-\text{NR}'-\text{S}(\text{O})_w$, and $\text{S}(\text{O})_w-\text{NR}'\text{R}''$; $\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkoxy}$ may be optionally substituted with one, two, three or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, $\text{C}_{1-3}\text{alkyl}$, $\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NR}'-\text{S}(\text{O})_w-\text{C}_{1-2}\text{alkyl}$ (where w is 0, 1 or 2), and $\text{S}(\text{O})_w-$
 15 $\text{NR}'\text{R}''$ (where w is 0, 1 or 2); $\text{C}_{1-6}\text{alkylene}$ may be optionally substituted by a substituent selected from the group consisting of $\text{C}_{3-6}\text{cycloalkyl}$, hydroxyl, cyano, and halogen;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and N-oxides thereof.

[00050] For example, in some embodiments, Y may be selected from the group consisting of $\text{S}(\text{O})_y$, $\text{C}=\text{O}$, $\text{C}(\text{R}^{11})_2$, NR_Y and O wherein y is 0, 1, or 2.

20 **[00051]** For example, the present disclosure also provides, in part, a compound selected from the group consisting a compound described in the Examples below and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. In an embodiment, the present disclosure provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a disclosed compound, and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

25 **[00052]** For example, the present disclosure also provides, in part, a compound selected from the group consisting of (S)-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(2-(pyrrolidin-2-yl)ethoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (S)-N-((2-(4-(2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (R)-N-((2-(4-((1-

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methylpyrrolidin-3-yl)methoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (E)-N-((2-(4-(3-hydroxyprop-1-en-1-yl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-hydroxypropyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(4-(piperidin-1-yl)but-1-yn-1-yl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(4-(diethylamino)but-1-yn-1-yl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 11-oxo-N-((2-(5-(3-(piperidin-1-yl)propoxy)pyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(5-(3-morpholinopropoxy)pyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(5-(3-(diethylamino)propoxy)pyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 11-oxo-N-((2-(5-(4-(piperidin-1-yl)butyl)pyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(5-(4-morpholinobutyl)pyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(5-(4-(diethylamino)butyl)pyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (R)-4-(3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid; (S)-4-(3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid; (S)-N-((2-(4-(3-(3-methylmorpholino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (R)-N-((2-(4-(3-(3-methylmorpholino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (R)-N-((2-(4-(3-(2-methylmorpholino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-

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- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (S)-N-((2-(4-(3-(2-methylmorpholino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-(dimethylamino)propoxy)cyclohexyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- 5 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-((2R,6R)-2,6-dimethylmorpholino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-((2S,6S)-2,6-dimethylmorpholino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-((2R,6S)-2,6-
- 10 dimethylmorpholino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(5-(3-hydroxypropoxy)pyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-(cyclobutyl(methyl)amino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- 15 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-
- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; methyl (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-
- yl)phenoxy)propyl)-D-prolinate; (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-
- 20 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-D-proline; ethyl (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-prolinate; isopropyl (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-
- yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-prolinate; methyl (S)-4-(3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-
- 25 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-
- yl)phenoxy)propyl)morpholine-3-carboxylate; methyl (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-
- alaninate; (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-
- carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-alanine; methyl N-(3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-
- 30 11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-
- yl)phenoxy)propyl)-N-methyl-L-alaninate; N-(3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-

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dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-N-methyl-L-alanine; methyl (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-valinate; (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-valine; methyl (2-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)ethyl)-L-prolinate; (2-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)ethyl)-L-proline; methyl (4-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenyl)but-3-yn-1-yl)-L-prolinate; (4-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenyl)but-3-yn-1-yl)-L-proline; N-((2-(4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((1-ethylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; methyl (3-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-prolinate; (3-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methylthiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)propyl)-L-proline; N-((2-(4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(piperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((1-ethylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (S)-N-((2-(4-(3-(2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (S)-N-((2-(4-(3-(2-(methoxymethyl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrotibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (S)-N-((2-(4-(3-(2-cyanopyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-

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- dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (S)-N-((2-(4-(3-(2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(4-morpholinobut-1-yn-1-yl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- 5 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(4-morpholinobutyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4,4-difluoropiperidin-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-methoxypiperidin-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-
- 10 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((1-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-
- 15 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((1-ethylazetidin-3-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((1-isopropylazetidin-3-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-
- 20 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((3-(dimethylamino)azetidin-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-((3-(diethylamino)azetidin-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-
- 25 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-([1,3'-biazetidin]-1'-yl)methyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(azetidin-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-
- 30 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; methyl (4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)-L-prolinate; (4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)-L-proline;

- methyl (S)-4,4-difluoro-1-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate; (S)-4,4-difluoro-1-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid; methyl (S)-4-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)morpholine-3-carboxylate; (S)-4-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid; N-([2,2'-bithiazol]-5-ylmethyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-([2,4'-bithiazol]-5-ylmethyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; 9-methyl-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(4-(3-(diethylamino)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(4-((1-ethylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(4-((1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(4-((1-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(4-((1-ethylazetidin-3-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(4-((1-isopropylazetidin-3-yl)oxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-

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5 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(4-((3-(dimethylamino)azetidin-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; methyl (4-(5-((9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)-L-prolinate; (4-(5-((9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)-L-proline; methyl (S)-4,4-difluoro-1-(4-(5-((9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate; (S)-4,4-difluoro-1-(4-(5-((9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid; N-([2,2'-bithiazol]-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(5-fluoropyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; N-((2-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; 11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl)propyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-(azetidin-1-yl)propyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(4-(azetidin-1-yl)but-1-yn-1-yl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(4-(azetidin-1-yl)butyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-N-((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; (S)-N-((2-(4-(3-(2-cyanopyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; N-((2-(4-(3-(azetidin-1-yl)propyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 9-methyl-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl)propyl)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide; 2-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-

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5 dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridine 1-oxide; 9-chloro-N-((2-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; 6-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)picolinic acid; methyl
10 (S)-4,4-difluoro-1-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate; 2-methyl-2-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)propanoic acid; (S)-
15 4,4-difluoro-1-(4-(5-((9-methyl-5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)benzyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. In an embodiment, the present disclosure provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a disclosed compound, and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

[00053] In a further aspect, a method for treating a hepatitis B infection in a patient in need thereof is provided, comprising administering to a subject or patient an effective amount of a
15 disclosed compound, and/or administering a first disclosed compound and optionally, and additional, different disclosed compound(s). In another embodiment, a method for treating a hepatitis B infection in a patient in need thereof is provided, comprising administering to a subject or patient a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition
20 comprising a disclosed compound, or two or more disclosed compounds.

[00054] For use in accordance with this aspect, the appropriate dosage is expected to vary depending on, for example, the particular compound employed, the mode of administration, and the nature and severity of the infection to be treated as well as the specific infection to be treated and is within the purview of the treating physician. Usually, an indicated administration
25 dose may be in the range between about 0.1 to about 1000 µg/kg body weight. In some cases, the administration dose of the compound may be less than 400 µg/kg body weight. In other cases, the administration dose may be less than 200 µg/kg body weight. In yet other cases, the administration dose may be in the range between about 0.1 to about 100 µg/kg body weight. The dose may be conveniently administered once daily, or in divided doses up to, for example,
30 four times a day or in sustained release form.

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[00055] A compound may be administered by any conventional route, in particular: enterally, topically, orally, nasally, e.g. in the form of tablets or capsules, via suppositories, or parenterally, e.g. in the form of injectable solutions or suspensions, for intravenous, intra-muscular, sub-cutaneous, or intra-peritoneal injection. Suitable formulations and

5 pharmaceutical compositions will include those formulated in a conventional manner using one or more physiologically acceptable carriers or excipients, and any of those known and commercially available and currently employed in the clinical setting. Thus, the compounds may be formulated for oral, buccal, topical, parenteral, rectal or transdermal administration or in a form suitable for administration by inhalation or insufflation (either orally or nasally).

10 **[00056]** For oral administration, pharmaceutical compositions may take the form of, for example, tablets or capsules prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients such as binding agents (e.g. pregelatinised maize starch, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropyl methylcellulose); fillers (e.g. lactose, microcrystalline cellulose or calcium hydrogen phosphate); lubricants (e.g. magnesium stearate, talc or silica); disintegrants (e.g. potato starch or sodium starch glycollate); or wetting agents (e.g. sodium lauryl sulphate).

15 Tablets may be coated by methods well known in the art. Liquid preparations for oral administration may take the form of, for example, solutions, syrups or suspensions, or they may be presented as a dry product for constitution with water or other suitable vehicle before use.

Such liquid preparations may be prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically
20 acceptable additives such as suspending agents (e.g. sorbitol syrup, cellulose derivatives or hydrogenated edible fats); emulsifying agents (e.g. lecithin or acacia); non-aqueous vehicles (e.g. almond oil, oily esters, ethyl alcohol or fractionated vegetable oils); and preservatives (e.g. methyl or propyl-p-hydroxybenzoates or sorbic acid). Preparations may also contain buffer salts, flavoring, coloring and sweetening agents as appropriate.

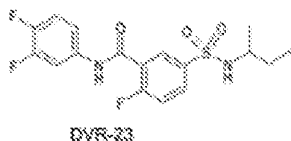
25 **[00057]** Preparations for oral administration may also be suitably formulated to give controlled-release or sustained release of the active compound(s) over an extended period. For buccal administration the compositions may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in a conventional manner known to the skilled artisan.

[00058] A disclosed compound may also be formulated for parenteral administration by
30 injection e.g. by bolus injection or continuous infusion. Formulations for injection may be

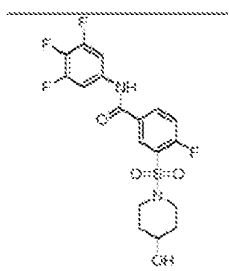
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presented in unit dosage form e.g. in ampoules or in multi-dose containers, with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain additives such as suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively, the compound may be in powder form for constitution with a suitable vehicle, e.g. sterile pyrogen-free water, before use. Compounds may also be formulated for rectal administration as suppositories or retention enemas, e.g. containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides.

[00059] In some cases, a disclosed compound may be administered as part of a combination therapy in conjunction with one or more antivirals. Example antivirals include nucleoside analogs, interferon α , and other assembly effectors, for instance heteroaryldihydropyrimidines (HAPs) such as methyl 4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate (HAP-1). For example, provided herein is a method of treating patient suffering from hepatitis B comprising administering to a subject a first amount of a disclosed compound and a second amount of an antiviral, or other anti HBV agent, for example a second amount of a second compound selected from the group consisting of: another HBV caspid assembly promoter (such as certain compounds disclosed herein or for example, GLS4, BAY 41-4109, AT-130, DVR-23 (e.g., as depicted below),



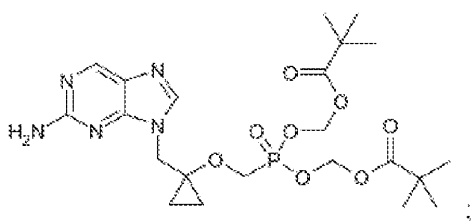
NVR 3-778, NVR1221 (by code); and N890 (as depicted below):



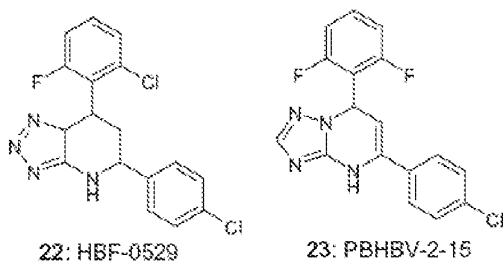
other CpAMs such as those disclosed in the following patent applications hereby incorporated by reference: WO2014037480, WO2014184328, WO2013006394, WO2014089296, WO2014106019, WO2013102655, WO2014184350, WO2014184365, WO2014161888,

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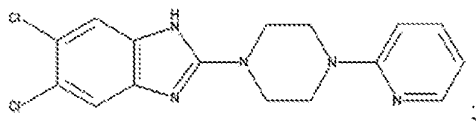
WO2014131847, WO2014033176, WO2014033167, and WO2014033170; Nucleoside analogs interfering with viral polymerase, such as entecavir (Baraclude), Lamivudine, (Epivir-HBV), Telbivudine (Tyzeka, Sebivo), Adefovir dipivoxil (Hepsera), Tenofovir (Viread), Tenofovir alafenamide fumarate (TAF), prodrugs of tenofovir (e.g. AGX-1009), L-FMAU (Clevudine), LB80380 (Besifovir) and:



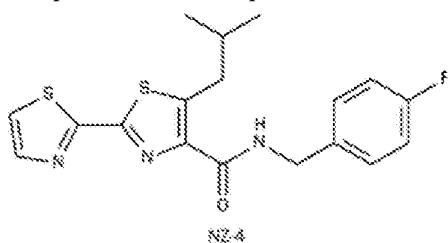
viral entry inhibitors such as Myrcludex B and related lipopeptide derivatives; HBsAg secretion inhibitors such as REP 9AC' and related nucleic acid-based amphipathic polymers, HBF-0529 (PBHBV-001), PBHBV-2-15 as depicted below: :



and BM601 as depicted below:

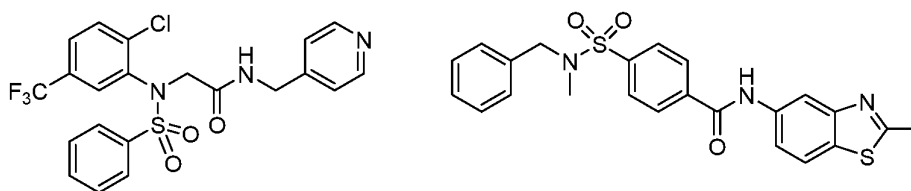


disruptors of nucleocapsid formation or integrity such as NZ-4/W28F:



cccDNA formation inhibitors: such as BSBI-25, CCC-0346, CCC-0975 (as depicted below):

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HBc directed transbodies such as those described in Wang Y, et al, Transbody against hepatitis B virus core protein inhibits hepatitis B virus replication in vitro, *Int. Immunopharmacol* (2014), located at [//dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.intimp.2015.01.028](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.intimp.2015.01.028); antiviral core protein mutant (such as Cp183-V124W and related mutations as described in WO/2013/010069, WO2014/074906 each incorporated by reference); inhibitors of HBx-interactions such as RNAi, antisense and nucleic acid based polymers targeting HBV RNA; e.g., RNAi (for example ALN-HBV, ARC-520, TKM-HBV, ddRNAi), antisense (ISIS-HBV), or nucleic acid based polymer: (REP 2139-Ca); immunostimulants such as Interferon alpha 2a (Roferon), Intron A (interferon alpha 2b), Pegasys (peginterferon alpha 2a), Pegylated IFN 2b, IFN lambda 1a and PEG IFN lambda 1a, Wellferon, Roferon, Infergen, lymphotoxin beta agonists such as CBE11 and BS1); Non-Interferon Immune enhancers such as Thymosin alpha-1 (Zadaxin) and Interleukin-7 (CYT107); TLR-7/9 agonists such as GS-9620, CYT003, Resiquimod; Cyclophilin Inhibitors such as NVP018; OCB-030; SCY-635; Alisporivir; NIM811 and related cyclosporine analogs; vaccines such as GS-4774, TG1050, Core antigen vaccine; SMAC mimetics such as birinapant and other IAP-antagonists; Epigenetic modulators such as KMT inhibitors (EZH1/2, G9a, SETD7, Suv39 inhibitors), PRMT inhibitors, HDAC inhibitors, SIRT agonists, HAT inhibitors, WD antagonists (e.g. OICR-9429), PARP inhibitors, APE inhibitors, DNMT inhibitors, LSD1 inhibitors, JMJD HDM inhibitors, and Bromodomain antagonists; kinase inhibitors such as TKB1 antagonists, PLK1 inhibitors, SRPK inhibitors, CDK2 inhibitors, ATM & ATR kinase inhibitors; STING Agonists; Ribavirin; N-acetyl cysteine ; NOV-205 (BAM205); Nitazoxanide (Alinia), Tizoxanide; SB 9200 Small Molecule Nucleic Acid Hybrid (SMNH); DV-601; Arbidol; FXR agonists (such as GW 4064 and Fexaramin); antibodies, therapeutic proteins, gene therapy, and biologics directed against viral components or interacting host proteins.

[00060] In some embodiments, the disclosure provides a method of treating a hepatitis B infection in a patient in need thereof, comprising administering a first compound selected from

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any one of the disclosed compounds, and one or more other HBV agents each selected from the group consisting of HBV capsid assembly promoters, HBF viral polymerase interfering nucleosides, viral entry inhibitors, HBsAg secretion inhibitors, disruptors of nucleocapsid formation, cccDNA formation inhibitors, antiviral core protein mutant, HBc directed
5 transbodies, RNAi targeting HBV RNA, immunostimulants, TLR-7/9 agonists, cyclophilin inhibitors, HBV vaccines, SMAC mimetics, epigenetic modulators, kinase inhibitors, and STING agonists. In some embodiments, the disclosure provides a method of treating a hepatitis B infection in a patient in need thereof, comprising administering an amount of a disclosed compound, and administering another HBV capsid assembly promoter.

10 **[00061]** In some embodiments, the first and second amounts together comprise a pharmaceutically effective amount. The first amount, the second amount, or both may be the same, more, or less than effective amounts of each compound administered as monotherapies. Therapeutically effective amounts of a disclosed compound and antiviral may be co-administered to the subject, i.e., administered to the subject simultaneously or separately, in any
15 given order and by the same or different routes of administration. In some instances, it may be advantageous to initiate administration of a disclosed compound first, for example one or more days or weeks prior to initiation of administration of the antiviral. Moreover, additional drugs may be given in conjunction with the above combination therapy.

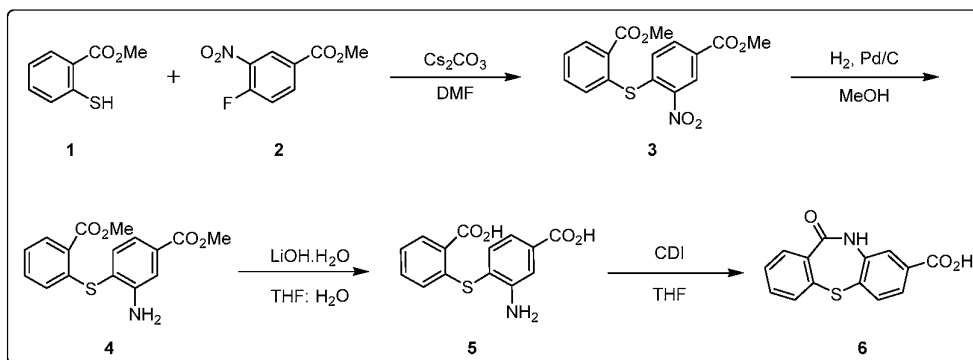
[00062] In another embodiment, a disclosed compound may be conjugated (e.g., covalently
20 bound directly or through molecular linker to a free carbon, nitrogen (e.g. an amino group), or oxygen (e.g. an active ester) of a disclosed compound), with a detection moiety, e.g. a fluorophore moiety (such a moiety may for example re-emit a certain light frequency upon binding to a virus and/or upon photon excitation. Contemplated fluorophores include AlexaFluor® 488 (Invitrogen) and BODIPY FL (Invitrogen), as well as fluorescein,
25 rhodamine, cyanine, indocarbocyanine, anthraquinones, fluorescent proteins, aminocoumarin, methoxycoumarin, hydroxycoumarin, Cy2, Cy3, and the like. Such disclosed compounds conjugated to a detection moiety may be used in e.g. a method for detecting HBV or biological pathways of HBV infection, e.g., *in vitro* or *in vivo*; and/or methods of assessing new compounds for biological activity.

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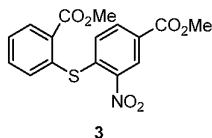
[00063] The compounds described herein can be prepared in a number of ways based on the teachings contained herein and synthetic procedures known in the art. In the description of the synthetic methods described below, it is to be understood that all proposed reaction conditions, including choice of solvent, reaction atmosphere, reaction temperature, duration of the experiment and workup procedures, can be chosen to be the conditions standard for that reaction, unless otherwise indicated. It is understood by one skilled in the art of organic synthesis that the functionality present on various portions of the molecule should be compatible with the reagents and reactions proposed. Substituents not compatible with the reaction conditions will be apparent to one skilled in the art, and alternate methods are therefore indicated. The starting materials for the examples are either commercially available or are readily prepared by standard methods from known materials. At least some of the compounds identified as “intermediates” herein are contemplated as compounds of the invention.

Example 1: Synthesis of Compounds

Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (6): A common intermediate



Synthesis of methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-3-nitrobenzoate (3):

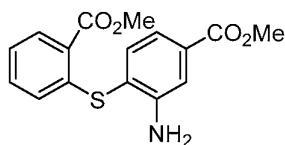


[00064] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (30 g, 150.67 mmol) in DMF (300 mL) under inert atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (58.76 g, 180.8 mmol) and methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (22.6 mL, 165.47 mmol) at RT; heated to 55-60 °C and

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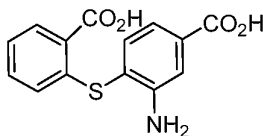
stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (1500 mL) and the precipitated solid was filtered to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with water (500 mL), hexane (200 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **3** (48.8 g, 93%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.85 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.56 (m, 3H), 6.93 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio) benzoate (4):

**4**

[00065] To a stirring solution of compound **3** (48 g, 138.32 mmol) in MeOH (1000 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (20 g, wet) at RT under hydrogen atmosphere in an autoclave (100 psi pressure) and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with 50% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (500 mL). The filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which as triturated with diethyl ether (200 mL), washed with hexane (200 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **4** (40 g, 91%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 400 MHz):** δ 7.95 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.23 (td, J = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (br s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H).

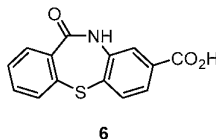
Synthesis of 3-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio) benzoic acid (5):

**5**

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[00066] To a stirring solution of compound **4** (40 g, 126.18 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 400 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (26 g, 619.0 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **5** (34.6 g, 95%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 13.00 (br s, 2H), 7.93 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.55 (br s, 2H).

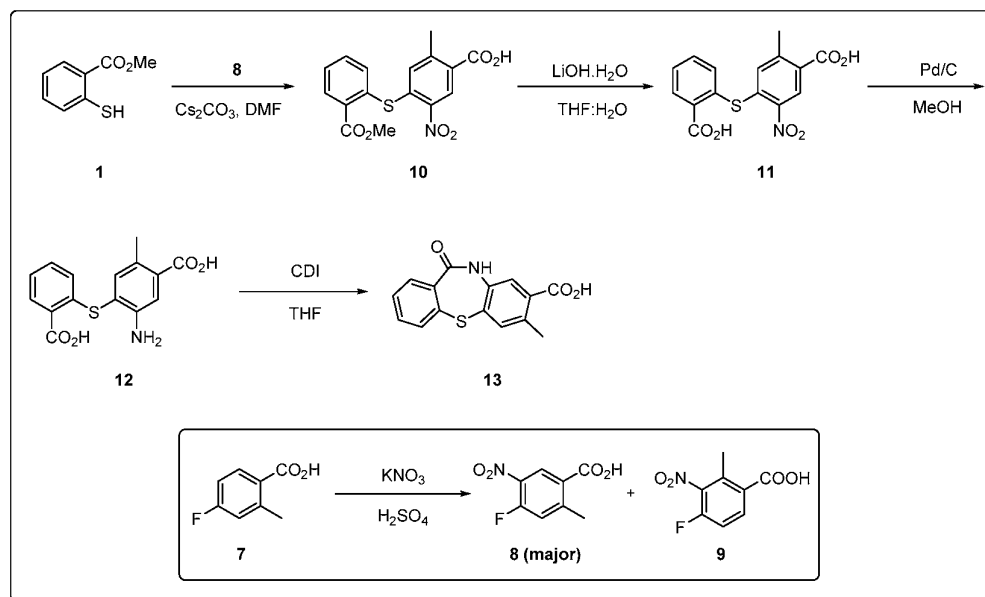
10 **Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**6**):**



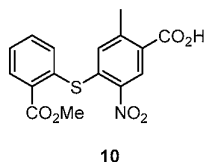
[00067] To a stirring solution of compound **5** (31 g, 107.26 mmol) in THF (600 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (86.88 g, 536.29 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was acidified with 2 N HCl to pH~4. The obtained solid was filtered and further dried by using toluene (2 x 200 mL) to afford compound **6** (26 g, 90%) as white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.22 (br s, 1H), 10.81 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.57-7.44 (m, 3H).

20 **Synthesis of 7-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**13**): A common intermediate**

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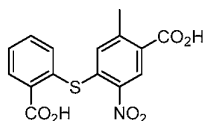
Synthesis of 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoic acid (10):



[00068] To a stirring solution of methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (514 mg, 3.08 mmol) in DMF
 5 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (1.81 g, 5.57 mmol), compound
8 (560 mg, 2.78 mmol) at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored
 by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure.
 The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and pH was adjusted to ~2 with 1 N HCl, filtered
 the precipitated solid and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **10** (500 mg, 52%) as an off-white
 10 solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.47 (br s, 1H),
 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.60 (m, 3H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s,
 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-5-methylbenzoate
 15 **(11):**

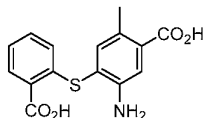
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11

[00069] To a stirring solution of compound **10** (500 mg, 1.45 mmol) in THF: H₂O (2:1, 15 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (300 mg, 7.31 mmol) at RT and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (15 mL), and pH was adjusted to ~2 with 1 N HCl, filtered the precipitated solid and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **11** (500 mg) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.51 (br s, 2H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

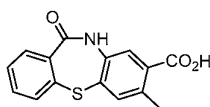
Synthesis of 5-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl)thio)-2-methylbenzoic acid (**12**):



12

[00070] To a stirring solution of compound **11** (500 mg) in MeOH (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added Pd/ C (250 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **12** (430 mg) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS**: 84.24%; 304.5 (M⁺+1); (column; X-Select CSH C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 3.75 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of 7-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**13**):

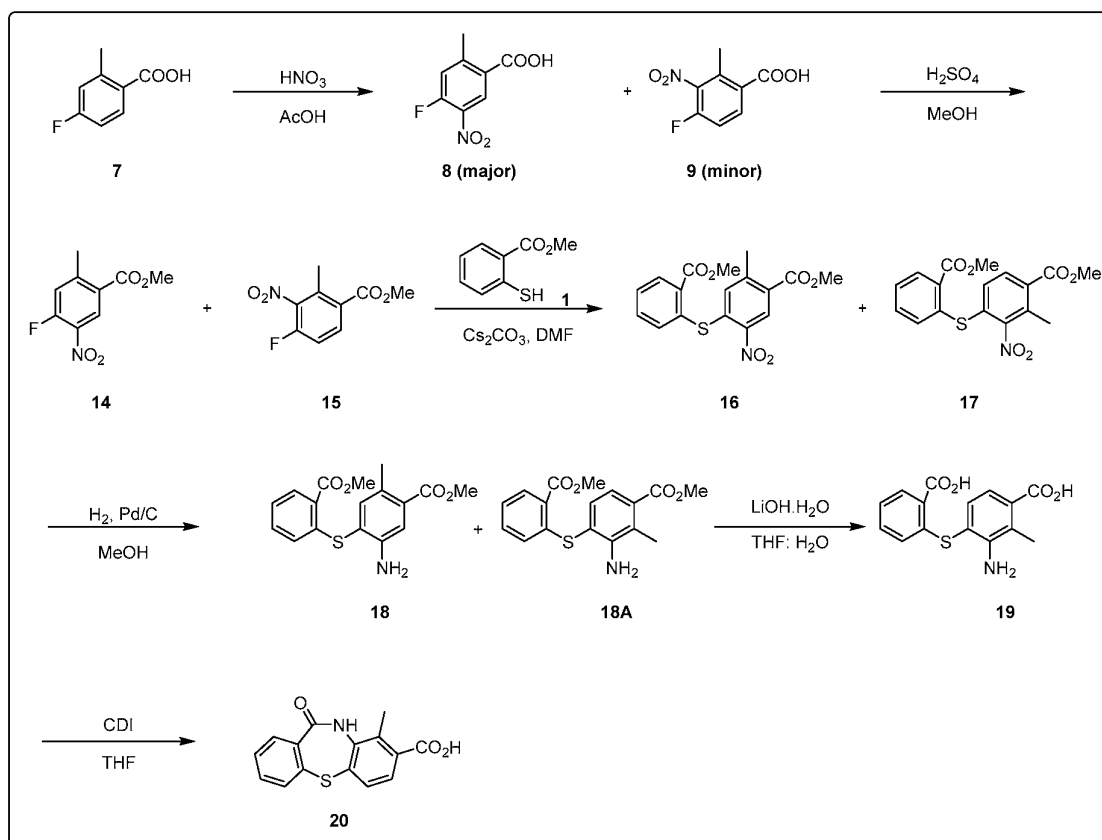


13

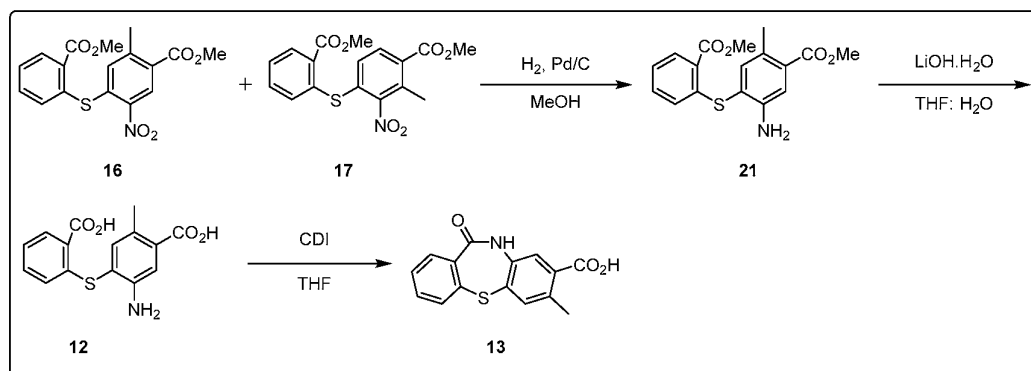
- 35 -

[00071] To a stirring solution of compound **12** (430 mg) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (1.15 g, 7.09 mmol) at RT and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and neutralized with 1 N HCl, filtered the precipitated solid and dried *in vacuo* to afford the crude compound **13** (290 mg) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 13.15 (br s, 1H), 10.68 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.67-7.44 (m, 4H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

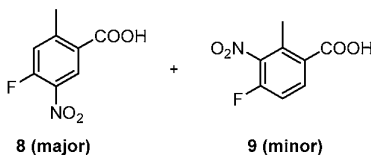
9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (20): A
common intermediate



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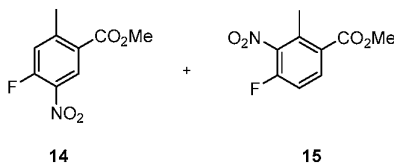


Synthesis of mixture of 4-fluoro-2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoic acid (8) and 4-fluoro-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoic acid (9):



- 5 [00072] To a stirring solution of 4-fluoro-2-methylbenzoic acid 7 (10 g, 64.51 mmol) in acetic acid (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added fuming nitric acid (50 mL) at RT and heated to 80 °C for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (100 mL). The precipitate was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford mixture of compounds **8** and **9** (5.3 g, 40%) as white solid. **TLC**: 70% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.30 (br s, 2H), 8.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 8.9 5.9, Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (s, 6H), 2.48 (s, 3H); (**¹H NMR** showed mixture of compounds **8** & **9** in the ratio of 2: 1).

Synthesis of methyl 4-fluoro-2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoate (14) and methyl 4-fluoro-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoate (15):

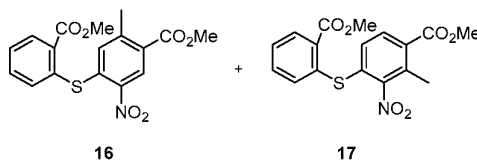


[00073] To a stirring solution of compound **8** & **9** (10 g) in MeOH (100 mL) under argon atmosphere was conc. sulfuric acid (20 mL) at 0 °C and heated to reflux for 48 h. The reaction

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was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford mixture of compounds **14 & 15** (6 g) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexane (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 8.51 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.6 Hz, 0.5H), 7.63 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 0.5H), 3.87 (s, 4.5H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 1.5H); (^1H NMR showed mixture of compounds **14: 15** in the ratio of 2: 1).

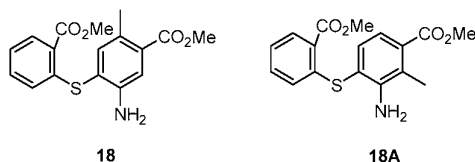
Synthesis of methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoate (16) and methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoate (17):



[00074] To a stirring solution of compounds **14 & 15** (11 g) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (10.4 g, 61.97 mmol), cesium carbonate (18.5 g, 56.81 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (200 mL), brine (200 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford mixture of compounds **16 & 17** (12 g) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS:** 12.57% + 81.14%; 370.8 (M^+ +1); (column; X-Select CSH C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 2.77 min. 0.05% Aq. TFA: ACN; 0.8 mL/min); RT 4.05, 4.14 min.

Synthesis of methyl 5-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methylbenzoate (18) and Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methylbenzoate (18A):

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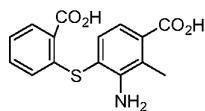


[00075] To a stirring solution of compound **16 & 17** (14 g, crude) in MeOH (500 mL) under inert atmosphere was added Pd/C (1.4 g, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere in an autoclave (6 kg/ cm² pressure) for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with MeOH (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was recrystallized with EtOH (20 mL) and further purified through silica gel column chromatography column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **18** (8 g, 63%) and **18A** (3 g, 30) as sticky off-white solids. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.4);

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz) (18): δ 7.94 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.22 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz) (18A): δ 7.94 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.22 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 3-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2-methylbenzoic acid (**19**):

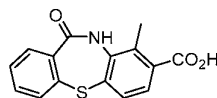


[00076] To a stirring solution of compound **18A** (2 g, 6.04 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 50 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (2.5 g, 10.0 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (10 mL) and washed with diethyl ether (2 x 50 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 4 N HCl to ~1. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **19** (1.2 g, 66%) as white solid. **TLC**: 2v60% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f* 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.01 (br s,

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2H), 7.94 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dt, $J = 7.4, 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.25 (br s, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H).

5 **Synthesis of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (20):**

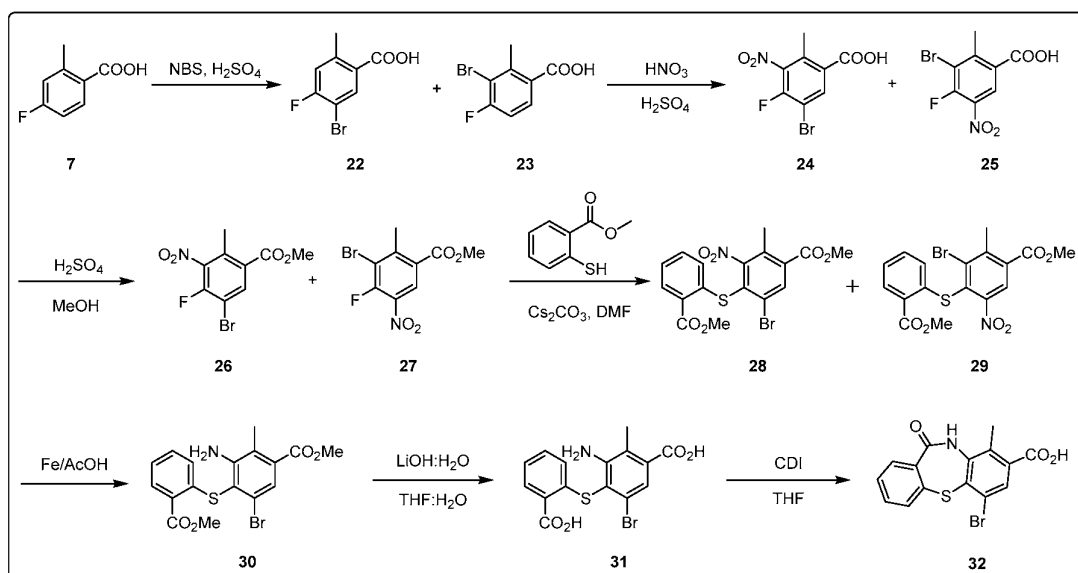


20

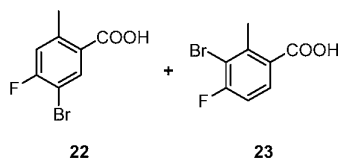
[00077] To a stirring solution of compound **19** (2.6 g, 4.30 mmol) in THF (30 mL) under argon atmosphere was added CDI (3.5 g, 21.50 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16
 10 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and pH was adjusted with 4 N HCl to ~2. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with diethyl ether and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **20** (1.6 g, 67%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H**
NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 13.20 (br s, 1H), 10.23 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.51
 15 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.42 (m, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 6-bromo-9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (32): A common intermediate

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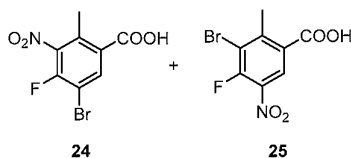
Synthesis of 5-bromo-4-fluoro-2-methylbenzoic acid (22) & 3-bromo-4-fluoro-2-methylbenzoic acid (23):



- 5 **[00078]** To a stirring solution of 4-fluoro-2-methylbenzoic acid 7 (10 g, 64.93 mmol) in H₂SO₄ (200 mL) at 0 °C under argon atmosphere was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (10.40 g, 58.44 mmol) portion wise for 15 min warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water, the precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford mixture of
- 10 compound **22** and **23** in the ratio of **2.5: 1** (14 g) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.9 Hz, 0.4 H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 0.4H), 2.62 (s, 1.2H), 2.50 (s, 3H);

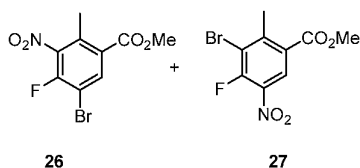
- 15 **Synthesis of 5-bromo-4-fluoro-2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoic acid & 3-bromo-4-fluoro-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoic acid (24&25):**

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[00079] To a stirring solution of compound **22 & 23** (14 g, 60.34 mmol) in sulphuric acid (70 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C was added fuming nitric acid (70 mL) dropwise for 30 min at 0 °C warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (100 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford mixture of compound **24 & 25** in the ratio of 2: 1 (10 g) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2). **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.86 (br s, 3H), 8.47 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 8H);

Synthesis of methyl 5-bromo-4-fluoro-2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoate (26) & methyl 3-bromo-4-fluoro-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoate (26&27):

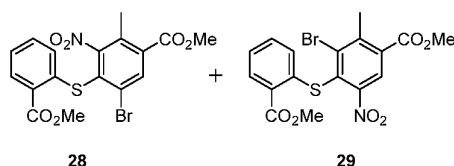


[00080] To a stirring solution of compound 24 & 25 (10 g, 35.9 mmol) in MeOH (200 mL) under inert atmosphere was added concentrated sulfuric acid (10 mL) dropwise for 15 min at 0 °C; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford mixture of compound 26 & 27 in 2: 1 ratio (8 g) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 400 MHz): δ 8.48 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 0.4H), 8.33 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 1.2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.69 (s, 1.2H), 2.42 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 5-bromo-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methyl-3-

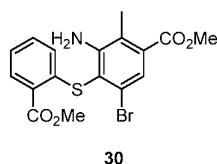
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nitrobenzoate (28) & methyl 3-bromo-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoate (29):



[00081] To a stirring solution of compound **26 & 27** (8 g, 27.49 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (5.5 g, 32.98 mmol), cesium carbonate (9.8 g, 30.24 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (150 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was triturated with EtOH (10 mL) & diethylether (25 mL) filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford mixture of compound **28** and **29** (6 g) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.02 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.32 (m, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 6H), 2.38 (s, 3H); LC-MS no ionization.

Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-5-bromo-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)thio)-2-methylbenzoate (30):

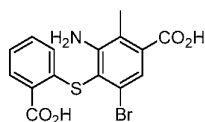


[00082] To a stirring solution of compound **28 & 29** (5 g, 11.39 mmol) in acetic acid (100 mL) was added iron powder (6.37 g, 113.89 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with EtOH (25 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **30** (2.6 g, 55%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.99 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 2H), 6.56 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s,

- 43 -

3H); **LC-MS**: 97.59%; 412.1 (M + 2)⁺; (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

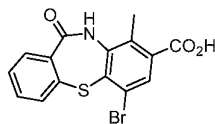
Synthesis of 3-amino-5-bromo-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2-methylbenzoic acid (31):



31

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[00083] To a stirring solution of compound **30** (2 g, 4.89 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 25 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (2.1 g, 50.00 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the aqueous layer was washed with
10 diethylether (2 x 5 mL) The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~1. The precipitated solid was filtered and further dried by zoetrope using toluene (10 mL) to afford compound **31** (1.6 g 86%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexane (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 13.25 (br s, 2H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (br s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 98.30%;
15 383.9 (M + 2)⁺; (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.08 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 6-bromo-9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (32):



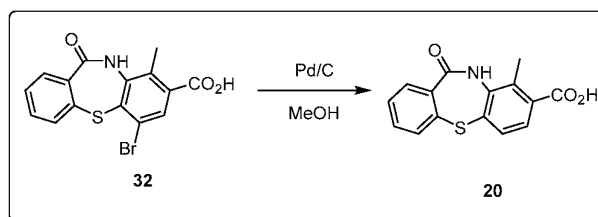
32

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[00084] To a stirring solution of compound **31** (2 g, 5.25 mmol) in THF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (4.4 g, 26.25 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold-water (50 mL) and washed with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The pH of the residue was
25 adjusted to ~2 using 1 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (50 mL)

- 44 -

and further dried by azeotropic distillation using toluene to afford compound **32** (1.2 g, 63%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.44 (br s, 1H), 10.36 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.44 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 97.42%; 363.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.23 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (20**): (Alternate Approach)**



10

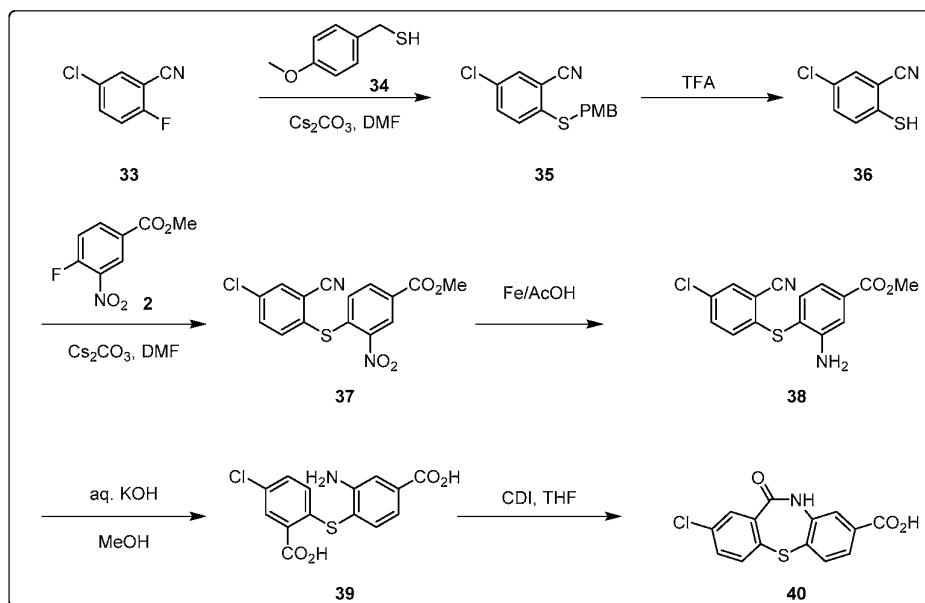
[00085] To a stirring solution of 6-bromo-9-methyl-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid **32** (1 g, 2.75 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (1 g, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and eluted with 50%MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was diluted with water (20 mL) and the obtained solid was filtered dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **20** (300 mg, 38%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.15 (br s, 1H), 10.23 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.42 (m, 3H), 3.31 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 90.04%; 285.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.01 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

20

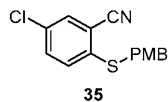
Synthesis of 2-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (40**): A common intermediate**

25

- 45 -



Synthesis of 5-chloro-2-((4-methoxybenzyl) thio) benzonitrile (35):

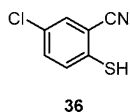


[00086] To a stirring solution of 5-chloro-2-fluorobenzonitrile **33** (6.41 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added cesium carbonate (2.30 g, 7.05 mmol) at RT; heated to 40 °C and to this was added (4-methoxyphenyl) methanethiol **34** (1.08 g, 7.05 mmol); heated to 60 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3-5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **35** (1 g, 54%) as white solid. **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f 0.6); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)**: δ 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H).

15

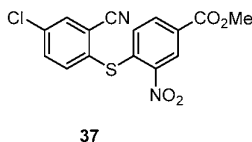
Synthesis of 5-chloro-2-mercaptobenzonitrile (36):

- 46 -



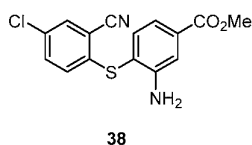
[00087] A stirred solution of compound **35** (1 g, 3.47 mmol) in trifluoro acetic acid (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was stirred at 70 °C for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **36** (590 mg) which was carried to the next step without further purification. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz):** δ 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (s, 1H).

Synthesis of methyl 4-((4-chloro-2-cyanophenyl) thio)-3-nitrobenzoate (**37**):



[00088] To a stirring solution of compound **36** (620 mg, 3.11 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added cesium carbonate (1.1 g, 3.42 mmol) at RT; heated to 40 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (582 mg, 3.42 mmol) at 60 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 25% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **37** (600 mg, 55%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.05-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.98-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H).

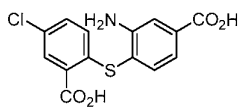
Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-((4-chloro-2-cyanophenyl) thio) benzoate (**38**):



- 47 -

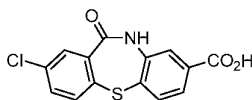
[00089] To a stirring solution of compound **37** (450 mg, 1.29 mmol) in acetic acid (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added iron powder (724 mg, 12.9 mmol) at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was basified with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (15 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with 3% EtOAc/ hexanes (2 x 5 mL) to afford compound **38** (290 mg, 70%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.7); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 2-((2-amino-4-carboxyphenyl) thio)-5-chlorobenzoic acid (**39**):

**39**

[00090] To a stirring solution of compound **38** (450 mg, 1.41 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) was added potassium hydroxide (792 mg, 14.1 mmol) in water (3 mL) at 0 °C; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 9 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was acidified with 1 N HCl to pH~4.0. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **39** (350 mg, 76%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.92 (br s, 2H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (br s, 2H).

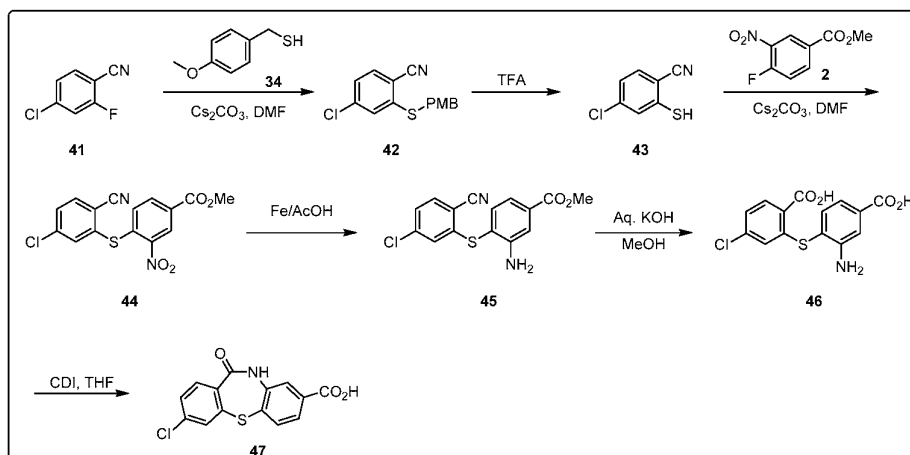
Synthesis of 2-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**40**):

**40**

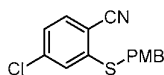
- 48 -

[00091] To a stirring solution of compound **39** (30 mg, 0.09 mmol) in THF (2 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (45 mg, 0.27 mmol) at RT and stirred for 7 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to pH~4.0. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with ether (2 x 3 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **40** (15 mg, 53%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.05 (br s, 1H), 10.98 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.70 (m, 3H), 7.64 (s, 2H).

Synthesis of 3-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (47): A common intermediate



Synthesis of 4-chloro-2-((4-methoxybenzyl)thio) benzonitrile (42):



42

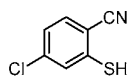
[00092] To a stirring solution of 4-chloro-2-fluorobenzonitrile **41** (1 g, 6.41 mmol) in DMF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added cesium carbonate (2.30 g, 7.05 mmol) at RT; heated to 40 °C and to this was added (4-methoxyphenyl) methanethiol **34** (1.08 g, 7.05 mmol); heated to 60 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and

- 49 -

concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 4% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **42** (900 mg, 48%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.6); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.51 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H).

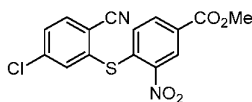
5

Synthesis of 4-chloro-2-mercaptobenzonitrile (**43**):

**43**

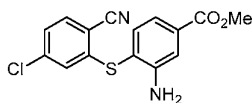
[00093] A stirred solution of compound **42** (900 mg, 3.11 mmol) in trifluoro acetic acid (10 mL) under inert atmosphere at RT was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **43** (527 mg) as brown solid. The crude was carried to the next step without further purification. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.52 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.22-7.19 (m, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H).

15 Synthesis of methyl 4-((5-chloro-2-cyanophenyl) thio)-3-nitrobenzoate (**44**):

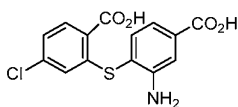
**44**

[00094] To a stirring solution of compound **43** (550 mg, 2.76 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added cesium carbonate (988 mg, 3.04 mmol) at RT; heated to 40 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (515 mg, 3.04 mmol) at 60 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL). The obtained solid was filtered, washed with 15% EtOAc/ hexanes (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **44** (700 mg, 73%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 500 MHz):** δ 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.18-8.15 (m, 2H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H).

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Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-((5-chloro-2-cyanophenyl) thio) benzoate (45):**45**

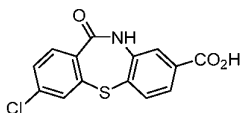
[00095] To a stirring solution of compound **44** (700 mg, 2.01 mmol) in acetic acid (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added iron powder (1.12 g, 20.11 mmol) at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was basified with 10% NaHCO₃ solution (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **45** (500 mg, 78%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 5.96 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 2-((2-amino-4-carboxyphenyl) thio)-4-chlorobenzoic acid (46):**46**

[00096] To a stirring solution of compound **45** (500 mg, 1.57 mmol) in MeOH (6 mL) was added potassium hydroxide (1.32 mg, 23.5 mmol) in water (6 mL) at 0 °C; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The aqueous layer was acidified with 1 N HCl to pH~6.0. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with ether (2 x 7 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **46** (375 mg, 74%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.47 (m, 3H), 7.17-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.67 (s, 1H).

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Synthesis of 3-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (47):

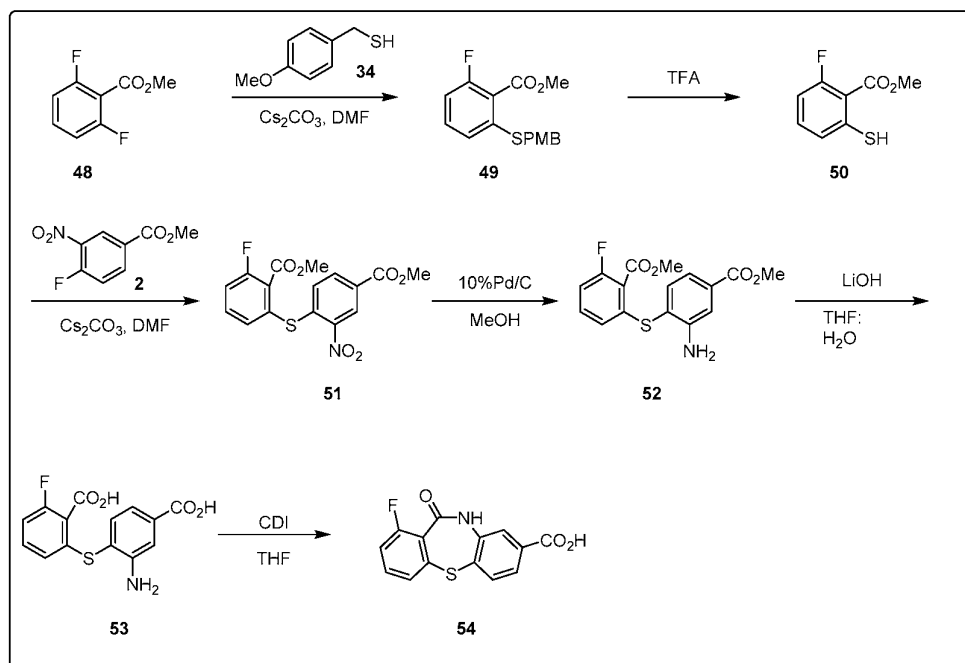


47

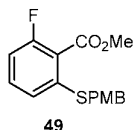
- 5 [00097] To a stirring solution of compound **46** (375 mg, 1.16 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (564 mg, 3.48 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (15 mL) and acidified with 6 N HCl to pH~1.0. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford
- 10 compound **47** (285 mg, 81%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 14.56 (br s, 2H), 10.90 (s, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 7.71-7.65 (m, 4H).

- Synthesis of 1-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (54): A common intermediate**
- 15

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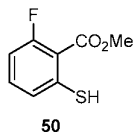


Synthesis of methyl 2-fluoro-6-((4-methoxybenzyl) thio) benzoate (49):

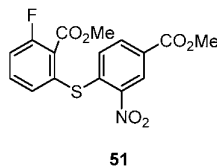


- 5 [00098] To a stirring solution of methyl 2, 6-difluorobenzoate **48** (10 g, 58.13 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added (4-methoxyphenyl) methanethiol **34** (8.96 g, 58.13 mmol), cesium carbonate (20.8 g, 63.95 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to 10 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (200 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 800 mL). The
- 10 combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10-15% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **49** (7.5 g, 42%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)** δ 7.53-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H),
- 15 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.33 (s, 3H).

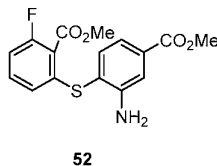
- 53 -

Synthesis of methyl 2-fluoro-6-mercaptobenzoate (50):

[00099] A stirred solution of compound **49** (7.5 g, 24.5 mmol) in trifluoro acetic acid (100 mL) at RT under inert atmosphere was heated to 60-65 °C and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **50** (4.6 g) as brown syrup. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.7).

Synthesis of methyl 2-fluoro-6-((4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-nitrophenyl) thio) benzoate (51):

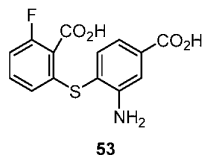
[000100] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (4.5 g, 22.61 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **50** (4.6 g, crude), cesium carbonate (11 g, 33.91 mmol) at RT; heated to 60-65 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (600 mL) and stirred for 1 h. The precipitated solid was filtered, titrated with 10%EtOAc/ hexanes(2 x 20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **51** (7 g, 85%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.08 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.79-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.67-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.72 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 2-((2-amino-4-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-6-fluorobenzoate (52):

- 54 -

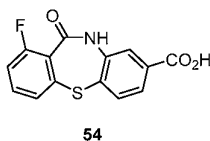
[000101] To a stirring solution of compound **51** (7.09 g, 19.17 mmol) in MeOH (200 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (3.5 g) at RT and stirred under hydrogen at 80 psi for 16 h in an autoclave. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with 40% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 500 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was triturated with 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (200 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **52** (5 g, 78%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.45-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.71 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 2-((2-amino-4-carboxyphenyl) thio)-6-fluorobenzoic acid (**53**):



[000102] To a stirring solution of compound **52** (5 g, 14.92 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 90 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (3.13 g, 74.62 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h and heated to 80 °C for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (200 mL) and acidified with 2 N HCl to pH~4. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **53** (4 g, 87%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.89 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.14 -7.08 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (br s, 2H).

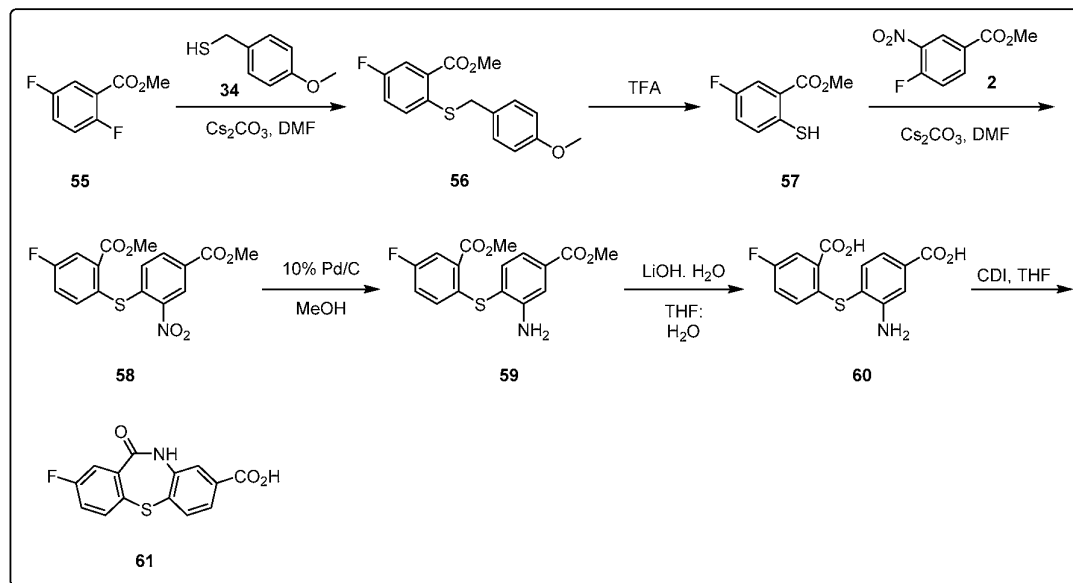
Synthesis of 1-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**54**):



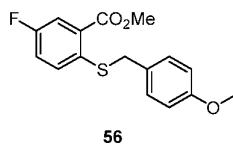
- 55 -

[000103] To a stirring solution of compound **53** (4 g, 13.02 mmol) in THF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (10.56 g, 65.1 mmol) at RT and stirred for 26 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with ice cold water (80 mL) and acidified with 2 N HCl to pH~4. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **54** (3.3 g, 88%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.33 (br s, 2H), 11.00 (s, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 1H).

10 **Synthesis of 2-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**61**): A common intermediate**



Synthesis of methyl-5-fluoro-2-((4-methoxybenzyl) thio) benzoate (56**):**



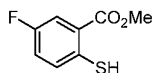
15

[000104] To a stirring solution of methyl 2, 5-difluorobenzoate **55** (1 g, 5.80 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under argon atmosphere were added (4-methoxyphenyl) methanethiol **34** (985 mg,

- 56 -

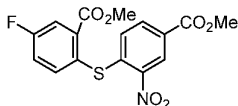
6.39 mmol), cesium carbonate (2.07 g, 6.39 mmol) at RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was
 5 purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-7% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **56** (700 mg, 40%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 7.64-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.17-7.09 (m, 1H), 6.86-6.82 (m, 2H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H).

10 **Synthesis of methyl 5-fluoro-2-mercaptobenzoate (57):**

**57**

[000105] A stirred solution of compound **56** (700 mg, 2.28 mmol) in trifluoro acetic acid (7 mL) at RT under argon atmosphere was heated to 60-65 °C and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed and dried
 15 *in vacuo* to obtain compound **57** (380 mg, 89%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.7); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.70-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 1H), 5.42 (s, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 5-fluoro-2-((4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-nitrophenyl) thio) benzoate (58):

**58**

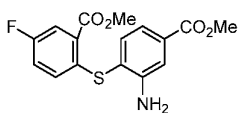
20 [000106] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (350 mg, 1.75 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added compound **57** (360 mg, 1.93 mmol), cesium carbonate (1.14 g, 3.51 mmol) at RT; heated to 60-65 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with
 25 water (30 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was

- 57 -

purified through silica gel column chromatography using 7-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **58** (500 mg, 78%) as yellow solid. **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.04-8.02 (m, 1H), 7.83-7.79 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H).

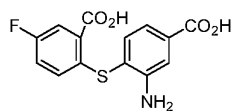
5

Synthesis of methyl 2-((2-amino-4-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-5-fluorobenzoate (59):

**59**

[000107] To a stirring solution of compound **58** (500 mg, 1.36 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under argon atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (300 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 8-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **59** (300 mg, 66%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 7.78 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.68-6.65 (m, 1H), 5.70 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H).

20 Synthesis of 2-((2-amino-4-carboxyphenyl) thio)-5-fluorobenzoic acid (60):

**60**

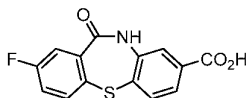
[000108] To a stirring solution of compound **59** (300 mg, 0.89 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 6 mL) under argon atmosphere was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (188 mg, 4.47 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the

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- 58 -

reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (15 mL) and acidified with 6 N HCl to pH~4. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **60** (180 mg, 66%) as white solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 12.99-12.96 (m, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.64-6.61 (m, 1H), 5.64-5.61 (m, 2H).

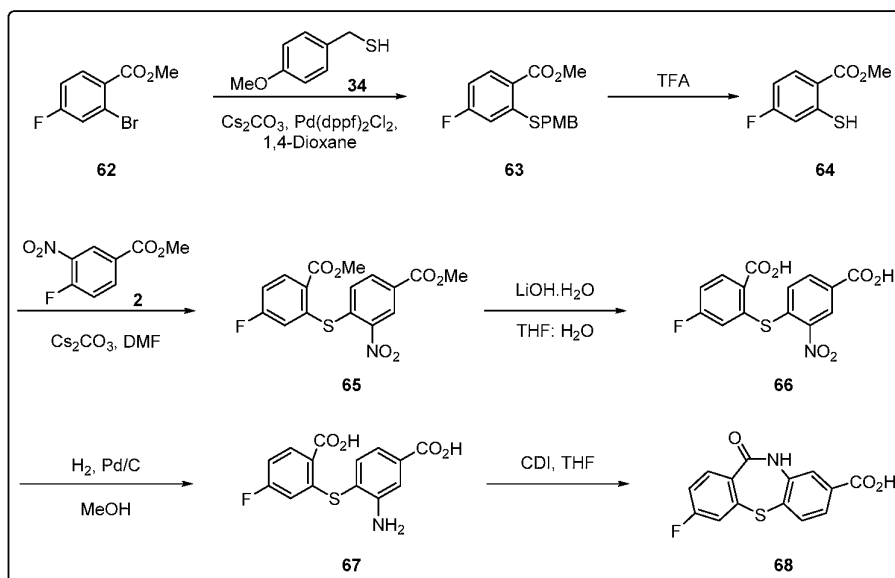
Synthesis of 2-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (61): A common intermediate

**61**

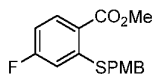
[000109] To a stirring solution of compound **60** (180 mg, 0.58 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere was added CDI (284 mg, 1.75 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with ice cold water (10 mL) and acidified with 6 N HCl to pH~4. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **61** (80 mg, 47%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.30 (br s, 1H), 10.93 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.35 (m, 1H).

Synthesis of 3-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (68): A common intermediate

- 59 -



Synthesis of methyl 4-fluoro-2-((4-methoxybenzyl) thio) benzoate (63):

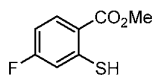


63

[000110] To a stirring solution of methyl 2-bromo-4-fluorobenzoate **62** (2 g, 8.58 mmol) in
 5 1,4-dioxane (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added (4-methoxyphenyl) methanethiol **34**
 (1.58 g, 10.25 mmol), cesium carbonate (4.18 g, 12.80 mmol) at RT and purged under argon
 atmosphere for 30 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)₂Cl₂ (306 mg, 0.42 mmol); heated to 120 °C
 and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
 reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 250 mL). The
 10 combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to
 obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 7%
 EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **63** (1.6 g, 61%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/
 hexanes (*R*_f: 0.4); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)**: δ 8.01 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* =
 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.80 (m, 3H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.80
 15 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 4-fluoro-2-mercaptobenzoate (64):

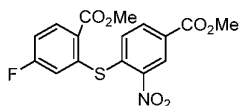
- 60 -



64

[000111] A stirred solution of compound **63** (2.2 g, 7.18 mmol) in trifluoro acetic acid (30 mL) at RT under inert atmosphere was heated to 90 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain compound **64** (1.33 g, crude) as brown syrup. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8).

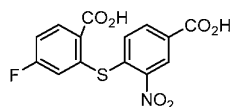
Synthesis of methyl 4-fluoro-2-((4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-nitrophenyl) thio) benzoate (**65**):



65

[000112] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (1.29 g, 6.93 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (2.93 g, 9.01 mmol) and compound **64** (1.2 g, 6.03 mmol) at RT; heated to 55-60 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), the precipitated solid was filtered to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with pentane (2 x 20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **65** (1.5 g, 68%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.13-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.72 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 2-((4-carboxy-2-nitrophenyl) thio)-4-fluorobenzoic acid (**66**):



66

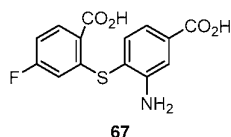
[000113] To a stirring solution of compound **65** (1.5 g, 4.10 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 20 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (690 mg, 16.4 mmol) at RT, heated to 80 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~6. The

- 61 -

precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **66** (1.2 g, 86%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.46 (br s, 2H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.08-8.01 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H).

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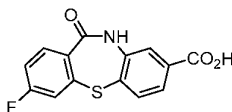
Synthesis of 2-((2-amino-4-carboxyphenyl) thio)-4-fluorobenzoic acid (67):



[000114] To a stirring solution of compound **66** (1.2 g, 3.56 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (300 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with MeOH (20 mL). The filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which as triturated with 10% EtOAc/ *n*-pentane (50 mL) to afford compound **67** (1 g, 91%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.96 (br s, 2H), 8.06-8.02 (m, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.24 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (br s, 2H).

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Synthesis of 3-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (68):



20

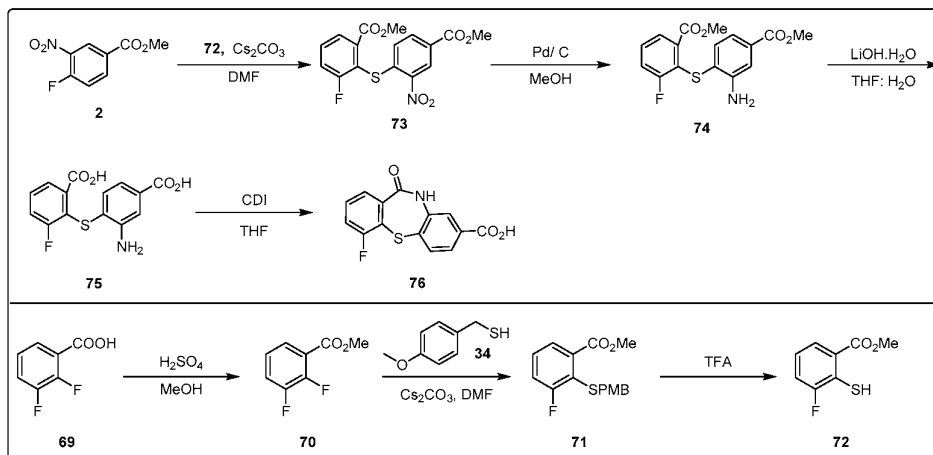
[000115] To a stirring solution of compound **67** (1 g, 3.25 mmol) in THF (30 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (1.61 g, 9.77 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was acidified with 2 N HCl to pH~4. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL), ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **68** (760 mg, 80%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/

25

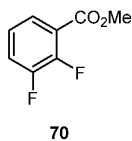
- 62 -

CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.3); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 400 MHz): δ 13.24 (br s, 1H), 10.83 (s, 1H), 7.78-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.69-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 1H).

Synthesis of 4-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (76): A common intermediate

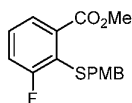


Synthesis of methyl 2, 3-difluorobenzoate (70):

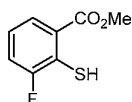


- 10 **[000116]** To a stirring solution of 2, 3-difluorobenzoic acid **69** (1 g, 6.28 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added Conc. H_2SO_4 (5 mL) at 0 °C and heated to reflux for 36 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (25 mL) and pH adjusted to ~8 with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The
- 15 combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **70** (800 mg, 74%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); $^1\text{H NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 500 MHz) δ 7.80 - 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.23 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

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Synthesis of methyl 3-fluoro-2-((4-methoxybenzyl) thio) benzoate (71):**71**

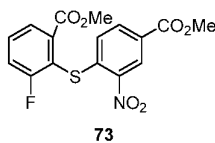
[000117] To a stirring solution of compound **70** (800 mg, 4.65 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added (4-methoxyphenyl) methanethiol **34** (282 mg, 5.11 mmol), cesium carbonate (1.66 g, 5.11 mmol) at RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted water (25 mL) and extracted with ether (2 x 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **71** (750 mg, 53%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.49-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 3-fluoro-2-mercaptobenzoate (72):**72**

[000118] A stirred solution of compound **71** (750 mg, 2.45 mmol) in trifluoro acetic acid (7 mL) at RT under inert atmosphere was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain compound **72** (1.1 g, crude) as colorless liquid. The crude was carried forward for next step. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8).

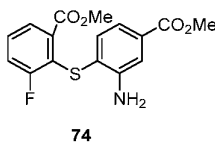
Synthesis of methyl 3-fluoro-2-((4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-nitrophenyl) thio) benzoate (73):

- 64 -



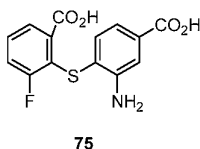
[000119] To a stirring solution of compound **72** (5.96 g, 3.20 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (5.8 g, 2.91 mmol), cesium carbonate (10.41 g, 3.20 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (25 mL). The obtained solid was filtered, washed with hexane (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **73** (7.8 g, 73%) as a pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.05 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.75 (m, 2H), 7.73-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.77-3.64 (m, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 2-((2-amino-4-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-3-fluorobenzoate (74):



[000120] To a stirring solution of compound **73** (670 mg, 1.83 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (150 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **74** (500 mg, 81%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.58-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.04 (s, 2H), 5.59 (br s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H).

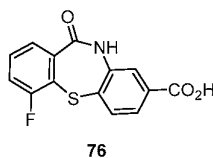
Synthesis of 2-((2-amino-4-carboxyphenyl) thio)-3-fluorobenzoic acid (75):



- 65 -

[000121] To a stirring solution of compound **74** (500 mg, 1.49 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 20 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (376 mg, 8.95 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (25 mL) and washed with diethyl ether (2 x 25 mL). The aqueous layer was acidified with 2 N HCl to pH~4 and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **75** (300 mg, 65%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 12.68 (br s, 2H), 7.54-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1H), 7.02-6.96 (m, 1H), 5.56 (br s, 2H);

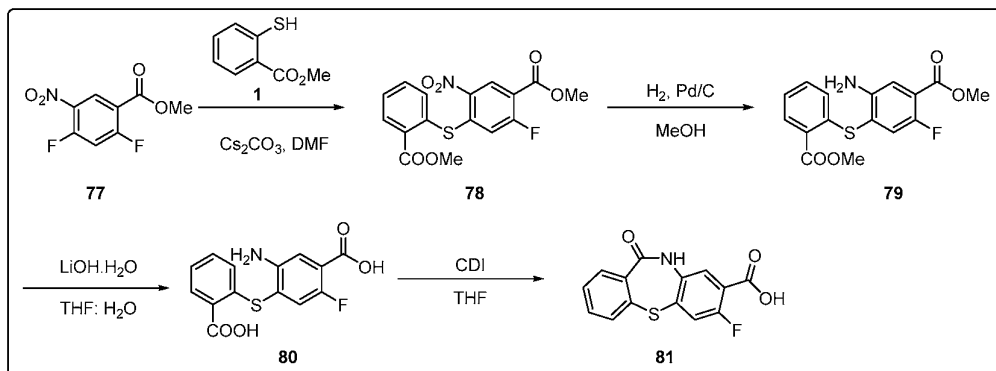
Synthesis of 4-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (76):



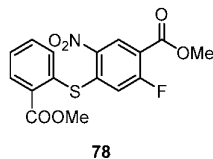
[000122] To a stirring solution of compound **75** (300 mg, 0.97 mmol) in THF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (474 mg, 2.92 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 4 N HCl to ~2. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **76** (150 mg, 53%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.38 (br s, 1H), 10.92 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.75-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 3H).

Synthesis of 7-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (81): A common intermediate

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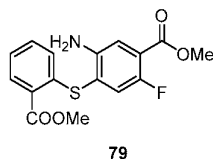


Synthesis of methyl 2-fluoro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-5-nitrobenzoate (78):



[000123] To a stirring solution of methyl 2, 4-difluoro-5-nitrobenzoate **77** (9.0 g, 41.45 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (6.97 g, 41.45 mmol), cesium carbonate (14.82 g, 45.60 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to 10 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (800 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 500 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried under sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **78** (11 g, 73%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.69 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 8.04-7.92 (m, 1H), 7.81-7.69 (m, 3H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H).

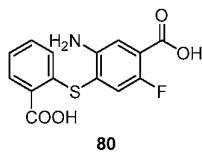
Synthesis of methyl 5-amino-2-fluoro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio) benzoate (79):



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[000124] To a stirring solution of compound **78** (11 g, 30.13 mmol) in MeOH (400 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (5 g) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with 30% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 60 mL). The filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to afford compound **79** (6.5 g, 64%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.01-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.24 (m, 3H), 6.72 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

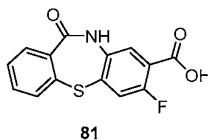
10 **Synthesis of 5-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2-fluorobenzoic acid (80):**



[000125] To a stirring solution of compound **79** (6.5 g, 19.4 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 90 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (4 g, 97.01 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **80** (4.5 g, 75.6%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexane (*R_f* 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.19 (br s, 2H), 7.96 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 2H), 6.68 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (br s, 2H).

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Synthesis of 7-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (81):



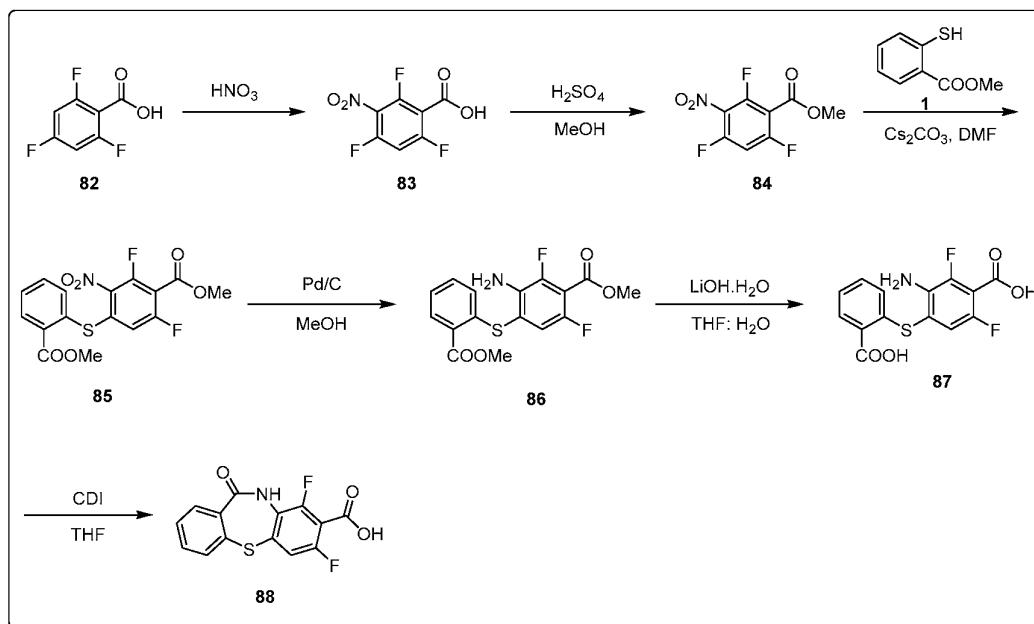
[000126] To a stirring solution of compound **80** (4.5 g, 14.65 mmol) in THF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (11.88 g, 73.28 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for

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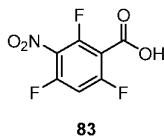
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16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with 2 N HCl to pH~4; the precipitated solid was filtered, dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **81** (3.5 g, 83%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.61 (br s, 1H), 10.75 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.45 (m, 4H).

Synthesis of 7, 9-difluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (88): A common intermediate



Synthesis of 2, 4, 6-trifluoro-3-nitrobenzoic acid (83):

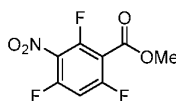


[000127] To 2, 4, 6-trifluorobenzoic acid **82** (15 g, 85.22 mmol) at 0 °C, fuming nitric acid (20 mL) was added dropwise for 10 min; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (500 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **83** (20

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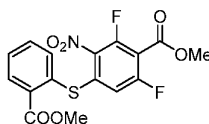
g) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ + 0.05 mL CH₃COOH (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 14.12 (br s, 1H), 7.83 (td, *J* = 10.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H).

Synthesis of methyl 2, 4, 6-trifluoro-3-nitrobenzoate (**84**):

**84**

[000128] To a stirring solution of compound **83** (20 g) in MeOH (200 mL) under argon atmosphere was added concentrated sulfuric acid (20 mL) dropwise for 20 min at 0 °C and heated to reflux for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (500 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (4 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-8% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **84** (14 g, 70% for 2 steps) as pale yellow syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexane (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.88 (td, *J* = 10.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 2, 6-difluoro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-3-nitrobenzoate (**85**):

**85**

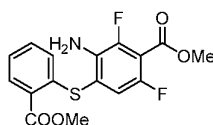
[000129] To a stirring solution of compounds **84** (14 g, 59.57 mmol) in DMF (300 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (11.1 g, 66.07 mmol), cesium carbonate (38.77 g, 119.14 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (200 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 300 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (200 mL), brine (200 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column

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chromatography to afford compound **85** (14.5 g, 64%) as yellow syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 7.98 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H).

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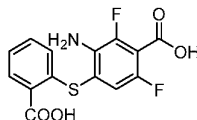
Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-2, 6-difluoro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio) benzoate (86):

**86**

[000130] To a stirring solution of compound **85** (18 g, 46.99) in MeOH (400 mL) under inert atmosphere was added Pd/C (9 g, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere in an autoclave (5 kg/cm² pressure) for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with MeOH (500 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **86** (15.1 g, 91%) as colorless semi solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 8.00-7.93 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.76-6.64 (m, 1H), 5.54-5.47 (m, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

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Synthesis of 3-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2, 6-difluorobenzoic acid (87):

**87**

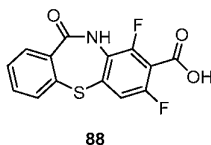
[000131] To a stirring solution of compound **86** (15.1 g, 39.42 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 250 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (8.3 g, 197.61 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*, diluted with water (100 mL) and washed with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 4 N HCl to ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (100 mL), pentane (100 mL). The obtained solid was further dried using

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toluene (150 mL) to afford compound **87** (11 g, 79%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 13.24 (br s, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.66 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (br s, 2H).

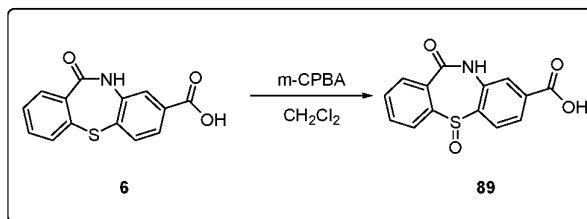
Synthesis of 7, 9-difluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (88):



[000132] To a stirring solution of compound **87** (10 g, 30.76 mmol) in THF (200 mL) under argon atmosphere was added CDI (14.9 g, 81.97 mmol) at RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*.

The residue was diluted with water (300 mL) and the pH was adjusted to ~3 with 2 N HCl. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with water (100 mL), pentane (50 mL) and diethyl ether (150 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **88** (2.83 g, 30%) as brick red solid. **TLC:** 15% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.3); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 14.19 (br s, 1H), 10.64 (s, 1H), 7.73-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.58- 7.48 (m, 3H).

Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5-oxide (89): A common intermediate

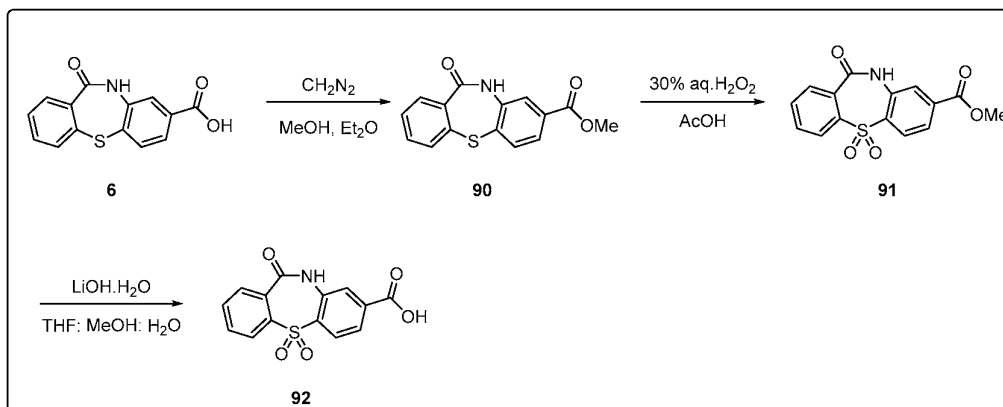


[000133] To a stirring solution of **6** (2.5 g, 9.21 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *m*-chloro perbenzoic acid (1.59 g, 9.21 mmol) at RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 5 mL), isopropanol (10 mL) to afford compound **89** (2.3 g, 87%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 + 0.05 mL CH_3COOH (R_f : 0.4); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500**

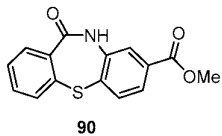
- 72 -

MHz): δ 13.36 (br s, 1H), 11.08 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.92-7.87 (m, 1H), 7.85-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.63 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H);

Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (92): A common intermediate



Synthesis of methyl 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylate (90):

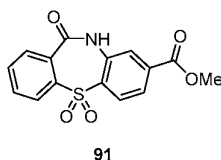


- 10 **[000134]** To a stirring solution of 6 (500 mg, 1.84 mmol) in MeOH : CH_2Cl_2 (1: 1, 20 mL) under argon atmosphere was added CH_2N_2 (insitu prepared using *N*-nitrosomethyl urea (0.95 g, 9.2 mmol) + KOH (0.51 g, 9.22 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using
- 15 20% EtOAc / hexanes to afford compound 90 (450 mg, 86%) as white solid. TLC: 30% EtOAc / hexanes (R_f : 0.5); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 500 MHz): δ 10.82 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.75-7.69 (m, 3H), 7.58-7.63 (m, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylate 5, 5-dioxide (91):

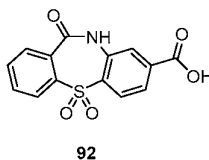
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[000135] To a stirring solution of **90** (5 g, 17.54 mmol) in acetic acid (25 mL) was added 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide (100 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to 50 °C and stirred for 72 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the obtained solid was filtered, washed with water (100 mL), 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **91** (3.5 g, 64%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.58 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.83 (m, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H);

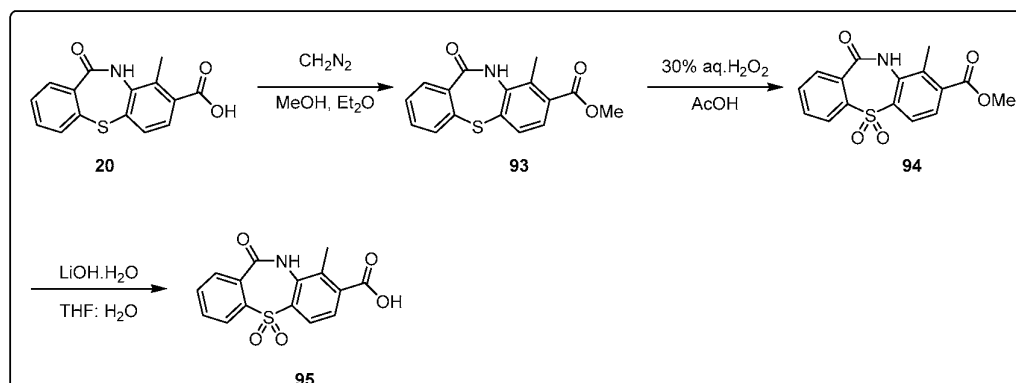
Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (92):



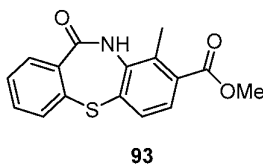
[000136] To a stirring solution of compound **91** (3.5 g, 11.04 mmol) in a mixture of THF: MeOH: H₂O (2: 2: 1, 25 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.3 g, 33.12 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and acidified with 1 N HCl to pH~2. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with isopropyl alcohol (15 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **92** (2.8 g, 84%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.65 (br s, 1H), 11.55 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.03-7.82 (m, 6H).

Synthesis of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (95): A common intermediate

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Synthesis of methyl 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylate (93):



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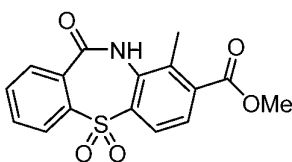
[000137] To a stirring solution of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid **20** (400 mg, 1.40 mmol) in MeOH (30 mL) under argon atmosphere was added CH₂N₂ [insitu prepared using *N*-nitrosomethyl urea (723 mg, 7.01 mmol) + 30% KOH solution (100 mL) in diethyl ether (200 mL)] at 0 °C and stirred for 3 h.

10 The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **93** (300 mg, 71%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.40 (s, 1H), 7.83-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.72-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 3H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 2.58 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 95.08%; 299.8 (M⁺+1);

15 (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.38 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

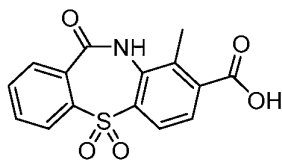
Synthesis of methyl 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylate 5,5-dioxide (94):

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**94**

[000138] To a stirring solution of **93** (300 mg, 1.00 mmol) in acetic acid (4 mL) was added 30% hydrogen peroxide (8 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to 60 °C and stirred for 72 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (50 mL), stirred for 15 min, the obtained solid was filtered, washed with water (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **94** (210 mg, 63%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.86 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.89 (m, 3H), 7.88-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H). **LC-MS**: 94.24%; 331.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.22 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (95):

**95**

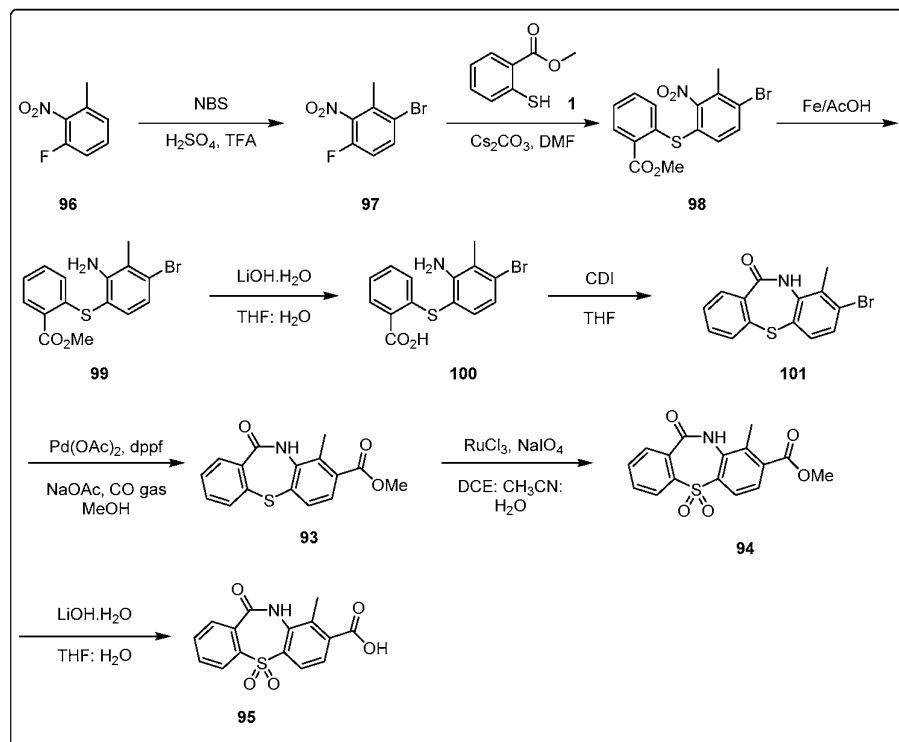
[000139] To a stirring solution of compound **94** (230 mg, 0.69 mmol) in THF: MeOH: H₂O (2: 2: 1, 20 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (87 mg, 2.08 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and acidified with 3 N HCl to pH~3. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **95** (210 mg, 95%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.62 (br s, 1H), 10.85 (s, 1H), 7.97-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.82-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H). **LC-MS**: 96.06%; 317.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; X Select CSH C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm);

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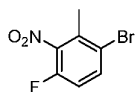
RT 1.68 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid

5, 5-dioxide (104): A common intermediate



Synthesis of 1-bromo-4-fluoro-2-methyl-3-nitrobenzene (97):



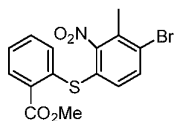
97

- 10 [000140] To 1-fluoro-3-methyl-2-nitrobenzene **96** (5 g, 32.25 mmol) at 0 °C under argon atmosphere was added concentrated sulfuric acid: trifluoroacetic acid (1: 2, 45 mL). To this was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (8.61 g, 48.37 mmol) portion wise for 15 min; warmed to RT and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (200 mL), the precipitated solid was filtered,

- 77 -

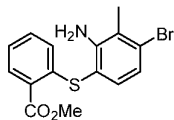
washed with water (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 1-2% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **97** (5.1 g, 68%). **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3). **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.96 (dd, J = 8.9, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 22.35 (m, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 2-((4-bromo-3-methyl-2-nitrophenyl) thio) benzoate (98**):**

**98**

[000141] To a stirring solution of compound **97** (5.1 g, 21.79 mmol) in DMF (80 mL) under argon atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (10.62 g, 32.67 mmol), methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (4.03 g, 23.97 mmol) at RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL), the precipitated solid was filtered, washed with hexane (100 mL) and diethyl ether (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **98** (7.0 g, 84%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.09-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.34 (td, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 98.98%; 383.2 ($M+2$)⁺; (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 x 3.0mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 4.99 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc : ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of methyl 2-((2-amino-4-bromo-3-methylphenyl) thio) benzoate (99**):**

**99**

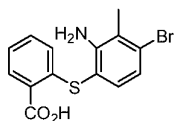
[000142] To a stirring solution of compound **98** (7 g, 18.32 mmol) in acetic acid (100 mL) was added iron powder (10.2 g, 182.7 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was

- 78 -

diluted with EtOAc (200 mL), washed with water (2 x 100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to compound **99** (5.8 g, 90%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS:** 98.31%; 353.9 ($M^+ + 2$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 3.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:

5 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

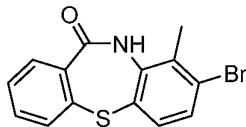
Synthesis of 2-((2-amino-4-bromo-3-methylphenyl) thio) benzoic acid (100):



100

[000143] To a stirring solution of compound **99** (4.8 g, 13.63 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 120 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.72 g, 40.95 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and acidified with 2 N HCl to pH ~4-5. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **100** (4 g, 87%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS:** 98.82%; 339.9 ($M^+ + 2$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.67 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 8-bromo-9-methyldibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepin-11(10H)-one (101):



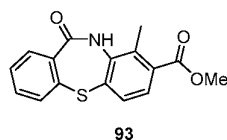
101

20 [000144] To a stirring solution of compound **100** (4.7 g, 13.90 mmol) in THF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (13.50 g, 83.32 mmol) at RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 using 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **101** (3 g, 68%) as white

- 79 -

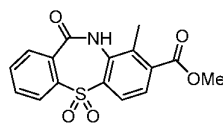
solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4) **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 10.36 (s, 1H), 7.68-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.54 - 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.49 - 7.36 (m, 4H), 2.41 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylate (93):



[000145] To a stirring solution of compound **101** (1.5 g, 4.68 mmol) in MeOH (30 mL) in a steel bomb under inert atmosphere were added dppf (259 mg, 0.46 mmol), sodium acetate (1.15 g, 14.02 mmol), $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (105 mg, 0.46 mmol) at RT and heated to 100 °C under CO gas atmosphere (150 psi) and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column flash chromatography using 10-20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **93** (1.1 g, 79%). **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS:** 98.18%; 299.9 (M+1)⁺; (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.38 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of methyl 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylate 5, 5-dioxide (94):



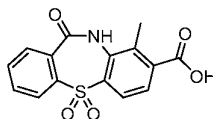
[000146] To a compound **93** (1.1 g, 3.67 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane: CH_3CN : H_2O (1: 1: 2, 40 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (2.35 g, 11.03 mmol), ruthenium chloride (38 mg, 0.18 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated

- 80 -

in vacuo to afford compound **94** (1 g, 83%) as a white solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 10.87 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.83 - 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 98.10%; 332.0 (M+1)⁺; (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.16 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:

5 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (95):



95

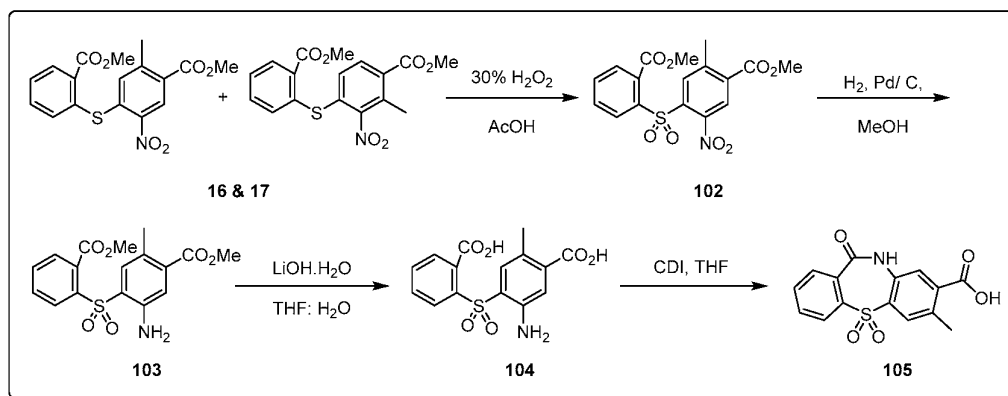
10 **[000147]** To a stirring solution of compound **94** (1.07 g, 3.23 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 18 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (407 mg, 9.69 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (50 mL), hexane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo*

15 to afford **95** (950 mg, 93%) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 3.63 (br s, 1H), 10.85 (s, 1H), 7.96-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.83 -7.78 (m, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 98.67%; 317.9 (M+1)⁺; (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.81 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

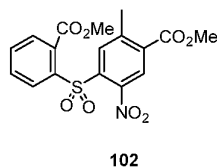
20

Synthesis of 7-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (105): A common intermediate

- 81 -



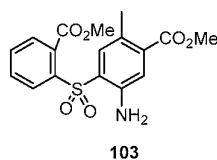
Synthesis of methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) sulfonyl)-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzoate (102):



- 5 [000148] To a stirring solution of methyl 5-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-methylbenzoate **16 & 17** (4 g, 12.08 mmol) in acetic acid (25 mL) was added 30% H₂O₂ (20 mL) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and the pH was adjusted to ~7 using 10% Na₂CO₃ solution (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (150 mL).
- 10 The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified by column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **102** (1.2 g) as yellow syrup. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **LC-MS**: 34.05%; 392.1 (M-1)⁺; (column; X-select C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 4.26 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN: 0.8 mL/min).

15

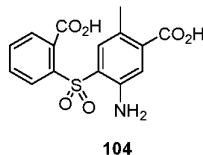
Synthesis of methyl 5-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) sulfonyl)-2-methylbenzoate (103):



- 82 -

[000149] To a stirring solution of compound **102** (500 mg, 1.27 mmol) in MeOH (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (200 mg, 50% wet) at RT under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with MeOH (50 mL). The filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **103** (300 mg, 60%, over 2 steps) as yellow syrup. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **LC-MS**: 98.20%; 364.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.45 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.11 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.84 - 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.65 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 6.14 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H);

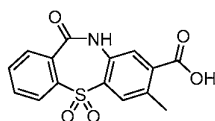
Synthesis of 5-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) sulfonyl)-2-methylbenzoic acid (104):



[000150] To a stirring solution of compound **103** (1.2 g, 3.26 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 20 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (692 mg, 16.48 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 32 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **104** (600 mg, 59%) as an off-white solid. The crude was carried for next step without further purification. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **LC-MS**: 81.82%; 335.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.78 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 13.12 (br s, 1H), 8.05-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.74 (td, J = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (td, J = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 6.13 (br s, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of 7-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (105):

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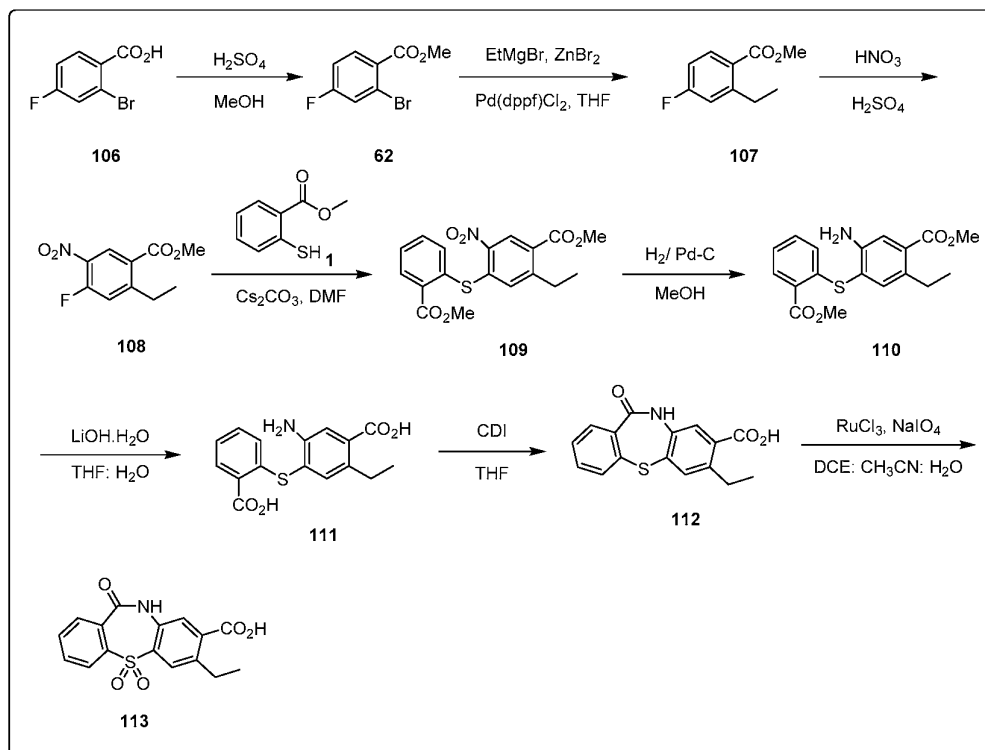


105

[000151] To a stirring solution of compound **104** (650 mg, 1.94 mmol) in THF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (1.59 g, 9.70 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was acidified with 6 N HCl to pH ~2. The obtained solid was filtered and further dried and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **105** (350 mg, 59%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS**: 71.53%; 317.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.45 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

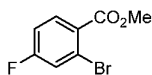
10

Synthesis of 7-ethyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (**117**): A common intermediate



Synthesis of methyl 2-bromo-4-fluorobenzoate (**62**):

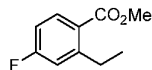
- 84 -



62

[000152] To a stirring solution of 2-bromo-4-fluorobenzoic acid 106 (20 g, 91.32 mmol) in MeOH (200 mL) under inert atmosphere was added concentrated sulfuric acid (100 mL) dropwise for 20 min at 0 °C; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (300 mL). The organic extract was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (2 x 100 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 62 (16.5 g, 78%) as pale yellow oil. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8). ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz): δ 7.88 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (td, *J* = 8.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

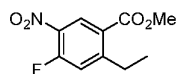
Synthesis of methyl 2-ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate (107):



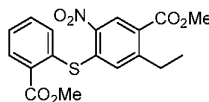
107

[000153] To a stirring solution of zinc(II) bromide (19.3 g, 85.77 mmol) in THF (200 mL) under argon atmosphere was added ethyl magnesium bromide (28.6 mL, 85.83 mmol, 3 M solution in Et₂O) dropwise for 10 min. The reaction mixture was cooled to -78 °C, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (3.13 g, 4.27 mmol) and compound 62 (10 g, 42.91 mmol), warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with saturated ammonium chloride solution (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2-4% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 107 (6.5 g, 83%) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8). ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.86 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, *J* = 8.5, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.92 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.16 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H).

- 85 -

Synthesis of methyl 2-ethyl-4-fluoro-5-nitrobenzoate (108):**108**

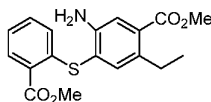
[000154] To a stirring solution of compound **107** (6.5 g, 35.71 mmol) in concentrated sulphuric acid (100 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C was added fuming nitric acid (1.5 mL, 35.70 mmol) dropwise for 5 min, warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (300 mL), extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (2 x 50 mL) and brine (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified by combiflash chromatography using 5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **108** (1.8 g, 22%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.52 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.01 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 2-ethyl-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-5-nitrobenzoate (109):**109**

[000155] To a stirring solution of compound **108** (1.8 g, 7.92 mmol) in DMF (30 mL) under argon atmosphere were added methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate **1** (1.46 g, 8.72 mmol), cesium carbonate (3.90 g, 11.90 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified by combiflash chromatography using 2-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **109** (2.4 g, 81%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.97-7.92 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.65 (m, 3H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.79 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

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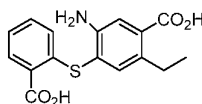
Synthesis of methyl 5-amino-2-ethyl-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio) benzoate (110):



110

- 5 **[000156]** A stirring solution of compound **109** (2.4 g, 6.40 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) was evacuated for 5 min and under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (1.2 g, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with MeOH (100 mL). The crude was purified by combiflash
- 10 chromatography using 5-20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **110** (1.4 g, 63%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.95 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.67 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.71 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.08 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS:** 97.16%; 345.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.88 min.
- 15 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 5-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2-ethylbenzoic acid (111):



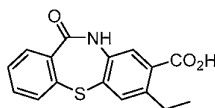
111

- [000157]** To a stirring solution of compound **110** (1.4 g, 4.05 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 40 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (852 mg, 20.28 mmol) portion wise for 10 min
- 20 at RT, heated to reflux and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~3. The precipitated solid was filtered washed with water (50 mL), *n*-hexane (30 mL) dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **111** (1.0 g 78%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 13.38-12.60
- 25 (m, 2H), 7.94 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (td, J = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (br s, 2H), 2.74 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H),

- 87 -

1.09 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H); **LC-MS**: 99.36%; 317.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.09 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

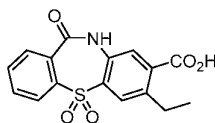
5 **Synthesis of 7-ethyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (112):**



112

[000158] To a stirring solution of compound **111** (1 g, 3.15 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (1.53 g, 9.46 mmol) at RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction
10 was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (50 mL), cooled to 0 °C and the pH was adjusted to ~2 using 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (50 mL), hexane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **112** (710 mg, 75%) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.12 (br s, 1H), 10.69 (s, 1H),
15 7.71-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.56-7.42 (m, 4H), 2.85 (q, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.11 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of 7-ethyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (113):



113

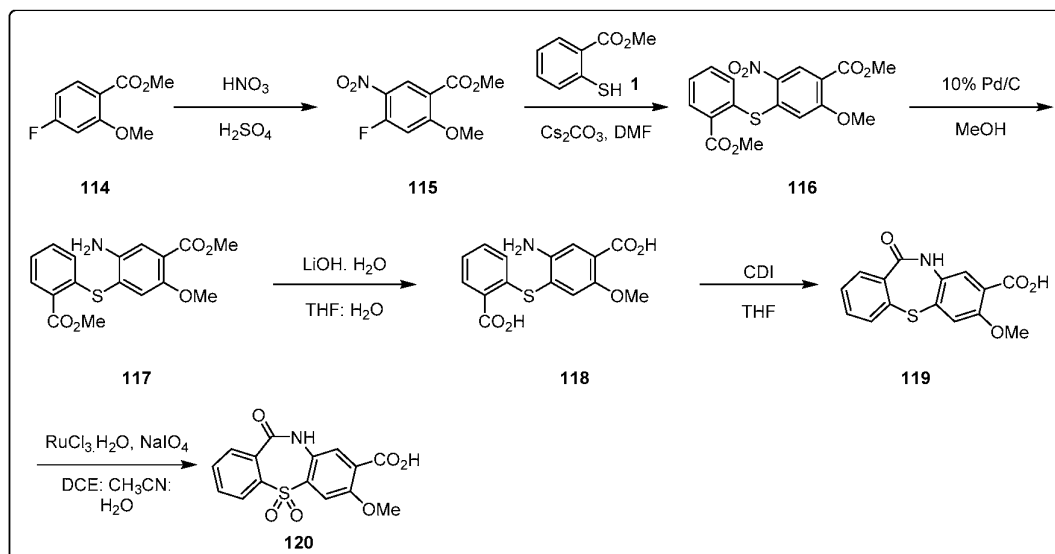
20 [000159] To a stirring solution of compound **112** (700 mg, 2.34 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane: CH₃CN: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 40 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (1.49 g, 6.99 mmol), ruthenium chloride (26.3 mg, 0.11 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was
25 monitored by TLC and LCMS; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (50 mL), hexane (20 mL) and diethylether

- 88 -

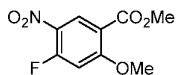
(20 mL), dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **113** (650 mg, 84%) as pale brown solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.39 (s, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 2.91 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS:** 86.02%; 331.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm);

5 RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 7-methoxy-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (124): A common intermediate



10 **Synthesis of methyl 4-fluoro-2-methoxy-5-nitrobenzoate (115):**



115

[000160] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-fluoro-2-methoxybenzoate **114** (10 g, 27.17 mmol) in sulfuric acid (14 mL) under inert atmosphere was added the mixture of nitric acid (0.90 mL, 21.73 mmol) and sulfuric acid (1 mL) at -5 °C and stirred for 5 min. The reaction

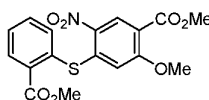
15 was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (25 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined quenched with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (100 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and

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concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **115** (5 g, 40%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.69 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H).

5

Synthesis of methyl 2-methoxy-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-5-nitrobenzoate (116):

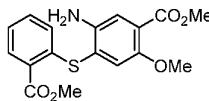


116

[000161] To a stirring solution of compound **115** (5 g, 21.8 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (4 g, 24.01 mmol), cesium carbonate (8.5 g, 26.16 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (250 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 25% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **116** (6 g, 79%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.80 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.92 (m, 1H), 7.70 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.59 (m, 2H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.52 (s, 3H).

15

Synthesis of methyl 5-amino-2-methoxy-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio) benzoate (117):



117

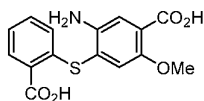
[000162] To a stirring solution of compound **116** (6 g, 0.53 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (600 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) for 20 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in*

25

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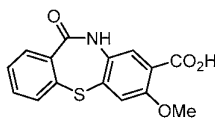
vacuo to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 25% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **117** (2 g, 36%) as sticky solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.04 (dd, $J = 7.8, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 6.76 (dd, $J = 8.2, 0.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 95.75%; 347.9 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.43 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 5-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2-methoxybenzoic acid (**118**):

**118**

[000163] To a stirring solution of compound **117** (2 g, 5.76 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 25 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.69 g, 40.34 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered, triturated with EtOAc (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **118** (1.4 g 77%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.19 (br s, 1H), 7.96 (dd, $J = 7.8, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.24 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 6.69 (dd, $J = 0.8, 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 96.65%; 319.9 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.81 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

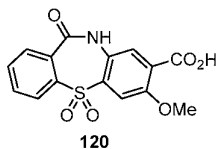
Synthesis of 7-methoxy-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**119**):

**119**

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[000164] To a stirring solution of compound **118** (1.3 g, 4.07 mmol) in THF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (1.95 g, 12.22 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 using 6 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (2 x 20 mL) dried *in vacuo* and triturated with 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **119** (1 g, 82%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 14.41 (br s, 1H), 10.55 (s, 1H), 7.71-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.44 (m, 4H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H);

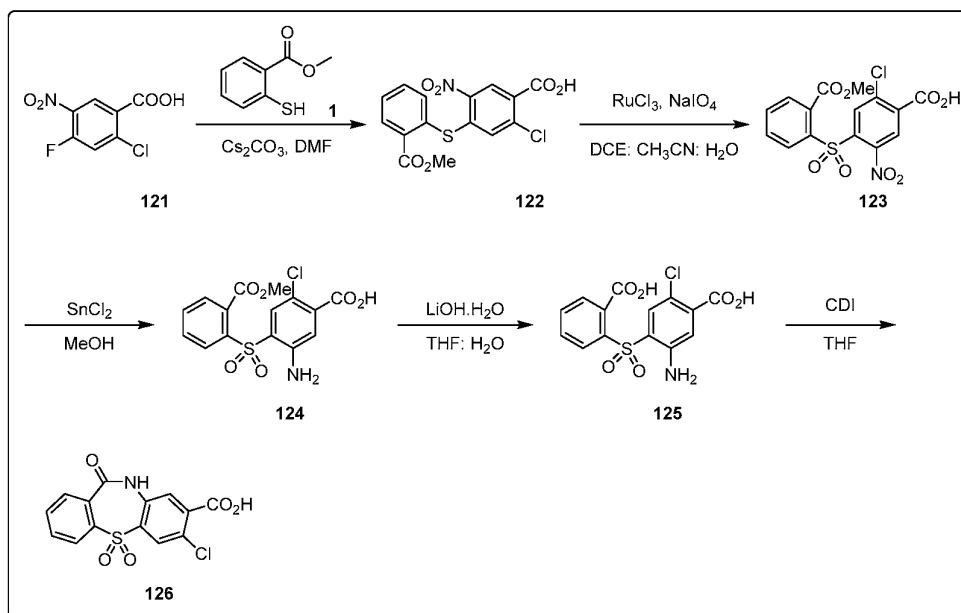
10 **Synthesis of 7-methoxy-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (120):**



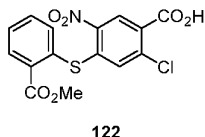
[000165] To a stirring solution of compound **119** (1 g, 3.32 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane: CH₃CN: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 40 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (2.17 g, 9.96 mmol), ruthenium chloride (37.35 mg, 0.16 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with EtOAc (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **120** (700 mg, 64%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); TLC eluted twice; **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 13.37 (br s, 1H), 11.25 (s, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.84 (m, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 95.49%; 333.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.79 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

25 **Synthesis of 7-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (130): A common intermediate**

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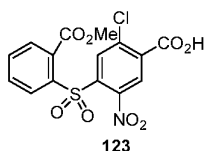


Synthesis of 2-chloro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-5-nitrobenzoic acid (122):



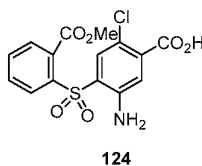
[000166] To a stirring solution of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-nitrobenzoic acid 121 (5 g, 22.76 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate 1 (4.2 g, 25.04 mmol), cesium carbonate (3.1 g, 9.54 mmol) at RT and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and washed with EtOAc (2 x 250 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to ~2 with 2 N HCl and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1-2 MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 122 (4 g, 48%) as yellow solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5). ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz): δ 13.97 (br s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.77-7.69 (m, 3H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H); LC-MS (Agilent Ion trap): 77.39%; 366.1 (M-1)⁺; (column; X-select C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 3.18 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 2-chloro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) sulfonyl)-5-nitrobenzoic acid (123):

[000167] To a stirring solution of compound 122 (4 g, 10.89 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane:
 5 CH₃CN: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 40 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (7 g, 32.72 mmol), ruthenium
 chloride (10 mg, 0.048 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was
 monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and
 washed with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to ~2 with 2 N
 HCl and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over
 10 sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 123 (3.1 g, 72%) as an
 off-white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz): δ 14.53
 (br s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.18-8.15 (m, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.85 (m, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H); LC-
 MS (Agilent Ion trap): 99.64%; 397.9 (M-1)⁺; (column; X-select C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm);
 RT 2.97 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 5-amino-2-chloro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) sulfonyl) benzoic acid (124):

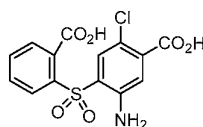
[000168] To a stirring solution of compound **123** (2.9 g, 7.26 mmol) in MeOH (30 mL) was
 20 added stannous chloride (4.1 g, 21.80 mmol) at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16 h. The
 reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in*
vacuo. The residue was added water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The
 organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford
 compound **124** (1.2 g, 44%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); ¹H-
 25 **NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.66 (br s, 1H), 8.26 (td, *J* = 7.8, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (td, *J* =

- 94 -

7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (dd, $J = 7.9, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dd, $J = 7.5, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 92.25%; 369.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 2.09 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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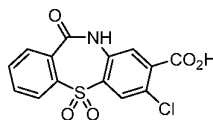
Synthesis of 5-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) sulfonyl)-2-chlorobenzoic acid (125):



125

[000169] To a stirring solution of compound **124** (1 g, 2.71 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 20 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.1 g, 27.10 mmol) portion wise at RT and stirred
 10 for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **125** (800 mg, 83%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.3).

15 **Synthesis of 7-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (126):**



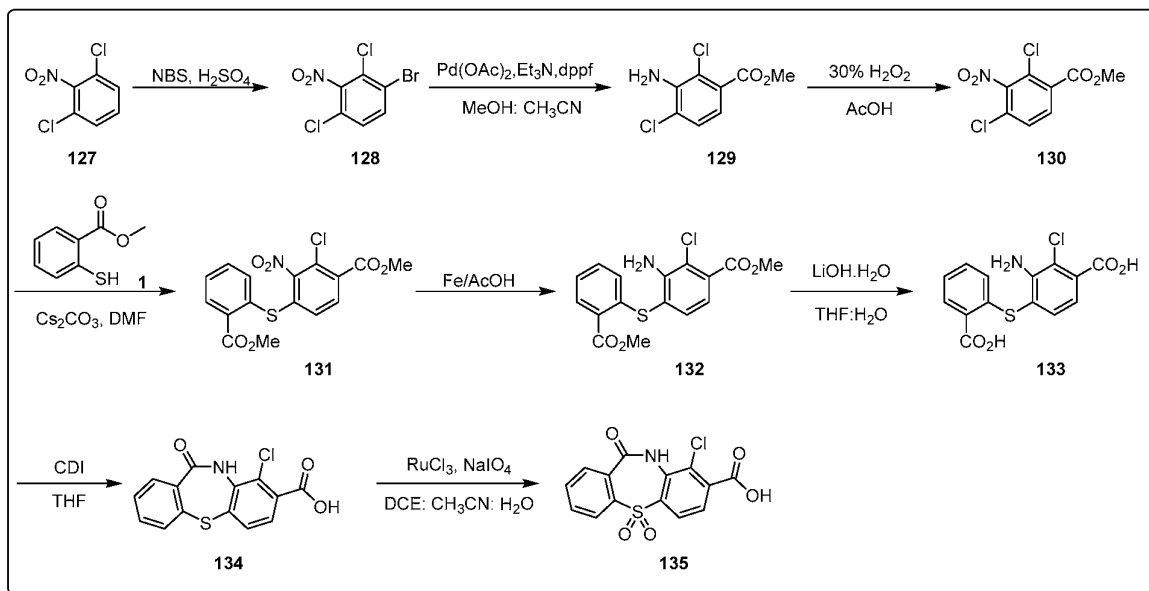
126

[000170] To a stirring solution of compound **125** (800 mg, 2.25 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (1.85 g, 11.26 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred
 20 for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 using 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (2 x 20 mL), hexanes (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **126** (500 mg, 65%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 14.08 (br s, 1H), 11.56 (s, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 3H), 7.96-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.74 (s, 1H); **LC-MS (Agilent Ion trap)**: 86.33%; 336.0 ($M - 1$)⁺;
 25

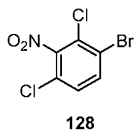
- 95 -

(column; X-select C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 6.57 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OAc : ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of 9-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (135): A common intermediate

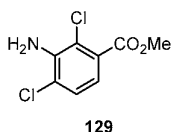


Synthesis of 1-bromo-2, 4-dichloro-3-nitrobenzene (128):

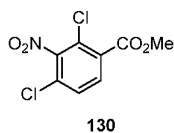


- 10 **[000171]** To a stirring solution of 1,3-dichloro-2-nitrobenzene 127 (5 g, 26.04 mmol) in concentrated sulfuric acid (150 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (4.6 g, 26.04 mmol) portion wise at RT and heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was poured into ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to
- 15 obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 128 (4.9 g, 70%). TLC: 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 8.11 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H).

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Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-2, 4-dichlorobenzoate (129):

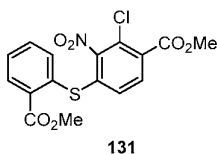
[000172] To a stirring solution of compound **128** (7.5 g, 27.77 mmol) in MeOH: CH₃CN (4:1, 100 mL) under inert atmosphere in a steel bomb were added triethylamine (12 mL, 83.33 mmol), dppf (1.53 g, 2.76 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (500 mg, 2.27 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C, under CO gas atmosphere (150 psi) and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column flash chromatography using 15% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **129** (5 g, 82%).
TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 2, 4-dichloro-3-nitrobenzoate (130):

[000173] To a stirring solution of compound **129** (5 g, 22.72 mmol) in glacial acetic acid (25 mL) was added 30% H₂O₂ (25 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and EtOAc (200 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **130** (4.1 g, 73%) as brown solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.11 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H);

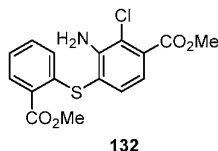
Synthesis of methyl 2-chloro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-3-nitrobenzoate (131):

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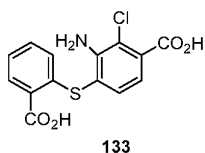
[000174] To a stirring solution of compound 130 (4.1 g, 16.40 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under argon atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate 1 (2.75 g, 16.40 mmol), cesium carbonate (16 g, 49.23 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (500 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (200 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to compound 131 (1 g, 16%) as white solid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f 0.3). ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 8.08 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.43 (td, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-2-chloro-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio) benzoate (132):



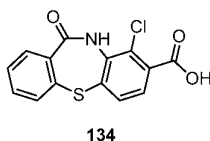
[000175] To a stirring solution of compound **131** (1 g, 2.62 mmol) in acetic acid (10 mL) was added iron powder (734 mg, 13.12 mmol) at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL). The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **132** (700 mg, 76%) as brown syrup. TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f 0.7). ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 7.97 (br d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.26 (br t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (br d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.76-5.73 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H); LC-MS: 90.61%; 351.8 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.82 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 3-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2-chlorobenzoic acid (133):

[000176] To a stirring solution of compound 132 (700 mg, 1.99 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 20 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (837 mg, 19.94 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 with 1 N HCl and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL) The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to compound 133 (500 mg, 78%) as a white solid. TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 13.29 (br s, 2H), 7.97 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (br s, 2H); **LC-MS:** 94.65%; 323.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.98 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

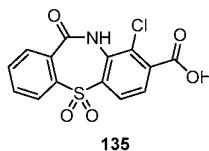
Synthesis of 9-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (134):

[000177] To a stirring solution of compound **133** (500 mg, 1.42 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (2.30 g, 14.20 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 using 1 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with hexane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **134** (300 mg, 69%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.62 (br s, 1H), 10.41 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.58-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.46 (m, 3H); **LC-MS:**

- 99 -

93.51%; 305.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.02 min.
0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

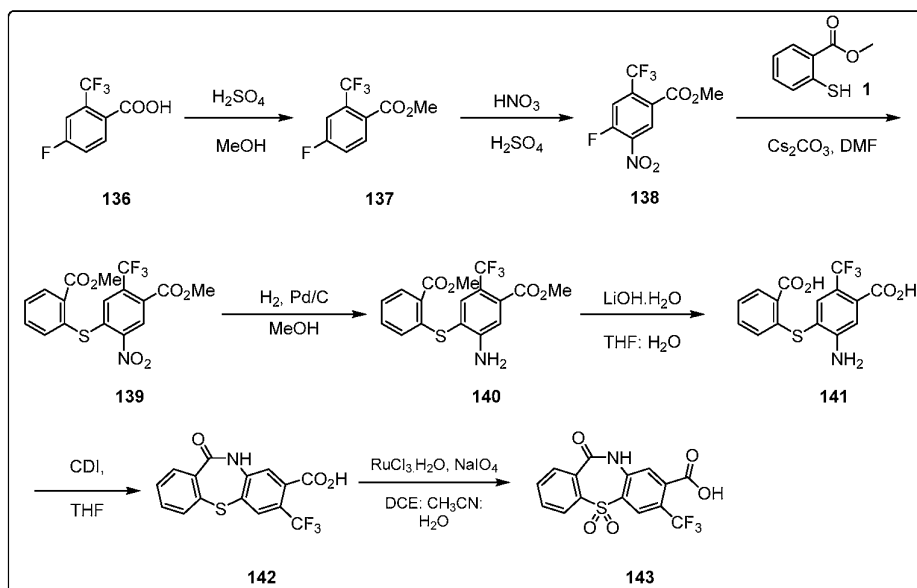
Synthesis of 9-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (135):



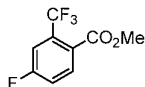
[000178] To a stirring solution of compound **134** (290 mg, 0.95 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane: CH₃CN: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 20 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (622 mg, 2.85 mmol), ruthenium chloride (10.70 mg, 0.047 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **135** (230 mg, 72%) as brown solid. TLC: 40% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 14.08 (br s, 1H), 11.13 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.89 (m, 3H), 7.85 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H); **LC-MS:** 99.61%; 335.9 ($M - 1$)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.15 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of 11-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (143): A common intermediate

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Synthesis of methyl 4-fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoate (137):



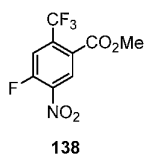
137

[000179] To a stirring solution of 4-fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoic acid 136 (20 g, 96.10 mmol) in MeOH (200 mL) under inert atmosphere was added concentrated sulfuric acid (18.85 mL, 192.20 mmol) dropwise for 15 min at 0 °C; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with ice-cold water (300 mL) and extracted with diethyl ether (2 x 300 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford mixture of compound 137 (10.8 g, 51%) as colorless syrup.

TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 7.96 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (dd, J = 9.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (td, J = 8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H);

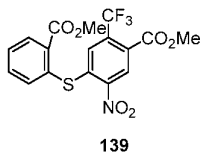
Synthesis of methyl 4-fluoro-5-nitro-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoate (138):

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[000180] To a stirring solution of compound **137** (10.8 g, 48.64 mmol) in concentrated sulphuric acid (30 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C was added fuming nitric acid (15 mL) dropwise for 30 min at 0 °C; heated to 65 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and slowly quenched with ice-cold water (300 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 300 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (300 mL) and brine (300 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column flash chromatography using 5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **138** (3.5 g, 27%) as colorless syrup. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.7). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.63 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-5-nitro-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoate (139):

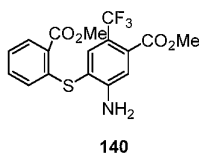


[000181] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-fluoro-5-nitro-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoate **138** (4.00 g, 14.98 mmol) in DMF (80 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl 2-mercaptobenzoate **1** (2.52 g, 14.98 mmol) and cesium carbonate (7.32 g, 22.47 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (200 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-7% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **139** (5 g, 81%) as yellow

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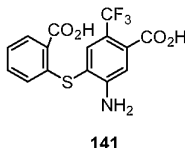
syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.68 (s, 1H), 8.03-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.77-7.70 (m, 3H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of methyl 5-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) thio)-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoate (140):



[000182] To a stirring solution of compound **139** (5 g, 12.04 mmol) in MeOH (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (2 g) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and eluted with 50% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 150 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20-25% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **140** (3.5 g, 75%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 7.96 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J = 8.1, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of 5-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) thio)-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoic acid (141):

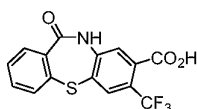


[000183] To a stirring solution of compound **140** (3.5 g, 9.09 mmol) in THF: H_2O (3: 1, 40 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.90 g, 45.45 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (30 mL) and washed with diethylether (2 x 30 mL). The aqueous layer was acidified with 6 N HCl to pH ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **141** (2.8 g, 86%) as an

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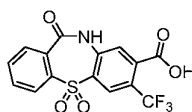
off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 13.32 (br s, 2H), 7.97 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (br s, 2H);

Synthesis of 11-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid (142):

**142**

[000184] To a stirring solution of compound **141** (2.6 g, 7.28 mmol) in THF (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (5.90 g, 36.41 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was poured into ice-cold water (100 mL) and the pH was adjusted to ~2 using 6 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **142** (710 mg, 75%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.3); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 13.82 (br s, 1H), 11.04 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.75-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.45 (m, 4H);

Synthesis of 11-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (143):

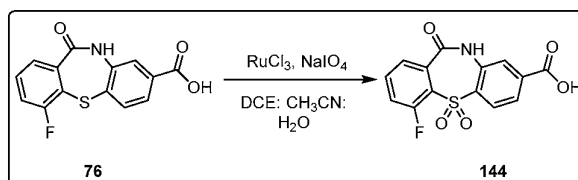
**143**

[000185] To a stirring solution of compound **142** (1.9 g, 5.60 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane: CH₃CN: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 100 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (3.6 g, 16.81 mmol), ruthenium chloride (58 mg, 0.28 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The solid obtained was filtered, washed with water (2 x 20 mL). The solid was dissolved in 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with *n*-hexane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford

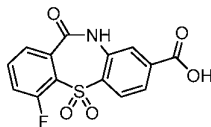
- 104 -

compound **143** (1.6 g, 77%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 11.85 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.05-7.99 (m, 2H), 7.97-7.87 (m, 2H), 7.78 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 98.87%; 289.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.08 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 4-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (144): A common intermediate



Synthesis of 4-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide (144):



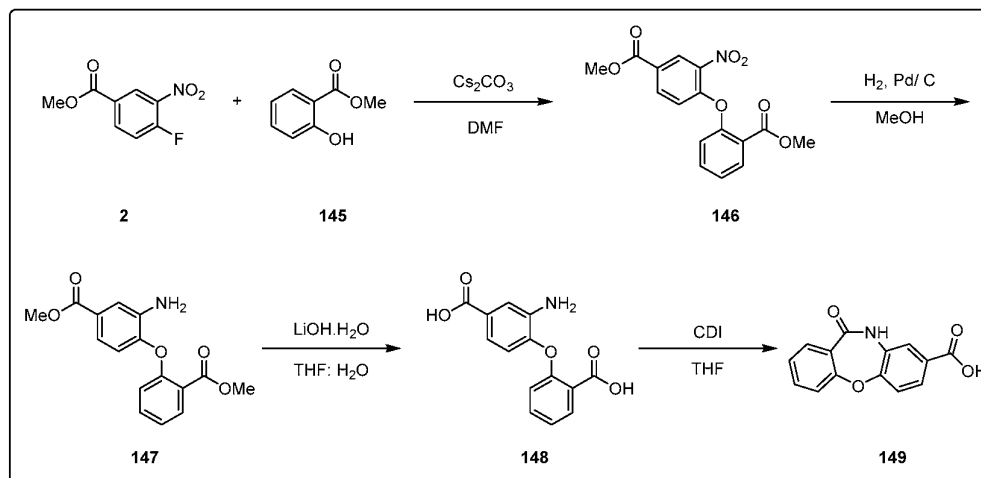
[000186] To a stirring solution of 4-fluoro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid **76** (300 mg, 1.03 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane: CH₃CN: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 12 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (663 mg, 3.11 mmol), ruthenium chloride (10.7 mg, 0.05 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **144** (220 mg, 67%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.91-13.44 (m, 1H), 11.60 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.77-7.64 (m, 2H);

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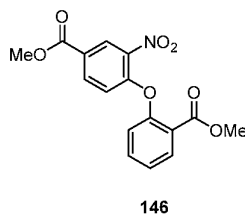
LC-MS: 97.70%; 320.0 (M-1)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.27 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid (**149**):

5 A common intermediate

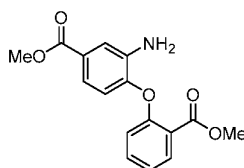


Synthesis of methyl 4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenoxy)-3-nitrobenzoate (**146**):

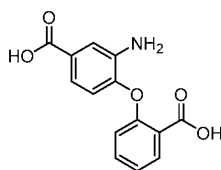


[000187] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (5 g, 25.12 mmol) in
 10 DMF (75 mL) under argon atmosphere were added methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate **145** (4.2 g,
 27.63 mmol), cesium carbonate (8.98 g, 27.64 mmol), at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 2
 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture
 was diluted with ice-cold water (200 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with *n*-
 hexane (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **146** (6.2 g, 75%) as an off-white
 15 solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.54 (s, 1H),
 8.11 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (td, *J* = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H),
 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.64 (s,
 3H).

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Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenoxy) benzoate (147):**147**

[000188] To a stirring solution of compound **146** (2 g, 6.04 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) was
 5 evacuated for 5 min and added 10% Pd/ C (1 g, 50% wet) under argon atmosphere at RT and
 stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was
 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through
 celite and washed with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*
 to obtain the crude. The crude was purified by combiflash chromatography using 20% EtOAc/
 10 hexanes to afford compound **147** (1.4 g, 77%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/
 hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.84 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.55
 (m, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.0
 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (br s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H).

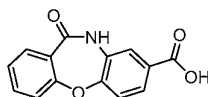
15 Synthesis of 3-amino-4-(2-carboxyphenoxy) benzoic acid (148):**148**

[000189] To a stirring solution of compound **147** (1.4 g, 4.65 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 40
 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (976 mg, 23.23 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux
 and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
 20 volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified to ~2 with 2 N HCl. The
 precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL), *n*-pentane (20 mL) and dried *in*
vacuo to afford compound **148** (700 mg, 56%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/
 hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.86 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (s,

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1H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H).

Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b, f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid (149):



5

149

[000190] To a stirring solution of compound **148** (700 mg, 2.56 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under argon atmosphere was added CDI (2.07 g, 12.77 mmol) at RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified to ~2 using 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with *n*-pentane (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **149** (450 mg, 69%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.03 (br s, 1H), 10.65 (s, 1H), 7.81-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.70 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 2H).

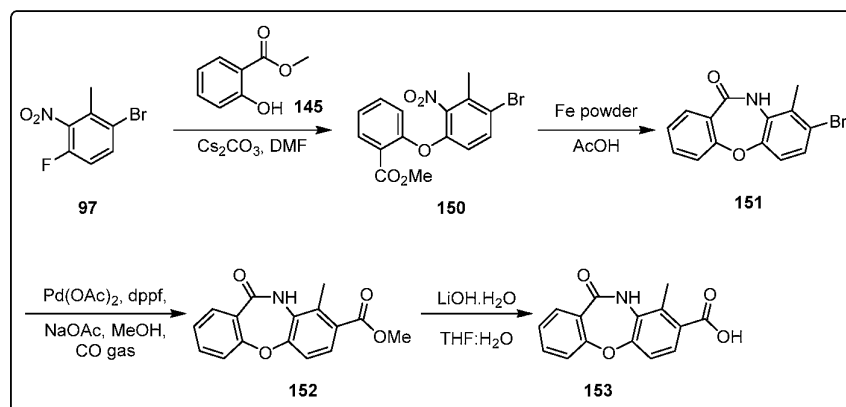
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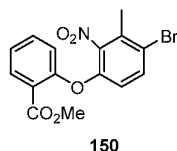
Synthesis of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b, f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid (153): A common intermediate

25

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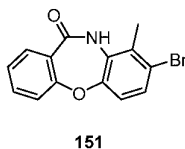
Synthesis of methyl 2-(4-bromo-3-methyl-2-nitrophenoxy) benzoate (150)



[000191] To a stirring solution of compound **97** (1.5 g, 6.41 mmol) in DMF (30 mL) under
 5 inert atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (3.1 g, 9.54 mmol), methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate
145 (974 mg, 6.41 mmol) at RT; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was
 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-
 cold water (100 mL) and the precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL),
 hexane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **150** (1.1 g, 48%) as a pale brown solid.
 10 **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.94 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.8
 Hz, 1H), 7.75-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.45 (td, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.65
 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 97.42%; 364.0 (M-1)⁺, 365.9 (M-2)⁺;
 (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 3.78 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH +
 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

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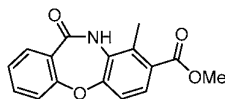
Synthesis of 8-bromo-9-methyldibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepin-11(10H)-one (151):



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[000192] To a stirring solution of compound **150** (900 mg, 2.46 mmol) in acetic acid (30 mL) under inert atmosphere was added iron powder (676 mg, 12.29 mmol) at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (60 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (2 x 50 mL) and brine (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to compound **151** (750 mg, 91%) as pale brown solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.17 (s, 1H), 7.72 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 92.00%; 305.9 (M⁺+2); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 3.10 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq.NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

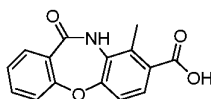
Synthesis of methyl 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylate (152):

**152**

[000193] To a stirring solution of compound **151** (800 mg, 2.63 mmol) in MeOH (80 mL) in a steel bomb were added dppf (145.7 mg, 0.26 mmol), sodium acetate (647 mg, 7.89 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (59 mg, 0.26 mmol) at RT; heated to 120 °C under CO gas atmosphere (80 psi) and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column flash chromatography using 10-20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **152** (500 mg, 68%). **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.09 (s, 1H), 7.73 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.29 (m, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 97.37%; 283.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.68 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq.NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid (153):

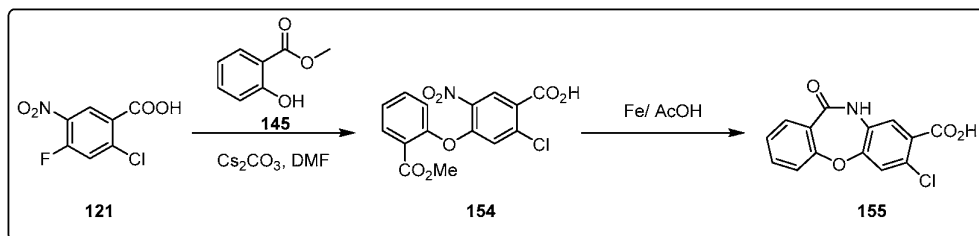


153

[000194] To a stirring solution of compound **152** (550 mg, 1.94 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 24 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (245 mg, 5.83 mmol) RT and reflux for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and acidified with 2 N HCl to pH ~3-4. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL), *n*-hexane (20 mL), diethylether (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **153** (310 mg, 60%) as pale brown solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.03 (br s, 1H), 10.05 (s, 1H), 7.73 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.26 (m, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 99.95%; 269.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.17 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq.NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

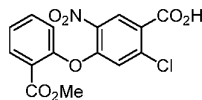
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Synthesis of 7-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid (155): A common intermediate



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Synthesis of 2-chloro-4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenoxy)-5-nitrobenzoic acid (154):

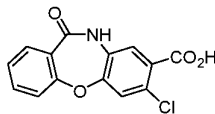


154

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[000195] To a stirring solution of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-nitrobenzoic acid **121** (5 g, 22.76 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate **145** (3.8 g, 25.04 mmol), cesium carbonate (14.8 g, 45.53 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and washed with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified to ~2 with 2 N HCl and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel chromatography using 2-10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **154** (6 g, 75%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.79 (br s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.02 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.52 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H); **LC-MS (Agilent Ion trap):** 94.80%; 352.7 (*M*⁺+1); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 × 3 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 3.02 min. 2.5% Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

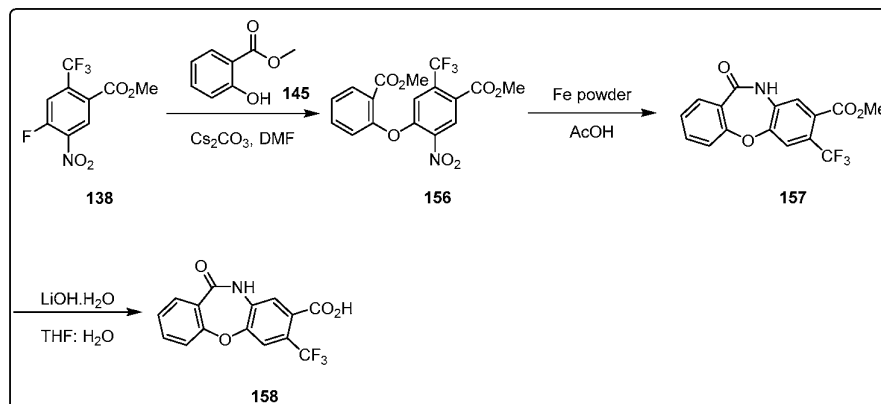
Synthesis of 7-chloro-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid (155**):**

**155**

[000196] To a stirring solution of compound **154** (6 g, 17.09 mmol) in acetic acid (60 mL) was added iron powder (9.5 g, 170.94 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (50 mL) and the pH was adjusted to ~2 with 6 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* afford compound **155** (4 g, 81%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.46 (br s, 1H), 10.68 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.59 (m, 3H), 7.41-7.32 (m, 2H); **LC-MS (Agilent Ion trap):** 93.44%; 289.9 (*M*⁺+1); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 × 3 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 2.58 min. 2.5% Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

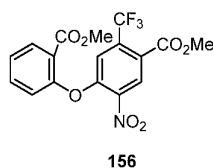
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Synthesis of 11-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid (158): A common intermediate



5

Synthesis of methyl 4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenoxy)-5-nitro-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzoate (156):

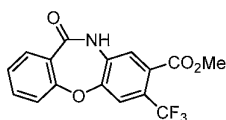


[000197] To a stirring solution of compound **138** (3 g, 11.23 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate **145** (1.7 g, 11.23 mmol), cesium carbonate (5.49 g, 16.85 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (500 mL) and stirred for 1 h. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with hexane (2 x 50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **156** (3.5 g, 78%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.02 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (td, J = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 99.37%; 399.9 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.80 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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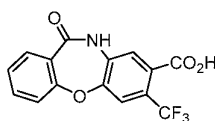
Synthesis of methyl 11-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylate (157):



157

[000198] To a stirring solution of compound 156 (3.3 g, 8.27 mmol) in acetic acid (50 mL)
 5 were added iron powder (4.6 g, 82.70 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The
 reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in*
vacuo and the residue was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL) and filtered through celite. The filtrate
 was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash
 column chromatography using 30-35% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 157 (1.9 g, 68%)
 10 as white solid. TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4). LC-MS: 98.04%; 338.2 ($M^+ + 1$); (column;
 Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.55 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:
 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

**Synthesis of 11-oxo-7-(trifluoromethyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-
 15 carboxylic acid (158):**



158

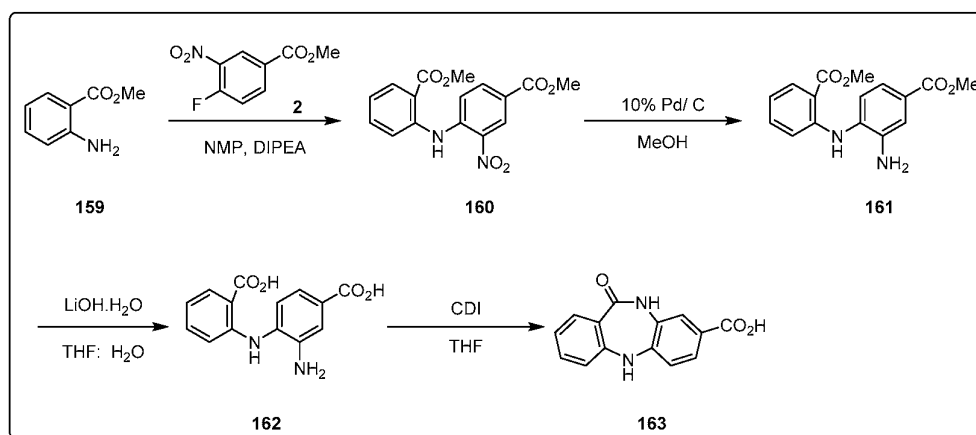
[000199] To a stirring solution of compound 157 (2.2 g, 6.52 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 20
 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.37 g, 32.64 mmol) portion wise for 10 min
 at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after
 20 completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with
 water (20 mL) and acidified with 6 N HCl to pH ~4 and stirred for 2 h. The obtained solid was
 filtered, and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound 158 (1.8 g, 86%) as white solid. **TLC:** 50%
 EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.70 (br s, 1H), 10.91 (s, 1H),
 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.80 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.70-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.47 (dd, J = 8.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H),
 25 7.37 (td, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H); **LC-MS:** 99.92%; 321.9 ($M - 1$)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18

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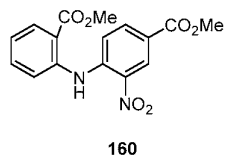
(50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 0.94 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min);

Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid

5 (163): A common intermediate



Synthesis of methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) amino)-3-nitrobenzoate (160):

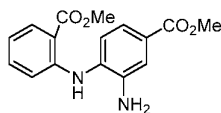


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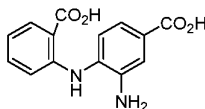
[000200] To a stirring solution of methyl 2-aminobenzoate **159** (5 g, 33.07 mmol) in *N*-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (13 mL) under inert atmosphere were added diisopropylethylamine (18 mL, 103.46 mmol), methyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate **2** (9.87 g, 49.21 mmol) at RT; heated to 120 °C in a sealed tube and stirred for 14 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (100 mL) and stirred for 1 h. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with EtOAc (100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **160** (2.9 g, 26%) as yellow solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 11.13 (s, 1H), 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.11-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.70-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.27 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 6H).

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Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) amino) benzoate (161):**161**

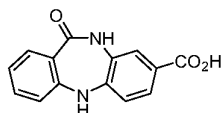
[000201] To a stirring solution of compound **160** (5 g, 15.15 mmol) in MeOH (150 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (2.5 g, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (600 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude washed with diethyl ether: *n*-pentane (1: 2, 30 mL) dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **161** (2.7 g, 60%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.92 (s, 1H), 7.91 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.21 (s, 2H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83-6.77 (m, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 3-amino-4-((2-carboxyphenyl) amino) benzoic acid (162):**162**

[000202] To a stirring solution of compound **161** (2.7 g, 9.00 mmol) in THF: H₂O (2.5: 1, 210 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (3.4 g, 81.00 mmol) at RT; heated to 65 °C and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified to ~4 with 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **162** (2.4 g, crude) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.65 (br s, 2H), 9.20 (br s, 1H), 7.90 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.92 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 - 6.75 (m, 1H), 5.08 (br s, 2H).

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Synthesis of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (163):

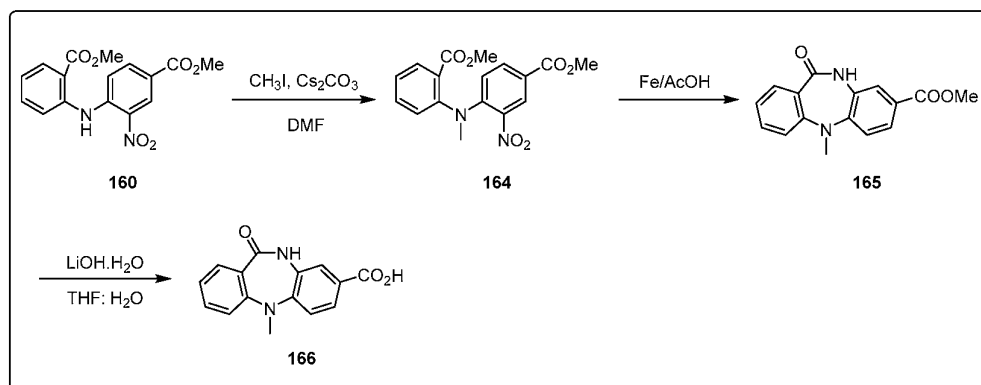


163

[000203] To a stirring solution of compound **162** (2.4 g, 8.82 mmol) in THF (80 mL) under
 5 inert atmosphere was added CDI (5.8 g, 35.29 mmol) at RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction
 was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*.
 The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 using 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered,
 washed with *n*-pentane (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **163** (1.9 g, 85%) as
 pale green solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ
 10 12.66 (br s, 1H), 9.93 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.36 (t,
J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, *J* = 17.4, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H).

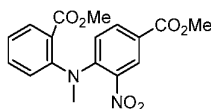
Synthesis of 5-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (177): A common intermediate

15



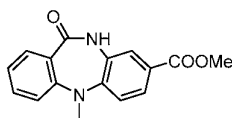
Synthesis of methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) (methyl) amino)-3-nitrobenzoate (164):

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**164**

[000204] To a stirring solution of compound **160** (3 g, 9.09 mmol) in DMF (30 mL) under inert atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (5.9 g, 18.15 mmol), methyl iodide (0.84 mL, 13.59 mmol) at RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (60 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **164** (2.73 g, 88%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.07 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.26 (m, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.53 (s, 3H), 3.38 (s, 3H).

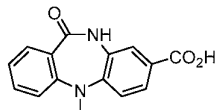
Synthesis of methyl 5-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (165):

**165**

[000205] To a stirring solution of compound **164** (2.73 g, 7.93 mmol) in acetic acid (36 mL) under inert atmosphere was added iron powder (7 g, 127.2 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL), stirred for 2 h and filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (100 mL), brine (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **165** (2 g, 91%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.33 (s, 1H), 7.68 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.33 (s, 3H).

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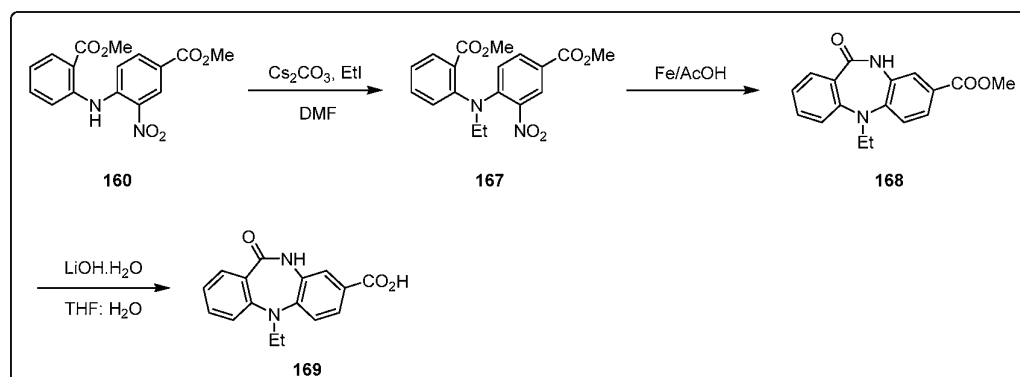
Synthesis of 5-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (166):



166

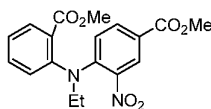
- 5 [000206] To a stirring solution of compound **165** (2 g, 7.09 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 80 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (900 mg, 21.42 mmol) at RT and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 with 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **166** (1.7 g, 89%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.82 (br s, 1H), 10.33 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.60 (m, 3H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 5-ethyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (169): A common intermediate



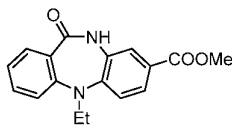
Synthesis of methyl 4-(ethyl (2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) amino)-3-nitrobenzoate (167):

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**167**

[000207] To a stirring solution of compound **160** (2.9 g, 8.78 mmol) in DMF (40 mL) under inert atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (6 g, 18.46 mmol), ethyl iodide (1.06 mL, 12.82 mmol) at RT and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (60 mL), extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was titrated with *n*-pentane (20 mL) to afford compound **167** (2.8 g, 89%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.05 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 5-ethyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (168):

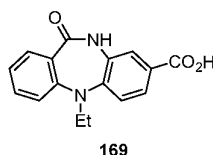
**168**

[000208] To a stirring solution of compound **167** (2.8 g, 7.82 mmol) in acetic acid (40 mL) under inert atmosphere was added iron powder (6.8 g, 125.1 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL), stirred for 2 h and filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL), washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL) and brine (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **168** (2.2 g, 96%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.35 (br s, 1H), 7.70 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H),

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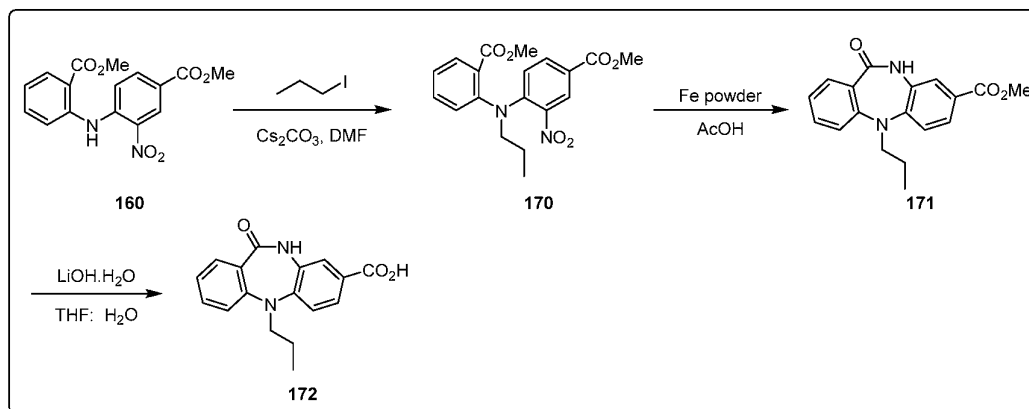
7.67 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.31 (s, 5H), 1.11 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of 5-ethyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (169):



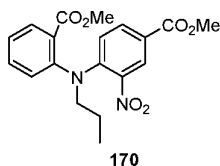
[000209] To a stirring solution of compound **168** (2.1 g, 7.09 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 60 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (890 mg, 21.26 mmol) at RT and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified to ~2 with 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **169** (1.6 g, 80%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.82 (br s, 1H), 10.33 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.59 (m, 3H), 7.53-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.24 (dd, $J = 19.7, 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.12 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.79 (br s, 2H), 1.12 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of 11-oxo-5-propyl-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (172): A common intermediate



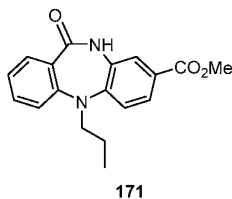
Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) (propyl) amino benzoate

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(170):

[000210] To a stirring solution of methyl methyl 4-((2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) amino)-3-nitrobenzoate **160** (2 g, 6.06 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (5.9 g, 18.18 mmol), iodo propane (1.17 mL, 12.12 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 14 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (75 mL), brine (75 mL). The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **170** (1.2 g, 53%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.07 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.90-3.80 (m, 5H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 1.73-1.63 (m, 2H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 11-oxo-5-propyl-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1,4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (171):

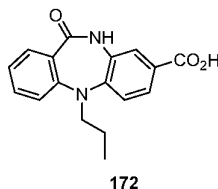


[000211] To a stirring solution of compound **170** (1.2 g, 3.22 mmol) in AcOH (12 mL) under argon atmosphere was added Iron powder (2.8 g, 51.6 mmol) at RT and heated to 80 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ filtered through celite and washed with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (50 mL), brine solution (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was

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trituted with diethyl ether: pentane (1:1, 50 mL) filtered finally washed with pentane (30 mL) to afford compound **171** (700 mg, 70%) as off white solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 10.34 (s, 1H), 7.71-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.61 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.75-3.65 (br s, 2H), 1.54-1.55 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS**: 93.58%; 310.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.45 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

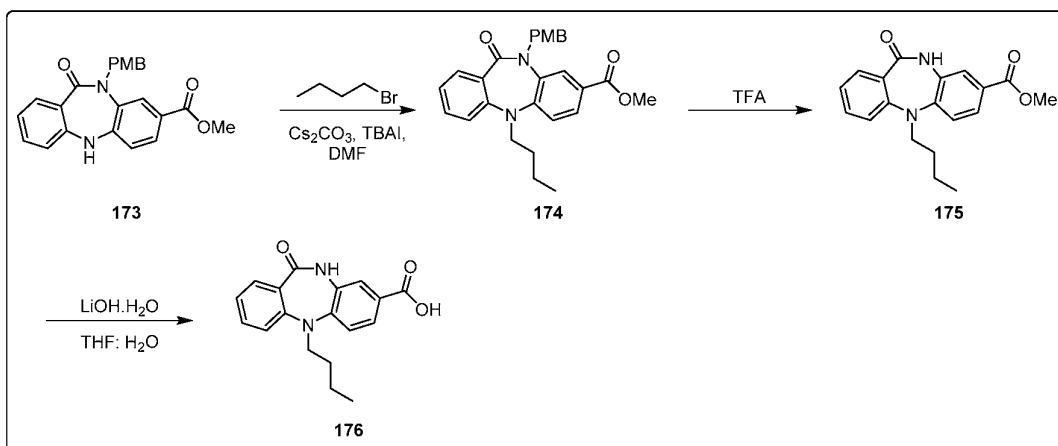
Synthesis of 11-oxo-5-propyl-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (172):



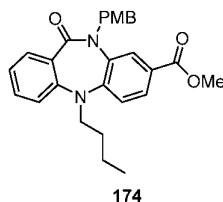
[000212] To a stirring solution of compound **171** (700 mg, 2.25 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 20 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (284 mg, 6.76 mmol) at RT; and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed in *vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified to ~4 with 1 N HCl and stirred for 30 min. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (30 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **172** (550 mg, 82%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: 12.81 (br s, 1H), 10.30 (s, 1H), 7.68-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 9.0, 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (br d, J = 17.6 Hz, 2H), 1.53-1.46 (m, 2H), 0.86 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS**: 96.38%; 296.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.14 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 5-butyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (176): A common intermediate

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Synthesis of methyl 5-butyl-10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (174):

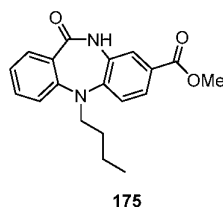


- 5 **[000213]** To a stirring solution of methyl 10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **173** (500 mg, 1.28 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (1.25 g, 3.86 mmol), TBAI (cat 10 mg), bromo butane (1.4 mL, 12.8 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was
- 10 diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc (2x50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1% EtOAc/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **174** (300 mg, 28%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.96 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 3H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.60 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.71-3.70 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.66-3.60 (m, 1H), 1.56-1.49 (m, 1H), 1.41-1.23 (m, 3H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS:** 91.60%; 445.2 (*M*⁺+1);
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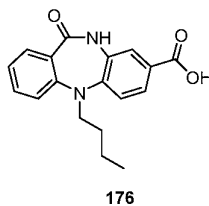
(column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 3.04 min; 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of methyl 5-butyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (175):



[000214] To a stirring solution of methyl 5-butyl-10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **174** (300 mg, 0.67 mmol) in trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **175** (200 mg crude) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.32 (br s, 1H), 7.71-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.61 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.15 - 7.09 (m, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.77-3.58 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.29 (m, 2H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS:** 89.47%; 325.3 (*M*⁺+1); (column; X Select CSH C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 4.26 min; 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH: ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

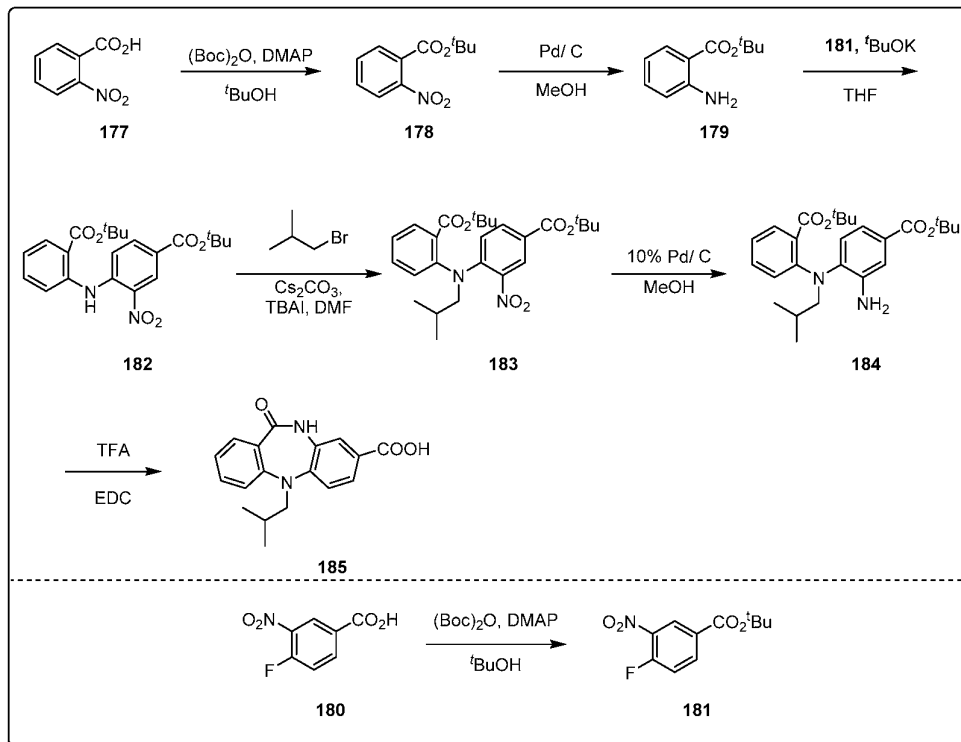
Synthesis of 5-butyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (176):



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[000215] To a stirring solution of compound **175** (200 mg, 0.61 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 10 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (78 mg, 1.85 mmol) at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 2.5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed in *vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified to ~4 with 1 N HCl and stirred for 10 min. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (30 mL), ether (20 mL) and pentane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **176** (110 mg, 58%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 12.82 (br s, 1H), 10.30 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.61 (m, 3H), 7.54-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.86-3.64 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.29 (m, 2H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS**: 99.00%; 311.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.28 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

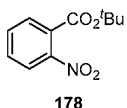
Synthesis of 5-isobutyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo [*b*, *e*] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (185**): A common intermediate**



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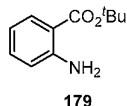
Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 2-nitrobenzoate (178**):**

- 126 -



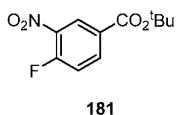
- [000216] To a stirring solution of 2-nitrobenzoic acid 177 (20 g, 119.67 mmol) *t*-butanol (540 mL) under argon atmosphere were added Boc-anhydride (78.35 g, 359.02 mmol), DMAP (2.90 g, 23.93 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by
- 5 TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL), washed with water (100 mL), brine (150 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 178 (19 g, 71%) as colorless syrup. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.6);
- 10 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 8.01 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.85-7.75 (m, 3H), 1.50 (s, 9H);

Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 2-aminobenzoate (179):



- [000217] To a stirring solution of compound 178 (19 g, 85.11 mmol) in MeOH (200 mL)
- 15 under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (10 g, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with MeOH (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 179 (17 g, crude) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ
- 20 7.64 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (br s, 2H), 6.51-6.47 (m, 1H), 1.53 (s, 9H);

Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoate (181):

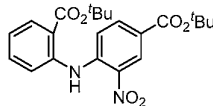


- 127 -

[000218] To a stirring solution of 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoic acid **180** (10 g, 54.05 mmol) *t*-butanol (270 mL) under argon atmosphere were added Boc-anhydride (35 g, 162.16 mmol), DMAP (1.3 g, 10.81 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (150 mL), washed with water (75 mL), brine (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography (100-200 mesh) using 2-5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **181** (14 g, crude) as colorless syrup. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8);

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.52 (dd, J = 7.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.30-8.26 (m, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J = 11.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 1.47 (s, 9H);

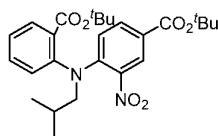
Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 4-((2-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) phenyl) amino)-3-nitrobenzoate (182**):**

**182**

[000219] To a stirring solution of compound **181** (8 g, 42.42 mmol) in dry THF (150 mL) under argon atmosphere was added potassium tertbutoxide (82.9 mL, 82.90 mmol, 1.0 M sol. In THF) at 0 °C and stirred for 45 min; added compound **179** (15 g, 62.23 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (100 mL), brine (100 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography (100-200 mesh) using 100% EtOAc to afford compound **182** (6 g 34%) as yellow liquid. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 10.94 (s, 1H), 8.60 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 1H), 1.56-1.49 (m, 18H);

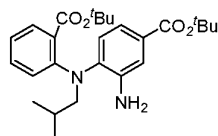
Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 4-((2-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) phenyl) (isobutyl)amino)-3-nitrobenzoate (183**):**

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**183**

[000220] To a stirring solution of compound **182** (4 g, 9.65 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under argon atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (6.28 g, 19.32 mmol), TBAI (713 mg, 1.93 mmol), 1-bromo-2-methylpropane (8.4 mL, 48.66 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 85 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after 16 h, the reaction mixture was diluted EtOAc (2 x 75 mL) and washed with water (150 mL), brine (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography (100-200 mesh) using 2-5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **183** (1 g, 22%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 7.98 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.13-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.14 (s, 9H), 0.98 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H);

Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 3-amino-4-((2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) phenyl) (isobutyl) amino) benzoate (184**):**

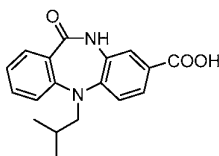
**184**

[000221] To a stirring solution of compound **183** (1.5 g, 3.19 mmol) in MeOH (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (1.5 g, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with MeOH (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **184** (1.4 g, quantitative) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 7.42 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.21 (d, J =

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2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, $J = 11.6, 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 3.17 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.86-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 0.83 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 6H);

5 **Synthesis of 5-isobutyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (185):**

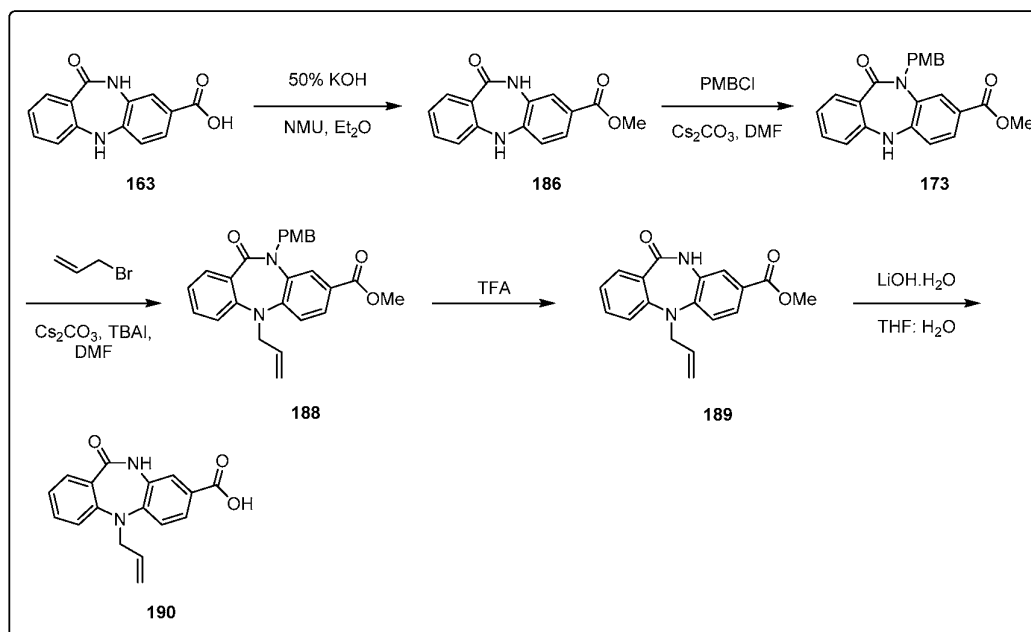


185

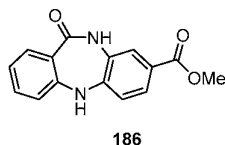
10 **[000222]** To a stirring solution of compound **184** (1 g, 2.27 mmol) in 1, 2-dichloroethane (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added trifluoroacetic acid (3.5 mL, 45.55 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 9 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the
 15 reaction, the volatiles were removed in *vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~8 using saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (10 mL), washed with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to ~1 with 1 N HCl and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **185** (500 mg, 60%) as brown solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H**
 20 **NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 12.81 (br s, 1H), 10.31 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.59 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.07 (m, 1H), 3.63 - 3.46 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.70 (m, 1H), 0.89 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 6H);

25 **Synthesis of 5-allyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (190): A common intermediate**

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Synthesis of methyl 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (186**):**

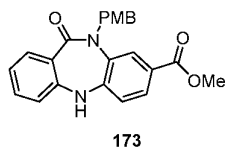


- [000223]** To a stirring solution of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid **163** (4.5 g, 17.71 mmol) in 50% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ under argon atmosphere was added diazomethane in diethyl ether (freshly prepared by addition of *N*-nitrosomethyl urea (9.1 g, 88.58 mmol) to mixture of 50% KOH solution (100 mL) and diethylether (200 mL) at 0 °C) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **186** (3 g, 64%) as an off white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH / CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 9.94 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.71 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02-6.98 (m, 1H), 6.95-6.89 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 87.13%; 269.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm,

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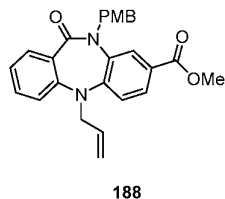
2.7 μm); RT 2.05 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of methyl 10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (173):



[000224] To a stirring solution of methyl 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **186** (3 g, 11.19 mmol) in DMF (30 mL) under inert atmosphere were added Cs_2CO_3 (4.3 g, 13.43 mmol), PMBCl (2.1 g, 13.43 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (100 ml) and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% EtOAc/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford compound **173** (1.7 g, 40%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.6); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$):** δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.05-6.99 (m, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 94.69%; 389.1 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.55 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

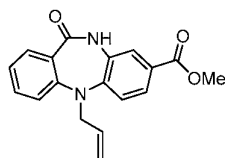
Synthesis of methyl 5-allyl-10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (188):



- 132 -

[000225] To a stirring solution of methyl 10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [*b, e*] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **173** (600 mg, 1.54 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added cesium carbonate (1.5 g, 4.63 mmol), TBAI (0.057 mg, 0.15 mmol), 3-bromoprop-1-ene (1.3 mL, 15.4 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 120 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (100 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **188** (555 mg, 84%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 7.95 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.10 (m, 4H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.71-5.57 (m, 2H), 5.30 (dd, J = 17.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 96.23%; 429.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.81 min; 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of methyl 5-allyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [*b, e*] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (189**):**

**189**

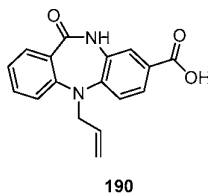
[000226] A mixture of methyl 5-allyl-10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [*b, e*] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **188** (550 mg, 1.28 mmol) in trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) at RT was heated to 60 °C and stirred for 1.5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **189** (300 mg, 76%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**:

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30% EtOAc/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 10.38 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.62 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.79-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.33 (dd, *J* = 17.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.48-4.44 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 99.27%; 309.0 (*M*⁺+1); column;

5 Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.36 min; 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 5-allyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo [*b*, *e*] [1,4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (190):



10

[000227] To a stirring solution of compound **189** (300 mg, 0.97 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 15 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (122 mg, 2.92 mmol) at RT; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed in *vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified to ~4 with 1 N HCl and stirred for 15 min. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (40 mL), diethylether (20 mL) and pentane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **190** (200 mg, 70%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 12.85 (br s, 1H), 10.35 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.59 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.80-5.66 (m, 1H), 5.33 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 96.58%; 294.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

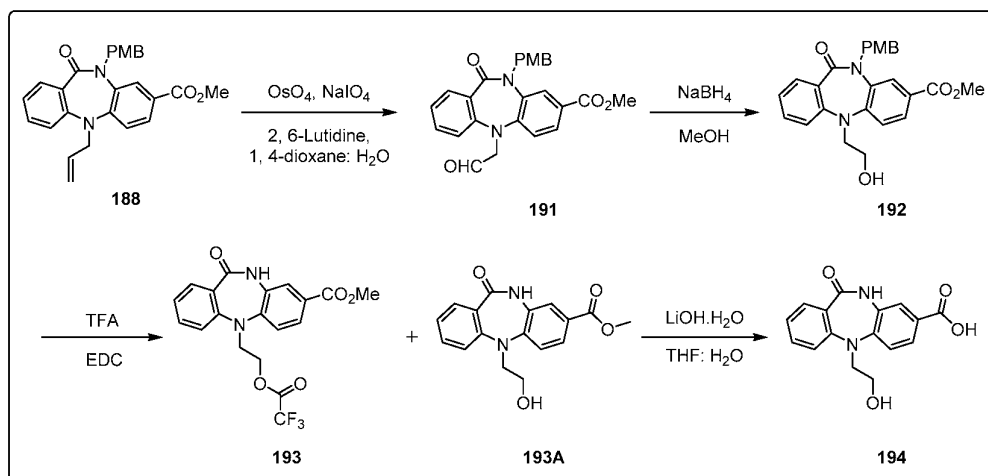
15

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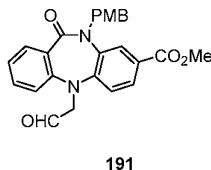
Synthesis of 5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo [*b*, *e*] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (194): A common intermediate

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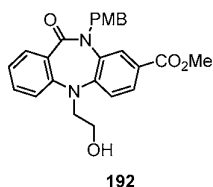
Synthesis of methyl 10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-5-(2-oxoethyl)-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (191):



- 5 **[000228]** To a stirring solution of methyl 5-allyl-10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **188** (500 mg, 1.16 mmol) in 1, 4 dioxane: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 40 mL) was added 2, 6-lutidine (0.27 mL, 2.30 mmol) at 25 °C followed by addition of osmium tetroxide (3.75 mL, 0.058 mmol, 0.4% solution in *t*-butanol), sodium metaperiodate (1 g, 4.67 mmol) and stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by
- 10 TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **191** (600 mg) as pale brown solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.4); **LC-MS:** 40.34%; 431.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.53 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq.
- 15 TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

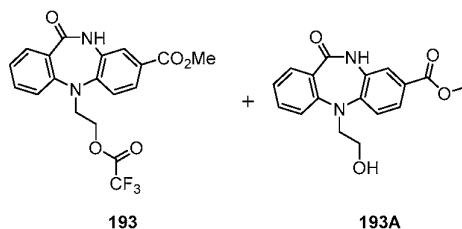
Synthesis of methyl 5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (192):

- 135 -



[000229] To a stirring solution of methyl 10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-5-(2-oxoethyl)-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **191** (1.15 g, crude) in MeOH (30 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium borohydride (203 mg, 5.34 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography (100-200 mesh) using 40-50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **192** (400 mg, 40%, over 2 steps) as an off-white solid. TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.16- 7.10 (m, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.64 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.91- 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.56-3.48 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 94.51%; 432.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.35 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

Synthesis of methyl 11-oxo-5-(2-(2, 2, 2-trifluoroacetoxy) ethyl)-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate (193**):**

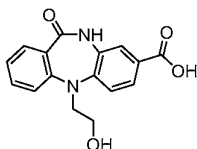


[000230] A mixture of methyl 5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-10-(4-methoxybenzyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylate **192** (400 mg, 0.92 mmol) in trifluoroacetic acid (0.11 mL, 1.51 mmol) under inert atmosphere at RT was heated to 60 °C

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and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The residue was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL). The organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford **203** (450 mg, mixture of **193** (major) & **193A** (minor)) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS**: 80.01%; 409.0 (*M*⁺+1), 12.26%; 313.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.40 min, 1.91 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

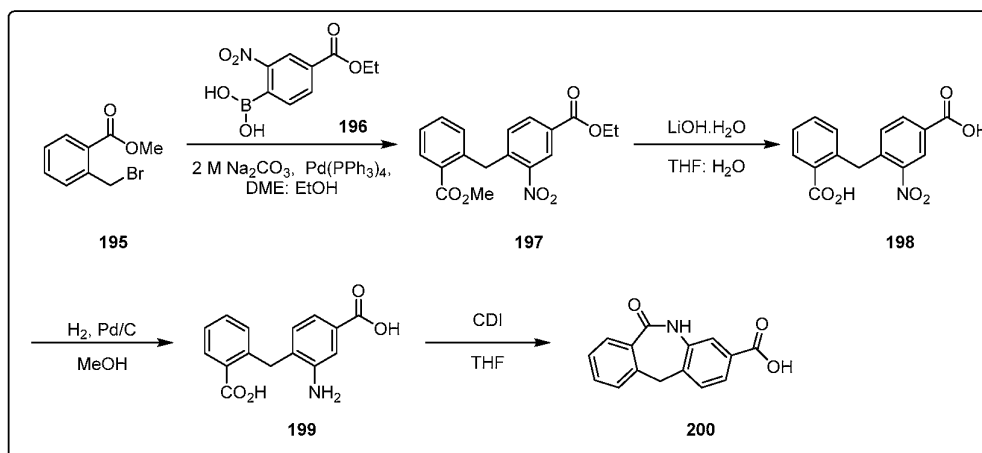
Synthesis of 5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] [1, 4] diazepine-8-carboxylic acid (194):

**194**

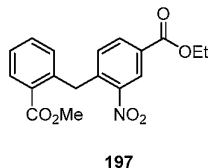
[000231] To a stirring solution of compound **193 & 193A** (430 mg, mixture of compounds) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 14 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (221 mg, 5.26 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 M HCl to ~1. The obtained solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **194** (250 mg, 80%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 12.84 (br s, 1H), 10.30 (s, 1H), 7.68-7.59 (m, 3H), 7.54-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.08 (m, 1H), 4.66 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.89-3.79 (m, 2H), 3.54-3.48 (m, 2H); **LC-MS**: 92.62%; 298.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.66 min, 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

Synthesis of 6-oxo-6, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] azepine-3-carboxylic acid (210): A common intermediate

- 137 -



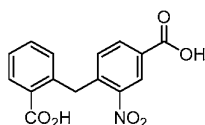
Synthesis of ethyl 4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) benzyl)-3-nitrobenzoate (197):



[000232] To a stirring solution of methyl 2-(bromomethyl) benzoate **195** (9 g, 39.30 mmol) in
 5 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane (72 mL) was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (1.81 g, 1.57 mmol) and purged under
 argon atmosphere for 10 min. To this were added (4-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-nitrophenyl) boronic
 acid **196** (10.6 g, 44.41 mmol) dissolved in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: EtOH (2: 1, 108 mL) and 2
 M sodium carbonate solution (72 mL) and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min at RT
 and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction the
 10 volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel
 column chromatography using 2-6% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **197** (5.6 g, 41%) as
 an off-white solid. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ
 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.11 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5
 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.63
 15 (s, 2H), 4.36 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of 4-(2-carboxybenzyl)-3-nitrobenzoic acid (198):

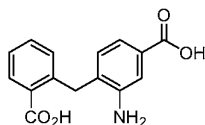
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**198**

[000233] To a stirring solution of compound **197** (5.6 g, 16.23 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 615 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (6.82 g, 162.31 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at RT heated to 60 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~1. The obtained solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain compound **198** (3.2 g, 66%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (CD₃OD-*d*₄, 400 MHz):** δ 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (s, 2H).

10

Synthesis of 3-amino-4-(2-carboxybenzyl) benzoic acid (**199**):

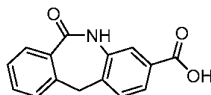
**199**

[000234] To a stirring solution of compound **198** (1 g, 3.32 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (200 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with MeOH (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude washed with diethyl ether (30 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **199** (830 mg, 92%) as pale brown solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.48 (br s, 1H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (s, 2H); **LC-MS:** 91.07%; 271.9 (M⁺+1); (column; X Select CSH C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 2.51 min. 0.05% Aq. TFA: ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

20

Synthesis of 6-oxo-6, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] azepine-3-carboxylic acid (**200**):

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**200**

[000235] To a stirring solution of compound **199** (830 mg, 3.06 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (2.02 g, 12.25 mmol) at RT and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*.

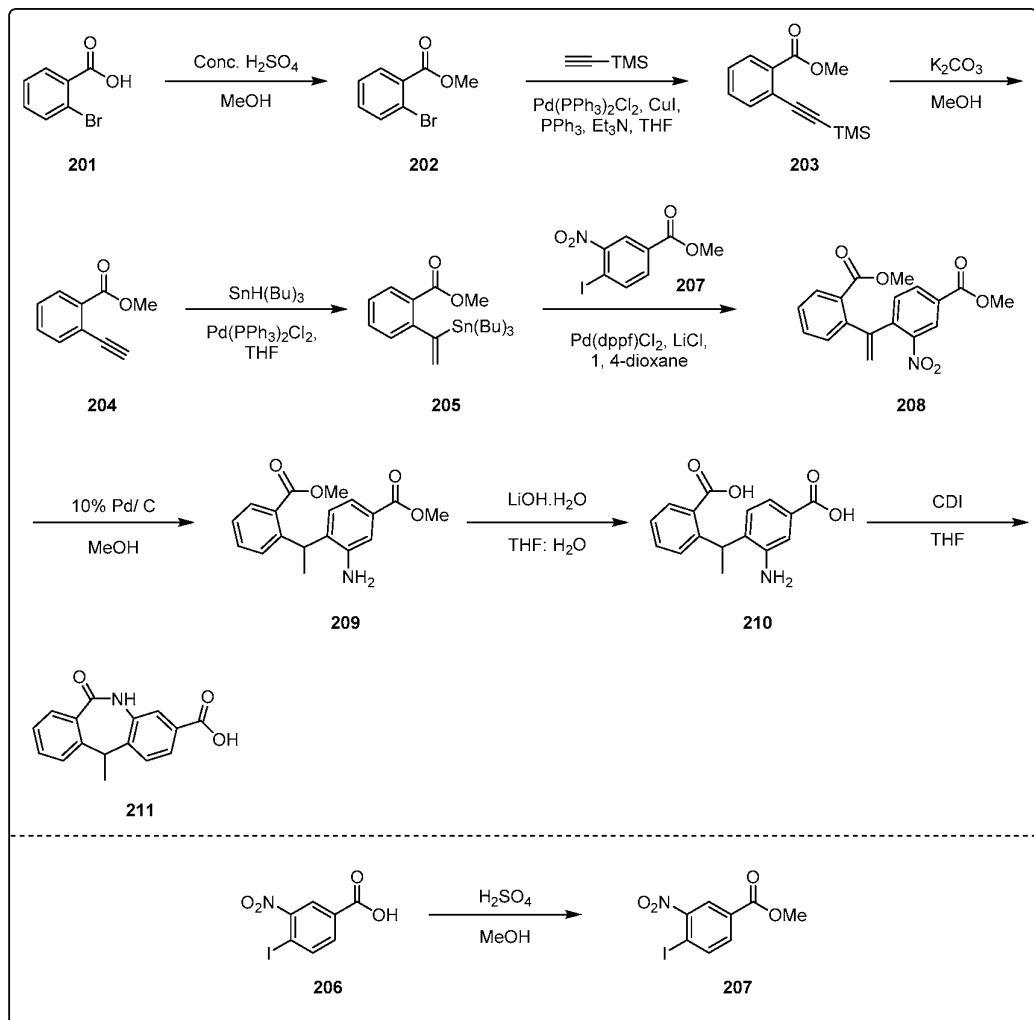
5 The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 using 4 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **200** (515 mg, 66%) as an off-white solid.

TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.93 (br s, 1H), 10.57 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.64 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.34 (td *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (s, 2H); **LC-MS:** 99.31%; 253.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column;

10 X Select CSH C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 2.75 min. 0.05% Aq.TFA: ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

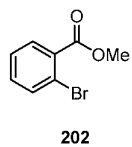
- 140 -

Synthesis of 11-methyl-6-oxo-6, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] azepine-3-carboxylic acid (211): A common intermediate



5

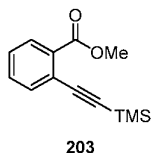
Synthesis of methyl 2-bromobenzoate (202):



- 141 -

[000236] To a stirring solution of 2-bromobenzoic acid **201** (15 g, 74.62 mmol) in MeOH (150 mL) under inert atmosphere was added concentrated sulfuric acid (4 mL, 75.04 mmol) dropwise for 5 min at 0 °C; heated to reflux and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was
5 diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **202** (14 g, 93%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5). **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 7.81-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.70-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H).

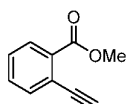
10 **Synthesis of methyl 2-((trimethylsilyl) ethynyl) benzoate (203):**



[000237] To a stirring solution of methyl 2-bromobenzoate **202** (14 g, 65.11 mmol) in THF (150 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triphenylphosphine (426 mg, 1.62 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (4.57 g, 6.51 mmol), ethynyltrimethylsilane (18.4 mL, 130.23 mmol), triethyl
15 amine (18.7 mL, 130.2 mmol) and purged under argon for 15 min. To this was added copper iodide (1.23 g, 6.51 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite washed with EtOAc (200 mL). The filtrate was washed with water (150 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel
20 column chromatography using 2% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **203** (11 g, 73%) a colorless syrup. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)** δ 7.92-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.44 (td, J = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (td, J = 7.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 0.27 (s, 9H).

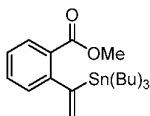
25 **Synthesis of methyl 2-ethynylbenzoate (204):**

- 142 -

**204**

[000238] To a stirring solution of compound **203** (45 g, 193.96 mmol) in MeOH (500 mL) under inert atmosphere was added potassium carbonate (40 g, 290.94 mmol) at RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 500 mL). The filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was as purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **204** (31 g, 33%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 7.97-7.91 (m, 1H), 7.62 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H).

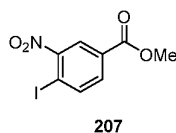
Synthesis of methyl 2-(1-(tributylstannyl) vinyl) benzoate (**205**):

**205**

[000239] To a stirring solution of compound **204** (10 g, 62.5 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (877 mg, 1.25 mmol) in THF (37 mL) under inert atmosphere was added tributyltin hydride (20.43 mL, 75 mmol) at RT and stirred for 2.5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **205** (28 g, 54%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 7.87 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 1.49-1.39 (m, 6H), 1.30-1.20 (m, 6H), 0.90-0.83 (m, 15H).

Synthesis of methyl 4-iodo-3-nitrobenzoate (**207**):

- 143 -

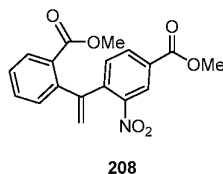


[000240] To a stirring solution of 4-iodo-3-nitrobenzoic acid **206** (15 g, 51.36 mmol) in MeOH (150 mL) under inert atmosphere was added concentrated sulphuric acid (15 mL) dropwise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT at stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by

5 TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with ice-cold water (500 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 100 mL) dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **207** (13 g, 83%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** δ 8.45 (s,

10 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 4-(1-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) vinyl)-3-nitrobenzoate (208):

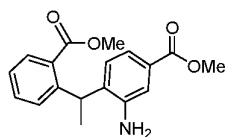


[000241] To a stirring solution of compound **205** (25 g, 5.52 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (40 mL) under inert atmosphere in a sealed tube were added methyl 4-iodo-3-nitrobenzoate **207** (1.86 g, 6.08 mmol), lithium chloride (813 mg, 19.35 mmol) and purged under argon for 20 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (2 g, 2.76 mmol) at RT; heated to 120 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite washed with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The filtrate was washed with water (2 x

20 50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **208** (1.3 g, 70%) colorless syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.17 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.35 (m, 1H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H).

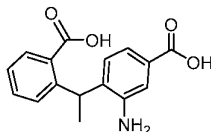
25 **Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-(1-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) ethyl) benzoate (209):**

- 144 -

**209**

[000242] To a stirring solution of compound **208** (100 g, 0.29 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (40 mg, dry) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion
 5 of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **209** (70 mg, 77%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.7); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.68 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.21-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.10 (m, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.85 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 6H), 1.46
 10 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of 3-amino-4-(1-(2-carboxyphenyl) ethyl) benzoic acid (**210**):

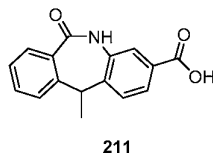
**210**

[000243] To a stirring solution of compound **209** (1.4 g, 4.47 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 20
 15 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.07 g, 22.3 mmol) at RT and heated to 70 °C and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (50 mL), *n*-pentane (30 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **210** (900 mg, 71%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/
 20 CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 12.50 (br s, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of 11-methyl-6-oxo-6, 11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo [*b*, *e*] azepine-3-carboxylic acid

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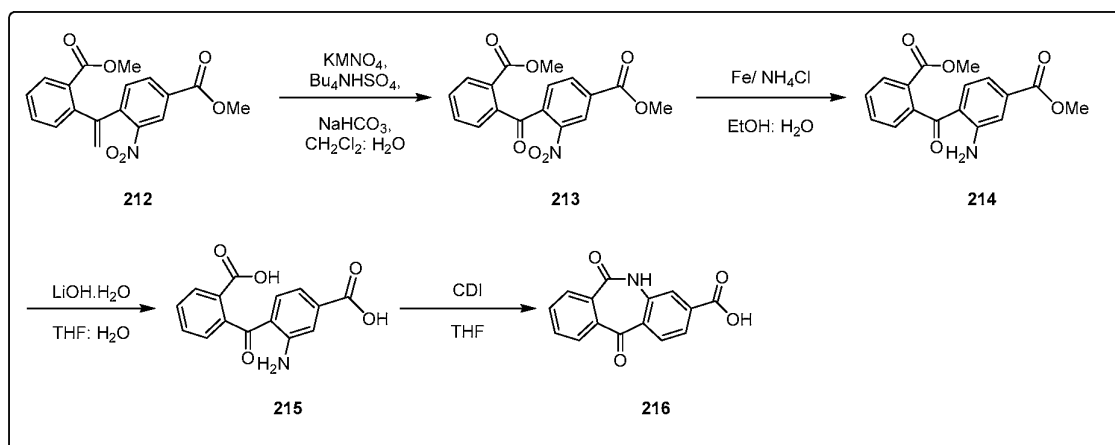
(211):



[000244] To a stirring solution of compound **210** (900 mg, 3.15 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (2.5 g, 15.7 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (15 mL) and pH was adjusted to ~4 with 2 N HCl. The obtained solid was filtered washed with water (30 mL), diethyl ether (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **211** (750 mg, 89%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/
 5 CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.3); **LC-MS**: 96.89%; 267.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.14 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 6, 11-dioxo-6, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] azepine-3-carboxylic acid (216):

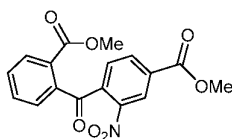
A common intermediate



15

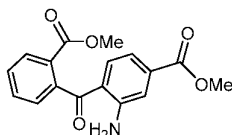
Synthesis of methyl 4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) benzoyl)-3-nitrobenzoate (213):

- 146 -

**213**

[000245] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-(1-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) vinyl)-3-nitrobenzoate **212** (8 g, 23.46 mmol) in a mixture of CH₂Cl₂: H₂O (1: 1, 500 mL) were added KMNO₄ (37 g, 234.6 mmol), tetrabutylammonium hydrogensulfate (7.9 g, 23.46 mmol), sodium bicarbonate (9.8 g, 117.3 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with acetic acid (20 mL) and 10% sodium bisulfate solution (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 500 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **213** (4 g, 50%) as colorless syrup. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.34 (dd, *J* = 18.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.65 (m, 4H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 3-amino-4-(2-(methoxycarbonyl) benzoyl) benzoate (**214**):

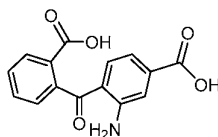
**214**

[000246] To a stirring solution of compound **213** (4 g, 11.66 mmol) in a mixture of EtOH: H₂O (1: 1, 60 mL) were added iron powder (6.5 g, 116.48 mmol) and ammonium chloride (6.1 g, 115.09 mmol) at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL), filtered through celite, washed with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) to afford compound **214** (2 g, 56%) as pale green solid. **TLC**: 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.7); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.2

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Hz, 1H), 7.65 (td, $J = 7.8, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.47-7.41 (m, 3H), 6.98 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, $J = 8.4, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.31 (s, 3H).

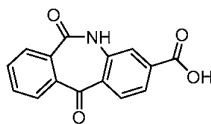
Synthesis of 3-amino-4-(2-carboxybenzoyl) benzoic acid (215):



215

5 [000247] To a stirring solution of compound **214** (2 g, 6.38 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 30 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.34 g, 31.94 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered washed with water (50 mL), triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **215** (1.5 g 84%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 13.04 (br s, 2H), 7.97 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.41 (br s, 2H), 7.35 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, $J = 8.4, 1.4$ Hz, 1H).

15 **Synthesis of 6, 11-dioxo-6, 11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo [b, e] azepine-3-carboxylic acid (216):**



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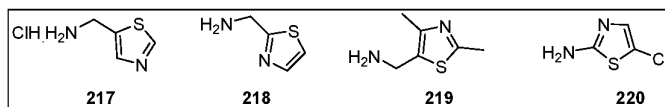
[000248] To a stirring solution of compound **215** (750 mg, 2.63 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added CDI (2.13 g, 13.15 mmol) 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with ice-cold water (15 mL) and the pH was adjusted to ~4 with 2 N HCl. The obtained solid was filtered washed with water (30 mL), diethylether (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **216** (600 mg, 86%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 13.30

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(br s, 1H), 11.25 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.89-7.79 (m, 4H), 7.72 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H).

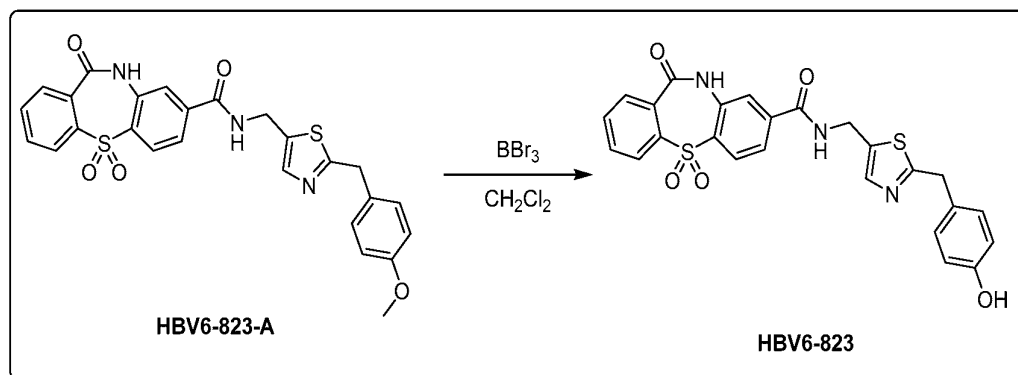
Amines for compounds:

5 Commercial amines used in the preparation of compounds:



Preparation of the amines:

Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzonitrile hydrochloride (227):



- 10 **[000249] Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2-chlorothiazole (222):** To a stirring solution of 2-chloro-5-(chloromethyl) thiazole **221** (10 g, 59.52 mmol) in EtOH (150 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium azide (5.8 g, 89.23 mmol) at RT and heated to reflux for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered, washed with EtOAc (100 mL) and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the
- 15 crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **222** (10 g, 97%) as pale yellow oil. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **LC-MS:** 99.33%; 174.7 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.28 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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- [000250] Synthesis of (2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methanamine (223):** To a stirring solution of compound **222** (10 g, 57.47 mmol) in THF: H_2O (15: 1, 160 mL) was added triphenyl

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phosphine (15.05 g, 57.45 mmol) portion wise for 15 min at RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **223** (10 g) as an off-white solid; which was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2). **LC-MS:** 21.47% + 7.59%; 149.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 0.73 min & 0.82 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH (Aq); 0.8 mL/min).

[000251] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (224): To a stirring solution of compound **223** (10 g, 67.56 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (150 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triethylamine (19.48 mL, 135.05 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added Boc-anhydride (17.67 g, 81.05 mmol) at the same temperature; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (200 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10-20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **224** (8 g, 56% over 2 steps) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.57 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 4.24 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H).

[000252] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-cyanophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (226): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.02 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 30 mL) were added sodium carbonate (1.49 g, 14.08 mmol), (4-cyanophenyl) boronic acid **225** (710 mg, 4.82 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (464 mg, 0.40 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 oC and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude purified through silicagel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **226** (550 mg, 43%) as an off-

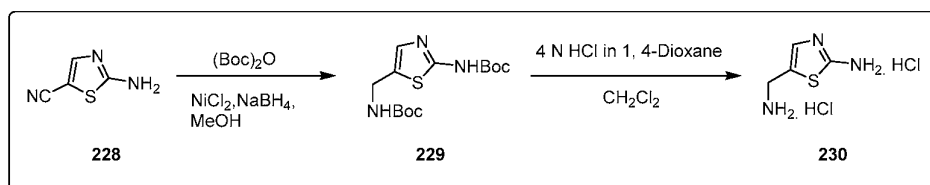
- 150 -

white solid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 8.08 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.61 (t, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 97.93%; 315.9 (M^{++1}); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 2.52 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000253] Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzonitrile hydrochloride (227):

To a stirring solution of compound 226 (550 mg, 1.74 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) at 0°C ; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with EtOAc (2×10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 227 (400 mg, 92%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 8.68 (br s, 3H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.38 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H); LC-MS: 98.49%; 215.9 (M^{+1}); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 1.43 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-amine dihydrochloride (230):



[000254] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (229):

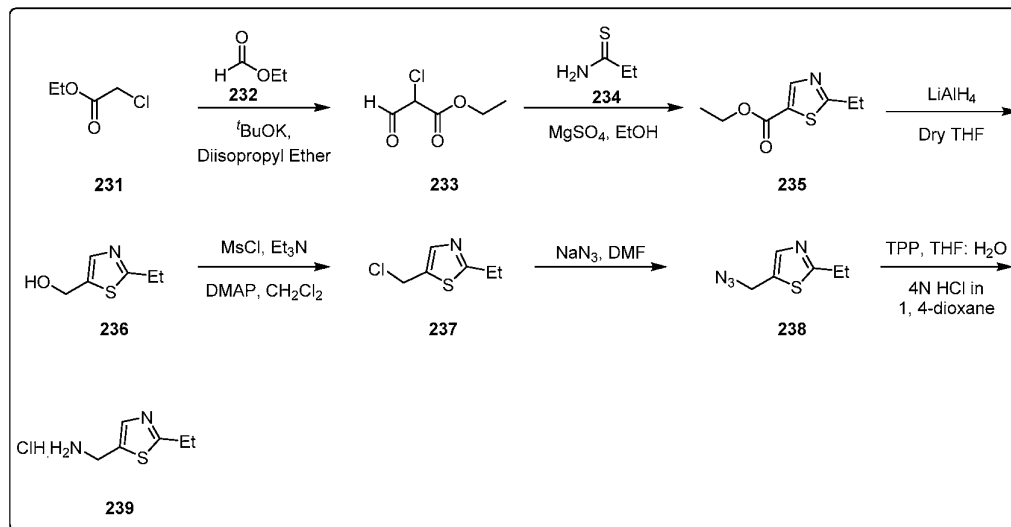
To a stirring solution of 2-aminothiazole-5-carbonitrile **228** (300 mg, 2.40 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) were added Boc-anhydride (1.5 mL, 7.20 mmol), nickel (II) chloride (571 mg, 2.40 mmol) at 0°C . To this was added sodium borohydride (638 mg, 16.80 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0°C ; warmed to RT and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and water (75 mL), filtered through celite. The organic layer was

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dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain compound **229** (300 mg) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.24 (br s, 1H), 7.38 (br s, 1H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 4.17 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.37 (s, 9H).

- 5 **[000255] Synthesis of 5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-amine dihydrochloride (230):** To a stirring solution of compound **229** (300 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0-5 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The obtained solid was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), EtOAc (5 mL)
- 10 and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **230** (120 mg, HCl salt) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 9.31 (br s, 1H), 8.53 (br s, 2H), 8.14 (br s, 1H), 7.37 (br s, 1H), 7.27 (br s, 1H), 7.17 (br s, 1H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H).

Synthesis of (2-ethylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (239):



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- [000256] Synthesis of ethyl 2-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (233):** To a stirring solution of ethyl 2-chloroacetate **231** (5 g, 40.98 mmol) and **232** (3.03 g, 40.98 mmol) in diisopropyl ether (100 mL) under argon atmosphere was added potassium *tert*-butoxide (5.49 g, 45.08 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by
- 20 **TLC;** after completion of the reaction, the pH of the reaction mixture was adjusted to ~ 6 using

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5 N HCl. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with diethyl ether (200 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **233** (6 g) as pale brown syrup. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS**: 21.49% + 75.58%; 149.0 ($M^+ - 1$); (column; X-Select C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 0.56 min, 0.77 min. 5 Mm Aq.NH₄OAc: ACN 0.8 mL/min).

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[000257] Synthesis of ethyl 2-ethylthiazole-5-carboxylate (235): To a stirring solution of compound **233** (1g) in ethanol (25 mL) under argon atmosphere were added propanethioamide **234** (594 mg, 6.67 mmol), dry magnesium sulfate (4 g) at RT and heated to reflux for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*, diluted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 100 mL), brine (50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through flash column chromatography using 6% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **235** (330 mg, 27%) as brown syrup. **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 4.30 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H).

[000258] Synthesis of (2-ethylthiazol-5-yl) methanol (236): To a stirring suspension of lithium aluminium hydride (205 mg, 5.40 mmol) in dry THF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added compound **235** (500 mg, 2.70 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with 20% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (3 mL), filtered through celite and washed with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **236** (310 mg, 80%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4). **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)**: δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 3.01 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H).

[000259] Synthesis of 5-(chloromethyl)-2-ethylthiazole (237): To a stirring solution of compound **236** (300 mg, 2.09 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.6 mL, 4.20 mmol), DMAP (25.6 mg, 0.21 mmol) and methanesulfonyl

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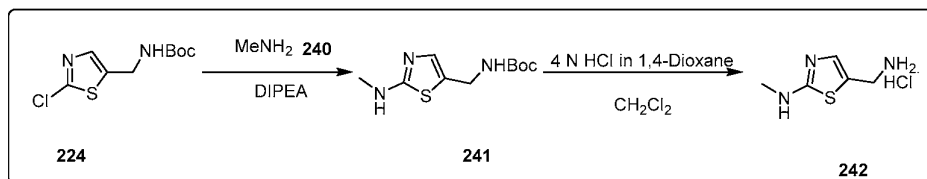
chloride (0.19 mL, 2.51 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **237** (500 mg, crude) as pale yellow syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS:** 30.71%; 162.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.14 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000260] Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2-ethylthiazole (238): To a stirring solution of compound **237** (500 mg, 2.26 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (294 mg, 4.52 mmol) at RT and heated to 80 °C for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through flash column chromatography using 15% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **238** (250 mg, 71%) as pale yellow syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 7.56 (s, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 3.03 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H);

[000261] Synthesis of (2-ethylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (239): To a stirring solution of compound **238** (250 mg, 1.48 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5:1, 12 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (780 mg, 2.97 mmol) at RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The obtained solid was further dried using toluene (2 x 5 mL) to obtain the crude amine.

[000262] The above compound was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (4 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 mL), diethyl ether (2 mL) and pentane (5 mL) to afford compound **239** (180 mg, 68%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.48 (br s, 3H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 4.25 (q, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.98 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H);

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Synthesis of 4-(aminomethyl)-N-methylthiazol-2-amine hydrochloride (242):**[000263] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(methylamino) thiazol-4-yl) methyl) carbamate (241):**

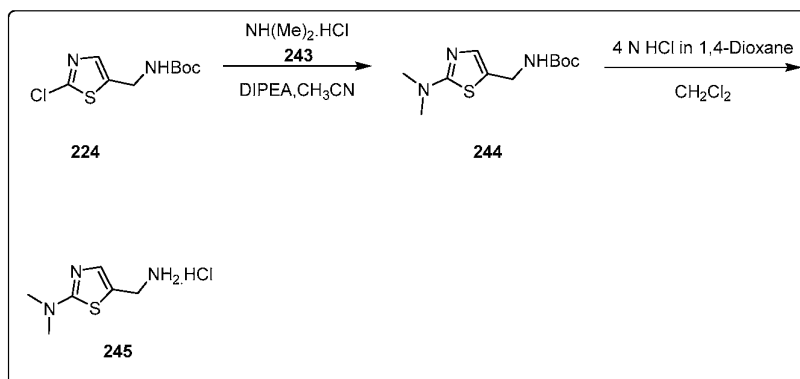
A mixture of compound **224** (100 mg, 0.41 mmol) and methyl amine **240** (5 mL, 33% solution in EtOH) in a sealed tube under argon atmosphere was added diisopropyl ethylamine (0.2 mL, 1.21 mmol) under argon atmosphere at RT and heated to 120 °C for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 70% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **241** (90 mg, 92%) as colorless sticky solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.26 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000264] Synthesis of 4-(aminomethyl)-N-methylthiazol-2-amine hydrochloride (242): To

a stirring solution of compound **241** (90 mg, 0.37 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) under argon atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was titrated with diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **242** (70 mg, HCl salt) as brown solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.73-9.27 (m, 1H), 8.39 (br s, 3H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 4.08 (q, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 4-(aminomethyl)-N, N-dimethylthiazol-2-amine hydrochloride (245):

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[000265] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(dimethylamino) thiazol-4-yl) methyl) carbamate

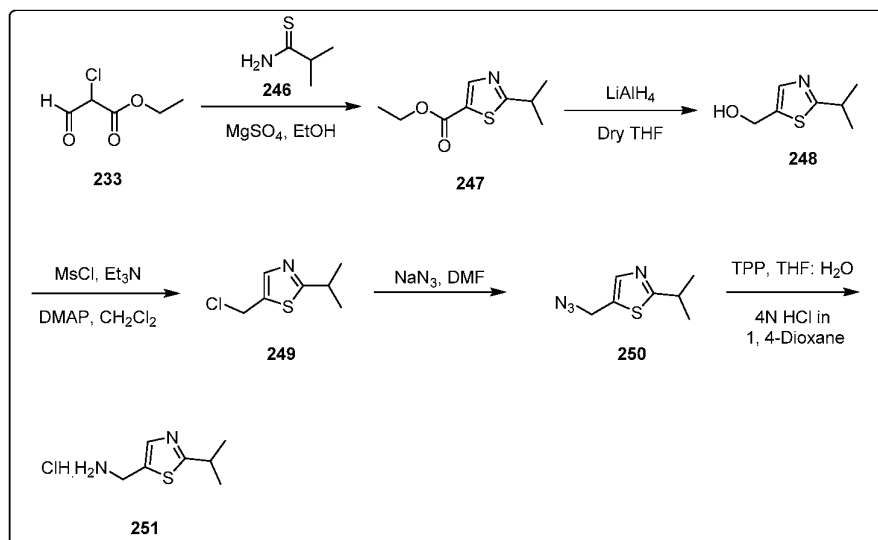
(244): To a stirring solution of compound **224** (100 mg, 0.41 mmol) in CH₃CN (3 mL) under argon atmosphere were added dimethyl amine hydrochloride **243** (648 mg, 8.06 mmol) and diisopropyl ethylamine (0.2 mL, 1.21 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and heated to 120 °C for 54 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL) washed with water (20 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **244** (80 mg, 77%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.29 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 4.08 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.97 (s, 6H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000266] Synthesis of 4-(aminomethyl)-*N,N*-dimethylthiazol-2-amine hydrochloride

(245): To a stirring solution of compound **244** (100 mg, 0.38 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) under argon atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed in *vacuo*. The crude was titrated with diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **245** (75 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.44 (br s, 3H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (s, 6H).

Synthesis of (2-isopropylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (251):

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[000267] **Synthesis of ethyl 2-isopropylthiazole-5-carboxylate (247):** To a stirring solution of compound **233** (3.05 g) in ethanol (60 mL) under argon atmosphere were added 2-methylpropanethioamide **246** (1.5 g, 14.56 mmol), dry magnesium sulfate (5 g) at RT and
 5 heated to reflux for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through flash column chromatography using 2% EtOAc/ hexanes to
 10 afford compound **247** (550 mg, 17%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6)** δ 8.31 (s, 1H), 4.30 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.36-3.29 (m, 1H), 1.34 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

[000268] **Synthesis of (2-isopropylthiazol-5-yl) methanol (248):** To a stirring solution of
 15 compound **247** (550 mg, 2.76 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added lithium aluminium hydride (210 mg, 5.52 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with 15% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (3 mL), filtered through celite and washed with EtOAc (100 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate,
 20 filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **248** (360 mg, 83%) as pale yellow

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syrup. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3). **^1H NMR (400MHz, DMSO- d_6)** δ 7.47 (s, 1H), 5.43 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (dd, J = 5.6, 0.6 Hz, 2H), 3.26-3.19 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H).

5 **[000269] Synthesis of 5-(chloromethyl)-2-isopropylthiazole (249):** To a stirring solution of compound **248** (350 mg, 2.23 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.64 mL, 4.45 mmol), DMAP (27.2 mg, 0.22 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.2 mL, 2.67 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with
10 water (50 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **249** (500 mg, crude) as pale yellow syrup. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **LC-MS:** 70.54%; 175.8 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.34 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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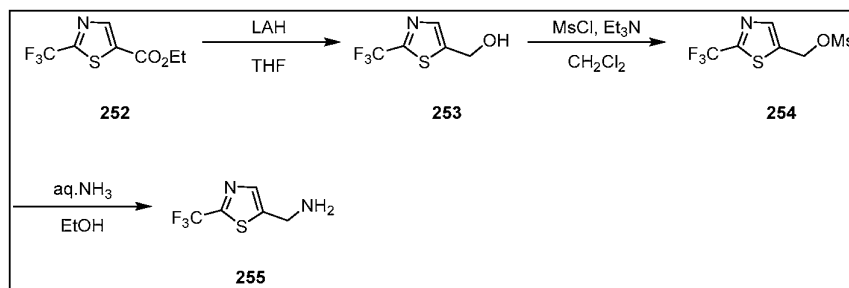
[000270] Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2-isopropylthiazole (250): To a stirring solution of compound **249** (500 mg, 2.26 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (445 mg, 6.85 mmol) at RT and heated to 80 °C for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice
20 cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 8% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **250** (255 mg, 63%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ = 7.67 (s, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 3.29-3.24 (m, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.9
25 Hz, 8H).

[000271] Synthesis of (2-isopropylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (251): To a stirring solution of compound **250** (250 mg, 1.37 mmol) in THF: H_2O (5:1, 12 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (720 mg, 2.74 mmol) at RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the
30 crude. The obtained solid was further dried using toluene (2 x 5 mL) to obtain the crude amine.

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[000272] The above crude compound was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 mL), diethyl ether (2 mL) and pentane (5 mL) to afford compound 251 (170 mg, 65%) as low melting hygroscopic solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 8.29 (br s, 2H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 4.25 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.29-3.24 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H)

Synthesis of (2-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine (255):



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[000273] **Synthesis of (2-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanol (253):** To a stirring solution of ethyl 2-(trifluoromethyl) thiazole-5-carboxylate **252** (500 mg, 2.22 mmol) in THF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added lithium aluminium hydride (126 mg, 3.33 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with ice-cold water (5 mL), followed by 10% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (3 mL), filtered through celite and washed with THF (10 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **253** (300 mg, 73%) as pale yellow liquid. ^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 400 MHz): δ 7.98 (s, 1H), 5.90 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.79 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H).

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[000274] **Synthesis of (2-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl methanesulfonate (254):** To a stirring solution of compound **253** (200 mg, 1.09 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.47 mL, 3.27 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.16 mL, 2.18 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL), washed with 10% NaHCO_3 solution (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium

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sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **254** (200 mg) as yellow liquid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS:** 24.48%; 261.8 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.29 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

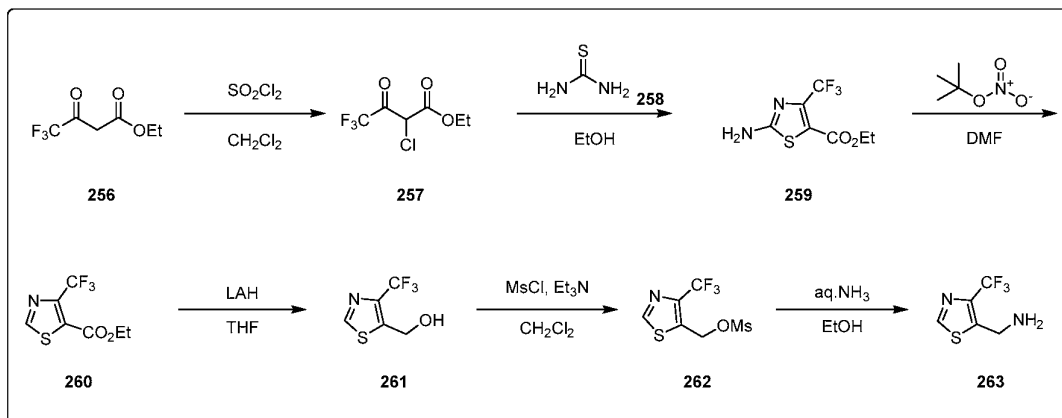
5

[000275] Synthesis of (2-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine (255): To a stirring solution of compound **254** (200 mg, crude) in EtOH (10 mL) was added aqueous ammonia (10 mL) at 0 °C; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h in a sealed tube. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **255** (56 mg) as pale yellow sticky solid. **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.92 (s, 1H), 6.80 (br s, 2H), 4.01 (s, 2H).

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Synthesis of (4-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine (263):

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[000276] Synthesis of ethyl 2-chloro-4, 4, 4-trifluoro-3-oxobutanoate (257): To a stirring solution of ethyl 4, 4, 4-trifluoro-3-oxobutanoate **256** (10 g, 54.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sulfuryl chloride (5.2 mL, 65.0 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* at RT to afford compound **257** (5 g) as yellow liquid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5). **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 5.62 (s, 1H), 4.29 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

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[000277] **Synthesis of ethyl 2-amino-4-(trifluoromethyl) thiazole-5-carboxylate (259):** To a stirring solution of compound **257** (5 g, crude) in ethanol (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added thiourea **258** (3.3 g, 45.8 mmol) at RT and heated to reflux for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with diethyl ether (200 mL) and washed with water (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10-15% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **259** (2.7 g, 49%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.21 (s, 2H), 4.21 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

[000278] **Synthesis of ethyl 4-(trifluoromethyl) thiazole-5-carboxylate (260):** To a stirring solution of compound **259** (2.7 g, 11.25 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *tert*-butyl nitrate (5.8 g, 56.25 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **260** (1.5 g, 60%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.7); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** 9.41 (s, 1H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

[000279] **Synthesis of (4-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanol (261):** To a stirring solution of compound **260** (500 mg, 2.22 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added lithium aluminium hydride (169 mg, 4.44 mmol) portion wise at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with ice-cold water (1 mL), followed by 15% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (1.5 mL), filtered through celite and washed with THF (10 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/

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hexanes to afford compound **261** (205 mg, 50%) as colorless liquid. **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.12 (s, 1H), 6.15 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.83 (m, 2H).

[000280] Synthesis of (4-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl methanesulfonate (262):

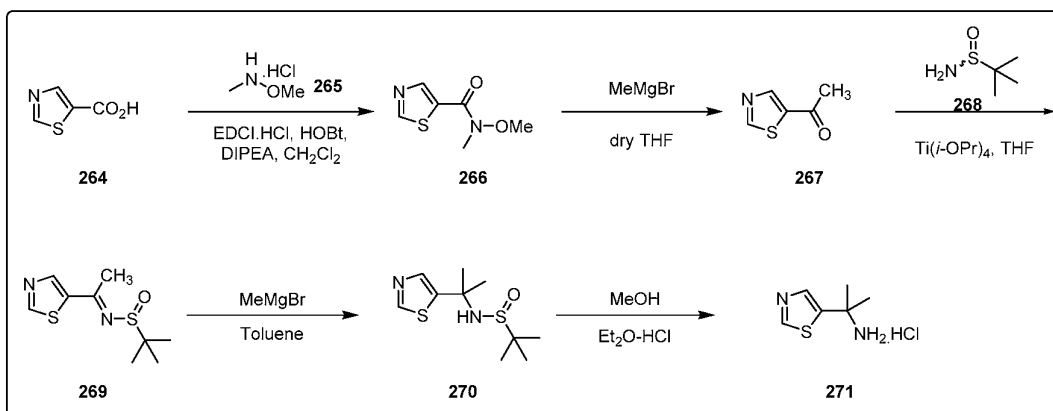
5 To a stirring solution of compound **261** (200 mg, 1.09 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.47 mL, 3.27 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.23 mL, 2.73 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL), washed with water (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered
10 and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **262** (210 mg) as yellow liquid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R*_f: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.29 (s, 1H), 5.64 (s, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H).

[000281] Synthesis of (4-(trifluoromethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine (263):

15 To a stirring solution of compound **262** (200 mg, 0.76 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL) was added aqueous ammonia (10 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **263** (85 mg, 61%) as pale yellow sticky solid. **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400**
20 **MHz):** 9.21 (s, 1H), 7.27 (br s, 2H), 4.32 (s, 2H).

Synthesis of 2-(thiazol-5-yl) propan-2-amine hydrochloride (270):

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[000282] Synthesis of *N*-methoxy-*N*-methylthiazole-5-carboxamide (266): To a stirring solution of thiazole-5-carboxylic acid **264** (2 g, 15.44 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (3.26 g, 17.04 mmol), HOBt (1 g, 7.74 mmol), *N*,*O*-dimethyl hydroxylamine hydrochloride **265** (1.81 g, 18.59 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (13.4 mL, 77.45 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (70 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 70 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 30-40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **266** (1.6 g, 60%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** 9.32 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 3H).

[000283] Synthesis of 1-(thiazol-5-yl) ethan-1-one (267): To a stirring solution of compound **266** (1.6 g, 9.30 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added methyl magnesium bromide (4.65 mL, 13.95 mmol, 3 M solution in Et₂O) dropwise for 10 min at -10 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 25-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **267** (1 g, 85%) as white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.40 (s, 1H), 8.71 (s, 1H), 2.60 (s, 3H).

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[000284] Synthesis of 2-methyl-N-(1-(thiazol-5-yl) ethylidene) propane-2-sulfinamide

(269): To a stirring solution of compound **267** (500 mg, 3.93 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide **268** (570 mg, 4.70 mmol) and titanium (IV) isopropoxide (2.23 g, 7.87 mmol) at RT and heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h.

5 The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted diethyl ether (300 mL) and water (10 mL) and stirred for 10 min. The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 35-40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **269** (600 mg, 66%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H**
10 **NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.29 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 1.15 (s, 9H).

[000285] Synthesis of 2-methyl-N-(2-(thiazol-5-yl) propan-2-yl) propane-2-sulfinamide

(270): To a stirring solution of compound **269** (300 mg, 1.30 mmol) in Toluene (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added methyl magnesium bromide (2.6 mL, 7.82 mmol, 3 M solution in Et₂O) dropwise for 10 min at -70 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was

15 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 60-70% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **270** (140 mg, 44%) as yellow syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.99 (s, 1H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 5.54 (s, 1H),
20 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 9H).

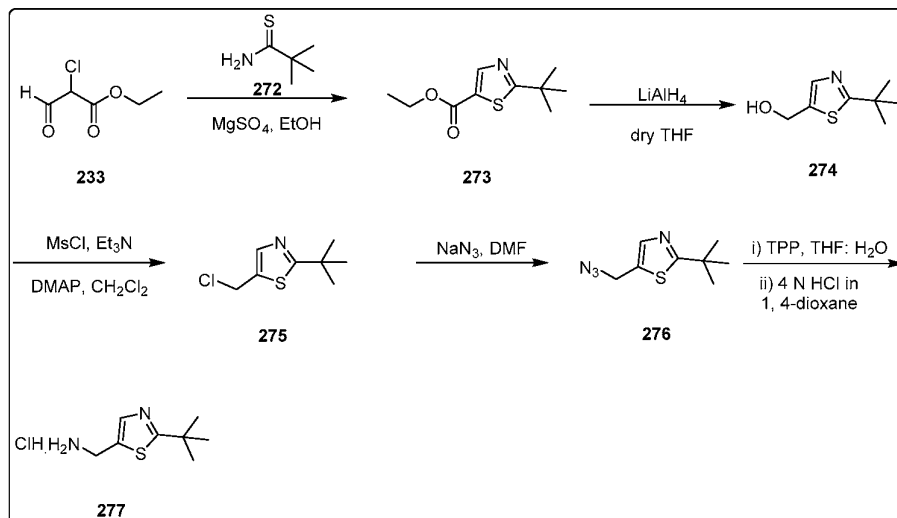
[000286] Synthesis of 2-(thiazol-5-yl) propan-2-amine hydrochloride (271):

To a stirring solution of compound **270** (100 mg, 0.40 mmol) in MeOH (4 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 2 M HCl in diethyl ether (4 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction

25 was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) to afford compound **271** (65 mg, 90%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.99 (br s, 3H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 1.78 (s, 6H).

30 **Synthesis of (2-(*tert*-butyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (277):**

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[000287] Synthesis of ethyl 2-(tert-butyl) thiazole-5-carboxylate (273):

To a stirring solution of compound **233** (11.2 g, 74.66 mmol) in ethanol (100 mL) under argon atmosphere were added 2, 2-dimethylpropanethioamide **272** (8.73 g, 74.66 mmol) and dry magnesium sulfate (20 g) at RT and heated to reflux for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*, diluted with water (200 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-15% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **273** (3.7 g, 23%) as pale yellow syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 4.28 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

[000288] Synthesis of (2-(tert-butyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanol (274):

To a stirring solution of compound **273** (3.7 g, 20.10 mmol) in dry THF (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added lithium aluminium hydride (1.5 g, 40.21 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with ice cold water (100 mL), filtered through celite and washed with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to obtain the

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crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-20% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **274** (1.7 g, 50%) as pale yellow thick syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.4). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 5.42 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H).

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[000289] Synthesis of 2-(*tert*-butyl)-5-(chloromethyl) thiazole (275): To a stirring solution of compound **274** (1.7 g, 13.17 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (2.3 mL, 19.76 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (1.30 mL, 15.81 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated sodium carbonate (100 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **275** (2.5 g, crude) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **LC-MS:** 61.93%; 190.2 (M^+ +1); (column; X-select C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 4.43 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN: 0.8 mL/min).

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[000290] Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2-(*tert*-butyl) thiazole (276): To a stirring solution of compound **275** (2.5 g, crude) in DMF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (1.71 g, 26.45 mmol) at RT and heated to 80 °C for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **276** (1 g, 38%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** 7.66 (s, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 1.37 (s, 9H).

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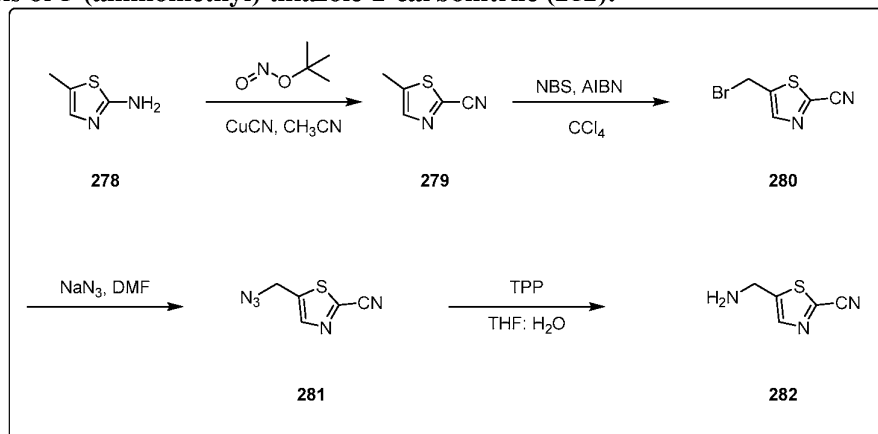
[000291] Synthesis of (2-(*tert*-butyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (277): To a stirring solution of compound **276** (1 g, 5.10 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4:1, 20 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (2.67 g, 10.20 mmol) at 0 °C portion wise for 15 min; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the

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volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The obtained solid was further dried using toluene (2 x 5 mL) to obtain the crude amine.

[000292] The above compound (600 mg, crude) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), diethyl ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **277** (700 mg, 96%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.49 (br s, 3H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 4.25 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (s, 9H).

10 Synthesis of 5-(aminomethyl) thiazole-2-carbonitrile (**282**):



[000293] **Synthesis of 5-methylthiazole-2-carbonitrile (**279**):** To a stirring solution of 5-methylthiazol-2-amine **278** (10 g, 87.71 mmol) in CH₃CN (100 mL) under argon atmosphere were added *tert*-butyl nitrite (18 g, 17.54 mmol), copper (I) cyanide (23.6 g, 263.51 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **279** (2 g, 20%) as white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.98 (s, 1H), 2.59 (s, 3H).

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[000294] **Synthesis of 5-(bromomethyl) thiazole-2-carbonitrile (**280**):** To a stirring solution of compound **279** (2.4 g, 19.35 mmol) in CCl₄ (50 mL) under argon atmosphere was added *N*-

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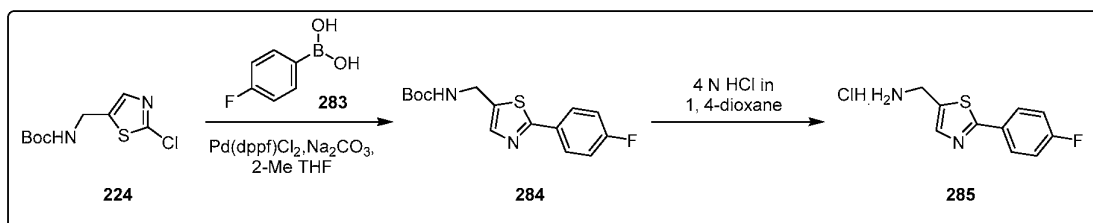
bromosuccinimide (3.4 g, 19.35 mmol), azobisisobutyronitrile (317 mg, 1.93 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 15% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **280** (2 g, 51%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.26 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H).

[000295] **Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl) thiazole-2-carbonitrile (281):** To a stirring solution of compound **280** (2 g, 9.85 mmol) in DMF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (1.9 g, 29.55 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **281** (1 g, 62%) as yellow syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.95 (s, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H).

[000296] **Synthesis of 5-(aminomethyl) thiazole-2-carbonitrile (282):** To a stirring solution of compound **281** (1 g, 6.06 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 20 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (3.1 g, 12.12 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **282** (1 g, 62%) as yellow syrup. **TLC:** 80% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 4.04 (s, 2H).

Synthesis of (2-(4-fluorophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (285):

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[000297] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-fluorophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate

5 **(284):** To a stirring solution of compound **224** (500 mg, 2.01 mmol) in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added (4-fluorophenyl) boronic acid **283** (309 mg, 2.25 mmol), sodium carbonate (535 mg, 5.05 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 10 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (73.5 mg, 0.10 mmol); heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **284** (160 mg, 25%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.94 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.5 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.33 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H).

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[000298] Synthesis of (2-(4-fluorophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride

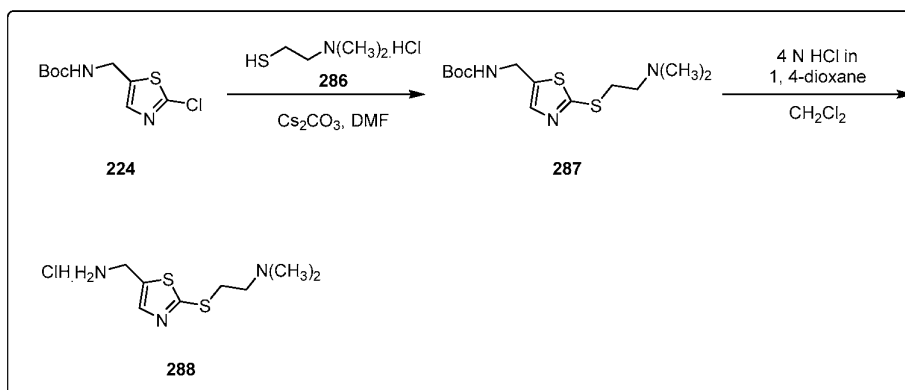
(285): To a stirring solution of compound **284** (160 mg, 0.51 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford compound **285** (100 mg, 94%) as pink solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.55 (br s, 3H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 3H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (q, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H).

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Synthesis of 2-((5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio)-*N*, *N*-dimethylethan-1-amine hydrochloride (288):

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[000299] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-((2-(dimethylamino) ethyl) thio) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (287**):**

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.03 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 2-(dimethylamino) ethane-1-thiol hydrochloride **286** (1.1 g, 8.06 mmol) and cesium carbonate (4 g, 12.09 mmol) at

5 RT in a sealed tube; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **287** (1.1 g, 87%) as brown

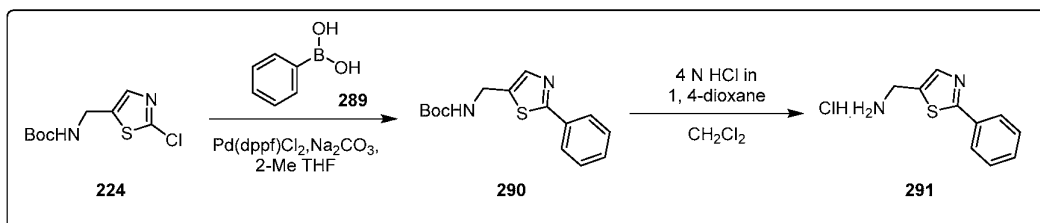
10 syrup. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 500 MHz): δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 4.22 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.28 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.56 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 6H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000300] Synthesis of 2-((5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio)-N, N-dimethylethan-1-

15 **amine hydrochloride (**288**):** To a stirring solution of compound **287** (1.1 g, 3.47 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- dioxane (10 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL), *n*-pentane (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **288** (700 mg, HCl salt) as

20 an off-white solid. TLC: 30% 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 500 MHz): δ 8.67 (br s, 3H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 4.23 (q, $J = 4.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.63-3.57 (m, 2H), 3.41-3.34 (m, 2H), 2.77 (d, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 6H).

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Synthesis of (2-phenylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (291):

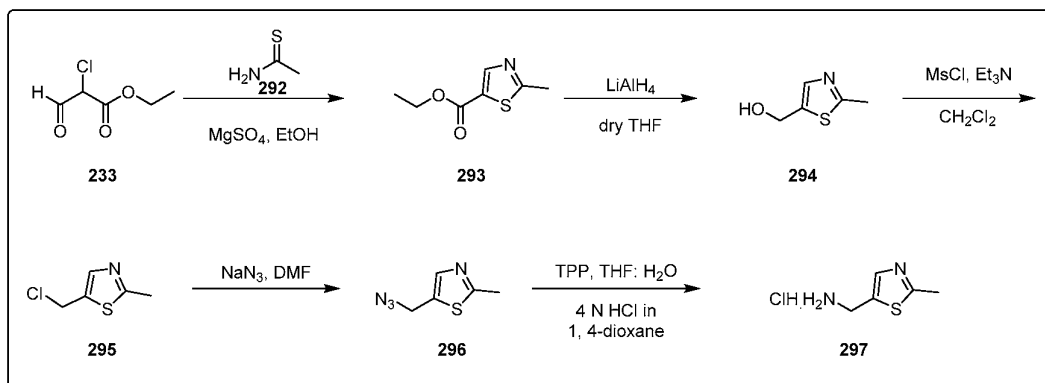
- 5 **[000301] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-phenylthiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (290):** To a stirring solution of compound **224** (250 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added phenylboronic acid **289** (136 mg, 1.10 mmol), sodium carbonate (265 mg, 2.50 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (36.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) at RT; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **290** (110 mg, 37%) as an off-white solid.
- 10 **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.46 (m, 3H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H).
- 15

- [000302] Synthesis of (2-phenylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (291):** To a stirring solution of compound **290** (1.6 g, 5.51 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **291** (1 g, 83%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.25 (br s, 2H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.51 (m, 3H), 4.35 (q, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H).
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Synthesis of (2-methylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (297):

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[000303] Synthesis of ethyl 2-methylthiazole-5-carboxylate (293): To a stirring solution of ethyl 2-chloro-3-oxopropanoate **233** (26 g, 173.33 mmol) in ethanol (200 mL) under argon atmosphere were added ethanethioamide **292** (10 g, 133.33 mmol), dry magnesium sulfate (10 g) at RT and heated to reflux for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*, diluted with EtOAc (500 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 200 mL), brine (200 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through flash column chromatography using 6% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **293** (8 g, 35%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 25% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.7); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.24 (s, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

[000304] Synthesis of (2-methylthiazol-5-yl) methanol (294): To a stirring suspension of lithium aluminium hydride (3.1 g, 93.56 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added compound **293** (8 g, 46.78 mmol) in dry THF (50 mL) dropwise for 15 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with 15% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (10 mL), filtered through celite and washed with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **294** (5 g, 83%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3). **LC-MS:** 97.32%; 130.22 (M^+ +1); (column; X-select CSH C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 0.65 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc; ACN: 0.8 mL/min).

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[000305] **Synthesis of 5-(chloromethyl)-2-methylthiazole (295):** To a stirring solution of compound **294** (5 g, 38.75 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (150 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (8.3 mL, 58.13 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (4.6 mL, 46.51 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **295** (5 g, 87%) as pale yellow syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS:** 77.92%; 147.7 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.71 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000306] **Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2-methylthiazole (296):** To a stirring solution of compound **295** (5 g, 34.01 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (2.21 g, 34.01 mmol) at RT and heated to 80 °C for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **296** (2.3 g, 44%) as off-white thick syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.64 (s, 1H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H).

[000307] **Synthesis of (2-methylthiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (297):** To a stirring solution of compound **296** (2.3 g, 14.93 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 80 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (7.8 g, 29.87 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (20 mL) to afford amine (900 mg, 47%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2);

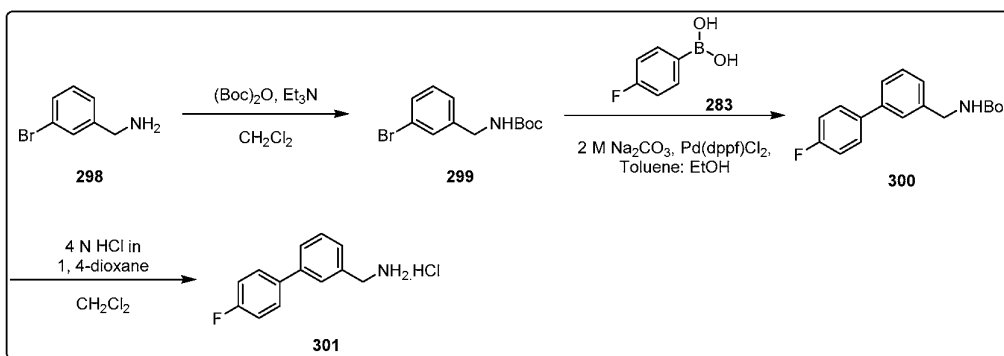
[000308] The above compound was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The volatiles

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were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 mL), diethyl ether (2 mL) to afford compound **297** (1.1 g, 95%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 8.59 (br. s, 3H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 4.23 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (s, 3H)

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Synthesis of (4'-fluoro-[1, 1'-biphenyl]-3-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (**301**):



[000309] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (3-bromobenzyl) carbamate (299**):** To a stirring solution of (3-bromophenyl) methanamine **298** (5 g, 26.88 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.16 mL, 80.59 mmol), Boc-anhydride (5.8 mL, 26.88 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (25 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **299** (5 g, 65%) as white solid. **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 7.45-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.20 (m, 2H), 4.12 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H).

[000310] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((4'-fluoro-[1, 1'-biphenyl]-3-yl) methyl) carbamate (300**):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl (3-bromobenzyl) carbamate **299** (100 mg, 0.34 mmol) in a mixture of toluene: EtOH (4: 1, 2.5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 2 M aqueous sodium carbonate solution (0.5 mL) and (4-fluorophenyl) boronic acid **283** (58 mg, 0.41 mmol) and at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (7.6

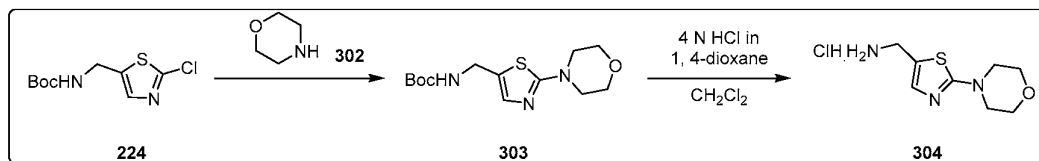
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mg, 0.01 mmol) and heated to 80 °C for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the organic layer was separated dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-8% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 300 (100 mg, 95%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 400 MHz): 7.67 (dd, $J = 8.7, 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.40 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H).

[000311] Synthesis of (4'-fluoro-[1, 1'-biphenyl]-3-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (301):

To a stirring solution of compound 300 (130 mg, 0.43 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford compound 301 (90 mg, 88%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); LC-MS: 98.27%; 201.9 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.76 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of (2-morpholinothiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (389):



[000312] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-morpholinothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (303):

A stirred solution of compound 224 (300 mg, 1.21 mmol) in morpholine 302 (3 mL) under argon atmosphere was heated to 100 °C and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 $\times$ 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 303 (250 mg, 69%) as a colorless semi solid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3);

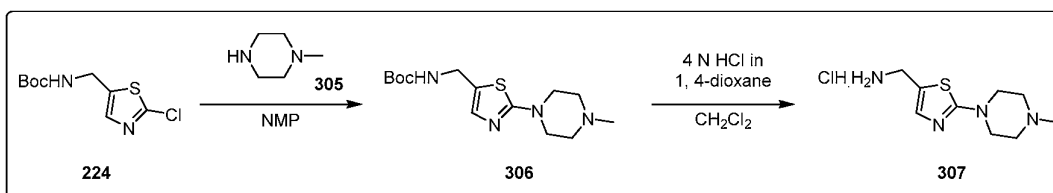
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¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): 7.31 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 4.09 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.70-3.62 (m, 4H), 3.29-3.27 (m, 4H), 1.36 (s, 9H).

[000313] Synthesis of (2-morpholinothiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (304): To a stirring solution of compound **303** (250 mg, 0.83 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **304** (200 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R*_f: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.36 (br s, 3H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 4.11 (q, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.75-3.67 (m, 4H), 3.45-3.37 (m, 4H).

Synthesis of (2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (307):



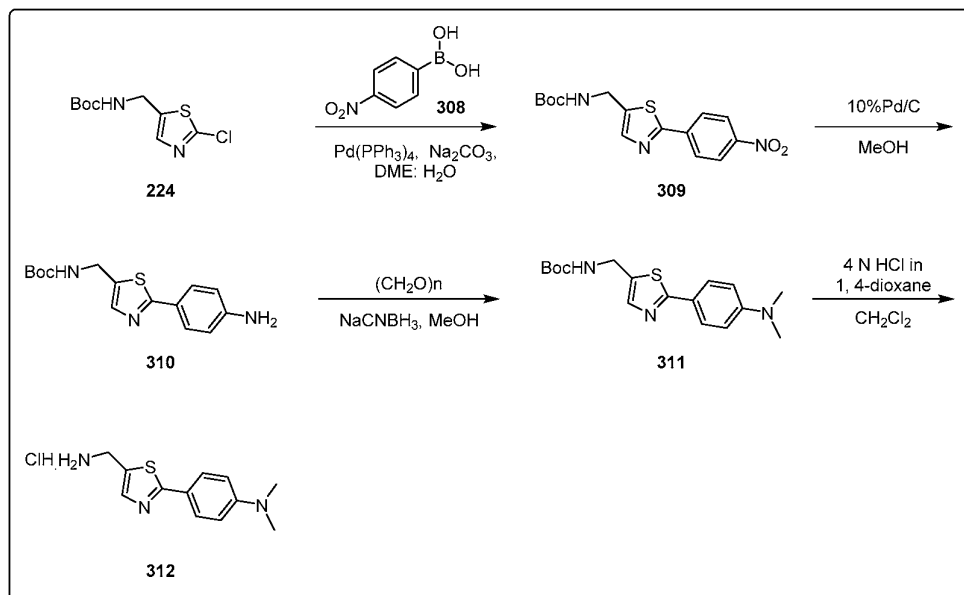
[000314] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (306): A stirred solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (200 mg, 0.80 mmol) in *N*-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (5 mL) was added 1-methylpiperazine **305** (5 mL) in a sealed tube under argon atmosphere was heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **306** (200 mg, 80%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R*_f: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** 7.31 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 4.09 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.35-3.31 (m, 4H), 2.39 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

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[000315] Synthesis of (2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine

hydrochloride (307): To a stirring solution of compound **306** (200 mg, 0.64 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **307** (240 mg, as HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 11.37 (br s, 1H), 8.37 (br s, 3H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 4.12 (q, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.00-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.50 - 3.41 (m, 4H), 3.23- 3.02 (m, 2H), 2.80 (s, 3H).

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Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-*N,N*-dimethylaniline hydrochloride (312):**15 [000316] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-nitrophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate**

(309): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.02 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H_2O (4: 1, 20 mL) was added sodium carbonate (1.5 g, 14.08 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min. To this was added $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (464 mg, 0.40 mmol) and (4-nitrophenyl) boronic acid (**308**) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction

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was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc / hexanes to afford compound **309** (650 mg, 48%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc / hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.32 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.16 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.63 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 92.61%; 335.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.66 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000317] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-aminophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate

(310): To a stirring solution of compound **309** (500 mg, 1.49 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (150 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with MeOH (50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude washed with 10% EtOAc / hexanes (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **310** (350 mg, 77%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc / hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.54 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 6.59 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.64 (br s, 2H), 4.26 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 98.14%; 305.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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20**[000318] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(dimethylamino) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)**

carbamate (311): To a stirring solution of compound **310** (200 mg, 0.65 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added paraformaldehyde (98 mg, 3.27 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (206 mg, 3.27 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude.

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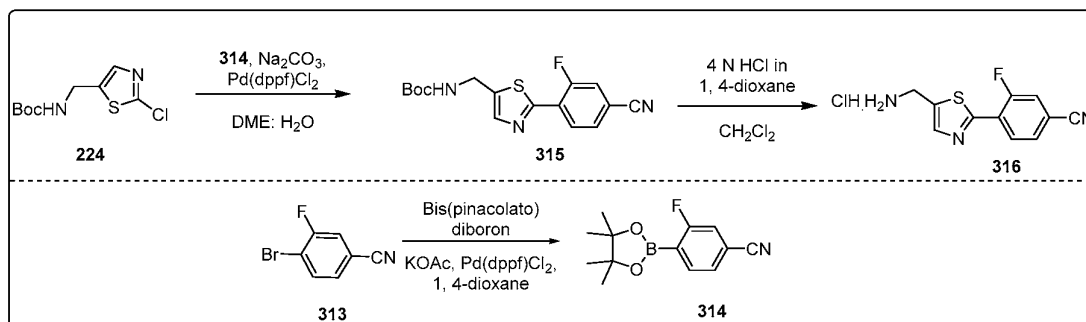
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The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **311** (120 mg, 55%) as white solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc / hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 7.69 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.49 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.28 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.97 (s, 6H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 98.93%; 334.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000319] Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-*N,N*-dimethylaniline hydrochloride (312):

To a stirring solution of compound **311** (120 mg, 0.36 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethylether (2 $\times$ 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **312** (90 mg, 93%) as white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 8.53 (br s, 3H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.27 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.99 (s, 6H); **LC-MS**: 98.98%; 233.8 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.51 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-3-fluorobenzonitrile hydrochloride (316):



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[000320] Synthesis of 3-fluoro-4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) benzonitrile (314):

To a stirring solution of 4-bromo-3-fluorobenzonitrile **313** (15 g, 75.0 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (200 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bis pinacolato diboron (28.56 g, 112.5 mmol), potassium acetate (25.76 g, 262.5 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min; to this was added Pd(dppf)₂Cl₂ (5.5 g, 7.51 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min, heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with EtOAc (2 x 500 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was diluted with H₂O (500 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 700 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 15-20% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **314** (10.2 g, 55%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.82-7.75 (m, 2H), 7.67 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (s, 12H).

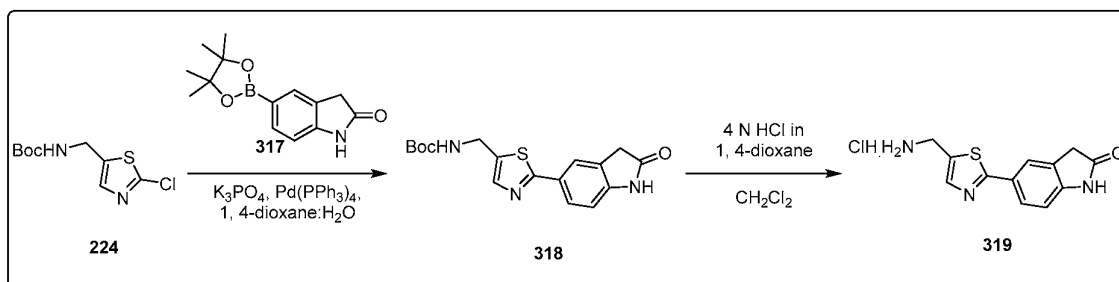
[000321] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-cyano-2-fluorophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (315):

To a stirring solution of compound **224** (8 g, 32.16 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **314** (10.4 g, 42.09 mmol), sodium carbonate (12 g, 113.20 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (2.36 g, 3.22 mmol) and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 800 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 25-30% EtOAc/hexanes and triturated using 10% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **315** (6.5 g, 61%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.36 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (br t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (br d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 94.47%; 333.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.61 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000322] Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-3-fluorobenzonitrile

hydrochloride (316): To a stirring solution of compound **315** (6.5 g, 19.51 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (70 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (70 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **316** (4.7 g; 89% as HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.60 (br s, 3H), 8.39 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.23-8.08 (m, 2H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (br s, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.68%; 234.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.40 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 5-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) indolin-2-one hydrochloride (319):**[000323] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(2-oxoindolin-5-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate**

(318): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.03 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane: H₂O (4: 1, 30 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 5-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) indolin-2-one **317** (1.3 g, 5.02 mmol) and potassium phosphate (2.60 g, 12.26 mmol) in sealed tube at RT and purged under inert atmosphere for 20 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (465 mg, 0.40 mmol) and heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2-4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **318** (600 mg, 43%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.58 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H),

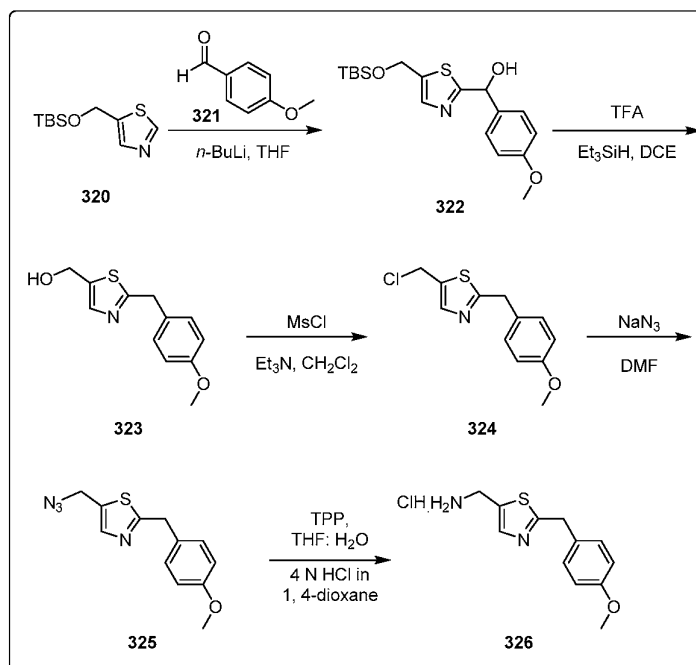
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4.29 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 91.80%; 346.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column: Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 X3.0mm, 2.6um); RT 2.31 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min).

[000324] Synthesis of 5-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) indolin-2-one hydrochloride

- 5 **(319)**: To a stirring solution of compound **318** (600 mg, 1.74 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **319** (600 mg; crude) as yellow solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/
 10 CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 10.69 (s, 1H), 8.58 (br s, 3H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.80-7.73 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.57 (s, 2H);

Synthesis of (2-(4-methoxybenzyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (326):



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[000325] Synthesis of 5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl) oxy) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)

(4methoxyphenyl) methanol (322): To a stirring solution 5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl) oxy)

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5 methyl) thiazole **320** (6 g, 26.20 mmol) in dry THF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (1.6 M solution in hexane, 24 mL, 39.30 mmol) dropwise for 10 min at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min. To this was added 4-methoxybenzaldehyde **321** (3.9 g, 28.80 mmol) at -78 °C and stirred at the same temperature for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by
TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride solution (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **322** (6 g, 63%) as colorless liquid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes
10 (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 0.88 - 0.85 (m, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H).

[000326] Synthesis of (2-(4-methoxybenzyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanol (323): To a stirring solution of compound **322** (6 g, 16.43 mmol) in 1, 2-dichloroethane (30 mL) under inert
15 atmosphere were added triethylsilane (2.65 mL, 82.19 mmol), trifluoroacetic acid (6.28 mL, 82.19 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 60% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **323** (2.8 g, 73%) as sticky solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H**
20 **NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.41 (br s, 1H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 90.27%; 235.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.03 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2. 5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH; 0.8 mL/min).

[000327] Synthesis of 5-(chloromethyl)-2-(4-methoxybenzyl) thiazole (324): To a stirring
25 solution of compound **323** (2.8 g, 11.90 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (5.0 mL, 35.70 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (1.16 mL, 14.29 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with water (75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate,
30 filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **324** (2.1 g) as colorless liquid.

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TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H)

[000328] Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2-(4-methoxybenzyl) thiazole (325): To a stirring solution of compound **324** (2.1 g, crude) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (1.61 g, 24.90 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **325** (1.5 g) as colorless sticky solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 89.03%; 260.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.96 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH ; 0.8 mL/min).

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[000329] Synthesis of (2-(4-methoxybenzyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (326): To a stirring solution of compound **325** (1.5 g, crude) in THF: H_2O (10: 1, 22 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (1.5 g, 5.76 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction; the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude amine (1.3 g crude).

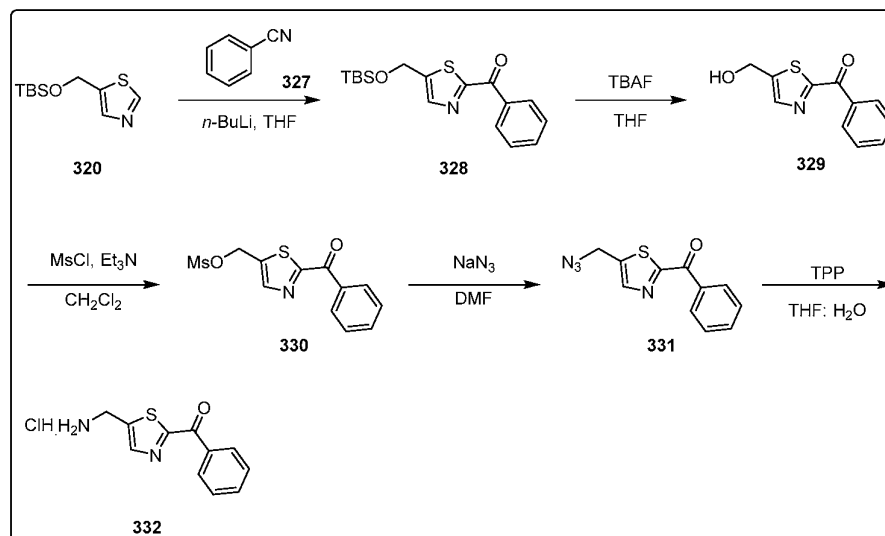
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[000330] To the above crude amine (1.3 g) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with triturated with EtOAc (5 mL), CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **326** (830 mg, 53% HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 8.33 (br s, 1H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.33-4.11 (m, 6H), 3.73 (s, 3H)

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Synthesis of (5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) (phenyl) methanone (332):

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[000331] Synthesis of (5-(((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl) oxy) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) (phenyl)

methanone (328): To a stirring solution of 5-(((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl) oxy) methyl) thiazole

- 5 **320** (200 mg, 0.87 mmol) in dry THF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (1.6 M solution in hexane, 0.82 mL, 1.30 mmol) dropwise for 5 min at -78 °C and stirred for 1 h. To this was added benzonitrile **327** (180 mg, 1.74 mmol) at -78 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with 1 N aqueous HCl (10 mL) at -78 °C and extracted with EtOAc (2 x
- 10 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford crude compound **328** (300 mg) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.36 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.86-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.69 (m, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H),
- 15 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 6H);

[000332] Synthesis of (5-(hydroxymethyl) thiazol-2-yl) (phenyl) methanone (329): To a

- stirring solution of compound **328** (300 mg, 0.90 mmol) in THF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M solution in THF, 1.35 mL, 1.35 mmol) at 0 °C
- 20 and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the

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reaction mixture was quenched with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford crude compound **329** (100 mg, 52% over 2 steps) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **LC-MS:** 99.90%; 219.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.02 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.38-8.33 (m, 2H), 8.09-8.02 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 2H), 5.86 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (dd, J = 5.7, 0.9 Hz, 2H).

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[000333] Synthesis of (2-benzoylthiazol-5-yl) methyl methanesulfonate (330): To a stirring solution of compound **329** (100 mg, 0.45 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (2.5 mL, 17.32 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added methanesulfonyl chloride (0.13 mL, 0.08 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h.

15 The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (30 mL) and brine (20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **330** (150 mg) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.38-8.33 (m, 2H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.76-7.71 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 2H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H).

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[000334] Synthesis of (5-(azidomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) (phenyl) methanone (331): To a stirring solution of compound **330** (150 mg, 0.50 mmol) in DMF (150 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (49 mg, 0.75 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with ice-cold water (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **331** (100 mg, 89%, over 2 steps) as pale

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yellow solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.6); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.40-8.38 (m, 2H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.79-7.74 (m, 1H), 7.65-7.60 (m, 2H), 4.94 (s, 2H). **LC-MS:** 94.73%; 244.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.65 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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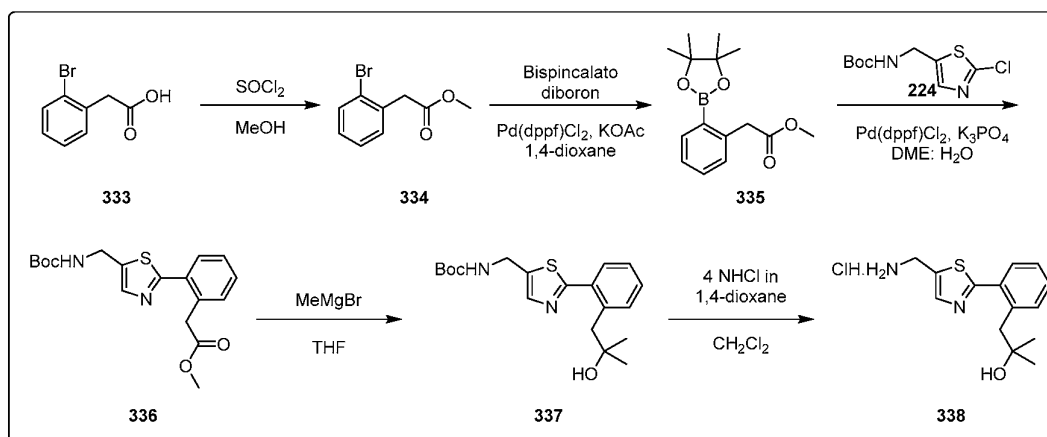
[000335] Synthesis of (5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) (phenyl) methanone (332): To a stirring solution of compound **331** (100 mg, 0.41 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 12 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (161 mg, 0.61 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 20 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*, further dried by azeotropic distillation using toluene (2 $\times$ 5 mL) to obtain the crude.

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[000336] The above crude compound was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) and under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C, warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the crude was washed with diethyl ether (10 mL), hexane (10 mL) and triturated with CH₂Cl₂: hexanes (4: 1, 5 mL) to afford compound **332** (100 mg, 96%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS:** 30.80%; 218.8 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.51 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 1-(2-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-2-methylpropan-2-ol hydrochloride (338):



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[000337] **Synthesis of methyl 2-(2-bromophenyl) acetate (334):** To a stirring solution of 2-(2-bromophenyl) acetic acid **333** (5 g, 23.25 mmol) in MeOH (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added thionyl chloride (2.00 mL, 27.90 mmol) dropwise at 0 °C for 15 min; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (300 mL) and the pH was neutralized with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (200 mL). The organic layer was separated dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **334** (5 g, 94%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.62 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.36 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H);

[000338] **Synthesis of methyl 2-(2-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) acetate (335):** To a stirring solution of compound **334** (4.5 g, 19.65 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (5.98 g, 23.58 mmol), potassium acetate (8.30 g, 84.50 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min; to this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (1.43 g, 1.96 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min, heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with 50% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 80 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10-12% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **335** (3 g, 55%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 7.85 (br d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.21 (br d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 12H);

[000339] **Synthesis of methyl 2-(2-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) acetate (336):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.02 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 30 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **335** (1.33 g, 4.82 mmol) and potassium phosphate (2.55 g, 12.06 mmol) in sealed tube at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (294 mg, 0.40 mmol) and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction

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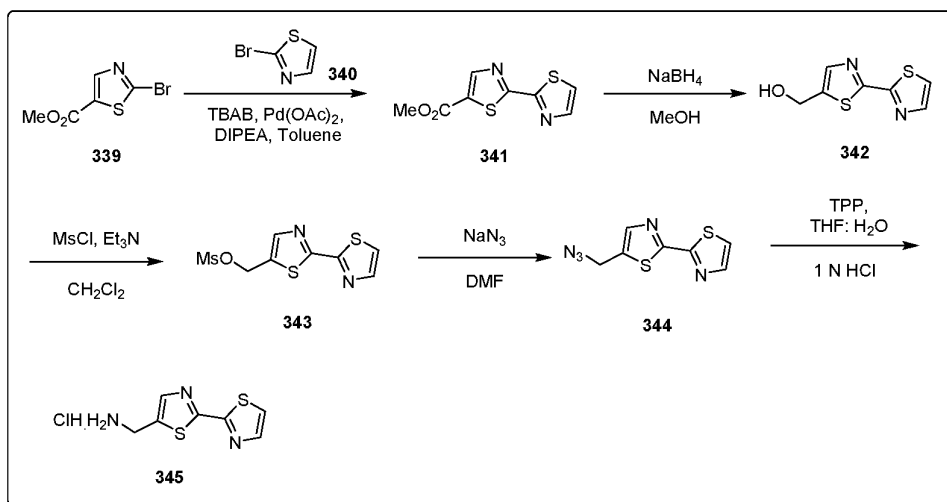
was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10-15% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **336** (700 mg, 48%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.71-7.64 (m, 2H),
5 7.56 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.37 (m, 3H), 4.33 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 9H);

[000340] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(2-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (337): To a stirring solution of compound **336** (700 mg, 1.93 mmol) in anhydrous THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added methylmagnesium bromide (5.79
10 mL, 17.40 mmol, 3 M sol. In diethylether) at -10 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous saturated ammonium chloride solution (70 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 70 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel (100-
15 200 mesh) column chromatography using 30-40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **337** (200 mg, 29%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.56 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H), 4.35 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.07 (s, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.00 (s, 6H);

[000341] Synthesis of 1-(2-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-2-methylpropan-2-ol hydrochloride (338): To a stirring solution of compound **337** (200 mg, 0.55 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL)
25 and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **338** (160 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.45 (br s, 3H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.53 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 1H), 4.37 (q, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (s, 2H), 0.99 (s, 6H);

30 **Synthesis of [2, 2'-bithiazol]-5-ylmethanamine hydrochloride (345):**

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[000342] Synthesis of methyl [2, 2'-bithiazole]-5-carboxylate (341): To a stirring solution of methyl 2-bromothiazole-5-carboxylate **339** (3 g, 13.51 mmol) in Toulene (50 mL) under inert atmosphere in a sealed tube were added 2-bromothiazole **340** (5.9 g, 40.41 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (1.7 mL, 13.50 mmol), tetrabutylammonium bromide (2.10 g, 6.52 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (150 mg, 0.66 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column flash chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford crude compound **341** (1.5 g, crude) which was carried to next step without further purification. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.5);

[000343] Synthesis of [2, 2'-bithiazol]-5-ylmethanol (342): To a stirring solution of compound **341** (1.5 g, 6.63 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium borohydride (1.5 g, 39.82 mmol) portion wise for 15 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column flash chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **342** (800 mg, 30%, over 2 steps) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.97 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 3.05 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 5.72 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz,

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1H), 4.73 (dd, $J = 5.8, 0.9$ Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 60.68%; 234.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.44 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

- 5 **[000344] Synthesis of [2, 2'-bithiazol]-5-ylmethyl methanesulfonate (343):** To a stirring solution of compound **342** (800 mg, 4.04 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (1.73 mL, 12.12 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.13 mL, 0.08 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), extracted
10 with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL) The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **343** (1.1 g, 99%) as brown liquid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.02-7.99 (m, 2H), 7.96 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H); **LC-MS** 88.94%; 278.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.26 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:
15 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

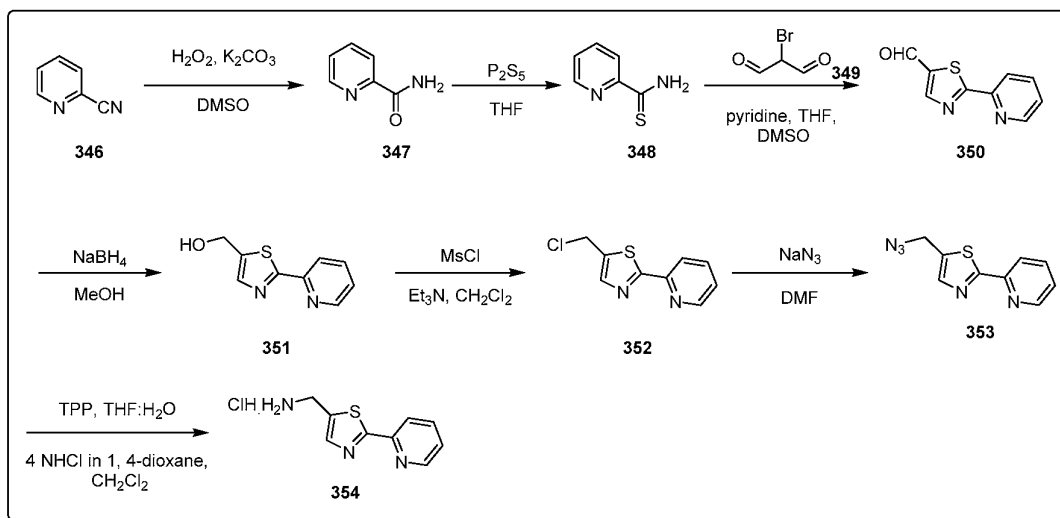
- [000345] Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2, 2'-bithiazole (344):** To a stirring solution of compound **343** (1.1 g, 3.98 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (778 mg, 11.95 mmol) at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was
20 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (100 mL) The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **344** (600 mg, 67%) as colorless liquid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.00 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**:
25 88.41%; 223.8 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.20 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

- [000346] Synthesis of [2, 2'-bithiazol]-5-ylmethanamine hydrochloride (345):** To a stirring solution of compound **344** (600 mg, 2.69 mmol) in THF: H_2O (4: 1, 5 mL) was added triphenyl
30 phosphine (846 mg, 3.22 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was

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monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~2 with 1 N HCl. The aqueous layer was washed with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The aqueous layer was concentrated *in vacuo* and further dried by azeotropic distillation using toluene (10 mL) to afford compound **345** (600 mg, crude) as pale yellow solid. The crude was taken forward for next step without further purification. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2).

Synthesis of (2-(pyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (**354**):



- [000347] Synthesis of picolinamide (347):** To a stirring solution of picolinonitrile **346** (30 g, 296.91 mmol) in DMSO (300 mL) was added potassium carbonate (39.8 g, 288.35 mmol) followed by slow addition of 30% H₂O₂ (300 mL, 10 vol) for 20 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL) and washed with water (2 x 100 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (4 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **347** (45 g) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2).

- [000348] Synthesis of pyridine-2-carbothioamide (348):** To a stirring solution of compound **347** (45 g, 368.45 mmol) in THF (500 mL) under inert atmosphere was added P₂S₅ (81.97 g,

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368.85 mmol) at 0 °C, RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC after 16 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (2 x 80 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **348** (13 g, 26%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 10.17 (br s, 1H), 9.91 (br s, 1H), 8.64-8.57 (m, 1H), 8.50 (td *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (td, *J* = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.57 (m, 1H).

[000349] Synthesis of 2-(pyridin-2-yl) thiazole-5-carbaldehyde (350): A mixture of compound **348** (6 g, 43.41 mmol) and pyridine (12 mL) in THF (120 mL) was heated to 50 °C for 15 min, added 2-bromomalonadehyde **349** (9.2 g, 60.92 mmol), heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (30 mL), brine (30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel flash column chromatography using 5-20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **350** as brown solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.73-8.70 (m, 1H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.07-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.60 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 94.69%; 190.8 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.93 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000350] Synthesis of (2-(pyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanol (351): To a stirring solution of compound **350** (1.5 g, 7.81 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium borohydride (600 mg, 15.78 mmol) portion wise for 15 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10-40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **351** (1 g, 30%, over 2 steps) as pale brown solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz,**

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DMSO-*d*₆: δ 8.65-8.58 (m, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.97-7.92 (m, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.49-7.45 (m, 1H), 5.63 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 99.64%; 192.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.47 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000351] Synthesis of 5-(chloromethyl)-2-(pyridin-2-yl) thiazole (352): To a stirring solution of compound **351** (1.0 g, 5.20 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.46 mL, 10.41 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (712 mg, 6.25 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion
10 of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (2 x 50 mL), brine (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **352** (900 mg, 83%) as pale brown solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 8.70-8.60 (m, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 8.01-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.52
15 (m, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 0.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 97.86%; 210.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.27 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000352] Synthesis of 5-(azidomethyl)-2-(pyridin-2-yl) thiazole (353): To a stirring
20 solution of compound **352** (900 mg, 4.28 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (557 mg, 8.56 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL) washed with water (50 mL), brine (20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the
25 crude compound **353** (850 mg, 91%) as pale brown solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 8.66-8.61 (m, 1H), 8.12 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.51 (m, 1H), 4.80 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 96.94%; 217.8 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.21 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

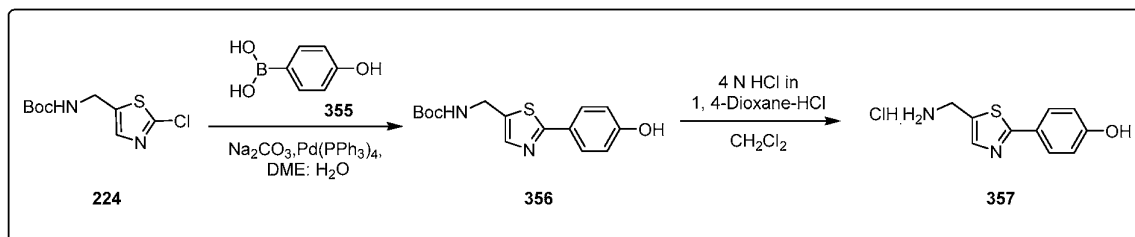
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[000353] Synthesis of (2-(pyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (354):

To a stirring solution of compound **353** (850 mg, 3.91 mmol) in THF: H₂O (15: 5, 25 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (1.23 g, 4.69 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction; the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude amine (1.02 g crude). **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1);

[000354] To the above crude amine (1.02 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 50 mL), CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 60 mL), EtOAc (2 x 50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **354** (850 mg, 96%; HCl salt) as an hygroscopic off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 8.65 (br s, 3H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.69-7.46 (m, 2H), 4.36-4.32 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 86.55%; 191.8 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.09 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN: 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH; 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenol hydrochloride (357):**[000355] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (356):**

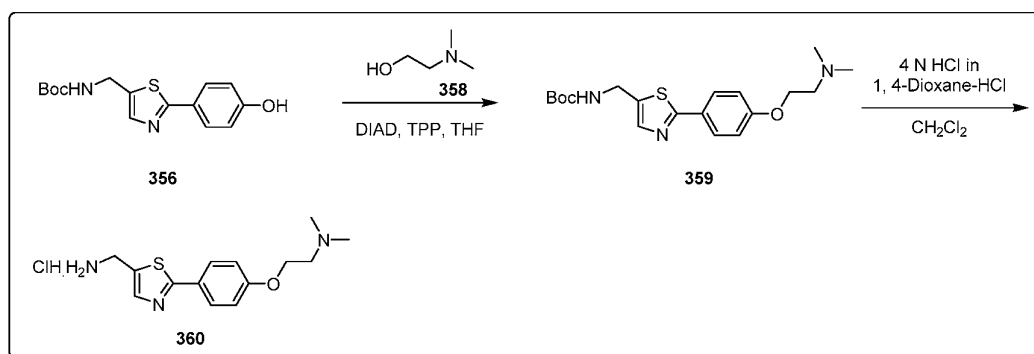
To a stirring solution of tert-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (500 mg, 2.01 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 20 mL) were added sodium carbonate (640 mg, 6.03 mmol) and (4-hydroxyphenyl) boronic acid **355** (416 mg, 3.01 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min in a sealed tube. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (231 mg, 0.20 mmol) at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted

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with EtOAc (200 mL), washed with water (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **356** (250 mg, 41%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** 9.92 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.28 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000356] Synthesis of 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenol hydrochloride (357): To a stirring solution of compound **356** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- Dioxane (1.25 mL, 4.90 mmol) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **357** (110 mg, 93%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.07 (br s, 1H), 8.51 (br s, 3H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.28 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H).

Synthesis of 2-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N*, *N*-dimethylethan-1-amine hydrochloride (360):



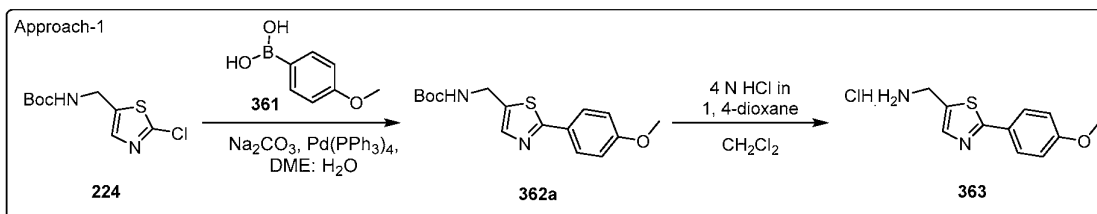
[000357] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(2-(dimethylamino) ethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (359): To a mixture of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (100 mg, 0.32 mmol) and 2-(dimethylamino) ethan-1-ol **358** (43 mg, 0.49 mmol) in THF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added diisopropyl azodicarboxylate

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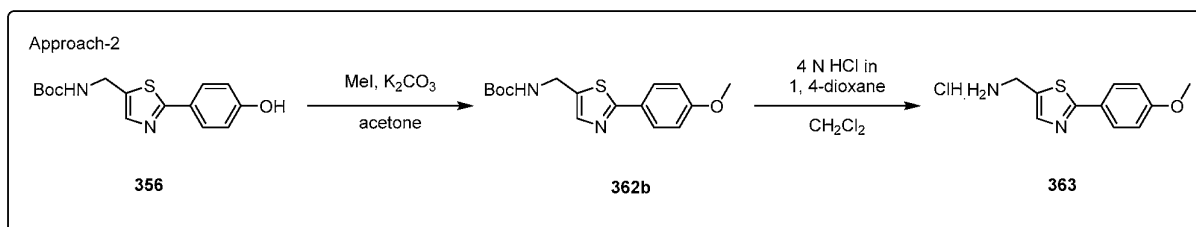
(198 mg, 0.98 mmol) and triphenyl phosphine (256 mg, 0.98 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with water (2 x 50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **359** (60 mg, 49%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (br s, 2H), 2.42 (br s, 6H), 1.40 (s, 9H).

[000358] Synthesis of 2-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N,N*-dimethylethan-1-amine hydrochloride (360): To a stirring solution of compound **359** (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- Dioxane (0.4 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **360** (45 mg, 90%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS:** 94.06%; 277.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 0.42 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of (2-(4-methoxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (363):



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[000359] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-methoxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate

(362a): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.02 mmol) in DMF: H₂O (4: 1, 20 mL) were added sodium carbonate (464 mg, 0.40 mmol) and (4-methoxyphenyl) boronic acid **361** (734 mg, 4.82 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (464 mg, 0.40 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL), washed with water (75 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **362a** (700 mg, 58%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000360] Synthesis of (2-(4-methoxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride

(363): To a stirring solution of compound **362a** (700 mg, 2.18 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under argon atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford compound **363** (550 mg, 99%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.52 (br s, 3H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H).

[000361] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-methoxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate

(362b): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) in acetone (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added

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potassium carbonate (203 mg, 1.47 mmol) and methyl iodide (0.09 mL, 1.47 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate,
 5 filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **362b** (105 mg, 67%) as white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 9H).

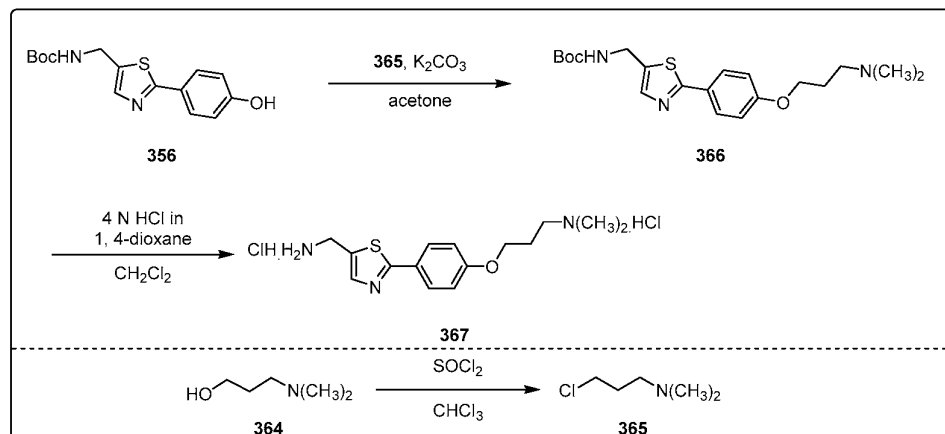
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[000362] Synthesis of (2-(4-methoxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride

(363): To a stirring solution of compound **362b** (100 mg, 0.31 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- Dioxane (0.78 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
 15 volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **363** (65 mg, 81%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.49 (br s, 3H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H).

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Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N,N*-dimethylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride (367):



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[000363] **Synthesis of 3-chloro-*N,N*-dimethylpropan-1-amine (365):** To a stirring solution of 3-(dimethylamino) propan-1-ol **364** (2.0 g, 1.94 mmol) in CHCl₃ (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added thionyl chloride (4.22 mL, 58.23 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 30 mL) to afford compound **365** (2.5 g, 83%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.97 (br s, 1H), 3.74 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.12 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (s, 6H), 2.20-2.12 (m, 2H).

[000364] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(dimethylamino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (366):** To a stirring solution of compound **356** (400 mg, 1.30 mmol) and compound **365** (411 mg, 2.61 mmol) in acetone (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added potassium carbonate (541 mg, 3.91 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **366** (350 mg, 68%) as off-white sticky solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.52-2.48 (m, 2H), 2.28 (s, 6H), 1.96-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H).

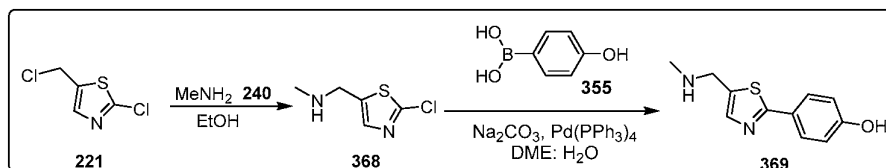
[000365] **Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N,N*-**

dimethylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride (367): To a stirring solution of compound **366** (350 mg, 0.89 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **367** (300 mg, 92%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.86 (br s, 1H), 8.65 (br s, 3H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H),

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4.31 (q, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.28-3.15 (m, 2H), 2.76 (s, 3H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 2.23-2.14 (m, 2H).

Synthesis of 4-(5-((methylamino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenol (369):



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[000366] Synthesis of 1-(2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)-N-methylmethanamine (368): To a stirring solution of 2-chloro-5-(chloromethyl) thiazole **221** (2 g, 11.90 mmol) in EtOH (15 mL) in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere were added methyl amine **240** (2 M in THF, 1.8 mL, 14.28 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (10 mL) extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **368** (600 mg, 31%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.7); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.57 (s, 1H), 4.08 (br s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 3.17 (s, 3H).

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[000367] Synthesis of 4-(5-((methylamino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenol (369): To a stirring solution of 1-(2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)-N-methylmethanamine **368** (200 mg, 1.23 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 15 mL) were added (4-hydroxyphenyl) boronic acid **355** (170 mg, 1.923 mmol), sodium carbonate (342 mg, 3.70 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (142 mg, 0.12 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **369** (70 mg, 25%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10%

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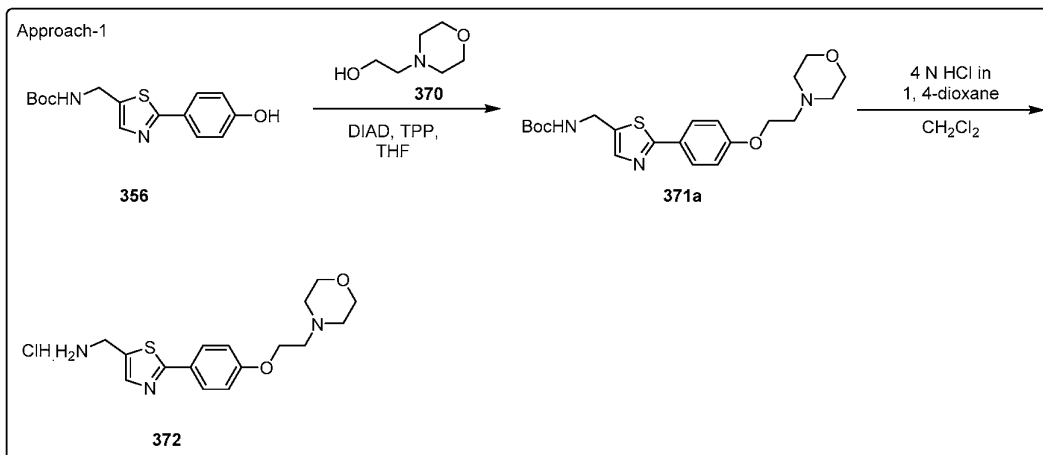
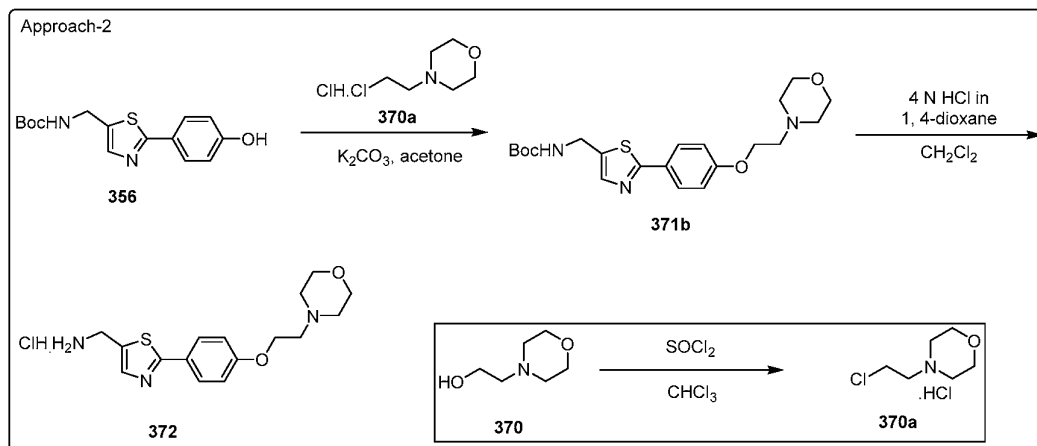
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MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: 9.96 (br s, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (br s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 3.17 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of (2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride

5 (372):



[000368] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)

methyl) carbamate (371a):

To a mixture of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (250 mg, 0.81 mmol) in THF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (495 mg, 2.45 mmol) and triphenyl phosphine (642 mg, 2.45 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added 2-morpholinoethan-1-ol **370** (128 mg, 0.98 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC;

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after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with water (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **371a** (170 mg, 50%) as white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.59-3.54 (m, 4H), 2.69 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.52-2.42 (m, 4H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000369] Synthesis of (2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (372): To a stirring solution of compound **371a** (170 mg, 0.40 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- Dioxane (1 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **372** (100 mg, 56%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.56 (br s, 3H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.35-4.30 (m, 2H), 4.00- 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.85 (t, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 3.60-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.50 -3.47 (m, 2H), 3.25-3.15 (m, 2H).

Synthesis of (2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (372): Approach-2

[000370] Synthesis of 4-(2-chloroethyl) morpholine hydrochloride (370a): To a stirring solution of 3-(dimethylamino) propan-1-ol **370** (3.0 g, 23.07 mmol) in CHCl₃ (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added thionyl chloride (6.88 mL, 69.23 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 30 mL) to afford compound **370a** (3 g, 88%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** 11.65 (br s, 1H), 10.81 (br s, 1H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.98-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.77 (m, 2H), 3.54-3.36 (m, 3H), 3.22-3.03 (m, 2H).

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[000371] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)**methyl) carbamate (371b):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) and 4-(2-chloroethyl) morpholinehydrochloride **370a** (145 mg, 0.98 mmol) in acetone (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was

5 added potassium carbonate (203 mg, 2.45 mmol) at RT; heated to 70-80 °C and stirred for 16 h.

The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were

removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x

100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and

concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column10 chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **371b** (175 mg, 85%) ascolorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ7.79 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.74 (s,1H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.59-3.54 (m, 4H), 2.69 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz,

2H), 2.52-2.42 (m, 4H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

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[000372] Synthesis of (2-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine**hydrochloride (372):** To a stirring solution of compound **371b** (175 mg, 0.40 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂

(5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- Dioxane (5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to

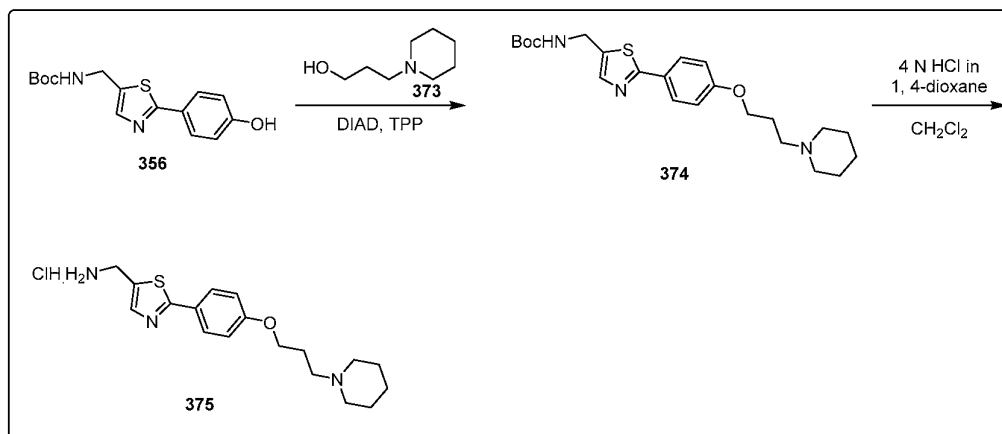
RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction,

20 the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (5 mL) anddried *in vacuo* to afford compound **372** (155 mg, 95%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 10%MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.56 (br s, 3H), 7.92 (s, 1H),7.90 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.35-4.30 (m, 2H),4.00- 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.85 (t, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 3.60-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.50 -3.47 (m, 2H), 3.25-3.15

25 (m, 2H).

Synthesis of (2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (375):

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[000373] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)

methyl) carbamate (374): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (200 mg, 0.65 mmol) in diethyl ether (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triphenylphosphine (256 mg, 0.98 mmol), DIAD (198 mg, 0.98 mmol) and 3-(piperidin-1-yl) propan-1-ol **373** (112 mg, 0.78 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ + 5 mL aqueous ammonia to afford compound **374**

(280 mg, 80%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.45-2.19 (m, 6H), 1.95-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.57-1.45 (m, 4H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.25-1.11 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.75%; 432.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.94 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

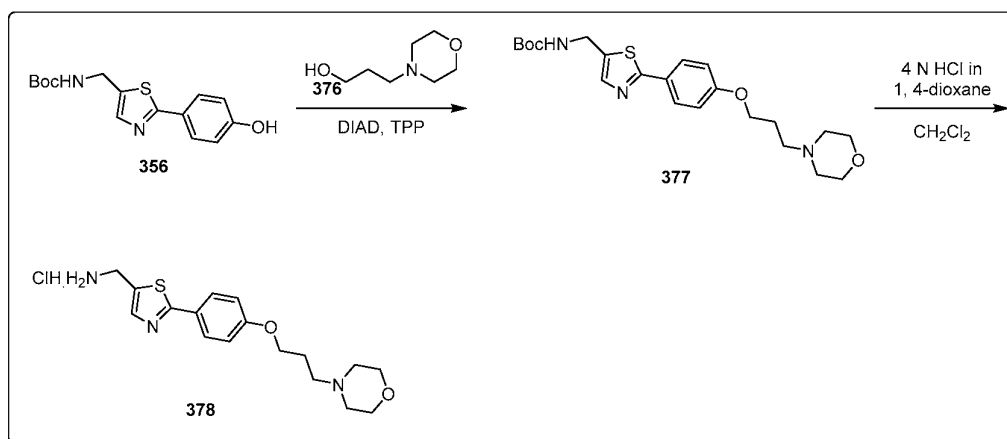
[000374] Synthesis of (2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)

methanamine hydrochloride (375): To a stirring solution of compound **374** (270 mg, 0.62 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL), pentane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **375** (190 mg; 83%) as an off

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white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 10.20 (br s, 1H), 8.48 (br s, 3H), 7.92-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.48-3.43 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.13 (m, 2H), 2.94-2.81 (m, 2H), 2.26-2.16 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.67 (m, 6H); **LC-MS:** 99.67%; 332.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.05 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of (2-(4-(3-morpholinopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (378):



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[000375] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropoxy)phenyl) thiazol-5-

yl)methyl) carbamate (377): To a stirring solution *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (200 mg, 0.65 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triphenyl phosphine (342 mg, 1.30 mmol), DIAD (258 mg, 1.30 mmol) and 3-morpholinopropan-1-ol **376** (0.13 mL, 0.98 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to obtain crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 100% EtOAc to afford compound **377** (250 mg crude) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 100% EtOAc (*R_f*: 0.2). **LC-MS:** 66.02%; 434.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0

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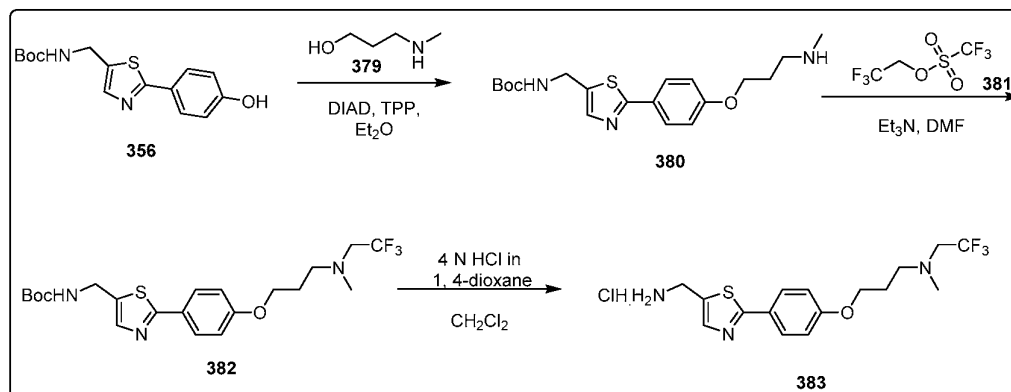
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mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.87 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000376] Synthesis of (2-(4-(3-morpholinopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (378):

To a stirring solution of compound **377** (250 mg, 0.57 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) under argon atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (4 mL) at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (20 mL), EtOAc (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **378** (125 mg; 83%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 9.29 (br s, 1H), 8.98-8.89 (m, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.34-4.30 (m, 2H), 4.11-3.99 (m, 4H), 3.60-3.53 (m, 8H), 1.94-1.86 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 96.49%; 334 (M^+ +1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 1.51 min. 2.5mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: CAN + 5% 2.5mM Aq. NH_4OOCH ; 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N*-methyl-*N*-(2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl) propan-1-amine hydrochloride (383):



[000377] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(methylamino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (380):

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (1 g, 3.26 mmol) in dry diethyl ether (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triphenyl phosphine (2.56 g, 9.80 mmol), 3-(methylamino) propan-1-ol **379** (0.36 mL, 3.92 mmol) and diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (1.98 g, 9.80 mmol) at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2

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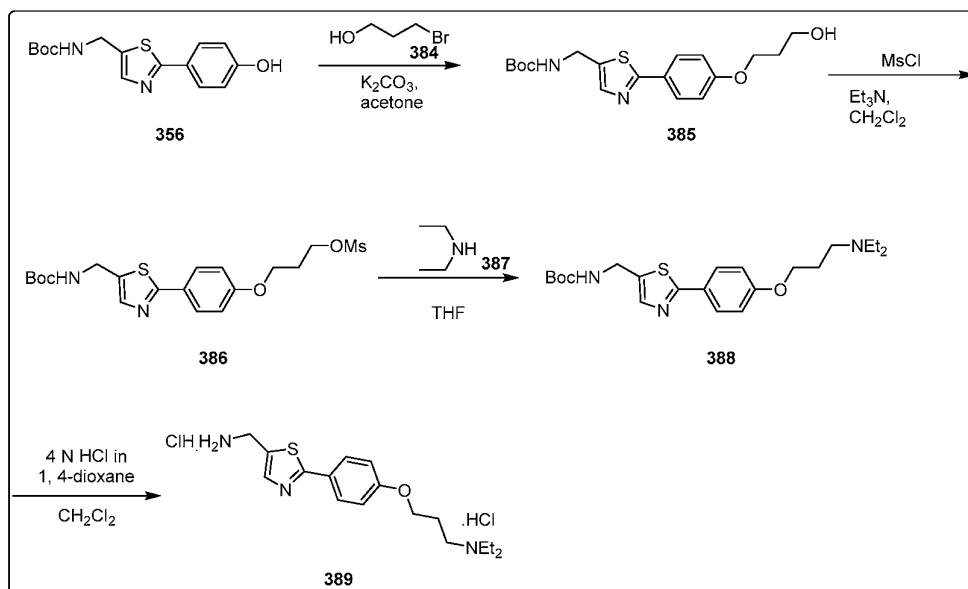
x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **380** (600 mg, 49%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS**: 93.67%; 378.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000378] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(methyl(2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl) amino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (382): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(methylamino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **380** (400 mg, 1.06 mmol) in DMF (8 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.44 mL, 3.18 mmol), 2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl trifluoromethanesulfonate **381** (0.22 mL, 1.59 mmol) at RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 80 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 5-10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **382** (200 mg, 41%) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8). **LC-MS**: 88.52%; 181.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 0.37 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000379] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N*-methyl-*N*-(2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl) propan-1-amine hydrochloride (383): To a stirring solution of compound **382** (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **383** (70 mg, HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS**: 99.39%; 360.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.57 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N*, *N*-diethylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride (389):



- 5 **[000380] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-hydroxypropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (385):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (500 mg, 1.63 mmol) in acetone (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added potassium carbonate (676 mg, 4.90 mmol), 3-bromopropan-1-ol **384** (0.22 mL, 2.45 mmol) and at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after
- 10 completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **385** (400 mg, 67%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 60% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2). **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, **DMSO-*d*₆**): δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 2H), 4.55 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.09 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.61-3.52 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 95.79%; 365.0 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.24 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).
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[000381] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)

phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate (386): To a stirring solution of compound **385** (300 mg, 0.82 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.23 mL, 0.82 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.07 mL, 0.98 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **386** (350 mg, 96%) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 60% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.37 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.16 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 97.12%; 443.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.50 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

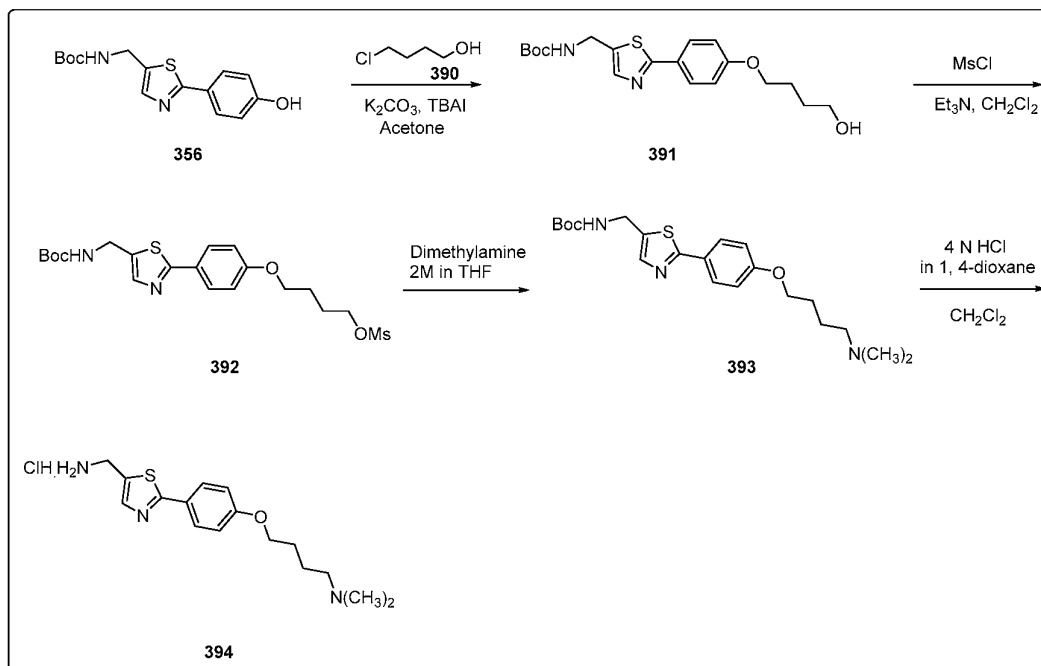
[000382] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(diethylamino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)

methyl) carbamate (388): To a stirring solution of compound **386** (350 mg, 0.79 mmol) in THF (5 mL) in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere was added diethylamine **387** (0.41 mL, 3.96 mmol) at RT; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **388** (220 mg, 66%) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD):** δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 4.11 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.88-2.85 (m, 2H), 2.78 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 4H), 2.10-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H); **LC-MS:** 96.43%; 420.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.94 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000383] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-N, N-diethylpropan-1-amine dihydrochloride (389): To a stirring solution of compound **388** (300 mg, 0.71 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **389** (200 mg, 79%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.53 (br s, 1H), 8.58 (br s, 3H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.22-3.04 (m, 6H), 2.20-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H); **LC-MS:** 98.14%; 320.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.03 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-N, N-dimethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (394):



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[000384] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-hydroxybutoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)

carbamate (391): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (60 mg, 0.19 mmol) in acetone (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added potassium carbonate (81 mg, 0.58 mmol), TBAI (7.2 mg, 0.019 mmol) and
5 4Chlorobutanol **390** (0.49 mL, 4.90 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel flash column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes; to afford compound **391** (40 mg, 54%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 50%
10 EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **LC-MS:** 99.31%; 379.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.29 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000385] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)

phenoxy) butyl methanesulfonate (392): To a stirring solution of compound **391** (200 mg, 0.52 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (106 mg, 1.05 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (90 mg, 0.79 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic
20 extracts were washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and water (30 mL); dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **392** (220 mg, 91%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **LC-MS:** 97.66%; 457.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.56 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000386] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(dimethylamino) butoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)

methyl) carbamate (393): To a stirring solution of compound **392** (220 mg, crude 0.48 mmol)) in THF (2 mL) in a sealed tube was added 2 M dimethylamine in THF (3 mL) at RT and heated to 60 °C for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were
30 removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either purified through silica gel column

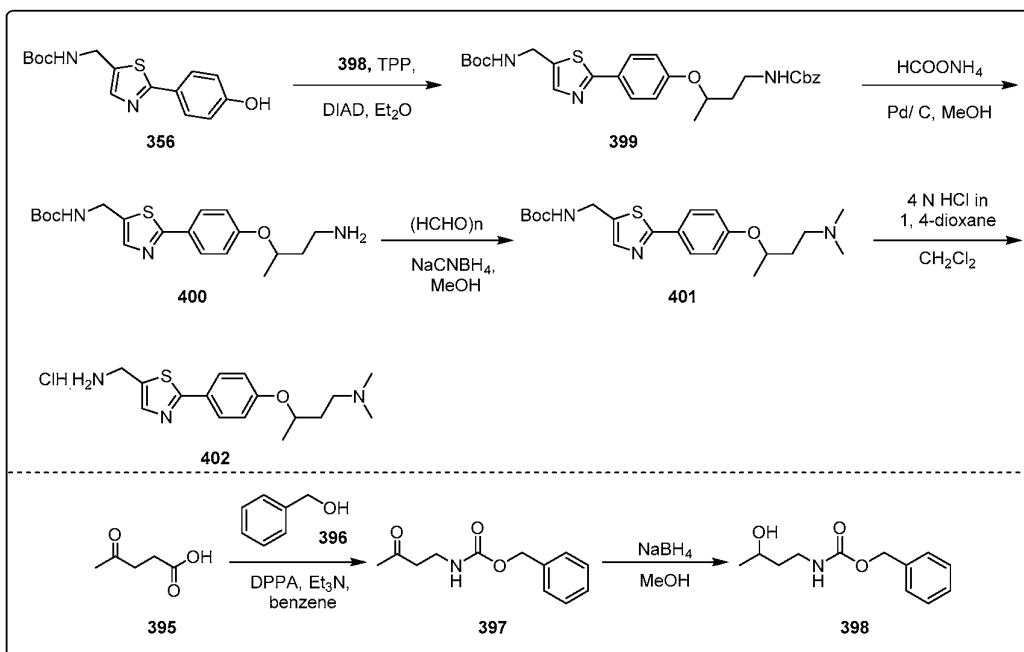
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chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **393** (180 mg, 84%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (s, 6H), 1.78-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 98.90%; 406.1 (M⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.92 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000387] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N,N*-dimethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (394): To a stirring solution of compound **393** (230 mg, 0.56 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (6 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **394** (135 mg; 70%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 10.41 (br s, 1H), 8.54 (br s, 3H), 7.95-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.11-7.05 (m, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.17-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.14-3.03 (m, 2H), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 1.89-1.74 (m, 4H);

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Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-N, N-dimethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (402):



[000388] Synthesis of benzyl (3-oxobutyl) carbamate (397):

To a stirring solution of 4-oxopentanoic acid **395** (3.5 g, 30.15 mmol) in benzene (50 mL) were added diphenyl phosphonic azide (8.30 g, 30.17 mmol) and triethylamine (4.4 mL, 30.17 mmol) at RT; heated to 50 °C for 30 min. To this was added benzyl alcohol **396** (4.8 g, 45.26 mmol) and heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed in vacuo to obtain the crude. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with 5% citric acid solution (50 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (50 mL), water (50 mL), brine (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **397** (3 g, 45%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.40-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 3.23-3.17 (m, 2H), 2.60 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.08 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 80.94%; 222.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.98 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

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[000389] **Synthesis of benzyl (3-hydroxybutyl) carbamate (398):** To a stirring solution of benzyl (3-oxobutyl) carbamate 397 (2 g, 9.05) in MeOH (50 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium borohydride (687 mg, 18.09 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to crude compound 398 (1.8 g, 90%) as colorless liquid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.41-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.66-3.56 (m, 1H), 3.11-3.00 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.04 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 3H); LC-MS: 96.96%; 223.7 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.99 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000390] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(((benzyloxy) carbonyl) amino) butan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (399):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate 398 (2 g, 8.97 mmol) in diethyl ether (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triphenylphosphine (7.1 g, 26.91 mmol), DIAD (5.4 g, 26.91 mmol) and benzyl (3-hydroxybutyl) carbamate 356 (2.74 g, 8.97 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20-50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 399 (1.2 g, crude) as brown color sticky solid. TLC: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); LC-MS: 67.64%; 512.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.87 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000391] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-aminobutan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (400):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(((benzyloxy) carbonyl) amino) butan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate 399 (600 mg, 1.17 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (50% wet, 600 mg), ammonium formate (2.95 g, 46.96 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was

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filtered through celite washed with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (50 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel (100-200 mesh) column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 400 (120 mg, 30%) as an colorless liquid. TLC: 15% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.70-4.60 (m, 1H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.76-2.64 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.61 (m, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H); LC-MS: 96.47%; 378.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.90 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

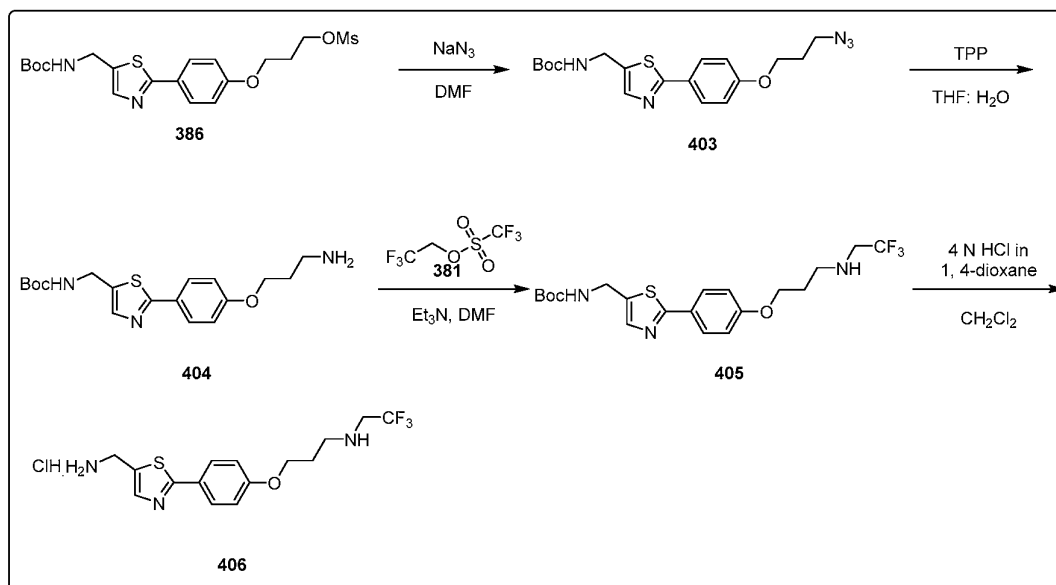
[000392] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-(dimethylamino) butan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (401): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-aminobutan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **400** (180 mg, 0.47 mmol) in MeOH (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added paraformaldehyde (143 mg, 4.77 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (150 mg, 2.39 mmol) portion wise for 5 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (50 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (5% aqueous ammonia) to afford compound **401** (90 mg, crude) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **LC-MS:** 54.78%; 406.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.92 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000393] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N,N*-dimethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (402): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-(dimethylamino) butan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **401** (90 mg, 0.22 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to

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RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **402** (70 mg; HCl salt) as yellow sticky solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **LC-MS**: 79.21%; 306.0 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.03 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:
 5 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-N-(2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl) propan-1-amine hydrochloride (406):



- 10 **[000394] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-azidopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (403):** To a stirring solution of 4 3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate **386** (1 g, 2.26 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (441 mg, 6.70 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
 15 reaction mixture was diluted water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was triturated with diethylether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **403** (900 mg, 68%) as sticky solid. **TLC**: 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.05

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(d, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.10 (t, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.52 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.03-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 96.94%; 390.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.82 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

- 5 **[000395] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-aminopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (404):** To a stirring solution of compound **403** (900 mg, crude) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 12.5 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (606 mg, 2.31 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL aqueous ammonia) to afford compound **404** (530 mg, 63%)
10 as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 8.42 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.54 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.11 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.88 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.97 (p, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 99.67%; 364.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA,
15 1.2 mL/min).

- [000396] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-((2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl) amino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (405):** To a stirring solution of compound **404** (400 mg, 1.10 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.46 mL, 3.30
20 mmol), 2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (0.47 mL, 3.30 mmol) at RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 $\times$ 80 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2%
25 MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **405** (300 mg, 61%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.7). **LC-MS**: 98.65%; 446.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.98 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

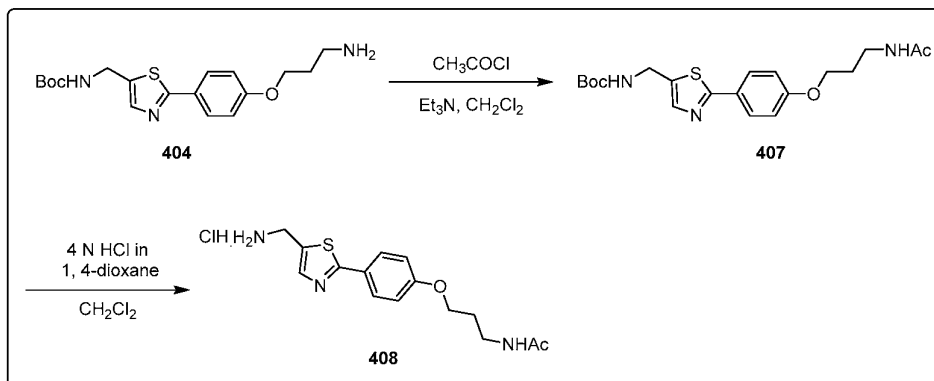
- [000397] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N*-(2, 2, 2-trifluoroethyl) propan-1-amine hydrochloride (406):** To a stirring solution of compound **405**
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(300 mg, 0.67 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **406** (230 mg, 89%; HCl salt) as brown solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 10.15 (br, 2H), 8.56 (br s, 3H), 7.94-7.81 (m, 3H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 4.32 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.21-4.08 (m, 2H), 3.21 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.27-2.18 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.51%; 346.0 (M^+ +1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.97 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH : 5% ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

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Synthesis of *N*-(3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) acetamide hydrochloride (408):



[000398] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-acetamidopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)

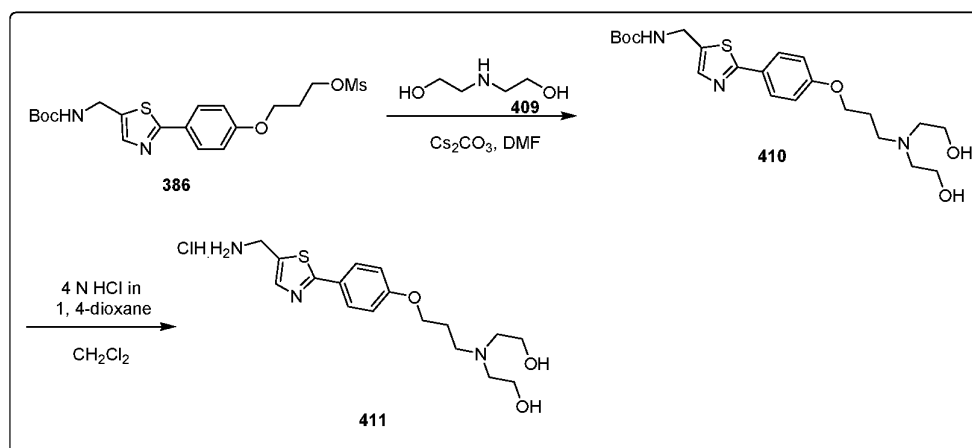
methyl) carbamate (407): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-aminopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **404** (250 mg, 0.68 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.25 mL, 1.70 mmol), acetylchloride (0.053 mL, 0.75 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL), washed with water (75 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude which was triturated with 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (10 mL), diethylether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **407** (220 mg, 79%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.6); **^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 8.11-8.02 (m,

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0.6H), 7.90 (t, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 0.4H), 7.81 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, $J = 9.0, 2.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.08-4.00 (m, 2H), 3.28-3.16 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.82 (m, 3.5H), 1.80 (s, 1.5H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 98.81%; 406.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 2.18 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: 5 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000399] Synthesis of *N*-(3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) acetamide hydrochloride (408): To a stirring solution of compound **407** (210 mg, 0.48 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0°C ; warmed to 10 RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 50 mL), *n*-hexane (25 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **408** (160 mg, 91%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz)**: δ 8.52 (br s, 3H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 (dd, $J = 8.7, 2.9$ Hz, 2H), 15 4.32 (q, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.06 (q, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.29-3.14 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.80 (s, 3H);

Synthesis of 2, 2'-((3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) azanediyl) bis (ethan-1-ol) hydrochloride (411):



20

[000400] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(bis(2-hydroxyethyl) amino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (410): To a stirring solution of compound **386** (1.7 g, 3.84

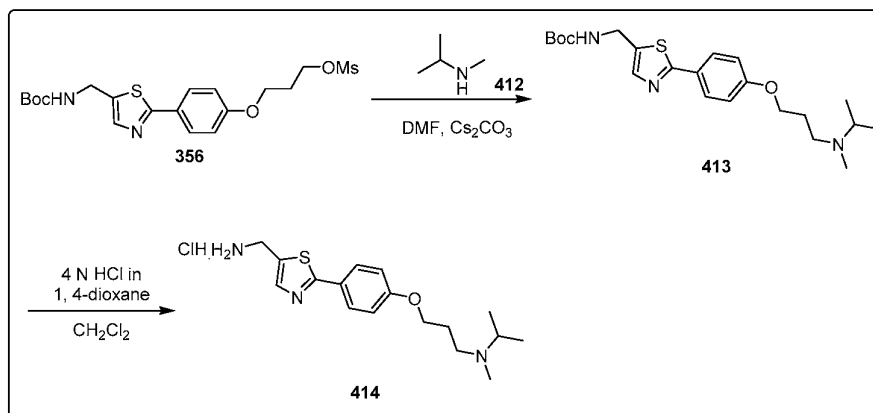
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mmol) in DMF (30 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 2,2'-azanediyldis(ethan-1-ol) **409** (807 mg, 7.69 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1.6 g, 11.52 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and washed with water. The organic
5 extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **410** (400 mg, 23%) as sticky solid. **TLC:** MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.52 (br t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.54 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 6.4
10 Hz, 2H), 3.55 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.89-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 89.41%; 452.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.80 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000401] Synthesis of 2, 2'-((3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)
15 **azanediyld) bis (ethan-1-ol) hydrochloride (411):** To a stirring solution of compound **410** (400 mg, 0.88 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with isopropanol (3 mL), EtOAc (7 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **411** (350 mg
20 crude, HCl salt) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.92-8.83 (m, 1H), 8.75-8.63 (m, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.04-3.89 (m, 2H), 3.38-3.32 (m, 1H), 3.28-3.20 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.71 (m, 2H), 2.28-2.18 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.41-1.28 (m,
25 1H);

Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-methylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride (414):

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[000402] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(isopropyl (methyl) amino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (413):

To a stirring solution of 3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate **356** (1.3 g, 2.94 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added potassium carbonate (1.22 g, 8.82 mmol), *N*-methylpropan-2-amine **412** (430 mg, 5.89 mmol) at RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL), washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 6% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **413** (300 mg, 32%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4). LC-MS: 96.38%; 420.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.92 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

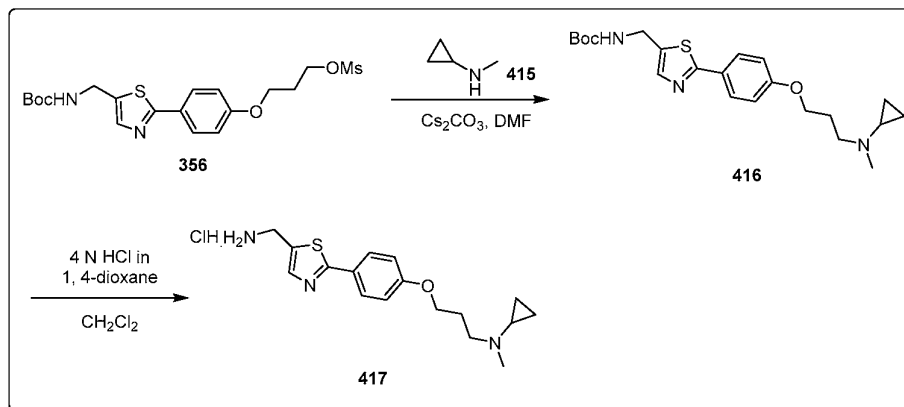
[000403] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-methylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride (414):

To a stirring solution of compound **413** (300 mg, 0.71 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **414** (260 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): 10.41 (br s, 1H), 8.54 (br s, 3H), 7.92-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J*

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= 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.58-3.54 (m, 2H), 3.29-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.05 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.14 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); **Mass:** 320.1 (M^+ +1);

Synthesis of *N*-(3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)-*N*-methylcyclopropanamine hydrochloride (417):



[000404] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(cyclopropyl (methyl) amino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (416):

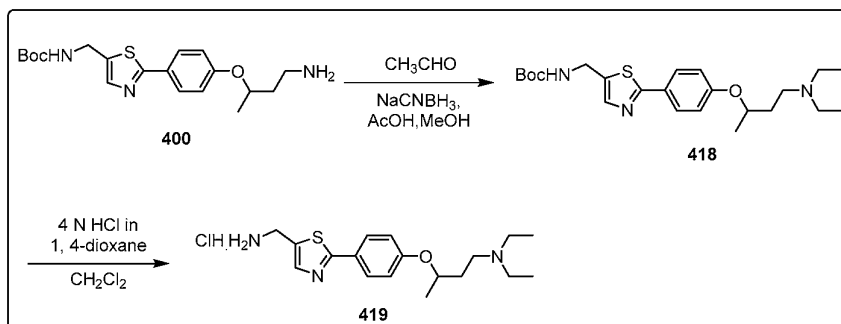
To a stirring solution of 3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate 356 (1.0 g, 2.26 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added potassium carbonate (935 mg, 13.57 mmol), *N*-methylcyclopropanamine 415 (963 mg, 13.57 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL), washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude.

The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 416 (180 mg, 19%) as sticky solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.4). LC-MS: 96.38%; 418.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.94 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.80 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.88 (p, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.65-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 0.45-0.38 (m, 2H), 0.29-0.24 (m, 2H);

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[000405] Synthesis of *N*-(3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)-*N*-methylcyclopropanamine hydrochloride (417): To a stirring solution of compound **416** (180 mg, 0.43 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **417** (160 mg, HCl salt) as sticky solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** 11.00 (br s, 1H), 8.65 (br s, 3H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.40-3.26 (m, 2H), 2.90-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.82 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 3H), 2.35-2.19 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.04 (m, 2H), 0.94-0.73 (m, 2H); **LC-MS (Agilent Ion Trap):** 90.32%; 318.3 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.72 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-(diethylamino) butan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (419):



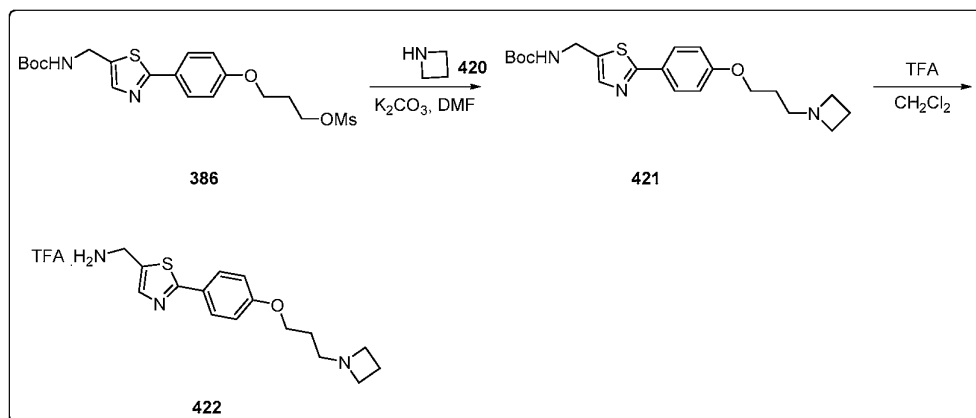
[000406] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-(diethylamino) butan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (418): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-aminobutan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **400** (200 mg, 0.53 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added acetaldehyde (116 mg, 2.65 mmol), acetic acid (0.05 mL) and sodium cyanoborohydride (167 mg, 2.65 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted

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with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **418** (200 mg, 87%) as colorless syrup. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.74-4.50 (m, 1H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.14-2.93 (m, 6H), 1.41-1.38 (m, 11H), 1.30 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.17 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); **LC-MS**: 87.75%; 434.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.03 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000407] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-*N,N*-diethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (419): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((4-(diethylamino) butan-2-yl) oxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **418** (200 mg, 0.46 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **419** (200 mg) as yellow sticky solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS**: 89.46%; 334.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.00 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1-(((2-(4-(3-(azetidin-1-yl) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1*H*-azany)-2, 2, 2-trifluoroethan-1-one (422):



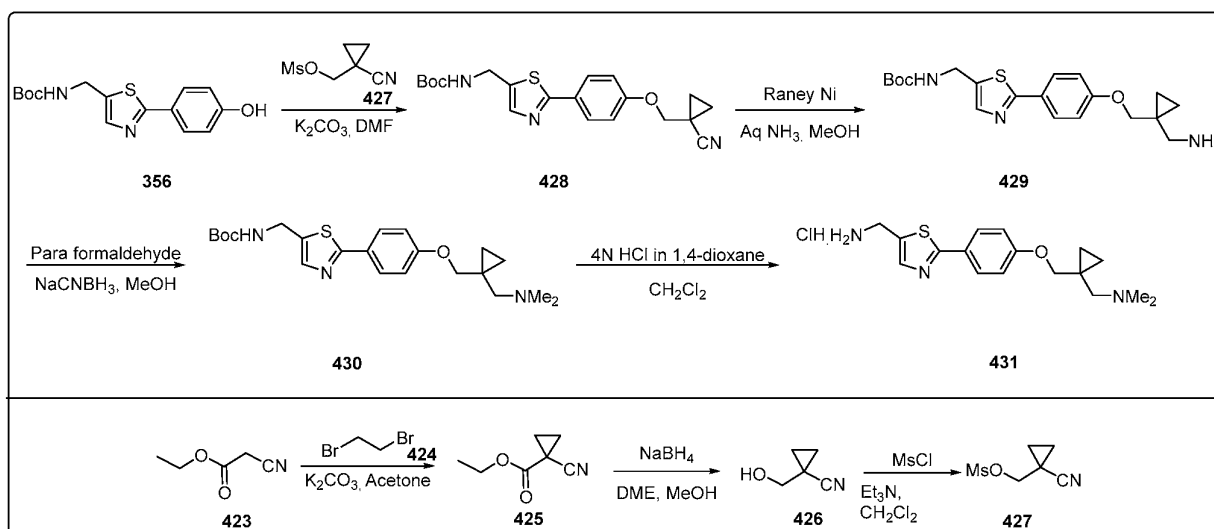
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[000408] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(azetidin-1-yl) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (421): To a stirring solution of compound **386** (1 g, 2.47 mmol) in DMF (30 mL) were added potassium carbonate (1.7 g, 12.37 mmol) and azetidine **420** (705 mg, 12.37 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford crude compound **421** (130 mg) as yellow syrup. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.54-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.04-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.08-3.05 (m, 4H), 2.47-2.42 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 70.31%; 404.1 (M⁺+1) (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.89 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000409] Synthesis of 1-(((2-(4-(3-(azetidin-1-yl) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1*H*-1*H*-azany)-2, 2, 2-trifluoroethan-1-one (422): To a stirring solution of compound **421** (130 mg, 0.29 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (0.06 mL, 0.87 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **422** (100 mg) as an off-white solid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. **TLC**: 70% EtOAc/ Hexane (*R*_f: 0.1); **LC-MS**: 24.00%; 304.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.07 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1-(1-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) cyclopropyl)-*N*, *N*-dimethylmethanamine hydrochloride (431):

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[000410] **Synthesis of ethyl 1-cyanocyclopropane-1-carboxylate (425):** To a stirring
 5 solution of ethyl 2-cyanoacetate **423** (5 g, 44.20 mmol) in acetone (100 mL) were added
 potassium carbonate (18.3 g, 132.60 mmol) and 1,2-dibromo ethane (8 mL, 88.4 mmol) **424** at
 RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The
 reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was
 filtered through celite and washed with acetone (200 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium
 10 sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the compound **425** (10 g, crude) as brown
 liquid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 4.27 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.68 (t, $J = 3.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.68
 (t, $J = 3.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)

[000411] **Synthesis of 1-(hydroxymethyl) cyclopropane-1-carbonitrile (426):** To a stirring
 15 solution of compound **425** (4 g, 28.78 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: MeOH (9: 1, 88 mL)
 was added sodium borohydride (8.7 g, 228.90 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The
 reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after
 completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated sodium
 bicarbonate solution (50 mL) and extracted with 10%MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 50 mL). The
 20 combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to

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afford compound **426** (1.4 g, 54%) as yellow color liquid. **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 4.25 (br s, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 1.32-1.24 (m, 2H), 1.02-0.92 (m, 2H)

[000412] **Synthesis of 1-(hydroxymethyl) cyclopropane-1-carbonitrile (427):** To a stirring solution of compound **426** (1 g, 10.31 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (4.5 mL, 30.93 mmol), methane sulfonyl chloride (1.68 mL, 20.62 mmol) at 0 °C; stirred RT for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL), brine (20 mL) dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **427** (1.5 g) as brown liquid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/Hexane (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 1.49-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.21-1.16 (m, 2H)

[000413] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((1-cyanocyclopropyl) methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (428):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (500 mg, 1.64 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) were added compound **427** (858 mg, 4.90 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1.13 g, 5.0 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was mixture was diluted with ice cold water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 2-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **428** (500 mg, 79%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.54-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (s, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.21-1.12 (m, 4H); **LC-MS:** 85.37%; 386.1 (*M*⁺+1) (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 0.58 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000414] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((1-(aminomethyl) cyclopropyl) methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (429):** To a stirring solution of compound **428** (400 mg, 1.04 mmol) in a mixture of methanol and ammonia (9:1, 50 mL) was added Raney Ni (100 mg) at

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RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and the celite bed was washed with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude.

- 5 The crude was purified through neutral alumina column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **429** (250 mg, 62%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 8.01-7.91 (m, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.57-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.11-4.03 (m, 1H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 2.91 (s, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 0.79-0.72 (m, 2H), 0.70-0.64 (m, 2H);
- 10 **LC-MS:** 89.88%; 390.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.33 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

[000415] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((1-((dimethylamino) methyl) cyclopropyl)

- 15 **methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (430):** To a stirring solution of compound **429** (250 mg, 0.64 mmol) in methanol (25 mL) were added paraformaldehyde (96 mg, 3.21 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (202 mg, 3.21 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was
- 20 dilute with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 2-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **430** (160 mg, 59%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **LC-MS:** 84.53%; 418.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x
- 25 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.55 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

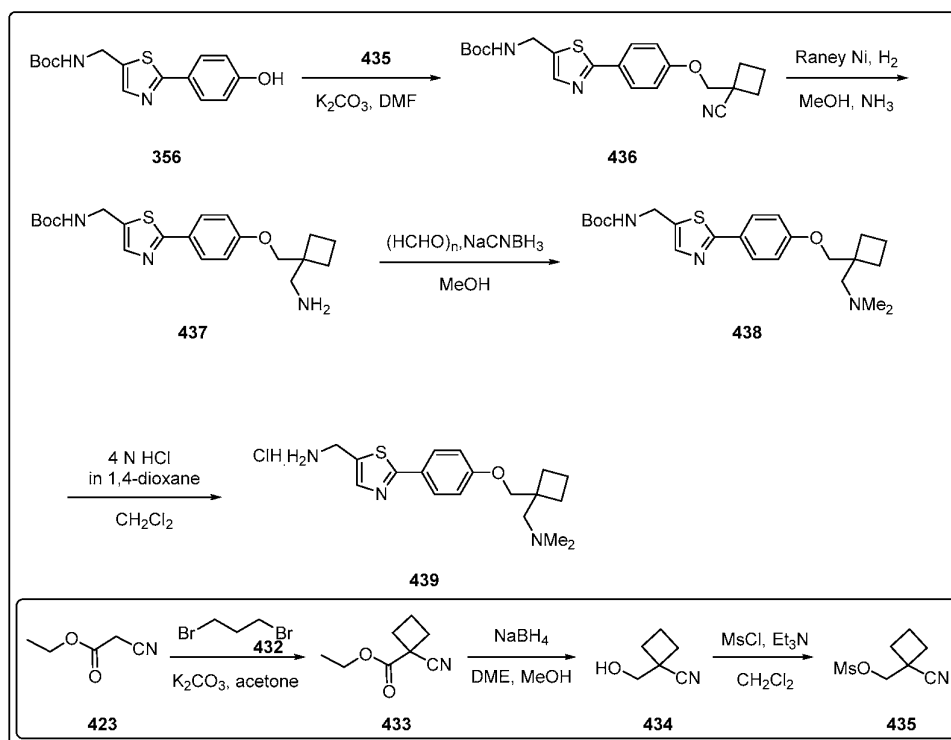
[000416] 1-(1-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) cyclopropyl)-*N,N*-

- 30 **dimethylmethanamine hydrochloride (431):** To a stirring solution of compound **430** (160 mg, 0.38 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) under argon

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atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with ether (20 mL) to afford compound **431** (150 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. TLC: 40% EtOAc/Hexane (R_f 0.1); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ , 8.60 (br s, 3H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.35-4.29 (m, 2H), 4.04 (s, 2H), 3.26-3.18 (m, 2H), 2.82 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 6H), 0.82 (s, 4H); LC-MS: 94.00%; 318.3 (M^+ +1) (des-Boc); (column; Cortecs C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 3.05 min. 2.5 mM Aq NH_4HCO_3 : ACN, 0.8 mL/min);

10 **Synthesis of 1-(1-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) cyclobutyl)-*N*, *N*-dimethylmethanamine hydrochloride (439):**



[000417] **Synthesis of ethyl 1-cyanocyclobutane-1-carboxylate (433):** To a stirring solution of ethyl 2-cyanoacetate **423** (7 g, 61.95 mmol) in acetone (300 mL) were added 1,3-dibromopropane **432** (9.47 mL, 92.92 mmol) and potassium carbonate (25.6 g, 185.84 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70-80 °C and stirred for 16 h.

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The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and the celite bed was washed with EtOAc (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 433 (10 g) as pale yellow liquid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes

5 (R_f : 0.5).

[000418] Synthesis of 1-(hydroxymethyl) cyclobutane-1-carbonitrile (434): To a stirring solution of compound 433 (5 g, crude) in a mixture of DME/MeOH (10:1, 110 mL) was added sodium borohydride (10 g, 261.44 mmol) portion wise at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched slowly with aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 434 (2 g) as pale yellow liquid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3).

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[000419] Synthesis of (1-cyanocyclobutyl) methyl methanesulfonate (435): To a stirring solution of compound 434 (500 mg, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) were added methanesulfonyl chloride (0.4 mL, 5.4 mmol) and triethylamine (0.94 mL, 6.75 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 435 (600 mg) as pale yellow liquid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4).

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[000420] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((1-cyanocyclobutyl) methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (436): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate 356 (1.5 g, 4.9 mmol) in DMF (40 mL) were added compound 435 (3.24 g, 17.16 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2.03 g, 14.7 mmol) at RT under inert

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atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was mixture was diluted with ice cold water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 436 (1.2 g, 61%) as an off white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f: 0.7); LC-MS: 87.97%; 400.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 µm); RT 3.38 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

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[000421] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((1-(aminomethyl) cyclobutyl) methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (437): To a stirring solution of compound 436 (900 mg, 2.25 mmol) in a mixture of methanol and ammonia (10:1, 66 mL) was added Raney Ni (200 mg) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and the celite bed was washed with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 437 (800 mg) as pale yellow sticky syrup. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f: 0.2); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.84-7.81 (m, 2H), 7.53 (br s, 1H), 7.10-7.06 (m, 2H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.32-3.22 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.31 (m, 2H), 2.08-1.79 (m, 6H), 1.39 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 78.30%; 404.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 µm); RT 2.03 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000422] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((1-((dimethylamino) methyl) cyclobutyl) methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (438): To a stirring solution of compound 437 (800 mg, crude) in methanol (30 mL) were added paraformaldehyde (297 mg, 9.92 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (615 mg, 9.92 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dilute

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with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 8% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 438 (560 mg, 65%) as an off white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.16-4.05 (m, 2H), 3.17 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 2.33-2.07 (m, 4H), 2.05-1.77 (m, 8H), 1.40 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 97.54%; 432.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.00 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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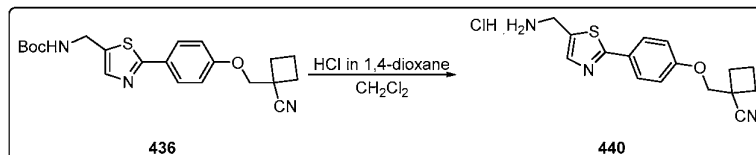
[000423] Synthesis of 1-(1-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) cyclobutyl)-*N*, *N*-dimethylmethanamine hydrochloride (439):

To a stirring solution of compound 438 (560 mg, 1.3 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (13 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with EtOAc (20 mL), diethylether (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 439 (450 mg, HCl salt) as an off white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.65 (br s, 3H), 7.94-7.86 (m, 3H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 2.14-1.88 (m, 6H); LC-MS: 98.70%; 332.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.39 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 1-(1-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) cyclobutane-1-carbonitrile hydrochloride (440):

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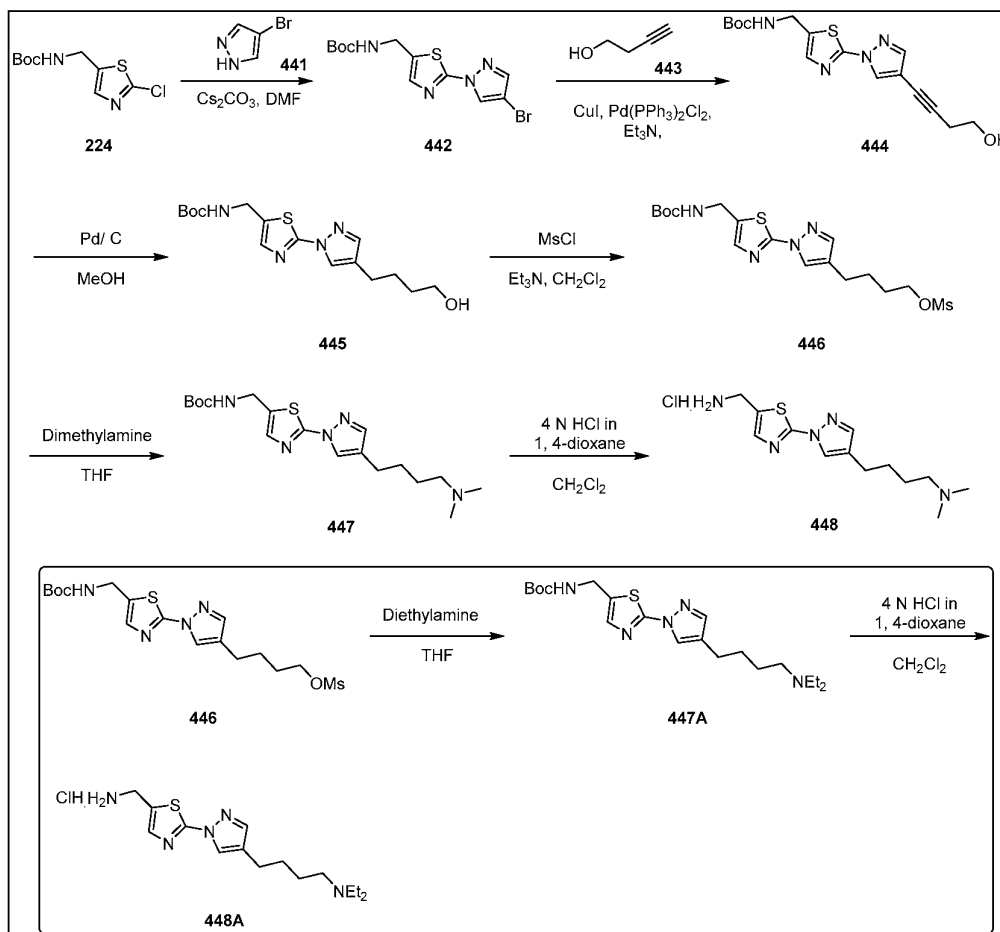
[000424] Synthesis of 1-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl)**cyclobutane-1-carbonitrile hydrochloride (440):** To a stirring solution of compound 436(300 mg, 0.75 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by

5 TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed in vacuo. The crude washed with diethyl ether (10 mL), EtOAc (10 mL) and dried in vacuo to afford compound 440 (150 mg; HCl salt) as pale yellow solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (R_f: 0.1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 8.60 (br s, 3H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (s, 2H), 4.32 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.56-2.50 (m, 2H), 2.33-2.19 (m, 2H), 2.17- 2.07 (m, 10 2H); LC-MS: 98.63%; 299.9 (M⁺⁺¹); (column: Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.05 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of 4-(1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)-*N*, *N*-dimethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (448) and 4-(1-(5-(aminomethyl)thiazol-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)-*N*,*N*-diethyl butan-1-amine hydrochloride (448A):

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[000425] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-bromo-1H-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)

carbamate (442): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate

224 (10 g, 40.32 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 4-bromo-1H-

pyrazole 441 (5.92 g, 40.29 mmol), cesium carbonate (39.4 g, 120.96 mmol) at RT; heated to

80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the

reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (500 mL) and extracted with

EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered

and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column

chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 442 (4.1 g, 29%) as an off-

white solid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 500 MHz): δ 8.74 (s,

1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.57 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 4.27 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H);

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LC-MS: 83.58%; 359.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.69 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000426] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-hydroxybut-1-yn-1-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (444): To a stirring solution of compound **442** (4.1 g, 11.45 mmol) in triethylamine (50 mL) were added but-3-yn-1-ol **443** (1.2 g, 17.18 mmol), Copper(I) iodide (22 mg, 0.11 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (160 mg, 0.22 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 10 min; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **444** (2.7 g, crude) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **LC-MS:** 62.79%; 349.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.25 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000427] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-hydroxybutyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (445): To a stirring solution of compound **444** (2.7 g, 7.75 mmol) in MeOH (30 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (800 mg, 50% w/w) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and eluted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **445** (1.8 g, 67%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.57-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.39-3.34 (m, 2H), 2.49-2.46 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 99.75%; 353.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.19 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000428] **Synthesis of 4-(1-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl) butyl methanesulfonate (446):** To a stirring solution of compound **445** (1.8 g, 5.11 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.5 mL, 10.22 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.62 mL, 7.67 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford crude compound **446** (2 g) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.27 (s, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.58-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 4.27-4.20 (m, 4H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.56-2.51 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.61 (m, 4H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 95.12%; 431.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.53 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000429] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(dimethylamino) butyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (447):** To a stirring solution of compound **446** (1.4 g, 3.25 mmol) in THF (10 mL) in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere was added dimethylamine (5 mL) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **447** (220 mg, 69%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.58-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.76-2.71 (m, 2H), 2.51-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.21 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (s, 6H), 1.56 (p, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 97.07%; 380.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000430] **Synthesis of 4-(1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)-N, N-dimethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (448):** To a stirring solution of compound **447** (1 g, 2.63 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after

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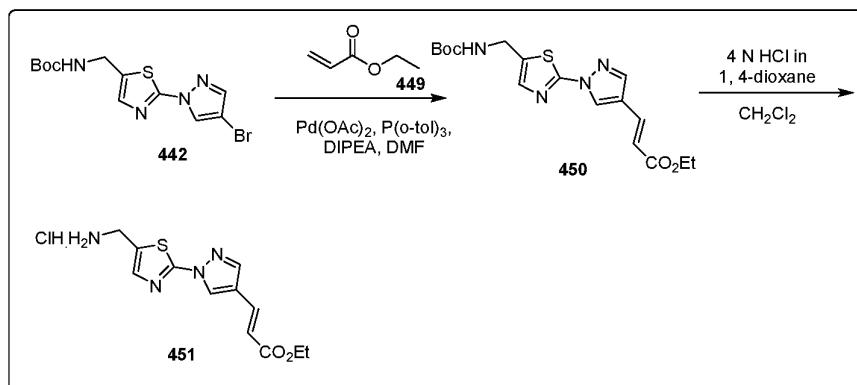
completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL), hexane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **448** (750 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS:** 57.57%; 315.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 0.31 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000431] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(diethylamino)butyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)carbamate (447A): To a stirring solution of compound **446** (2.0 g, 4.65 mmol) in THF (10 mL) in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere was added diethylamine (5 mL) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 6% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **447A** (1.6 g, 85%) as pale brown syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS:** 99.53 %; 408.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.00 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000432] Synthesis of 4-(1-(5-(aminomethyl)thiazol-2-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-N,N-diethyl butan-1-amine hydrochloride (448A): To a stirring solution of compound **447A** (1.6 g, 3.93 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL), hexane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **448A** (750 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS:** 57.57%; 315.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 0.31 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of ethyl (E)-3-(1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl) acrylate hydrochloride (451):

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[000433] Synthesis of ethyl (*E*)-3-(1-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl) acrylate (450): To a stirring solution of methyl *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-bromo-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **442** (1.3 g, 3.61 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under inert atmosphere in a sealed tube were added ethyl acrylate **449** (1.81 g, 18.10 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (2.0 mL, 10.86 mmol), purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min. To this were added P(o-tol)₃ (330 mg, 1.08 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (243 mg, 0.36 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (150 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **450** (550 mg, 40%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 8.90 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS:** 89.66%; 379.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.97 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN : 5%2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH; 0.8 mL/min).

[000434] Synthesis of ethyl (*E*)-3-(1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)

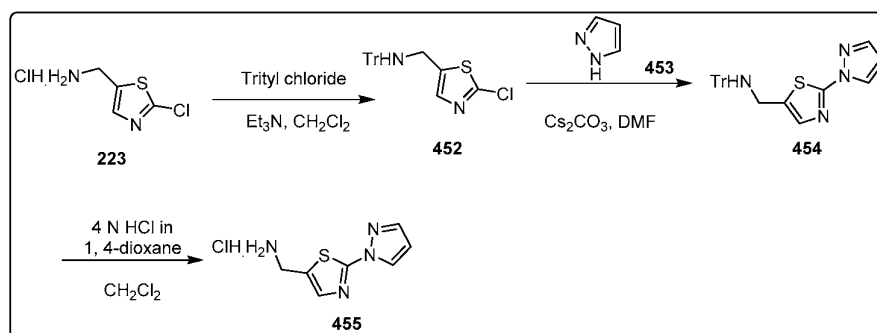
acrylate hydrochloride (451): To a stirring solution of compound **450** (150 mg, 0.39 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with

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diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL), dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **451** (110 mg, 89%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 8.93 (s, 1H), 8.45 (br s, 3H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 4.31-4.30 (m, 2H), 4.17 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H);

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Synthesis of (2-(1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (455):



[000435] Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1, 1, 1-triphenylmethanamine

(452): To a stirring solution of (2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride **223** (1.0 g, 5.43 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (40 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (1.57 mL, 10.86 mmol), trityl chloride (1.57 mL, 6.46 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **452** (1.5 g, 71%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ (R_f : 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.46-7.40 (m, 5H), 7.36-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.26-7.17 (m, 5H), 3.97 (br t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.34-3.27 (m, 2H);

[000436] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1, 1, 1-

triphenylmethanamine (454): To a stirring solution of compound 452 (2 g, 0.51 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 1*H*-pyrazole 453 (70 mg, 1.02 mmol), cesium carbonate (333 mg, 1.02 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column flash chromatography using 5-7% EtOAc/

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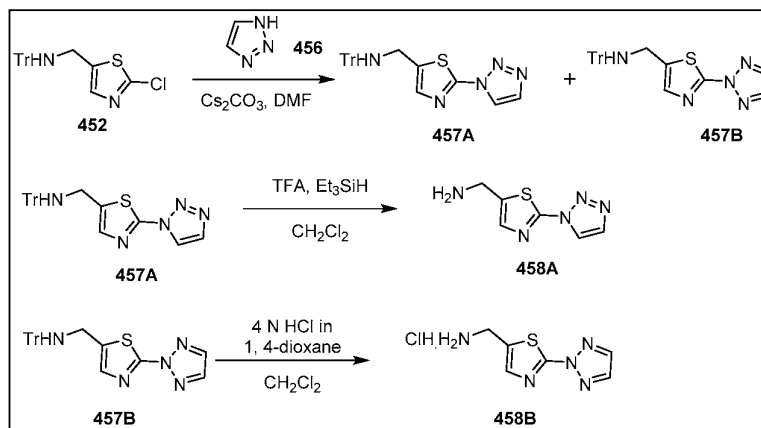
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hexanes to afford compound 454 (110 mg, 51%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 15% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.4). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 8.46 (d, J = 2.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 6H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 7H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 3H), 6.62 (dd, J = 2.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (s, 2H); LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion trap): 99.52%; 423.2 (M+1) $^+$; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 5.33 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH : ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

[000437] Synthesis of (2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (455):

To a stirring solution of compound 454 (200 mg, 0.47 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 455 (90 mg, 88%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 8.56 (br s, 2H), 8.50 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 6.66-6.64 (m, 1H), 4.28 (br s, 2H); LC-MS: 95.50%; 181.9 (M+1) $^+$; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 0.69 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of (2-(2H-1, 2, 3-triazol-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (458A):



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[000438] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(1*H*-1, 2, 3-triazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-1, 1, 1-triphenylmethanamine (457A) & *N*-((2-(2*H*-1, 2, 3-triazol-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1, 1, 1-triphenylmethanamine (457B): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1, 1, 1-triphenylmethanamine 452 (1 g, 2.56 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere
5 were added 1*H*-1, 2, 3-triazole 456 (354 mg, 5.12 mmol), cesium carbonate (2.5 g, 7.69 mmol) at RT; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 32 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 80 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through neutral
10 alumina flash column chromatography using 5-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 457A (250 mg) and 457B (230 mg) as white solids.

[000439] Analytical Data of 457A: TLC: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.87 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.50-7.44 (m,
15 6H), 7.37-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.26-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H);

[000440] Analytical Data of 457B: TLC: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3). ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 8.25 (s, 2H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 6H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 6H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 3H), 4.02 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H).

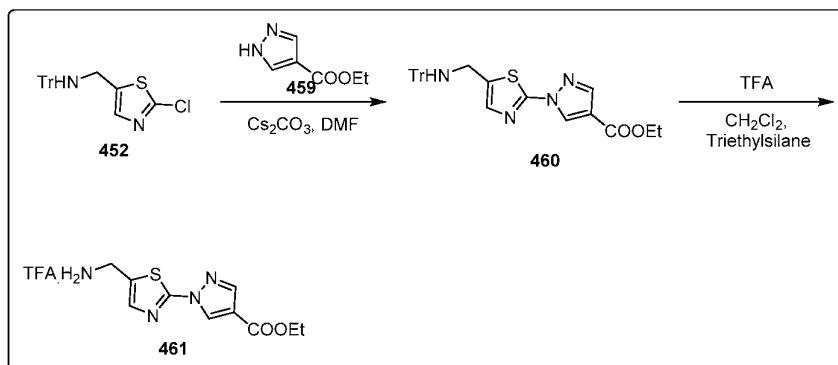
[000441] Synthesis of (2-(1*H*-1, 2, 3-triazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine TFA salt (458A): To a stirring solution of compound 457A (200 mg, 0.47 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL)
20 under inert atmosphere were added triethylsilane (0.15 mL, 0.94 mmol), trifluoroacetic acid (0.2 mL, 2.36 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was washed with *n*-hexane to afford compound 458A (85 mg, 71) as white solid. TLC:
25 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 8.92 (s, 1H), 8.46 (br s, 2H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 4.39 (br s, 2H); LC-MS: 88.52%; 181.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 0.37 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000442] Synthesis of (2-(2H-1, 2, 3-triazol-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine

hydrochloride (458B): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(2H-1, 2, 3-triazol-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1, 1, 1-triphenylmethanamine **457B** (230 mg, 0.54 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **458B** (90 mg, 76%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f* 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.56 (br s, 3H), 8.28 (s, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 4.34 (s, 2H); **LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion trap):** 95.92%; 182.1 (M⁺+1); (column; X-Select CSH C-18, (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.53 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of ethyl 1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylate TFA salt (461):

**[000443] Synthesis of ethyl 1-(5-((tritylamino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole-4-**

carboxylate (460): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1, 1, 1-triphenylmethanamine **452** (500 mg, 1.28 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added ethyl 1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylate **459** (180 mg, 1.28 mmol), cesium carbonate (833 mg, 2.56 mmol) at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 10 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through

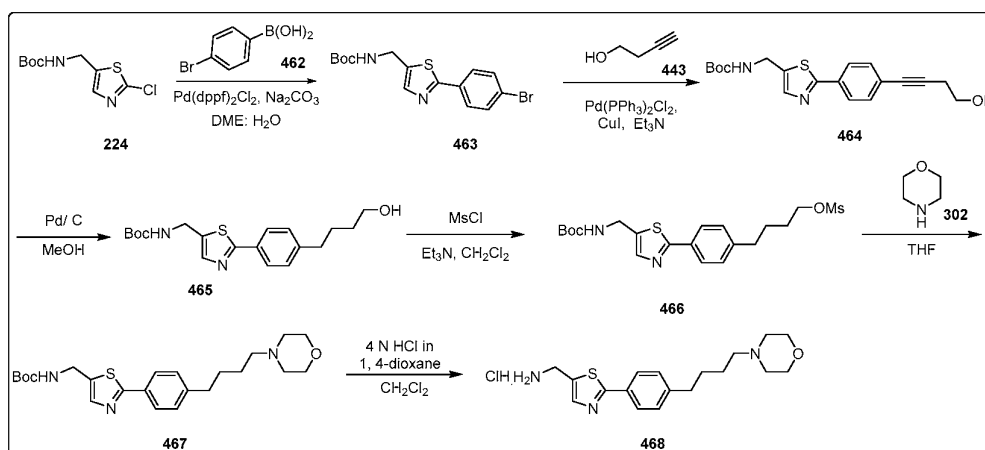
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silica gel flash column chromatography using 20-25% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 460 (200 mg, 32%) as white solid. TLC: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 8.85 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.45 (br d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 6H), 7.32 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 6H), 7.21 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 4.27 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.96 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 3H), 1.30 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H);

[000444] Synthesis of ethyl 1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylate

TFA salt (461): To a stirring solution of compound **460** (200 mg, 0.40 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylsilane (0.12 mL, 0.80 mmol), trifluoroacetic acid (0.16 mL, 2.02 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was washed diethylether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **461** (100 mg, 71) as white solid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 8.91 (br s, 1H), 8.34 (br s, 2H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 4.34 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.28 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.30 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of 2-(4-(4-morpholinobutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (468):



[000445] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-bromophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate

(463): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (10 g, 40.29) in DME: H_2O (4: 1, 100 mL) were added (4-bromophenyl) boronic acid **462** (6.43 g,

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32.16 mmol) and sodium carbonate (14.91 g, 140.73 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and purged under argon for 30 min. Then Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (2.94 g, 4.02 mmol) was added at RT. The reaction mixture was heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (200 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (100 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% EtOAc/Hexane to afford compound **463** (2.5 g, 17%) as white solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5). **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.57 (br s, 1H), 4.34 (br d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H)

[000446] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(4-hydroxybut-1-yn-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)methyl) carbamate (464): To a stirring solution of compound **463** (2.5 g, 3.79 mmol) in triethyl amine (30 mL) were added prop-2-yn-1-ol **443** (456 mg, 8.15 mmol), and copper iodide (12 mg, 0.06 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this were added Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (95 mg, 1.13 mmol) at RT; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles removed under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40-50% EtOAc/Hexane to afford crude compound **464** (2.8 g, crude) as pale yellow solid. **TLC**: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **LC-MS**: 92.51%; 359.50 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.37 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000447] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(4-hydroxybutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (465): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-hydroxybut-1-yn-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **464** (1.3 g, 3.62 mmol) in MeOH (150 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (700 mg, 50% w/w) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and eluted with 20%

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MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (15 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **465** (800 mg, 61%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.59-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.40-4.27 (m, 3H), 3.41 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.68-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.41 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H);

[000448] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl methanesulfonate (466):

To a stirring solution of compound **465** (250 mg, 0.69 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.19 mL, 1.38 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (94 mg, 0.82 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **466** (400 mg) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS:** 93.89%; 441.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.63 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000449] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(4-morpholinobutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (467):

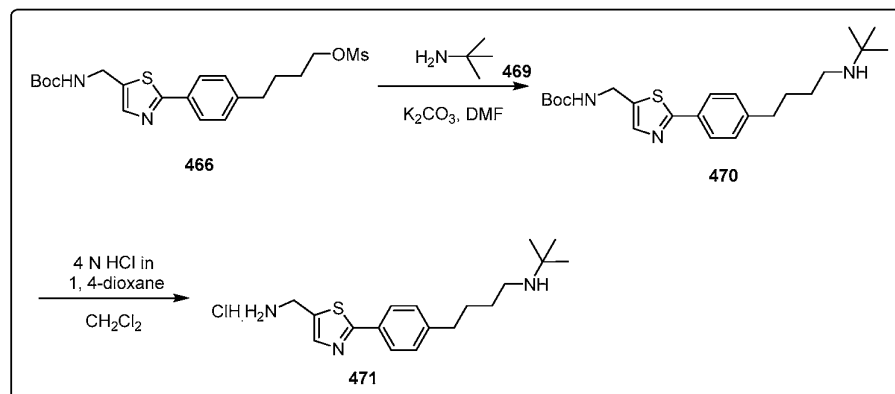
To a stirring solution of compound **466** (330 mg, crude) in THF (10 mL) in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere was added morpholine **302** (326 mg, 3.75 mmol) at RT; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL), washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **467** (210 mg, 70%, over 2 steps) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS:** 97.07%; 432.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.95 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000450] Synthesis of (2-(4-(4-morpholinobutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine

hydrochloride (468): To a stirring solution of compound **467** (210 mg, 0.48 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL), diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **468** (160 mg, 90%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 11.06 (br s, 1H), 8.57 (br s, 3H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.33 (q, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.97-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.74 (m, 2H), 3.42-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.16-2.91 (m, 4H), 2.71-2.62 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.57 (m, 4H);

Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-*N*-(*tert*-butyl) butan-1-amine hydrochloride (471):

**[000451] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(*tert*-butylamino) butyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)**

methyl) carbamate (470): To a stirring solution of 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl methanesulfonate **466** (400 mg, 0.90 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 2-methylpropan-2-amine **469** (663 mg, 9.08 mmol) and potassium carbonate (250 mg, 1.81 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to

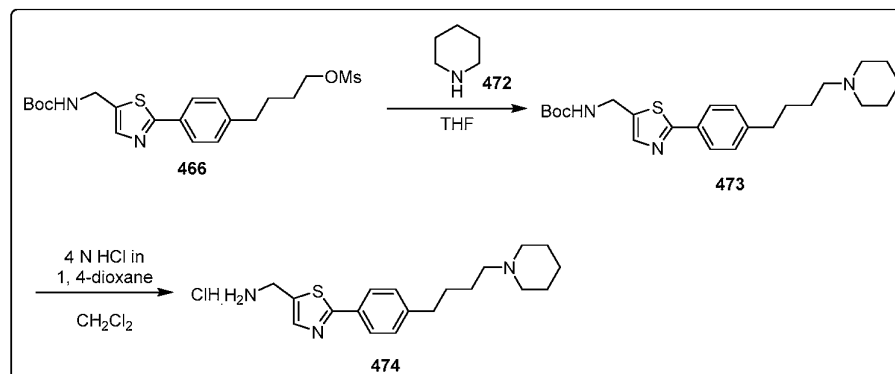
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obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 8% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford crude compound **470** (260 mg) as colorless syrup. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.22-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.67-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.34-1.24 (m, 2H), 1.01 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 98.88%; 191.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.04 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000452] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-*N*-(*tert*-butyl) butan-1-

amine hydrochloride (471): To a stirring solution of compound **470** (260 mg, 0.62 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **471** (190 mg, 86%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 8.89-8.54 (m, 3H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (br s, 2H), 4.37-4.31 (m, 2H), 2.89-2.79 (m, 2H), 2.70-2.66 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 13H); **LC-MS**: 98.49%; 318.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.37 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of (2-(4-(4-(piperidin-1-yl) butyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (474):



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[000453] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(piperidin-1-yl) butyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)**methyl) carbamate (473):** To a stirring solution of 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino)**methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl methanesulfonate 466** (330 mg, 0.75 mmol) in THF (5 mL)in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere was added piperidine **472** (2 mL) at RT; heated to 90 °C

and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the

volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was purified through silica gel columnchromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **473** (220 mg, 69%) as brownsyrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.2Hz, 2H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz,2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.31-2.15 (m, 4H), 1.63-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.50 - 1.42 (m, 6H), 1.40(s, 9H), 1.37-1.32 (m, 4H); **LC-MS:** 97.07%; 432.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18,

(50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.95 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq.

TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000454] Synthesis of (2-(4-(4-(piperidin-1-yl) butyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine**hydrochloride (474):** To a stirring solution of compound **473** (210 mg, 0.48 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂

(5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to

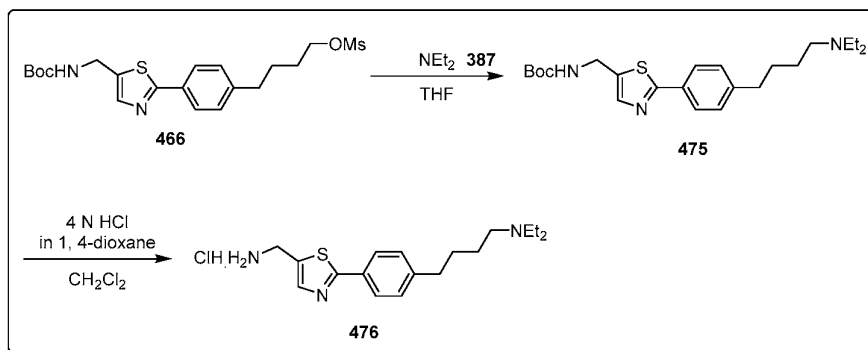
RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction,

the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with diethyl ether(2 x 50 mL), hexane (25 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **474** (170 mg, HCl salt) asbrown solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 10.34(br s, 1H), 8.63 (br s, 3H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.33(q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.42-3.30 (m, 2H), 3.06-2.92 (m, 2H), 2.86-2.75 (m, 2H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 7.5

Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.59 (m, 10H);

25 Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-*N*, *N*-diethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (476):

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[000455] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(diethylamino) butyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (475**):**

To a stirring solution of 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl methanesulfonate **466** (340 mg, 0.77 mmol) in THF (10

5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added diethylamine **387** (3 mL) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ + aqueous ammonia (0.5 mL) to afford compound **475** (250 mg, 78%) as colorless syrup. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42-2.26 (m, 8H), 1.56 (p, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (s, 9H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); **LC-MS**: 99.61%; 418.2 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.04 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000456] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-*N,N*-diethylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (476**):**

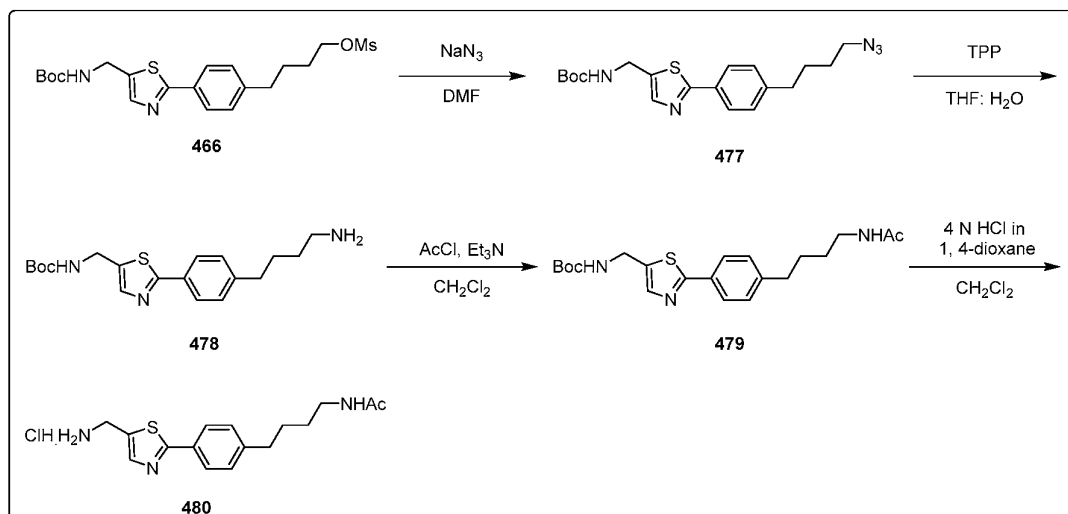
To a stirring solution of compound **475** (250 mg, 0.59 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with

20 diethyl ether (5 mL), *n*-hexane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **476** (150 mg, 71%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 10.51-10.23 (m, 1H), 8.63 (br s, 2H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.33 (q, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.12-2.99 (m, 6H), 2.71-2.65 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.61 (m, 4H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H); **LC-MS**: 99.36%; 318.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis

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Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.35 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl) acetamide hydrochloride (480):



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[000457] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-azidobutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)

carbamate (477): To a stirring solution of 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl methanesulfonate **466** (510 mg, 1.15 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (113 mg, 1.70 mmol) at RT and heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain crude compound **477** (550 mg) as pale yellow oil. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8);

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[000458] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-aminobutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)

carbamate (478): To a stirring solution of compound **477** (550 mg, crude) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 30 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (446 mg, 1.70 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted water (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel

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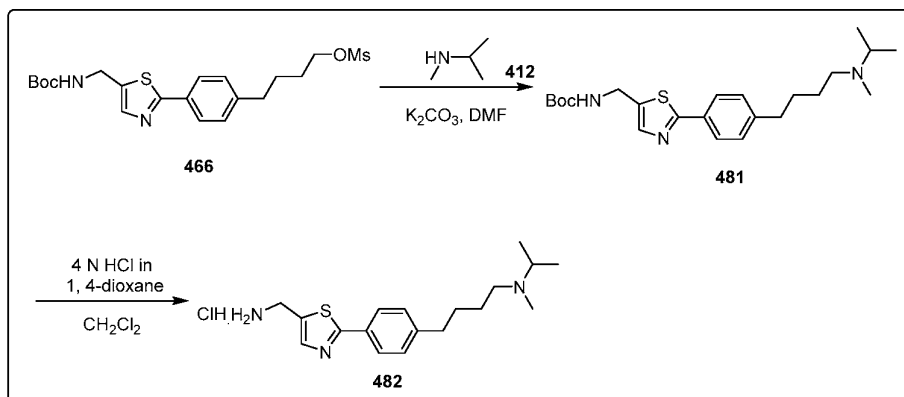
column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **478** (160 mg, 31%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS**: 97.99%; 362.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.95 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

- 5 **[000459] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-acetamidobutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (479)**: To a stirring solution of compound **478** (160 mg, 0.44 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.12 mL, 0.88 mmol), acetyl chloride (52 mg, 0.66 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water
10 (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **479** (140 mg, 78%) as thick syrup. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS**: 98.01%; 404.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.29 min.
15 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

- [000460] Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl) acetamide hydrochloride (480)**: To a stirring solution of compound **479** (140 mg, 0.34 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to
20 RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL), diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **480** (100 mg, 89%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)** δ = 8.64 (br s, 3H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* =
25 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.09 - 3.00 (m, 2H), 2.63 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.78 (s, 3H), 1.59 (p, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.41 (p, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 98.49%; 304.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.48 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

- 30 **Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-methylbutan-1-**

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amine hydrochloride (482):**[000461] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(isopropyl(methyl) amino) butyl) phenyl)****thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (481):**

To a stirring solution of 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-
 5 butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl methanesulfonate **466** (100 mg, 0.22 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added *N*-methylpropan-2-amine **412** (50 mg, 0.68 mmol) and potassium carbonate (62 mg, 0.45 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The
 10 combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **481** (80 mg) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2). **LC-MS:** 80.36%; 418.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.00 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000462] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl)-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-**methylbutan-1-amine hydrochloride (482):**

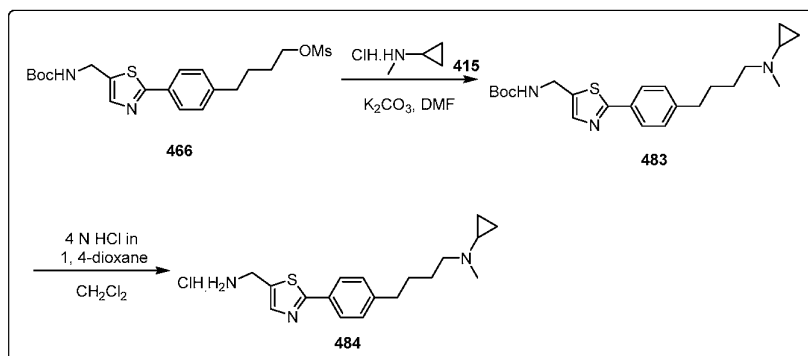
To a stirring solution of compound **481** (80 mg, 0.19 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC;
 20 after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 4 mL), diethyl ether (2 x 4 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **482** (60 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.02 (br s, 1H), 8.53 (br s, 3H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* =

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8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.34 (q, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.53 - 3.45 (m, 2H), 3.13 - 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.99 - 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.68 (br t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.60 (d, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 3H), 1.79 - 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.31 - 1.17 (m, 6H); **LC-MS**: 83.54%; 318.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.33 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq.

5 TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl)-*N*-methylcyclopropanamine hydrochloride (484):



10 **[000463] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(4-(cyclopropyl (methyl) amino) butyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (483):** To a stirring solution of 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl methanesulfonate **466** (200 mg, 0.45 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added *N*-methylcyclopropanamine hydrochloride **415** (98 mg, 0.90 mmol) and potassium carbonate (125 mg, 0.90 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **483** (80 mg, 43%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2). **LC-MS**: 99.65%; 416.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.02 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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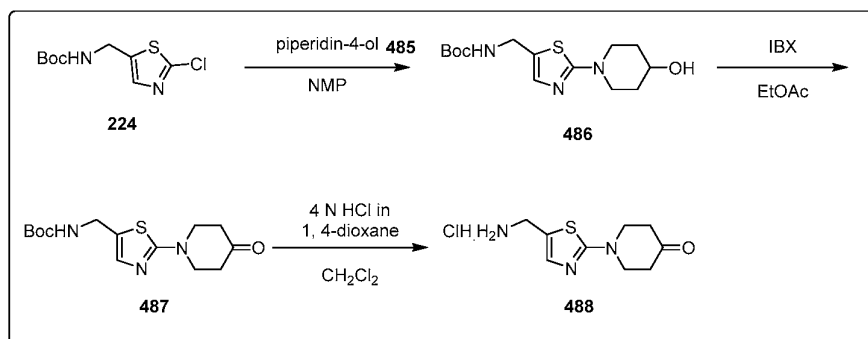
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[000464] Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) butyl)-*N*-methylcyclopropanamine hydrochloride (484): To a stirring solution of compound **483** (220

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mg, 0.53 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL), diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **484** (125 mg, 72%; HCl salt) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 10.14 (br s, 1H), 8.45 (br s, 3H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (q, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.24 - 3.14 (m, 2H), 2.78 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 3H), 2.72 - 2.65 (m, 2H), 1.86 - 1.57 (m, 4H), 1.13 - 0.91 (m, 2H), 0.89 - 0.70 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 94.90%; 316.1 (M^+); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.34 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) piperidin-4-one hydrochloride (**488**):



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[000465] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (**486**):** To a stirring solution *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (500 mg, 2.01 mmol) in *N*-methyl pyrrolidinone (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added piperidin-4-ol **485** (408 mg, 4.03 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (1.8 mL, 10.08 mmol) in a sealed tube and heated to 160 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford compound **486** (350 mg,

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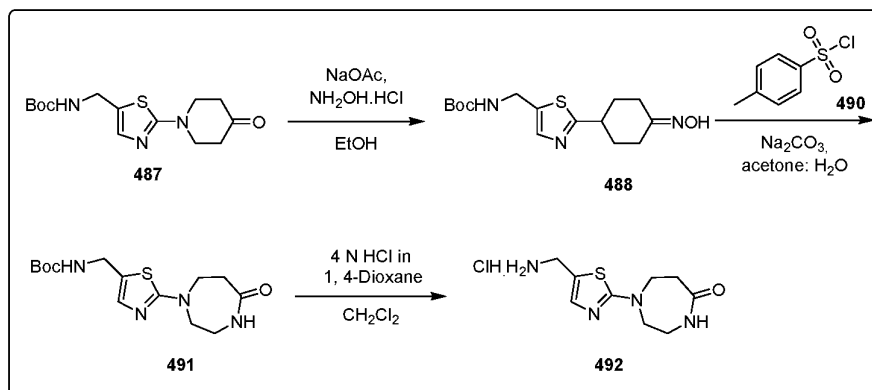
55%) as sticky solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.29 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.05-4.01 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.60 (m, 3H), 3.15-3.07 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.40 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 99.03%; 314.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.54 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000466] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-oxopiperidin-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (487): To a stirring solution of compound 486 (1.7 g, 5.43 mmol) in EtOAc (40 mL) under inert atmosphere was added iodoxybenzoic acid (3.04 g, 10.86 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 487 (650 mg, crude) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **LC-MS:** 48.21%; 312.2 (M⁺+1); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 × 3 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 3.37 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min).

[000467] Synthesis of 1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) piperidin-4-one hydrochloride (488): To a stirring solution of compound 487 (750 mg, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 488 (450 mg, 76%, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.36 (br s, 3H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.83-3.78 (m, 4H), 2.52-2.49 (m, 4H);

Synthesis of 1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1, 4-diazepan-5-one hydrochloride (492):

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[000468] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(hydroxyimino) cyclohexyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)

carbamate (488): To a stirring solution of compound **487** (900 mg, 2.89 mmol) in EtOH (25 mL) under argon atmosphere were added hydroxylamine hydrochloride (402 mg, 5.78 mmol) and sodium acetate (474 mg, 5.78 mmol) at RT; heated to reflux and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered washed with EtOAc and filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2x20 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **488** (920 mg crude) as brown syrupy. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 13.15 (br s, 1H), 8.29 (br s, 3H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 65.42%; 327.0 (M⁺+2); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.63 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000469] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(5-oxo-1,4-diazepan-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)

carbamate (491): To a stirring solution of compound **488** (900 mg, 2.75 mmol) in acetone (5 mL) was added sodium carbonate (875 mg, 8.25 mmol in 15 mL water) in water (15 mL) and stirred for 5 min. To this was added *p*-toluene sulfonyl chloride **490** (786 mg, 4.12 mmol) at RT; and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate,

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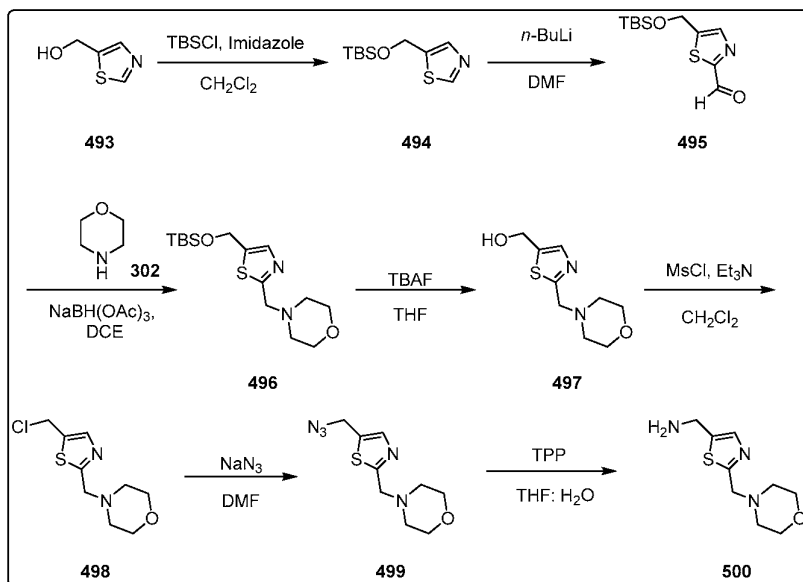
filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 8% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **491** (460 mg, 51%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 13.15 (br s, 1H), 8.29 (br s, 3H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 87.76%; 327.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.56 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000470] Synthesis of 1-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1, 4-diazepan-5-one

hydrochloride (492): To a stirring solution of compound **491** (450 mg, 1.38 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under argon atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (15 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (40 mL), hexane (30 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **492** (300 mg crude) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 13.15 (br s, 1H), 8.29 (br s, 3H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 85.76%; 227 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 0.36 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of (2-(morpholinomethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine (500):

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[000471] Synthesis of 5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)thiazole (494): To a stirring solution of thiazol-5-ylmethanol **493** (10 g, 86.95 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added imidazole (11.82 g, 173.9 mmol) and *tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride (15.72 g, 104.31 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (200 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **494** (19 g, 95%) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 99.03%; 229.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.91 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000472] Synthesis of 5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)thiazole-2-carbaldehyde (495): To a stirring solution of 5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)thiazole compound **494** (2 g, 8.71 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (1.6 M solution in hexane, 8.16 mL, 13.07 mmol) dropwise for 10 min at -78 °C and stirred for 1 h. To this was added DMF (1.35 mL, 17.43 mmol) at -78 °C and stirred at the same temperature for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride solution (10 mL) and

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extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **495** (2 g, 89%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 9.89 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 6H); **LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion trap):** 98.45%; 258.2 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; X Select C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 5.02 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH : ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

[000473] Synthesis of 4-((5-(((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl) oxy) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) methyl) morpholine (496):

To a stirring solution of compound **495** (2 g, 7.78 mmol) in 1, 2-dichloroethane (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added morpholine (812 mg, 9.33 mmol) and sodium triacetoxymethylborohydride (3.3 g, 15.56 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10-50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **496** (1.3 g, 51%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc / hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 7.54 (s, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.62-3.53 (m, 4H), 2.49-2.45 (m, 4H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 94.28%; 329.0 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000474] Synthesis of (2-(morpholinomethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanol (497): To a stirring solution of compound **496** (1.3 g, 3.96 mmol) in THF (30 mL) under inert atmosphere was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M solution in THF, 3.96 mL, 5.94 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10-50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **497** (700 mg, 82%) as thick syrup. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 5.48 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (dd, J = 5.6, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.61-3.57 (m,

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4H), 2.49-2.45 (m, 4H); **LC-MS**: 98.60%; 215.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 0.94 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min);

- 5 **[000475] Synthesis of 4-((5-(chloromethyl) thiazol-2-yl) methyl) morpholine (498):** To a stirring solution of compound **497** (700 mg, 3.25 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (1.38 mL, 9.74 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added methanesulfonyl chloride (0.3 mL, 3.90 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
- 10 reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 solution (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **498** (700 mg, 93%) as pale brown liquid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **LC-MS**: 89.79%; 232.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 0.58 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5%
- 15 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

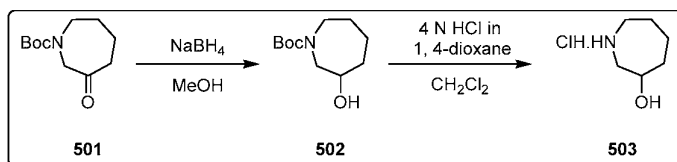
- [000476] Synthesis of 4-((5-(azidomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) methyl) morpholine (499):** To a stirring solution of compound **498** (700 mg, 3.01 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (580 mg, 9.05 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred
- 20 for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **499** (400 mg, 70%) as
- 25 colorless thick syrup. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 7.70 (s, 1H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 3.62-3.58 (m, 4H), 2.51-2.49 (m, 4H);

- [000477] Synthesis of (2-(morpholinomethyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine (500):** To a stirring solution of compound **499** (400 mg, 1.67 mmol) in THF: H_2O (4: 1, 10 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (877 mg, 3.34 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was
- 30 monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was

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quenched with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 4-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **500** (200 mg, 56%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 7.48 (s, 1H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.63-3.56 (m, 4H), 2.97-2.72 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.45 (m, 4H); **LC-MS**: 99.68%; 213.9 (*M*⁺+1); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 1.31 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min).

10 Synthesis of azepan-3-ol hydrochloride (**503**):



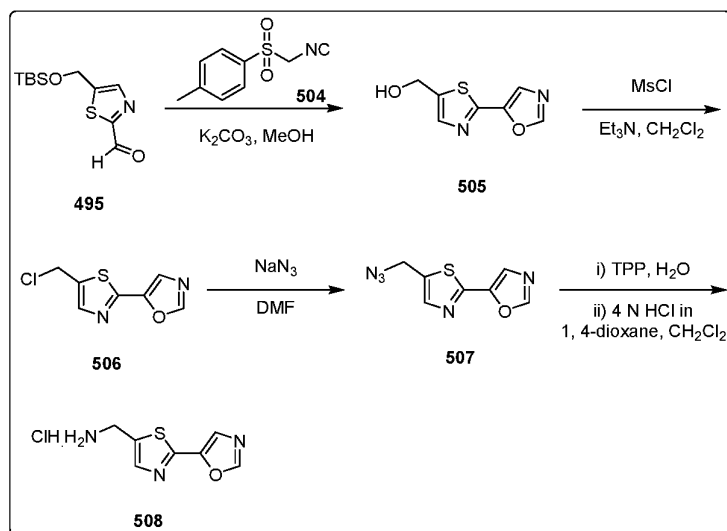
[000478] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 3-hydroxyazepane-1-carboxylate (**502**)**: To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl 3-oxoazepane-1-carboxylate **501** (500 mg, 2.34 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium borohydride (134 mg, 3.52 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **502** (450 mg, 89%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 4.67 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.43 (m, 3H), 3.08-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.80-2.65 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.58 (m, 4H), 1.56-1.33 (m, 9H), 1.30-1.17 (m, 1H).

[000479] **Synthesis of azepan-3-ol hydrochloride (**503**)**: To a stirring solution of compound **502** (450 mg, 2.09 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), *n*-pentane (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **503** (200 mg, 63%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-**

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***d*₆, 400 MHz**): δ 9.27 (br s, 1H), 8.52 (br s, 1H), 5.35-5.25 (m, 1H), 4.03-3.96 (m, 1H), 3.15-2.94 (m, 4H), 1.85-1.44 (m, 6H).

Synthesis of (2-(oxazol-5-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methanamine (508):



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[000480] Synthesis of (2-(oxazol-5-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methanol (505): To a stirring solution of 5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)thiazole-2-carbaldehyde **495** (600 mg, 2.33 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 1-((isocyanomethyl)sulfonyl)-4-methylbenzene **504** (455 mg, 2.33 mmol) and potassium carbonate (322 mg, 2.33 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture poured into ice-cold water (10 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford compound **505** (200 mg, 53%) as white semi solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.56 (s, 1H), 7.80-7.78 (m, 2H), 5.70 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.73 (dd, $J = 5.6, 0.9$ Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 94.97%; 182.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 1.066 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOC + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOC , 0.8 mL/min).

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[000481] **Synthesis of 5-(5-(chloromethyl) thiazol-2-yl) oxazole (506):** To a stirring solution of compound **505** (200 mg, 1.09 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.317 mL, 2.19 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.168 mL, 2.19 mmol) at 0 °C; wasmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after
5 completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **506** (200 mg) as colorless syrup. Which was taken forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8);

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[000482] **Synthesis of 5-(5-(azidomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) oxazole (507):** To a stirring solution of compound **506** (200 mg, crude) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (130 mg, 2.00 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-
15 cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **507** (100 mg, 48%) as thick brown syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 4.83 (s, 2H);
20 **LC-MS:** 95.22%; 207.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.00 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

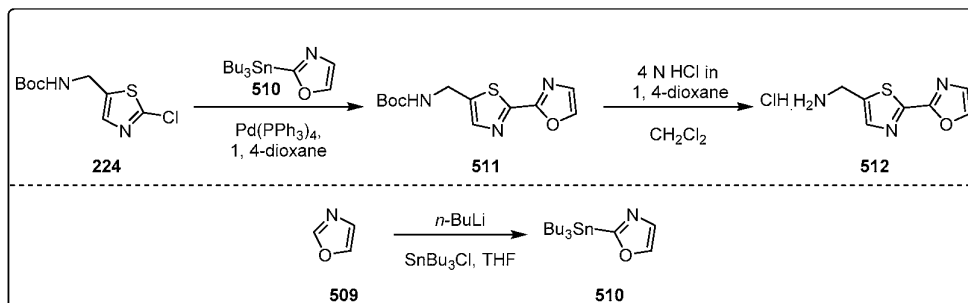
[000483] **Synthesis of (2-(oxazol-5-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (508):** To a stirring solution of compound **507** (100 mg, 0.48 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 5 mL) was added
25 triphenyl phosphine (253 mg, 0.96 mmol) at RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction; the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude amine (200 mg crude).

[000484] To the above crude amine (200 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction
30 was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*.

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The crude washed with EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **508** (85 mg, HCl salt, crude) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1);

5 **Synthesis of (2-(oxazol-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (512):**



[000485] Synthesis of 2-(tributylstannyl) oxazole (510): To a stirring solution of oxazole **509** (2 g, 28.98 mmol) in dry THF (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (19.9 mL, 31.88 mmol, 1.6 M solution in hexane) at -78 °C and stirred for 1 h. To this was added a tributyltin chloride (7.85 mL, 28.98 mmol) at -78 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with hexane (100 mL), the obtained solid was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **510** (8 g) as colorless liquid which was taken for next step without further purification. **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8);

[000486] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(oxazol-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (511): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (750 mg, 3.01 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (20 mL) was added 2-(tributylstannyl) oxazole **510** (4.32 g, 12.07 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (348 mg, 0.30 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford compound **511** (100 mg, 12%) as thick syrup. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 4.37 (br d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H);

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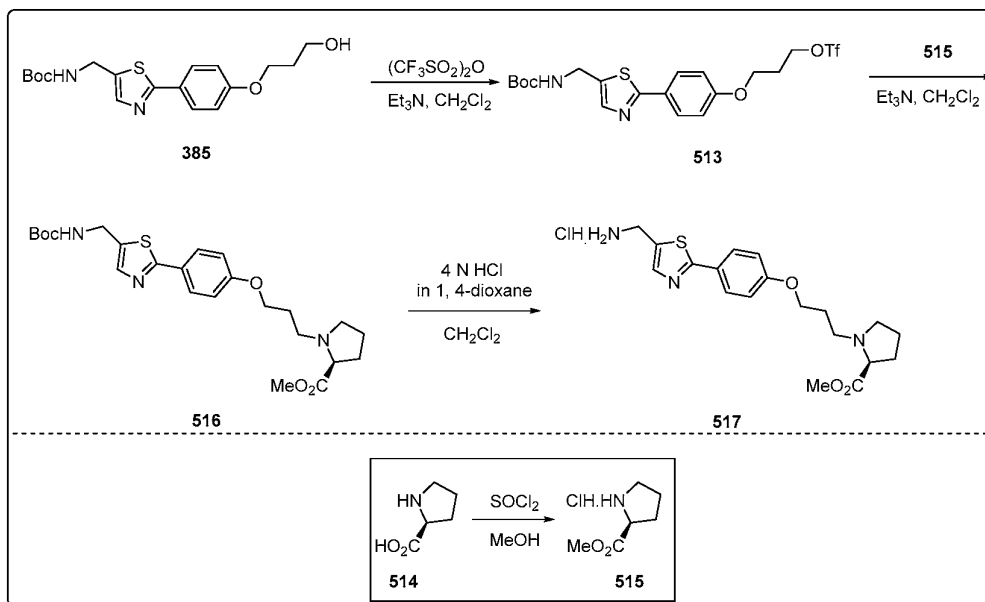
LC-MS: 99.93%; 281.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000487] Synthesis of (2-(oxazol-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (512): To

5 a stirring solution of compound **511** (100 mg, 0.35 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was washed with EtOAc (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **512** (70 mg, 90%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/
10 CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.55 (br s, 3H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, 1H), 4.40 (q, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.38%; 181.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 0.29 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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Synthesis of methyl (3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)-L-prolinate hydrochloride (517):



- 5 **[000488] Synthesis of methyl L-prolinate hydrochloride (515):** To a stirring solution of L-proline **514** (5 g, 43.47 mmol) in MeOH (75 mL) under inert atmosphere was added thionyl chloride (3.15 mL, 65.21 mmol) drop wise at 0 °C for 15 min; and heated to reflux for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **515** (6 g salt, quantitative) as colourless liquid. This
- 10 material was taken to next step without further purification. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 10.85-10.21 (m, 1H), 9.33-8.59 (m, 1H), 4.40-4.18 (m, 1H), 4.05-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.29-3.16 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.18 (m, 1H), 2.06-1.82 (m, 2H);
- 15 **[000489] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (513):** To a stirring solution of compound **385** (100 mg, 0.27 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.11 mL, 0.82 mmol) and triflic anhydride (0.1 mL, 0.54 mmol), at -40 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was

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diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **513** (120 mg) as viscous syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6);

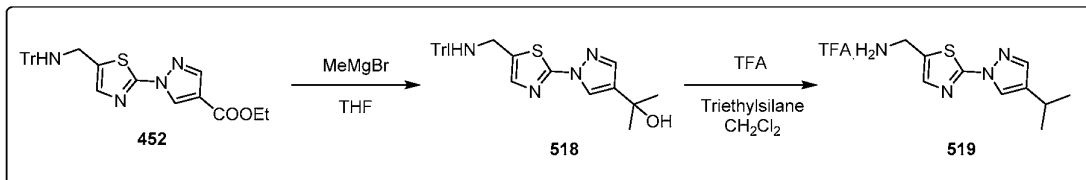
5 **[000490] Synthesis of methyl (3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)-L-prolinate (**516**):** To a stirring solution of compound **513** (2.7 g, 5.44 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.5 mL, 10.88 mmol) and compound **515** (1.4 g, 10.88 mmol), at -40 °C and stirred for 5 min. warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
10 reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **516** (1.1 g, 42% for 2 steps) as viscous syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.23-3.14 (m, 1H), 3.03-3.00 (m, 1H), 2.82-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.56-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.40-2.33 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.73 (m, 5H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 96.16%; 476.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.97 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN +; 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

20 **[000491] Synthesis of methyl (3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)-L-prolinate hydrochloride (**517**):** To a stirring solution of compound **516** (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the
25 reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (5 mL) and EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **517** (60 mg salt; 69%) as thick syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 8.54 (br s, 3H), 7.92-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.51 (q, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.75-3.64 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.47 (m, 1H), 3.35-3.18 (m, 2H),
30 2.47-2.37 (m, 1H), 2.21-2.04 (m, 4H); **LC-MS:** 94.78%; 376.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis

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Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.23 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN +; 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

Synthesis of 2, 2, 2-trifluoro-1-(((2-(4-isopropyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1H-azanyl) ethan-1-one (519):



[000492] Synthesis of 2-(1-(5-((tritylamino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl) propan-2-ol (518):

To a stirring solution of ethyl 1-(5-((tritylamino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylate **452** (2.5 g, 5.06 mmol) in anhydrous THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added methylmagnesium bromide (13 mL, 25.30 mmol, 2 M sol. In diethylether) at -10 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride solution (60 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 20-25% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **518** (1 g, 42%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.47-7.45 (m, 5H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 8H), 7.26-7.19 (m, 4H), 3.34-3.31 (m, 2H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 1.46 (s, 6H);

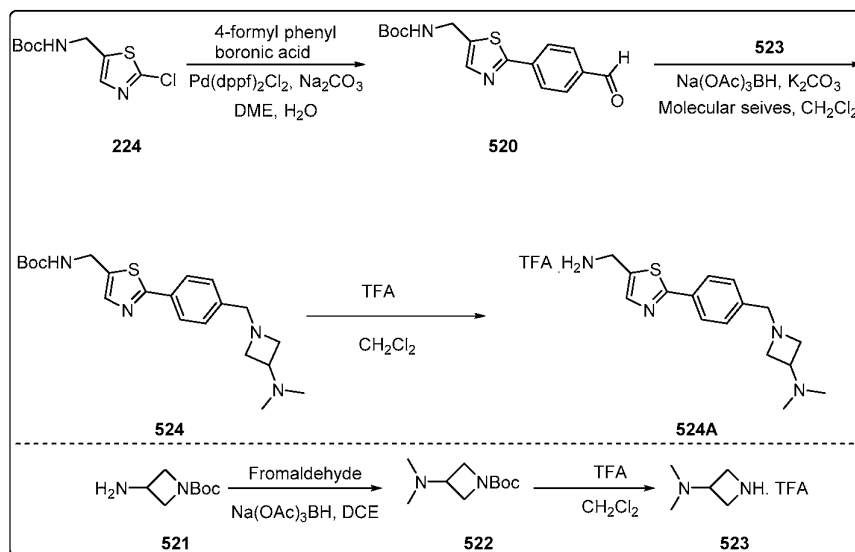
[000493] Synthesis of (2-(4-isopropyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamineTFA salt (519):

To a stirring solution of compound **518** (300 mg, 0.62 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added trifluoroacetic acid (0.24 mL, 3.12 mmol), triethylsilane (0.2 mL, 1.25 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was washed diethylether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **519** (150 mg, 68%) as white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.37 (br s, 3H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 4.30 (s, 2H), 2.91-2.84 (m,

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1H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 6H); **LC-MS**: 82.87%; 223.1 ($M+1$)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 2.62 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH : ACN; 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of Synthesis of 1-(((2-(4-((3-(dimethylamino) azetidin-1-yl) methyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-14-azanyl)-2, 2, 2-trifluoroethan-1-one (524A):



[000494] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-formylphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (520):

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.02 mmol) in DME: H_2O (4:1, 15 mL) were added (4-formylphenyl) boronic acid (905 mg, 6.03 mmol) and sodium carbonate (1.49 g, 14.08 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and purged under argon for 30 min. Then $\text{Pd}(\text{dppf})_2\text{Cl}_2$ (294 mg, 0.40 mmol) was added at RT. The reaction mixture was heated to 90-95 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (30 mL), water (10 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 15% EtOAc/Hexane to afford compound **520** (600 mg, 47%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4). **^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$)**: δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 8.01 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.60 (br s, 1H), 4.37 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 93.26%; 318.9 ($M^+ + 1$) (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m);

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RT 2.91 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

[000495] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 3-(dimethylamino) azetidine-1-carboxylate (522):** To a stirring solution of compound 521 (2.5 g, 14.53 mmol) in 1, 2-dichloro ethane (25 mL) were added formaldehyde solution (36% in H₂O) (4.25 mL) and sodium triacetoxo borohydride (27.7 g, 13.08 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL), basified with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL) to pH~8 and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound 522 (2.2 g, 75%) as pale yellow liquid. LC-MS: 88.00%; 101.3 (M⁺+1) (des-boc) (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 0.36 min. 5 mM Aq NH₄OAc +ACN: 0.8 mL/min).

[000496] **Synthesis of 1-(3-(dimethylamino)-114-azetidin-1-yl)-2, 2, 2-trifluoroethan-1-one (523):** To a stirring solution of compound 522 (2.2 g, 11 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (6 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with triturated with ether (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain crude compound 523 (1.8 g, 76%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS:** 80.67%; 101.3 (M⁺+1) (column; Atlantis T3, (150 x 4.6 mm, 3 μ m); RT 2.41 min. 2.5mM Aq NH₄OAc: ACN, 1.0 mL/min).

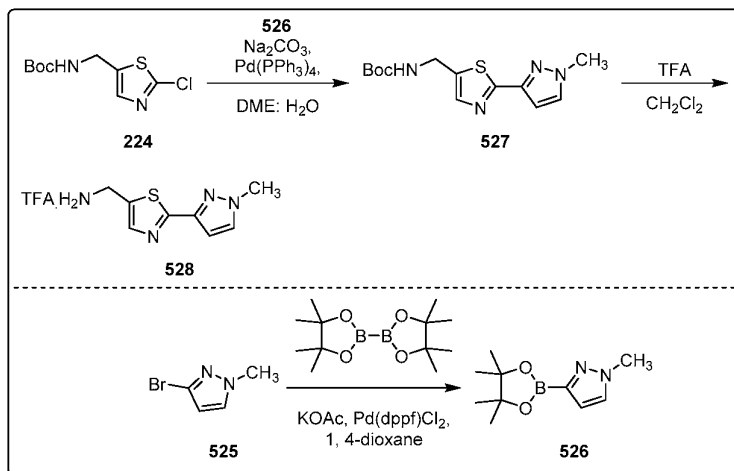
[000497] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-((3-(dimethylamino) azetidin-1-yl) methyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (524):** To a stirring solution of compound 520 (500 mg, 1.57 mmol) and compound 523 (235 mg, 2.35 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) were added potassium carbonate (260 mg, 1.88 mmol), sodium triacetoxo borohydride (666 mg, 3.14 mmol) and molecular sieves (500 mg) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (15 mL), basified with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution

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(15 mL) to pH~8 and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 6-10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **524** (400 mg, 63%) as pale yellow syrup. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.33 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.66-3.59 (m, 2H), 2.93-2.81 (m, 3H), 2.03 (s, 6H), 1.40 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 98.20%; 403.2 (M⁺+1) (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.69 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000498] Synthesis of 1-(((2-(4-((3-(dimethylamino) azetidin-1-yl) methyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-1*H*-azanyl)-2, 2, 2-trifluoroethan-1-one (524A): To a stirring solution of compound **524** (500 mg, 1.24 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with triturated with ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain crude compound **524A** (390 mg, 75%) as pale yellow solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R*_f: 0.1); LC-MS: 94.59%; 303.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Atlantis T3, (150 × 4.6 mm, 3 μm); RT 6.45 min. 2.5mM Aq NH₄OAc: ACN, 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of (2-(1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine TFA salt (528):



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[000499] **Synthesis of 1-methyl-3-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole (526):** To a stirring solution of 3-bromo-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole **525** (1 g, 6.25 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (60 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (1.73 g, 6.83 mmol), potassium acetate (1.82 g, 18.63 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (454 mg, 0.62 mmol) and heated to 120 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **526** (2.4 g, crude) as brown thick syrup. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3);

[000500] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (527):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate 224 (500 mg, 2.01 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 75 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 1-methyl-3-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole **526** (3.9 g, crude), sodium carbonate (750 mg, 7.08 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (270 mg, 0.23 mmol) at RT; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The residue was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford compound **527** (160 mg, 27%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 70% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.52 (br t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (br d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 96.60%; 294.9 (M⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.04 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

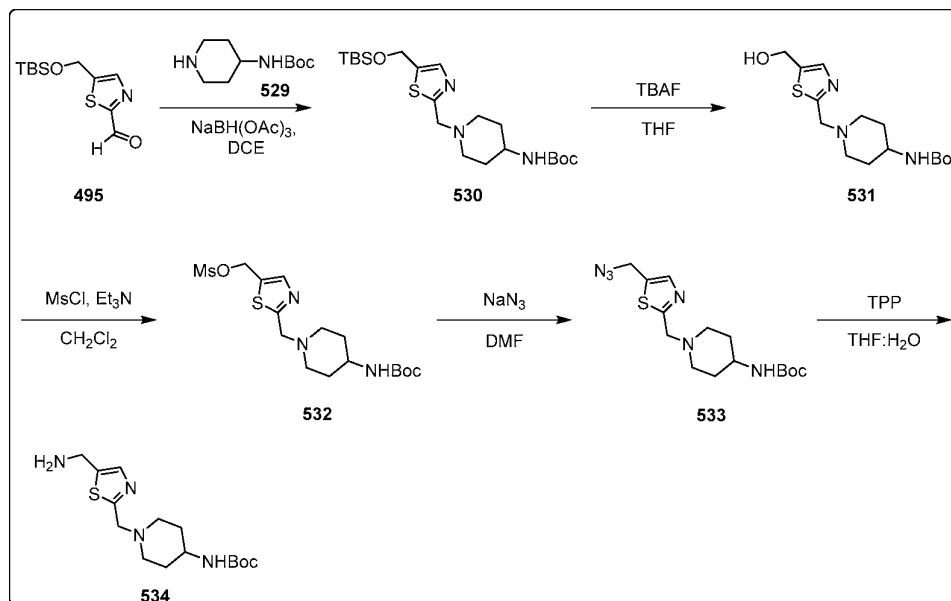
[000501] **Synthesis of (2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine TFA salt (528):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)

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carbamate **527** (50 mg, 0.17 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL) under inert atmosphere was added trifluoroacetic acid (0.06 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was titrated with diethylether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **528** (380 mg, 84%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.29 (br s, 3H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H); **LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion Trap)**: 99.97%; 195.2 (M^+ +1); (column; X-Select HSS T3 (150 x 3 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 0.62 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OAc ; ACN; 0.6 mL/min).

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Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (1-((5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) methyl) piperidin-4-yl) carbamate (534**):**



[000502] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (1-((5-(((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)methyl)piperidin-4-yl)carbamate (530**):**

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To a stirring solution of 5-(((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)thiazole-2-carbaldehyde **495** (1.2 g, 4.66 mmol) in 1, 2-dichloroethane (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added *tert*-butyl piperidin-4-ylcarbamate **529** (1.12 g, 5.60 mmol) and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (2.96 g, 14.00 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of

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the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL), washed with water (100 mL) and brine (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **530** (800 mg, 49%) as a pale yellow thick syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc / hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.52 (s, 1H), 6.76 (br d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.24-3.21 (m, 1H), 2.83-2.79 (m, 2H), 2.14- 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.39 (m, 11H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 93.12%; 442.2 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.18 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000503] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (1-((5-(hydroxymethyl) thiazol-2-yl) methyl) piperidin-4-yl) carbamate (531): To a stirring solution of compound **530** (800 mg, 1.81 mmol) in THF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M solution in THF, 2.72 mL, 2.72 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **531** (650 mg, quantitative) as thick syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.48 (s, 1H), 6.77 (br d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (br t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (br d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (br s, 2H), 3.03-3.01 (m, 1H), 2.84-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.14-2.08 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.37 (m, 11H); **LC-MS:** 94.85%; 328.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.40 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000504] Synthesis of (2-((4-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) piperidin-1-yl) methyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl methanesulfonate (532): To a stirring solution of compound **531** (650 mg, 1.98 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (1.43 mL, 9.93 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added methanesulfonyl chloride (453.2 mg, 3.97 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored

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by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (2 x 50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **532** (600 mg) as pale brown liquid. The crude taken forward for next step with out further

5 purification. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4);

[000505] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (1-((5-(azidomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) methyl) piperidin-4-yl)

carbamate (533): To a stirring solution of compound **532** (600 mg, 1.48 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (284 mg, 4.44 mmol) at RT and stirred for
10 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 70% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **533** (400 mg, 76%) as thick
15 syrup. **TLC:** 70% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.67 (s, 1H), 6.78 (br d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.28-3.19 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.18- 2.11 (m, 2H), 1.71-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.32 (m, 11H); **LC-MS:** 92.56%; 353.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.80 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

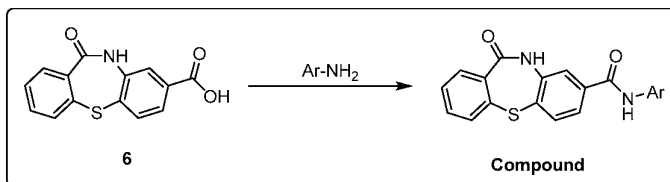
20 **[000506] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (1-((5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) methyl) piperidin-4-yl)**

carbamate (534): To a stirring solution of compound **533** (300 mg, 0.85 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 5 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (446 mg, 1.70 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column
25 chromatography using 4-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **534** (250 mg, 91%) as semi solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ = 7.43 (s, 1H), 3.86 (s, 1H), 3.69 (s, 1H), 3.30 - 3.12 (m, 3H), 2.84-2.79 (m, 2H), 2.17 - 2.03 (m, 2H), 1.70- 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.37 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 81.58%; 327.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVOC-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.60 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM
30 Aq.NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

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Compound preparation

[000507] Acids similar to compound **6** (compounds **13**, **20**, **32**, **40**, **47**, **54**, **61**, **68**, **76**, **81**, **88**, **149**, **153**, **155**, **158**, **200**, **211**, **216**, **89**, **92**, **95**, **105**, **113**, **120**, **126**, **135**, **143**, **144**, **163**, **169**, **172**, **176**, **185**, **190**, **194**) were synthesized as mentioned above and converted to final products either using commercially available amines or prepared amines employing typical procedures A and B, and the results are captured in the Table 1:

**Typical procedure A:**

[000508] To a stirring solution of compound **6** (100 mg, 0.36 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (105 mg, 0.55 mmol), HOBT (75 mg, 0.55 mmol), compound **255** (80 mg, 0.44 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.19 mL, 1.10 mmol) at 0 °C warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

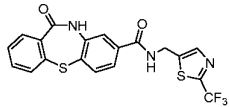
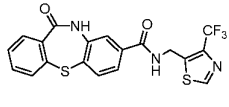
Typical procedure B:

[000509] To a stirring solution of acid **105** (130 mg, 0.41 mmol) in DMF (6 mL) under inert atmosphere were added HATU (187 mg, 0.49 mmol) and stirred for 10 min. To this were added and compound **255** (83 mg, 0.49 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.21 mL, 1.23 mmol) at 0 °C warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography or preparative HPLC purification to afford the desired compound.

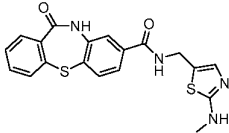
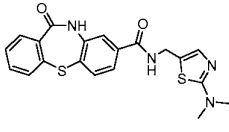
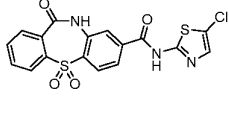
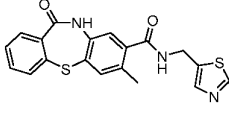
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Table 1: Synthesis from compound 13, 20, 32, 40, 47, 54, 61, 68, 76, 81, 88, 149, 153, 155, 158, 200, 211, 216, 89, 92, 95, 105, 113, 120, 126, 135, 143, 144, 163, 169, 172, 176, 185, 190, 194 and various commercial and synthesized amines.

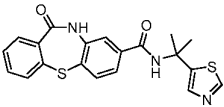
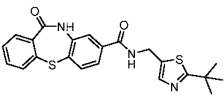
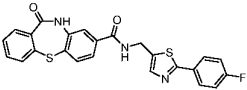
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Example	Structure	Procedure, Intermediate, amine	Rx. Yield (%)	Mass Spec. Found	Mass Spec. Calculated	¹ H-NMR
1421		A, 6, 255	21	435.9 (M ⁺ +1);	435.03 for C ₁₉ H ₁₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.38 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.60 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (td, J = 7.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.43 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1431		A, 6, 263	23	435.9 (M ⁺ +1);	435.03 for C ₁₉ H ₁₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.80 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 9.09 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 7.64-7.43 (m, 4H), 4.77 (d, J = 4.8 Hz,

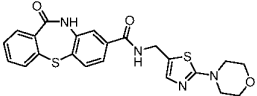
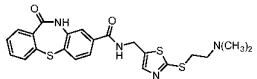
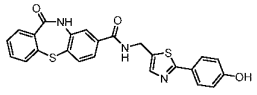
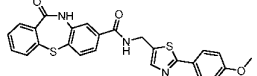
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						2H);
1424		A, 6, 242	53	396.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	C ₁₉ H ₁₆ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂ 396.07	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.03 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.62 (m, 3H), 7.59-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 1H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 4.36 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 3H);
1425		A, 6, 245	61	411.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	C ₂₀ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₂ S ₂ 410.09	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 9.05 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.62 (m, 3H), 7.59-7.42 (m, 4H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 4.41 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (s, 6H);
1473		A, 92, 220	18	419.8 (M ⁺ +1) ;	C ₁₇ H ₁₀ ClN ₃ O ₄ S ₂ 418.98	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 13.19 (br s, 1H), 11.62 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.07-7.97 (m, 4H), 7.95-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H);
1496		A, 13, 217	34	381.9 (M ⁺ +1)	C ₁₉ H ₁₅ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂ 381.06	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.00-8.95 (m, 2H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.66 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.41 (m, 4H),

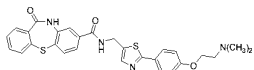
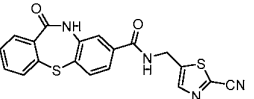
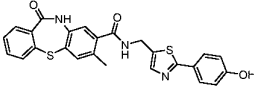
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						7.15 (s, 1H), 4.61 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H);
1549		A, 6, 271	21	396.0 ($M^{+}+1$);	395.08 for $C_{20}H_{17}N_3O_2 S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): 10.72 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.60 (m, 4H), 7.58-7.42 (m, 4H), 1.74 (s, 6H);
1555		A, 6, 277	38	424.0 ($M^{+}+1$);	423.11 for $C_{22}H_{21}N_3O_2 S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.78 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.59 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.43 (m, 2H), 4.57 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.32 (s, 9H);
1556		A, 6, 285	38	461.9 ($M^{+}+1$);	461.07 for $C_{24}H_{16}FN_3O_2 S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.78 (s, 1H), 9.28 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.93 (dd, $J = 8.9, 5.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.73-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);

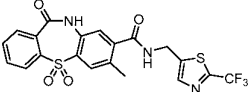
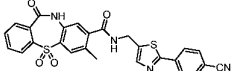
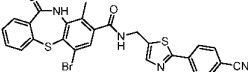
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1598		A, 6, 304	48	452.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	452.10 for C ₂₂ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₃ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.76 (s, 1H), 9.08 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.70- 7.63 (m, 3H), 7.60- 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 4.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.68- 3.64 (m, 4H), 3.35- 3.25 (m, 4H);
1604		A, 6, 288	39	471.2 (M ⁺ +1) ;	470.09 for C ₂₂ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₂ S ₃	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72- 7.64 (m, 3H), 7.59- 7.43 (m, 5H), 4.54 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.27 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 6H);
1605		A, 6, 357	38	459.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	459.07 for C ₂₄ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.94 (s, 1H), 9.24 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.65 (m, 5H), 7.62-7.43 (m, 5H), 6.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1606		A, 6, 363	49	473.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	473.09 for C ₂₅ H ₁₉ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.78 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H),

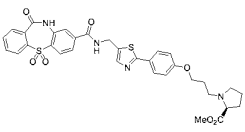
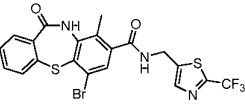
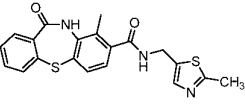
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						7.73-7.65 (m, 4H), 7.63-7.43 (m, 4H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H);
1608		A, 6, 360	23	531.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	530.14 for $C_{28}H_{26}N_4O_3$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.28 (t, $J =$ 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.59 (m, 5H), 7.55-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.10 (t, $J =$ 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.67 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 6H);
1627		A, 6, 282	26	393.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	392.04 for $C_{19}H_{12}N_4O_2$ S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.77 (br s, 1H), 9.38 (t, $J =$ 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.63-7.42 (m, 4H), 4.72 (d, $J =$ 5.4 Hz, 2H);
1758		A, 13, 357	22	474.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	473.09 for $C_{25}H_{19}N_3O_3$ S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.97 (br s, 1H), 8.98 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, $J =$ 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.68- 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.54- 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.16

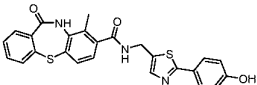
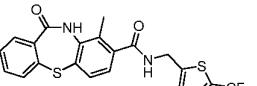
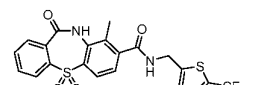
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						(s, 1H), 6.85 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.58 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H);
1910		B ^a , 105, 255	10	482.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	481.04 for C ₂₀ H ₁₄ F ₃ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.35 (s, 1H), 9.28-9.26 (m, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.81 (m, 3H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 4.73 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H);
1911		A, 105, 227	13	515.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	514.08 for C ₂₆ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.35 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.99-7.93 (m, 4H), 7.92-7.81 (m, 4H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H);
1915		A, 32, 227	52	561.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	560.00 for C ₂₆ H ₁₇ BrN ₄ O ₂ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.39 (s, 1H), 9.18 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.98-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.71-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.44 (m, 4H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H);

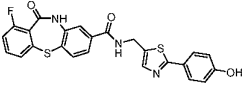
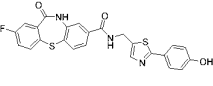
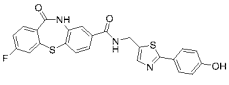
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11106-A		A, 92, 517	40	661.1 (M ⁺ +1)	660.17 for C ₃₃ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₇ S ₂	¹ H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.21-3.18 (m, 1H), 3.06-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.82-2.74 (m, 1H), 2.56-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.39-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.98 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.70 (m, 5H);
1914		A, 32, 255	94	528.3 (M ⁺ +1) ;	526.96 for C ₂₀ H ₁₃ BrF ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.39 (s, 1H), 9.24 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.71-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.44 (m, 4H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H);
1535		A, 20, 297	69	395.8 (M ⁺ +1) ;	395.08 for C ₂₀ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₂ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.24 (s, 1H), 8.96 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67- 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.55- 7.40 (m, 5H), 7.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 1H),

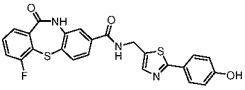
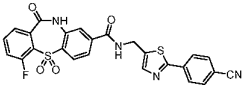
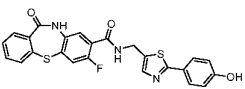
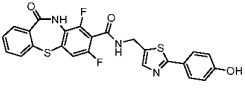
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						4.51 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H);
1755		A, 20, 357	9	474.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	473.09 for $C_{25}H_{19}N_3O_3$ S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.24 (s, 1H), 9.96 (s, 1H), 9.01 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.67-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.40 (m, 4H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.58 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H);
1766		A, 20, 255	41	448.1 ($M^{+}-1$);	449.05 for $C_{20}H_{14}F_3N_3$ O_2S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.24 (s, 1H), 9.15 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H);
1767		A, 95, 255	26	481.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	481.04 for $C_{20}H_{14}F_3N_3$ O_4S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.86 (br s, 1H), 9.30 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.80 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, $J = 5.6$

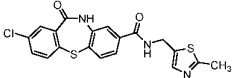
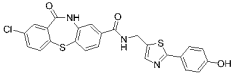
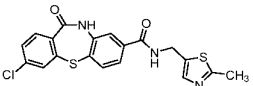
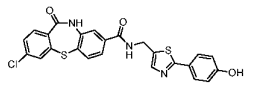
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						Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H);
1752		A, 54 357	7	477.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	477.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O 3S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.97 (br s, 1H), 9.95 (s, 1H), 9.27 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.65 (m, 5H), 7.61 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.40 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.28 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1746		A, 61, 357	9	477.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	477.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O 3S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.91 (s, 1H), 9.94 (s, 1H), 9.25 (br t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76-7.31 (m, 9H), 6.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1747		A, 68 357	9	477.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	477.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O 3S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.80 (s, 1H), 9.92 (br s, 1H), 9.23 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76-7.57 (m, 7H), 7.43 (dd, <i>J</i> = 2.3, 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 2H);

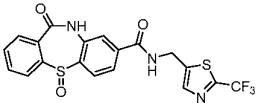
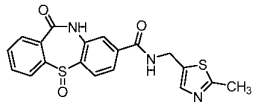
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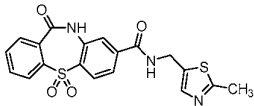
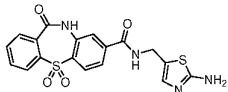
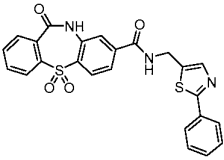
1753		A, 76 357	12	477.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	477.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O 3S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.90 (s, 1H), 9.95 (s, 1H), 9.26 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.59 (m, 6H), 7.54-7.44 (m, 3H), 6.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1904		A ^c , 144, 227	51	519.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	518.05 for C ₂₅ H ₁₅ FN ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 1.58 (br s, 1H), 9.54 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz, 3H), 7.90-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70-7.64 (m, 1H), 4.72 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1749		A, 81, 357	14	477.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	477.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O 3S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.72 (s, 1H), 9.96 (s, 1H), 9.04 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.64 (m, 4H), 7.60-7.43 (m, 5H), 6.84 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.61 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H);
1750		A, 88, 357	10	495.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	495.05 for C ₂₄ H ₁₅ F ₂ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.65 (br s, 1H), 9.96 (br s, 1H), 9.39 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.64

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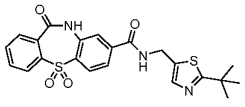
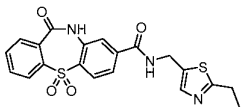
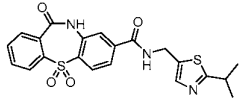
						(m, 4H), 7.58-7.46 (m, 4H), 6.85 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1541		A, 40, 297	59	415.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	415.02 for $C_{19}H_{14}ClN_3$ O_2S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.91 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.62-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 4.55 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H);
1760		A ^d , 40, 357	12	493.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	493.03 for $C_{24}H_{16}ClN_3$ O_3S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.93 (br s, 1H), 9.95 (br s, 1H), 9.27 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.60 (m, 7H), 7.57 (s, 2H), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1544		A, 47, 297	57	415.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	415.02 for $C_{19}H_{14}ClN_3$ O_2S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.86 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.64 (m, 4H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.54 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 4.55 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H);
1761		A, 47, 357	12	494.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	493.03 for $C_{24}H_{16}ClN_3$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.86 (s, 1H), 9.94 (s, 1H),

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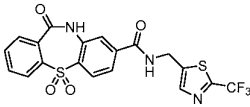
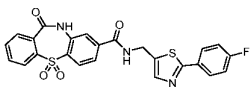
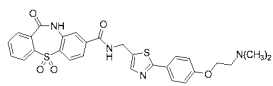
					O_3S_2	9.25 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 (dd, $J = 6.4, 1.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.68 (s, 2H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 4H), 7.53 (dd, $J = 8.3, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1772		A ^a , 89, 255	54	451.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	451.03 for C ₁₉ H ₁₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.06 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.88 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.68 (m, 3H), 7.63 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1526		A, 89, 297	21	397.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	397.06 for C ₁₉ H ₁₅ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.05 (s, 1H), 9.26 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.80 (dd, $J = 7.6, 3.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.76-7.67 (m, 3H), 7.63 (td, $J = 8.4, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 4.56 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H);

1528		A, 92, 297	33	413.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	413.05 for C ₁₉ H ₁₅ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.37 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.78 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H);
1529		A, 92, 230	22	414.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	414.05 for C ₁₈ H ₁₄ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): 11.49 (br s, 1H), 9.18 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.3, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 3H), 7.77 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.79 (br s, 2H), 4.38 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1525		A, 92, 291	32	475.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	475.07 for C ₂₄ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 7H), 7.54-7.39 (m, 3H), 4.69 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);

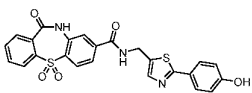
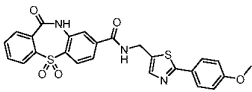
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1550		A, 92, 277	26	455.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	455.10 for C ₂₂ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.38 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.80 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 4.60 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (s, 9H);
1551		A, 92, 239	42	427.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	427.07 for C ₂₀ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.40 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.81 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.23 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 3H);
1552		A, 92, 251	34	441.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	441.08 for C ₂₁ H ₁₉ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.38 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.6

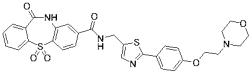
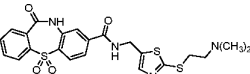
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						Hz, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 4.60 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.24-3.15 (m, 1H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 6H);
1553		A, 92, 255	16	468.3 ($M^+ + 1$) ;	467.02 for $C_{19}H_{12}F_3N_3$ O_4S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.56 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.08-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.7, 0.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.81 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1566		A, 92, 285	34	486.9 ($M^+ + 1$) ;	486.10 for $C_{27}H_{19}FN_2O$ $_4S$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.31 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 4H), 7.66 (dd, $J = 8.8, 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.59-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.52 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.25 (m, 3H), 4.54 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 2H);
1584		A, 92, 360	47	563.0 ($M^+ + 1$) ;	562.13 for $C_{28}H_{26}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.47 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.05

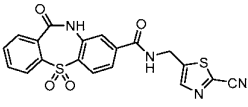
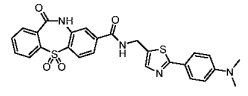
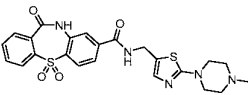
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						(d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.4, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.80 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.09 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.63 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.21 (s, 6H);
1595		A, 92, 357	50	492.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	491.06 for $C_{24}H_{17}N_3O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.94 (s, 1H), 9.43 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.81 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.67 (m, 3H), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1596		A, 92, 363	60	506.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	505.08 for $C_{25}H_{19}N_3O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d,

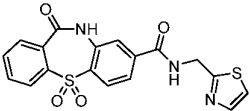
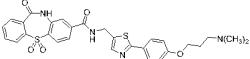
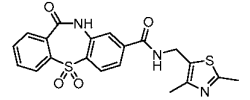
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						$J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H);
1587		A, 92, 372	58	605.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	604.15 for $C_{30}H_{28}N_4O_6$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.77 (m, 5H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.59-3.55 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.48-2.46 (m, 4H);
1590		A, 92, 288	36	502.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	502.08 for $C_{22}H_{22}N_4O_4$ S_3	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.39 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.97 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.75 (m, 4H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.29-3.25 (m, 2H), 2.55 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 6H);

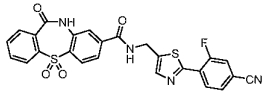
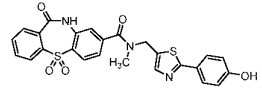
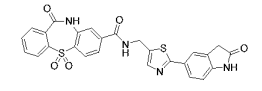
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1628		A, 92, 282	20	424.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	424.03 for C ₁₉ H ₁₂ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.59 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.94- 7.83 (m, 3H), 7.80 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.78 (m, 1H), 4.76 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1645		A, 92, 312	40	519.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	518.11 for C ₂₆ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.41 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 6.74 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.96 (s, 6H);
1648		A, 92, 307	21	498.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	497.12 for C ₂₃ H ₂₃ N ₅ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.27 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.07- 7.75 (m, 7H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.33- 3.31 (m, 4H), 2.40- 2.34 (m, 4H), 2.19

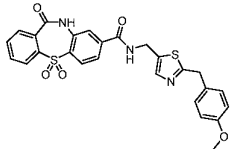
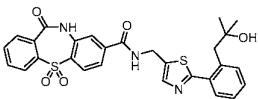
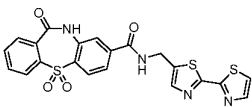
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						(s, 3H);
1650		A, 92, 218	35	399.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	399.03 for C ₁₈ H ₁₃ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (br s, 1H), 9.66-9.58 (m, 1H), 8.08 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.02- 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.94- 7.82 (m, 4H), 7.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.1 Hz, 2H);
1679		A, 92, 367	24	577.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	576.15 for C ₂₉ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93- 7.84 (m, 3H), 7.83-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.13 (s, 6H), 1.89-1.80 (m, 2H);
1763		A, 92, 219	89	427.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	427.07 for C ₂₀ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.29 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 0.9 Hz, 2H),

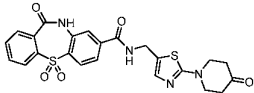
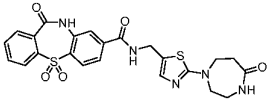
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						7.93-7.75 (m, 4H), 4.49 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H);
1814		A ^b , 92, 316	88	519.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	518.05 for C ₂₅ H ₁₅ FN ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.47 (br s, 1H), 9.53 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.35 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.11- 7.95 (m, 5H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 5H), 4.75 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1661		A, 92, 369	24	505.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	505.08 for C ₂₅ H ₁₉ N ₃ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz) (rotamers): δ 11.44 (br s, 1H), 10.00 (br s, 1H), 8.04-7.96 (m, 3H), 7.94-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.81-7.71 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.38 (m, 2H), 6.86 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.82, 4.59 (s, 2H), 2.95, 2.76 (s, 3H);
1821		A ^b , 92, 319	29	531.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	530.07 for C ₂₆ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 10.60 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.72 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz, 3H), 6.88 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz,

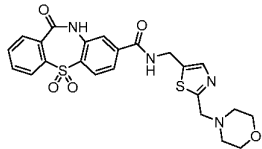
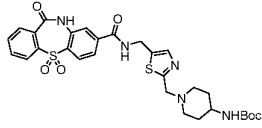
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						1H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H);
1823-A		A ^c , 92, 326	32	520.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	519.09 for C ₂₆ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 11.48 (br s, 1H), 9.35 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.92- 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.56 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H);
1840		A, 92, 338	19	548.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	547.12 for C ₂₈ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, J = 7.8, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.50 (dd, J = 7.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 1H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.07 (s, 2H), 0.99 (s, 6H);
1882		A ^b , 92, 345	29	483.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	482.02 for C ₂₁ H ₁₄ N ₄ O ₄ S ₃	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.50 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d,

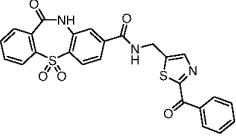
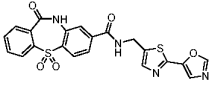
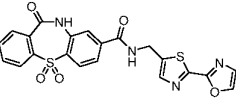
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						$J = 8.4 \text{ Hz, 1H}$), 8.01-7.94 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 6H), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.6 \text{ Hz}$, 2H);
1906		A ^c , 92, 488	9	497.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	496.09 for C ₂₃ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.33 (t, $J =$ 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.3 \text{ Hz}$, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 4.47 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.74 (t, $J =$ 6.2 Hz, 4H), 2.48- 2.45 (m, 4H);
1973		A, 92, 492	48	512.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	511.10 for C ₂₃ H ₂₁ N ₅ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.28 (t, $J =$ 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J = 8.3 \text{ Hz}$, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.94-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t, $J =$ 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 4.45 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.65-3.53 (m, 4H), 3.34-3.29 (m, 2H), 3.23-3.17 (m, 2H);

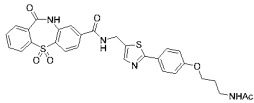
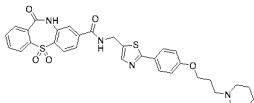
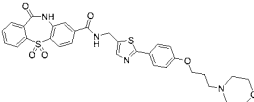
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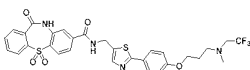
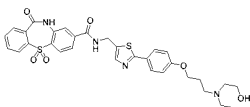
1927		A, 92, 500	40	499.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	498.10 for C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.39 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (br d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 4.61 (br d, <i>J</i> = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.59-3.54 (m, 4H), 2.47- 2.43 (m, 4H);
1885-A		A, 92, 534	25	612.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	611.19 for C ₂₉ H ₃₃ N ₅ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.38 (t, <i>J</i> =5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> =8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dt, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 6.74 (d, <i>J</i> =7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, <i>J</i> =5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.26-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.75 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.74-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.33 (m, 11H);

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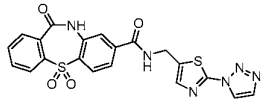
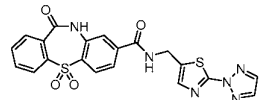
1929		A ^c , 92, 332	19	503.7 (M ⁺ +1) ;	503.06 for C ₂₅ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.57 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.36- 8.30 (m, 2H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 4H), 7.74-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.61- 7.53 (m, 2H), 4.78 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1957		A ^c , 92, 508	26	467.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	466.04 for C ₂₁ H ₁₄ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.51 (br t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01- 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93- 7.77 (m, 6H), 4.70 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1958		A ^c , 92, 512	48	466.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	466.04 for C ₂₁ H ₁₄ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.52 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.4, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.95-7.88 (m, 2H), 7.87-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 4.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);

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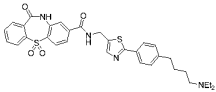
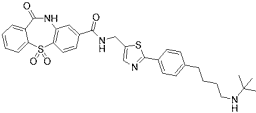
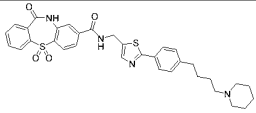
1991		A ^c , 92, 408	44	591.4 (M ⁺ +1) ;	590.13 for C ₂₉ H ₂₆ N ₄ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.03-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.9, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.06-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.28-3.14 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.79 (s, 3H);
1992		A ^c 92, 375	45	617.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	616.18 C ₃₂ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.04-2.70 (m, 4H), 2.30-2.14 (m, 2H), 2.12-1.93 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.18 (m, 6H);
1993		A, 92, 378	35	619.3 (M ⁺ +1)	618.16 C ₃₁ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> =

				;		5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.59-3.53 (m, 4H), 2.41 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.37-2.33 (m, 4H), 1.92-1.84 (m, 2H);
1994		A^c , 92, 383	38	645.0 ($M^+ + 1$) ;	644.14 for $C_{30}H_{27}F_3N_4$ O_5S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.5, 0.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.18 (q, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.67 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.91-1.83 (m, 2H);
1998		A^b , 92, 411	71	637.1 ($M^+ + 1$) ;	636.17 for $C_{31}H_{32}N_4O_7$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.34 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05

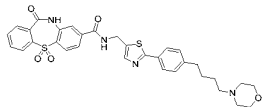
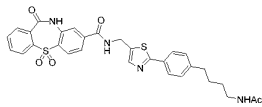
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					S ₂	(d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.4, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.42-4.25 (m, 2H), 4.06 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.41 (t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 4H), 2.61 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.55-2.51 (m, 4H), 1.83 (p, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H);
11047		A ^c , 92, 458 A	39	467.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	466.05 for C ₂₀ H ₁₄ N ₆ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.56 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.85 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.98 (dd, $J = 7.5, 1.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 4H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
11048		A ^c , 92, 458 B	23	467.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	466.05 for C ₂₀ H ₁₄ N ₆ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.52 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.22 (s, 2H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.6, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.93 -7.79 (m, 4H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 4.66 (d,

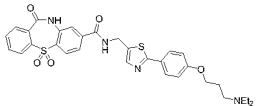
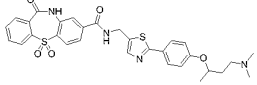
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						$J = 5.6 \text{ Hz, 2H}$);
11053		A ^c , 92, 476	41	603.20 (M ⁺ +1) ;	602.20 for C ₃₂ H ₃₄ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.74 (m, 7H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.46- 2.33 (m, 6H), 1.58 (p, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.44-1.36 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H);
11054		A ^c , 92, 471	23	603.20 (M ⁺ +1) ;	602.20 for C ₃₂ H ₃₄ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 9.45 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (td, J = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.75 (m, 7H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.54-2.44 (m, 3H), 1.62 (p, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (td, J = 15.0, 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.00 (s, 9H);
11055		A ^c , 92, 474	53	615.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	614.20 for C ₃₃ H ₃₄ N ₄ O ₄	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, J

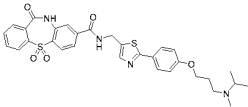
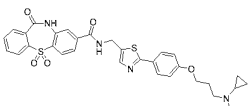
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					S ₂	= 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.76 (m, 7H), 7.29 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.30-2.19 (m, 6H), 1.57 (p, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.49-1.31 (m, 8H);
11056		A, 92, 468	8	617.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	616.18 for C ₃₂ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.87-7.76 (m, 6H), 7.29 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.53 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.4 Hz, 4H), 2.62 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.35-2.22 (m, 6H), 1.65-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.37 (m, 2H);
11057		A, 92, 480	26	589.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	588.15 for C ₃₀ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 1.1, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, <i>J</i> =

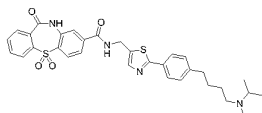
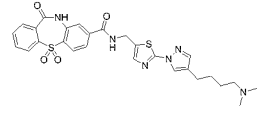
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						7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.75 (m, 7H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.07- 3.00 (m, 2H), 2.61 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.77 (s, 3H), 1.57 (td, $J = 15.1, 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.39 (p, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H);
11073		A ^c , 92, 389	12	605.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	604.18 for C ₃₁ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, Acetic acid): δ 8.16 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.11-8.08 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.87-7.79 (m, 4H), 7.03 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 4.18 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.46-3.22 (m, 6H), 2.34-2.23 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.28 (m, 6H);
11080		A, 92, 402	18	591.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	590.17 for C ₃₀ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.47 (m, 1H), 9.44 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.76 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.57

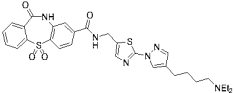
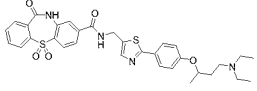
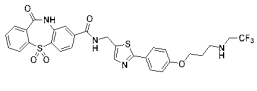
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						(q, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.17 (s, 6H), 1.87-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.26 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 3H);
11091		B ^a , 92, 414	55	605.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	604.18 for C ₃₁ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.83-7.76 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.79-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.48-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.85-1.78 (m, 2H), 0.92 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 6H);
11092		B ^a , 92, 417	37	603.2 (M ⁺ +1) ;	602.17 for C ₃₁ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, CD ₃ COOD): δ 8.14 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.10-8.07 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.86 (m, 3H), 7.86-7.78 (m, 4H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 4.16 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.57-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.03 (s, 3H),

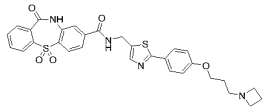
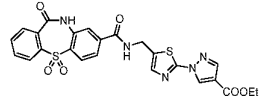
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						2.81-2.76 (m, 1H), 2.43-2.32 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.22 (m, 2H), 0.94-0.92 (m, 2H);
11093		A, 92, 482	13	603.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	602.20 C ₃₂ H ₃₄ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.77 (m, 9H), 7.29 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.76-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.65-2.57 (m, 2H), 2.30 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.61-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.36 (m, 2H), 0.90 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 6H);
11099		A ^c , 92, 448	41	565.6 (M ⁺ +1) ;	564.16 for C ₂₇ H ₂₈ N ₆ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.48 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00- 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93- 7.83 (m, 3H), 7.80 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 4.59 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.48-2.45 (m, 2H), 2.21 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (s, 6H),

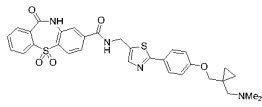
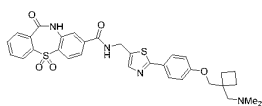
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						1.55 (p, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.46-1.36 (m, 2H);
11100		A, 92, 448 A	38	593.1 (M^{+1}) ;	592.19 for $C_{29}H_{32}N_6O_4$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.56 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 4.59 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.30-3.14 (m, 8H), 1.58-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.36 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 6H);
11101		A, 92, 419	32	619.1 (M^{+1}) ;	618.20 for $C_{32}H_{34}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3COOD): δ 8.15 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.11-8.06 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.86-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 4.73-4.63 (m, 1H), 3.43-3.22 (m, 6H), 2.26-2.15 (m, 2H), 1.37 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 3H), 1.35-1.30 (m, 6H);
11102		A ^c , 92, 406	14	631.1 (M^{+1}) ;	630.12 for $C_{29}H_{25}F_3N_4$	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, $J =$

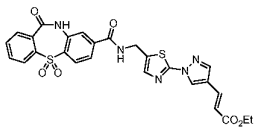
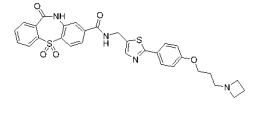
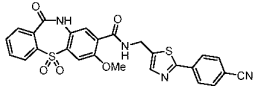
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					O5S ₂	5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.98 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.07 (t, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.27-3.17 (m, 2H), 2.76 (s, 2H), 1.90-1.83 (m, 2H);
11105		A, 92, 411	10	589.1 (M ⁺ +1)	588.15 for C ₃₀ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.71 (s, 2H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.04-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.48-3.35 (m, 4H), 2.78-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.71 (m, 2H);
11116		A ^c , 92, 461	45	538.0 (M ⁺ +1)	537.08 for C ₂₄ H ₁₉ N ₅ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.47 (br s, 1H), 9.51 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.84 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.63 (s, 1H),

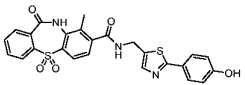
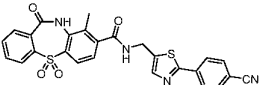
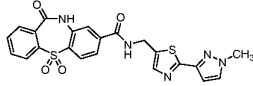
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						4.64 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.26 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.29 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H);
11112		A ^b , 92, 431	17	603.1 (M ⁺ +1)	602.17 for C ₃₁ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.90 (br s, 2H), 2.97-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.31-1.97 (m, 6H), 0.69-0.30 (m, 4H);
11113		A ^b , 92, 439	61	617.1 (M ⁺ +1)	616.18 for C ₃₂ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.83-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.07 (br s, 2H), 2.57-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.29 (m, 2H), 2.27-2.06 (m, 4H), 2.02-1.79 (m, 7H);

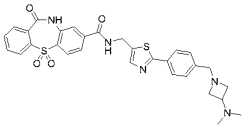
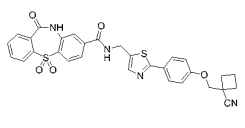
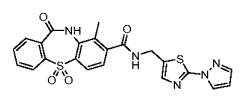
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11118		A ^c , 92, 451	27	564.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	563.09 for C ₂₆ H ₂₁ N ₅ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 1H), 6.56 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.19-4.14 (m, 2H), 1.24 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 3H);
11142		A ^b , 92, 422	48	635.1 (M ⁺ +1)	588.15 for C ₃₀ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.70-2.55 (m, 8H), 2.47-2.45 (m, 2H), 1.89-1.83 (m, 2H);
1901-A		A ^c , 120, 227	57	531.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	530.07 for C ₂₆ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.25 (br s, 1H), 9.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.01-7.82

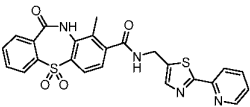
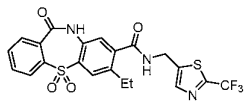
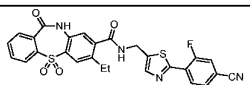
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						(m, 7H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H);
1768		A, 95 357	12	506.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	505.08 for $C_{25}H_{19}N_3O_5$ S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.86 (br s, 1H), 10.00 (br s, 1H), 9.17 (br s, 1H), 7.98-7.77 (m, 5H), 7.75-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.35 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.60 (br s, 2H), 2.32 (br s, 3H);
1877		A, 95, 227	68	515.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	514.08 for $C_{26}H_{18}N_4O_4$ S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.85 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.96-7.88 (m, 5H), 7.87-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H);
11046		A ^c , 92, 528	70	480.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	479.07 for $C_{22}H_{17}N_5O_4$ S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.43 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.97 (td, $J = 8.4, 1.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.81 (m, 3H),

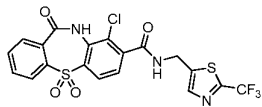
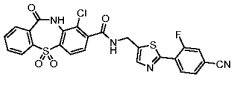
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						7.81-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 6.66 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H);
11158		A^C , 92, 524 A	26	588.2 (M^{+1}) ;	587.17 for $C_{30}H_{29}N_5O_4$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.47 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93 -7.77 (m, 7H), 7.36 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.62 (s, 2H), 3.39 (s, 2H), 2.87-2.85 (m, 3H), 2.03 (s, 6H);
11182		A^C , 92, 440	37	585.1 (M^{+1})	584.12 for $C_{30}H_{24}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.09 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 2.43-2.40 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.21 (m, 2H), 2.17-2.01 (m, 2H);
11074		A^C , 95, 455	50	480.0 (M^{+1}) ;	479.07 for $C_{22}H_{17}N_5O_4$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.86 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, $J =$

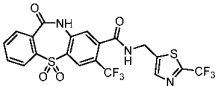
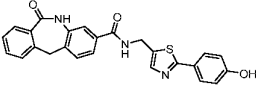
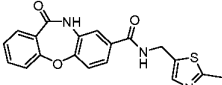
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					S ₂	5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.95-7.83 (m, 5H), 7.80 (td, $J = 7.6, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, $J = 2.5, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H);
11077		A ^c , 95, 354	57	491.08 (M ⁺ +1) ;	490.08 for C ₂₄ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 10.86 (br s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.62 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.77 (m, 7H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H);
11041		A, 113, 255	37	496.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	495.05 for C ₂₁ H ₁₆ F ₃ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.37 (s, 1H), 9.31 (br t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 8.00-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.81 (m, 3H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 4.73 (br d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.75-2.63 (m, 2H), 1.07 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H);
11042		A ^c , 113	19	547.0 (M ⁺ +1)	546.08 for	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 11.15

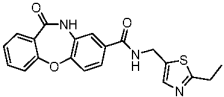
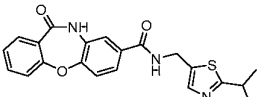
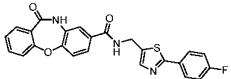
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		316		;	$C_{27}H_{19}FN_4O_4S_2$	(br s, 1H), 9.04 (br t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.15 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.90 (br d, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.72 (m, 3H), 7.70-7.59 (m, 4H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 4.51 (br d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.52-2.44 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H);
11082		A, 135, 255	32	503.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	500.98 for $C_{19}H_{11}ClF_3N_3O_4S_2$	^1H NMR (400MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.18 (br s, 1H), 9.40 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 8.02-7.93 (m, 3H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.84 (dd, $J = 7.5, 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
11083		A, 135, 316	43	553.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	552.01 for $C_{25}H_{14}ClFN_4O_4S_2$	^1H NMR (400MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.19 (s, 1H), 9.35 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.37 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.11 (dd, $J = 11.2, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.03-7.93 (m, 4H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.80 (m, 2H), 7.50 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H);

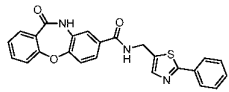
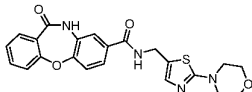
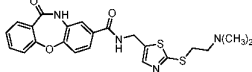
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1936		A ^a , 143, 255	49	536.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	535.01 for C ₂₀ H ₁₁ F ₆ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.82 (br s, 1H), 9.47 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.09-7.84 (m, 5H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 4.76 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.3 Hz, 2H);
1734		A, 200, 357	6	442.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	441.11 for C ₂₅ H ₁₉ N ₃ O ₃ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.52 (s, 1H), 9.91 (s, 1H), 9.09 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.60 (m, 5H), 7.54 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.59 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 2H);
1557		A, 149, 297	48	365.8 (M ⁺ +1)	365.08 for C ₁₉ H ₁₅ N ₃ O ₃ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.12 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.55 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H);

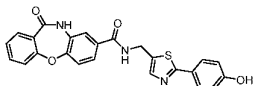
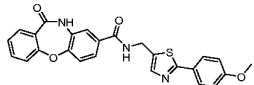
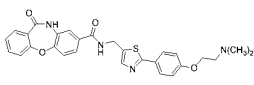
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1558		A, 149, 239	56	379.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	379.10 for C ₂₀ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₃ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.12 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 3H);
1559		A, 149, 251	41	393.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	393.11 for C ₂₁ H ₁₉ N ₃ O ₃ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.12 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 4.57 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.24-3.19 (m, 1H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.9 Hz, 6H);
1561		A, 149, 285	8	446.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	445.09 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O ₃ S	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.0, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (br s, 2H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.43

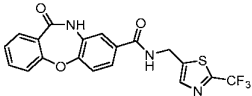
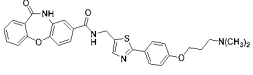
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						(d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 4H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H);
1562		A, 149, 291	36	428.3 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	427.10 for $C_{24}H_{17}N_3O_3$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.59 (s, 1H), 9.18 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.78-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 2H), 4.64 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1611		A, 149, 304	48	436.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	436.12 for $C_{22}H_{20}N_4O_4$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.02 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 4.43 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.68-3.63 (m, 4H), 3.31-3.28 (m, 4H);
1617		A, 149, 288	14	455.3 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	454.11 for $C_{22}H_{22}N_4O_3$ S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.14 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.70-7.54 (m, 4H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz,

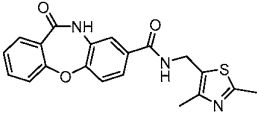
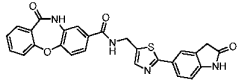
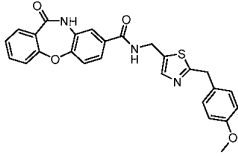
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						1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.54 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.27 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.55 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 6H);
1618		A, 149, 357	34	444.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	443.09 for $C_{24}H_{17}N_3O_4$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.93 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.59 (m, 6H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1619		A, 149, 363	35	458.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	457.11 for $C_{25}H_{19}N_3O_4$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.64 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H);
1621		A, 149, 360	14	515.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	514.17 for $C_{28}H_{26}N_4O_4$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.61 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, $J =$

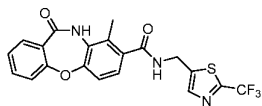
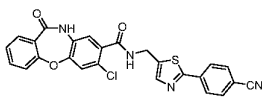
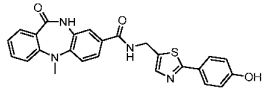
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					S	5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.81-7.74 (m, 3H), 7.68 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.11 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.75-2.68 (m, 2H), 2.27 (br s, 6H);
1629		A, 149, 255	9	419.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	419.06 for $C_{19}H_{12}F_3N_3$ O_3S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.33 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1698		A, 149, 367	48	529.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	528.18 for $C_{29}H_{28}N_4O_4$ S	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.76 (m, 3H), 7.71-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.7$

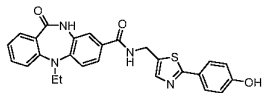
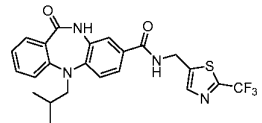
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						Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.34 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.13 (s, 6H), 1.89-1.80 (m, 2H);
1769		A ^a , 149, 219	72	380.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	379.10 for C ₂₀ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₃ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.04 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 4.47 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.54-2.50 (m, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H);
1833		A ^b , 149, 319	70	483.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	482.51 for C ₂₆ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₄ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.74-10.46 (m, 2H), 9.20 (br s, 1H), 7.82-7.58 (m, 6H), 7.47-7.29 (m, 4H), 6.88 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (br s, 2H), 3.54 (br s, 2H);
1835-A		A ^c , 149, 326	32	472.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	471.13 for C ₂₆ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₄ S	¹ H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.60 (s, 1H), 9.09 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.79-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.66-7.53 (m, 4H), 7.40 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.21 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz,

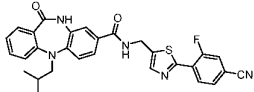
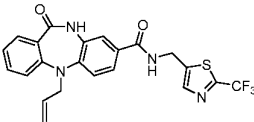
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						2H), 6.87 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.53 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H);
1941		A, 153, 255	55	434.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	433.07 for $C_{20}H_{14}F_3N_3$ O_3S	^1H NMR ((DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.06 (s, 1H), 9.10 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.72 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H);
1913		A, 155, 227	23	487.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	486.06 for $C_{25}H_{15}ClN_4$ O_3S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (br s, 1H), 9.19 (br t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.09 (br d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.96 (br d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.78 (br d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.65 (br t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.44-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 4.68 (br d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H);
1732		A, 166, 357	21	457.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	456.13 for $C_{25}H_{20}N_4O_3$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.29 (s, 1H), 9.93 (s, 1H), 9.08 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.54 (m,

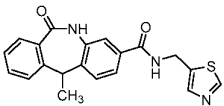
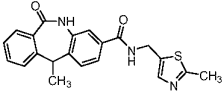
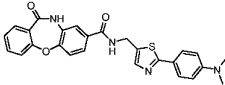
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						6H), 7.53-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.25 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.61 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1751		A, 169, 357	14	471.0 ($M^+ + 1$) ;	470.14 for $C_{26}H_{22}N_4O_3$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.30 (s, 1H), 9.95 (br s, 1H), 9.07 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.24 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.13 - 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.61 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.78 (br d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.12 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H);
11043		A ^c , 185 255	15	475.0 ($M^+ + 1$) ;	474.13 for $C_{23}H_{21}F_3N_4$ O ₂ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.29 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.54 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.27 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.70

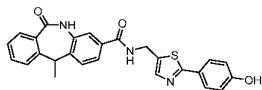
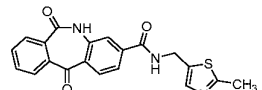
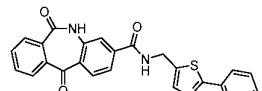
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						(d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.54 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.69 (m, 1H), 0.89 (dd, $J = 5.3, 4.1$ Hz, 6H);
11044		A ^b , 185, 316	15	526.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	525.16 for C ₂₉ H ₂₄ FN ₅ O S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆): δ 10.28 (s, 1H), 9.16 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.35 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, $J = 11.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.47 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.09 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.70 (br d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.54 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.84-1.69 (m, 1H), 0.89 (s, 6H);
1920		A, 190, 255	47	459.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	458.10 C ₂₂ H ₁₇ F ₃ N ₄ O ₂ S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆): δ 10.33 (s, 1H), 9.23 (br t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.11 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.78-5.66 (m, 1H), 5.33 (dd, $J = 17.4, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.16-5.10 (m,

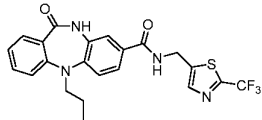
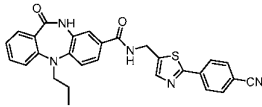
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						1H), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.45 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 2H);
1546		A, 211, 217	48%	364.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	363.10 for $C_{20}H_{17}N_3O_2$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.64-10.51 (m, 1H), 9.10 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.95 (d, $J = 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.75 (m, 1.5 H), 7.69-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 1.5 H), 7.43-7.29 (m, 3H), 4.64 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.27-4.09 (m, 1H), 1.77, 1.44 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H);
1548		A, 211 297	48%	377.9 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	377.12 for $C_{21}H_{19}N_3O_2$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.69-10.44 (m, 1H), 9.05 (t, $J = 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 0.5H), 7.65 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 0.5H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 1.5 H), 7.54-7.46 (m, 2.5H), 7.43-7.29 (m, 3H), 4.58-4.49 (m, 2H), 4.28-4.07 (m, 1H), 2.56 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 3H), 1.77, 1.43 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H);
1697		A, 149, 312	68	471.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	470.14 for $C_{26}H_{22}N_4O_3$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.29 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H),

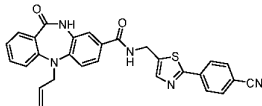
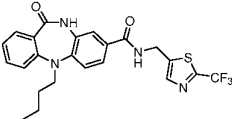
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						7.95-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.85-7.74 (m, 6H), 7.56 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 2H), 6.88 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.74 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.10 (s, 6H);
1754		A, 211, 357	37	456.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	455.13 for $C_{26}H_{21}N_3O_3$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz) (rotamers): δ 10.74-10.45 (m, 1H), 9.93 (br s, 1H), 9.11 (t, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.46 (m, 7H), 7.43-7.28 (m, 3H), 6.83 (dd, $J = 9.2, 2.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.66-4.57 (m, 2H), 4.27-4.09 (m, 1H), 1.77, 1.44 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H);
1592		A, 216, 297	42	377.8 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	377.08 for $C_{20}H_{15}N_3O_3$ S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): 11.19 (s, 1H), 9.28 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.20-8.14 (m, 1H), 7.87-7.76 (m, 5H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H);
1594		A, 216, 291	30	440.5 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	439.10 for $C_{25}H_{17}N_3O_3$ S	^1H NMR (400MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.21 (br s, 1H), 9.40 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 -

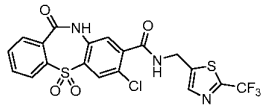
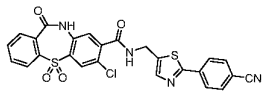
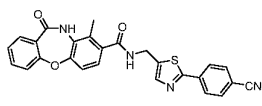
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						8.16 (m, 1H), 7.93 - 7.79 (m, 8H), 7.65 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 3H), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1916		Ac, 172, 255	58	461.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	460.12 $C_{22}H_{19}F_3N_4$ O_2S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.29 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.62-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.27 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.08 (m, 1H), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.72 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.57-1.44 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H);
1917		A^c , 172, 227	30	494.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	493.16 $C_{28}H_{23}N_5O_2$ S	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 10.29 (s, 1H), 9.15 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.96-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.10 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.77-3.69 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.47 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, $J =$

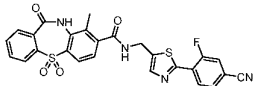
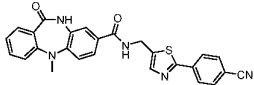
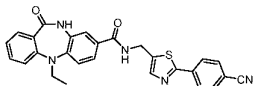
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						7.3 Hz, 3H);
1921		A ^c , 190, 227	46	492.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	491.14 C ₂₈ H ₂₁ N ₅ O ₂ S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.34 (s, 1H), 9.16 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.95-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.48 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.10 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.79-5.66 (m, 1H), 5.33 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.9 Hz, 2H);
1922		A, 176, 255		475.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	474.13 for C ₂₃ H ₂₁ F ₃ N ₄ O ₂ S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.28 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.50-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.07 (m, 1H), 4.70 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.79-3.72 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.28 (m, 2H), 0.82 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.3 Hz, 3H);

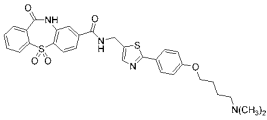
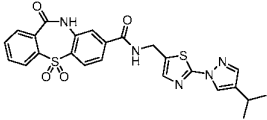
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1934		A, 126, 255	20	501.9 (M ⁺ +1) ;	500.98 for C ₁₉ H ₁₁ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.43 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 8.02-7.96 (m, 3H), 7.95-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H);
1935		A, 126 227	35	535.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	534.02 for C ₂₅ H ₁₅ ClN ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d ₆): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.36 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.02-7.94 (m, 5H), 7.93-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H);
1942		A ^c , 153, 227	59	467.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	466.11 for C ₂₆ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₃ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 9.04 (t, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H);

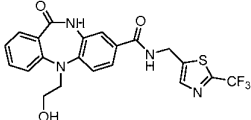
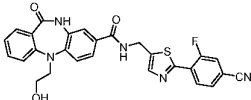
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1971		A, 95, 316	64	533.0 (M ⁺ +1) ;	532 for C ₂₆ H ₁₇ FN ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.29 (s, 1H), 9.15 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.96-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.10 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.77-3.69 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.47 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.3 Hz, 3H);
1974		A, 166, 227	23	466.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	465.13 for C ₂₆ H ₁₉ N ₅ O ₂ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.30 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.5 Hz, 3H), 7.66-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.54- 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.23 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H);
1975		A, 169 227	24	480.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	479.14 for C ₂₇ H ₂₁ N ₅ O ₂ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.31 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.95- 7.87 (m, 3H), 7.66-7.56 (m,

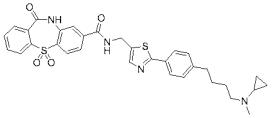
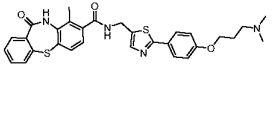
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						3H), 7.49 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.10 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.80-3.77 (m, 2H), 1.12 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H);
11001		A, 92, 394	40	591.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	590.17 for $C_{30}H_{30}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.47 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.03 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.24 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.12 (s, 6H), 1.77-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.49 (m, 2H);
11117-A		A ^c , 92, 519	26	508.0 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	507.10 for $C_{24}H_{21}N_5O_4$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 4H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 4.60 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.88-2.81 (m,

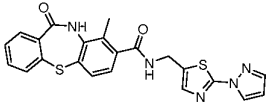
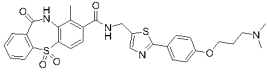
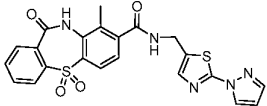
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						1H), 1.20 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 6H);
11078		A ^c , 194, 255	19	463.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	462.10 for C ₂₁ H ₁₇ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃ S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.27 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.11 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.86-3.82 (m, 2H), 3.51 (q, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 2H);
11079		A ^c , 194, 316	26	514.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	513.13 for C ₂₇ H ₂₀ FN ₅ O ₃ S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.27 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.35 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, $J = 11.1, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.86-3.82 (m, 2H), 3.51 (q, $J = 6.2$ Hz,

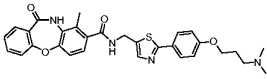
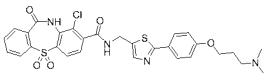
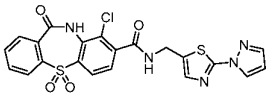
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						2H);
11094		A, 92, 484	38	601.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	600.19 for C ₃₂ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.4, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, <i>J</i> = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.87 - 7.75 (m, 6H), 7.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.47-2.47 (m, 2H), 2.19 (br s, 3H), 1.55 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.3, 14.7 Hz, 3H), 1.48 - 1.39 (m, 2H), 0.38 (br d, <i>J</i> = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 0.24 (br s, 2H);
C20-01		B, 20, 367	46	559.20 (M ⁺ + 1)	558.18 for C ₃₀ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₃ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.25 (s, 1H), 9.03 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.68 - 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.53 - 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.10 - 7.01 (m, 3H), 4.59 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 6H),

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						1.88 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H)
C20-02		B, 20, 455	64	448.05 (M^+ +1)	447.08 for $C_{22}H_{17}N_5O_2$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 10.26 (s, 1H), 9.07 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.47 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.68 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 5H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 4.56 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H)
C38-01		B, 95, 367	21	591.15 (M^+ + 1)	590.17 for $C_{30}H_{30}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 10.87 (s, 1H), 9.18 (t, 1H), 7.94 – 7.77 (m, 7H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.08 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.72 – 2.70 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 6H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.97 – 1.94 (m, 2H)
C38-02		B, 95, 455	23	480.10 (M^+ + 1)	479.07 for $C_{22}H_{17}N_5O_4$ S_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 10.87 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 7.94 – 7.77 (m, 5H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, $J = 5.6$

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						Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H)
C44-01		B, 153, 367	20	543 (M ⁺ + 1)	542.20 for C ₃₀ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₄ S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.97 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.85 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.74 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.58 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.05 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.58 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 6H), 1.86 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.6 Hz, 2H)
C51-01		B, 135, 367	27	611 (M ⁺ + 1)	610.11 for C ₂₉ H ₂₇ ClN ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.26 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.00 – 7.76 (m, 7H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 6.98 (m, 2H), 4.64 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 6H), 1.89 – 1.83 (m, 2H)
C51-02		B, 135, 455	20	500 (M ⁺ + 1)	499.02 for C ₂₁ H ₁₄ ClN ₅ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.21 (s, 1H), 9.30 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (d,

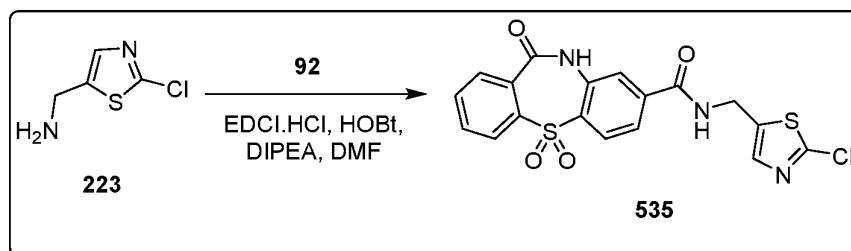
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						$J = 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.03 – 7.79 (m, 6H), 7.57 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 4.60 (d, $J =$ 5.8 Hz, 2H)
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A^a: DIPEA (2 equiv); A^b: EDCI (2 equiv), HOBt (2 equiv), DIPEA (5 equiv); A^c: DIPEA (5 equiv); A^d: Column purification done in neutral alumina (Eluent: 1: 1: 50, MeOH: NH₄OH: CH₂Cl₂); B^a: HATU (1.5 equiv), Amine (1.1 equiv), DIPEA (3 equiv)

5

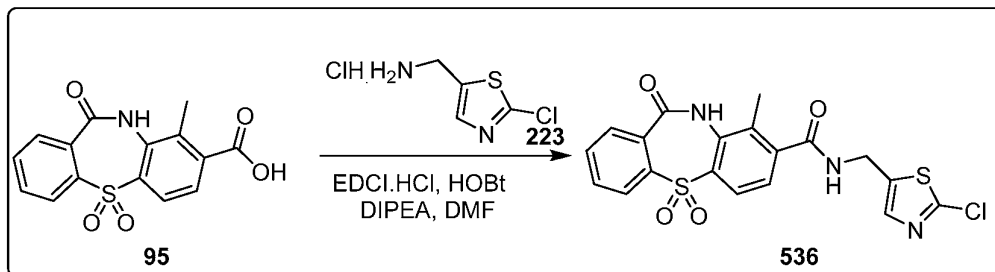
Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (535): A common intermediate



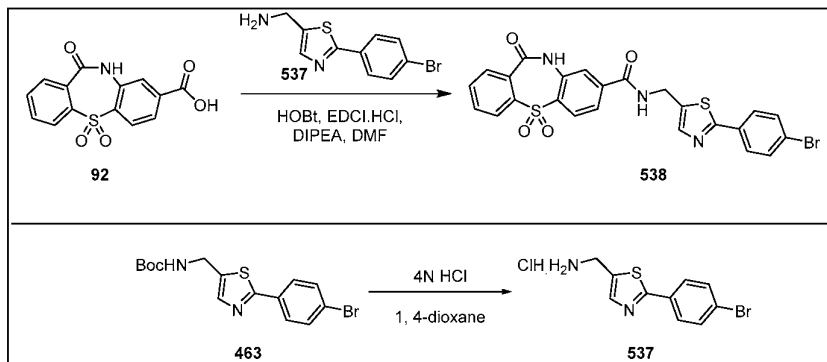
- 10 **[000510] Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (535):** To a stirring solution of compound **92** (600 mg, 1.65 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **223** (362 mg, 1.98 mmol), EDCI.HCl (597 mg, 3.30 mmol), HOBt (445 mg, 3.30 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (1.5 mL, 8.25 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The
- 15 reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with EtOAc (10 mL), diethyl ether (10 mL), *n*-hexane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **535** (700 mg, 82%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆ 400 MHz):** δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.48 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.4, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 4.59 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H).
- 20

Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,

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f* [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (536): A common intermediate****[000511] Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-*dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (**536**):**

- To a stirring solution of compound **95** (1.5 g, 4.73 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (1.36 g, 7.09 mmol), HOBT (960 mg, 7.09 mmol), (2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride **223** (963 mg, 7.09 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (4.1 mL, 23.65 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 60 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **536** (1.2 g, 57%) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 10.86 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.95-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.89-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.82-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 99.42%; 448.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.08 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-bromophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (538**): A common intermediate**

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[000512] Synthesis of (2-(4-bromophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride

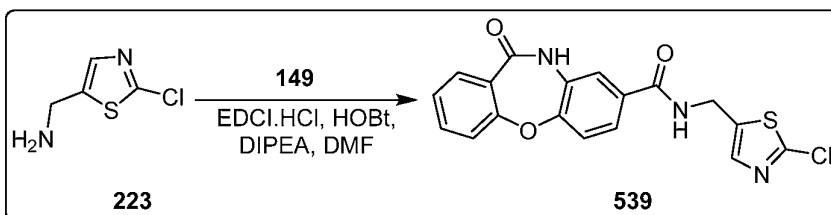
(537): To a stirring solution of compound **463** (700 mg, 1.89 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- dioxane (3 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3-4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
5 volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **537** (680 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.64 (br s, 3H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H);

[000513] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-bromophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (**538**):** To a stirring
10 solution of **92** (400 mg, 1.32 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added HOBt (268 mg, 1.98 mmol), EDCI.HCl (380 mg, 1.98 mmol), ((2-(4-bromophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine **537** (402 mg, 1.32 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (1.2 mL, 6.60 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion
15 of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **538** (500 mg, 68%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.12 (br s, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H),
20 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 7H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.62%; 555.9 (M+2)⁺; (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.57 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

25 **Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (**539**): A common intermediate**

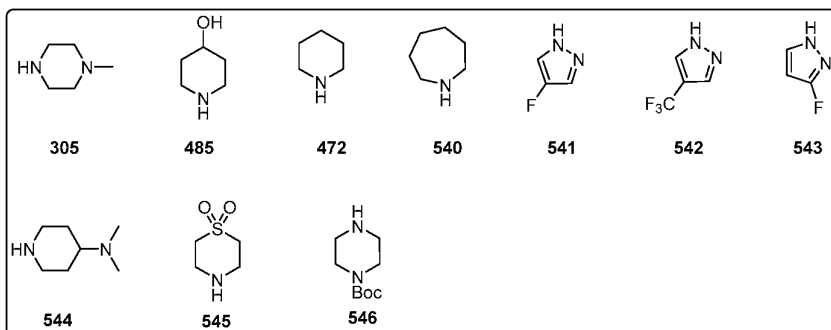
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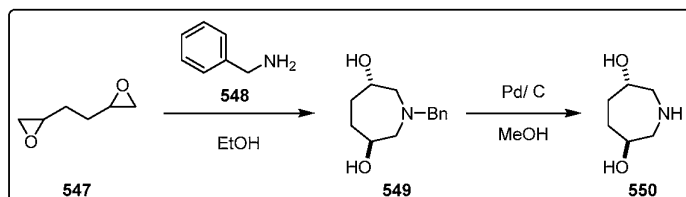
- [000514] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (539):** To a stirring solution of compound **149** (500 mg, 1.96 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **223** (398 mg, 2.15 mmol), EDCI.HCl (561 mg, 2.94 mmol), HOBT (397 mg, 2.94 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (1.75 mL, 9.80 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold-water (50 mL), extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 8% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **539** (390 mg, 52%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆ 500 MHz):** δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H).

[000515] The common intermediates **535**, **536**, **538** & **539** were converted to final products through the displacement reaction using amines or were coupled with either commercially available coupling reagents or prepared coupling reagents.

Commercially available amines for displacement reaction:

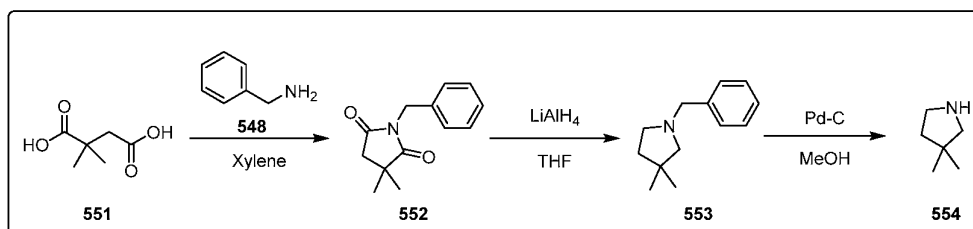


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Preparation of amines for displacement reaction:**Synthesis of (3S, 6S)-azepane-3, 6-diol (550):**

- 5 **[000516] Synthesis of (3S, 6S)-1-benzylazepane-3, 6-diol (549):** To a stirring solution of 1, 2-di(oxiran-2-yl) ethane **547** (1.5 g, 13.14 mmol) in EtOH (40 mL) under argon atmosphere was added benzyl amine **548** (1.53 mL, 14.46 mmol) at RT and heated to reflux for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified preparative HPLC
- 10 purification to afford compound **549** (600 mg, crude) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.36 - 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.26 - 7.19 (m, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.72 - 3.50 (m, 4H), 2.73-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.40- 2.37 (m, 2H), 1.88 - 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.48 -1.27 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 89.13%; 222.2 (*M*⁺+1); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.28 min. 2.5 mM (NH₄)₂CO₃: ACN, 1.0 mL/min).
- 15 **[000517] Synthesis of (3S, 6S)-azepane-3,6-diol (550):** To a stirring solution of compound **549** (500 mg, 0.22 mmol) in MeOH (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (50 mg, 50% wet) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, and eluted with MeOH (10 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*
- 20 to afford compound **550** (250 mg, 84%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 4.55-4.22 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.51 (m, 2H), 2.87-2.83 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.43 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.27 (m, 2H); **Mass (Agilent 6310 Ion trap):** 132.3 (*M*⁺+1);
- 25 **Synthesis of 3, 3-dimethylpyrrolidine (554):**

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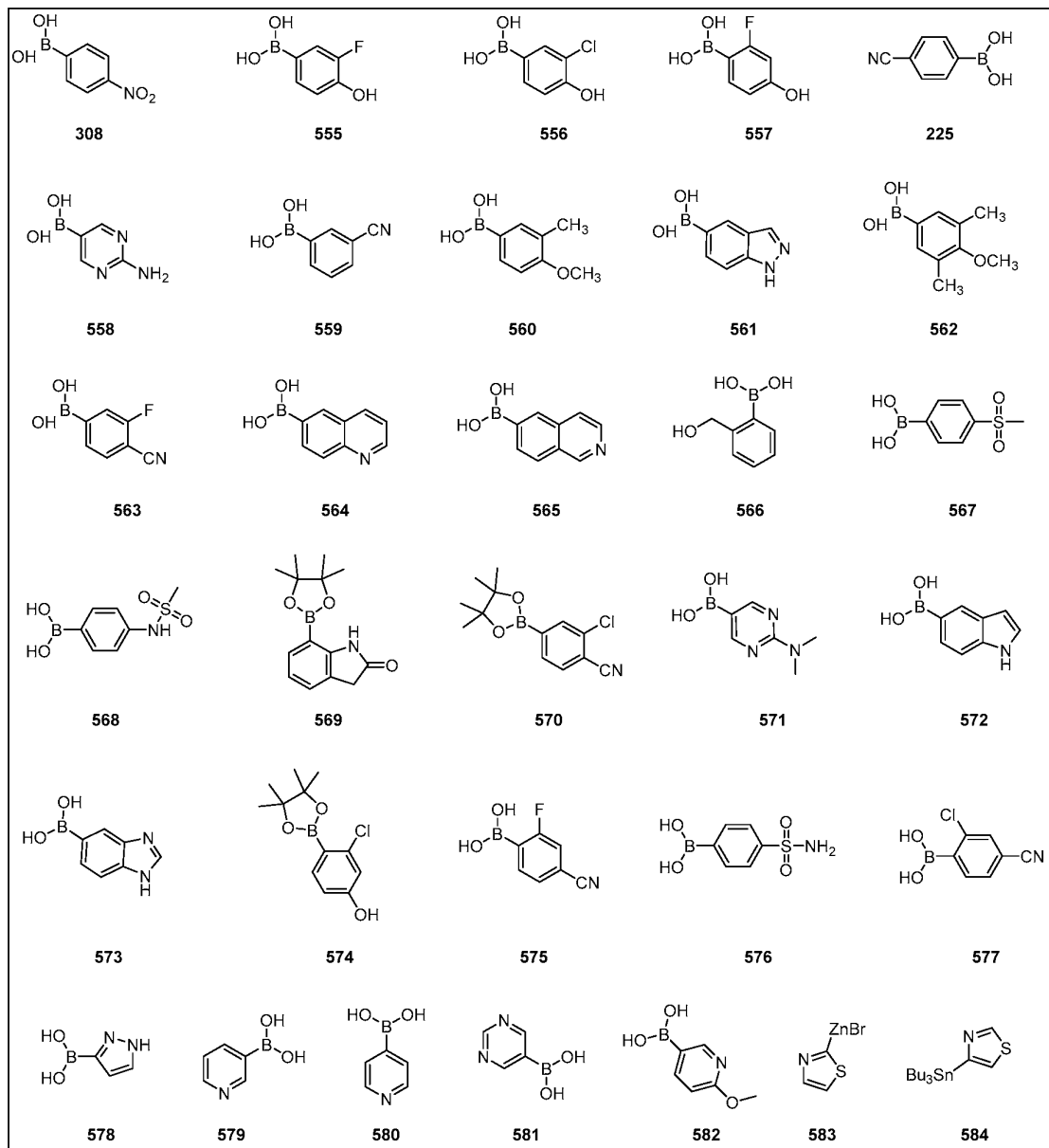
[000518] Synthesis of 1-benzyl-3,3-dimethylpyrrolidine-2,5-dione (552): To a stirring solution of 2,2-dimethylsuccinic acid **551** (5 g, 34.21 mmol) in xylene (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added benzyl amine **548** (4.03 g, 37.63 mmol) at RT; heated to 120 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with 5% sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was precipitated in isopropanol (100 mL) at -40 °C. The solvent was decanted and the obtained solid was dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **552** (3 g, 40%) as white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.35-7.20 (m, 5H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 2H), 1.22 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 99.27%; 217.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.27 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000519] Synthesis of 1-benzyl-3,3-dimethylpyrrolidine (553): To a stirring solution of compound **552** (3.0 g, 13.82 mmol) in THF (50 mL) under argon atmosphere was added lithium aluminium hydride (1.57 g, 41.47 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with saturated sodium sulfate and stirred for 20 min, filtered through celite. The celite pad was eluted with EtOAc (30 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **553** (2.2 g, 85%) as colorless thick syrup. **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.32-7.27 (m, 4H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 2.56-2.47 (m, 2H), 2.21 (s, 2H), 1.51 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.03 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 92.64%; 190.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.47 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

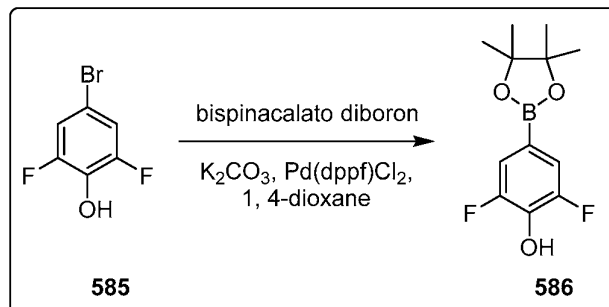
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[000520] Synthesis of 3, 3-dimethylpyrrolidine (554): To a stirring solution of compound **553** (1.5 g, 7.98 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/ C (500 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (**70 psi**) at RT; heated to 75 °C for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was
5 filtered through celite and eluted with 20%MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 80 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **554** (500 mg, 64%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 3.03 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (s, 2H), 1.55 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.45-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.04 (s, 6H).

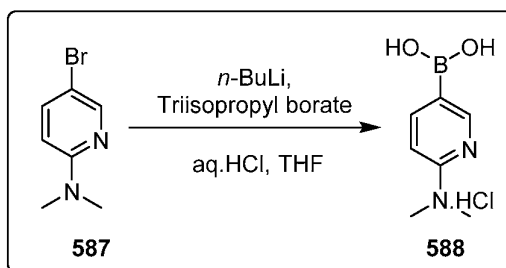
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Commercially available cross coupling reagents used for preparing compounds:**Preparation of cross coupling reagents used in the preparation of compounds:**

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Synthesis of 2, 6-difluoro-4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenol (586):**[000521] Synthesis of 2, 6-difluoro-4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenol (586):**

To a stirring solution of 4-bromo-2, 6-difluorophenol **585** (1 g, 4.80 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bis pinacolato diboron (1.83 g, 7.21 mmol), potassium carbonate (1.98 g, 14.40 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 10 min. To this was added $Pd(dppf)Cl_2$ (350 mg, 0.48 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated to 100 °C for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, eluted with CH_2Cl_2 (75 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-5% EtOAc/ hexanes to compound **586** (620 mg, 50%) **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5).

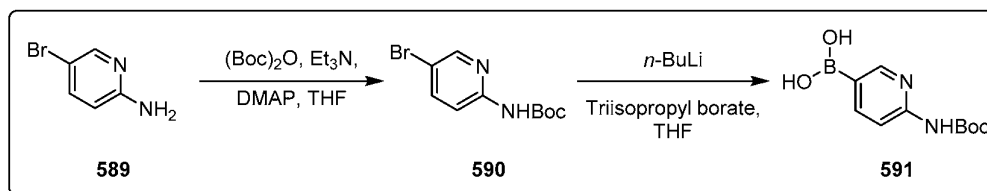
Synthesis of (6-(dimethylamino) pyridin-3-yl) boronic acid hydrochloride (588):**[000522] Synthesis of (6-(dimethylamino) pyridin-3-yl) boronic acid hydrochloride**

(588): To a stirring solution of 5-bromo-*N,N*-dimethylpyridin-2-amine **587** (250 mg, 1.24 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (1.6 M solution in hexane, 0.93 mL, 1.49 mmol) drop wise for 5 min at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min. To this was added triisopropyl borate (0.43 mL, 1.86 mmol) in dry THF (4 mL) at -78 °C; warmed to

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RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with 2 N aqueous HCl (10 mL). The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which washed with diethylether (2 x 10 mL) to afford compound **588** (250 mg, crude) as an off-white thick syrup. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS:** 74.20%; 166.7 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 0.48 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Synthesis of (6-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) pyridin-3-yl) boronic acid (591**):**



[000523] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (5-bromopyridin-2-yl) carbamate (590**):** To a stirring solution of 5-bromopyridin-2-amine **589** (1 g, 5.78 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triethyl amine (2.5 mL, 17.32 mmol), Boc-anhydride (1.51 g, 6.92 mmol) and DMAP (70 mg, 0.57 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2-5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **590** (900 mg, 57%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 8.32 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (br s, 1H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.54 (s, 9H).

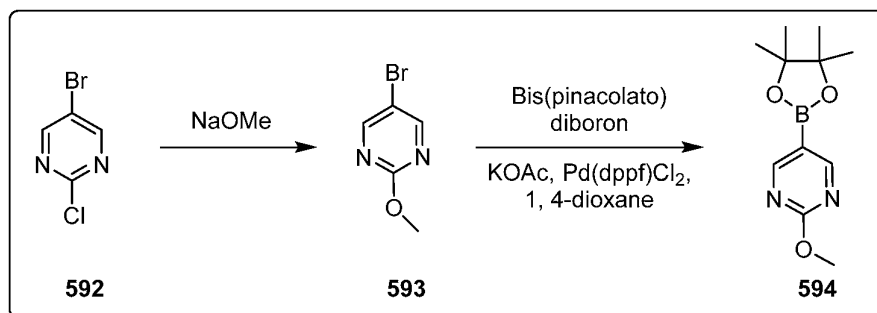
[000524] Synthesis of (6-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) pyridin-3-yl) boronic acid (591**):**

To a stirring solution of compound **590** (250 mg, 0.91 mmol) and in dry THF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (1.6 M solution in hexane, 1.72 mL, 2.74 mmol) drop wise for 10 min at -78 °C and stirred for 1 h. To this was added triisopropyl borate (0.31 mL, 1.37 mmol) at -78 °C and stirred for 1 h; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (5 mL) and the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The pH of the crude was adjusted to ~5-6 with 1 N HCl. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford

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compound **591** (300 mg, crude) as white semi solid. **TLC**: 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **LC-MS**: 30.85%; 239.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; X Select CSH C-18, (50×3.0 mm, $2.5 \mu\text{m}$); RT 2.54 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min).

5 **Synthesis of 2-methoxy-5-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) pyrimidine (594):**



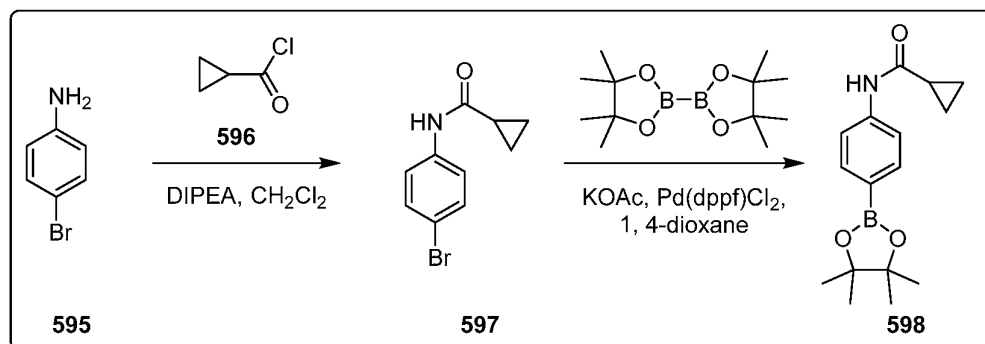
[000525] **Synthesis of 5-bromo-2-methoxypyrimidine (593):** Sodium metal (230 mg, 1.03 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH (25 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. To this was added 5-bromo-2-chloropyrimidine **592** (1 g, 0.51 mmol) at RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was diluted with ice-cold water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **593** (900 mg, 92%). **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz):** δ 8.59 (s, 2H), 4.01 (s, 3H).

[000526] **Synthesis of 2-methoxy-5-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) pyrimidine (594):** To a stirring solution of 5-bromo-2-methoxypyrimidine **593** (500 mg, 2.65 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bis pinacolato diboron (1.34 g, 5.29 mmol), potassium acetate (779 mg, 7.95 mmol) at RT and stirred under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (193 mg, 0.26 mmol) and heated to 90-100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel

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column chromatography using 20-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **594** (700 mg, crude). **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.81 (s, 2H), 4.03 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 12H).

5 **Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) cyclopropanecarboxamide (**598**):**



[000527] Synthesis of *N*-(4-bromophenyl) cyclopropanecarboxamide (597**):** To a stirring solution of 4-bromoaniline **595** (1 g, 5.81 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added diisopropylamine (2.1 mL, 11.62 mmol), cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride **596** (604 mg, 5.81 mmol) at 0 °C, warmed to RT and stirred for 2.5 h. The reaction was monitored by
 10 **TLC**; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (25 mL). The organic layer was washed with water (30 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to
 15 obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **597** (1.15 g, 83%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 400 MHz)**: δ 10.29 (s, 1H), 7.58-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.72 (m, 1H), 0.82-0.78 (m, 4H); **LC-MS**: 99.73%; 239.7 (M^+ +1);
 20 (column; Kinetex EVO C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.71 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min).

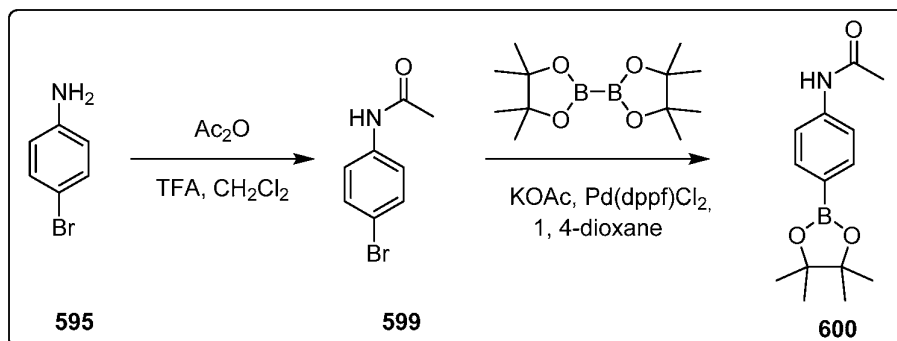
[000528] Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) cyclopropanecarboxamide (598**):** To a stirring solution of *N*-(4-bromophenyl) cyclopropanecarboxamide **597** (500 mg, 2.08 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (15 mL) under argon

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atmosphere were added bis pinacolato diboron (632 mg, 2.50 mmol), potassium acetate (510 mg, 5.20 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (15 mg, 0.02 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 10 min and heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **598** (520 mg, 87%) as an off-white solid.

TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.28 (s, 1H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 4H), 1.83-1.74 (m, 1H), 1.28 (s, 12H), 0.84-0.77 (m, 4H);

Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) acetamide (600):



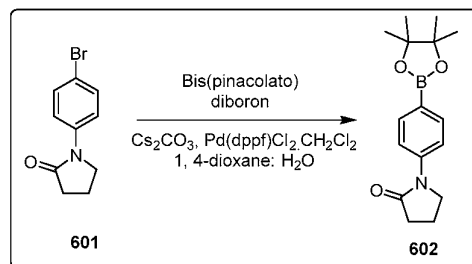
[000529] Synthesis of *N*-(4-bromophenyl) acetamide (599): To a stirring solution of 4-bromoaniline **595** (1 g, 5.81 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added trifluoroacetic acid (1.6 mL, 11.62 mmol), acetic anhydride (0.6 mL, 5.81 mmol) at 0°C, warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate (50 mL), brine (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **599** (1.1 g, 92%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.04 (br s, 1H), 7.57-7.53

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(m, 2H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 99.65%; 211.9 (M-1)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.21 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

- 5 **[000530] Synthesis of *N*-(4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) acetamide (600):** To a stirring solution of *N*-(4-bromophenyl) acetamide **599** (500 mg, 2.33 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (15 mL) under argon atmosphere were added bis pinacolato diboron (709 mg, 2.80 mmol), potassium acetate (572 mg, 5.84 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.02 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was
10 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **600** (510 mg, 84%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.02 (s, 1H), 7.60-7.58 (m, 4H),
15 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 12H); **LC-MS**: 96.10%; 262 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.63 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1-(4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) pyrrolidin-2-one (602):



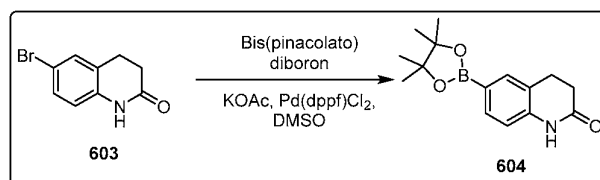
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- [000531] Synthesis of 1-(4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) pyrrolidin-2-one (602):** To a stirring solution of 1-(4-bromophenyl) pyrrolidin-2-one **601** (1 g, 4.16 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane: H₂O (10: 1, 22 mL) in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere were added bis pinacolato diboron (1.27 g, 4.99 mmol), cesium carbonate (1.62 g, 4.99 mmol) at RT
25 and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂.CH₂Cl₂ (304 mg, 0.41 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min, heated to 100 °C and stirred

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for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed in *vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **602** (800 mg, 66%). **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **LC-MS:** 54.37%; 287.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.50 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

Synthesis of 6-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3, 4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (604):



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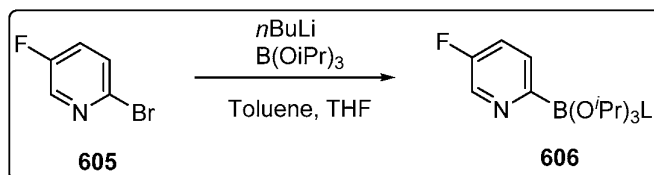
[000532] Synthesis of 6-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3, 4-

dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (604): To a stirring solution of 6-bromo-3, 4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one **603** (500 mg, 2.21 mmol) in DMSO (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bis pinacolato diboron (671 mg, 2.65 mmol), potassium acetate (650 mg, 6.63 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 10 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)₂Cl₂ (161 mg, 0.22 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed ice-cold water (2 x 30 mL), brine (30 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 20-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **604** (300 mg, crude) as semi-solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.21(s, 1H), 7.50-7.39 (m, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.92-2.84 (m, 2H), 2.46-2.42 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H).

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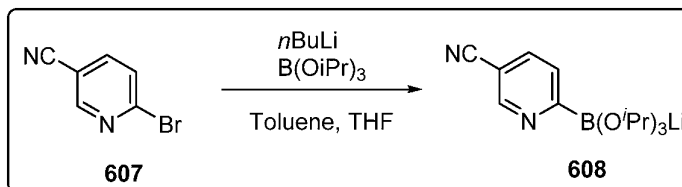
Synthesis of 5-fluoro-2-lithium tri isopropyl borate salt (606):

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[000533] Synthesis of 5-fluoro-2-lithium tri isopropyl borate salt (606): To a stirring solution of 2-bromo-5-fluoropyridine **605** (500 mg, 2.84 mmol) and triisopropyl borate (0.8 mL, 3.4 mmol) in dry toluene (10 mL), dry THF (2 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (2.5 M solution in hexane, 2.3 mL, 5.68 mmol) drop wise for 1.5 h at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min and warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which washed with hexane (2 x 10 mL) to afford compound **606** (800 mg salt, crude) as brown solid. This crude salt was taken up for the next reaction without purification. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1);

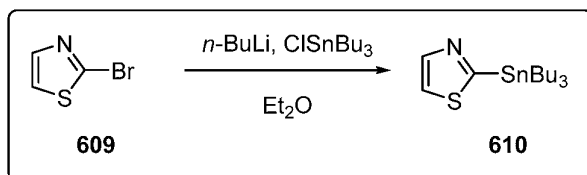
Synthesis of 5-fluoro-2-lithium tri isopropyl borate salt (608):



[000534] Synthesis of 5-cyano-2-lithium triisopropyl borate salt (608): To a stirring solution of 2-bromo-5-cyanopyridine **607** (1 g, 5.46 mmol) and triisopropyl borate (1.52 mL, 6.55 mmol) in dry toluene: dry THF (1:4; 25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (2.5 M solution in hexane, 3.4 mL, 5.46 mmol) drop wise for 1.5 h at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min and warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which washed with hexane (2 x 10 mL) to afford compound **608** (1.6 g salt, crude) as yellow solid. The crude was taken forward next reaction without further purification. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2).

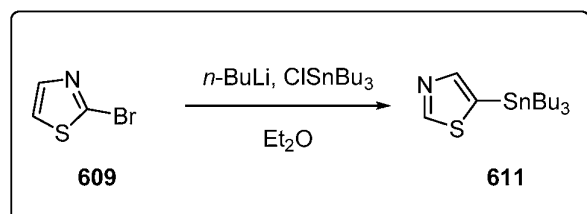
Synthesis of 2-(tributylstannyl) thiazole (610):

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[000535] Synthesis of 2-(tributylstannyl) thiazole (610): To a stirring solution of 2-bromothiazole **609** (5 g, 30.48 mmol) in diethyl ether (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (12.2 mL, 33.53 mmol, 2.5 M solution in hexane) dropwise for 15 min at -70 °C and stirred for 30 min. To this a solution of tributyltin chloride (10 mL, 30.48 mmol) in diethyl ether (15 mL) was added dropwise for 10 min at -70 °C and stirred at the same temperature for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with diethylether (3 x 50 mL), washed with saturated potassium fluoride solution (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **610** (11 g) as brown color syrup. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 8.17 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.58-1.50 (m, 6H), 1.34-1.27 (m, 6H), 1.16-1.10 (m, 6H), 0.89-0.83 (m, 9H) (NMR shows excess of tin reagent as impurity in the aliphatic region).

Synthesis of 5-(tributylstannyl) thiazole (611):

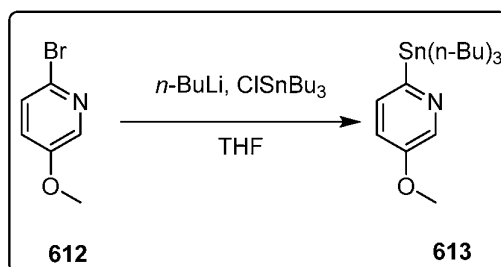


[000536] To a stirring solution of 2-bromothiazole **609** (5 g, 30.48 mmol) in diethyl ether (35 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (12.2 mL, 33.53 mmol, 2.5 M solution in hexane) at -70 °C and stirred for 30 min. To this was added a solution of tributyltin chloride (10 mL, 30.48 mmol) in diethyl ether (15 mL) dropwise for 10 min at -70 °C and stirred at the same temperature for 4 h; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with diethylether (3 x 50 mL) and washed with saturated potassium fluoride

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solution (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 25-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **611** (3.5 g, 31%) as white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 1.58-1.47 (m, 6H), 1.34-1.24 (m, 6H), 1.13 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 6H), 0.85 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 9H).

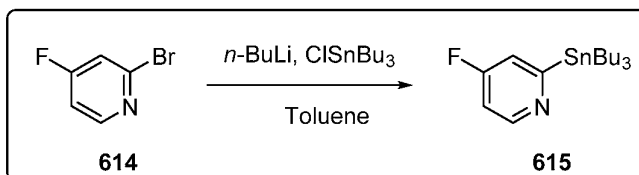
Synthesis of 5-methoxy-2-(tributylstannyl) pyridine (**613**):



[000537] **Synthesis of 5-methoxy-2-(tributylstannyl) pyridine (**613**):** To a stirring solution of 2-bromo-5-methoxypyridine **612** (2 g, 10.64 mmol) in THF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (8.9 mL, 10.64 mmol, 1.6 M solution in hexane) at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min. To this was added tributyltin chloride (3.5 g, 10.64 mmol) drop wise for 10 min at -78 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through neutral alumina column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **613** (3 g) as pale yellow liquid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **LC-MS:** 75.23%; 400.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.56 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

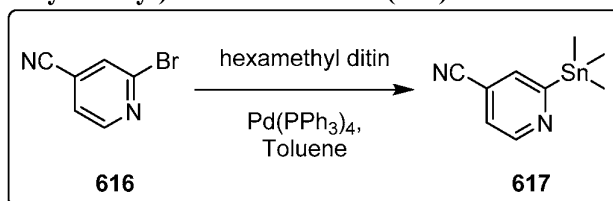
Synthesis of 4-fluoro-2-(tributylstannyl) pyridine (**615**):

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[000538] **Synthesis of 4-fluoro-2-(tributylstannyl) pyridine (615):** To a stirring solution of 2-bromo-4-fluoropyridine **614** (300 mg, 1.70 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added n -butyl lithium (1.2 mL, 2.04 mmol, 1.6 M solution in hexane) at -78°C and stirred for 75 min. To this was added tributyltin chloride (0.55 mL, 2.04 mmol) drop wise for 10 min at -78°C and stirred at the same temperature for 30 min; warmed to RT and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride solution (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **615** (700 mg, crude) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 1.58-1.47 (m, 6H), 1.34-1.24 (m, 6H), 1.13 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 6H), 0.85 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 9H).

Synthesis of 2-(trimethylstannyl) isonicotinonitrile (617):

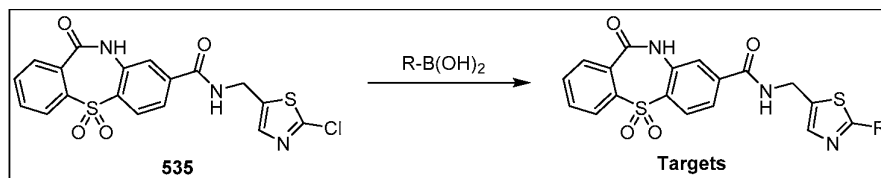


[000539] **Synthesis of 2-(trimethylstannyl) isonicotinonitrile (617):** To a stirring solution of 2-bromoisonicotinonitrile **616** (1.3 g, 7.10 mmol) in toluene (20 mL) under argon atmosphere was added hexamethyl ditin (1.7 mL, 8.52 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min, added $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (410 mg, 0.35 mmol) purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min; heated to 100°C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, eluted with EtOAc (50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **617** (2 g) as brown syrup which was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.3).

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Preparation

[000540] Compound **535**, **536**, **538** & **539** was synthesized as mentioned above and converted to final products through displacement reaction or cross coupling reaction employing typical procedures D, E, F, G, H, I, J and K and the results are captured in the Table 2:



5

Typical Procedure D:

[000541] To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide **536** (150 mg, 0.34 mmol) in 1,2-dimethoxyethane: H₂O (4: 1, 8 mL) were added sodium carbonate (124 mg, 1.17 mmol), (3-chloro-4-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid **556** (80.4 mg, 0.46 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (45 mg, 0.039 mmol) at RT; heated to 100-110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

15

Typical Procedure E:

[000542] To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide **536** (150 mg, 0.34 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane: H₂O (3: 1, 10 mL) were added cesium carbonate (341 mg, 1.04 mmol), (3-fluoro-4-hydroxyphenyl)boronic acid **555** (54 mg, 0.34 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (27 mg, 0.034 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

25

Typical Procedure F:

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[000543] A mixture of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **536** (100 mg, 0.23 mmol) and piperidine **472** (2 mL) in a sealed tube was heated to 120 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was
5 either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

Typical Procedure G:

[000544] To a solution of mixture *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **536** (150 mg, 0.34 mmol) in
10 *N*-methyl pyrrolidinone (5 mL) were added azepan-3-ol hydrochloride **503** (57.7 mg, 0.39 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.23 mL, 1.73 mmol) in a sealed tube and heated to 160 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and
15 concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

Typical Procedure H:

[000545] To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **536** (250 mg, 0.57 mmol) in
20 1,4-dioxane (20 mL) under argon atmosphere in a sealed tube were added 5-(tributylstannyl) thiazole **611** (324 mg, 0.86 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min; to this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (42.2 mg, 0.057 mmol) at RT; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was
25 filtered through celite, washed with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 80 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 10-12% EtOAc/ hexanes and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford the desired compound.

Typical Procedure I:

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[000546] To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **536** (100 mg, 0.23 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere in a sealed tube were added 4-fluoro-1*H*-pyrazole **541** (40 mg, 0.46 mmol), cesium carbonate (150 mg, 0.46 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube and heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography/flash column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

Typical Procedure J:

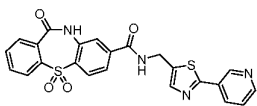
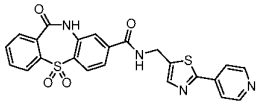
[000547] To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **536** (200 mg, 0.36 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (20 mL) under argon atmosphere was added cesium carbonate (450 mg, 1.38 mmol) in sealed tube at RT and purged under argon for 20 min. To this were added Pd₂(dba)₃ (23 mg, 0.023 mmol), *t*-BuXphos (14 mg, 0.032 mmol), 3,3-dimethylpyrrolidine **554** (137 mg, 1.38 mmol), at RT and purged under argon for 5 min; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and eluted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

Typical Procedure K:

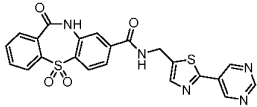
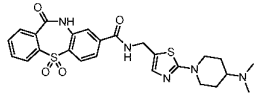
[000548] To a stirring solution *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide **536** (150 mg, 0.38 mmol) in *N*-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (1 mL) under argon atmosphere was added *N*, *N*-dimethylpiperidin-4-amine **544** (46 mg, 0.46 mmol) in sealed tube at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (25 mL), the precipitated solid was filtered, washed with CH₃CN (5 mL), diethyl ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford to afford the desired compound.

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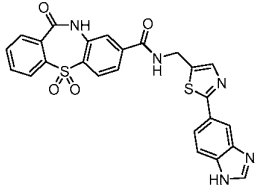
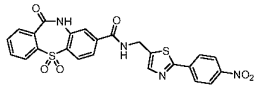
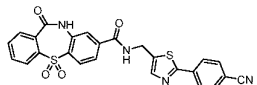
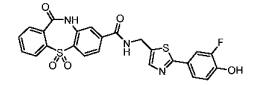
Table 2: Synthesis from compound 535, 536, 538, 539 common intermediates

Exempl e	Structure	Proc edur e, Inter medi ate, boro nic acid or boro nate ester s	Rx. Yiel d	Mass Spec. Found	Mass Spec. Calculate d	¹ H-NMR
1624		D ^f , 535, 579	23	476.9 (M ⁺ +1);	476.06 for C ₂₃ H ₁₆ N ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 9.08 (br s, 1H), 8.65 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.51 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1625		D ^f , 535, 580	10	476.9 (M ⁺ +1);	476.06 for C ₂₃ H ₁₆ N ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.52 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H),

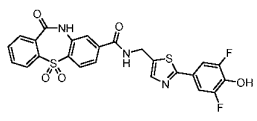
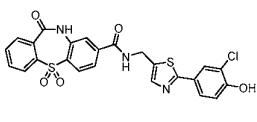
- 360 -

						8.01-7.94 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.88-7.80 (m, 5H), 4.73 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H);
1626		D^f , 535, 581	27	477.9 (M^{+1});	477.06 for $C_{22}H_{15}N_5O$ $4S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.54 (t, $J =$ 5.6 Hz, 1H), 9.26 (s, 2H), 9.25 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.90 (td, $J =$ 7.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.80 (m, 3H), 4.74 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1636		G^d , 535, 544	63	526.0 (M^{+1});	525.15 for $C_{25}H_{27}N_5O$ $4S_2$	^1H -NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.49 (br s, 1H), 9.26 (t, $J =$ 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 8.4, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.83-3.79 (m, 2H), 2.97-2.90 (m, 2H), 2.34-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.18 (br s, 6H), 1.81-1.77 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.32 (m, 2H);

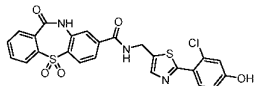
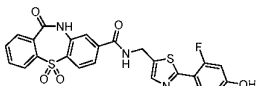
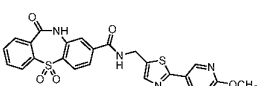
- 361 -

1637		D', 535, 573	15	516.0 (M ⁺ +1);	515.07 for C ₂₅ H ₁₇ N ₃ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 12.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 11.48 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (br s, 1H), 8.12 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01- 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93- 7.80 (m, 4H), 7.80- 7.54 (m, 3H), 4.69 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.3 Hz, 2H);
1645-A		D', 535, 308	19	521.0 (M ⁺ +1);	520.05 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ N ₄ O 6S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.52 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.15 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 4H), 4.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1654-A		D', 535, 225	40	501.0 (M ⁺ +1);	500.06 for C ₂₅ H ₁₆ N ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.09- 8.04 (m, 3H), 8.01- 7.79 (m, 9H), 4.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1664		E, 535, 555	14	509.9 (M ⁺ +1);	509.05 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 10.43 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d,

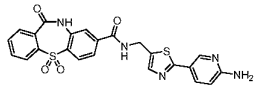
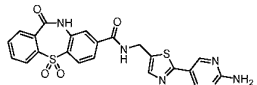
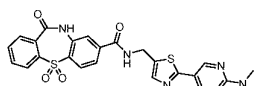
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						$J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.6$, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.4$, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.62 (dd, $J = 12.1$, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, $J = 8.7$, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1665		E^b , 535, 586	25	527.9 (M^{+1});	527.04 for $C_{24}H_{15}F_2N$ $_3O_5S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 10.79 (br s, 1H), 9.47 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 4H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H);
1667		D^b , 535, 556	10	525.9 (M^{+1});	525.02 for $C_{24}H_{16}ClN$ $_3O_5S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 10.79 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 5H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.65 (dd, $J = 8.5$, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, $J =$

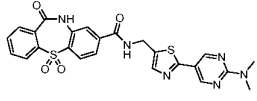
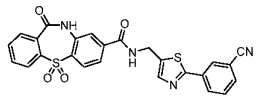
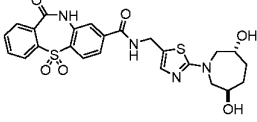
- 363 -

						5.4 Hz, 2H);
1668		D ^d , 535, 574	44	525.9 (M ⁺ +1);	525.02 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ ClN 3O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.49 (s, 1H), 10.39 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99- 7.93 (m, 3H), 7.88 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.85 -7.78 (m, 4H), 6.93 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H);
1670		D ^b , 535, 557	19	510.0 (M ⁺ +1);	509.05 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 10.46 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01- 7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93- 7.77 (m, 5H), 6.77- 6.67 (m, 2H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1671-A		E ^b , 535, 594	51	507.9 (M ⁺ +1);	507.07 for C ₂₃ H ₁₇ N ₃ O 5S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 9.06 (s, 2H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 4.70 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H);

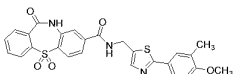
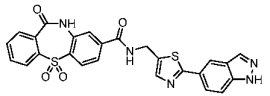
- 364 -

1672		D ^c , 535, 591	53	491.9 (M ⁺ +1);	491.07 for C ₂₃ H ₁₇ N ₅ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.43 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.4 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 5H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 6.51- 6.44 (m, 3H), 4.64 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1673		D ^e , 535, 558	47	493.0 (M ⁺ +1);	492.07 for C ₂₂ H ₁₆ N ₆ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (s, 2H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.19 (s, 2H), 4.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 2H);
1674		D ^f , 535, 588	6	520.0 (M ⁺ +1);	519.10 for C ₂₅ H ₂₁ N ₅ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.43 (br t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.79 (m, 7H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 6.70 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (s, 6H);

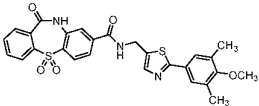
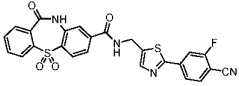
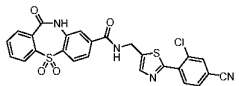
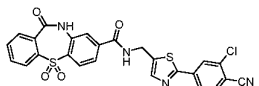
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1675		D ^e , 535, 571	42	521.0 (M ⁺ +1);	520.10 for C ₂₄ H ₂₀ N ₆ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.79 (s, 2H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 4.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (s, 6H);
1677-A		D ^f , 535, 559	55	500.9 (M ⁺ +1);	500.06 for C ₂₅ H ₁₆ N ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.20 (dt, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dt, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.69 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1972		F ^a , 535, 550	53	529.1 (M ⁺ +1);	528.11 for C ₂₄ H ₂₄ N ₄ O 6S	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ = 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (s,

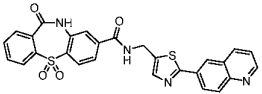
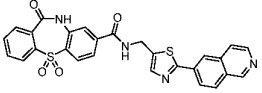
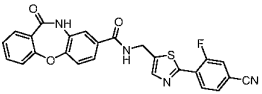
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						1H), 4.87 (d, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.42 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.74 (br s, 2H), 3.78-3.71 (m, 2H), 3.18-3.15 (m, 2H), 1.81 -1.79 (m, 2H), 1.40- 1.20 (m, 2H);
1804-A		D, 535, 560	37	520.0 (M^{+1});	519.09 for $C_{26}H_{21}N_3O$ sS_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, $J = 7.3, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 4H), 7.72-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H);
1805		D, 535, 561	38	516.0 (M^{+1});	515.07 for $C_{25}H_{17}N_5O$ $4S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 13.26 (s, 1H), 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.31-8.28 (m, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.88 (m, 2H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.86-7.81 (m, 2H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);

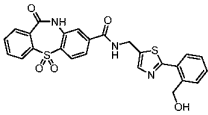
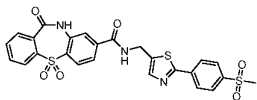
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1806-A		D^g , 535, 562	40	534.0 (M^{+1});	533.11 for $C_{27}H_{23}N_3O$ $_5S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, J = 1.0, 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 4H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.55 (s, 2H), 4.67 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 6H);
1815		D, 535, 563	17	519.0 (M^{+1});	518.05 for $C_{25}H_{15}FN_4$ O_4S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.53 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.08-7.94 (m, 6H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 4.73 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1816		D^g , 535, 577	8	535.0 (M^{+1});	534.02 for $C_{25}H_{15}ClN$ $_4O_4S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.53 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.95-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.83-7.79 (m, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1817		D^p , 535, 570	16	535.0 (M^{+1});	534.02 for $C_{25}H_{15}ClN$ $_4O_4S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.54 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.19

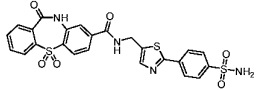
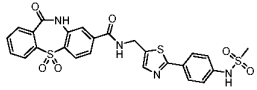
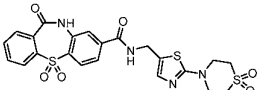
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						(s, 1H), 8.08-8.05 (m, 2H), 8.03-7.95 (m, 4H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 4H), 4.73 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1819		D^p , 535, 564	30	527.1 ($M^+ + 1$);	526.08 for $C_{27}H_{18}N_4O$ $4S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.53 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.93 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.50 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.98 (td, J = 7.8, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.81 (m, 5H), 7.59 (dd, J = 8.3, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1820		D^p , 535, 565	17	527.1 ($M^+ + 1$);	526.08 for $C_{27}H_{18}N_4O$ $4S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (br s, 1H), 9.54 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H), 8.56-8.50 (m, 2H), 8.23-8.18 (m, 2H), 8.07 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.81 (m, 8H), 4.74 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1826		D^r , 539, 575	16	471.6 ($M^+ + 1$);	470.08 for $C_{25}H_{15}FN_4$ O_3S	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ = 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.27 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (t,

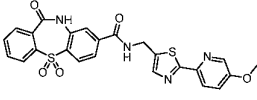
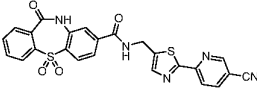
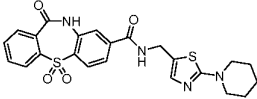
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						$J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, $J = 11.3$, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.70 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1838		D ⁰ , 535, 566	61	506.0 (M ⁺ +1);	505.08 for C ₂₅ H ₁₉ N ₃ O S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.94-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.69-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.47 (td $J = 7.6$, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 1H), 5.31 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.79-4.66 (m, 4H);
1855		D ⁰ , 535, 567	40	554.0 (M ⁺ +1);	553.04 for C ₂₅ H ₁₉ N ₃ O S ₃	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 11.58 (br s, 1H), 9.52 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.18 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 8.10-8.04 (m, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 4H), 7.92-7.82 (m, 5H), 4.72 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.23 (s, 3H);

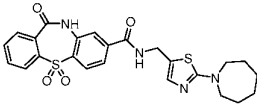
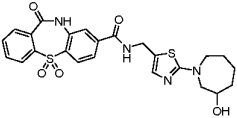
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1856		D ⁰ , 535, 576	11	555.0 (M ⁺ +1);	554.04 for C ₂₄ H ₁₈ N ₄ O 6S ₃	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.52 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.10- 8.05 (m, 3H), 8.01- 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93- 7.86 (m, 5H), 7.86- 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.45 (s, 2H), 4.71 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1857		D ⁰ , 535, 568	22	569.1 (M ⁺ +1);	568.05 C ₂₅ H ₂₀ N ₄ O 6S ₃	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 10.08 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (s, 3H);
1860		J ^a , 535, 545	14	533.0 (M ⁺ +1);	532.05 for C ₂₂ H ₂₀ N ₄ O 6S ₃	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.31 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.79 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 4.46 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.90-3.84 (m, 4H), 3.22-3.15 (m, 4H);

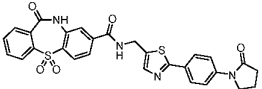
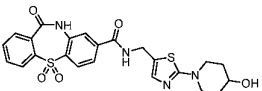
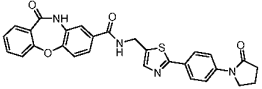
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1879-A		H ^c , 535, 613	26	507.0 (M ⁺ +1);	506.07 for C ₂₄ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.11-7.93 (m, 5H), 7.92-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.52 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.7, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H);
1881		D ^s , 535, 608	26	542 (M ⁺ +1);	501.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₅ N ₅ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.52 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 9.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01- 7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93- 7.79 (m, 4H), 4.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1905		F, 535, 472	68	483.1 (M ⁺ +1);	482.11 for C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 3H), 7.78 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.35-3.30 (m, 4H), 1.56-1.52 (m,

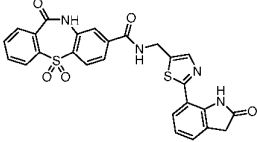
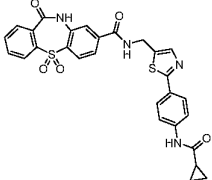
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						6H);
1907		G ^b , 535, 540	26	497.1 (M ⁺ +1);	496.12 for C ₂₄ H ₂₄ N ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.81 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.48- 3.43 (m, 4H), 1.74- 1.66 (m, 4H), 1.52- 1.43 (m, 4H);
1908		G, 535, 503	28	513.1 (M ⁺ +1);	512.12 for C ₂₄ H ₂₄ N ₄ O 5S ₂	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.24 (br t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.79 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 4.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.81- 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.52- 3.43 (m, 1H), 3.40- 3.35 (m, 1H), 3.20- 3.10 (m, 1H), 1.85- 1.56 (m, 4H), 1.48- 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.29- 1.17 (m, 1H);

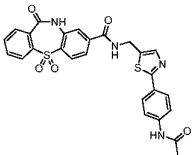
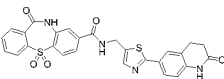
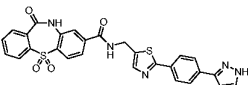
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1858		D^p , 535, 602	26	559.1 (M^{+1})	558.10 for $C_{28}H_{22}N_4O$ $_5S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.42 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.75 (m, 9H), 4.68 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.52- 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.12- 2.03 (m, 2H);
1859		G^c , 535, 485	10	499.1 (M^{+1})	498.10 for $C_{23}H_{22}N_4O$ $_5S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 4.74 (br s, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.72-3.58 (m, 3H), 3.15-3.06 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.44-1.34 (m, 2H);
1864		D^p , 539, 602	18	511.2 (M^{+1})	510.14 for $C_{28}H_{22}N_4O$ $_4S$	^1H NMR ((DMSO- d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.74 (m, 4H), 7.70 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.4

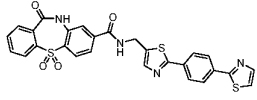
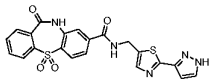
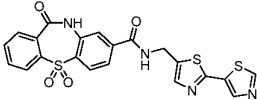
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						Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.86 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.52-2.50 (m, 2H), 2.07 (p, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H);
1930		D ^o , 535, 569	27	531.0 (M ⁺ +1);	530.07 for C ₂₆ H ₁₈ N ₄ O s ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.98 (s, 1H), 9.50 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.57-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.31 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2H);
1931		D ^p , 535, 598	16	559.1 (M ⁺ +1);	558.10 C ₂₈ H ₂₂ N ₄ O s ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 10.40 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.84-1.76 (m, 1H), 0.84-0.79 (m, 4H);

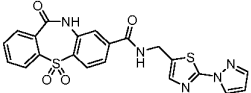
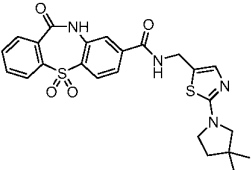
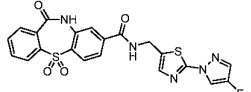
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1932		D^p , 535, 600	38	533.1 (M^{+1});	532.09 $C_{26}H_{20}N_4O$ sS_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 10.14 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.83-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (s, 3H);
1951		D^i , 535, 604	56	545.1 (M^{+1});	544.09 for $C_{27}H_{20}N_4O$ sS_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 10.29 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 4H), 7.73-7.64 (m, 3H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.48-2.46 (m, 2H);
1953		D, 538, 578	27	542.0 (M^{+1})	541 for $C_{27}H_{19}N_5O$ $4S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 13.45-12.95 (m, 1H), 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.49 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.94-7.90 (m, 4H),

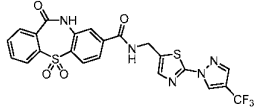
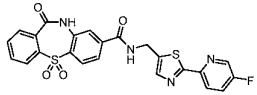
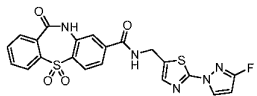
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						7.89-7.83 (m, 4H), 7.82-7.80 (m, 2H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 2H);
1954		H^d , 538, 610	20	559.0 (M^{+1})	558 for $C_{27}H_{18}N_4O$ $4S_3$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.50 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.08-8.04 (m, 3H), 8.03-7.95 (m, 5H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 6H), 4.71 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1959		D^d , 535, 578	11	466.0 (M^{+1})	465.06 $C_{21}H_{15}N_5O$ $4S_2$	^1H NMR DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 13.16 (br s, 1H), 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.43 (br t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 6.69 (t, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H);
1956		H, 535, 611	6	483.0 (M^{+1});	482.02 for $C_{21}H_{14}N_4O$ $4S_3$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.50 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.80 (m, 3H),

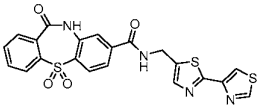
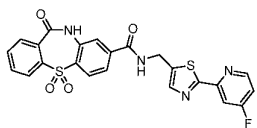
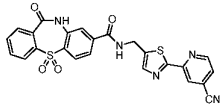
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						7.78 (s, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1960		K ^a , 535, 453	56	466.3 (M ⁺ +1);	465.06 for C ₂₁ H ₁₅ N ₅ O 4S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.46 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.99 (t, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 6.61 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H);
1981		J, 535, 554	35	497.0 (M ⁺ +1);	496.12 for C ₂₄ H ₂₄ N ₄ O 4S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.24 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 4.43 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.38 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.08 (s, 2H), 1.75 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.06 (s, 6H);
11038		I, 535, 541	48	483.9 (M ⁺ +1);	483.05 for C ₂₁ H ₁₄ FN ₅ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.64 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H),

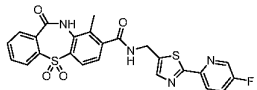
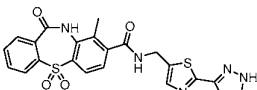
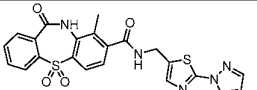
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						8.01-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 4H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 4.61 (br d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
11039		I ^a , 535, 542	46	534.0 (M ⁺ +1);	533.04 for C ₂₂ H ₁₄ F ₃ N S ₂ O ₄	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, $J =$ 5.6 Hz, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J =$ 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.81 (td, $J = 4.9, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 4.64 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
11040		D ^f , 535, 606	9	495 (M ⁺ +1);	494.05 for C ₂₃ H ₁₅ FN ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.49 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, $J =$ 5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.59 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.12 (dd, $J = 8.8, 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.90 - 7.76 (m, 6H), 4.66 (d, $J =$ 5.6 Hz, 2H);
11045		I, 535, 543	18	483.9 (M ⁺ +1);	483.05 for C ₂₁ H ₁₄ FN ₅ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, $J =$ 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.44 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz,

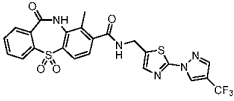
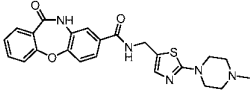
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						2H), 7.94-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 6.46 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
11049		H, 535, 584	19	483.1 (M^{+1});	482.02 for $C_{21}H_{14}N_4O$ $4S_3$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 9.20 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 1.3, 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.79 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H);
11050		H ^a , 535, 615	17	495.0 (M^{+1});	494.05 for $C_{23}H_{15}FN_4$ O_4S_2	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.64 (dd, $J = 8.4, 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.45-7.39 (m, 1H), 4.71 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H);
11051		H ^b , 535, 617	18	502.0 (M^{+1});	501.06 for $C_{24}H_{15}N_5O$ $4S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.84 (dd, $J = 5.0, 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.39 (s, 1H),

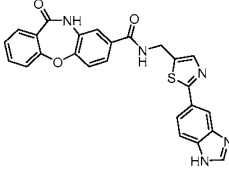
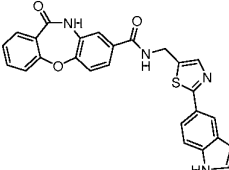
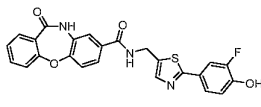
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						8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 3H), 7.94-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.89-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.81 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
11150		D ^t , 536, 606	20	509.1 (M ⁺ +1);	508.07 for C ₂₄ H ₁₇ FN ₄ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.85 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.65 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.16 (dd, $J = 8.8, 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.83 (m, 6H), 7.82-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H);
11152		D, 536, 578	34	480.1 (M ⁺ +1);	479.07 for C ₂₂ H ₁₇ N ₅ O ₄ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.85 (s, 1H), 9.16 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.89-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.82-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H);
11148		I ^b , 536, 541	23	498.0 (M ⁺ +1);	497.06 for C ₂₂ H ₁₆ FN ₅	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.87 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J =$

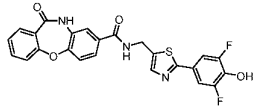
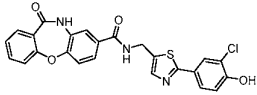
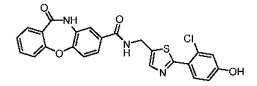
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					O_4S_2	5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.67 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.89 -7.84 (m, 2H), 7.79 (td, $J = 7.8, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H);
11149		I ^b , 536, 542	19	548.1 ($M^{+}+1$);	547.06 for $C_{23}H_{16}F_3N$ $_5O_4S_2$	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 10.87 (br s, 1H), 9.25 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.00-7.75 (m, 5H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H);
1694		K, 539, 305	23	450.0 ($M^{+}+1$)	934.28 for $C_{46}H_{47}ClN$ $_{10}O_6S_2$	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.01 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.8, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 4.42 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.34-3.29 (m, 4H), 2.44-2.37 (m, 4H), 2.22 (br s, 3H);

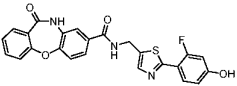
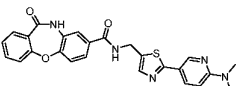
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1695		E, 539, 573	14	468.0 (M^{+1});	467.11 for $C_{25}H_{17}N_5O$ $_3S$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.66 (br s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.84 (br d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.69 (m, 5H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.67 (br d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1696		D ^f , 539, 572	41	467.0 (M^{+1});	466.11 $C_{26}H_{18}N_4O$ $_3S$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.31 (br s, 1H), 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 3H), 7.46-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.38 -7.31 (m, 2H), 6.52 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1700		E ^c , 539, 555	8	461.9 (M^{+1});	461.08 for $C_{24}H_{16}FN_3$ O_4S	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 10.50 (br s, 1H), 9.19 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.71 - 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.66- 7.59 (m, 3H),

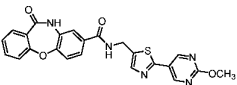
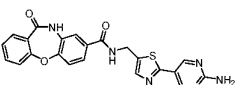
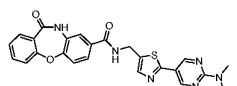
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						7.51 (dd, $J = 8.4, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.00 (t, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.63 (br d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1701		E ^b , 539, 586	30	479.9 (M ⁺ +1);	479.08 for C ₂₄ H ₁₅ F ₂ N O ₄ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.70-7.60 (m, 5H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H);
1702		D ^b , 539, 556	64	477.9 (M ⁺ +1);	477.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ ClN O ₄ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.78 (br s, 1H), 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.83-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.72-7.60 (m, 5H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1703		D ^p , 539, 574	62	477.9 (M ⁺ +1);	477.06 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ ClN O ₄ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 10.41 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.69 (s,

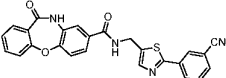
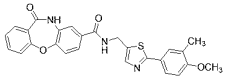
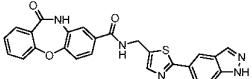
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						1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.87 (dd, $J = 8.8, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1704		D ^b , 539, 557	13	461.9 (M ⁺ +1);	461.08 for C ₂₄ H ₁₆ FN ₃ O ₄ S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 10.45 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.69 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.77-6.67 (m, 2H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1708		D ^j , 539, 588	25	472.0 (M ⁺ +1);	471.14 for C ₂₅ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ S	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.58 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.92 (dd, $J = 9.0, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.70-7.59 (m, 4H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.62 (br d, $J = 5.5$

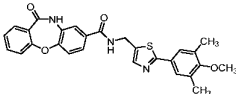
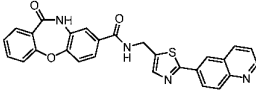
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						Hz, 2H), 3.08 (s, 6H);
1709-A		D ⁱ , 539, 594	27	460.0 (M ⁺ +1);	459.10 for C ₂₃ H ₁₇ N ₅ O 4S	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.06 (s, 2H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.68 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H);
1710		E ^a 539, 558	6	445.0 (M ⁺ +1);	444.10 for C ₂₂ H ₁₆ N ₆ O 3S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (s, 2H), 7.78 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.17 (s, 2H), 4.63 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H)
1711		D ^f , 539, 571	14	473.0 (M ⁺ +1);	472.13 for C ₂₄ H ₂₀ N ₆ O 3S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.79 (s, 2H), 7.78 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.68 (m, 2H),

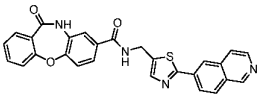
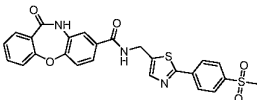
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						7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.64 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.18 (s, 6H);
1714-A		D^b , 539, 559	71	452.9 (M^{+1});	452.09 for $C_{25}H_{16}N_4O$ $_3S$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.26 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.21 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.61 (m, 4H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.32 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H);
1736-A		D , 539, 560	49	472.0 (M^{+1});	471.13 $C_{26}H_{21}N_3O$ $_4S$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.60 (m, 6H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H);
1737		E^d , 539, 561	11	486.0 (M^{+1});	467.11 for $C_{25}H_{17}N_3O$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 13.26 (br s, 1H), 10.64 (br

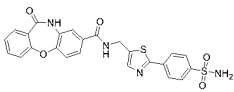
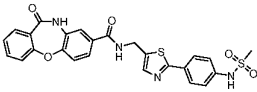
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					^3S	s, 1H), 9.22 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.71 (s 1H), 7.67-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H);
1738-A		D ⁰ , 539, 562	68	486.0 (M ⁺ +1);	485.14 for C ₂₇ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ^4S	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 500 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.56 (s, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 6H);
1831		D ⁰ , 539, 564	16	479.1 (M ⁺ +1);	478.11 for C ₂₇ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ^3S	¹ H NMR ((DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.27 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.93 (dd, J = 4.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.54 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.50 (dd, J = 0.9, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, J =

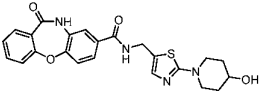
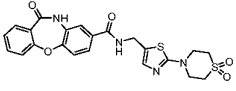
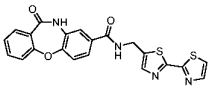
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						8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.71 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H)
1832		D ⁰ , 539, 565	10	479.1 (M ⁺ +1);	478.11 for C ₂₇ H ₁₈ N ₄ O S	¹ H NMR ((DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H), 9.29 (br t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.55 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 2H), 7.95 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.29 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H);
1861		D ^p , 539, 567	31	506.1 (M ⁺ +1);	505.08 for C ₂₅ H ₁₉ N ₃ O S ₂	¹ H NMR ((DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.77 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J =

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						1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dd, $J = 9.0, 2.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
1862		D, 539, 576	15	507.1 (M^{+1});	506.07 for $C_{24}H_{18}N_4O$ sS_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.26 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.86 (m, 3H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H);
1863		D ^p , 539, 568	25	521.0 (M^{+1});	520.09 for $C_{25}H_{20}N_4O$ sS_2	^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 10.05 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.77 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.60 (m Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 - 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.26 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.64 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz,

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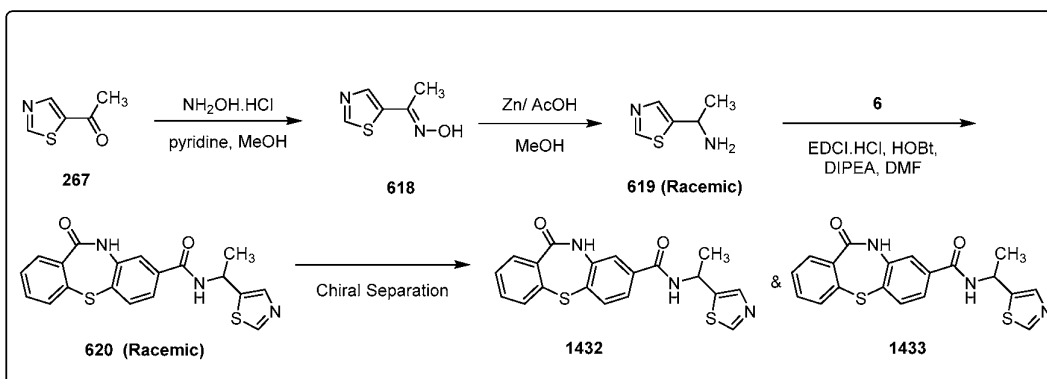
						2H), 3.04 (s, 3H);
1865		G^a , 539, 485	34	451.1 (M^{+1});	450.14 for $C_{23}H_{22}N_4O$ $_4S$	^1H NMR ((DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.05-8.93 (m, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.44-7.28 (m, 3H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.76-3.52 (m, 3H), 3.14-3.05 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.46-1.33 (m, 2H);
1866		M^a , 539, 545	14	485.1 (M^{+1});	484.09 $C_{22}H_{20}N_4O$ $_5S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.06 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.91-3.84 (m, 4H), 3.23-3.14 (m, 4H);
1893		H, 539, 610	9	435.0 (M^{+1});	434.05 $C_{21}H_{14}N_4O$ $_3S_2$	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H),

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						7.86 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H);
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- D^a : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), reaction temp 90-100 °C; D^b : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), Na_2CO_3 (3.0 equiv); D^c : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), boronic acid (2 equiv), Na_2CO_3 (5 equiv), reaction time 4 h; D^d : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), reaction temp 110 °C; D^e : 1, 4-dioxane: H_2O (4: 1); D^f : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), reaction performed in a sealed tube; D^g : reaction performed at 80 °C; D^h : boronate ester (2 equiv); D^i : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), boronic acid (2.5 equiv), Na_2CO_3 (5 equiv), 80-90 °C; D^l : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), boronic acid (2 equiv), Na_2CO_3 (5 equiv), reaction time 16 h; D^o : Reaction performed in a sealed tube; D^p : DME: H_2O (3: 1), Na_2CO_3 (3 equiv), boronic acid/Ester (1.2 equiv), reaction performed in sealed tube, reaction temp 120 °C, 16 h; D^q : Reaction time 24 h; D^r : Cs_2CO_3 (3 equiv), reaction performed in sealed tube at 120 °C, reaction time 16 h; D^s : Na_2CO_3 (3.5 equiv), boronic acid (3 equiv), $Pd(dppf)Cl_2$ (0.1 equiv), DME, sealed tube, 120 °C, 16 h; E^b : boronate ester (2.5 equiv), reaction time 16 h at 120 °C, sealed tube; E^c : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), 100 °C, reaction time 24 h; E^d : $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.1 equiv), 120 °C, reaction time 48 h; F^a : Amine (3 equiv), 160 °C, 16 h;
- G^a : Amine (3 equiv), DIPEA (3 equiv), 100 °C, 20 h; G^b : Amine (1.5 equiv), 110 °C, 16 h; G^c : Amine (2 equiv), 160 °C, 20 h; G^d : Amine (2 equiv), DIPEA (3 equiv), 160 °C, 16 h; H^a : 700 mg of crude tin reagent was taken for the 200 mg batch; H^b : 2 g of crude tin reagent was taken for the 200 mg batch, $Pd(dppf)Cl_2$ (0.1 equiv), 100 °C, reaction time 16 h; H^d : tin reagent (1 equiv), $Pd(dppf)Cl_2$ (0.1 equiv), 1,4-dioxane, 110 °C, 16 h; H^d : tin reagent (5 equiv), 120 °C;
- I^a : amine (1.2 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (3 equiv); I^b : Cs_2CO_3 (2 equiv); J^a : amine (1.5 equiv), Xantphos (0.05 equiv), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (0.025 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (3.5 equiv) conventional heating, 100-110 °C; 16 h; J^b : Cs_2CO_3 (3 equiv), *t*-BuXphos (0.07 equiv), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (0.05 equiv), 1,4-dioxane, sealed tube, 100 °C, 16 h; K^a : amine (2 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (5 equiv); NMP, sealed tube 120 °C, 16 h;

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Synthesis of 1432 & 1433:

- 5 **[000549] Synthesis of 1-(thiazol-5-yl) ethan-1-one oxime (618):** To a stirring solution of compound **267** (800 mg, 6.29 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added hydroxylamine hydrochloride (875 mg, 12.59 mmol) and pyridine (2 mL) dropwise for 5 min at 0 °C warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* diluted with water (50 mL) and stirred for 30 min. The precipitated solid was filtered dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **618** (800 mg, 90%) as white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4, 0.6); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz) (Mixture of E/Z isomers):** δ 11.86 (s, 1H), 11.41 (s, 0.6 H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 9.01 (s, 0.56 H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 0.65 H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 2H).
- 10 **[000550] Synthesis of 1-(thiazol-5-yl) ethan-1-amine (619):** To a stirring solution of compound **618** (800 mg, 5.63 mmol) in MeOH: acetic acid (1: 1, 20 mL) under inert atmosphere were zinc powder (2.2 g, 33.80 mmol) at RT; heated at 50 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite washed with MeOH (3 x 10 mL). The filtrate was removed *in vacuo*, the residue was diluted with water (20 mL), basified with aqueous ammonia (15 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude compound **619 (racemic)** (700 mg, 92%)
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as brown syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4, 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 4.33-4.28 (m, 1H), 3.38 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.87 (s, 3H).

[000551] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-(1-(thiazol-5-yl) ethyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide (620 Racemic): Using typical procedure A the title compound was prepared with **DBT-Acid** (150 mg, 0.55 mmol) and compound **619 racemic** (109 mg, 0.66) to afford compound **620 (Racemic)** (100 mg, 48%); **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.87 (br s, 1H), 9.14 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.70-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.56-7.42 (m, 3H), 5.48-5.41 (m, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 98.31%; 381.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.03 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.68%; (column; Eclipse XDB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 5.0 μm); RT 7.58 min. ACN : 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min) (IP14012554); **Chiral HPLC:** 35.10%, *R_t* = 9.01 min (Chiralpak-IA, 250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μm); mobile phase (A) 0.1% DEA in *n*-Hexane (B) CH₂Cl₂: MeOH (50: 50) (A: B:: 63: 35); Flow Rate: 1.0 mL/min).

[000552] The racemic compound 620 (100 mg) was separated by preparative HPLC using a CHIRALPAK-IC column (250 x 20 mm x 5 μm) (10 mg loading; mobile phase (A) 0.1% DEA in *n*-Hexane (B) CH₂Cl₂: MeOH: DMF (65: 35: 05) (A: B:: 75: 25) to afford 1432 (10 mg) and 1433 (15 mg) as an off-white solids.

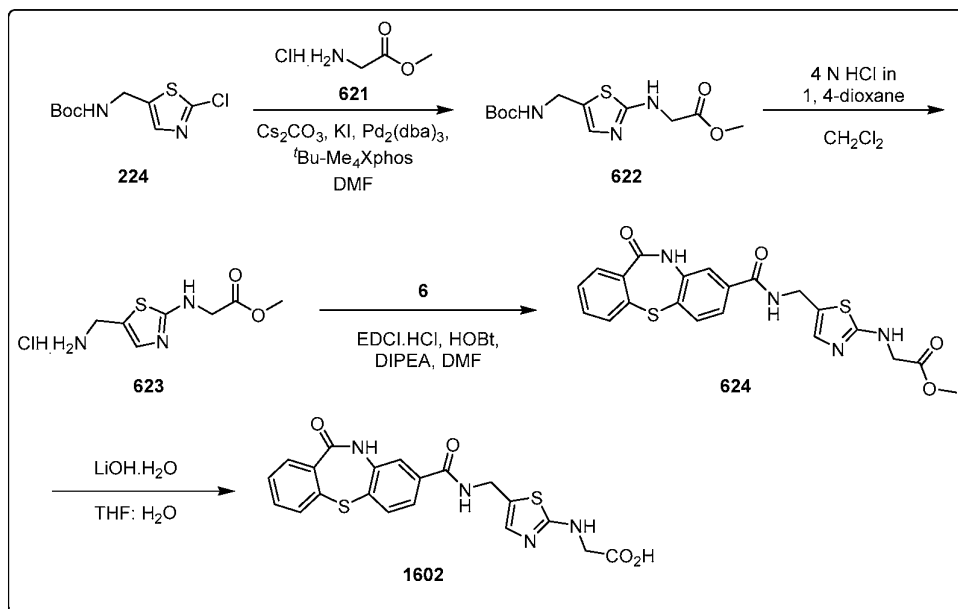
Analytical Data of 1432:

[000553] **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 9.02 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.41 (m, 3H), 5.45 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); **LC-MS:** 96.06%; 381.8 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.03 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 95.02%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.79 min. ACN : 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min) (IP15010530); **Chiral HPLC:** 96.24%, *R_t* = 14.33 min (Chiralpak-IA, 250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μm); mobile phase (A) 0.1% DEA in *n*-Hexane (B) CH₂Cl₂: MeOH:DMF (65: 35: 05) (A: B:: 75: 25); Flow Rate: 1.0 mL/min).

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Analytical Data of 1433:

[000554] TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 9.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.71-7.63 (m, 3H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.42 (m, 3H), 5.48-5.47 (m, 1H), 1.57 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); LC-MS: 96.65%; 381.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.68 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 98.53%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.76 min. ACN : 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min (IP15010229). Chiral HPLC: 99.87%, *R_t* = 16.90 min (Chiralpak-IA, 250 × 4.6 mm, 5 μm); mobile phase (A) 0.1% DEA in *n*-Hexane (B) CH₂Cl₂: MeOH: DMF (65: 35: 05) (A: B:: 75: 25); Flow Rate: 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1602:

[000555] **Synthesis of methyl (5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycinate (622):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (500 mg, 2.01 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) were added methyl glycinate hydrochloride **621** (506 mg, 4.03 mmol), potassium iodide (334 mg, 2.01 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min in a sealed tube. To this were added and cesium carbonate (1.97 g, 6.04

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mmol) purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min; followed by addition of $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (92.3 mg, 0.10 mmol), $t\text{Bu-Me}_4\text{Xphos}$ (96.9 mg, 0.20 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic
5 extracts were washed with water (100 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford compound **622** (210 mg, 9%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** 7.81 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 5.5
10 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 4.04 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000556] Synthesis of methyl (5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycinate hydrochloride (623): To a stirring solution of compound **622** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was
15 added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- dioxane (5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **623** (190 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 8.69 (br s, 1H), 8.23 (br s, 3H),
20 7.15 (s, 1H), 4.14-4.11 (m, 2H), 4.05 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H).

[000557] Synthesis of methyl (5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycinate (624): To a stirring solution of compound **6**
(100 mg, 0.49 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **623** (90
25 mg, 0.37 mmol), EDCI.HCl (137 mg, 0.75 mmol), HOBt (102 mg, 0.75 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.35 mL, 1.89 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (50 mL). The obtained solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 4-
30 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford compound **624** (95 mg, 57%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 10%

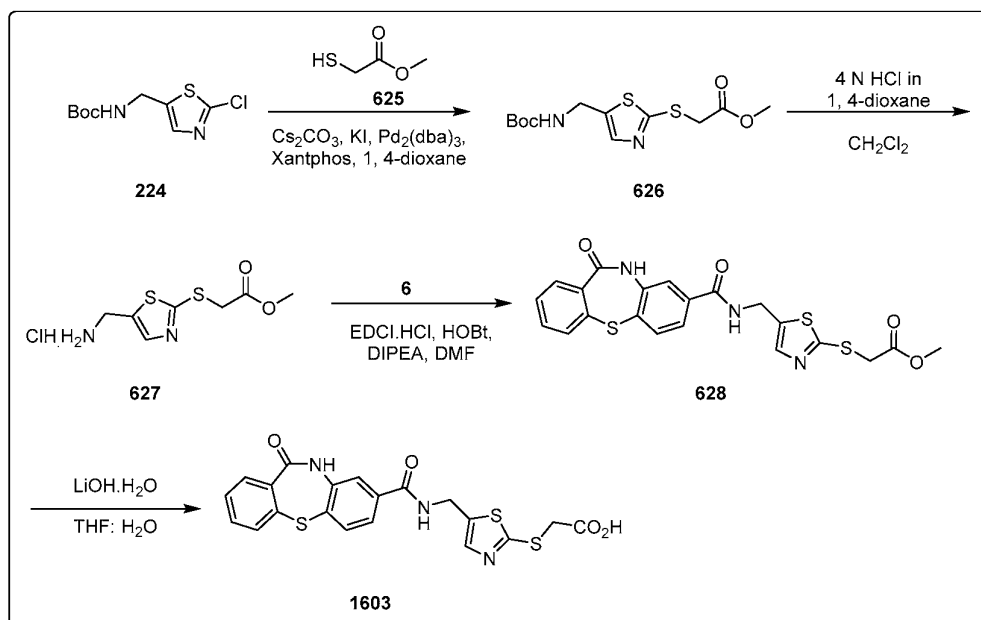
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MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆ 500 MHz)**: δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 9.03 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.63 (m, 3H), 7.59-7.42 (m, 4H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H).

- 5 **[000558] Synthesis of (5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycine (1 602):** To a stirring solution of compound **624** (90 mg, 0.19 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 10 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (46 mg, 0.99 mmol) at RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), washed with
- 10 EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 4 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (10 mL) and triturated with CH₃CN (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1602** (60 mg, 69%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 9.02 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.62 (m, 3H), 7.60-7.43 (m, 5H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 4.3
- 15 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 93.40%; 440.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.77 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 94.16%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.80 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

- 20 **Synthesis of 1603:**

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[000559] Synthesis of methyl 2-((5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetate (626):

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (1 g, 4.03 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) was added methyl thioglycolate **625** (1.3 mL, 12.09 mmol), potassium iodide (1.34 g, 8.06 mmol) and cesium carbonate (2.62 g, 8.06 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this were added Pd₂(dba)₃ (184 mg, 0.20 mmol), Xantphos (163 mg, 0.28 mmol) at RT; heated to 120 °C and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (200 mL), washed with water (100 mL) and brine (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **626** (620 mg, 48%) as pale yellow thick syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.49 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 4.22 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H).

[000560] Synthesis of methyl 2-((5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetate

hydrochloride (627): To a stirring solution of compound **626** (500 mg, 1.57 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂

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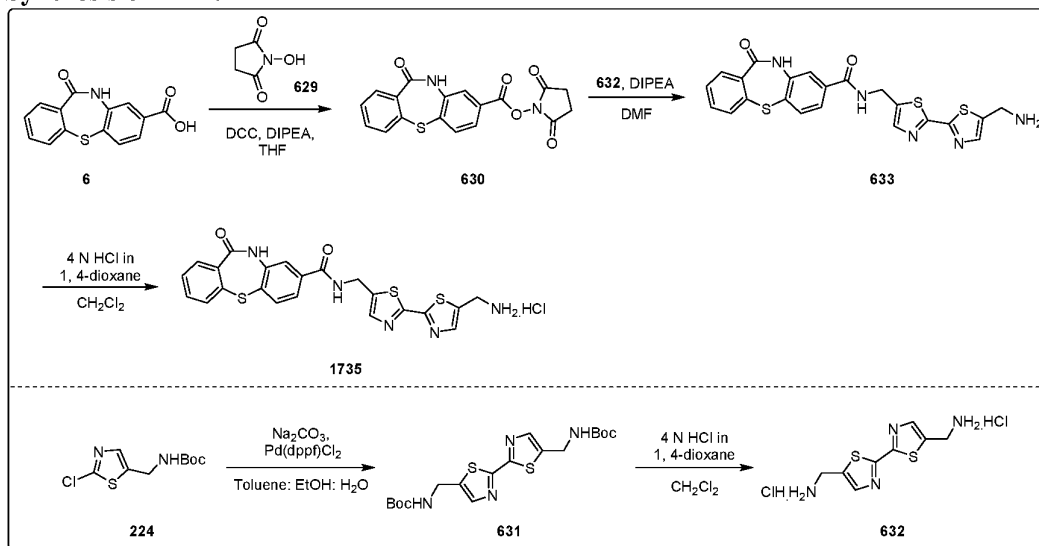
(2 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- dioxane (5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **627** (400 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 8.47 (br s, 3H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 4.24 (q, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H).

[000561] Synthesis of methyl 2-((5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetate (628): To a stirring solution of compound **6** (150 mg, 0.58 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **627** (139 mg, 0.64 mmol), EDCI.HCl (224 mg, 1.17 mmol), HOBt (158 mg, 1.17 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.30 mL, 1.76 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), the precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **628** (180 mg, 65%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.75 (br s, 1H), 9.20 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.62 (m, 3H), 7.59-7.40 (m, 5H), 4.53 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H).

[000562] Synthesis of 2-((5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetic acid (1603): To a stirring solution of compound **628** (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 6 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (15 mg, 0.31 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was diluted with water (20 mL) and washed with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted with 4 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1603** (42 mg, 43%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.76 (s, 1H), 9.21 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.61-7.42 (m, 5H), 4.54 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 95.88%; 457.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.11 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**:

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92.76%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.99 min. ACN + 0.5% TFA (Aq) + 0.5% TFA (Aq)+ 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1735:**[000563] Synthesis of *di-tert-butyl* ([2, 2'-bithiazole]-5, 5'-diylbis (methylene))**

dicarbamate (631): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (2 g, 8.06 mmol) in Toluene: EtOH: H₂O (2: 2:1, 25 mL) under inert atmosphere was sodium carbonate (1.70 g, 16.12 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min; added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (589 mg, 0.80 mmol) and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 25% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **631** (650 mg) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.74 (s, 2H), 7.60 (br s, 2H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 4H), 1.40 (s, 18H); **LC-MS:** 80.62%; 427.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.56 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000564] Synthesis of [2, 2'-bithiazole]-5, 5'-diyldimethanamine dihydrochloride (632):

To a stirring solution of compound **631** (650 mg, 0.52 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was titrated with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **632** (380 mg, 84%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS:** 99.31%; 227.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Atlantis T3 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3 μm); RT 5.96 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

[000565] Synthesis of 2, 5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylate (630):

To a stirring solution of **6** (1 g, 3.69 mmol) in THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added diisopropylethylamine (1.98 mL, 11.07 mmol), CDI (910 mg, 4.42 mmol) and *N*-hydroxysuccinimide **629** (509 mg, 4.42 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was diluted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL) washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was titrated with 10% diethylether/ pentane (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **630** (1 g, 74%) as an white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.89 (s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.85-7.80 (m, 2H), 7.71 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.47 (m, 3H), 2.88 (s, 4H); **LC-MS:** 96.35%; 368.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.25 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000566] Synthesis of *N*-((5'-(aminomethyl)-[2, 2'-bithiazol]-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide (633):

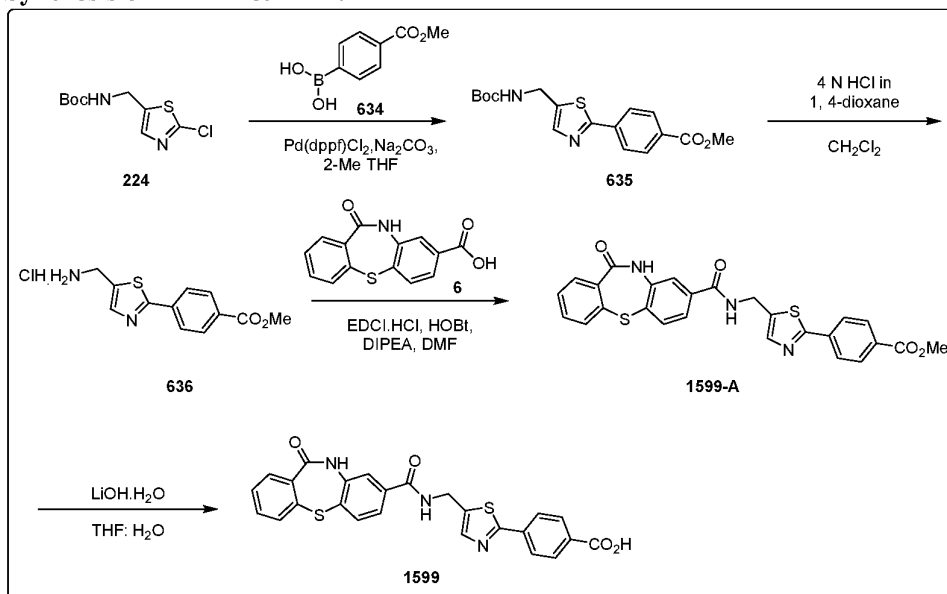
To a stirring solution of compound **630** (365 mg, 1.22 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added diisopropylethylamine (0.43 mL, 2.43 mmol) at 0 °C stirred for 10 min; added compound **632** (300 mg, 0.81 mmol), heated to 50 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude with

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titrated with CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **633** (250 mg) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **LC-MS**: 40.20%; 480.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.80 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

- 5 **[000567] Synthesis of *N*-((5'-(aminomethyl)-[2, 2'-bithiazol]-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide hydrochloride (1735)**: To a stirring solution of compound **633** (250 mg, 0.52 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.4 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in*
- 10 *vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), MeOH (5 mL) and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **1735** (28 mg, 4%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (eluted 2 times) (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.79 (s, 1H), 9.33 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (br s, 3H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.67 (m, 3H), 7.60 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.44 (m, 3H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.37 (s,
- 15 2H); **LC-MS**: 99.23%; 480.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.77 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 96.62%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.52 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.5% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 1599-A & 1599:**[000568] Synthesis of methyl 4-(5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoate (635):**

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **224** (500 mg, 2.01 mmol) in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added (4-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl) boronic acid **634** (435 mg, 2.41 mmol), sodium carbonate (427 mg, 4.02 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube and purged under argon atmosphere for 10 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (73.7 mg, 0.10 mmol); heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through mobile phase liquid chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **635** (280 mg, 40%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.05-8.02 (m, 4H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.58 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 9H).

[000569] Synthesis of methyl 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoate hydrochloride (636):

To a stirring solution of compound **635** (280 mg, 0.80 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred

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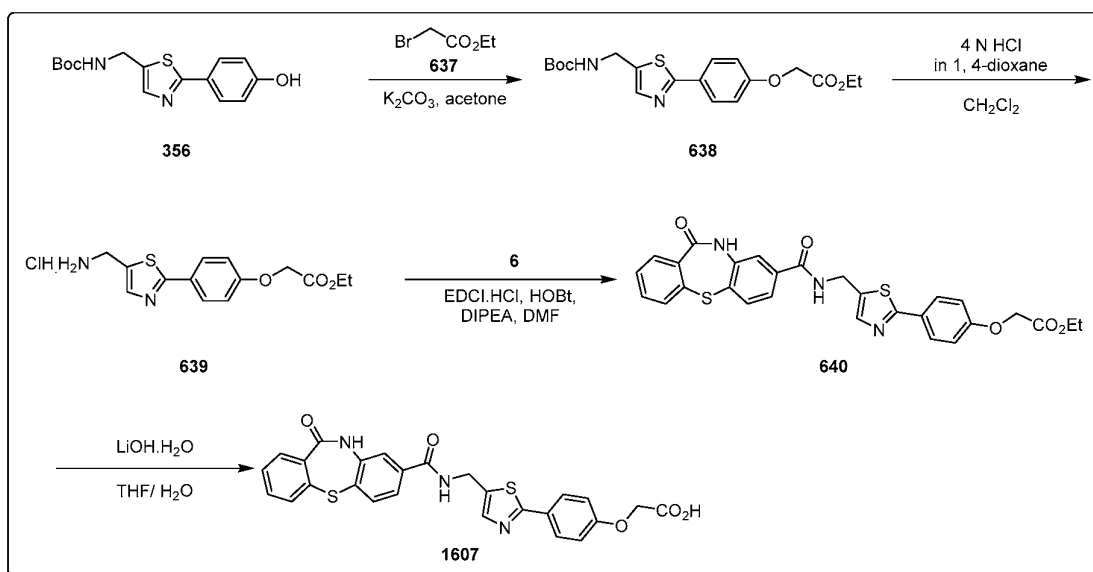
for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 30 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **636** (200 mg, 88%) as pale brown solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.57 (br s, 3H), 8.10-8.09 (m, 4H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

[000570] Synthesis of methyl 4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoate (1599-A): To a stirring solution of compound **636** (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) in DMF (8 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (211 mg, 1.10 mmol), HOBt (149 mg, 1.10 mmol), compound **248** (250 mg, 0.88 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.70 mL, 3.69 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and stirred for 10 min. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL), *n*-pentane (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **1599-A** (140 mg, 38%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.78 (s, 1H), 9.31 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (s, 4H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.41 (m, 3H), 4.68 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 94.78%; 502.3 (M^+ +1); (column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 3.95 min. 2.5 mM Aq NH₄OAc: ACN; 0.8 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 91.89%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 9.46 min. ACN: 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

[000571] Synthesis of 4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoic acid (1599): To a stirring solution of **1599-A** (100 mg, 0.419 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 5 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (21 mg, 0.49 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (10 mL) and the pH was adjusted to with 2 N HCl to ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered washed with water (50 mL) 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (5 mL), diethyl ether (5 mL), *n*-pentane (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1599** (70 mg, 72%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 13.10 (br s, 1H), 10.79 (s, 1H), 9.31 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.04-7.96 (m, 4H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.75-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.61 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.57-

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7.42 (m, 3H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H). **LC-MS**: 92.86%; 488.3 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 2.93 min. 2.5 mM Aq NH_4OAc : ACN; 0.8 mL/min). **HPLC (purity)**: 95.00%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 7.21 min. ACN + 5% 5 mM Aq NH_4OAc : 5 mM Aq NH_4OAc + 5% ACN; 0.8 mL/min), Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1607:**[000572] Synthesis of ethyl 2-(4-(5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)**

phenoxy) acetate (638): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl) carbamate **356** (250 mg, 0.81 mmol) and ethyl 2-bromoacetate **637** (204 mg, 1.22 mmol) in acetone (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added potassium carbonate (338 mg, 2.45 mmol) at RT; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **638** (250 mg, 78%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz)**: δ 7.82 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 5.5$

- 405 -

Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.18 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.22 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H).

[000573] Synthesis of ethyl 2-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetate

5 **hydrochloride (639):** To a stirring solution of compound **638** (250 mg, 0.63 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **639** (190 mg, 90%) as white solid. **TLC:**
10 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 8.55 (br s, 3H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.84 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 4.30 (q, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.16 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.20 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H).

[000574] Synthesis of ethyl 2-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,

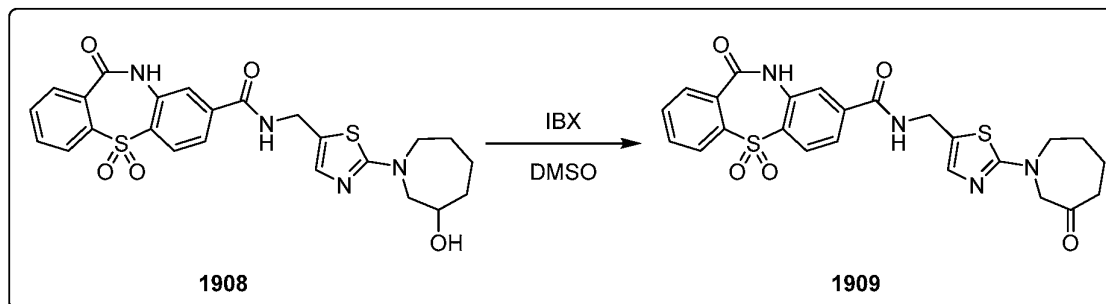
15 **4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetate (640):** To a stirring solution of compound **6** (75 mg, 0.27 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **639** (100 mg, 0.30 mmol), EDCI.HCl (80 mg, 0.41 mmol), HOBT (56 mg, 0.41 mmol), and diisopropylethylamine (0.27 mL, 1.47 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
20 reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford compound **640** (80 mg, 53%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5%
25 MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.4); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, $J = 4.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.74-7.65 (m, 4H), 7.60 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 4.64 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.17 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H).

[000575] Synthesis of 2-(4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-

30 **carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetic acid (1607):** To a stirring solution of

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compound **640** (80 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 10 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (32 mg, 0.77 mmol) at RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted water (50 mL) and the pH was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~6. The precipitated solid was
 5 filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1607** (70 mg, 80%) as white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 13.06 (br s, 1H), 10.77 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.65 (m, 4H), 7.62-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.43 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.73 (s, 2H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 96.16%; 517.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.17 min. 0.025% Aq.
 10 TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.19%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.98 min; 0.05% TFA (Aq) : 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1909

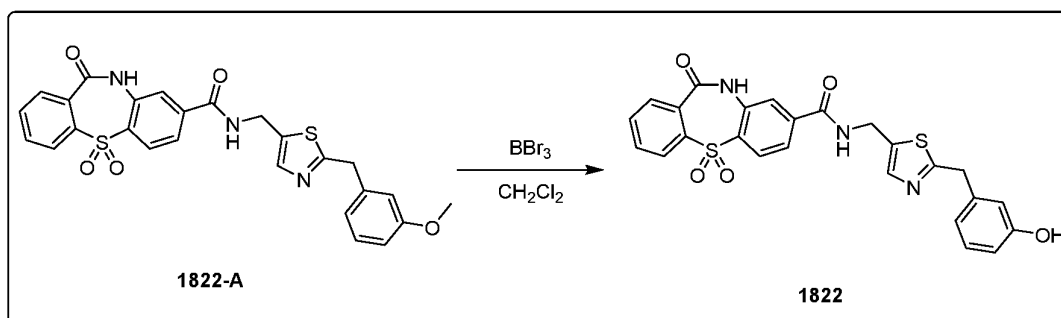
15

[000576] **Synthesis of 11-oxo-N-((2-(3-oxoazepan-1-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1909)**: To a stirring solution of 1908 (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) in DMSO (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added
 20 iodoxybenzoic acid (218 mg, 0.97 mmol) at RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL)., The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/
 25 CH₂Cl₂ to afford 1909 (60 mg, 60%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5);

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¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.29 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 3.66-3.59 (m, 2H), 2.28-2.23 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.64 (m, 4H); LC-MS: 91.22%; 511.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.93 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 91.03%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 9.10 min. 5 mM NH₄OAc: ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1822

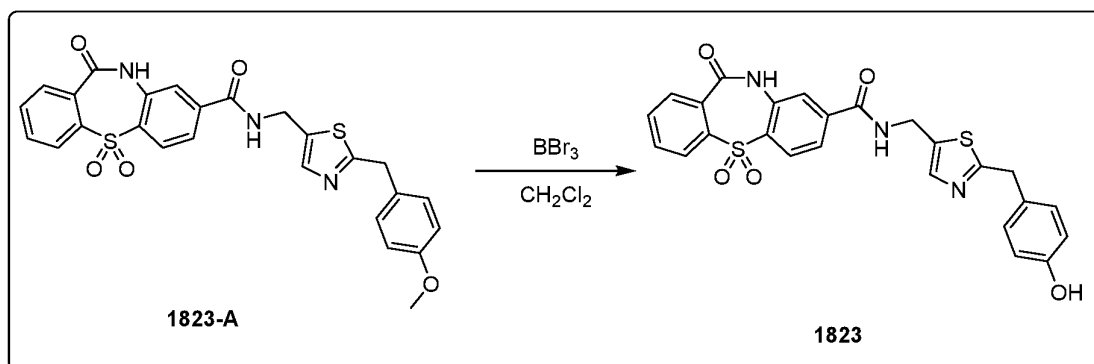


[000577] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(3-methoxybenzyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (1822):** To a stirring solution *N*-((2-(3-methoxybenzyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (**1822-A**) (150 mg, 0.28 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added BBr₃ (0.082 mL, 0.86 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 8 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered, and washed with 10% NaHCO₃ solution (20 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through siicagel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂, and further purified by second column chromatography using 8% isopropanol/CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1822** (50 mg, 34%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R*_f: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.47 (s, 1H), 9.34 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (br t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.76 (br d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.08 (br d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (br d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H),

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4.10 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 93.47%; 506.1 (M+1)⁺ column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.01 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 93.81%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.53 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN : water).

Synthesis of 1823

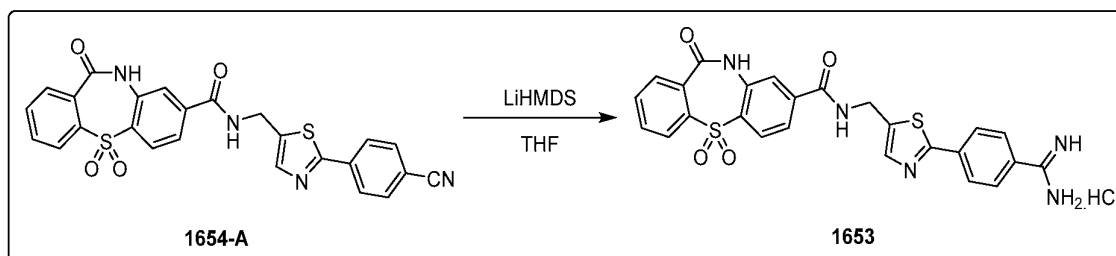


- 10 **[000578] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-hydroxybenzyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (1823)**: To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-methoxybenzyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (**1823-A**) (80 mg, 0.15 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL) under inert atmosphere was added BBr₃ (0.029 mL, 0.30 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and
- 15 stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and the precipitated solid was filtered, and washed with 10% NaHCO₃ solution (20 mL). This was titrated with 30% isopropanol/ EtOAc (30 mL) to afford **1823** (68 mg, 87%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 11.47 (s, 1H), 9.34 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (br t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.76 (br d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.08 (br d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (br d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 93.47%; 506.1 (M+1)⁺ column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.01 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 93.81%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x
- 20

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4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 7.53 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN : water).

Synthesis of 1653

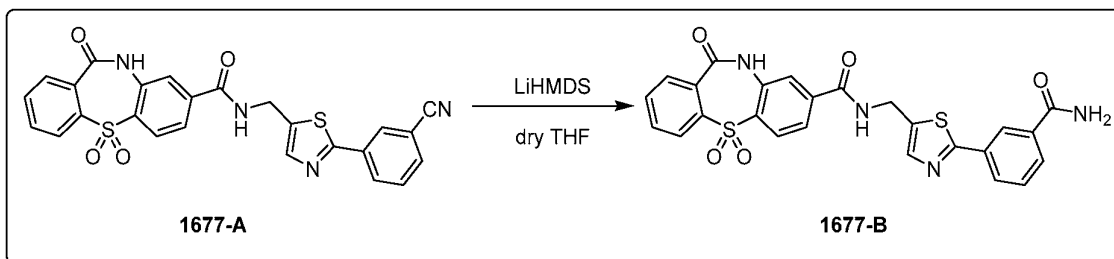


[000579] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-carbamimidoylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride

(**1653**): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-cyanophenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **1654-A** (175 mg, 0.35 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added LiHMDS (1 M solution in THF, 3.5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL), diluted with EtOAc (10 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified using preparative HPLC to afford **1653** (30 mg, 16%) as white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.54 (s, 1H), 9.54 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 9.37 (s, 2H), 9.00 (br s, 2H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.86 (m, 5H), 7.84 (td, *J* = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 94.34%; 518.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.75 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 90.29%; (column; Zorbax SB-C-18 (150 $\times$ 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 5.56 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1677-B

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[000580] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(3-carbamoylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1677-B): To a stirring

solution of *N*-((2-(3-cyanophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **1677-A** (226 mg, 0.45 mmol) in dry THF (8 mL) under inert atmosphere was added LiHMDS (1 M solution in THF, 4.5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and stirred for 30 min. The

precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1677-B** (30 mg, 13%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400**

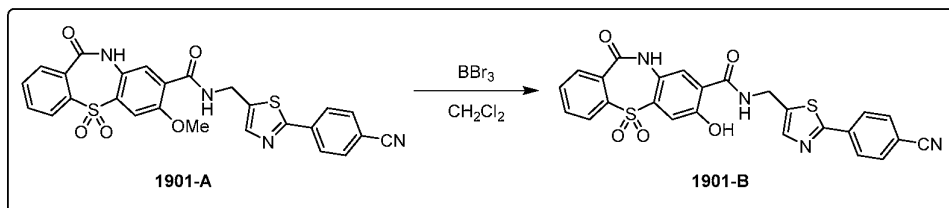
MHz): δ 11.40 (br s, 1H), 9.50 (br t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.16 (br s, 1H), 8.04 (br t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 8.00-7.78 (m, 8H), 7.56 (br t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (br s, 1H), 4.71 (br d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.51%; 518.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7

μm); RT 1.97 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.86%; (column; X-Select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.12 min.

ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO:

ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1901-B



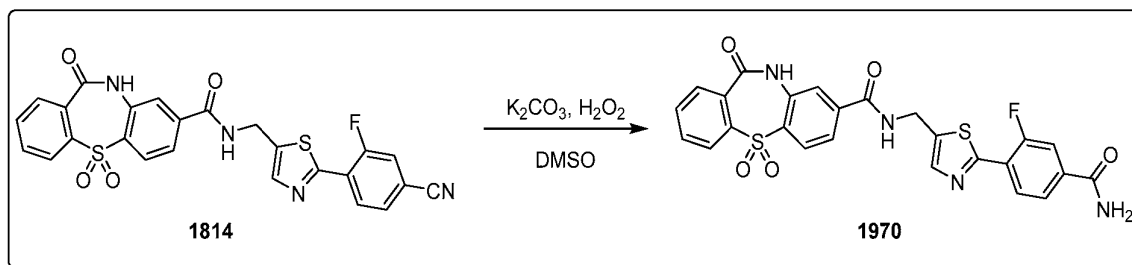
[000581] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-cyanophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-7-hydroxy-11-oxo-10,

11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1901-B): To a

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stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-cyanophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-7-methoxy-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (**1901-A**) (150 mg, 0.28 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added BBr₃ (0.13 mL, 1.41 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and triturated EtOAc (5 mL), dried *in vacuo* to afford **1901-B** (120 mg, 82%) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.82 (br s, 1H), 11.09 (s, 1H), 9.56 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.97-7.85 (m, 6H), 7.84-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 97.63%; 517.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.32 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.29%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 9.48 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN : water)

Synthesis of 1970

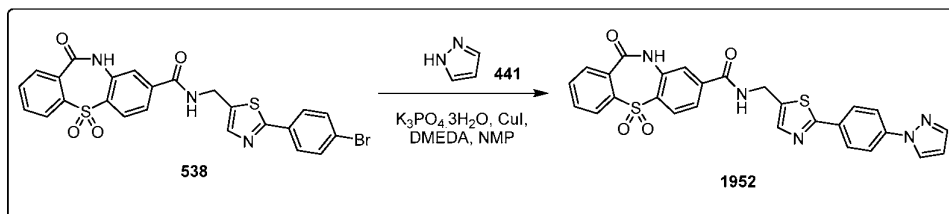


[000582] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-carbamoyl-2-fluorophenyl) thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1970):** To a stirring solution of **1814** (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) in DMSO (5 mL) were added 30% H₂O₂ (2 mL, 20 vol) and potassium carbonate (267 mg, 1.93 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture diluted with water (30 mL) and stirred for 1 h. The precipitated solid was filtered, dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to

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afford **1970** (80 mg, 78%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.51 (br t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (br t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (br d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.61 (br s, 1H), 4.74 (br d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 98.08%; 537.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.98 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 96.22%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.37 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 0.05% TFA + 5%; 1.0 mL/min; Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

10 Synthesis of 1952



[000583] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10,

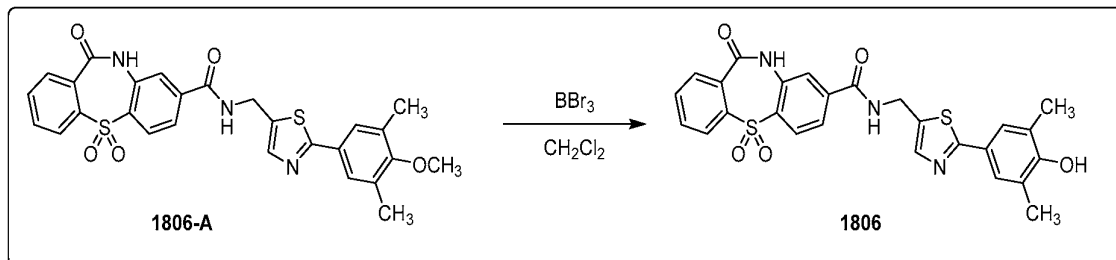
11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1952): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-bromophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*]

[1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **538** (100 mg, 0.18 mmol) in *N*-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (4 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 1*H*-pyrazole **441** (24 mg, 0.35 mmol) and potassium phosphate tribasic (115 mg, 0.54 mmol), copper(I) iodide (17 mg, 0.09 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min; heated to 150 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and triturated with diethylether (5 mL) to afford **1952** (30 mg, 31%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.49 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.10-7.94 (m, 7H), 7.93-7.76 (m, 6H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 95.99%; 542.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.31 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 92.85%; (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6

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mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 10.00 min. 5 mM NH_4OAc : ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1806



5

[000584] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-

oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (1806):

To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (**1806-A**) (60 mg, 0.11

10 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added BBr_3 (0.03 mL, 0.33 mmol) at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the

reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) the precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was titrated with MeOH (2 mL) and dried *in*

vacuo to afford **1806** (30 mg, 52%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.5);

15 **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.43 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.75 (br s, 1H), 8.05

(d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 4H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 2H), 4.64 (d, J

= 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 6H); **LC-MS**: 97.68%; 520.0 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18,

(50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.24 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq.

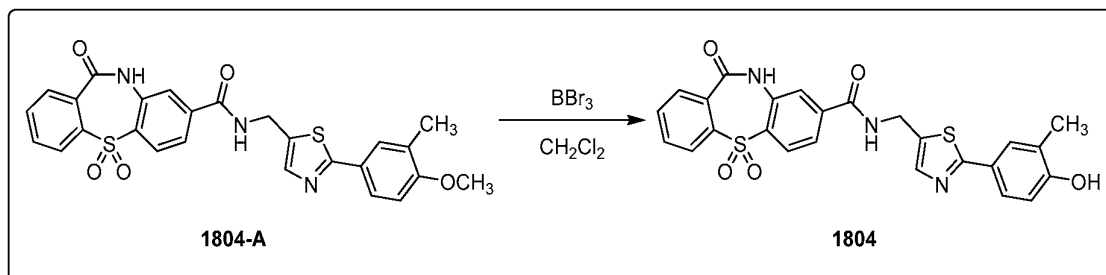
TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.67%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 $\times$ 4.6 mm, 3.5

20 μ m); RT 8.43 min. 5% 0.05% TFA +5% ACN: ACN+5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min,

Diluent: DMSO: ACN : water).

Synthesis of 1804:

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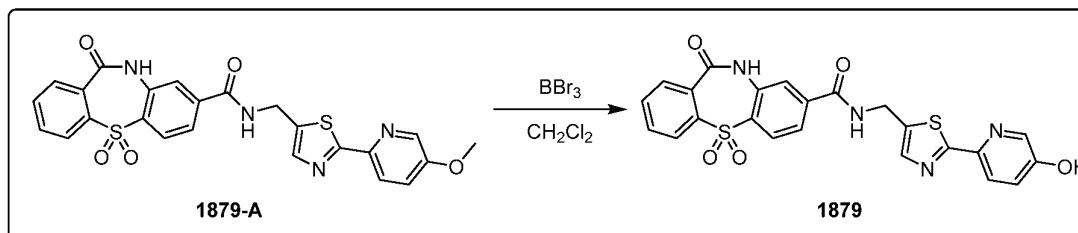


[000585] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1804**):**

To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (**1804-A**) (80 mg, 0.15 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added BBr₃ (0.07 mL, 0.77 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL). The aqueous layer was basified with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (10 mL) and the precipitated solid was filtered washed with diethyl ether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1804** (40 mg, 52%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.85 (s, 1H), 9.43 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.79 (m, 4H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.53 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 99.14%; 506.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.15 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 99.24%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.13 min. 5% 0.05% TFA +5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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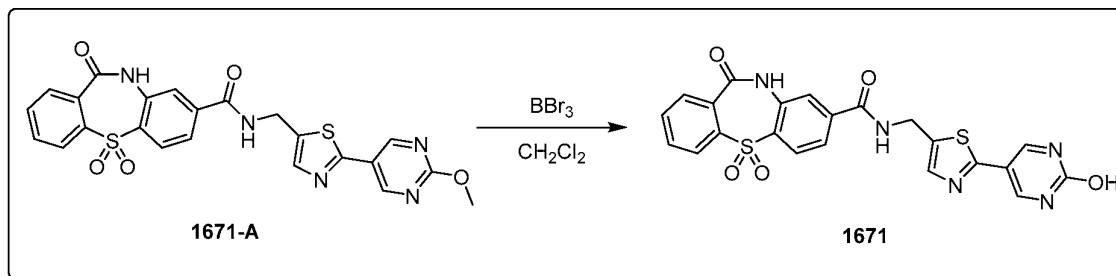
Synthesis of 1879



- 415 -

[000586] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(5-hydroxypyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1879): To a stirring solution of **1879-A** (50 mg, 0.098 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was under inert atmosphere was added BBr₃ (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 120 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL). The volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was adjusted to ~7.0 with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (20 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered and dried in vacuo to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 3-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **1879** (20 mg, 42%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.84 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.58 (m, 5H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 95.08%; 457.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.19 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.99%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.56 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1671

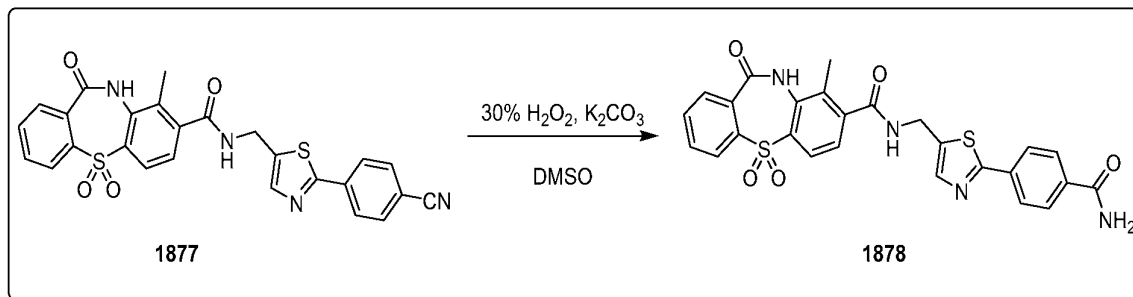


[000587] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-hydroxypyrimidin-5-yl) thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1671): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(2-methoxypyrimidin-5-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (**1671-A**) (80 mg, 0.15 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added BBr₃ (0.14 mL, 0.78 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and

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stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (2 mL) and stirred for 10 min. The pH was adjusted to ~7 with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1671** (45 mg, 58%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.43 (br s, 1H), 11.55 (br s, 1H), 9.48 (br s, 1H), 8.77-8.58 (m, 1H), 8.11-7.72 (m, 9H), 4.68-4.63 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 96.68%; 494.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.78 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 93.58%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.70 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA : 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN : water).

Synthesis of 1878



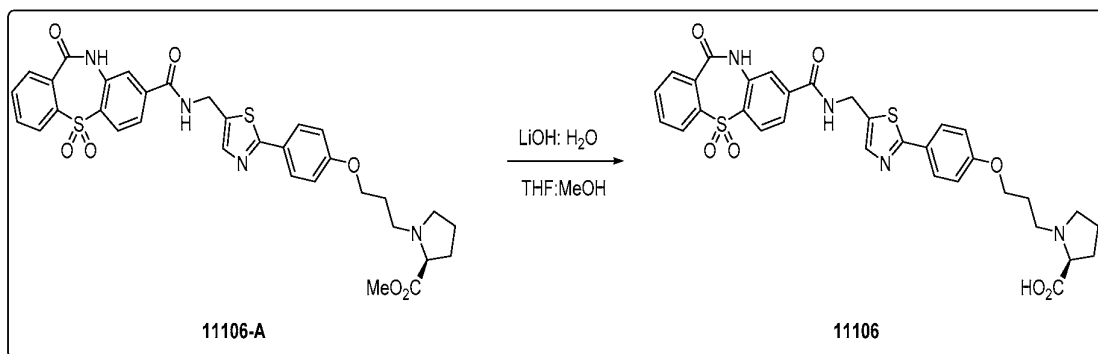
[000588] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-carbamoylphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-9-methyl-11-oxo-

10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1878): To a stirring solution of **1877** (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) in DMSO (2 mL) were added potassium carbonate (134 mg, 0.97 mmol) and 30% H₂O₂ (0.22 mL, 1.95 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), the precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1878** (75 mg, 73%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.86 (br s, 1H), 9.20 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (br s, 1H), 7.98-7.87 (m, 4H), 7.94 - 7.75 (m, 6H), 7.46 (br s, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 98.06%; 533.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.87 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.87%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5

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μm); RT 6.99 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO:ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11106



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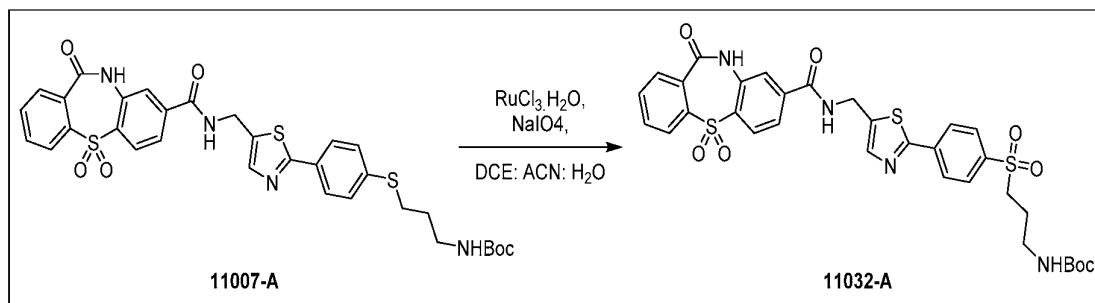
[000589] Synthesis of (3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)propyl)-L-proline (5) (11106):

To a stirring solution of **11106-A** (90 mg, 0.13 mmol) in THF: MeOH: H₂O (2:1:1, 8 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (17 mg, 0.40 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT, and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to pH ~5-6. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL), diethyl ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain **11106** (50 mg, 56%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.52-3.46 (m, 2H), 3.18-3.12 (m, 1H), 3.04-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.78 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.10 (m, 1H), 2.06-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.97-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.65 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 95.82%; 647.1 (M+1)⁺; (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 95.18%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.28 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : H₂O).

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Synthesis of 11032-A

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[000590] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) sulfonyl) propyl)**

5 **carbamate (11032-A):** To a stirring solution of **11007-A** (110 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 1, 2 dichloro ethane: CH₃CN: H₂O (1: 1: 2, 4 mL) were added sodium metaperiodate (106 mg, 0.49 mmol), ruthenium chloride (1.7 mg, 0.05 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were

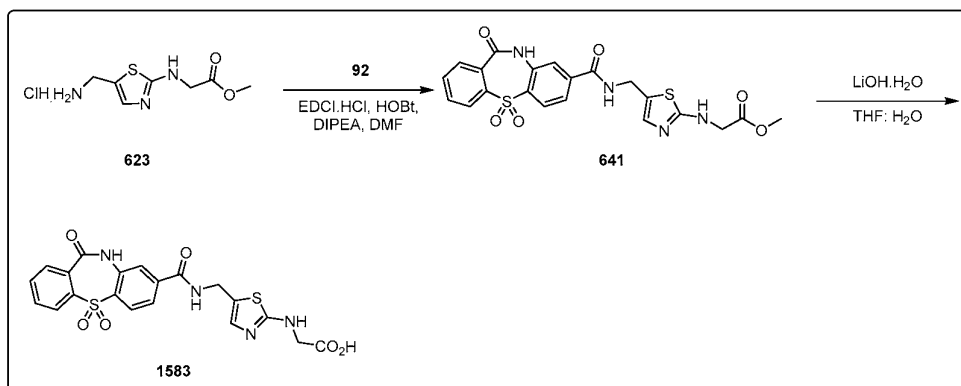
10 dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11032-A** (15 mg, 13%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.52 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 4H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 5H), 7.65 (br s, 1H), 6.90-6.84 (m, 1H), 4.73 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.37-3.30 (m,

15 2H), 2.96 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.70-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.33 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 97.78%; 695.1 (M-1)⁺, (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.91 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 94.67%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 9.28 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.5% TFA (Aq) ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 1583

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[000591] Synthesis of methyl (5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycinate (641):

To a stirring solution of compound **623** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added
 5 EDCI.HCl (179 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBT (133 mg, 0.99 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.45 mL, 5.00 mmol) and methyl (5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycinate hydrochloride **92** (109 mg, 0.55 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by
 TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and
 10 extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether: CH₃CN (4: 1, 10 mL) and the obtained solid was dried *in vacuo* to afford **641** (85 mg, 35%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/
 CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆ 400 MHz):** δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H),
 15 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 4H), 7.77 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H).

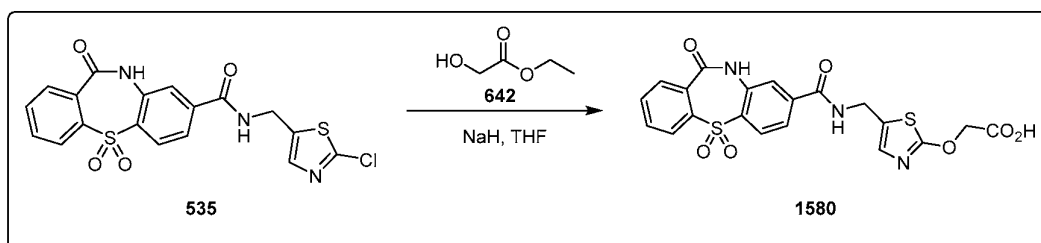
[000592] Synthesis of (5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycine (1583):

To a stirring solution of compound **641** (70 mg, 0.14 mmol) in THF: H₂O (3: 1, 8 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (13.8 mg, 0.28 mmol) at RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by
 20 TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and washed with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 4 N HCl to

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~2. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1583** (37 mg, 54%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 12.50 (br s, 1H), 11.49 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.81 (m, 2H), 7.77 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 95.64%; 472.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.75 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.00%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 4.87 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq) : 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 1580**[000593] Synthesis of 2-((5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4]****thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) oxy) acetic acid (1580):**

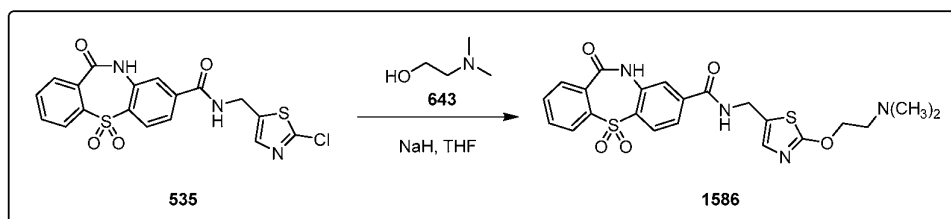
To a stirring suspension of added sodium hydride (60%, 27.7 mg, 1.15 mmol) in THF (15 mL) under argon atmosphere was added ethyl 2-hydroxyacetate 642 (48 mg, 0.46 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 1 h. To this was added compound 535 (100 mg, 0.23 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and the extracted with EtOAc (2 × 10 mL).

The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to ~4 using 2 N HCl and extracted with 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford 1580 (10 mg, 9%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ + 0.1 mL CH₃COOH (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 9.32 (br s, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 4H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 4.49 (br s, 2H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 95.67%; 473.8

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($M^{+}+1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.96 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 94.09%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.17 min. ACN: 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min).

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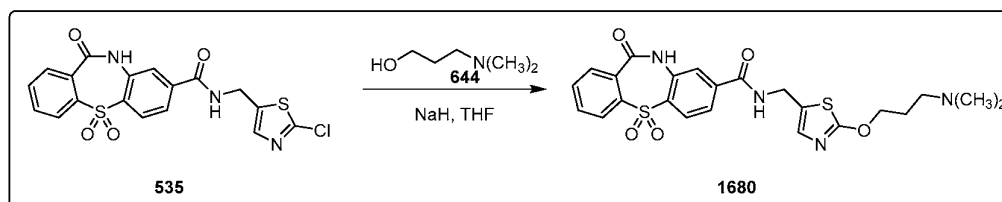
Synthesis of 1586

[000594] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1586):

To a stirring solution of 2-(dimethylamino)ethan-1-ol **643** (62 mg, 0.69 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added sodium hydride (60%, 25 mg, 0.69 mmol) under argon atmosphere was added at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (150 mg, 0.34 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (20 mL) and the extracted with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound to afford **1586** (40 mg, 24%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.36 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 4.47 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.81-2.73 (m, 2H), 2.28 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 95.67%; 487.0 ($M^{+}+1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.58 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.75%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.23 min. ACN: 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1680

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[000595] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(3-(dimethylamino) propoxy) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-

10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1680):

To a stirring suspension of 3-(dimethylamino) propan-1-ol 644 (57 mg, 0.55 mmol) in THF (20 mL)

under argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 55 mg, 1.38 mmol) at 0 °C and

stirred for 20 min. To this was added *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide 535 (200 mg, 0.46 mmol) at

0 °C; heated to 50-60 °C and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after

completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated citric acid

solution (10 mL) and extracted with 10% *n*-butanol/ EtOAc (2 x 40 mL). The combined

organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to obtain the

crude. The crude was purified through basic alumina flash column chromatography using 5%

MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂, triturated with 20% CH₂Cl₂/ *n*-pentane (10 mL) and dried in vacuo to afford

1680 (80 mg, 35%) as white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f: 0.2); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆,

400 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.33 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m,

2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* =

8.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (t, *J* = 7.0

Hz, 2H), 2.10 (s, 6H), 1.87-1.79 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 95.84%; 501.0 (*M*+1); (column; Ascentis

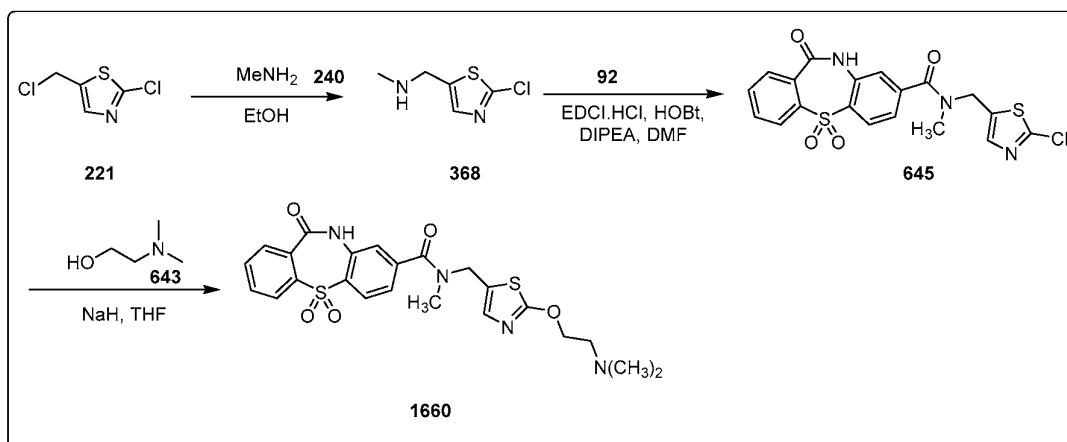
Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.70 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5%

0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min; HPLC (purity): 94.58%; (column; Zorbax SBC C-18 (150 ×

4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.73 min. ACN: 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1660

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[000596] Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-*N*-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (645): To a stirring

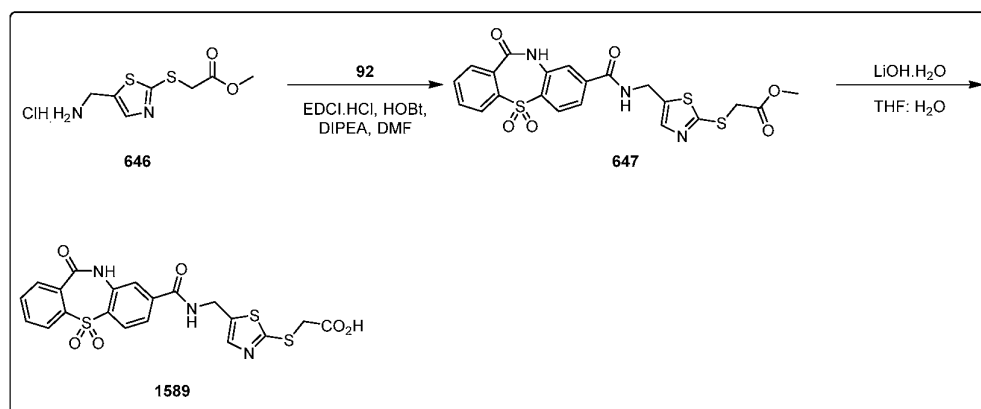
solution of **92** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added
 5 EDCI.HCl (190 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBT (133 mg, 0.99 mmol), compound **368** (117 mg, 0.72
 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.36 mL, 1.98 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for
 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction
 mixture was diluted with water (70 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined
 organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the
 10 crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/
 CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **645** (100 mg, 33%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/
 CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.44 (br s, 1H), 8.03-7.96 (m, 3H), 7.93-
 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.39 (m, 2H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 96.84%;
 448.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.19 min. 0.025%
 15 Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000597] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(dimethylamino) ethoxy) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-*N*-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1660):

To a stirring solution of 2-(dimethylamino) ethan-1-ol **643** (176 mg, 0.98 mmol) in THF (20
 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 47 mg, 1.98 mmol) at 0 °C and
 20 stirred for 20 min. To this was added compound **645** (300 mg, 0.99 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60
 °C and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the

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reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (1 mL). The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was purified through basis alumina column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1660** (20 mg, 4%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz) (rotamers):** δ 11.43 (br s, 1H), 8.04-7.96 (m, 3H), 7.94-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.19, 7.01 (s, 1H), 4.63 (s, 1.5 H), 4.41 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2.5 H), 2.91, 2.81 (s, 3H), 2.65-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.19 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 95.12%; 501.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.71 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.19%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.09 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1589**[000598] Synthesis of methyl 2-((5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetate (647):**

To a stirring solution of compound **92** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (179 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBT (133 mg, 0.99 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.4 mL, 1.76 mmol) and methyl 2-((5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetate hydrochloride **646** (183 mg, 0.73 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), the precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **647** (160 mg, 48%) as pale brown solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.41 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 8.4

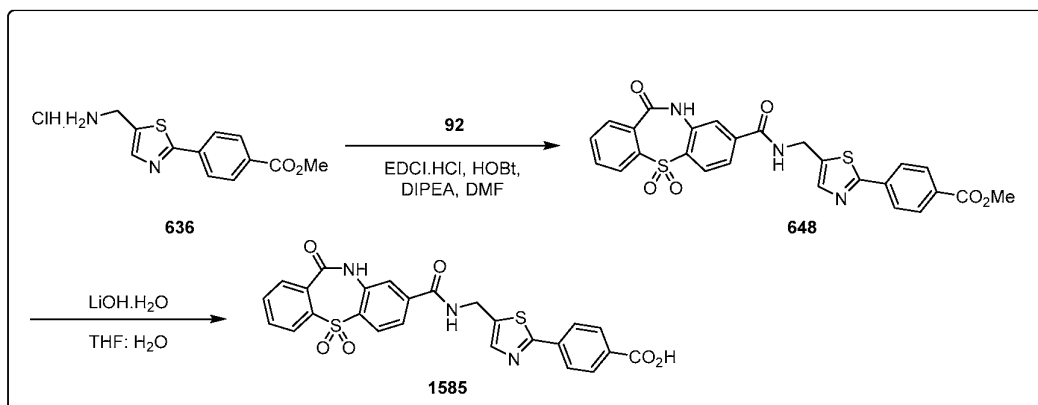
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Hz, 2H), 7.90 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H).

[000599] Synthesis of 2-((5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4]

5 **thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetic acid (1589):** To a stirring solution of compound **647** (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 10 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (10 mg, 0.28 mmol) at RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 4 N HCl to ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered and
10 dried *in vacuo* to afford **1589** (60 mg, 51%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 12.89 (br s, 1H), 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.41 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 3H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (s, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.73%; 490.0 (M⁺+1); (column; X-select CSH C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 2.10 min. 2.5mM Aq.NH₄OOCH +
15 5% ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq.NH₄OOCH; .08 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 99.17%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.59 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq) : 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1585



[000600] Synthesis of methyl 4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoate (648): To a stirring solution of

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compound **92** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (189.1 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBt (133.6 mg, 0.99 mmol) at RT and stirred for 5 min. To this was added methyl 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoate hydrochloride **636** (196.4 mg, 0.79 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.59 mL, 3.29 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h.

5 The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **648** (130 mg, 37%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.51 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.08-8.01 (m, 5H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.80 (m, 5H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H).

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[000601] Synthesis of 4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4]

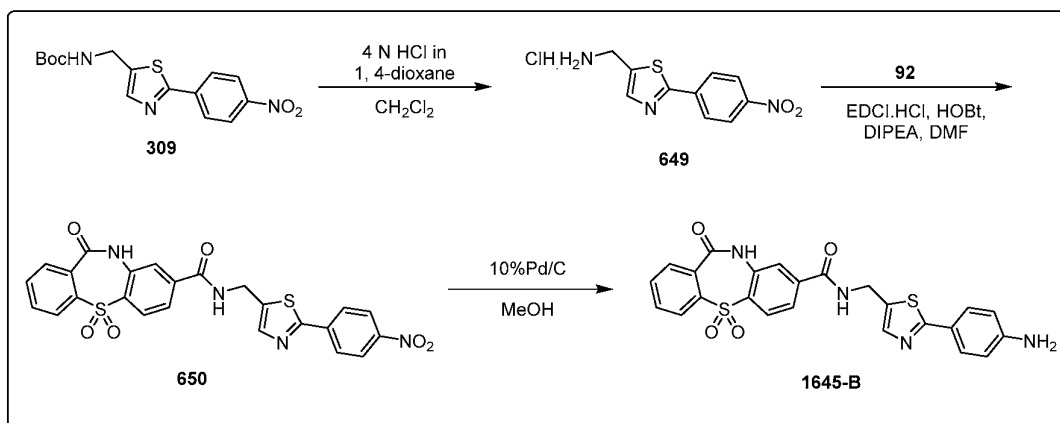
15 **thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoic acid (1585)**: To a stirring solution of compound **648** (80 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 6 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (19 mg, 0.45 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The obtained solid was dissolved in water (20 mL)

20 and pH was adjusted to ~2 using 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL), *n*-pentane (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1585** (60 mg, 77%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 13.18 (br s, 1H), 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.09-7.95 (m, 7H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 92.54%; 519.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.22 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2

25 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 93.48%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.41 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq) : 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1645-B

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[000602] Synthesis of (2-(4-nitrophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrochloride (649):

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-nitrophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **309** (150 mg, 0.44 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1.5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with diethylether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **649** (110 mg, 91%) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.52 (br s, 3H), 8.36 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.21 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 4.41 (br s, 2H).

[000603] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-nitrophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (650): To a stirring

solution of **92** (100 mg, 0.33 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (95 mg, 0.49 mmol), HOBT (67 mg, 0.49 mmol), compound **649** (108 mg, 0.39 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.18 mL, 0.99 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **650** (80 mg, 47%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.53 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.15 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.92-7.79 (m, 4H), 4.73 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 93.76%; 520.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column;

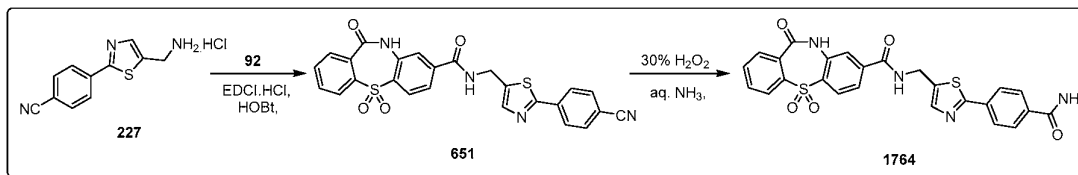
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Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.46 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000604] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-aminophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1645-B): To a stirring
 5 solution of compound **650** (75 mg, 0.14 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was
 added 10% Pd/C (30 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at
 RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction
 mixture was filtered through celite and washed with MeOH (100 mL). The filtrate was
 concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was titrated with diethyl ether: *n*-pentane
 10 (1:1, 20 mL) and followed by silicagel column chromatography using 2-3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to
 afford **1645-B** (22 mg, 32%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H**
NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.48 (br s, 1H), 9.40 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz,
 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.5, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.78 (m, 4H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H),
 6.57 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.62 (s, 2H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.21%; 491.0
 15 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.97 min. 0.025% Aq.
 TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 96.45%;
 (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 9.06 min. ACN + 5 mM NH₄OAc:
 ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1764



[000605] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-cyanophenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (651): To a stirring
 25 solution of **92** (300 mg, 0.99 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added
 EDCI.HCl (283 mg, 1.48 mmol), HOBt (200 mg, 1.48 mmol), compound **227** (274 mg, 1.08
 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.55 mL, 2.95 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for

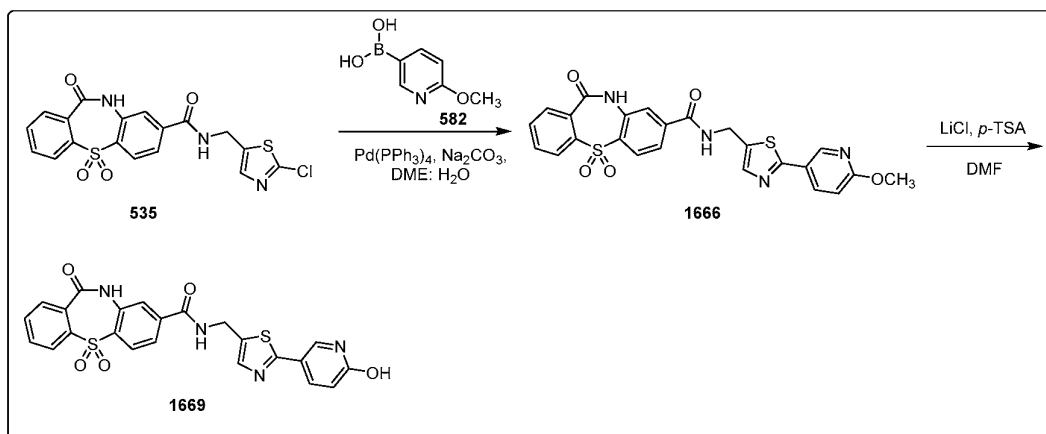
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16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **651** (250 mg, 50%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.52 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.08-7.79 (m, 11H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 99.46%; 501.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.30 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000606] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-carbamoylphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11 dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (1764):** To a stirring solution of compound **651** (100 mg, 0.20 mmol) in EtOH (5 mL) were added 30% H₂O₂ (5 mL) and 30% aqueous ammonia (5 mL) at 0 °C warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1764** (55 mg, 53%) as white solid. **TLC:** 7% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.48 (br s, 1H), 9.50 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.08-8.04 (m, 2H), 8.00-7.94 (m, 6H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.80 (m, 4H), 7.44 (br s, 1H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.11%; 519.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.98 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 98.61%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.87 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1666 and 1669

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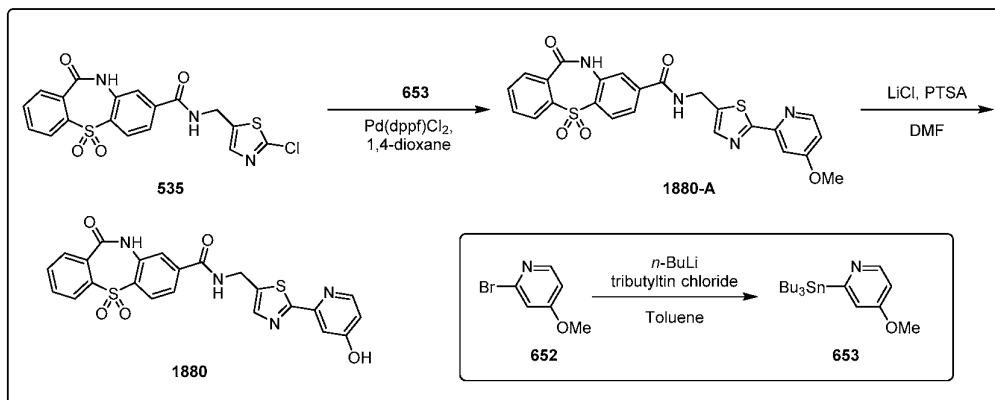


- [000607] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (1666):** To a stirring
- 5 solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide **535** (300 mg, 0.69 mmol) in 1,2-dimethoxyethane: H₂O (4:1, 10 mL) were added (6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)boronic acid **582** (127 mg, 0.84 mmol), sodium carbonate (220 mg, 2.07 mmol) in a sealed tube and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (80 mg, 0.069 mmol) at RT; heated to 110 °C and stirred
- 10 for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-8% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **1666** (140 mg, 27%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 5H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 96.23%; 507.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.23 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min) **HPLC**
- 15 **(purity):** 94.46%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.40 min. ACN + 5% 0.5% TFA (Aq): 0.5% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).
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[000608] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(6-hydroxypyridin-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (**1669**):** To a stirring solution of **1666** (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added lithium chloride (43 mg, 0.99 mmol), *p*-toulene sulfonic acid (4 mg, 0.019 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and the precipitated was filtered, washed with CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1669** (60 mg, 62%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.96 (br s, 1H), 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.83 (m, 5H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 6.43 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.01%; 492.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.83 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 93.66%; (column; Zorbax SBC C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.81 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent:DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1880 & 1880-A



[000609] Synthesis of 4-methoxy-2-(tributylstannyl) pyridine (653): To a stirring solution of 2-bromo-4-methoxypyridine **652** (1 g, 5.39 mmol) in dry Toluene (40 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (3.98 mL, 6.38 mmol, 1.6 M solution in hexane) at -78 °C and stirred for 1 h. To this was added tributyltin chloride (7.85 mL, 28.98 mmol) at -78 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of

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the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **653** (1.5 g, 71%) as yellow liquid which was taken for next step without further purification. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8);

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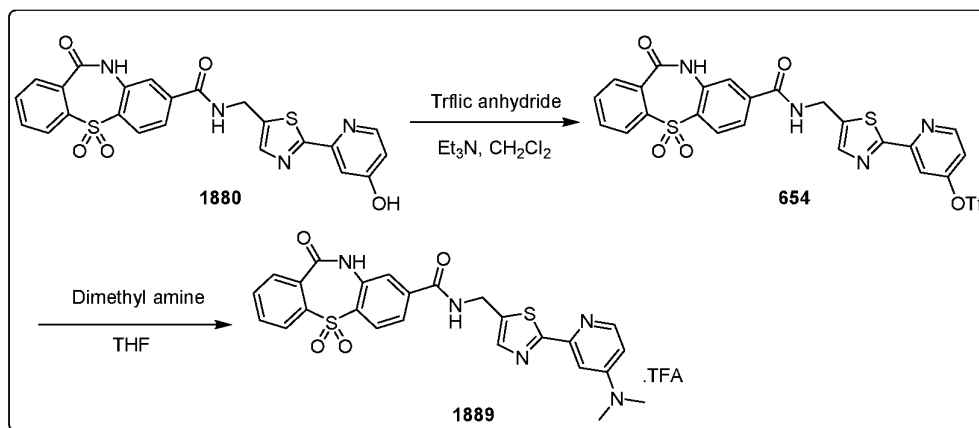
[000610] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-methoxypyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1880-A): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (500 mg, 1.15 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (30 mL) under argon atmosphere were added compound **653** (1.37 g, 3.46 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (84 mg, 0.11 mmol) and heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1880-A** (125 mg, 21%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 97.10%; 507.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.05 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 96.24%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.21 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

[000611] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxypyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1880) : To a stirring solution of **1880-A** (120 mg, 0.23 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added lithium chloride (206 mg, 4.74 mmol), *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (20 mg, 0.11 mmol) at RT; heated to 120-130 °C and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate,

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filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography twice using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1880** (15 mg, 13%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 10.96 (br s, 1H), 9.48-9.43 (m, 1H), 8.26 (br d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (br d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (br t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 5H), 7.46 (br s, 1H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 4.68 (br d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 99.60%; 492.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.76 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min;), **HPLC (purity)**: 99.70%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.94 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1889:

[000612] Synthesis of 2-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (654**):** To a stirring solution of **1880** (200 mg, 0.40 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (1.67 mL, 1.21 mmol), triflic anhydride (0.1 mL, 0.60 mmol) at 0 °C; and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (30 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2x 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **654** (210 mg crude) as an off white solid. The crude

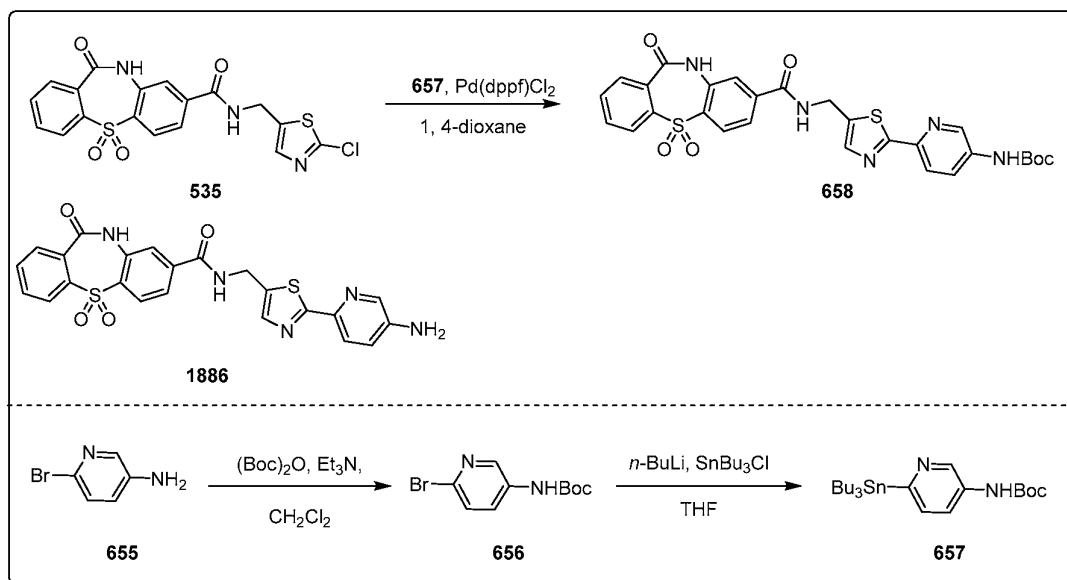
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was taken forward next reaction without further purification. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.7); **LC-MS:** 41%; 624.9 (M⁺+1) ; (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.56 min, 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

- 5 **[000613] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(dimethylamino) pyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (1889) :** To a stirring solution of compound **654** (210 mg crude, 0.33 mmol) in THF (5 mL) in a sealed tube was added 2 M dimethylamine in THF (0.36 mL, 0.67 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain
- 10 the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3-4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **1889** (10 mg, 6%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.54 (s, 1H), 9.56 (br s, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 16.7, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 3H), 7.93 - 7.81 (m, 4H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (br s, 1H), 4.74 (br d, *J* = 5.5 Hz,
- 15 2H), 3.17 (br s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 95.94%; 520.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.47 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 99.48%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.73 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

20 **Synthesis of 1886**

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[000614] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (6-bromopyridin-3-yl) carbamate (656): To a stirring solution of 6-bromopyridin-3-amine **655** (5 g, 28.90 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) under argon atmosphere were added Boc-anhydride (7.6 g, 34.86 mmol) and triethylamine (6.17 mL, 43.35 mmol) at 0 to 10 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), filtered through celite and eluted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 80 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5-7% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **656** (5 g, 64%) as white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.8); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$, 500 MHz):** δ 9.72 (br s, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 7.82 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 91.60%; 272.9 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.48 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000615] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (6-(tributylstannyl) pyridin-3-yl) carbamate (657): To a stirring solution of compound **656** (5 g, 18.31 mmol) in THF (50 mL) under argon atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (23 mL, 36.63 mmol, 1.6 M solution in hexane) dropwise for 40 min at -78 °C and warmed to -10 °C and stirred for 40 min. To this was added tributylchlorostannane (8.92 g, 27.47 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at -78 °C and stirred for 1 h at the

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same temperature. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride solution (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated potassium fluoride solution (100 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel flash column chromatography using 5-7% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **657** (3 g, 34%) as yellow solid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 9.42 (s, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.73 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 1.64-1.54 (m, 6H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.38-1.22 (m, 6H), 1.14-1.08 (m, 6H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 9H); The aliphatic region shows tin reagent as impurity; **LC-MS**: 68.59%; 485.2 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.78 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

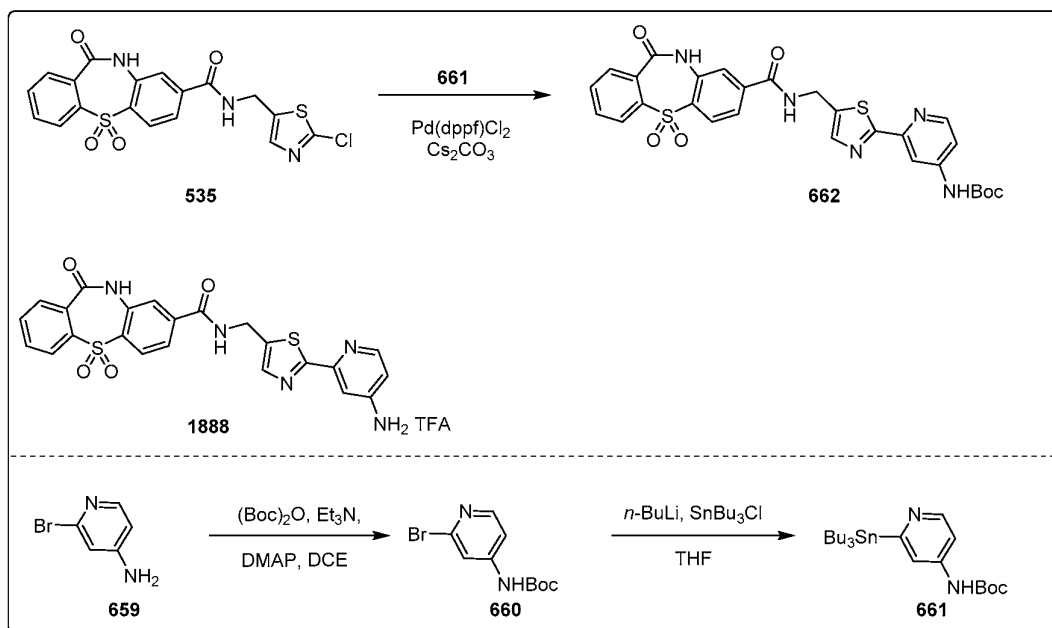
[000616] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (6-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) pyridin-3-yl) carbamate (658): To a stirring solution of compound **535** (200 mg, 0.46 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **657** (670 mg, 1.38 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (34 mg, 0.046 mmol) and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite washed with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂. The obtained compound was precipitated using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **658** (50 mg, 18%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.5); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.81 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.07-7.76 (m, 10H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 96.84%; 592.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.43 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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- [000617] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(5-aminopyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1886):** To a stirring solution of compound **658** (50 mg, 0.08 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction
- 5 was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The compound was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) and precipitated using *n*-hexane (10 mL) to afford 35 mg of semi-purified material. This was further purified by precipitation in *N*-methyl pyrrolidinone: H₂O (1: 20, 21 mL) and stirred for 16 h. The solid obtained was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1886** (25 mg, 61%) as an off-white solid.
- 10 **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.43 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.02 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 94.26%; 492.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.26 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC**
- 15 **(purity):** 93.39%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.69 min. 5mM NH₄OAc: ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1888:

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[000618] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-bromopyridin-4-yl) carbamate (660): To a stirring solution of 2-bromopyridin-4-amine **659** (5 g, 28.90 mmol) in 1, 2-dichloro ethane (80 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (9.53 mL, 86.70 mmol) Boc-anhydride (7.56 g, 34.67 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL), washed with water (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5-20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **660** (3.5 g, 44%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.7); **LC-MS:** 99.62%; 274.8 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.40 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000619] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-(triisopropoxy-*l*4-boranyl) pyridin-4-yl) carbamate, lithium salt (661): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl (2-bromopyridin-4-yl) carbamate **660** (5 g, 18.31 mmol) and triisopropyl borate (1.52 mL, 6.55 mmol) in dry toluene: THF (4: 1; 100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-butyl lithium (2.5 M solution in hexane, 24.92 mL, 5.46 mmol) drop wise for 1.5 h at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min. To this was added triisopropyl borate (4.13 g, 21.97 mmol) and warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was

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monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford compound **661** (7.2 g crude salt) as yellow solid. The crude was carried forward for next reaction without purification. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1);

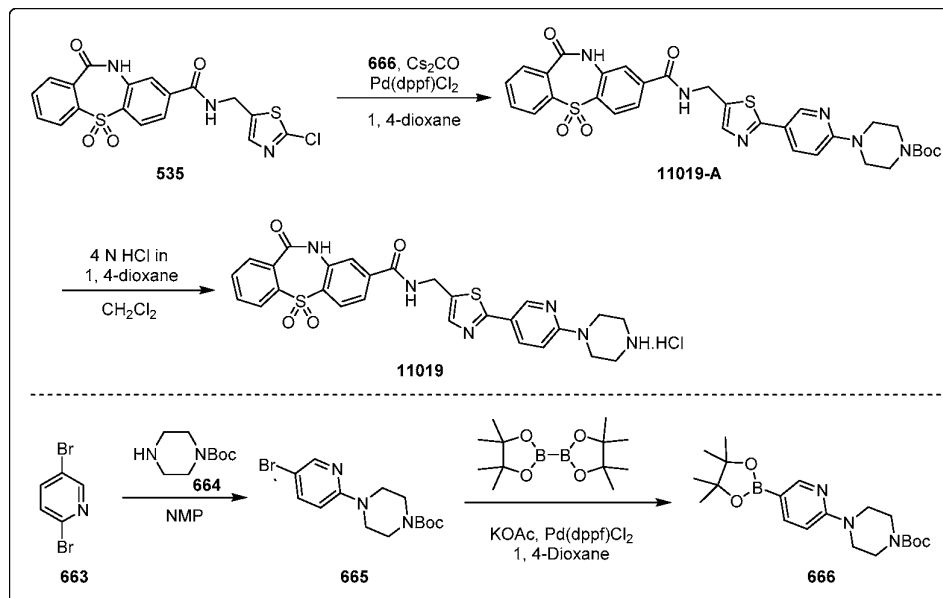
[000620] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f]

5 **[1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl) carbamate (662)**: To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (2 g, 4.61 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 80 mL) were added sodium carbonate (1.46 g, 13.85 mmol), compound **661** (7.37 g crude) and purged under argon atmosphere for 20 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (337 mg, 0.46
10 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction; the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **662** (380 mg) as brown solid. **LC-MS**: 67.12%; 542 (M⁺+1);
15 (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.20 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000621] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-aminopyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide, TFA salt (1888): To a

20 stirring solution of compound **662** (380 mg crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (4 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (5 mL), n-pentane (10 mL) and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **1888** (45 mg, 14%) as an off-white solid. .
¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 13.68 (br s, 1H), 11.55 (s, 1H), 9.65-9.56 (m, 1H), 8.10 -
25 8.02 (m, 3H), 7.98 (br t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (td, *J* = 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.88 - 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (br d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (br d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 99.93%; 492.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.62 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 99.71%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.27 min. 0.05% TFA + 5%
30 ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 11019 & 11019-A**[000622] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 4-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl) piperazine-1-carboxylate (665):**

- 5 To a stirring solution 2, 5-dibromopyridine **663** (500 mg, 2.11 mmol) in *N*-methyl pyrrolidinone (2 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *tert*-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate **664** (786 mg, 4.2 mmol) in a sealed tube and heated to 140 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulphate,
- 10 filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **665** (400 mg, 56%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.18 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dd, $J = 9.3, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.49-3.44 (m, 4H), 3.42-3.37 (m, 4H), 1.42 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 99.81%; 341.9 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; Kinetex EVO
- 15 C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 3.62 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min).

[000623] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 4-(5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl) piperazine-1-carboxylate (666): To a stirring solution of compound **665** (400

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mg, 1.16 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (594 mg, 2.33 mmol), potassium acetate 343 mg, 3.50 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min; to this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (85 mg, 0.11 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min, heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was
5 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10-50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **666** (420 mg, 43%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **LC-MS**: 98.83%; 307.9 (M⁺+1) (Boronic acid); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.60 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5%
10 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

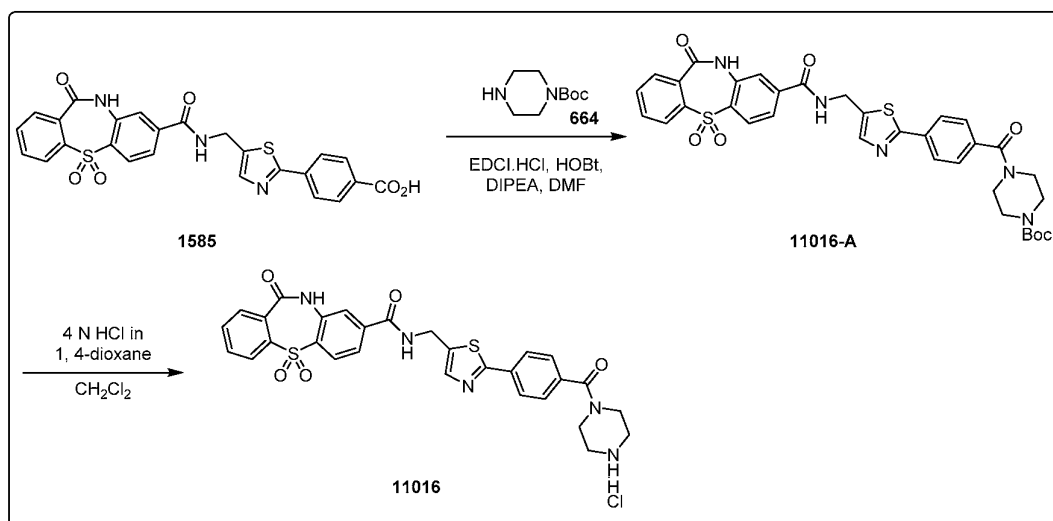
[000624] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 4-(5-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) pyridin-2-yl) piperazine-1-carboxylate (11019-A): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (300 mg, 0.73
15 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane: H₂O (4: 1, 12 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **666** (410 mg, 1.46 mmol), cesium carbonate (714 mg, 2.19 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (54 mg, 0.073 mmol) and heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of
20 the reaction, the reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10-50% EtOAc/ hexanes, triturated using CH₂Cl₂: hexanes (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11019-A** (150 mg, 33%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.61 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.61-3.57 (m, 4H), 3.45-3.40 (m, 4H), 1.42 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**:
25 96.01%; 661.1 (M⁺+1) (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.34 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity)**:
30 95.67%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.38 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

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[000625] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(6-(piperazin-1-yl) pyridin-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride (11019):

To a stirring solution of **11019-A** (50 mg, 0.075 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with CH₂Cl₂: *n*-hexane (1: 1, 10 mL) and lypholized for 12 h to afford compound **11019** (40 mg; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 9.09 (br s, 2H), 8.64 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 8.07-8.01 (m, 2H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.86-3.80 (m, 4H), 3.21-3.14 (m, 4H); **LC-MS**: 95.23%; 561.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.74 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity)**: 96.14%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.46 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11016 & 11016-A



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[000626] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 4-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoyl) piperazine-1-carboxylate (11016-A):** To a stirring solution of **1585** (300 mg, 0.57 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (166 mg, 0.86 mmol), HOBt (117 mg, 0.86 mmol), *tert*-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate **664** (119 mg, 0.63 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.28 mL, 1.98 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 3-4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11016-A** (150 mg, 37%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.49 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.92 (m, 4H), 7.91-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.70 (br d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.66-3.30 (m, 8H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 97.25%; 686.1 (M-1)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.88 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.43%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 10.12 min. 5 mM NH₄OAc: ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

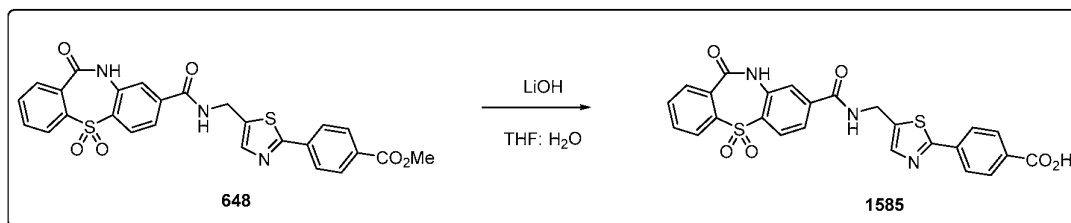
[000627] **Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(piperazine-1-carbonyl) phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)**

methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride (11016): To a stirring solution of **11016-A** (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11016** (80 mg; 66% HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.94 (br s, 2H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.92 (m, 4H), 7.90-7.78 (m, 5H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.85-3.49 (m, 4H), 3.18-3.10 (m, 4H); **LC-MS:** 98.26%; 588.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.73 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 98.88%;

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(column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 5.61 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1585



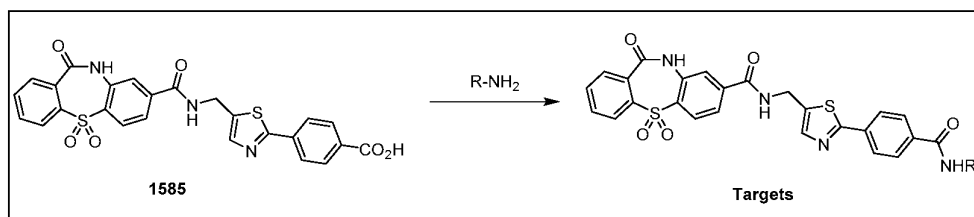
[000628] Synthesis of 4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4]

thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoic acid (1585): To a stirring solution of compound **648** (80 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 6 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (19 mg, 0.45 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The obtained solid was dissolved in water (20 mL) and pH was adjusted to ~2 using 2 N HCl. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water (20 mL), *n*-pentane (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1585** (60 mg, 77%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 13.18 (br s, 1H), 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.51 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.09-7.95 (m, 7H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 92.54%; 519.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.22 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 93.48%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 7.41 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq) : 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

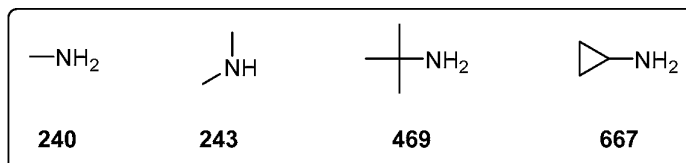
Preparation

[000629] **1585** was synthesized as mentioned above and converted to final products as using commercially available amines employing typical procedure C and the results are captured in the Table 3:

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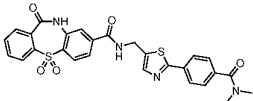
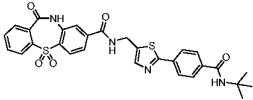
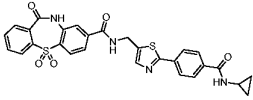
**Typical procedure C:**

[000630] To a stirring solution of **1585** (200 mg, 0.38 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (110 mg, 0.57 mmol), HOBt (77 mg, 0.57 mmol), and diisopropylethylamine (0.20 mL, 1.15 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min; added compound **240** (2 M sol. in THF, 0.1 mL, 1.15 mmol) at the same temperature; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either directly dried *in vacuo* or triturated or purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford the desired compound.

Commercial amines used in preparation:**Table 3: Synthesis from 1585 using various amines**

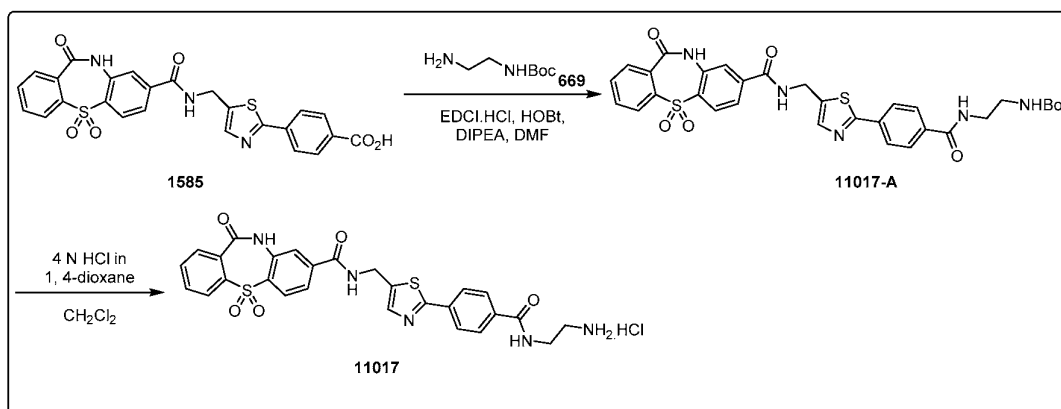
Example	Structure	Procedure, Intermediate, amine	Rx · Yield (%)	Mass Spec. Found	Mass Spec. Calculated	¹ H-NMR
1943		C, 1 585, 240	59	533.1 (M ⁺ +1) ;	532 for C ₂₆ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₅ S ₂	¹ H NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.50 (br t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (q, <i>J</i> = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d,

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						$J = 8.3 \text{ Hz, 1H}$, 8.02 - 7.94 (m, 4H), 7.93-7.89 (m, 3H), 7.89 - 7.81 (m, 4H), 4.71 (br d, $J = 5.6 \text{ Hz, 2H}$), 2.79 (d, $J = 4.5 \text{ Hz, 3H}$);
1944		C 1 585, 243	71	547.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	546 for $C_{27}H_{22}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, $J = 5.7 \text{ Hz, 1H}$), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2 \text{ Hz, 1H}$), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.95-7.80 (m, 7H), 7.49 (d, $J = 8.2 \text{ Hz, 2H}$), 4.70 (d, $J = 5.6 \text{ Hz, 2H}$), 3.04 - 2.82 (m, 6H);
1947		C ^a 1 585, 469	41	575.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	574 for $C_{29}H_{26}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.48 (br t, $J = 5.6 \text{ Hz, 1H}$), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.1 \text{ Hz, 1H}$), 7.99-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 10H), 4.69 (br d, $J = 5.8 \text{ Hz, 2H}$), 1.37 (s, 9H);
1949		C, 1 585, 667	67	559.1 ($M^{+}+1$) ;	558 for $C_{28}H_{22}N_4O_5$ S_2	^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.49 (br t, $J = 5.4 \text{ Hz, 1H}$), 8.52 (br d, $J = 3.5 \text{ Hz, 1H}$), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.1 \text{ Hz, 1H}$),

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						1H), 8.02-7.76 (m, 11H), 4.70 (br d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.93-2.78 (m, 1H), 0.74 - 0.52 (m, 4H);
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C^a: Reaction time 18 h**Synthesis of 11017 & 11017-A**

- 5 **[000631] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzamido) ethyl)carbamate (11017-A):** To a stirring solution of **1585** (300 mg, 0.57 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (166 mg, 0.86 mmol), HOBt (117 mg, 0.86 mmol), *tert*-butyl (2-aminoethyl) carbamate **669** (102 mg, 0.63 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.28 mL, 1.98 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 3-4% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 and triturated with 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL) and *n*-pentane (5 mL) and crystallized using *N*-methyl pyrrolidinone: H_2O (10 mL) to afford **11017-A** (150 mg, 39%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.50 (br t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.54 (br t, $J = 4.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.80 (m, 11H), 6.90 (br t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.71 (br d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.31-3.27 (m, 2H), 3.15-3.05 (m, 2H), 1.37 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 99.83%;
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660.1 (M-1)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 2.67 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 99.17%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 8.58 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN).

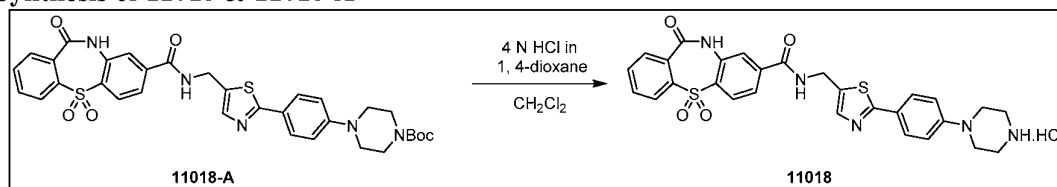
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[000632] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-((2-aminoethyl) carbamoyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

hydrochloride (11017): To a stirring solution of **11017-A** (100 mg, 0.15 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to
 10 RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11017** (80 mg; 88% HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.53 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.74 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.03-7.95 (m, 6H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 8H), 4.71 (br d, *J* = 5.6
 15 Hz, 2H), 3.55-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.02-2.96 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.39%; 562.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.74 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 99.17%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 8.58 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: DMSO: MeOH).

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Synthesis of 11018 & 11018-A



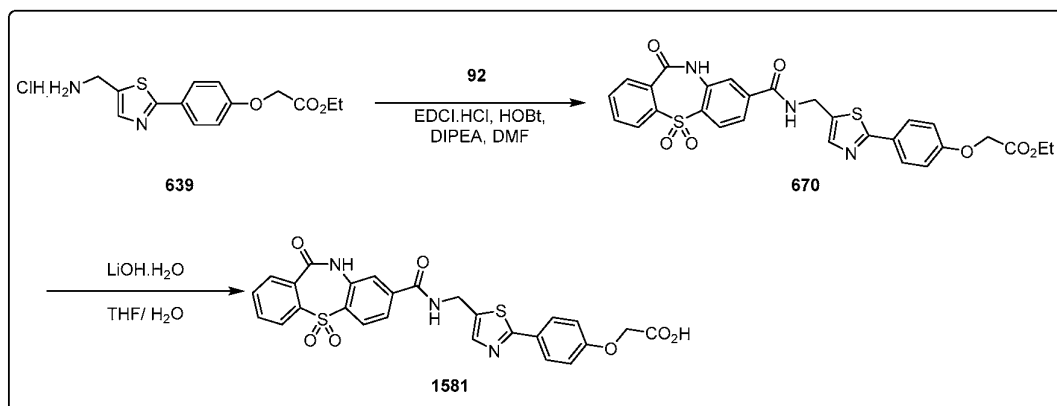
[000633] Synthesis of 11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(piperazin-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride

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(11018): To a stirring solution of **11018-A** (100 mg, 0.15 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were

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removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1**
1018 (75 mg, 88%; HCl salt) as yellow solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR**
(DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.18 (br s, 2H), 8.05 (d, *J* =
 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 4H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (s,
 5 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (br d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.51-3.44 (m, 4H), 3.24-3.17 (m,
 4H); **LC-MS:** 98.17%; 560.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm);
 RT 1.77 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC**
(purity): 97.26%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.21 min. 0.05%
 TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 0.05% TFA + 5%; 1.0 mL/min; Diluent: ACN: water).

10 **Synthesis of 1581**

[000634] **Synthesis of ethyl 2-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetate (670):** To a stirring
 solution of compound **92** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were
 added EDCI.HCl (142 mg, 0.29 mmol), HOBT (100 mg, 0.74 mmol), ethyl 2-(4-(5-
 15 (aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetate hydrochloride **639** (195 mg, 0.59 mmol) and
 diisopropylethylamine (0.45 mL, 2.47 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The
 reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was
 poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 150 mL). The combined
 organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the
 crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/
 CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **670** (110 mg, 39%) as white solid. **TLC:** 7% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*:
 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.1

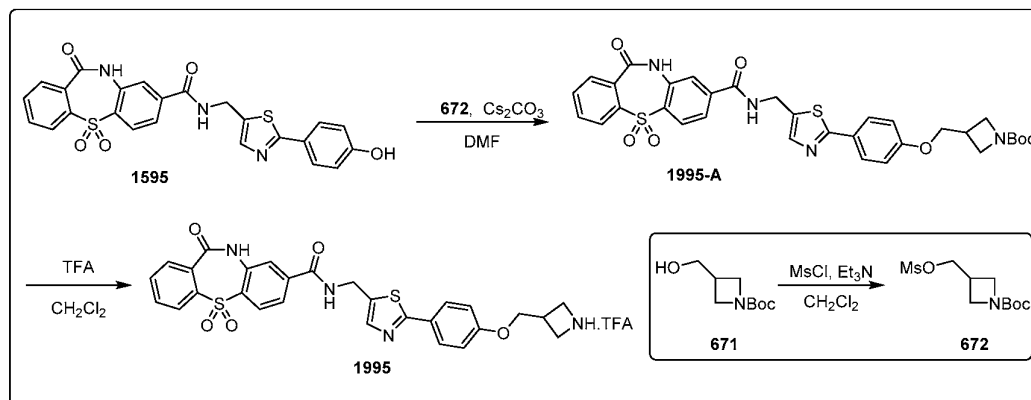
- 450 -

Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.4, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.84-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.17 (q, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H).

[000635] Synthesis of 2-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4]

thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetic acid (1581): To a stirring solution of compound **670** (80 mg, 0.13 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 10 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (18 mg, 0.42 mmol) at RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The pH of the residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~6. The precipitated solid was filtered
 10 triturated with 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1581** (60 mg, 79%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.97 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.89 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.86-7.78 (m, 5H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.73 (s, 2H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 100%; 549.9 ($M^{+}+1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2
 15 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 99.71%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 $\times$ 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 7.22 min. ACN : 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1995 and 1995-A



[000636] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 3-(((methylsulfonyl) oxy) methyl) azetidine-1-carboxylate (1595): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl 3-(hydroxymethyl) azetidine-1-carboxylate **671** (500 mg, 2.67 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.77 mL,

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5.34 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.24 mL, 2.94 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (75 mL), washed with water (2 x 50 mL) The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound
 5 **672** (580 mg) as sticky solid. **TLC:** 60% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 4.34 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.95-3.87 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 2.95-2.84 (m, 1H), 1.37 (s, 9H);

[000637] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) azetidine-1-

10 **carboxylate (1995-A):** To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide 1595 (600 mg, 1.22 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) under inert atmosphere were added 4-bromo-1*H*-pyrazole 672 (5.92 g, 40.29 mmol), cesium carbonate (39.4 g, 120.96 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
 15 reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (500 mL) and extracted with with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford 1995-A (4.1 g, 29%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.52 (s, 1H),
 20 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.59 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.12-4.04 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.81 (m, 2H), 3.27-3.16 (m, 1H); LC-MS: 97.70%; 659.1 (M-1)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 1.27 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min); HPLC (purity):
 25 99.67%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 10.33 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

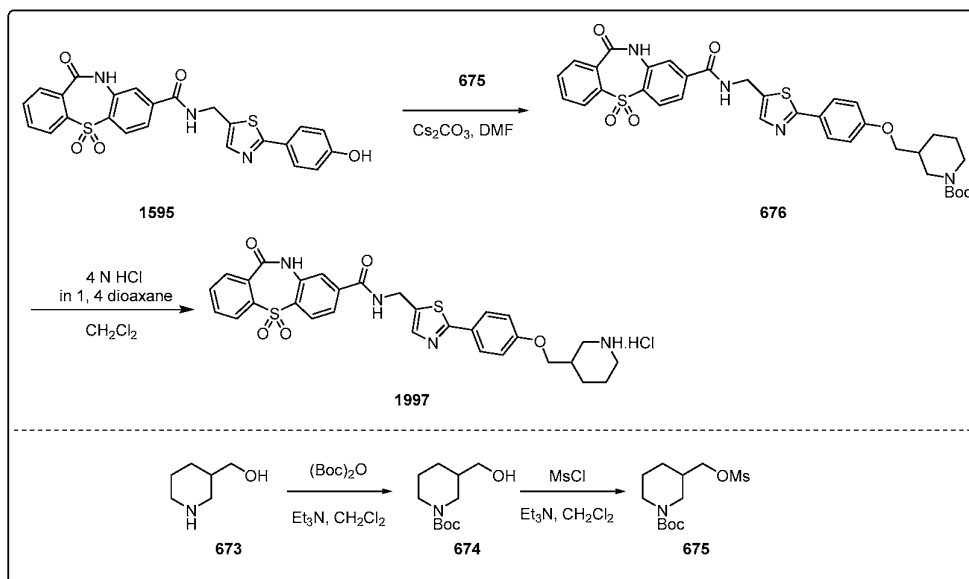
[000638] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(azetidin-3-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide TFA salt

30 **(1995):** To stirred solution of *tert*-butyl 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo

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[*b, f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) azetidine-1-carboxylate (**1995-A**) (200 mg, 0.30 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ under inert atmosphere was added trifluoroacetic acid (0.11 mL, 1.51 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1995** (90 mg, 43%, TFA salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.60 (br s, 2H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.12-4.04 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.81 (m, 2H), 3.27-3.16 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 96.93%; 491.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.80 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 95.81%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 9.23 min. ACN + 5 mM NH₄OAc: ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

15 Synthesis of 1997



[000639] **Synthesis of tert-butyl 3-(hydroxymethyl) piperidine-1-carboxylate (674):** To a stirring solution of piperidin-3-ylmethanol **673** (1 g, 8.69 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triethylamine (3.66 mL, 26.08 mmol), Boc-anhydride (2.39 mL, 10.43 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC;

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after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (40 mL) and brine (40 mL); dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 674 (1.6 g, 86%) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 4.49 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.04-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.81-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.25 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.14 (m, 1H), 2.77-2.61 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.53 (m, 1H), 1.51-1.42 (m, 1H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.36-1.18 (m, 1H), 1.14-1.01 (m, 1H);

[000640] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 3-(((methylsulfonyl) oxy) methyl) piperidine-1-

carboxylate (675): To a stirring solution of compound 674 (500 mg, 2.487 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.04 mL, 7.46 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.24 mL, 3.73 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (25 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (20 mL) and brine (20 mL); dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound 675 (600 mg crude) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 4.13 - 4.02 (m, 2H), 3.73-3.69 (m, 1H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 2.92-2.78 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.67 (m, 3H), 1.65-1.55 (m, 1H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.36-1.12 (m, 2H);

[000641] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) piperidine-1-carboxylate (676): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **1 595** (400 mg, 0.81 mmol) in DMF (8 mL) were added cesium carbonate (796 mg, 2.44 mmol), compound **675** (272 mg, 0.97 mmol) under argon atmosphere at RT; heated to 70 °C in a sealed tube and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2X 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (40 mL) and brine (40 mL); dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column

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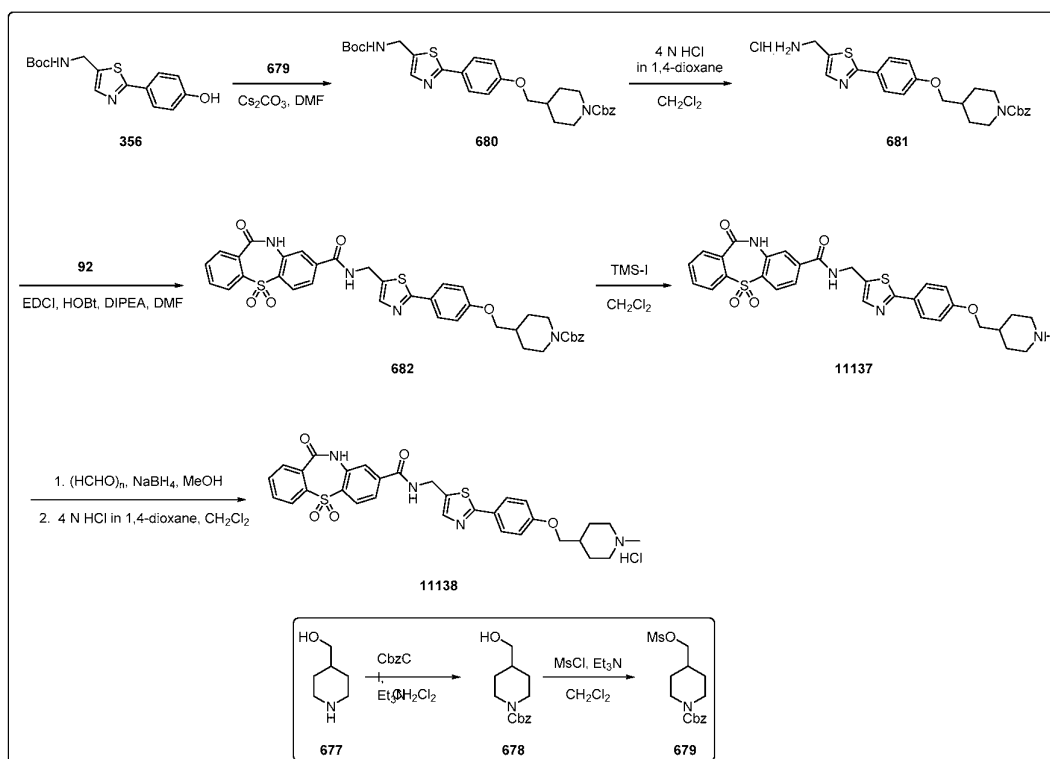
chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **676** (50 mg, 9%) as pale yellow solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.95-3.84 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.60 (m, 1H), 2.98-2.82 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.42-1.29 (m, 12H); **LC-MS:** 92.11%; 589.1 (*M*⁺+1) des BOC; (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.74 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000642] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(piperidin-3-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide**

hydrochloride (1997): To a stirring solution of compound **675** (38 mg, 0.055 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1997** (20 mg; 58%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.49 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.92-8.83 (m, 1H), 8.75-8.63 (m, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.04-3.89 (m, 2H), 3.38-3.32 (m, 1H), 3.28-3.20 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.71 (m, 2H), 2.28-2.18 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.41-1.28 (m, 1H); **LC-MS:** 99.93%; 589.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.86 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.78%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.74 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11137 & 11138:

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[000643] Synthesis of benzyl 4-(hydroxymethyl) piperidine-1-carboxylate (678): To a stirring solution of piperidin-4-ylmethanol 677 (4 g, 34.72 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL) were added triethylamine (15 mL, 104.17 mmol) followed by benzyl chloroformate (50% in toluene, 13 mL, 38.19 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (40 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 678 (5 g, 58%) as Pale yellow liquid. TLC: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); ^1H NMR (500MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 7.44-7.27 (m, 5H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.46 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.03-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.24 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.79-2.75 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.50 (m, 1H), 1.05-0.96 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 89.34%; 250.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000644] Synthesis of benzyl 4-(((methylsulfonyl) oxy) methyl) piperidine-1-carboxylate

(679): To a stirring solution of compound 678 (1.25 g, 5.02 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) were added methanesulfonyl chloride (0.5 mL, 6.02 mmol) and triethylamine (1.08 mL, 7.53 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured slowly into aqueous saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 35 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 679 (1.5 g) as pale yellow liquid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.45-7.26 (m, 5H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.11-3.99 (m, 4H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 2.89-2.72 (m, 2H), 1.94-1.83 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.22-1.05 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 91.59%; 328.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.37 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000645] Synthesis of benzyl 4-((4-(5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) piperidine-1-carboxylate (680):

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate 356 (1 g, 3.27 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) were added compound 679 (1.17 g, crude) and cesium carbonate (2.66 g, 8.17 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 680 (1.3 g, 74%) as an off white solid. TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.7); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.29 (m, 5H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.09-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.85-2.79 (m, 2H), 2.04-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.26-1.15 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 90.14%; 538.3 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express

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C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 3.06 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000646] Synthesis of benzyl 4-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl)

- 5 **piperidine-1-carboxylate hydrochloride (681):** To a stirring solution of compound 680 (1.3 g, 2.42 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (4 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with EtOAc (30 mL), diethylether (30 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 681 (1.1 g, HCl salt) as an off white solid. TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.64 (br s, 3H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.29 (m, 5H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.08-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.91 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.96-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.03-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.27-1.15 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 99.39%; 438.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis
- 10 Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.07 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).
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[000647] Synthesis of benzyl 4-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) piperidine-1-

- 20 **carboxylate (682):** To a stirring solution of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide 92 (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) were added compound 681 (312 mg, 0.66 mmol), EDCI.HCl (189 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBt (135 mg, 0.99 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.6 mL, 0.33 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored
- 25 by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 682 (310 mg, 65%) as an off white solid. TLC: 6% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m,
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2H), 7.93-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.83-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 5H), 7.01 (d, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 2H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.07-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.89 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.93-2.77 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.93 (m, 1H), 1.79-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.15 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 93.17%; 723.2 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, 50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 2.83 min. 0.025% Aq.

5 TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000648] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(piperidin-4-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11137):

To a stirring solution of compound 682 (200 mg, 0.28 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added
10 trimethylsilyl iodide (0.04 mL, 0.28 mmol) at 0°C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude.
15 The crude was purified through column chromatography using 8% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford 11137 (83 mg, 50%) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); ^1H NMR (400MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 9.45 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.97 (td, $J = 7.6$, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.85 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.03-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.60-2.53 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.69
20 (m, 2H), 1.27-1.14 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 98.61%; 589.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, 50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000649] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

25 **hydrochloride (11138):** To a stirring solution of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(piperidin-4-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide 11137 (75 mg, 0.13 mmol) in methanol (5 mL) were added paraformaldehyde (19 mg, 0.64 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (39 mg, 0.64 mmol) at 0°C under inert
30 atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The

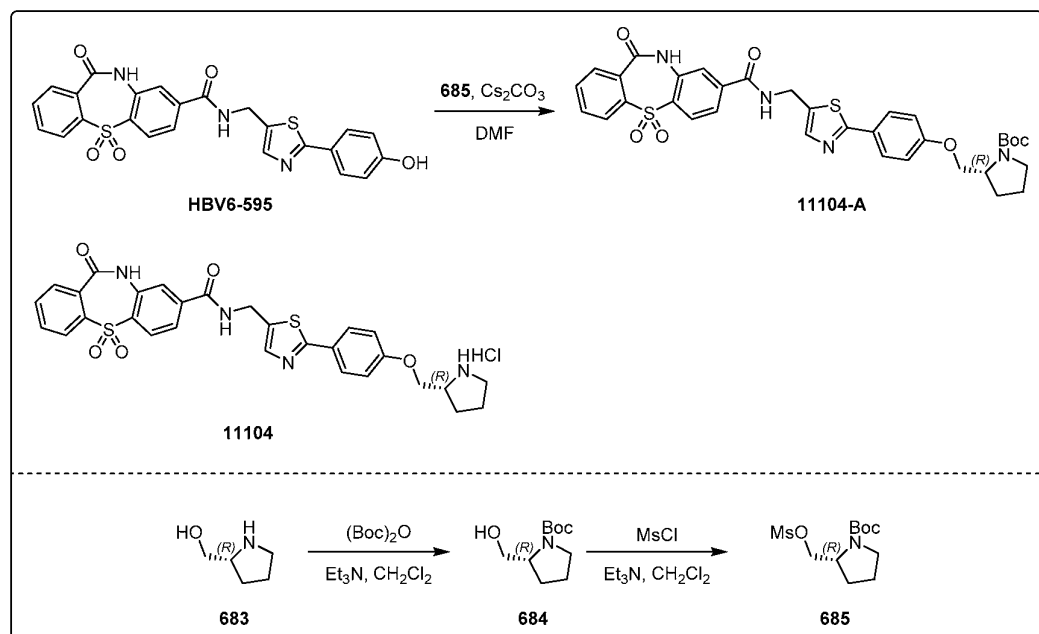
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reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dilute with ice cold water (20 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 8% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford *N*-methylated compound (50 mg) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.7). This was taken forward for next step.

[000650] To a stirring solution of above *N*-methylated compound (50 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.5 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with EtOAc (10 mL), diethylether (10 mL), followed by preparative HPLC purification to afford 11138 (38 mg, 46%, for two steps) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 9.29 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.48-3.43 (m, 2H), 3.29-3.12 (m, 1H), 3.02-2.91 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 3H), 2.02-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.43 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 99.63%; 603.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 99.37%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.14 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : H₂O).

Synthesis of 11104-A & 11104

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[000651] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (*R*)-2-(hydroxymethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (684):

To a stirring solution of (*R*)-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethanol **683** (1 g, 9.88 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added triethylamine (1.57 mL, 10.89 mmol) at 0 °C, followed by addition of Boc-anhydride (2.5 mL, 10.89 mmol) at the same temperature; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), diluted with 1 N HCl (10 mL). The aqueous layer was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **684** (1.9 g) as colorless syrup which was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):** δ 4.74 (br d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.01-3.98 (m, 1H), 3.73-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.54-3.44 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.33 (m, 1H), 2.09-1.97 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 9H);

[000652] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (*R*)-2-(((methanesulfonyl) oxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (685):

To a stirring solution of compound **684** (1 g, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.40 mL, 9.95 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.68 mL, 8.45 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with

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water (50 mL)

and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **685** (1.05 g, 38%, over 2 steps) as colorless liquid. **TLC**: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)**: δ 4.39-4.22 (m, 1.6H), 4.16-3.98 (m, 1.4H), 3.53-3.29 (m, 2H), 3.02 (s, 3H), 2.12-1.81 (m, 4H), 1.60 (s, 9H);

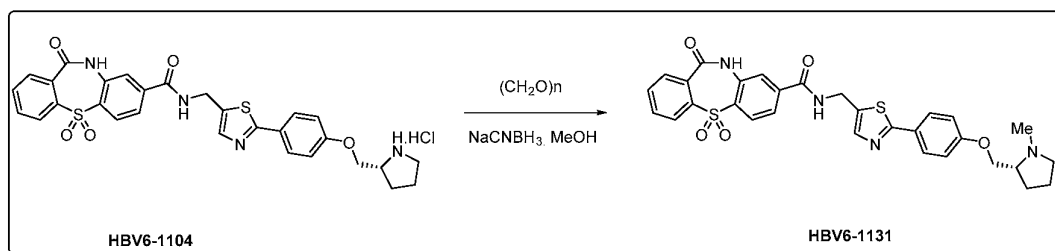
[000653] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (*R*)-2-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (11104-A): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **1595** (1 g, 2.03 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) under inert atmosphere were added *tert*-butyl (*R*)-2-(((methylsulfonyl) oxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **685** (568 mg, 2.03 mmol), cesium carbonate (1.99 g, 6.10 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11104-A** (460 mg, 35%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.14-3.91 (m, 3H), 3.29-3.25 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.75 (m, 4H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 94.40%; 619.1 (M-^{*t*}Bu)⁺ (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.70 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 96.20%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 10.64 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: H₂O).

[000654] Synthesis of (*R*)-11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(pyrrolidin-2-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

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hydrochloride (11104): To a stirring solution of **11104-A** (450 mg, 0.66 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (4 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL), EtOAc (5 mL),
 5 *n*-pentane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1 1104** (280 mg, 69%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.38 - 9.28 (m, 1H), 8.91 - 8.76 (m, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (dd, J = 3.5, 10.7 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, J = 8.5, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.99 - 3.87 (m, 1H),
 10 3.27 - 3.16 (m, 2H), 2.18-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.04 - 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.70 (m, 1H); **LC-MS:** 94.56%; 575.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.82 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 95.85%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 $\times$ 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.86 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: H_2O).

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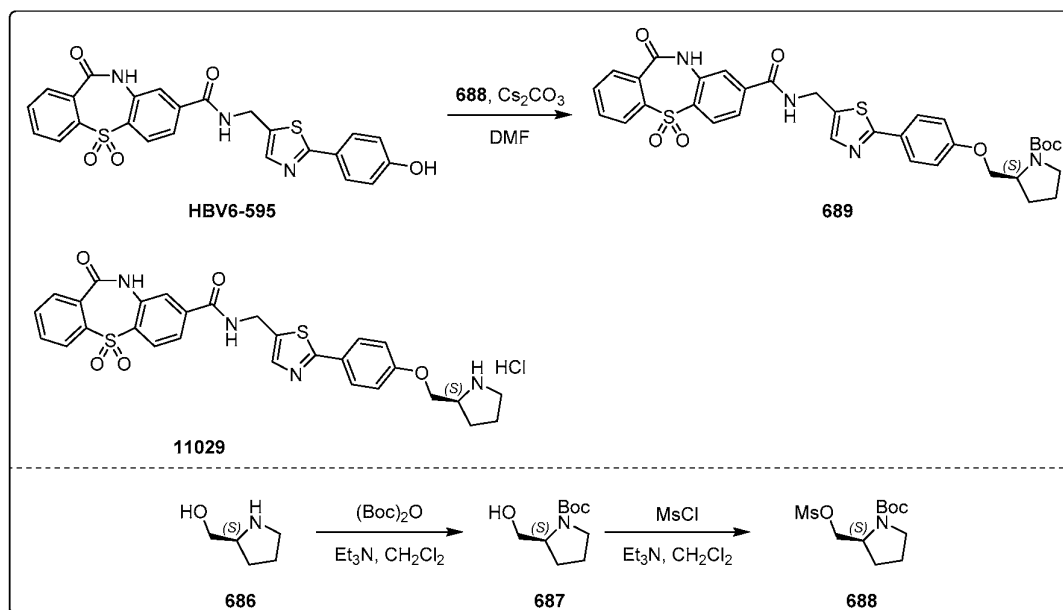
Synthesis of 11131**[000655] Synthesis of (R)-N-((2-(4-((1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl) methoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide**

(11131): To a stirring solution of **11104** (120 mg, 0.19 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added paraformaldehyde (29 mg, 0.98 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (62 mg, 0.98 mmol) at RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 $\times$ 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium
 20 sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through
 25 silica gel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 and 2 mL aqueous ammonia to

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obtain semi solid, which was washed further with diethyl ether and hexane and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11131** (100 mg, 63%) as an off white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.76 (m, 6H), 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (br d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (dd, *J* = 5.3, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.99-2.92 (m, 1H), 2.70 - 2.65 (m, 1H), 2.62 - 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.25-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.02-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.73-1.64 (m, 2H), 1.63 - 1.53 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 97.99%; 589.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.67 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity)**: 98.46%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.90 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: H₂O).

Synthesis of 11029



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[000656] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (*S*)-2-(hydroxymethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (**687**):

To a stirring solution of (*S*)-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethanol **686** (1 g, 9.88 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added triethylamine (1.57 mL, 10.89 mmol) at 0 °C, followed by

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addition of Boc-anhydride (2.5 mL, 10.89 mmol) at the same temperature; warmed to RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), diluted with 1 N HCl (20 mL). The aqueous layer was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **687** (1.9 g) as colorless syrup which was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz):** δ 4.74-4.70 (m, 1H), 3.97 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.68-3.54 (m, 2H), 3.49-3.42 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.28 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H);

[000657] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (*S*)-2-(((methylsulfonyl) oxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (688**):** To a stirring solution of compound **687** (1 g, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.40 mL, 9.95 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.68 mL, 8.45 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **688** (570 mg, crude) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification.

[000658] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (*S*)-2-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (689**):** To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **1 595** (1 g, 2.03 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added *tert*-butyl (*S*)-2-(((methylsulfonyl) oxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **688** (568 mg, crude), cesium carbonate (1.99 g, 6.10 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through

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silicagel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **689** (210 mg, 16%) as yellow solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **LC-MS**: 94.40%; 619.1 (M⁺+1) (-^tBu) (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.70 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.16-3.88 (m, 3H), 3.29-3.25 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.75 (m, 4H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 93.14%; 675.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 3.43 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

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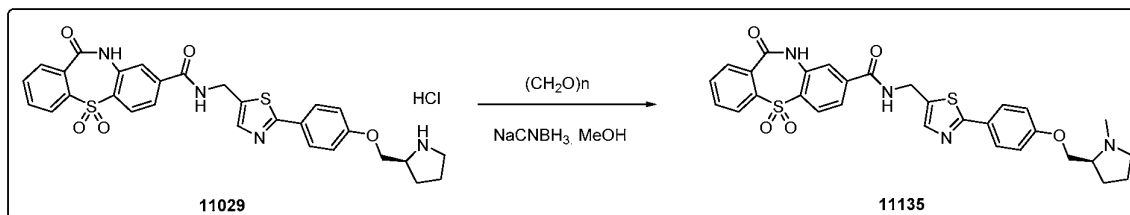
[000659] Synthesis of (S)-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(pyrrolidin-2-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

hydrochloride (11029): To a stirring solution of compound **689** (200 mg, 0.29 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4- dioxane (10 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was washed with diethyl ether (5 mL), EtOAc (5 mL), hexane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11029** (130 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.42-9.28 (m, 1H), 8.94-8.73 (m, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00 - 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93 - 7.80 (m, 6H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.97 - 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.28 - 3.17 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.08 (m, 1H), 2.05-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.68 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 93.84%; 575.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.82 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity)**: 93.14%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.83 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 11135

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[000660] Synthesis of (S)-N-((2-(4-((1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide

5 **(11135):** To a stirring solution of **11029** (90 mg, 0.14 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added paraformaldehyde (22 mg, 0.73 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (46 mg, 0.73 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium

10 sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and 2 mL aqueous ammonia to afford **11135** (73 mg, 83%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H**

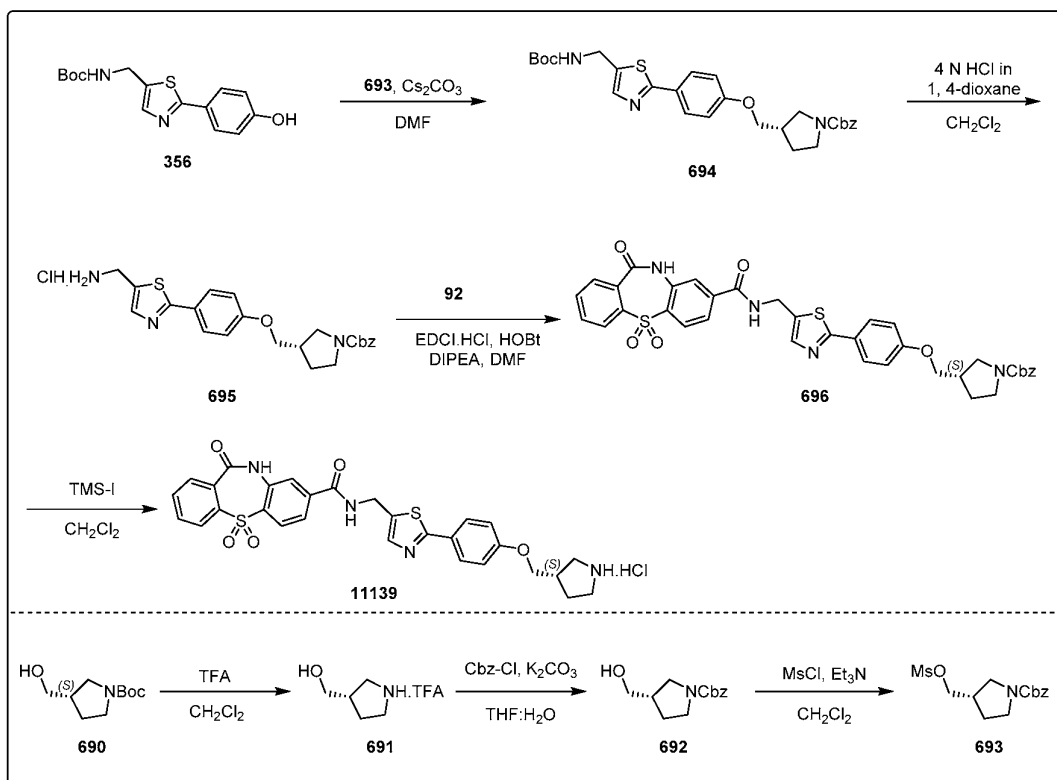
NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* =

15 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.94-3.85 (m, 1H), 3.01-2.96 (m, 1H), 2.65-2.56 (m, 1H), 2.38 (br s, 3H), 2.27-2.16 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.76-1.55 (m, 3H); **LC-MS:** 96.81%; 589.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.83 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.00%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.98 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq)

20 + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq) ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11139

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[000661] **Synthesis of (S)-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethanol TFA salt (691):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl (S)-3-(hydroxymethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **690** (2 g, 14.90 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) under inert atmosphere was added trifluoroacetic acid (30 mL) at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **691** (2 g) as yellow syrup. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2).

[000662] **Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-(hydroxymethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (692):** To a stirring solution of compound **691** (2 g, 19.77 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 60 mL) was added potassium carbonate (5.4 g, 31.67 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to

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obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **692** (1.1 g, crude) as yellow syrup. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **LC-MS**: 67.76%; 236.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; X Select CSH C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 2.12 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min).

[000663] Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-(((methanesulfonyl) oxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-

carboxylate (693): To a stirring solution of compound **692** (1.2 g, crude) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (2.11 mL, 15.31 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.67 mL, 7.65 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **693** (2 g) as brown liquid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **LC-MS**: 80.20%; 313.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 1.27 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 0.8 mL/min).

[000664] Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-((4-(5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (694):

To a stirring solution of compound **693** (230 mg, 0.98 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) under inert atmosphere were added *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (200 mg, 0.65 mmol), cesium carbonate (424 mg, 1.36 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **694** (300 mg) as yellow solid. **TLC**: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **LC-MS**: 63.70%; 524.5 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 1.27 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OAc : ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

[000665] Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl)

pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate hydrochloride (695): To a stirring solution of compound **694** (1.4

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g, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (10 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL), EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **695** (1 g, crude) as brown solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS**: 69.41%; 424.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.08 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000666] Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (696): To a stirring solution of **92** (400 mg, 1.32 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added HOBt (356 mg, 2.64 mmol), EDCI.HCl (506 mg, 2.64 mmol), diisopropyl ethyl amine (0.68 mL, 3.96 mmol) and compound **695** (722 mg, crude) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **696** (400 mg, 43%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.38-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.07-6.98 (m, 2H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.13-3.93 (m, 2H), 3.61-3.41 (m, 2H), 3.40-3.34 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.13 (m, 1H), 2.71-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.12-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.68 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 84.44%; 709.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.98 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

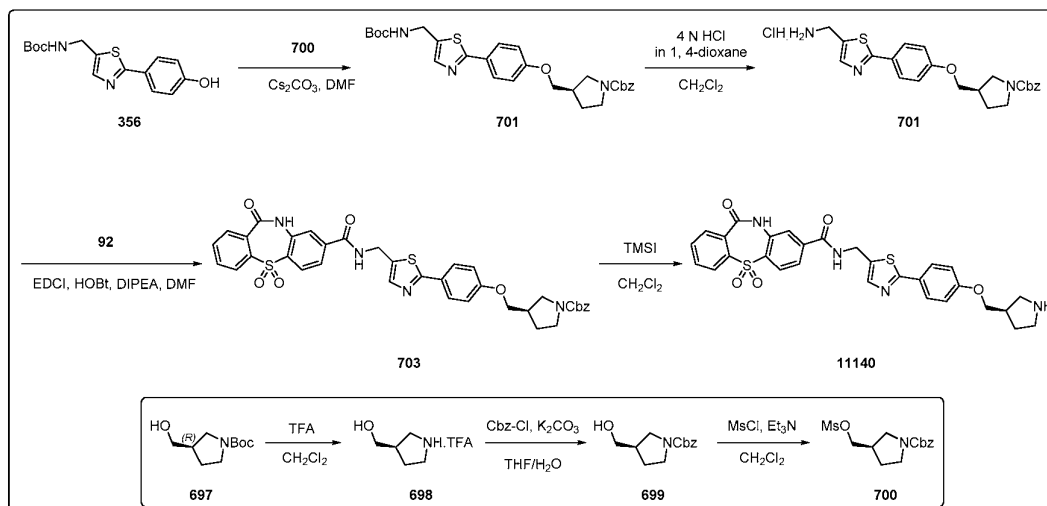
[000667] Synthesis of (S)-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(pyrrolidin-3-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride (11139): To a stirring solution of compound **696** (200 mg, 0.28 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added trimethylsilyl iodide (0.03 mL, 0.211 mmol) under inert atmosphere

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at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with EtOAc (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude amine.

[000668] To the above crude amine (150 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was
5 added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was monitored
by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude
washed with triturated with diethylether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford crude compound
HCl (140 mg) which was further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **11139** (89
mg, HCl salt, 36%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR**
10 **(DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.67 (br s, 2H), 8.05 (d, *J* =
8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz,
2H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.13-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.44-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.21-3.12 (m, 2H), 3.06-
2.98 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.19-1.98 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.66 (m, 1H); **LC-MS:** 98.88%;
575.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.98 min. 0.025%
15 Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 99.73%;
(column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.61 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5%
ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: H₂O: DMSO).

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Synthesis of 11140

[000669] Synthesis of (*R*)-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethanol.TFA salt (698): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl (*R*)-3-(hydroxymethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **697** (2 g, 9.95 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (20 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethylether (20 mL), *n*-hexane (30 mL) and dried under vacuum to afford crude compound **698** (1.8 g) as pale yellow sticky syrup. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion trap):** 32.89%; 102.3 (*M*⁺+1); (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 um); RT 1.95 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

[000670] Synthesis of benzyl (*R*)-3-(hydroxymethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (699): To a stirring solution of compound 698 (1.8 g, crude) in a mixture of THF: H₂O (1: 1, 60 mL) were added potassium carbonate (4.92 g, 35.64 mmol) and benzyl chloroformate (50% in toluene, 10.22 mL, 35.64 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes

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to afford compound 699 (1.3 g) as pale yellow liquid. This material with minor impurity was taken to next step. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.44-7.25 (m, 5H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.66 (q, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.52-3.34 (m, 4H), 3.30-3.20 (m, 1H), 3.10-3.06 (m, 1H), 2.37-2.20 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.54 (m, 1H); LC-MS: 76.88%; 236.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.13 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

[000671] Synthesis of benzyl (R)-3-(((methylsulfonyl) oxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-

carboxylate (700): To a stirring solution of compound 699 (1.3 g, 5.53 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) were added triethylamine (2.32 mL, 16.59 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.51 mL, 6.64 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) and washed with water (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 700 (1.5 g) as pale yellow viscous syrup. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.3); LC-MS: 81.89%; 313.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.64 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

[000672] Synthesis of benzyl (R)-3-((4-(5-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (701):

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate 356 (800 mg, 2.61 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) were added compound 700 (1.53 g, crude) and cesium carbonate (1.7 g, 5.23 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 701 (800 mg) as pale yellow viscous syrup. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); LC-MS: 53.55%;

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524.2 ($M^{+}+1$); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 3.73 min. 2.5 mM NH_4OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH_4OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

[000673] Synthesis of benzyl (R)-3-((4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl)

5 **pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate hydrochloride (702):** To a stirring solution of compound **701** (500 mg, crude) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (10 mL), *n*-pentane (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to
10 afford compound **702** (450 mg) as colorless sticky solid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); **LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion trap):** 66.70%; 424.3 ($M^{+}+1$); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 3.53 min. 5mM Aq. NH_4OAc : ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

15 **[000674] Synthesis of benzyl (R)-3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl)thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) methyl) pyrrolidine-1-**

carboxylate (703): To a stirring solution of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide **92** (250 mg, 0.82 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) were added compound **702** (419 mg, crude) and HOBt (167 mg, 1.24 mmol), EDCI.HCl (238 mg, 1.24
20 mmol) followed by diisopropylethylamine (0.72 mL, 4.12 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude.
25 The crude was triturated with EtOAc (20 mL), CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL), *n*-pentane (20 mL) and dried under vacuum to afford compound **703** (230 mg) as colorless sticky solid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.5); **^1H NMR (500MHz, DMSO- d_6):** δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.38-
30 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.03 (J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.72-4.64 (m, 2H), 4.11-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.61-

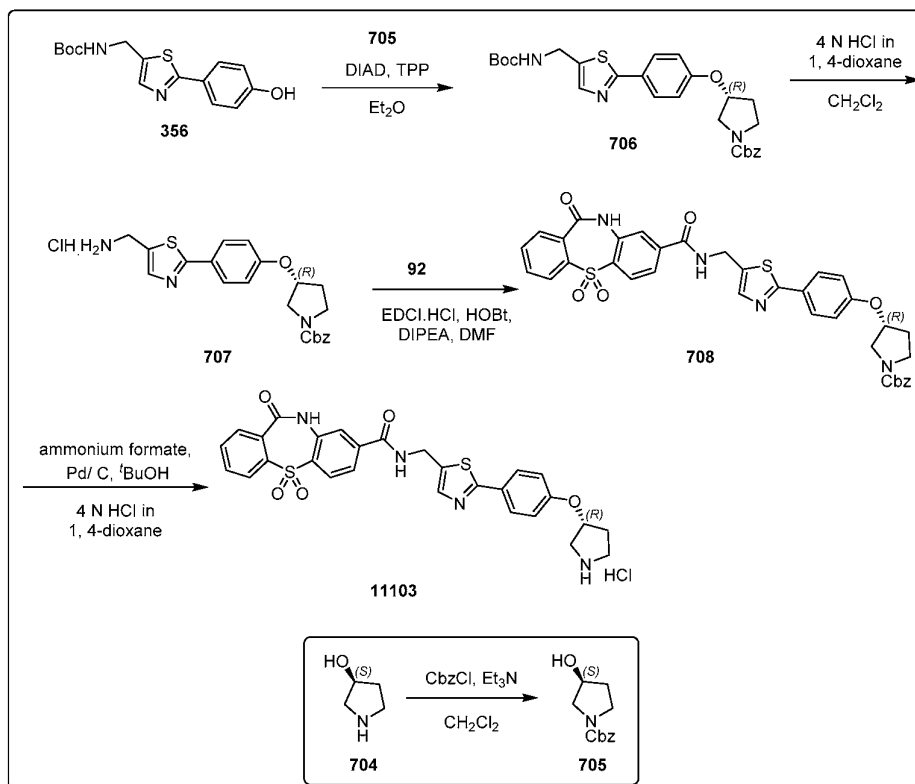
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3.46 (m, 2H), 3.24-3.16 (m, 1H), 3.00-2.94 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.50-1.45 (m, 1H);
LC-MS: 68.55%; 709.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT
2.71 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

5 **[000675] Synthesis of (R)-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(pyrrolidin-3-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11140):**

To a stirring solution of compound 703 (230 mg, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added trimethylsilyl iodide (0.06 mL, 0.45 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere and stirred at the same temperature for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the
10 reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography in basic Al₂O₃ using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford 11140 (18 mg, 8%) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂
15 (*R_f*: 0.1); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.00-3.89 (m, 2H), 3.46-3.37 (m, 1H), 3.03-2.89 (m, 2H), 2.83-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.66 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.53-1.45 (m, 1H); LC-MS: 96.04%; 575.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.82 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:
20 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 95.84%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.64 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : H₂O).

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Synthesis of 11103:

[000676] Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (705): To a stirring solution of (S)-pyrrolidin-3-ol **704** (1.5 g, 17.22 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (7.4 mL, 51.72 mmol), benzyl chloroformate (50% in toluene, 7.05 mL, 20.66 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **705** (2 g, 53%) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: 60% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.38 - 7.32 (m, 4H), 7.32 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.91 (br s, 1H), 4.26-4.24 (m, 1H), 3.42-3.27 (m, 3H), 3.24 - 3.13 (m, 1H), 1.91-1.81 (m, 1H), 1.78 - 1.70 (m, 1H); **LC-MS:** 98.78%; 222.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000677] **Synthesis of benzyl (*R*)-3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (706):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (700 mg, 2.28 mmol) in diethyl ether (30 mL) under argon atmosphere were added benzyl (*S*)-3-hydroxypyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **705** (758 mg, 3.42 mmol), triphenylphosphine (1.19 g, 4.54 mmol), DIAD (0.906 mL, 4.57 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **706** (1.6 g, crude) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **LC-MS:** 33.04%; 510.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). LC-MS shows 65.46%, TPPO as major impurity at RT 2.25.

[000678] **Synthesis of benzyl (*R*)-3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate hydrochloride (707):** To a stirring solution of benzyl (*R*)-3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **706** (1.6 g, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **707** (550 mg; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 8.54 (br s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.23 - 4.97 (m, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.80 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.29 - 2.05 (m, 1H); **LC-MS:** 99.37%; 432.0 ($M^+ + Na$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.93 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000679] Synthesis of benzyl (R)-3-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-

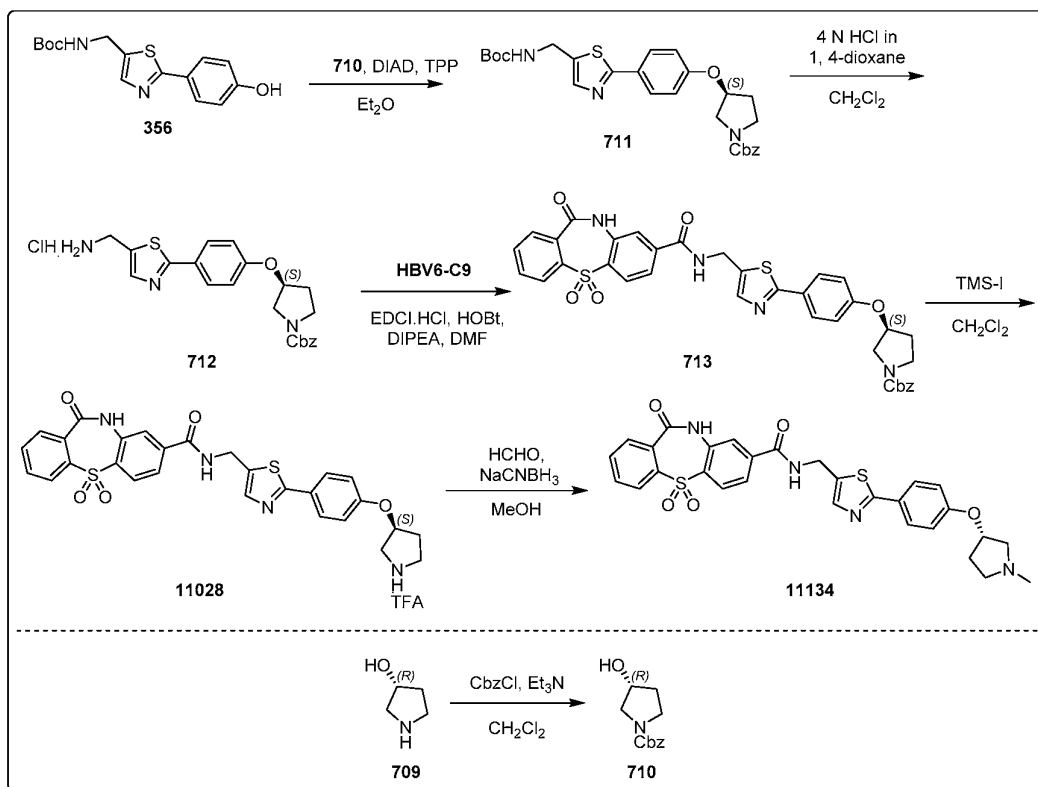
carboxylate (708): To a stirring solution of **92** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (190 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBt (135 mg, 0.99 mmol), benzyl (R)-3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate hydrochloride **707** (299 mg, 0.66 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.63 mL, 3.30 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel (100-200 mesh) column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **708** (300 mg, 67%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01 - 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.26 (m, 5H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.15 - 5.01 (m, 3H), 4.66 (br d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.71 - 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.58 - 3.39 (m, 3H), 2.27 - 2.04 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 91.64%; 695.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.61 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000680] Synthesis of (R)-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(pyrrolidin-3-yloxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

hydrochloride (11103): To a stirring solution of benzyl (R)-3-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **708** (100 mg, 0.14 mmol) in *t*-butanol (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (50% wet, 200 mg), ammonium formate (180 mg, 2.88 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel (100-200 mesh) column chromatography using 12% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford crude amine (30 mg).

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[000681] To the above crude amine (30 mg) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with triturated with EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11103** (22 mg, 68.9%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.50 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.41- 9.24 (m, 2H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, J = 7.3, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 6H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.21 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.40-3.22 (m, 4H), 2.29-2.09 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 92.21%; 561.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 $\times$ 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.81 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA+ 5% ACN: ACN +5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.17%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.66 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.28 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water)

Synthesis of 11028 & 11134:

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- [000682] Synthesis of benzyl (*R*)-3-hydroxypyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (710):** To a stirring solution of (*R*)-pyrrolidin-3-ol 709 (1.5 g, 17.24 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (7.4 mL, 51.72 mmol), benzyl chloroformate (50% in toluene, 7.05 mL, 20.66 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 710 (1.5 g, 39%) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: 60% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz): δ 7.40-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.93 (br s, 1H), 4.26-4.24 (m, 1H), 3.42 - 3.30 (m, 3H), 3.23-3.17 (m, 1H), 1.93-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.80 - 1.71 (m, 1H); LC-MS: 99.47%; 222.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.86 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).
- [000683] Synthesis of benzyl (*S*)-3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (711):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (700 mg, 2.28 mmol) in diethyl ether (30 mL) under argon atmosphere were added benzyl (*R*)-3-hydroxypyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **710** (758 mg, 3.43 mmol), triphenylphosphine (1.19 g, 4.57 mmol), DIAD (0.906 mL, 4.57 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **711** (1.6 g, crude) as an off-white solid. TLC: 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); LC-MS: 42.16%; 510.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.86 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). LC-MS shows 53.36% TPPO as major impurity at RT 2.25.

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[000684] Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)

pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate hydrochloride (712): To a stirring solution of benzyl (S)-3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **711** (1.6 g, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (3 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (10 mL) and EtOAc (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **712** (510 mg; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.50 (br s, 3H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.43-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.17 - 4.93 (m, 3H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.74 - 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.60 - 3.36 (m, 3H), 2.29 - 2.05 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 93.90%; 432.0 (M⁺+Na); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.94 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000685] Synthesis of benzyl (S)-3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

(713): To a stirring solution of **92** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (190 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBt (135 mg, 0.99 mmol), benzyl (S)-3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate hydrochloride **712** (294 mg, 0.66 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.63 mL, 3.30 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel (100-200 mesh) column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **713** (220 mg, 49%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **LC-MS:** 82.34%; 695.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.56 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000686] **Synthesis of (S)-11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(pyrrolidin-3-yloxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide TFA salt (11028):** To a stirring solution of benzyl (S)-3-(4-(5-((5,5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)

5 pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **713** (100 mg, 0.14 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added trimethylsilyl iodide (0.02 mL, 0.014 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ followed by preparative HPLC purification to
10 afford **11028** (38 mg, 47%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.06 (br s, 1H), 8.90 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.21 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.51-3.43 (m, 2H), 3.39-3.26 (m, 2H), 2.27-2.21 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.10 (m, 1H); LC-MS: 98.35%; 561.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis
15 Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.83 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). HPLC (purity): 99.08%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.73 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water: DMSO).

20 [000687] **Synthesis of (S)-N-((2-(4-((1-methylpyrrolidin-3-yl) oxy) phenyl)thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (11134):** To a stirring solution of **11028** (100 mg, 0.17 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert

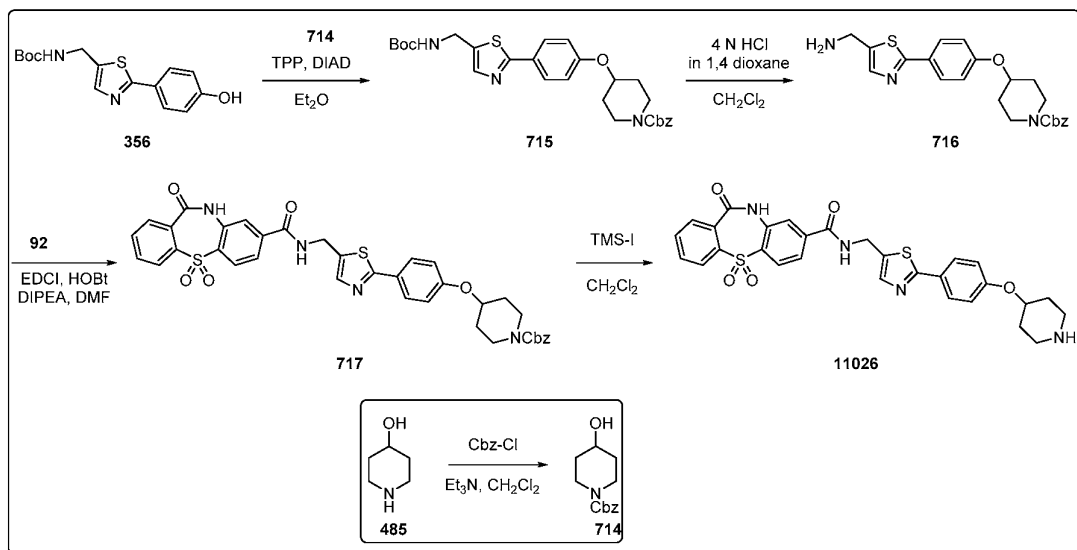
atmosphere were added paraformaldehyde (55 mg, 0.89 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (26 mg, 0.89 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored

25 by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel (100-200 mesh) column chromatography using 8% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11134** (35 mg, 34%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); ¹H
30 NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.11-5.05 (m,

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1H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.17-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.96-2.86 (m, 1H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.57-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.44-2.37 (m, 1H), 2.02-1.93 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 98.35%; 593.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 1.89 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.97%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 6.45 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.5% TFA (Aq) ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11026



10 **[000688] Synthesis of benzyl 4-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate (714):** To a stirring solution of piperidin-4-ol **485** (1 g, 9.90 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triethylamine (2.08 mL, 14.85 mmol), Cbz-Cl (50% in toluene) (3.4 mL, 11.88 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (40 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 × 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (50 mL) and brine (50 mL); dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 50% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **714** (1.3 g, 56%) as colorless liquid. TLC: 70% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 7.41-7.28 (m, 5H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.71 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.61 (m, 3H), 3.08-3.04 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.23 (m, 2H); LC-MS:

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98.38%; 236.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.96 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000689] Synthesis of benzyl 4-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl)

5 **phenoxy) piperidine-1-carboxylate (715):** To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (**356**) (1 g, 3.26 mmol) in diethyl ether (30 mL) under argon atmosphere were added triphenylphosphine (2.56 g, 9.80 mmol), DIAD (1.98 g, 9.80 mmol) and benzyl 4-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate **714** (921 mg, 3.92 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 48 h. The reaction was monitored by LCMS; after completion of
10 the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **715** (2.2 g, impure) as pale yellow liquid. This material was taken to next step without further purification. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **LC-MS:** 19.62%; 524.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 3.00 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:
15 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000690] Synthesis of benzyl 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) piperidine-1-carboxylate (716): To a stirring solution of compound **715** (2.2 g, crude, 4.20 mmol) in

CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C;
20 warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with diethyl ether (5 mL) and EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **716** (420 mg, HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 8.44 (br s, 3H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.29 (m, 5H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (s, 2H),
25 4.72-4.64 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.27 (m, 2H), 3.77-3.69 (m, 2H), 3.34-3.24 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.53 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 75.11%; 424 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.04 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000691] Synthesis of benzyl 4-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)piperidine-1-carboxylate

(717): To a stirring solution of **92** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (6 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (189 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBt (135 mg, 0.99 mmol), diisopropyl ethyl amine (0.60 mL, 3.30 mmol) and compound **716** (333 mg, 0.72 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (30 mL) and brine (30 mL); dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **717** (160 mg, 34%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 5H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.69-4.64 (m, 3H), 3.75-3.69 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.15 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 96.50%; 709.2 (M⁺+1) (column: Ascentis Express C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.61 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

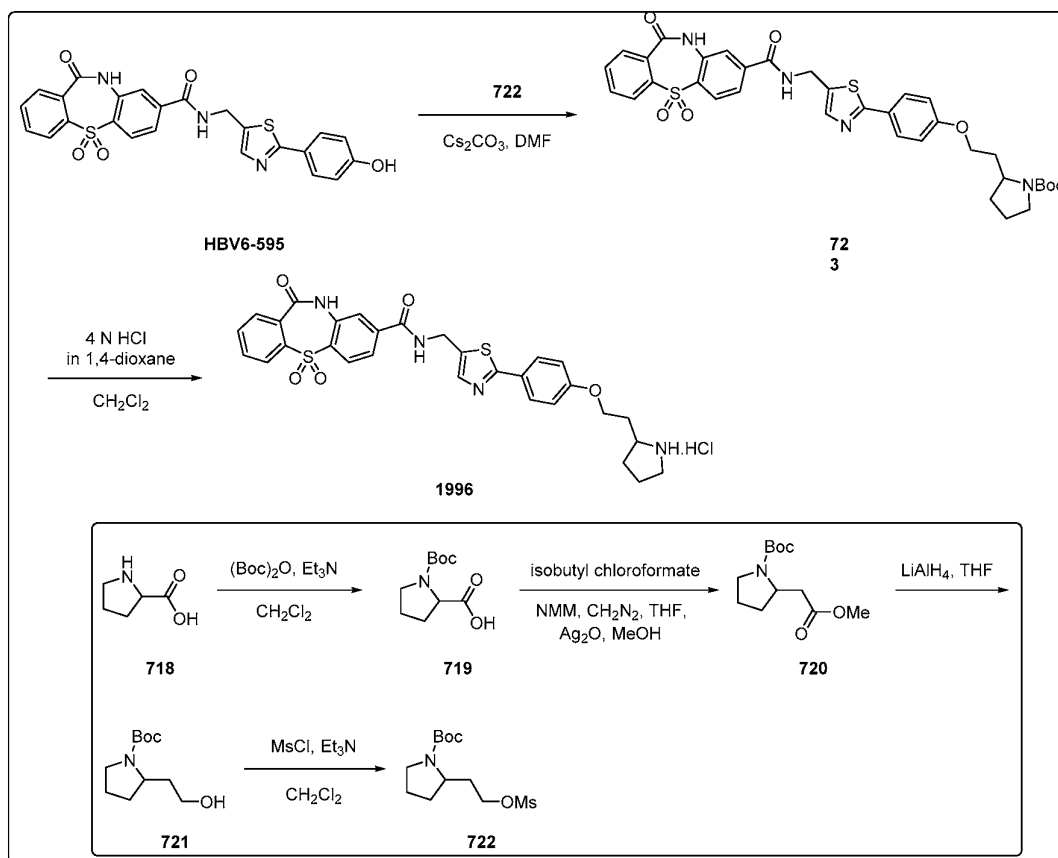
[000692] Synthesis of 11-oxo-N-((2-(4-(piperidin-4-yloxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-

10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (11026): To a stirring solution of compound **717** (140 mg, 0.19 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added trimethylsilyl iodide (0.02 mL, 0.19 mmol) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water and basified to pH ~8 using saturated NaHCO₃ solution. The obtained solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and 0.05 mL aqueous ammonia to afford compound **11026** (25 mg, 22%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.76 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.53-4.47 (m, 1H), 3.02-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.69-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.45 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.84%; 589.1 (M⁺+1);

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(column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 94.94%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.74 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water: DMSO.

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Synthesis of 1996

[000693] Synthesis of (*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) proline (719): To a stirring solution of proline 10 718 (10 g, 86.96 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL) were added triethyl amine (15.75 mL, 113.04 mmol) and di-*t*-butyl dicarbonate (29.93 mL, 130.43 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated citric acid solution (100 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed

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with water (100 mL) and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 719 (13 g) as colorless liquid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 12.47 (br s, 1H), 4.08-4.00 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.21 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.07 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.73 (m, 3H), 1.45 (s, 9H).

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[000694] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 2-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

(720) : To a stirring solution of compound 719 (5 g, crude) in THF (100 mL) were added 4-Methylmorpholine (3.06 mL, 27.91 mmol) followed by isobutyl chloroformate (4.56 mL, 34.88 mmol) at -30 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at -30 °C for 10 1 h. Then freshly prepared CH₂N₂ solution (~75 mL) was added at -30 °C. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the excess of CH₂N₂ was quenched with acetic acid (2 mL) and the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium 15 sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was dissolved in methanol (75 mL) and Ag₂O (6.45 g, 27.91 mmol) was added in portion wise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. Then CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was added and filtered through a pad of celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified through flash column chromatography using 5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 720 (2 g, 37%) as 20 colorless oily liquid. TLC: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 4.25-4.03 (m, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.43-3.30 (m, 2H), 2.98-2.75 (m, 1H), 2.31 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 9.7 Hz, 1H), 2.13-1.98 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H).

[000695] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 2-(2-hydroxyethyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (721):

To a 25 stirring solution of compound 720 (200 mg, 0.82 mmol) in THF (50 mL) was added lithium aluminium hydride (38 mg, 0.99 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with 10% aqueous sodium hydroxide (2 mL) and stirred for 20 min, filtered through a pad of celite. The 30 celite pad was eluted with EtOAc (30 mL). The filtrate was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered

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and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 721 (180 mg, 97%) as colorless oily liquid. TLC: 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); ^1H NMR (500MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 4.36 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.75-3.71 (m, 1H), 3.43-3.39 (m, 2H), 3.26-3.15 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.63 (m, 6H), 1.39 (s, 9H); LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion trap): 89.07%; 216.2 (M^+ +1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.95 min. 2.5mM Aq. NH_4OAc : ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

[000696] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 2-(2-((methylsulfonyl) oxy) ethyl) pyrrolidine-1-

carboxylate (722): To a stirring solution of compound 721 (150 mg, 0.7 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) were added triethylamine (0.29 mL, 2.09 mmol) followed by methanesulfonyl chloride (0.11 mL, 1.39 mmol) drop wise over a period of 10 min. at 0 °C under inert atmosphere and allowed to stir at the same temperature for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold water (20 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 722 (120 mg) colorless oily liquid. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 40% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3).

[000697] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl 2-(2-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) ethyl) pyrrolidine-1-

carboxylate (723): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide 595 (500 mg, 1.02 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) were added compound 722 (900 mg, crude) and cesium carbonate (1 g, 3.05 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through flash column chromatography using 2-4% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford compound 723 (90 mg, 13%) as an off white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.4); ^1H NMR (500MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.90 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.78 (m, 5H), 7.72 (s,

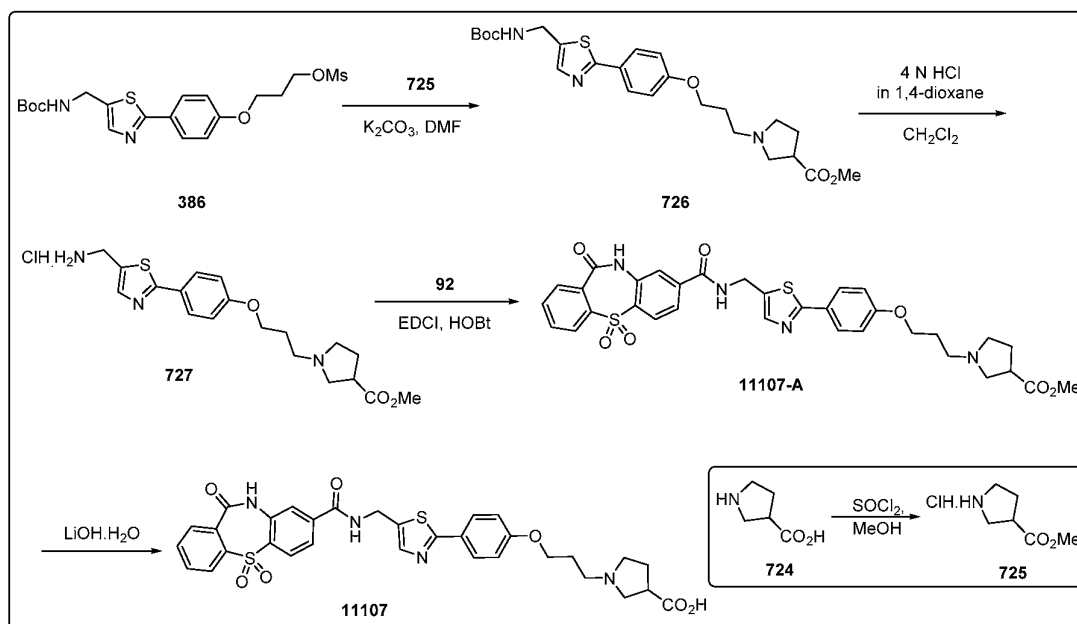
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1H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.09-4.00 (m, 2H), 3.91-3.84 (m, 1H), 3.26-3.22 (m, 2H), 2.17-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.95-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.35 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 93.56%; 589.2 (M^+ -Boc+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 3.47 min. 2.5 mM NH_4OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH_4OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

[000698] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(2-(pyrrolidin-2-yl) ethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

hydrochloride (1 996): To a stirring solution of compound 723 (80 mg, 0.12 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (0.2 mL) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL), *n*-hexane (15 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford 1996 (50 mg, 73%, HCl salt) as an off white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); ^1H NMR (400MHz, $DMSO-d_6$): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 9.04 (br s, 1H), 8.59 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.19-4.08 (m, 2H), 3.64-3.56 (m, 1H), 3.26-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.06 (m, 3H), 1.98-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.57 (m, 1H); LC-MS: 99.79%; 589.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 96.60%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 5.68 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : H_2O : DMSO).

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Synthesis of 11107 and 11107-A

[000699] Synthesis of methyl pyrrolidine-3-carboxylate hydrochloride (725): To a stirring solution of pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid 724 (4 g, 34.78 mmol) in methanol (60 mL) under inert atmosphere was added thionyl chloride (3.8 mL, 52.17 mmol) drop wise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux temperature and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford compound 725 (4 g, HCl salt) as colorless syrup. This crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 9.72-9.52 (m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.39-3.33 (m, 1H), 3.31-3.23 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.16 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.11 (m, 1H), 2.24-2.11 (m, 1H), 2.08-1.95 (m, 1H).

[000700] Synthesis of methyl 1-(3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) pyrrolidine-3-carboxylate (726): To a stirring solution of 3-(4-(5-(((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate 386 (3 g, crude) in DMF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound 725 (1.67 g, crude), potassium carbonate (2.8 g, 20.31 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The

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reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 726 (1.1 g, 34%) as colorless viscous syrup. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H NMR (500MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.53 (br s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.05-3.02 (m, 1H), 2.82-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.57-2.54 (m, 3H), 2.07-1.84 (m, 5H), 1.40 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 78.25%; 476.2 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.69 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

[000701] Synthesis of methyl 1-(3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) pyrrolidine-3-carboxylate hydrochloride (727): To a stirring solution of compound 726 (1.1 g, 2.31 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (8 mL) drop wise at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL), diethylether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 727 (700 mg, HCl salt) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); LC-MS: 67.23%; 376.3 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Cortecs C18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 3.04 min. 2.5mM Aq. NH₄HCO₃ : ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

[000702] Synthesis of methyl 1-(3-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) pyrrolidine-3-carboxylate (11107-A): To a stirring solution of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide 92 (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) were added compound 727 (325 mg, 0.79 mmol), EDCI.HCl (190 mg, 0.99 mmol), HOBT (136 mg, 0.99 mmol) followed by diisopropylethylamine (0.34 mL, 1.98 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic

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extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford 11107-A (180 mg, 41%) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.7); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.83-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.11-3.01 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.71 (m, 2H), 2.63-2.55 (m, 2H), 2.45-2.39 (m, 2H), 2.17-1.84 (m, 4H); LC-MS: 97.88%; 661.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.89 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000703] Synthesis of 1-(3-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) pyrrolidine-3-

carboxylic acid (11107): To a stirring solution of methyl 1-(3-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)

15 propyl) pyrrolidine-3-carboxylate 11107-A (90 mg, 0.13 mmol) in a mixture of THF: MeOH: H₂O (2: 1: 1, 8 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (17 mg, 0.41 mmol) at 0 °C.

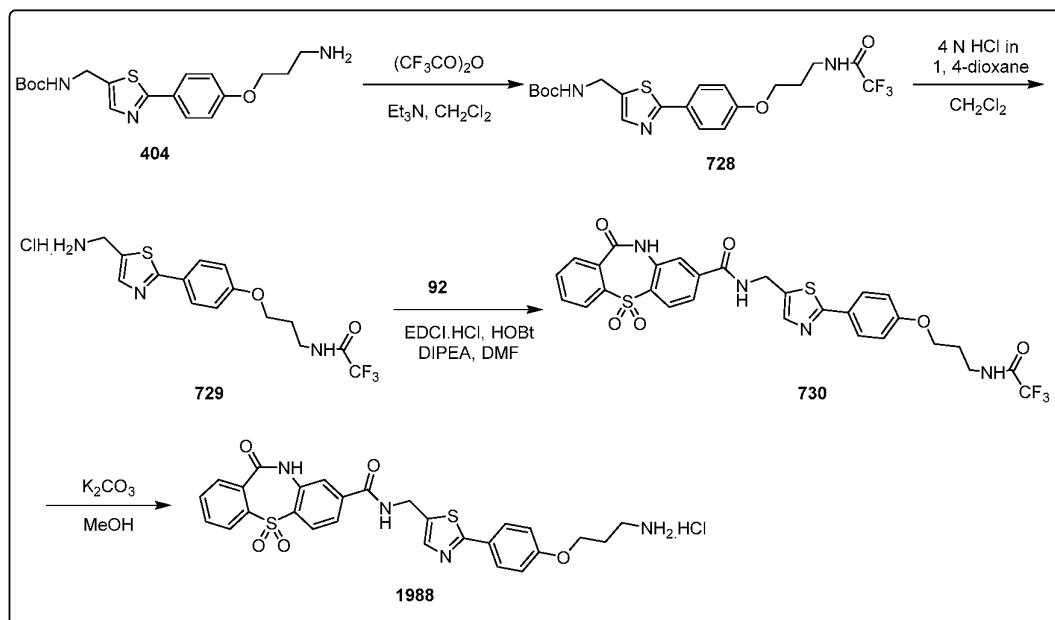
The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was acidified with 2 N HCl to pH ~5 and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 30 mL). The

20 combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethylether (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford 11107 (30 mg, 34%) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 11.53 (br s, 1H), 9.50 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.02-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.78 (m, 1H), 2.77-2.63 (m, 4H), 2.03-1.92 (m, 4H); LC-MS: 96.27%; 647.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 94.30%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.63 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : H₂O : DMSO).

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Synthesis of 1988

**[000704] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroacetamido) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (728):**

- To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-aminopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **404** (250 mg, 0.68 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added triethylamine (0.29 mL, 2.06 mmol), followed by addition of trifluoroacetic anhydride (0.11 mL, 0.82 mmol) for 5 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with 10% H_2O / MeOH (10 mL) and the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethylether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **728** (230 mg, 73%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.8); **^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz):** δ 9.50 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.37 (q, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.96 (p, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 97.62%; 460.1 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.64 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000705] Synthesis of *N*-(3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)-2, 2, 2-trifluoroacetamide hydrochloride (729): To a stirring solution of compound **728** (230 mg,

0.50 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after

5 completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL), and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **729** (180 mg, HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500**

MHz): δ 9.53 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.54 (br s, 3H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.42-3.33 (m, 2H), 1.97

10 (p, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H);

[000706] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(3-(2, 2, 2-trifluoroacetamido) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (730): To a stirring solution of **92** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert

atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (142 mg, 0.74 mmol), HOBt (100 mg, 0.74 mmol),

15 diisopropylethylamine (0.72 mL, 2.47 mmol) and compound **729** (195 mg, 0.54 mmol) at 0 °C;

warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and

concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column

20 chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **730** (180 mg, 57%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** 11.51 (br

s, 1H), 9.68-9.29 (m, 2H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.40-3.33

(m, 2H), 1.95 (p, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 94.34%; 654.1 (M⁺+1) (column; Ascentis Express

25 C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.46 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000707] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-aminopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride (1988): To a stirring solution of compound **730** (140 mg, 0.21 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under

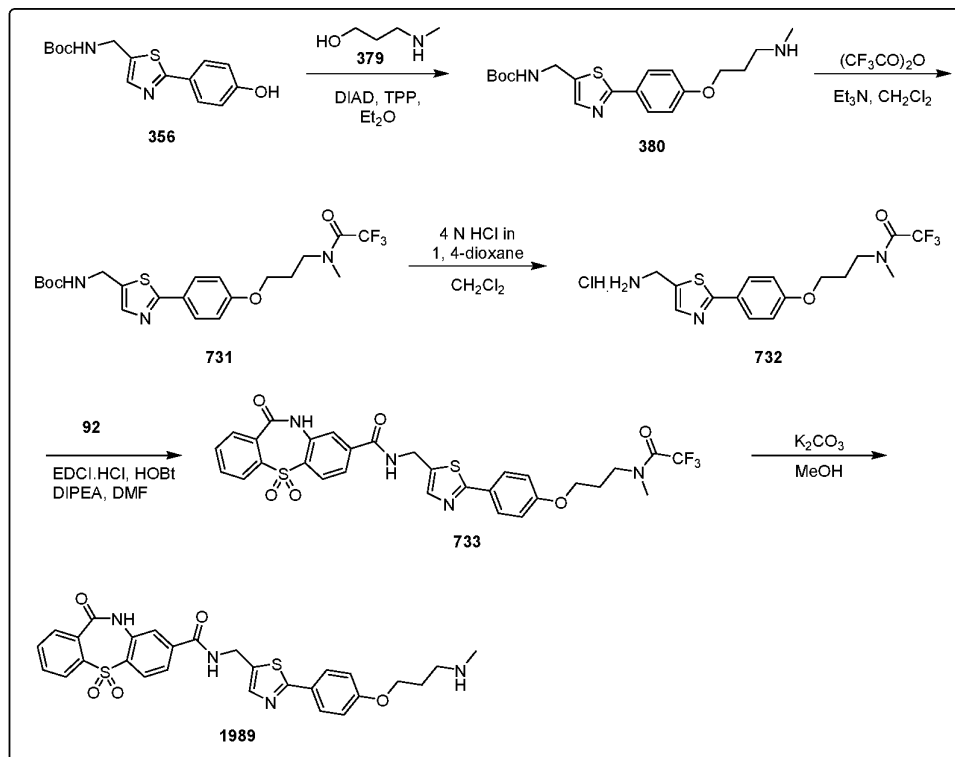
30 inert atmosphere was added potassium carbonate (90 mg, 0.65 mmol) at RT; heated to 80 °C

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and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (aqueous ammonia) to afford crude amine (200 mg).

- 5 **[000708]** To the above crude amine (200 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (4 mL) at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford **1988** (85 mg, 63%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.54 (s, 1H), 9.54 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.14-8.07 (m, 2H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.00-2.88 (m, 2H), 2.05 (p, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 96.04%; 549.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.80 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 95.01%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 15 5.85 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO:ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 1989:**[000709] Synthesis of tert-butyl ((2-(4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoro-N-methylacetamido)propoxy)**

- phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (731):** To a stirring solution of compound **380** (250 mg, 0.66 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.14 mL, 0.99 mmol), followed by dropwise addition of trifluoroacetic anhydride (0.14 mL, 0.99 mmol) for 5 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **731** (150 mg, 47%) as thick syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS:** 81.19%; 474.1 (M⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.72 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: 15 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000710] **Synthesis of *N*-(3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl)-2, 2, 2-trifluoro-*N*-methylacetamide hydrochloride (732):** To a stirring solution of compound **731** (150 mg, 0.31 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude, which was triturated with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL), diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **732** (100 mg, 77%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.55 (br s, 3H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, 1H), 4.40 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 88.64%; 374.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.72 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000711] **Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(3-(2, 2, 2-trifluoro-*N*-methylacetamido) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (733):** To a stirring solution of **92** (70 mg, 0.23 mmol) in DMF (8 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (66 mg, 0.34 mmol), HOBt (47 mg, 0.34 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.12 mL, 0.69 mmol) and compound **732** (103 mg, 0.25 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **733** (50 mg, 32%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.49 (br s, 1H), 9.42 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.90-7.76 (m, 6H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.11-3.96 (m, 2H), 3.64-3.51 (m, 2H), 2.97 (s, 3H), 2.08 - 1.94 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 95.56%; 659.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.48 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).**

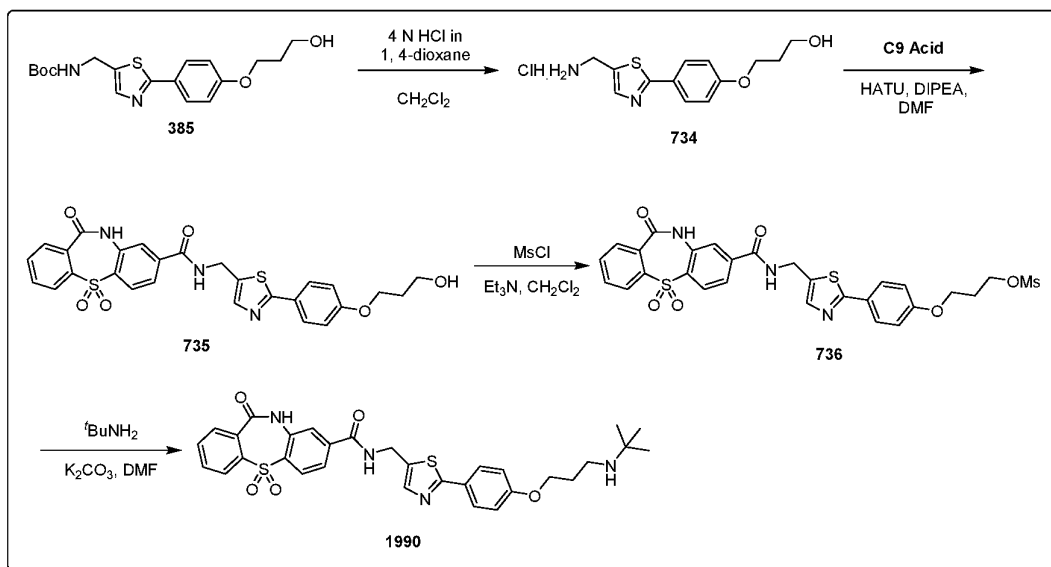
[000712] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-(methylamino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (1989):****

To a stirring solution of compound **733** (50 mg, 0.07 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) under inert

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atmosphere was added potassium carbonate (52 mg, 0.37 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 70 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using aqueous ammonia: MeOH: CH₂Cl₂ (1: 1: 8) to afford **1989** (25 mg, 59%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2) **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.92-1.83 (m, 2H); **LC-MS**: 98.03%; 563.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.81 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.45%; (column: X select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.00 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO:ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1990



[000713] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propan-1-ol

hydrochloride (734): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-hydroxypropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **385** (1.2 g, 3.29 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (4 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were

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removed *in vacuo*. The crude triturated with diethyl ether (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **734** (1.2 g; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.1); **LC-MS**: 97.67%; 264.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.35 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000714] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-hydroxypropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (**735**):** To a stirring solution of **92** (1 g, 3.30 mmol) in DMF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added HATU (1.87 g, 4.95 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (2.4 mL, 13.20 mmol) and 3-(4-(5-aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propan-1-ol hydrochloride **734** (1.09 g, 3.62 mmol) at 0 °C warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **735** (1 g, 56%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.44 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01 - 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93 - 7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84 - 7.78 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.55 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.61 - 3.50 (m, 2H), 1.87 (p, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H);

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[000715] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate (736**):** To a stirring solution of compound **735** (1.0 g, 1.82 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.5 mL, 3.62 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.15 mL, 1.82 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL), washed with water (2 x 50 mL) The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with *n*-pentane (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **736** (1 g, crude, mixture of mono and dimesylated compounds) as colorless sticky solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.4); **LC-MS**: 41.67%;

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628.0 ($M^+ + 1$) (monomesylated compound), 39.31%; 706.0 ($M^+ + 1$) (dimesylated compound); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.28 min (monomesylated compound), 2.44 min (dimesylated compound); 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000716] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-(*tert*-butylamino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (**1990**):** To a stirring solution of compound **736** (500 mg, crude) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added potassium carbonate (330 mg, 2.39 mmol), 2-methylpropan-2-amine (0.42 mL, 3.98 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 × 75 mL). The combined organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through basic alumnia column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1990** (50 mg, 9%, over 2 steps) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1, eluted twice); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 9.47 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.36 - 8.29 (m, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93 - 7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (br d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (br d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 2.81 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.00 - 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.14 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 90.26%; 605.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.93 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 91.83%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.37 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

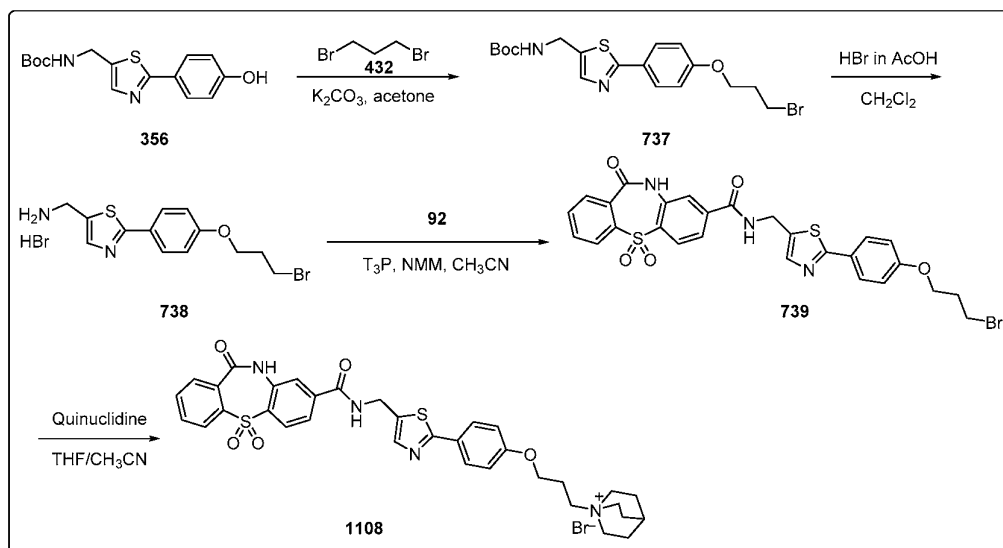
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Synthesis of 11108

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[000717] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(3-bromopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (737):

To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate 356 (1 g, 3.27 mmol) in acetone (50 mL) were added 1,3-dibromopropane 432 (1.7 mL, 16.35 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2.3 g, 16.35 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux temperature and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (60 mL), washed with water (40 mL) followed by brine (20 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 1% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 737 (1.1 g, 79%) as an off white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.30-2.24 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H).

[000718] Synthesis of (2-(4-(3-bromopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methanamine hydrobromide (738):

To a stirring solution of compound 737 (200 mg, 0.47 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added hydrobromic acid in acetic acid (0.6 mL, 2.34 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in*

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vacuo to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethylether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 738 (200 mg, HBr salt) as an off white solid. TLC: 40% EtOAc/hexanes (R_f : 0.1); ^1H NMR (400MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 8.26 (br s, 3H), 7.90-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.35 (q, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H),
5 2.31-2.24 (m, 2H).

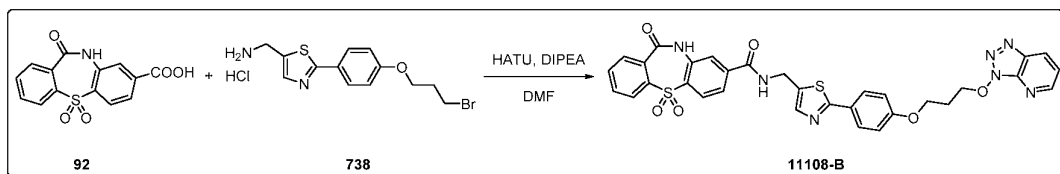
[000719] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-bromopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (739): To a stirring solution of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide 92 (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in acetonitrile (10 mL) were added compound 738 (216 mg, 0.66 mmol), Propylphosphonic anhydride (0.98 mL, 3.3 mmol) and *N*-Methylmorpholine (0.37 mL, 3.3 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (40 mL), washed
15 with water (20 mL) followed by brine (20 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethylether (2 x 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 739 (181 mg, 45%) as an off white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.4); ^1H NMR (500MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.45 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.79 (m, 6H),
20 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.29-2.24 (m, 2H).

[000720] Synthesis of 1-(3-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl) quinuclidin-1-ium bromide (11108): To a stirring solution of compound 739 (50 mg, 0.08 mmol) in a mixture of THF/acetonitrile (1:1, 10 mL) was added Quinuclidine (9.5 mg, 0.08 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux temperature and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethylether (2 x 10 mL),
30 CH₃CN/MeOH (10%, 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo*. The obtained solid was dissolved in

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CH₃CN/MeOH/H₂O (1:1:1, 3 mL) and lyophilized for 16 h to afford **11108** (30 mg, 57%) as an off white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 11.55 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.89 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.86-7.80 (m, 4H), 7.79-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.46-3.38 (m, 6H), 3.27-3.23 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.12 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.82 (m, 6H); **LC-MS**: 92.59%; 643.2 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.90 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 90.14%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.31 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: H₂O).

Synthesis of 11108-B

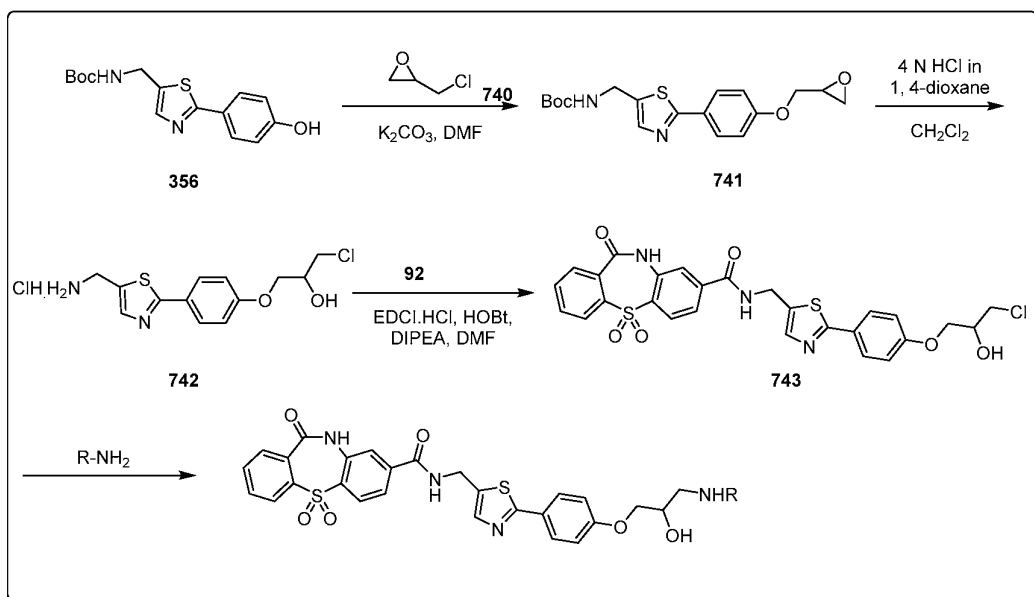


[000721] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-(3-((3H-[1,2,3]triazolo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)oxy)propoxy)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5,5-dioxide (11108-B): To a stirring solution of 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxylic acid 5, 5-dioxide **92** (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) were added HATU (376 mg, 0.99 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.36 mL, 1.98 mmol) and compound **738** (215 mg, 0.66 mmol) at 0 °C under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (5 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 × 5 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11108-B** (50 mg, 12%) as an off white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.80 (dd, *J* = 1.4, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.62 (dd, *J* = 1.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.58 (dd, *J* = 4.4, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.80 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (br d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.32

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(t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.26 (p, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H); LC-MS: 94.98%; 668.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.37 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 94.02%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 10.06 min. 5mM Aq. NH_4HCO_3 : ACN ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-chloro-2-hydroxypropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (743):- A common Intermediate



[000722] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate (741): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl ((2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl) carbamate **356** (2.5 g, 8.16 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added epichlorohydrin **740** (1.89 g, 20.42 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2.8 g, 20.42 mmol) at RT; heated to 70–80 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (100 mL) and the precipitated solid was filtered and titrated with 15% EtOAc/hexanes and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **741** (1.9 g, 64%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.8); **^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.82 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H),

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7.06 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.40 (dd, $J = 11.4, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.31 (br d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.90 (dd, $J = 11.4, 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.38-3.33 (m, 1H), 2.87-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.73 (dd, $J = 5.0, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 83.49%; 363.0 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 2.42 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

- 5 **[000723] Synthesis of 1-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy)-3-chloropropan-2-ol hydrochloride (742):** To a stirring solution of compound **741** (1.9 g, 5.24 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (15 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0°C ; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (5 mL) and
- 10 dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **742** (1.5 g, 86%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.1); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz)**: δ 8.67 (br s, 3H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.09 (br d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.30 (q, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.79-3.66 (m, 3H), 3.56 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 90.32%; 298.9 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50×3.0 mm, $2.7 \mu\text{m}$); RT 1.50 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2
- 15 mL/min).

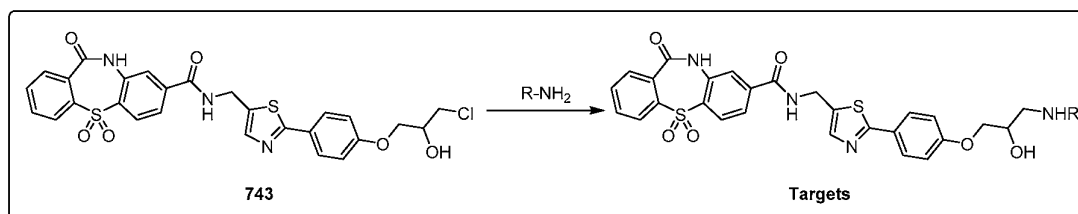
- [000724] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-(3-chloro-2-hydroxypropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (743):** To a stirring solution of compound **742** (1.2 g, 3.96 mmol) and **92** (1.0 g, 3.30 mmol) in
- 20 DMF (40 mL) under inert atmosphere were added HOBt (801 mg, 5.94 mmol), EDCI.HCl (945 mg, 5.95 mmol), diisopropyl ethyl amine (2.1 mL, 11.88 mmol) at 0°C ; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (30 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 250 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered
- 25 and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 to afford compound **743** (1.1 g, 48%) as white solid. **TLC**: 7% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.8); **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 500 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.45 (br t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.79 (m, 5H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 5.58 (d, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (br
- 30 d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.07-4.01 (m, 3H), 3.79-3.64 (m, 2H); **LC-MS**: 89.09%; 584.0 ($M^+ + 1$);

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(column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.22 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

Preparation

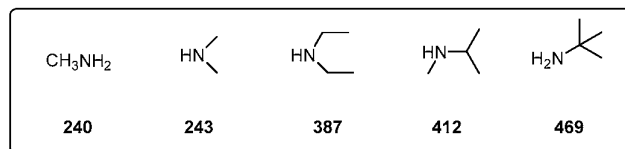
- 5 [000725] Compound **743** was synthesized as mentioned above and converted to final products as HCl salt/ TFA salt/ free amine using commercially available amines employing typical procedures L and the results are captured in the Table 4:



10 Typical procedure L:

- [000726] To a stirring solution of compound **743** (250 mg, 0.42 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL) in a sealed tube was added 33% ethanolic ammonia (10 mL) at 0 °C; heated to 50 °C and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the residue washed with 20% EtOAc/ hexanes and dried *in vacuo* to
- 15 obtain the crude which was purified by preparative HPLC purification/ triturated to afford the desired product.

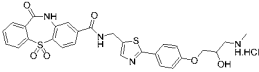
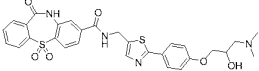
Commercial amines used for the preparation



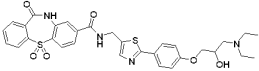
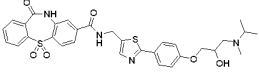
20 **Table 4: Synthesis from compound 743 using various amines**

Example	Structure	Proced ure, Interm	Rx . Yie	Mass Spec. Found	Mass Spec. Calculated	¹ H-NMR
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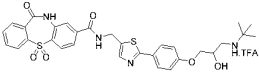
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		ediate, amine	ld (%)			
11084		L, 743, 240	38	579.0 (M ⁺ +1)	614.11 for C ₂₈ H ₂₇ ClN ₄ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.49- 8.42 (m, 1H), 8.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01- 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93- 7.80 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.99-5.82 (m, 1H), 4.66 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.17- 4.10 (m, 1H), 4.02 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.0 Hz, 3H), 3.19-3.10 (m, 1H), 3.06-2.96 (m, 1H), 2.61 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 3H);
11085		L ^a , 743, 243	25	593.1 (M ⁺ +1)	592.15 for C ₂₉ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.48 (m, 1H), 9.46 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4, 1H), 8.06 (br d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (br d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (br s, 1H), 4.66 (br d, <i>J</i> = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (br d, <i>J</i> = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.94- 3.86 (m, 2H), 2.42-37

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						(m, 1H), 2.31-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.18 (s, 6H);
11086		L ^b , 743, 387	41	621.1 (M ⁺ +1)	620.18 for C ₃₁ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.77 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.83-4.75 (m, 1H), 4.66 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.94-3.89 (m, 1H), 3.89-3.82 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.44 (m, 3H), 2.44-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.39-2.36 (m, 1H), 0.94 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 6H);
11087		L ^c , 743, 412	31	621.1 (M ⁺ +1)	620.18 for C ₃₁ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₆ S ₂	¹ H-NMR (DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ , 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.44 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.82-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.3 Hz, 2H), 4.75 (br s, 1H), 4.66 (br d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.9, 2.9 Hz, 1H),

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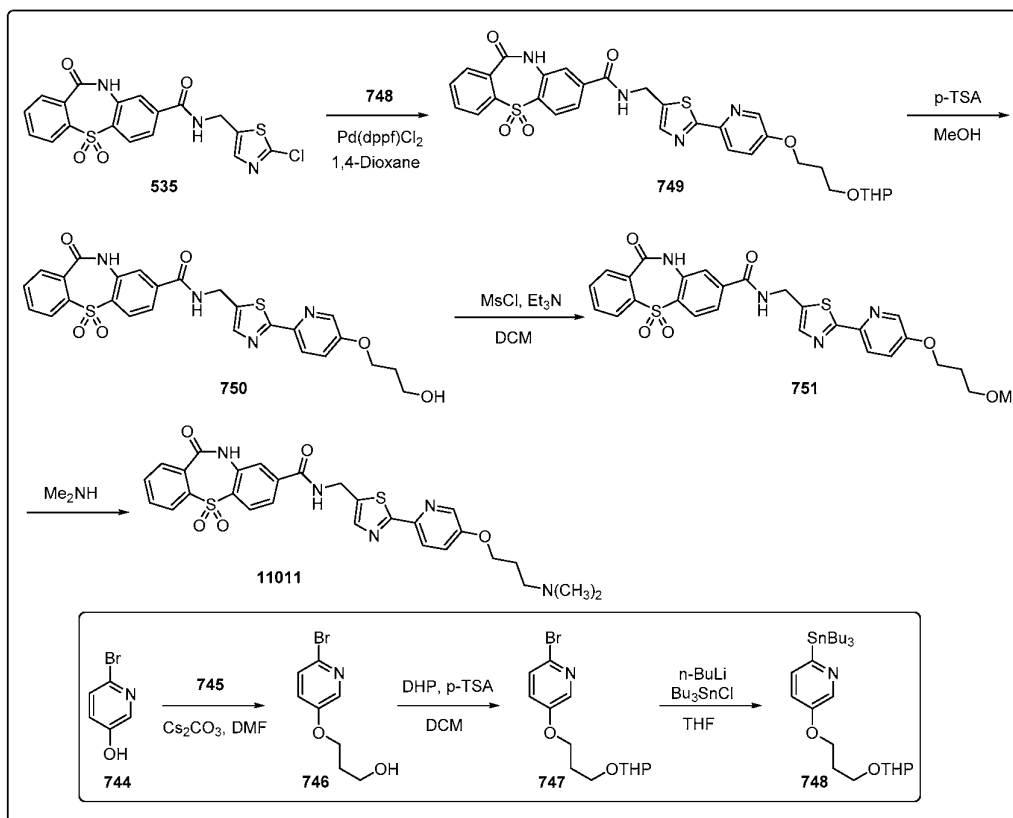
						3.96-3.82 (m, 2H), 2.75 (td, $J = 13.2, 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.34 (br d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.31 (br d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 0.92 (dd, $J = 6.4, 2.9$ Hz, 6H);
11088		L^b , 743, 469	25	621.1 (M^{+1})	734.17 for $C_{33}H_{33}F_3N_6O_8S_2$	^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.41-8.23 (m, 2H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93 - 7.80 (m, 6H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 5.91 (d, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (br d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.16-4.09 (m, 1H), 4.08-4.05 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.06 (m, 1H), 3.01-2.89 (m, 1H), 1.29 (s, 9H);

L^a : Dimethyl amine (2 M sol. In THF, 4 mL), 80 °C, 24 h. L^b : compd: **743** (100 mg), Diethyl amine (37 mg, 3 equiv), EtOH (5 mL), 80 °C, 24 h. L^c : compd: **743** (200 mg), *N*-methylpropan-2-amine (75 mg, 3 equiv), EtOH (10 mL), 80 °C, 48 h in sealed tube

5

Synthesis of 11011:

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[000727] Synthesis of 3-((6-bromopyridin-3-yl) oxy) propan-1-ol (746): To a stirring solution of 6-bromopyridin-3-ol (**744**) 1 g, 5.74 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added Cs₂CO₃ (5.5 g, 17.22 mmol) at RT and stirred for 5 min. Then 3-bromo-1-propanol (**745**) (0.86 g, 6.32 mmol) was added and continued stirring at RT for 16h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2x20 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 40% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **746** (700 mg, 53%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.11 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 3.57 - 3.52 (m, 2H), 1.86 (p, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 56.62%; 231.8 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.73 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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[000728] Synthesis of 2-bromo-5-(3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl) oxy) propoxy) pyridine (747): To a stirring solution of compound **746** (700 mg, 3.03 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added dihydropyran (305 mg, 3.63 mmol) and *p*-toulene sulfonic acid (5 mg) at 0-5 °C; stirred at RT for 16h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion volatiles were evaporated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **747** (700 mg, 73%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 8.12 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, J = 8.7, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.59-4.53 (m, 1H), 4.12 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.81-3.65 (m, 2H), 3.48 (td, J = 9.9, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.44 - 3.38 (m, 1H), 1.97 (p, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 1.78 - 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.65 - 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.53 - 1.34 (m, 4H);

[000729] Synthesis of 5-(3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl) oxy) propoxy)-2-tributyl stannyl) pyridine (748): To a stirring solution of compound **747** (1 g, 3.17 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *n*-BuLi (1.9 mL, 3.17 mmol) at -78 °C and stirred for 30min. Then tributyltin chloride (3 g, 9.52 mmol) was added at -78 °C and continued stirring for 1 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ammonium chloride solution (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2x30 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **748** (1.8 g, crude) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.7); **LC-MS:** 39.52%; 528.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.60 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000730] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(5-(3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl) oxy) propoxy) pyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, **5-dioxide (749):** To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5**, **5-dioxide (535)** (500 mg, 1.16 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **748** (1.8 g, 3.48 mmol) and Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (85 mg, 0.116 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere 30 min; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC;**

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after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through combiflash column chromatography using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **749** (75 mg, 10%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 30% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** **LC-MS:** 94.65%; 635.1 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.51 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000731] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(5-(3-hydroxypropoxy) pyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide (**750**):** To a stirring solution of compound **749** (30 mg, 0.047 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) under argon atmosphere was added *p*-Toluenesulfonic acid (4 mg, 0.023 mmol) at RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (1 mL) and pH was neutralized with aqueous saturated Na₂CO₃ solution and extracted with 5% MeOH/ EtOAc (2 x 1 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **750** (20 mg, 76%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ EtOAc (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.54 (br s, 1H), 9.52-9.44 (m, 1H), 8.31 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 8.09-7.97 (m, 3H), 7.95-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.07 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.63-4.59 (m, 1H), 4.24 - 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.60-3.56 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.86 (m, 2H);

[000732] Synthesis of 3-((6-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) pyridin-3-yl) oxy) propyl methane sulfonate (751**):** To a stirring solution of compound **750** (220 mg, 0.40 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (0.11 mL, 0.80 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.04 mL, 0.60 mmol) at 0-5 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) and washed with water (2 x 5 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **751** (200 mg, crude) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **LC-MS:** 27.24%; 629.0

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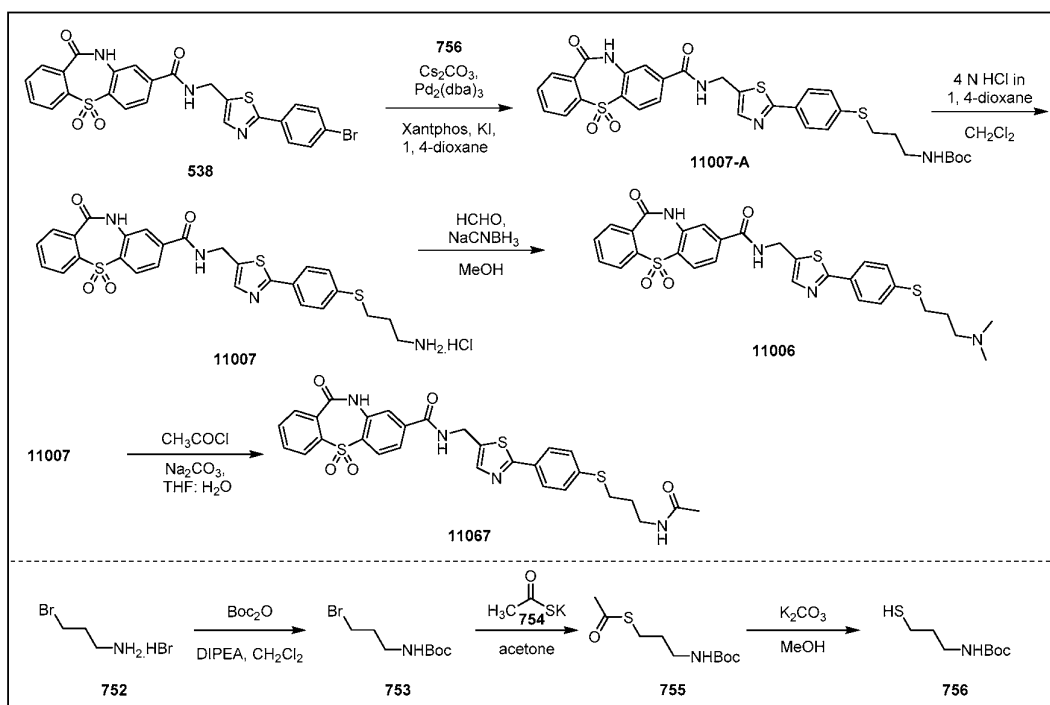
($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.21 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000733] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(5-(3-(dimethylamino) propoxy) pyridin-2-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

5 **(1 1011)**: To a stirring solution of compound **751** (200 mg, 0.31 mmol) under argon atmosphere was added dimethyl amine (7 mL) in a sealed tube. The reaction mixture was heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1 1011** (20
10 mg, 11%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.49 (br s, 1H), 9.45 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.03-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.51 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.17 (s, 6H), 1.92-1.85 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 98.18%; 578.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50
15 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.78 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 96.44%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.39 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : Water).

20 **Synthesis of 11006, 11007, 11007-A & 11067**

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[000734] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (3-bromopropyl) carbamate (753): To a stirring solution of 3-bromopropylamine hydrobromide **752** (20 g, 91.35 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL) under inert atmosphere were added added Boc-anhydride (39.80 g, 182.15 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (75 mL, 135.05 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (500 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 500 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5-20% EtOAc/hexanes to afford compound **753** (15 g, 68%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 6.88 (br s, 1H), 3.50 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.09 - 2.98 (m, 2H), 1.91 (p, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H); **LC-MS (Agilent 6310 Ion Trap):** 91.42%; 138.4 (M⁺+1) (Des Boc) (Column: Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 3.78 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc: ACN, 0.8 mL/min).

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[000735] **Synthesis of S-(3-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl) amino) propyl) ethanethioate (755):** To a stirring solution of compound **753** (15 g, 63.29 mmol) in acetone (250 mL) under inert atmosphere was added potassium thioacetate **754** (7.2 g, 63.29 mmol) at RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (250 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 250 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound **755** (10 g, crude) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 6.82 (br s, 1H), 2.94 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.60 (p, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (s, 9H);

[000736] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (3-mercaptopropyl) carbamate (756):** To a stirring solution of compound **755** (10 g, crude) in MeOH (100 mL) under inert atmosphere was added potassium carbonate (17.76 g, 128.57 mmol) portionwise for 15 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **756** (7 g) as pale brown syrup. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.7);

[000737] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) thio) propyl) carbamate (11007-A):** To a stirring solution of compound **538** (4 g, 7.21 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (40 mL) were added *tert*-butyl (3-mercaptopropyl) carbamate **756** (4.14 g, 21.64 mmol) cesium carbonate (7.05 g, 21.66 mmol) and potassium iodide (1.19 g, 7.22 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this were added Pd₂(dba)₃ (661 mg, 0.72 mmol), Xantphos (292 mg, 0.50 mmol) purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel flash column chromatography using 1-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂. The obtained compound was triturated with 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL), *n*-pentane (5 mL) and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **11007-A** (130

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mg, 3%) as white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4). **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.07-2.96 (m, 4H), 1.70 (p, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 95.07%; 663.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0mm, 2.6μm); RT 3.28 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 95.22%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 10.62 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN: + 5% 0.05% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

[000738] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-aminopropyl) thio) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

hydrochloride (11007): To a stirring solution of **11007-A** (200 mg, 0.30 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (2 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford **11007** (160 mg, 88%; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.50 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.74 (m, 10H), 7.45-7.38 (m, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.12 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.97-2.83 (m, 2H), 1.88 (p, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 95.89%; 566.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.88 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 96.17%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.95 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.5% TFA (Aq) ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

[000739] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-(dimethylamino) propyl) thio) phenyl)thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11006): To a stirring solution of **11007** (130 mg, 0.21 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added paraformaldehyde (32 mg, 1.08 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (68 mg, 1.08 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL)

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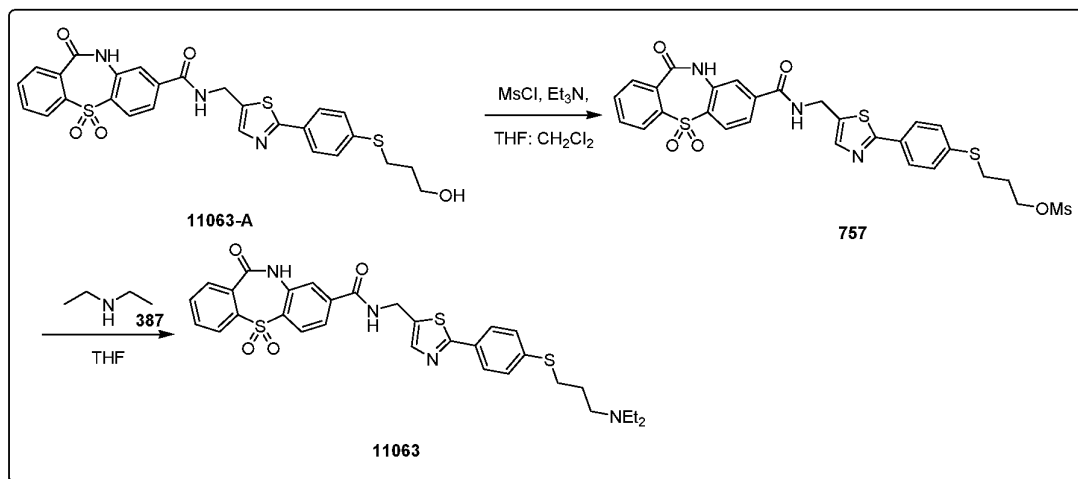
and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1-4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂. The compound obtained was titrated with 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) to afford **11006** (20 mg, 15%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 6H), 1.73 (p, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 98.35%; 593.1 (*M*⁺+1); (Column: X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 1.89 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.97%; (column: X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.45 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.5% TFA (Aq) ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

[000740] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-acetamidopropyl) thio) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11067):

To a stirring solution of **11007** (35 mg, 0.058 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 2, 2 mL) were added sodium carbonate (30 mg, 0.29 mmol), acetyl chloride (0.012 mL, 0.17 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL).

The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11067** (15 mg, 43%) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.85 (m, 4H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.19-3.10 (m, 2H), 3.02 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.79 (s, 3H), 1.71 (p, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 97.37%; 607.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column: Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.14 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 98.83%; (column: X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.14 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.5% TFA (Aq) ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

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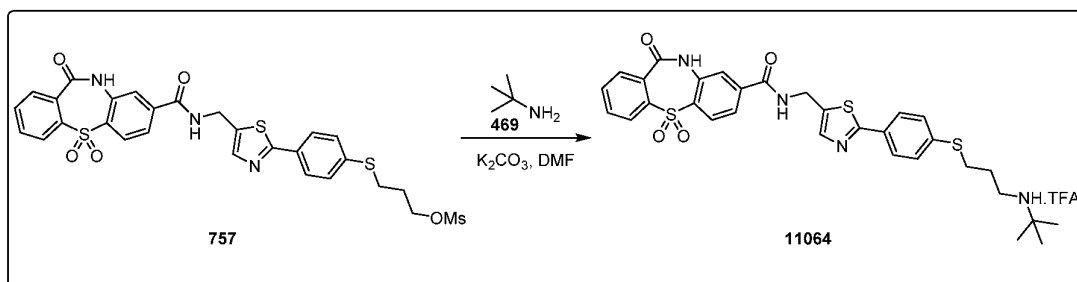
Synthesis of 11063:

- 5 **[000741] Synthesis of 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) thio) propyl methanesulfonate (757):** To a stirring solution of **1 1063-A** (500 mg, 0.88 mmol) in THF: CH₂Cl₂ (1: 1, 20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (1.2 mL, 8.84 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.36 mL, 4.40 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was
- 10 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with 10% sodium bicarbonate solution (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford mixture of mono and di-compound **757** (1.4 g) as brown thick syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.7, 0.8); **LC-MS:** 39.97%; 644.0 (*M*⁺+1) (monomesylated mass), 42.82%; 722.0 (*M*⁺+1)
- 15 (dimesylated mass); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT: 2.49, 0.58 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

- [000742] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-(diethylamino) propyl) thio) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11063):** To a stirring solution of 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) thio) propyl methanesulfonate **1**
- 20 (120 mg, mixture of compounds) in THF (1 mL) in a sealed tube was added diethylamine **387**

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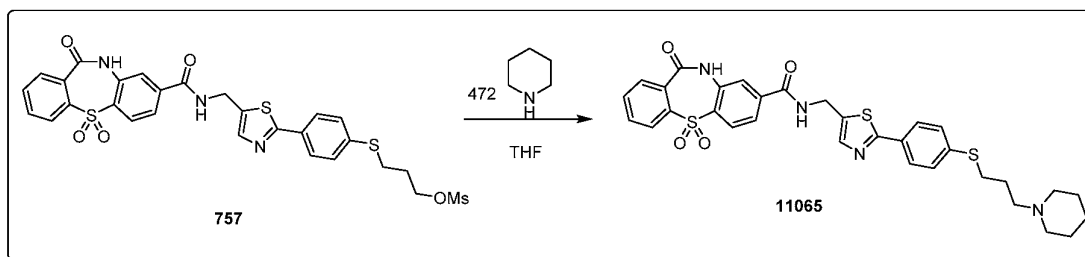
(1 mL, 8 vol) at RT and heated to 75 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel (100-200 mesh) column chromatography using 4-5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11063** (15 mg, 13%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.74 (m, 7H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.52-2.40 (m, 6H), 1.70 (quin, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); **LC-MS**: 97.40%; 621.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.80 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity)**: 98.67%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.14 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: water: DMSO: ACN).

Synthesis of 11064:

[000743] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-(*tert*-butylamino) propyl) thio) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide TFA salt (11064): To a stirring solution of compound **757** (300 mg, mixture) in DMF (8 mL) under inert atmosphere was added potassium carbonate (128 mg, 0.93 mmol), 2-methylpropan-2-amine **469** (0.46 mL, 4.65 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT; heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **11064** (25 mg, 9%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.52 (s, 1H),

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9.47 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.29-8.16 (m, 2H), 8.05 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.89 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.77 (m, 5H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.13 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.04 - 2.94 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.24 (s, 9H); **LC-MS**: 98.77%; 621.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.97 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 99.27%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.29 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: DMSO).

Synthesis of 11065:

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[000744] Synthesis of 11-oxo-N-((2-(4-((3-(piperidin-1-yl) propyl) thio) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

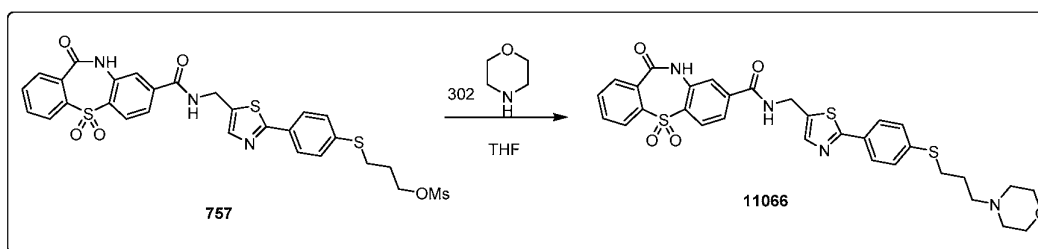
(11065): To a stirring solution of 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) thio) propyl methanesulfonate **757** (300 mg, mixture of compounds) in THF (5 mL) in a sealed tube was added piperidine **472** (2 mL, 6.6 vol) at RT and heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either purified through basic alumina column chromatography using 1-2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to obtain the crude. The crude was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL), washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* and triturated with EtOAc (5 mL) to afford **11065** (20 mg, 7%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, $J = 1.3, 7.5, 1.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, $J = 7.4, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.76 (m, 6H), 7.38 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.03 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.42-2.21 (m, 6H), 1.81-1.69 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.72 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.44 (m, 4H), 1.42-1.29 (m, 2H);

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LC-MS: 98.99%; 633.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.98 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 96.51%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 6.17 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: water: DMSO: ACN).

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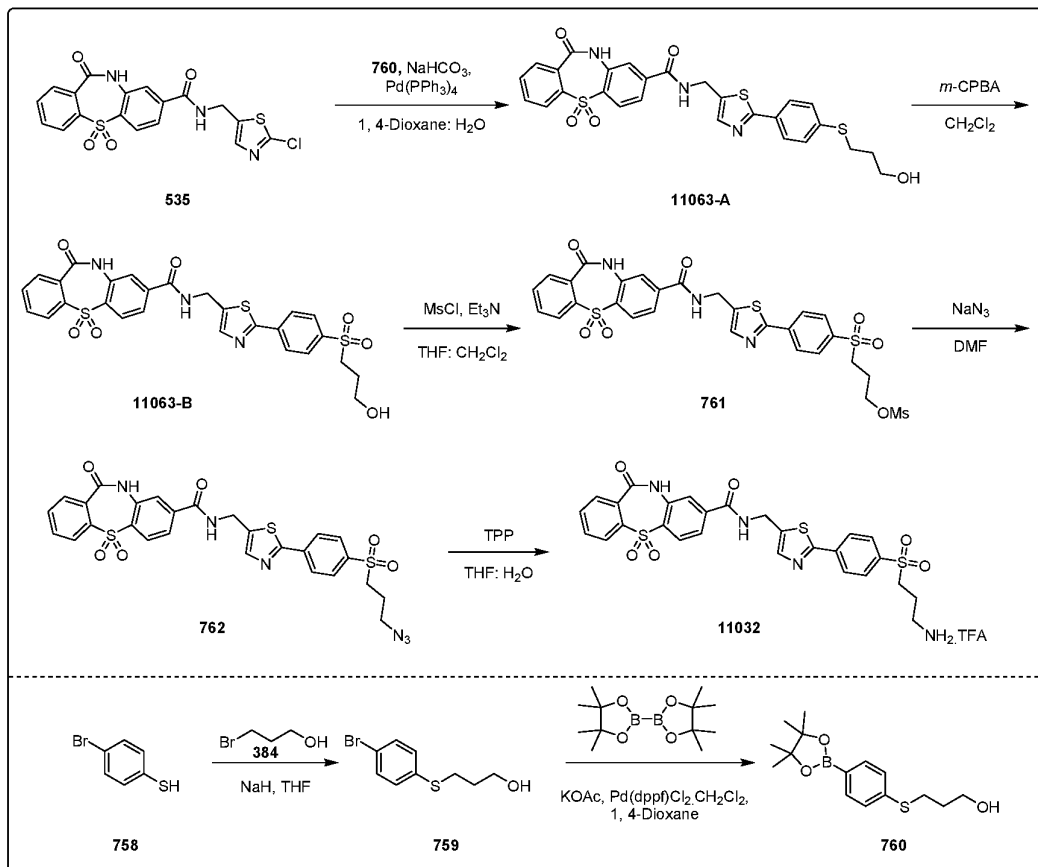
Synthesis of 11066:**[000745] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-((3-morpholinopropyl)thio)phenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-****11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11066):**

To a stirring solution of 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) thio) propyl methanesulfonate **757** (300 mg, mixture of compounds) in THF (5 mL) in a sealed tube was added morpholine (2 mL, 6.6 vol) at RT and heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using 1-2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to obtain the crude. The crude was diluted with water (10 mL), washed with water (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate and stirred for 16 h. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with *n*-pentane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11066** (72 mg, 24%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.76 (m, 4H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.55 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 3.05 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 5H), 1.75 (p, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 99.08%; 635.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.91 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):**

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99.03%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 5.91 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11032, 11063-A, 11063-B:



- 5 [000746] **Synthesis of 3-((4-bromophenyl) thio) propan-1-ol (759):** To a stirring solution of 4-bromobenzenethiol **758** (5 g, 26.45 mmol) in THF (100 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 1.9 g, 79.16 mmol) portion wise for 10 min at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. To this was added 3-bromopropan-1-ol **384** (4.3 g, 31.74 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of
- 10 the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL), washed with water (100 mL), brine (100 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford

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compound **759** (4.5 g, 69%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.48 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.55 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.51-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.00 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.70 (p, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H);

[000747] Synthesis of 3-((4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) thio)

5 **propan-1-ol (760) (SAP-MA1623-71):** To a stirring solution of compound **759** (3 g, 12.14 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (90 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (4.17 g, 16.51 mmol), potassium acetate (3.6 g, 36.43 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min; to this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂.CH₂Cl₂ (991 mg, 1.21 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min, heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was
10 monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10-30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **760** (4.7 g, 43%) as colorless syrup. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.3); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz):** δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.55 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.51 - 3.45 (m, 2H), 3.01 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.78-
15 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H);

[000748] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-((3-hydroxypropyl) thio) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11063-A):

To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (2.5 g, 5.77 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane: H₂O (2:
20 1, 113 mL) were added 2 3-((4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl) thio) propan-1-ol **760** (3.4 g, 11.54 mmol), sodium bicarbonate (1.94 g, 23.09 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (560 mg, 0.48 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min at RT; heated to 90 °C and stirred for 16 h. The
25 reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1-6% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂, triturated with 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), *n*-pentane (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to
30 afford **11063-A** (3 g, 43%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.4); **$^1\text{H NMR}$**

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(DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.46 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.76 (m, 4H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.57 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.54-3.47 (m, 2H), 3.09-3.02 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.70 (m, 2H); **LC-MS**: 94.81%; 566.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.30 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC** (**purity**): 98.73%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 8.25 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: DMSO).

[000749] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-hydroxypropyl) sulfonyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)

10 methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide

(11063-B): To a stirring solution of **11063-A** (200 mg, 0.35 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under argon atmosphere was added *m*-chloro perbenzoic acid (73 mg, 0.42 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), aqueous ammonia (20 mL) and
15 extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ triturated with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11063-B** (60 mg, 28%) as an off-white solid.

TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R*_f: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.65 (br s, 1H), 9.62
20 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.16 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.11-8.04 (m, 4H), 8.03-7.90 (m, 5H), 4.82 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.71 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (q, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.46-3.42 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.73 (m, 2H); **LC-MS**: 98.25%; 596.1 (*M*-1)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μ m); RT 2.28 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 98.97%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x
25 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 8.25 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: H₂O: DMSO).

[000750] Synthesis of 3-((4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) sulfonyl) propyl

30 methanesulfonate (761): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-((3-hydroxypropyl) sulfonyl)

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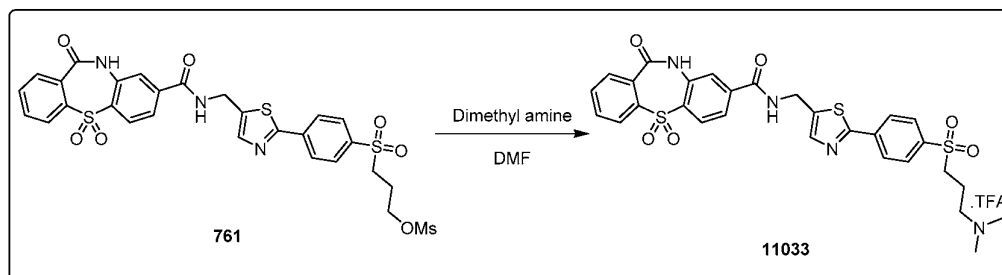
phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **11063-B** (350 mg, 0.58 mmol) in THF: CH₂Cl₂ (1: 1, 16 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (6 mL, 41.58 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (1.2 mL, 14.73 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by
5 TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with water (75 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **761** (450 mg) as colorless liquid. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC:** 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8);

[000751] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-azidopropyl) sulfonyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (762): To a stirring solution of compound **761** (450 mg, crude) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (129 mg, 1.99 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with
15 EtOAc (100 mL) washed with water (100 mL), brine (50 mL). The organic extract was dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **762** (320 mg) as colorless sticky solid. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4);

[000752] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-((3-aminopropyl) sulfonyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide TFA salt (11032): To a stirring solution of compound **762** (320 mg, crude) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 10 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (134 mg, 0.51 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction; the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude amine (250 mg crude). The crude was purified by preparative HPLC
25 purification to afford **11032** (15 mg, 4.6%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.53 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.89 (m, 6H), 7.88-7.79 (m, 3H), 7.63 (br s, 3H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.50-3.44 (m, 2H), 2.91-2.83 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.80 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 99.29%; 597.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.79 min.
30 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):**

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98.76%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 5.50 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

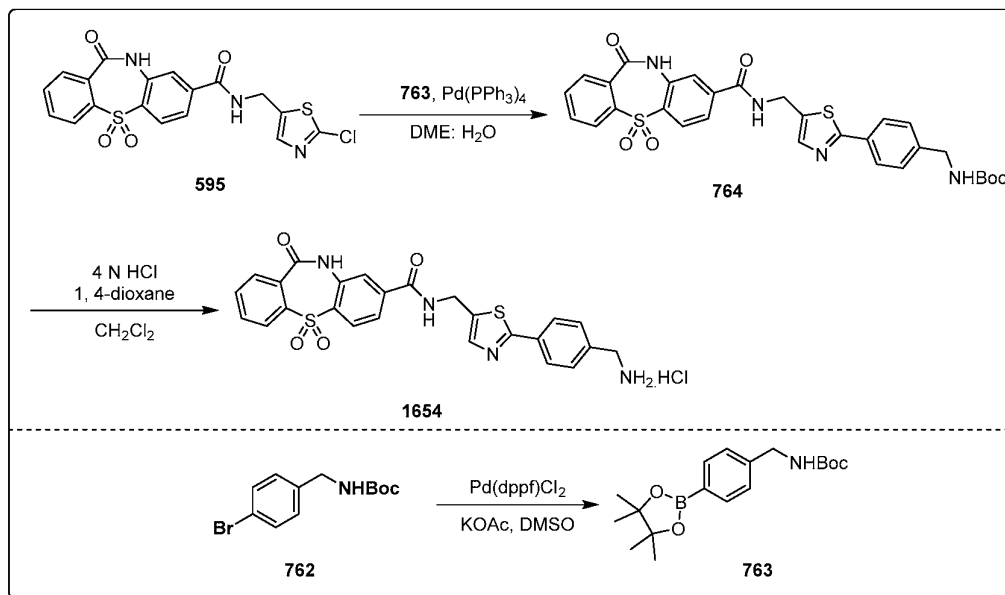
Synthesis of 11033:

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[000753] Synthesis of N-((2-((4-((3-(dimethylamino) propyl) sulfonyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide TFA salt (11033): To a stirring solution of 3-((4-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) sulfonyl) propyl methanesulfonate **761** (250 mg, 0.37 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) in a sealed tube was added 2 M dimethylamine in THF (20 mL, 31.11 mmol) at RT and heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was either purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5-10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and further purified by preparative HPLC purification. The compound obtained was lyophilized for 16 h to afford **11033** (20 mg, 9%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.53 (s, 1H), 9.53 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 9.29 (br s, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 4H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.47-3.42 (m, 2H), 3.11 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (s, 6H), 1.99-1.89 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.65%; 624.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.79 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 99.70%; (column; X select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 5.59 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water)

25 **Synthesis of 1654**

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[000754] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)

benzyl) carbamate (763): To a stirring solution of *tert*-butyl (4-bromobenzyl) carbamate **762**

(1 g, 3.49 mmol) in DMSO (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (1.06 g, 4.19 mmol), potassium acetate (1.02 g, 10.48 mmol) at RT and stirred under argon atmosphere for 30 min, added Pd(dppf)₂Cl₂ (255 mg, 0.35 mmol) and heated to 90-100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **763** (500 mg, 43%). **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.28 (s, 12H).

[000755] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f]

[1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzyl) carbamate (764): To a

stirring solution of compound 763 (150 mg, 0.34 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 5 mL) were added (4-hydroxyphenyl) boronic acid 762 (230 mg, 0.69 mmol), sodium carbonate (128 mg, 1.21 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min. To this was added

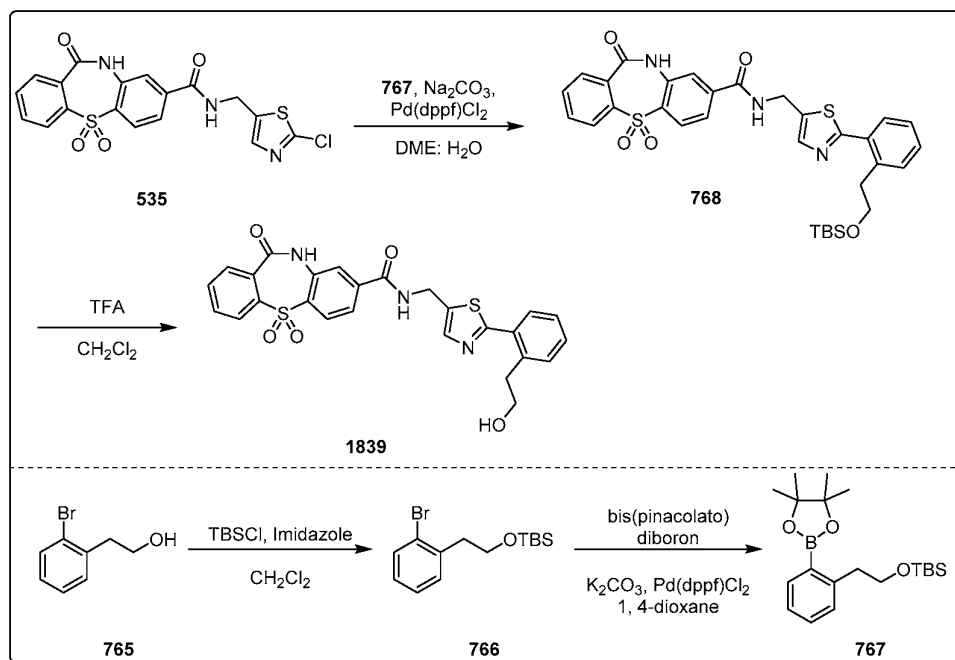
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Pd(PPh₃)₄ (40 mg, 0.034 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was
5 purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 764 (70 mg, 33%) as white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R*_f: 0.3); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H),
10 1.39 (s, 9H).

[000756] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(aminomethyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride (1654): To a stirring solution of compound 764 (65 mg, 0.10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) under
15 inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford 1654 (40 mg, 69%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R*_f: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.54 (s, 1H), 9.53 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (br s, 3H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.88 (m, 5H), 7.87-7.82 (m, 4H) 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H),
20 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 96.02%; 505.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.78 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 96.27%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.43 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) +
25 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1839

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[000757] Synthesis of (2-bromophenethoxy) (tert-butyl) dimethylsilane (766): To a stirring solution of 2-(2-bromophenyl) ethan-1-ol **765** (2 g, 9.95 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) under inert atmosphere was added imidazole (1.35 g, 19.85 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min, followed by addition of TBDMS-Cl (1.79 g, 11.93 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **766** (3 g, 96%) as colorless liquid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 0.82 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H).

[000758] Synthesis of tert-butyldimethyl(2-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenethoxy) silane (767): To a stirring solution of compound 766 (1 g, 3.18 mmol) in 1, 4-dioxane (30 mL) under argon atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (1.20 g, 4.74 mmol), potassium carbonate (1.31 g, 9.49 mmol) at RT and purged argon atmosphere for 5

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min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (232 mg, 0.31 mmol) and heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5-20% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 767 (300 mg, 26%) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: 2% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); LC-MS: 93.59%; 363.2 (M⁺+1); (column; X-select CSH C-18 (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 5.19 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH (Aq); 0.8 mL/min).

[000759] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl) oxy) ethyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (768):

To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (200 mg, 0.46 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (3: 1, 26 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **767** (334 mg, 0.92 mmol), sodium carbonate (147 mg, 1.38 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (33.76 mg, 0.046 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 10 min and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **768** (150 mg, crude) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: % MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4);

[000760] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(2-hydroxyethyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (1839):

To a stirring solution of compound **768** (150 mg, 0.23 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) under inert atmosphere was added trifluoroacetic acid (0.3 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with washed with water (75 mL) and extracted with 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL), The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **1839** (80 mg, 33% over 2 steps) as an off-white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.7,

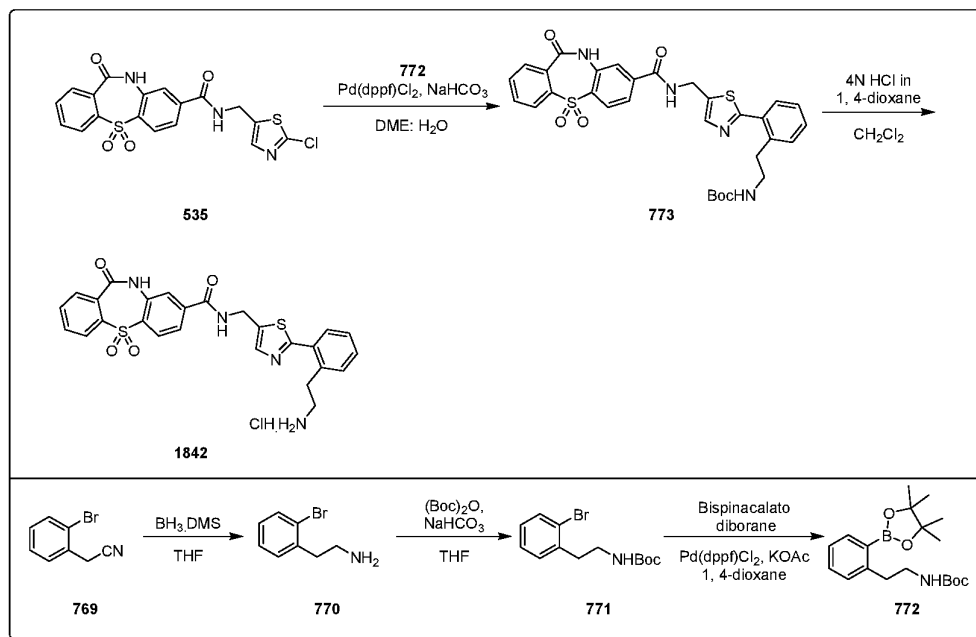
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1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.53 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.26 (m, 1H), 4.71 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.65-4.56 (m, 1H), 3.56 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H);

LC-MS: 95.17%; 520.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 2.14 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC**

(**purity**): 95.97%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 7.82 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1842



10 **[000761] Synthesis of 2-(2-bromophenyl) ethan-1-amine (770):** To a stirring solution of 2-(2-bromophenyl) acetonitrile **769** (1 g, 5.10 mmol) in THF (25 mL) under inert atmosphere was added borane dimethyl sulfide complex (3.06 mL, 15.30 mmol, 5.0 M) dropwise for 5 min at RT and heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH (5 mL). To this was

15 added 2 N HCl (20 mL) and refluxed for 1 h. The reaction mixture was basified using 10% aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 × 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford

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compound **770** (750 mg, crude) as colorless oil. The crude was carried forward for next step without further purification. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1);

[000762] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-bromophenethyl) carbamate (771): To a stirring solution of compound **770** (750 mg, 3.75 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 10 mL) were added
5 NaHCO₃ (788 mg, 9.37 mmol) and Boc-anhydride (1.63 g, 7.50 mmol) at RT and stirred for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **771** (600 mg, 53%) as thick syrup. **TLC**: 30% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8). **¹H-NMR**
10 **(DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.91 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (s, 9H).

[000763] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenethyl) carbamate (772): To a stirring solution of compound **771** (600 mg, 2.00 mmol) in
15 1, 4-dioxane (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (556 mg, 2.20 mmol), potassium acetate (686 mg, 7.00 mmol) RT and purged argon atmosphere for 30 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (146 mg, 0.20 mmol) and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to
20 afford compound **772** (600 mg). **TLC**: 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS**: 66.71%; 248.1 (M⁺+1) (Des Boc); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 3.17 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000764] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenethyl) carbamate (773): To a
25 stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (150 mg, 0.34 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4:1, 10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **772** (300 mg, 0.86 mmol), sodium carbonate (128 mg, 1.21 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 30 min;
30 added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (25 mg, 0.034 mmol) and heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction

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was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **773** (60 mg, 28%) as brown syrup. **TLC:** 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 5H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 2H), 6.83 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (q, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.03-2.97 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 9H); **LC-MS:** 97.49%; 619.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.55 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

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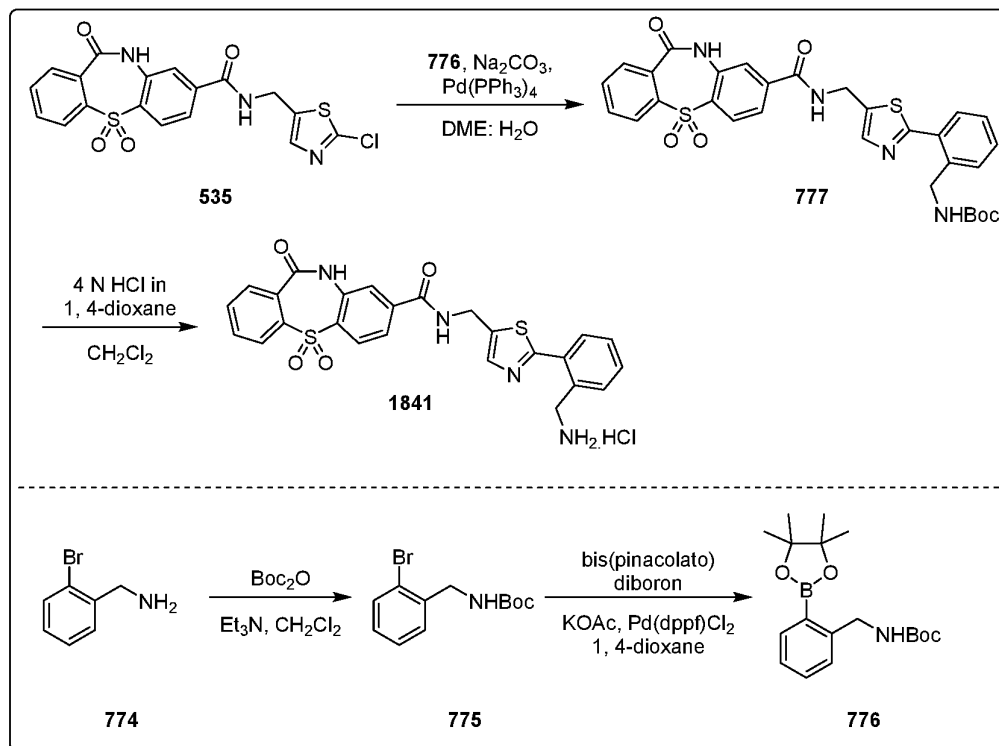
[000765] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(2-aminoethyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide **5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride**

(1842): To a stirring solution of compound **773** (60 mg, 0.097 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude washed with EtOAc (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **1842** (35 mg, 65%; HCl salt) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 11.54 (s, 1H), 9.56 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.82 (m, 8H), 7.61 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.35 (m, 3H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.21-3.13 (m, 2H), 3.12-3.02 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 99.26%; 519.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 98.26%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.21 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq) ; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 1841



[000766] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-bromobenzyl) carbamate (775):** To a stirring solution of (2-bromophenyl) methanamine **774** (2 g, 10.75 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethylamine (2.29 mL, 16.13 mmol) and Boc-anhydride (2.81 g, 12.89 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 5% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **775** (2.8 g, 91%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 20% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.8). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 7.58 (dd, *J* = 1.0, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (br t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.28 (br d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 1.41 (s, 9H);

[000767] **Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)benzyl) carbamate (776):**

To a stirring solution of compound **775** (1 g, 3.49 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (20 mL) under argon atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (1.06 g, 4.18

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mmol), potassium acetate (1.03 g, 10.51 mmol) at RT and purged argon atmosphere for 15 min, added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (256 mg, 0.35 mmol) and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was
5 purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2-10% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound 776 (700 mg, 56%) as pale yellow liquid. TLC: 2% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.65 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 3H), 7.14 (br t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (br d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.31 (s, 12H); LC-MS: 74.04%; 332.3 (*M*⁺+1); column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 3.09 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2
10 mL/min);

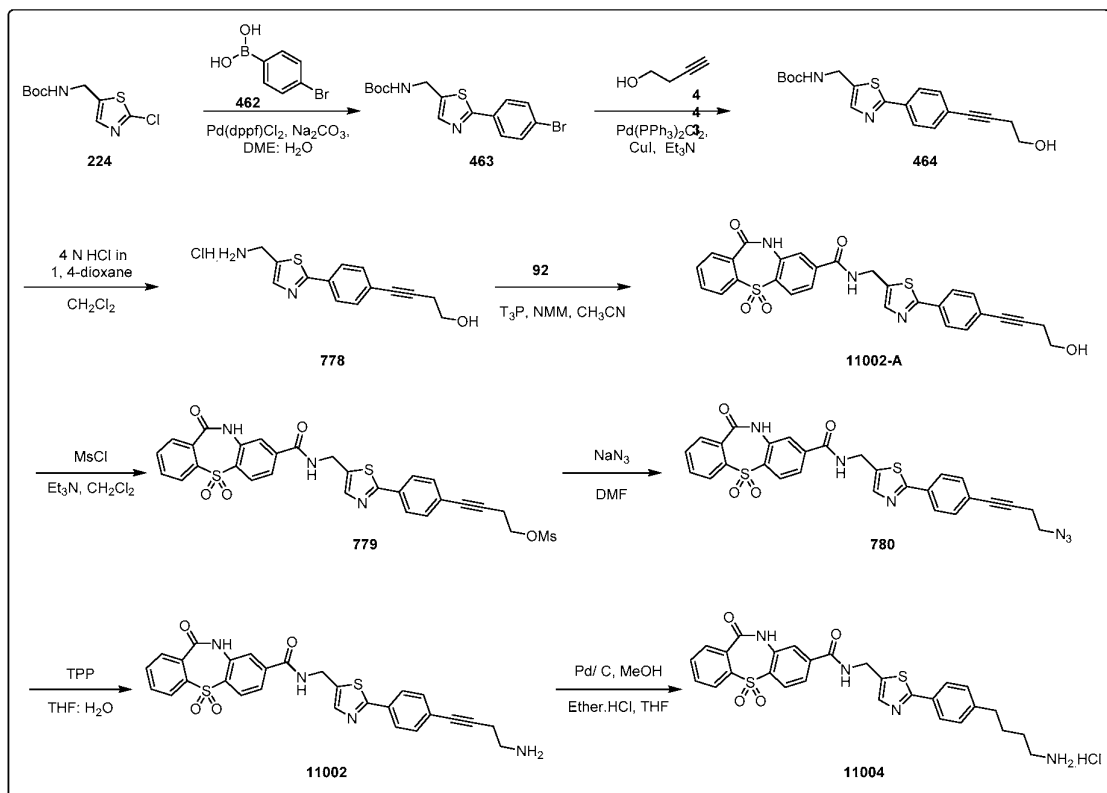
[000768] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (2-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzyl) carbamate (777): To a
15 stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide **535** (200 mg, 0.46 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 25 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **776** (200 mg, 0.55 mmol), sodium carbonate (147 mg, 1.38 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT and purged under argon
atmosphere for 15 min, added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (53.30 mg, 0.046 mmol) and purged under argon
20 atmosphere for 10 min and heated to 120 °C and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel flash column chromatography using 2-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **777** (150 mg, 54%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); LC-MS: 93.68%; 605.1
25 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.57 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

**[000769] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(aminomethyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride
30 (**1841**):** To a stirring solution of compound **777** (150 mg, 0.24 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under

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inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethyl ether (50 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1841** (65 g, 48%) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 11.48 (br s, 1H), 9.56 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (br s, 2H), 8.08 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.94-7.78 (m, 6H), 7.64-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.52 (m, 2H), 4.73 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.25 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 99.47%; 505.1 (M^+ +1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity)**: 99.71%; (column; X-select CSH-C18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.10 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11002-A, 11002 & 11004



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[000770] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) but-3-yn-1-ol

hydrochloride (778): To a stirring solution of compound **464** (310 mg, 0.86 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (5 mL) under inert atmosphere at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude was triturated with EtOAc (5 mL), diethylether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **778** (280 mg, quantitative; HCl salt) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **LC-MS:** 94.71%; 258.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 µm); RT 1.48 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

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[000771] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-(4-hydroxybut-1-yn-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11002-A):

To a stirring solution of compound **92** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) in CH₃CN (20 mL) under argon atmosphere was added, 1-propylphosphonic acid cyclic anhydride (50% solution in EtOAc, 0.89 mL, 1.48 mmol), 4-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) but-3-yn-1-ol hydrochloride (160 mg, 0.54 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude purified through silica gel column chromatography to afford **11002-A** (130 mg, 48%) as an off-white solid.

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TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 11.47 (brs, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.79 (m, 6H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.90 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (br d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.64 - 3.54 (m, 2H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 99.59%; 544.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 µm); RT 2.17 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 98.71%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 µm); RT 8.43 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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[000772] Synthesis of 4-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) but-3-yn-1-yl methanesulfonate (779): To a stirring solution of **1 1002-A** (650 mg, 1.19 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) under inert atmosphere were added triethyl amine (0.2 mL, 2.39 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (0.11 mL, 1.43 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 75 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude compound **779** (800 mg) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.8); **LC-MS:** 52.47%; 622.0 (M⁺+1); 28.75%; 700.0 (M⁺+1) (Dimesylated compound); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 µm); RT 2.38 min, 2.53 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min);

[000773] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-(4-azidobut-1-yn-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (780): To a stirring solution of compound **779** (800 mg, 1.27 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added sodium azide (100 mg, 1.54 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **780** (400 mg) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** 11.51 (s, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01 - 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.94 - 7.78 (m, 7H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (br d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.53 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H);

[000774] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-(4-aminobut-1-yn-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11002): To a stirring solution of compound **780** (430 mg, 0.75 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 45 mL) was added triphenyl phosphine (238 mg, 0.90 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion of the reaction;

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mixture was quenched with water (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using NH₄OH: MeOH: **11002** (80 mg, 19%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (td, *J* = 7.3, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.75 (m, 7H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.47 - 5.04 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H) 2.61 -2.50 (m, 1H), 2.49 - 2.41 (m, 1H); **LC-MS**: 96.45%; 543.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.99%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.10 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

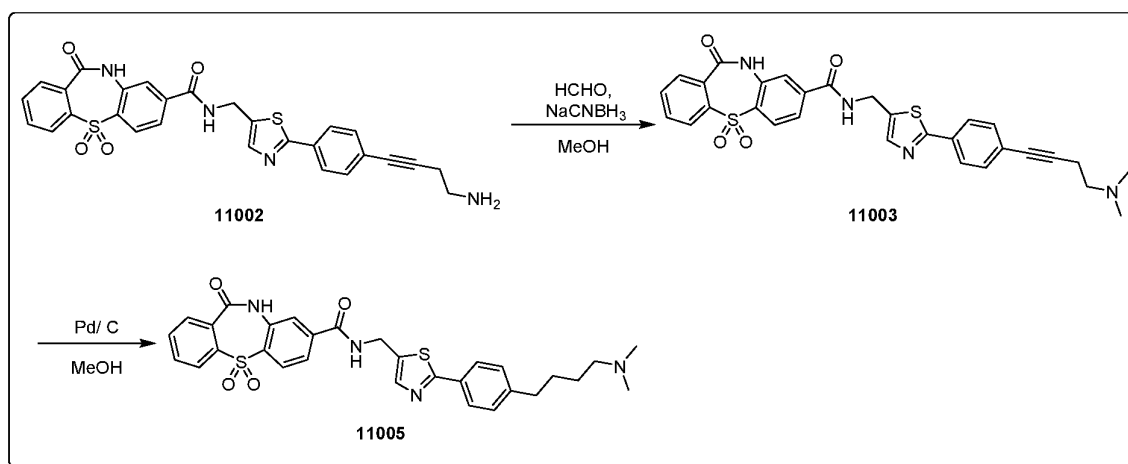
[000775] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(4-aminobutyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide hydrochloride salt (11004**)**: To a stirring solution of **11002** (200 mg, 0.35 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (150 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and eluted with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (250 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using NH₄OH: MeOH: CH₂Cl₂ (1: 1: 8) to afford amine (25 mg, crude)

[000776] The above crude amine (25 mg, crude) was dissolved in THF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added Et₂O.HCl (5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the obtained crude was triturated with EtOAc (5 mL), diethylether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **11004** (80 mg, 10% over 3 steps) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)**: δ 11.51 (br s, 1H), 9.47 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.81 (m, 6H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.64 - 2.49 (m, 4H), 2.22 (s, 6H); **LC-MS**: 95.39%; 547.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 ×

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3.0 mm, 2.7 μ m); RT 1.87 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 95.30%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 8.39 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO : ACN).

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Synthesis of 11003 & 11005**[000777] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(4-(dimethylamino) but-1-yn-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl)**

10 methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11003): To a stirring solution of **11002** (220 mg, 0.40 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL) under inert atmosphere were added paraformaldehyde (60 mg, 2.02 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (127 mg, 2.02 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted

15 with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using NH₄OH: MeOH: CH₂Cl₂ (1: 1: 8) to afford **11003** (140 mg, 60%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H**

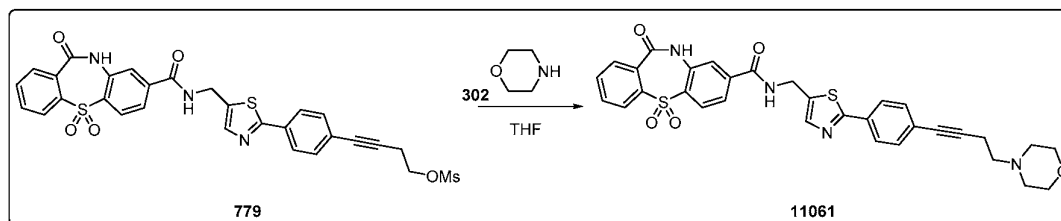
20 NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 11.50 (s, 1H), 9.47 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.91-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.82-7.73 (m, 4H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.81 - 2.71 (m, 2H), 2.67- 2.56 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.44 (m, 4H); **LC-MS**: 96.66%; 571.1 (M⁺+1); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 2.7

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μm); RT 1.86 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min);
HPLC (purity): 98.60%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.47 min.
 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO : ACN).

- 5 **[000778] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(4-(dimethylamino) butyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11005):**
 To a stirring solution of **11003** (140 mg, 0.24 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 10% Pd/C (50 mg) at RT and stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon pressure) at RT for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the
 10 reaction mixture was filtered through celite and eluted with 20% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11005** (15 mg, 10%). **TLC:**10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 1150 (br s, 1H), 9.46 (br t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01 - 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.87 (m, 1H),
 15 7.87 - 7.76 (m, 6H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (br d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.09 (s, 5H), 1.65 - 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.44-1.36 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 95.02%; 575.1 (*M*⁺+1); (Column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.89 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.0 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.71%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 9.02 min. 5 mM NH₄OAc:
 20 ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11061

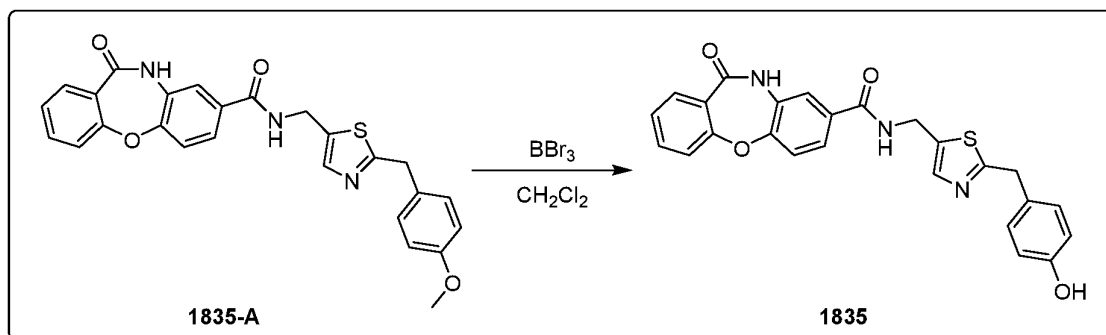


- [000779] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(4-morpholinobut-1-yn-1-yl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] thiazepine-8-carboxamide 5, 5-dioxide (11061):** To a stirring solution of 4-(4-(5-((5, 5-dioxido-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo *b*, *f*) [1,

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4] thiazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenyl) but-3-yn-1-yl methanesulfonate 779 (330 mg, crude) in THF (15 mL) was added morpholine 302 (0.23 mL, 2.65 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LCMS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1-5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ followed by trituration with acetonitrile (2 x 2 mL) to afford 11061 (30 mg, 9%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 11.49 (br s, 1H), 9.48 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.79 (m, 7H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.61-3.55 (m, 4H), 2.64-2.55 (m, 4H), 2.45-2.39 (m, 4H); LC-MS: 93.38%; 613.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.87 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 93.71%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.87 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : H₂O : DMSO).

Synthesis of 1835



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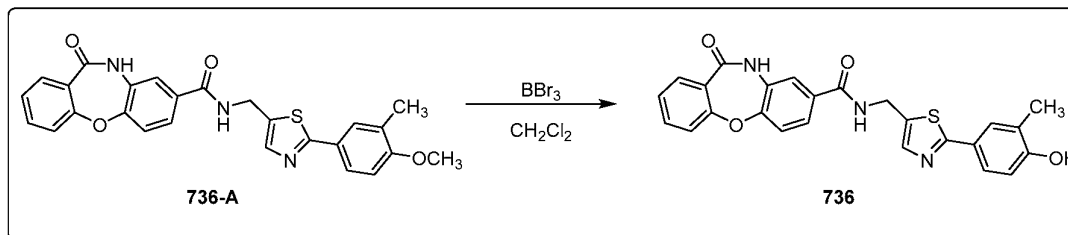
[000780] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxybenzyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1835):** To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(4-methoxybenzyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (**1835-A**) (150 mg, 0.31 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) under inert atmosphere was added BBr₃ (0.06 mL, 0.63 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was

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monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and the obtained solid was filtered, washed with 10% NaHCO₃ solution (100 mL). The obtained solid was dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude which was titrated with EtOAc (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1835** (130 mg, 90%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% EtOAc/ hexanes (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.59 (s, 1H), 9.12-9.06 (m, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.61-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (s, 2H); **LC-MS:** 94.88%; 458.1 (M+1)⁺; (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.38 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.47%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.77 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN : ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN : water).

Synthesis of 1736



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[000781] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1736):** To a stirring solution of **1736-A** (120 mg, 0.25 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added BBr₃ (0.048 mL, 0.50 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with 10% NaHCO₃ solution (20 mL), water (10 mL), *n*-pentane (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **1736** (110 mg, 95%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.84 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.58 (m, 5H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 95.08%; 457.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18,

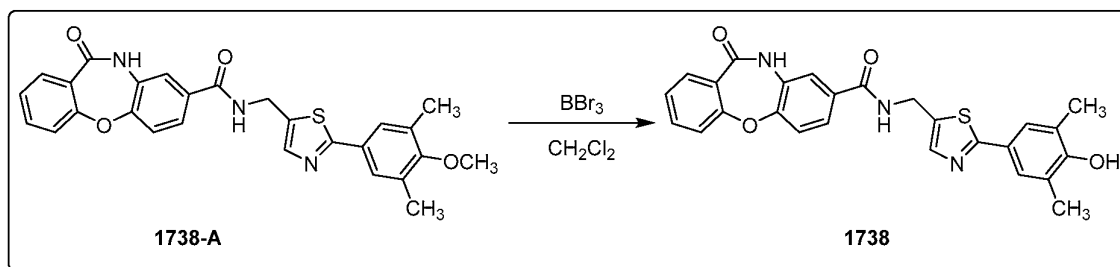
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(50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.19 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.99%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.56 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

5 Synthesis of 1738

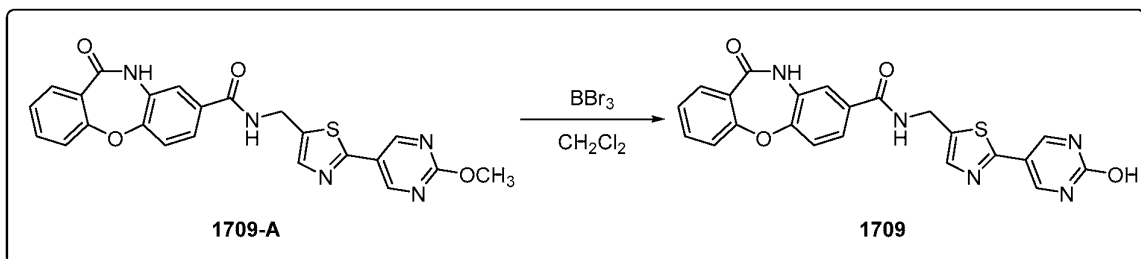


[000782] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1,4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1738):

To a stirring solution of **1738-A** (120 mg, 0.24 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) was added BBr₃ (62 mg, 0.24 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with ice-cold water (5 mL) and the precipitated solid was filtered washed with 10% aqueous sodium carbonate solution and *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was titrated with MeOH (2 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1738** (100 mg, 86%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.1); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.18 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.74 (br s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 3H), 7.45 (s, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 96.50%; 472.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.23 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 98.22%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.70 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

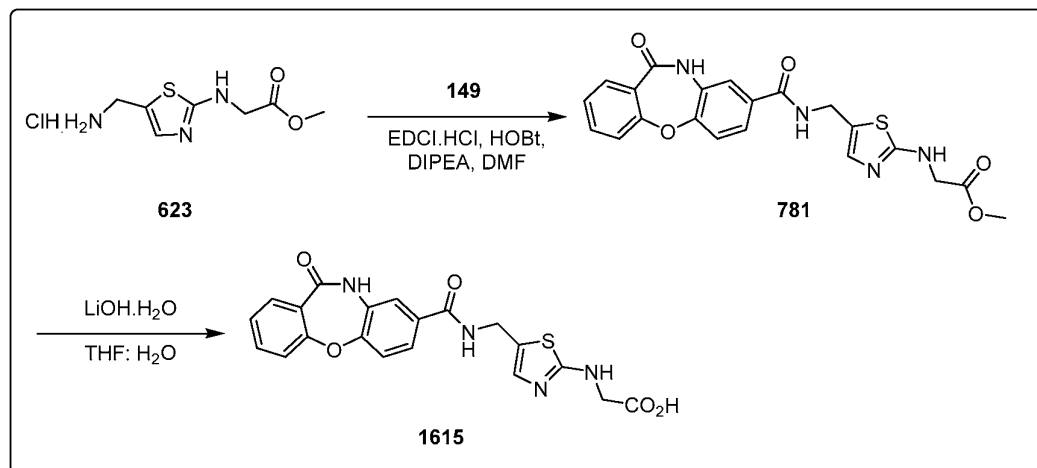
25 Synthesis of 1709

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[000783] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-hydroxypyrimidin-5-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1709): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-(2-methoxypyrimidin-5-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide **1709-A** (50 mg, 0.10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) was added BBr₃ (0.10 mL, 1.08 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, quenched with ice-cold water (10 mL) and stirred for 15 min. The obtained solid was filtered, washed with saturated sodium carbonate solution (5 mL) and water (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was titrated with MeOH (2 mL), diethyl ether (2 mL) and pentane (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1709** (35 mg, 72%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 12.42 (s, 1H), 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.70 (s, 2H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.71%; 445.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.84 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 94.09%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.87 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 1615

[000784] Synthesis of methyl (5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycinate (781): To a stirring solution of compound **149**

(150 mg, 0.58 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added methyl (5-
 5 (aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycinate hydrochloride **623** (139 mg, 0.58 mmol), EDCI.HCl (212 mg, 1.17 mmol), HOBT (158 mg, 1.17 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.5 mL, 2.94 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and the
 10 precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 5-10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **781** (72 mg, 27%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆ 500 MHz):** δ 10.61 (s, 1H), 8.97 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.85-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.70-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.25 (m, 4H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H),
 15 3.62 (s, 3H).

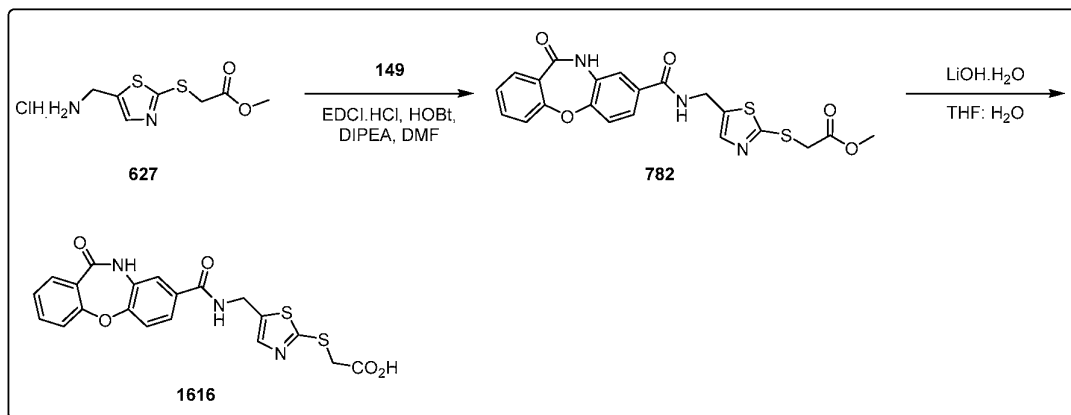
[000785] Synthesis of (5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) glycine (1615): To a stirring solution of compound **781**

(70 mg, 0.16 mmol) in THF: H₂O (1: 1, 10 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (38.4 mg, 0.80 mmol) at RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after
 20 completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL), washed with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 4 N HCl to ~2. The

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precipitated solid was filtered and triturated with CH₃CN (2 mL), MeOH: CH₃CN (1:1, 1 mL), MeOH (1 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1615** (30 mg, 44%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.60 (s, 1H), 8.95 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.51 (br s, 1H), 7.43-7.28 (m, 3H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.77 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 93.23%; 424.9 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.86 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 93.86%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.54 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

10 Synthesis of 1616



[000786] Synthesis of methyl 2-((5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4]oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetate (782): To a stirring solution of compound **149** (150 mg, 0.59 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (224 mg, 1.18 mmol), HOBT (158 mg, 1.18 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.30 mL, 1.81 mmol) and methyl 2-((5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetate hydrochloride **627** (139 mg, 0.65 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL); the obtained solid was filtered, triturated with CH₃CN (2 mL), diethyl ether (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **782** (180 mg, 67%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆ 500 MHz):** δ 10.60 (s, 1H), 9.13 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 6.7

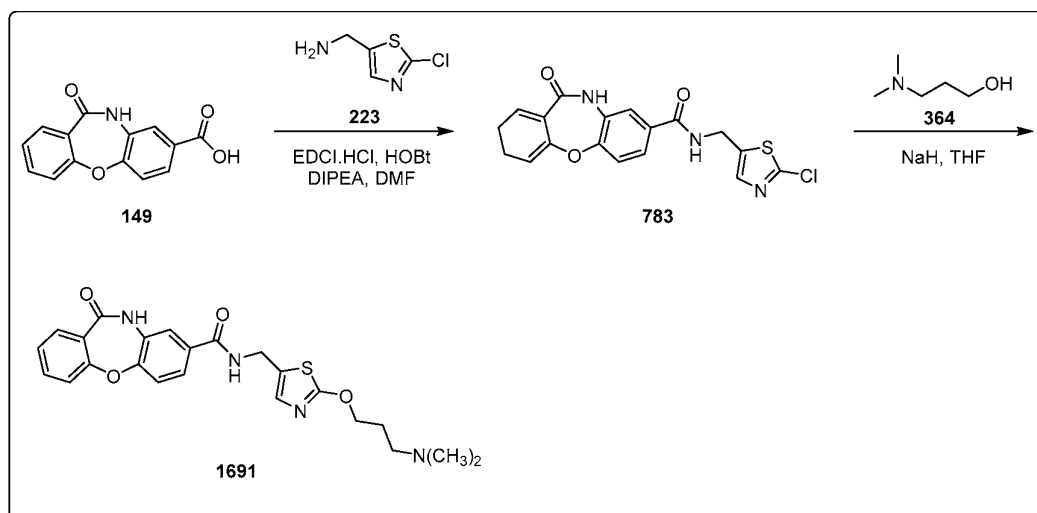
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Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.54 (m, 4H), 7.40 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.29 (m, 2H), 4.52 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.10 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H).

[000787] Synthesis of 2-((5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-

carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) thio) acetic acid (1616): To a stirring solution of compound **782** (150 mg, 0.33 mmol) in THF: H₂O (5: 1, 6 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (31.6 mg, 0.66 mmol) at RT and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), washed with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The pH of the aqueous layer was acidified with 4 N HCl to ~2. The precipitated solid was filtered washed with CH₃CN (5 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1616** (90 mg, 62%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 12.98 (br s, 1H), 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.15 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.54 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.00 (s, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.46%; 440.2 (M-1)⁺; (column; X-select C18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μ m); RT 2.64 min. 5 mM Aq. NH₄OAc + ACN; 0.8 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 96.34%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μ m); RT 7.27 min. ACN : 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min; Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1691



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[000788] Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (783): To a stirring solution of compound **149** (500 mg, 1.96 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added compound **223** (398 mg, 2.15 mmol), EDCI.HCl (561 mg, 2.94 mmol), HOBt (397 mg, 2.94 mmol) and

5 diisopropylethylamine (1.75 mL, 9.80 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice cold-water (50 mL), extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 8% MeOH/

10 CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **783** (390 mg, 52%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆ 500 MHz):** δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H).

[000789] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(3-(dimethylamino) propoxy) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1691): To a stirring solution

15 of 3-(dimethylamino) propan-1-ol **364** (0.11 mL, 0.97 mmol) in THF (15 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 39 mg, 1.62 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 15 min. To this was added compound **783** (125 mg, 0.32 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction

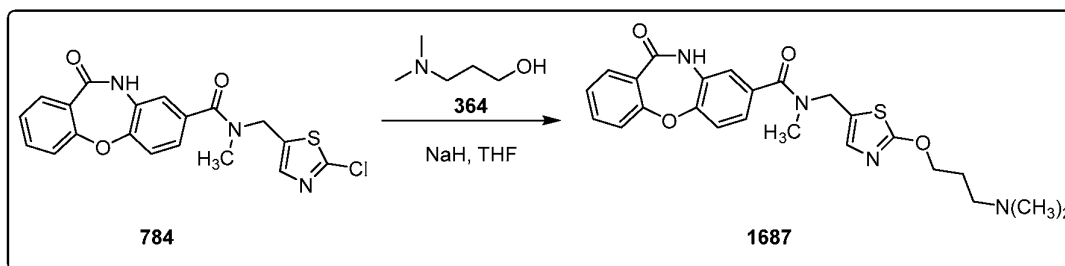
20 mixture was quenched with water (5 mL) and the extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1691** (15 mg, 10%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.62 (br s, 1H), 9.07 (t, *J* = 5.3

25 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.11 (s, 6H), 1.88-1.79 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 95.08%; 453.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.73 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5%

30 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 93.73%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.64 min. ACN : 0.05% TFA (Aq); 1.0 mL/min).

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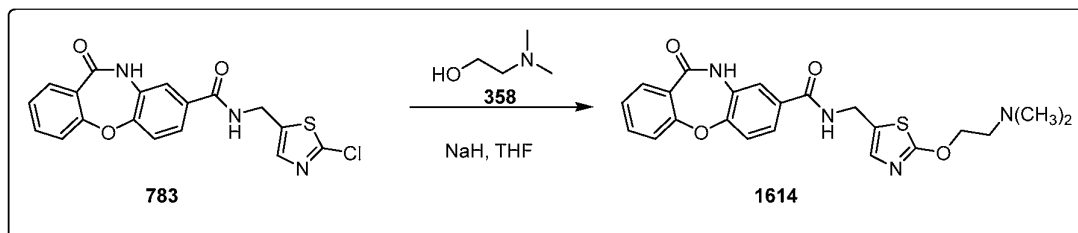
Synthesis of 1687



- 5 [000790] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(3-(dimethylamino) propoxy) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-*N*-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1687):** To a stirring solution of 3-(dimethylamino) propan-1-ol **364** (0.14 mL, 1.12 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 41 mg, 1.69 mmol) portion wise at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added compound **784** (150 mg, 0.37 mmol) at 0 °C;
- 10 heated to 60 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (0.5 mL) and the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1687** (75 mg, 43%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.56 (br s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.59 (br s, 2H), 4.35 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H), 2.30 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (s, 6H), 1.88-1.81 (m, 2H); **LC-MS:** 97.53%; 467.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.75 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 96.51%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.80 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN; 1.0 mL/min).
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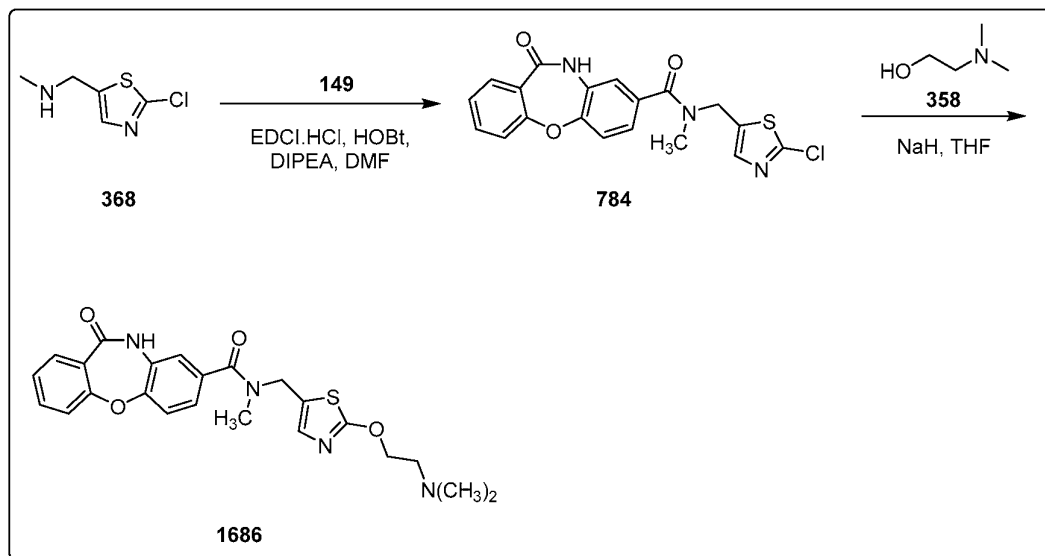
Synthesis of 1614



- 5 **[000791] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1614):** To a stirring solution of 2-(dimethylamino)ethan-1-ol **358** (70 mg, 0.77 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 28 mg, 1.16 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min. To this was added *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-
- 10 8-carboxamide **783** (150 mg, 0.38 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to reflux and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with ice-cold water (5 mL) and the extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 10%
- 15 MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ and further purified by preparative HPLC purification to afford **1614** (35 mg, 20%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.12 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.37 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 99.24%; 439.0
- 20 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.95 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 98.60%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.65 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 1686

[000792] Synthesis of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-*N*-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-

- 5 **dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (784):** To a stirring solution of compound 149 (400 mg, 1.57 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under argon atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (570 mg, 3.15 mmol), HOBT (425 mg, 3.15 mmol) at 0 °C RT and stirred for 10 min. To this were added compound 368 (280 mg, 1.73 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.8 mL, 4.72 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after
- 10 completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (50 mL) and the obtained solid was filtered, triturated with CH₃CN: diethyl ether (1: 4, 10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound 784 (520 mg, 89%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.56 (br s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (br s, 1H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 2H), 4.70 (br s,
- 15 2H), 2.89 (s, 3H).

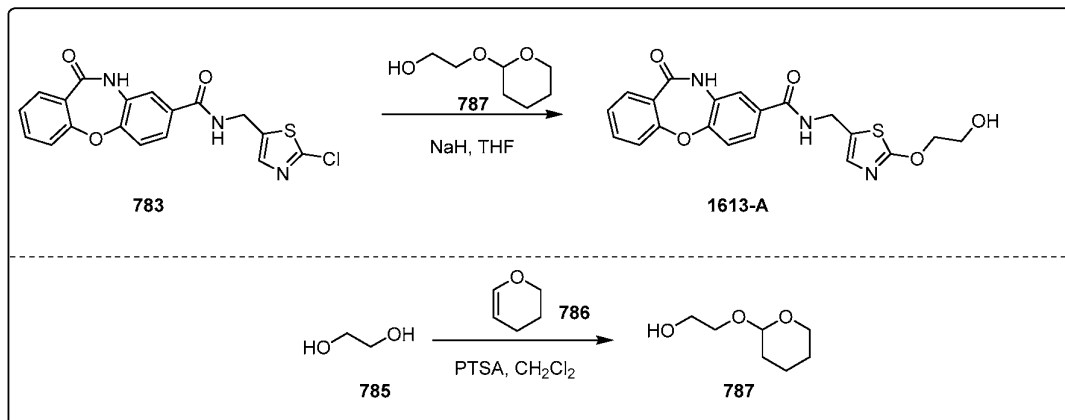
[000793] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(2-(dimethylamino) ethoxy) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-*N*-methyl-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1686):

- To a stirring solution of 2-(dimethylamino) ethan-1-ol 358 (0.12 mL, 1.12 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under
- 20 argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 41 mg, 1.69 mmol) portion wise at 0 °C

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and stirred for 10 min. To this was added compound **784** (150 mg, 0.37 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (0.5 mL) and the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude compound was purified through basic alumina column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1686** (85 mg, 50%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.56 (br s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.59 (br s, 2H), 4.40 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 6H); **LC-MS**: 98.25%; 453.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.72 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.15%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.67 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

Synthesis of 1613-A



[000794] Synthesis of 2-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)ethan-1-ol (787): To a stirring solution of ethane-1, 2-diol **785** (20 g, 322.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (250 mL) under inert atmosphere was added *p*-toluene sulfonic acid (3 g, 0.16 mmol) and 3, 4-dihydro-2H-pyran **786** (13.5 g, 0.16 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL) and washed with water (100 mL). The organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography

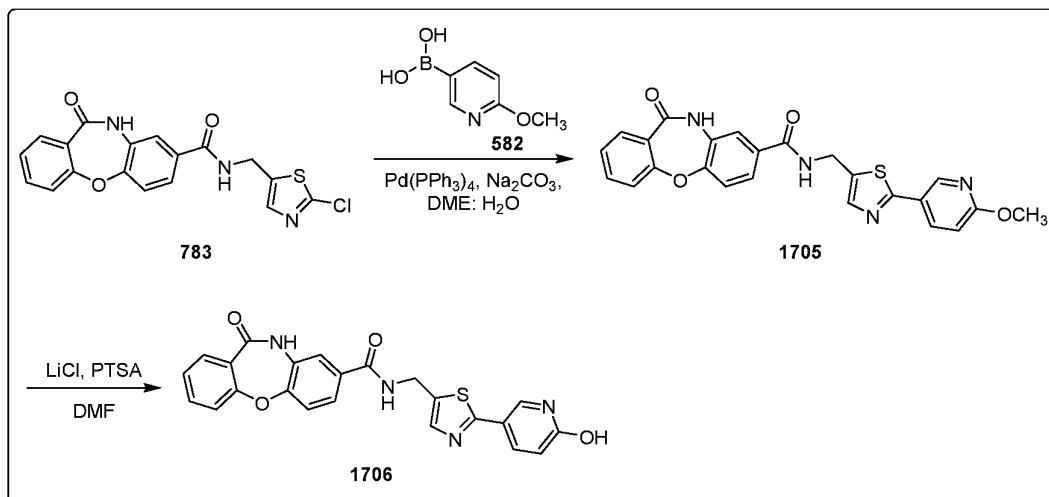
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using 30% EtOAc/ hexanes to afford compound **787** (6 g, 13%) as colorless thick syrup. **TLC:** 50% EtOAc/ hexanes (R_f : 0.4); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz):** δ 4.74-4.53 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.61 (m, 5H), 3.59-3.48 (m, 1H), 1.91-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.66-1.48 (m, 5H).

- 5 **[000795] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(2-((tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl) oxy) ethoxy) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1613-A):** To a stirring solution of compound **787** (19 mg, 0.12 mmol) in THF (4 mL) under argon atmosphere was added sodium hydride (60%, 4.5 mg, 0.18 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min. To this was added *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*, *f*] [1, 4]
- 10 oxazepine-8-carboxamide **783** (25 mg, 0.06 mmol) at 0 °C; heated to 60 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated citric acid solution (1 mL) and the extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude compound was diluted with 10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL), saturated citric
- 15 acid solution (3 mL) and the organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude; which was triturated CH_3OH (2 x 2 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1613-A** (12 mg, 45%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.4); **$^1\text{H-NMR}$ ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 400 MHz):** δ 10.62 (s, 1H), 9.09 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7$, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.05 (s, 1H),
- 20 4.91 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.30 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.68 (q, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 96.28%; 412.0 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); (column; X-Select CSH C-18, (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.5 μm); RT 2.46 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH_4OOCH , 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 96.02%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.39 min. 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN; 1.0 mL/min).

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Synthesis of 1705 and 1706



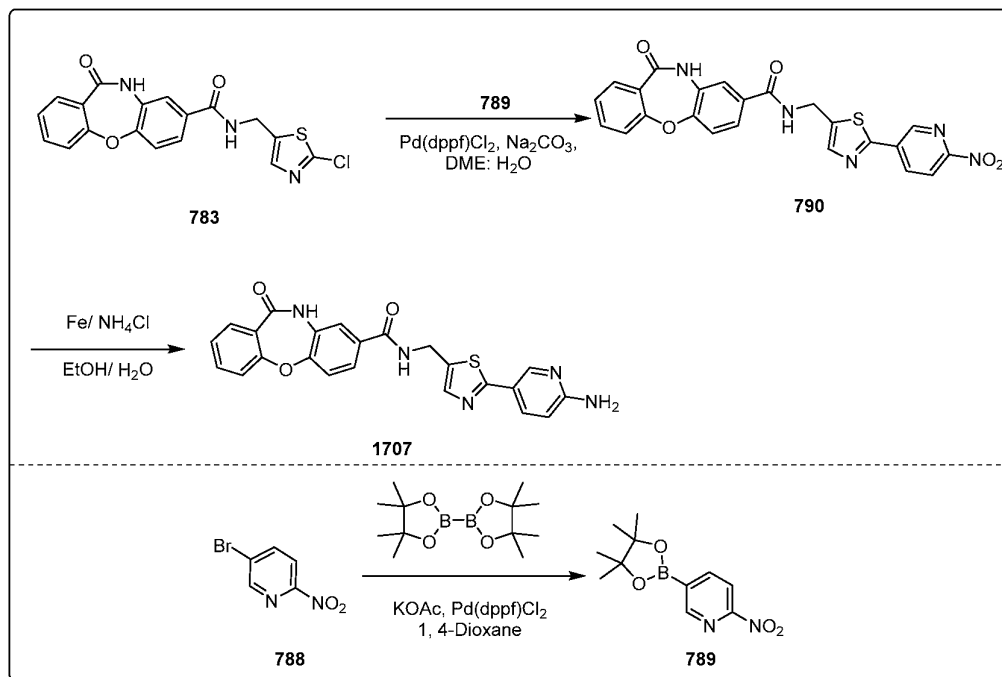
[000796] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(6-methoxypyridin-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1705):** To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide **783** (300 mg, 0.77 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 10 mL) were added (6-methoxypyridin-3-yl) boronic acid **582** (143 mg, 0.93 mmol), sodium carbonate (244 mg, 2.31 mmol) in a sealed tube and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (88 mg, 0.07 mmol) at RT; heated to 110 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-8% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1705** (160 mg, 45%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.23 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.29 (m, 2H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H); **LC-MS:** 98.15%; 459.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.26 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 99.44%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.52 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

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[000797] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(6-hydroxypyridin-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1706): To a stirring solution of **1705** (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added lithium chloride (46 mg, 1.08 mmol) *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (215 mg, 1.08 mmol) at RT in a sealed tube; heated to 120 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LC-MS; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and the precipitate was filtered. The solid was suspended in EtOAc (10 mL), stirred for 5 h, filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1706** (40 mg, 42%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 11.72 (br s, 1H), 10.62 (br s, 1H), 9.18 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (br s, 1H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.64-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.30 (m, 2H), 6.41 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 94.14%; 445.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.90 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 93.67%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.06 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 1707



[000798] Synthesis of 2-nitro-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) pyridine

5 (789): To a stirring solution of 5-bromo-2-nitropyridine **788** (1 g, 4.95 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (20 mL) under inert atmosphere were added bispinacolato diboron (1.9 g, 7.42 mmol), potassium acetate (1.45 g, 14.85 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min; to this was added Pd(dppf)Cl_2 (362 mg, 0.49 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 5 min, heated to 100 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion

10 of the reaction, the volatiles were concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was triturated with diethylether (20 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford compound **789** (980 mg, crude) as a brown sticky solid. **TLC**: 20% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2 (R_f : 0.2);

[000799] Synthesis of N-((2-(6-nitropyridin-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

15 dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (**790**): To a stirring solution N-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide **783** (300 mg, 0.77 mmol) in 1, 2-dimethoxy ethane: H_2O (4: 1, 20 mL) under

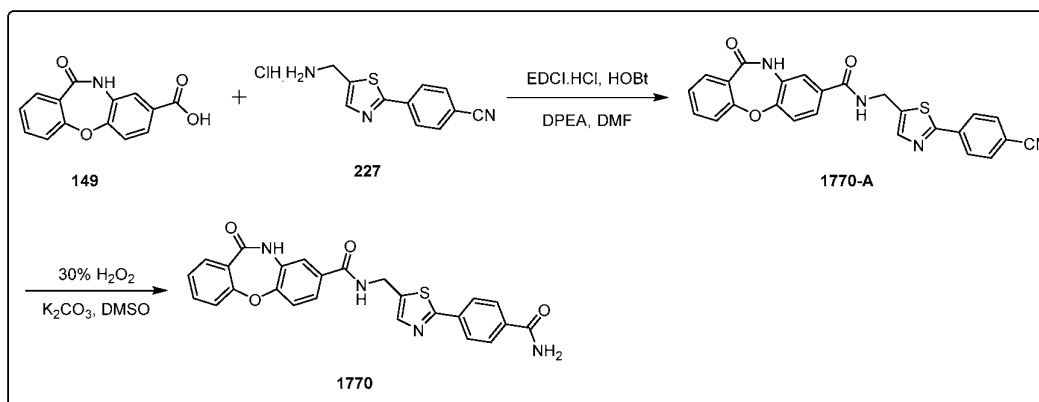
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inert atmosphere were added 2-nitro-5-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) pyridine **789** (600 mg, crude) and sodium carbonate (248 mg, 2.33 mmol) at RT and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (57 mg, 0.07 mmol) and heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **790** (200 mg, 54%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3). **LC-MS:** 47.25 %; 474.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.249 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA+ 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min).

[000800] Synthesis of N-((2-(6-aminopyridin-3-yl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1707): To a stirring solution of compound **790** (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) in EtOH: H₂O (1: 1, 10 mL) under inert atmosphere were added iron powder (118 mg, 2.11 mmol), ammonium chloride (113 mg, 2.11 mmol) at RT; heated to 90 °C for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂, triturated with EtOAc (10 mL), MeOH (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1707** (20 mg, 21%) as an off-white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.17 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.71-7.59 (m, 4H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 6.53-6.47 (m, 3H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 98.86%; 444.0 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.76 min. 0.025% Aq.TFA+ 5% ACN: ACN +5% 0.025% Aq TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 96.35%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.61 min. 5% ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1770, 1770-A

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[000801] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-cyanophenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1770-A): To a stirring solution of **149**

5 (150 mg, 0.58 mmol) in DMF (7.5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (168 mg, 0.88 mmol), HOBt (119 mg, 0.88 mmol), 4-(5-(aminomethyl)thiazol-2-yl) benzonitrile hydrochloride **227** (148 mg, 0.58 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.32 mL, 1.76 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silicagel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **1770-A** (120 mg, 45%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz):** δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.27 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.97-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS:** 99.16%; 453.2 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.35 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). **HPLC (purity):** 98.94%; (column; X-Select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 8.92 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq): 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: 20 ACN: water).

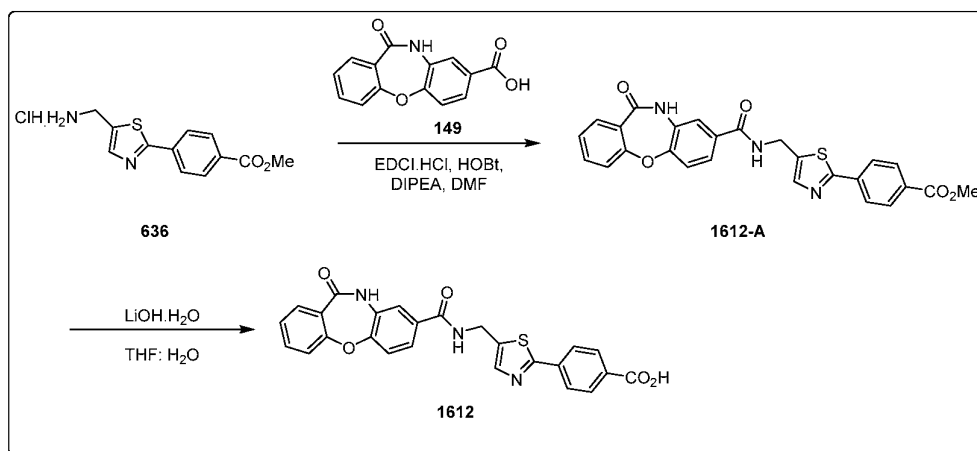
[000802] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-carbamoylphenyl)thiazol-5-yl)methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-

dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (1770): To a stirring solution of **1770-A**

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A (80 mg, 0.17 mmol) in DMSO (3 mL) under inert atmosphere were added potassium carbonate (122 mg, 0.88 mmol), 30% hydrogen peroxide (0.16 mL, 1.41 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water and the precipitated solid was
 5 filtered, washed with MeOH: EtOAc (1: 1, 20 mL). The obtained solid was suspended in 50% *n*-pentane/ diethylether (10 mL) and stirred for 16 h, the solvent was decanted and the solid was dried *in vacuo* to afford **1770** (25 mg, 30%) as white solid. **TLC**: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.62 (br s, 1H), 9.29 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (br s, 1H), 7.96-7.94 (m, 4H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.74 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.62-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.44 (br s,
 10 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 2H), 4.67 (s, 2H); **LC-MS**: 99.24%; 471.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.96 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 99.45%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.96 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN: water).

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Synthesis of 1612-A & 1612

[000803] Synthesis of methyl 4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoate (1612-A): To a stirring solution of compound
 20 **149** (150 mg, 0.58 mmol) in DMF (6 mL) under inert atmosphere were added EDCI.HCl (167 mg, 0.88 mmol), HOBt (119 mg, 0.88 mmol), methyl 4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoate hydrochloride **636** (183 mg, 0.64 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL, 2.94

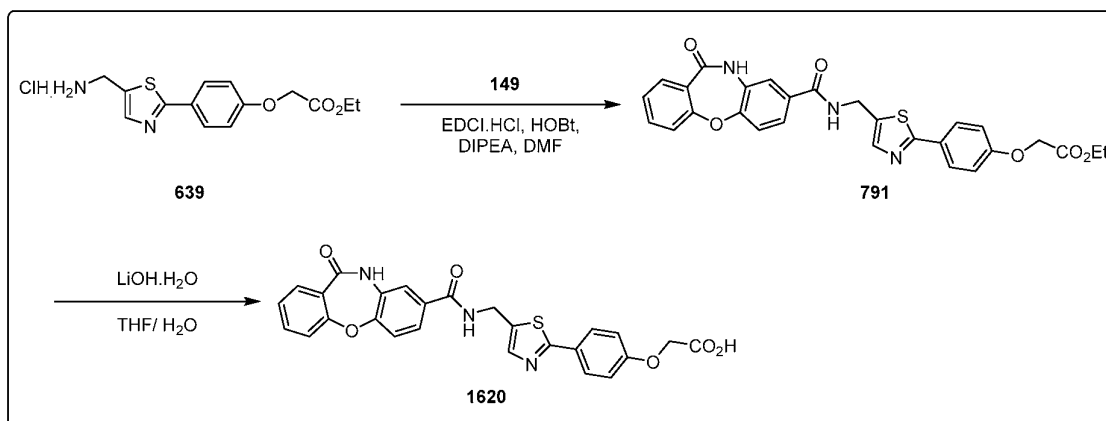
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mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and stirred for 10 min. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **1612-A** (160 mg, 56%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.25 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 4H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H); **LC-MS**: 97.06%; 485.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.45 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 97.26%; (column; X-select CSH C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 9.55 min. ACN + 0.5% TFA (Aq): 0.5% TFA (Aq) + ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

[000804] Synthesis of 4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b,f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzoic acid (1612): To a stirring solution of **1612-A** (60 mg, 0.12 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 5 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (11 mg, 0.24 mmol) at RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with ice-cold water (10 mL) and the pH was adjusted to with 2 N HCl to ~4. The precipitated solid was filtered washed with water (20 mL) diethyl ether (5 mL), *n*-pentane (10 mL) and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1612** (50 mg, 86%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz)**: δ 13.12 (br s, 1H), 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.26 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.99 (m, 4H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 96.31%; 472.0 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.21 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 96.41%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.86 min. ACN + 5% 0.5% TFA (Aq): 0.5% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 1620

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[000805] Synthesis of ethyl 2-(4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo[*b*,*f*][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamido)methyl)thiazol-2-yl)phenoxy)acetate (791):

To a stirring solution of compound **149** (75 mg, 0.29 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under inert atmosphere were added ethyl 2-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetate hydrochloride **639** (96 mg, 0.29 mmol), EDCI.HCl (84 mg, 0.44 mmol), HOBt (60 mg, 0.44 mmol), and diisopropylethylamine (0.27 mL, 1.47 mmol) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 150 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound **791** (60 mg, 39%) as white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); **¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz):** δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

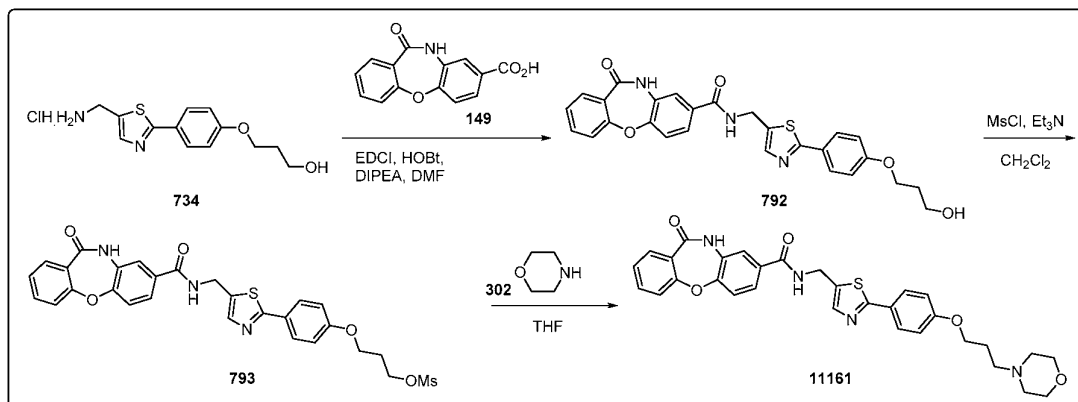
[000806] Synthesis of 2-(4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) acetic acid (1620):

To a stirring solution of compound **791** (60 mg, 0.11 mmol) in THF: H₂O (4: 1, 6 mL) was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (24 mg, 0.56 mmol) at RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was

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diluted water (50 mL) and the pH was acidified with 2 N HCl to ~6. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford **1620** (50 mg, 88%) as white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/
 CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); **¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 500 MHz)**: δ 13.05 (br s, 1H), 10.63 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, *J*
 = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.65-
 5 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* =
 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); **LC-MS**: 98.03%; 501.9 (*M*⁺+1); (column;
 Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 2.11 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN:
 ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity)**: 99.39%; (column; Zorbax SB C-
 18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 7.71 min; ACN + 0.5% TFA (Aq): 0.5% TFA (Aq) : 5% ACN;
 10 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

Synthesis of 11161



[000807] **Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-hydroxypropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-
 15 10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (792):** To a stirring solution of
 11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxylic acid 149 (1 g, 3.94 mmol) in
 DMF (30 mL) were added 3-(4-(5-(aminomethyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propan-1-ol
 hydrochloride 734 (1.3 g, 4.33 mmol), EDCI.HCl (1.13 g, 5.9 mmol), HOBt (797 mg, 5.9
 mmol) followed by diisopropylethylamine (3.43 mL, 19.68 mmol) at 0 °C under inert
 20 atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 16 h. The
 reaction was monitored by TLC and LCMS; after completion of the reaction, the reaction
 mixture was diluted with ice cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The
 combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to

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obtain the crude. The crude was purified through column chromatography using 1-5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ followed by triturations with 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 5 mL) to afford compound 792 (800 mg, 41%) as an off white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.5); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.20 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.83-7.76 (m, 3H), 7.72-7.68 (m, 2H),
5 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.56 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.55 (q, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.91-1.82 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 95.30%; 502.2 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.49 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

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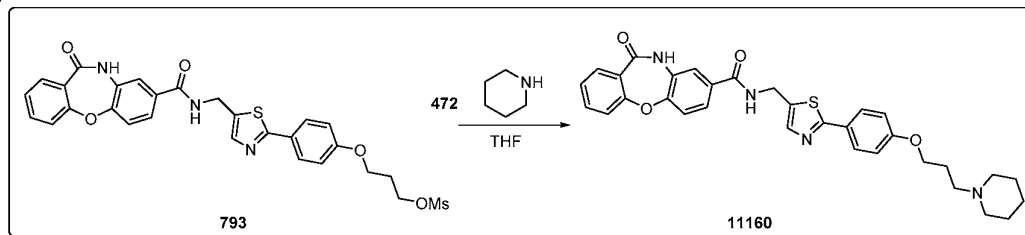
[000808] Synthesis of 3-(4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate (793): To a stirring solution of compound 792 (200 mg, 0.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) were added triethylamine (0.33 mL, 2.39 mmol) followed by methanesulfonyl chloride (0.1 mL, 1.2 mmol) at 0 °C under
15 inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to RT and stirred for 4 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford compound 793 (250 mg) as pale brown viscous syrup. This
20 crude material was taken to next step without further purification. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.6); LC-MS: 46.00%; 580.1 (*M*⁺+1); (column; Kinetex EVO C-18 (50 x 3.0 mm, 2.6 μm); RT 2.85 min. 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM NH₄OOCH in water, 0.8 mL/min).

25 **[000809] Synthesis of N-((2-(4-(3-morpholinopropoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [b, f] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (11161):** To a stirring solution of compound 793 (180 mg, crude) in THF (5 mL) was added morpholine (0.11 mL, 1.29 mmol) in a sealed tube at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and LCMS; after completion of
30 the reaction, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2

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x 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 2-10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ followed by trituration with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 2 mL) to afford 11161 (80 mg, 32%) as an off-white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.4); ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 10.64 (s, 1H), 9.19 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.76 (m, 3H), 7.72-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.44-2.33 (m, 6H), 1.91-1.85 (m, 2H); LC-MS: 92.40%; 571.2 (M⁺+1); (column; Ascentis Express C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.85 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); HPLC (purity): 94.04%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.75 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN : H₂O : DMSO).

Synthesis of 11160



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[000810] Synthesis of 11-oxo-*N*-((2-(4-(3-(piperidin-1-yl) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide (11160):

To a stirring solution of 3-(4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate **793** (250 mg, 0.43 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added piperidine **472** (0.21 mL, 2.15 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 1-6% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ which was further trituated with 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 5 mL) to afford **11160** (90 mg, 36%) as an off-white solid. **TLC**: 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.3); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.22 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz,

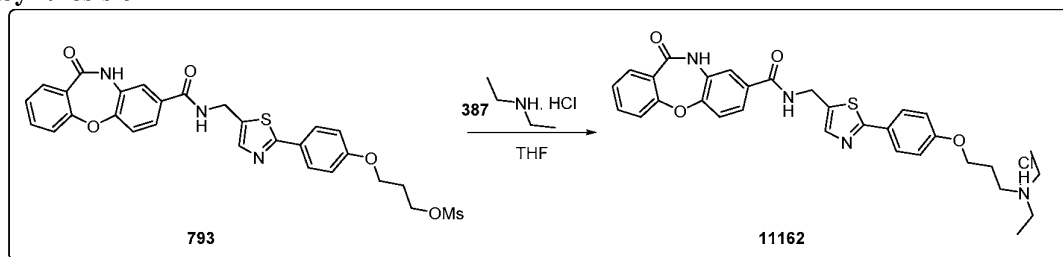
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1H), 7.85-7.74 (m, 3H), 7.71-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.08 (t, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.92-2.62 (m, 4H), 2.46-2.35 (m, 2H), 2.03-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.61-1.63 (m, 4H), 1.46-1.44 (m, 2H);

LC-MS: 99.16%; 569.3 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.87 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC** (purity): 99.01%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 6.03 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: DMSO: ACN).

Synthesis of 11162



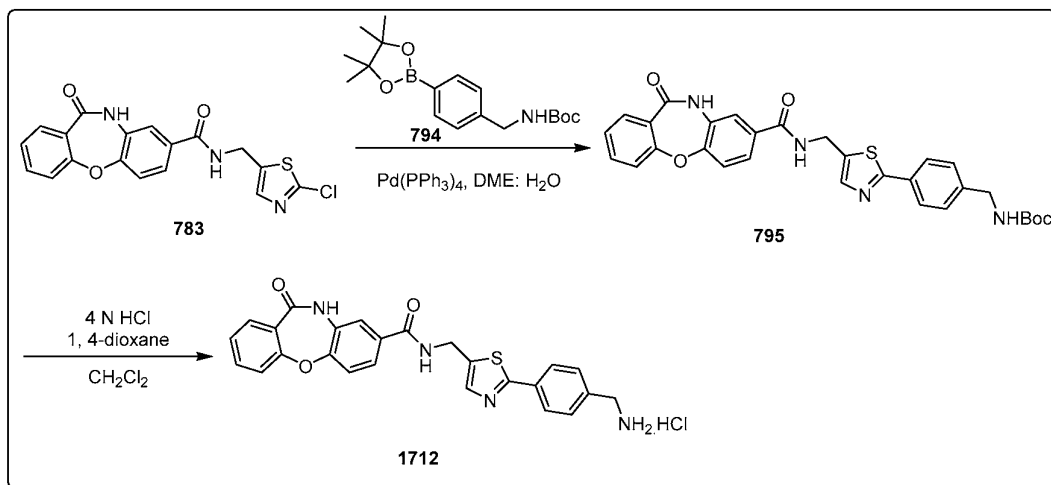
[000811] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(3-(diethylamino) propoxy) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide hydrochloride (11162):

To a stirring solution of 3-(4-(5-(((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) phenoxy) propyl methanesulfonate **793** (200 mg, 0.34 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added diethylamine hydrochloride **387** (1 mL, 1.04 mmol) at RT under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated to 80 °C and stirred for 16 h in a sealed tube. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford **11162** (80 mg, 41%) as an off white solid. **TLC:** 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (R_f : 0.2); **¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆):** δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 9.86 (br s, 1H), 9.23 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.63 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.12 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.20-3.11 (m, 6H), 2.12 (br s, 2H), 1.21 (br s, 6H); **LC-MS:** 95.66%; 557.1 ($M^+ + 1$); (column; Ascentis Express C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.97 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min); **HPLC (purity):** 97.95%; (column; X-Select CSH-C-18 (150 × 4.6 mm, 3.5

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μm); RT 5.94 min. 0.05% TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: H₂O: ACN).

Synthesis of 1712



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[000812] Synthesis of *tert*-butyl (4-(5-((11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4]

oxazepine-8-carboxamido) methyl) thiazol-2-yl) benzyl) carbamate (795): To a stirring solution of *N*-((2-chlorothiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10, 11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide 783 (150 mg, 0.38 mmol) in 1, 2 dimethoxy ethane: H₂O (4: 1, 6

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mL) were added *tert*-butyl (4-(4, 4, 5, 5-tetramethyl-1, 3, 2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) benzyl) carbamate 794 (259 mg, 0.77 mmol), sodium carbonate (144 mg, 1.36 mmol) and purged under argon atmosphere for 15 min. To this was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (45 mg, 0.039 mmol) at RT; heated to 100 °C and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (2 x

15

100 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was purified through silica gel column chromatography using 4% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ to afford compound 795 (150 mg, 69%) as white solid. TLC: 5% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R*_f: 0.4); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 10.77 (s, 1H),

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9.35 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.94-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.80-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 4H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H); LC-MS: 94.24%; 557.1 (M⁺+1); (column; X Select CSH C-18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.5

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μm); RT 3.19 min. 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 2.5 mM Aq. NH₄OOCH, 0.8 mL/min).

[000813] Synthesis of *N*-((2-(4-(aminomethyl) phenyl) thiazol-5-yl) methyl)-11-oxo-10,

- 5 **11-dihydrodibenzo [*b*,*f*] [1, 4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide hydrochloride (1712):** To a stirring solution of compound 795 (150 mg, 0.26 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) under inert atmosphere was added 4 N HCl in 1, 4-dioxane (1.5 mL) at 0 °C; warmed to RT and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC; after completion of the reaction, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to obtain the crude. The crude was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 5 mL) and dried
- 10 *in vacuo* to afford 1712 (95 mg, 72%) as white solid. TLC: 10% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂ (*R_f*: 0.2); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 10.67 (s, 1H), 9.30 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (br s, 3 H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (q, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H); LC-MS: 99.11%; 457.0 (M⁺+1). (column; Ascentis Express
- 15 C18, (50 × 3.0 mm, 2.7 μm); RT 1.79 min. 0.025% Aq. TFA + 5% ACN: ACN + 5% 0.025% Aq. TFA, 1.2 mL/min). HPLC (purity): 98.28%; (column; Zorbax SB C-18 (150 x 4.6 mm, 3.5 μm); RT 5.61 min. ACN + 5% 0.05% TFA (Aq): 0.05% TFA (Aq) + 5% ACN; 1.0 mL/min, Diluent: ACN: water).

20 **Example 2: Assay Measuring Activity of Compounds on Viral Production in and on Viability of AD38 Cells**

- [000814]** AD38 cells grown in a 175 cm flask with “Growth Medium” (DMEM/F12 (1:1) (cat# SH30023.01, Hyclone, 1X Pen/step (cat#: 30-002-CL, Mediatech, Inc), 10% FBS (cat#: 101, Tissue Culture Biologics), 250 μg/mL G418 (cat#: 30-234-CR, Mediatech, Inc), 1 μg/mL
- 25 Tetracycline (cat#: T3325, Teknova)) were detached with 0.25% trypsin. Tetracycline-free “treatment medium” (15 mL DMEM/F12 (1:1) (cat# SH30023.01, Hyclone, 1x Pen/step (cat#: 30-002-CL, Mediatech, Inc), with 2% FBS, Tet-system approved (cat#: 631106, Clontech) were then added to mix and spun at 1300 rpm for 5 min. Pelleted cells were then re-suspended/washed with 50 mL of 1X PBS 2 times and 10 mL Treatment Medium one time.
- 30 AD38 cells were then re-suspended with 10 mL of Treatment Medium and counted. Wells of a

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collagen coated 96-well NUNC microtiter plate were seeded at 50,000/well in 180 μ L of Treatment Medium, and 20 μ L of in treatment media with either 10% DMSO (Control) or a 10X solution of compound in 10% DMSO was added. Plates were incubated for 6 days at 37 °C.

- 5 **[000815]** Viral load production was assayed by quantitative PCR of the core sequence. Briefly, 5 μ L of clarified supernatant was added to a PCR reaction mixture that contained forward primers HBV-f 5'-CTGTGCCTTGGGTGGCTTT-3', Reverse primers HBV-r 5'-AAGGAAAGAAGTCAGAAGGCAAAA-3' and Fluorescent TaqManTM Probes HBV-probe 5'-FAM/AGCTCCAAA/ZEN/TTCTTTATAAGGGTCGATGTCCATG/3IABkFQ -3' in
- 10 Quanta Biosciences PerfeCTa[®] qPCR Toughmix[®], and was subsequently on an Applied Biosystems VIIA7 in a final volume of 20 μ L. The PCR mixture was incubated at 45 °C for 5 minutes, then 95 °C for 10 min, followed by 40 cycles of 10 seconds at 95 °C and 20 seconds at 60 °C. Viral load was quantitated against known standards by using ViiATM 7 Software. Viral load in the supernatant from wells with treated cells were compared against viral load in
- 15 supernatant from DMSO control wells (≥ 3 per plate).

- [000816]** At the end of compound treatment period cell viability was assessed using a Promega CellTiter-Glo protocol. All supernatant was removed the previously treated 96-well microtiter plate, and 50 μ L Tetracycline-free treatment medium (DMEM/F12 (1:1), 1x Pen/step (cat#: 30-002-CL, Mediatech, Inc), with 2% FBS, Tet-system approved (cat#: 631106,
- 20 Clontech), and 1% DMSO was added back to each well. Another 50 μ L of CellTiter-Glo reagent solution (Promega, G7573) was then added at room temperature and the contents mixed for 2 minutes on an orbital shaker to induce cell lysis. This was followed by incubation at room temperature for 10 minutes to stabilize the luminescent signal. The luminescence was recorded for 0.2 seconds per well on a Tecan multimode platereader (Infinite M1000 pro). The
- 25 luminescent signal from each well was normalized against that of untreated (DMSO) control wells. All results were reported percent viability (with controls being 100%).

Table 5 – Compounds and Biological activity

Example	AD38 Viral Load (%) (VL with cmpd/VL in DMSO control) at 10	AD38 Viability Normalized Result (cmpd/DMSO %) at 10
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- 569 -

	μM	μM
1425	0.6	100
1432	21.8	101
1473	26.5	79
1496	9.6	57
1424	0.5	97
1431	5.5	103
1421	1.3	104
1525	0.2	104
1528	0.8	76
1526	0.8	94
1535	0.8	84
1546	2.2	97
1541	3.7	98
1544	2.6	88
1551	0.4	99
1557	0.6	98
1558	0.5	106
1548	0.4	97
1552	0.4	102
1559	0.7	87
1529	2.0	97
1553	0.5	107
1562	0.9	97
1549	106.2	105
1556	1.6	105
1594	0.9	105
1592	1.3	99
1561	10.3	96
1566	0.6	95

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1555	1.0	89
1595	0.3	109
1550	4.0	96
1584	1.4	101
1585	64.1	96
1589	80.0	98
1581	34.4	93
1587	2.8	99
1590	6.2	95
1596	3.8	25
1598	1.4	97
1606	3.0	91
1611	1.4	100
1618	1.9	100
1586	27.9	83
1599-A	50.9	98
1604	0.9	82
1605	0.7	96
1607	52.8	98
1612-A	12.4	101
1617	2.2	101
1619	1.3	95
1620	41.9	103
1583	1.0	0
1599	5.9	61
1603	32.8	108
1608	12.4	98
1612	6.9	105
1616	105.0	103
1621	25.9	81

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1624	0.8	98
1602	59.8	97
1614	8.5	98
1615	54.9	103
1626	2.7	99
1629	3.2	107
1580	104.3	102
1625	51.9	96
1648	9.9	95
1661	45.2	90
1627	6.0	63
1628	21.8	95
1636	76.9	95
1650	58.8	82
1679	1.1	94
1698	2.7	91
1613-A	11.5	95
1637	2.3	101
1686	58.4	102
1687	49.2	102
1691	77.1	89
1645	6.7	101
1645-B	77.8	100
1654	0.5	94
1660	86.8	102
1668	23.4	106
1694	61.1	91
1704	47.6	96
1732	18.8	100
1734	10.6	96

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1645-A	0.3	98
1654-A	2.6	68
1680	15.0	94
1696	0.8	109
1664	0.6	99
1665	2.7	90
1673	3.2	105
1697	5.5	90
1703	3.1	93
1705	3.7	93
1712-1	5.2	97
1749	54.3	109
1752	29.8	98
1764	1.1	107
1770-A	29.8	100
1666	0.9	98
1670	0.9	102
1746	5.6	92
1747	3.0	95
1750	1.1	107
1753	2.4	97
1758	3.8	15
1760	6.4	94
1761	10.7	97
1766	1.3	98
1770	32.5	77
1675	2.3	115
1677-A	2.3	103
1695	22.9	102
1701	2.1	94

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1702	5.3	102
1735	3.1	92
1736-A	14.1	97
1738-A	1.8	104
1751	2.8	18
1754	1.6	93
1755	0.4	93
1667	0.5	93
1710	39.9	96
1711	6.5	96
1714-A	49.2	106
1736	6.8	94
1737	7.2	112
1738	2.9	93
1763	12.9	93
1769	43.3	101
1772	7.1	109
1653	65.4	108
1671-A	0.7	111
1767	0.5	94
1669	13.1	104
1671	18.2	100
1677-B	2.4	89
1700	9.2	105
1706	57.5	103
1708	0.8	90
1709-A	29.5	106
1672	0.6	101
1674	0.3	121
1709	51.1	94

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1768	0.4	94
1806-A	0.3	66
1707	10.7	88
1804-A	6.6	90
1805	0.6	97
1806	0.8	105
1804	0.5	103
1815	0.2	88
1814	0.9	92
1817	0.3	97
1826	11.8	91
1838	1.4	113
1819	0.5	118
1820	3.2	105
1831	3.8	112
1832	14.1	98
1911	0.4	111
1855	2.5	102
1905	0.3	109
1910	19.0	94
1913	68.1	111
1915	15.7	100
1842	46.5	109
1857	1.5	107
1861	5.9	94
1862	19.9	107
1863	9.4	106
1917	1.1	108
1839	6.6	96
1840	3.2	107

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1856	1.3	96
1860	7.5	98
1866	2.9	98
1877	0.2	96
1878	1.0	103
1914	120.4	77
1821	0.5	102
1833	67.4	102
1858	0.7	103
1859	2.7	89
1864	3.0	93
1904	0.5	89
1816	0.2	82
1835-A	0.3	89
1865	1.0	94
1921	1.2	101
1935	0.7	112
1893	2.0	91
1907	0.5	85
1879-A	2.5	121
1942	3.0	106
1823-A	5.8	92
1835	12.3	94
1841	9.1	104
1879	7.2	104
1908	7.0	94
1916	15.5	103
1932	2.2	101
1974	15.3	103
1823	5.2	96

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1920	48.8	85
1922	60.3	39
1930	23.8	91
1934	40.0	69
1936	13.5	94
1941	5.2	84
1975	1.0	63
1885-A	4.5	107
1909	1.3	95
1929	1.2	93
1931	8.5	97
1822	1.5	89
1951	1.8	101
1958	1.5	91
1971	7.0	87
1943	1.9	98
1944	2.5	93
1947	2.3	101
1949	2.9	99
1954	0.5	106
1957	1.5	94
1960	0.8	106
1880	6.7	104
1880-A	0.7	124
1886	1.5	106
1927	4.7	92
1959	5.0	92
1970	1.5	121
1993	0.5	96
1906	7.8	89

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1992	5.0	89
11002-A	1.0	106
11016-A	6.7	103
11017-A	8.8	102
1952	0.8	106
1953	0.4	118
1956	2.3	88
11016	38.8	106
11017	21.0	86
11019	14.3	93
11019-A	1.0	95
1901-A	3.0	118
1901-B	69.4	108
1973	33.7	100
11004	5.5	94
11018	3.9	98
11018-A	0.6	104
11041	47.4	94
11042	0.8	109
1972	23.5	100
1981	0.2	105
11001	1.7	77
11002	0.9	90
11003	0.3	97
11007-A	0.9	75
11043	12.0	100
11044	5.1	124
1881	0.8	108
11006	1.3	97
11007	2.0	101

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C38-02	0.5	94
11074	0.6	103
1995	16.3	103
11005	1.9	102
11032-A	12.9	110
11038	2.0	99
11067	2.5	99
11073	2.2	94
11078	45.7	96
1889	4.6	98
1995-A	2.4	107
11039	1.9	92
11040	1.9	104
11053	3.6	104
11079	3.3	102
11082	1.2	95
11083	0.8	62
1882	1.0	103
1990	4.1	98
11054	14.1	102
11055	4.0	94
11056	0.8	96
1988	1.3	103
1991	2.0	98
11048	1.2	103
11051	1.2	103
11057	1.0	101
11077	0.9	90
1989	2.5	90
1994	0.9	92

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11046	0.9	100
11047	1.4	96
11050	0.7	96
11080	1.4	84
11084	9.7	91
11086	4.7	88
1998	3.7	99
11011	5.3	98
11045	0.6	94
11085	3.4	88
11087	7.1	103
11088	17.9	100
11093	4.6	102
11094	0.6	94
11102	0.5	93
11104-A	0.9	74
C20-01	1.5	98
C20-02	0.5	95
C38-01	1.3	99
1888	1.2	100
11028	5.2	92
11029	5.3	105
11063	1.2	102
11063-A	0.4	104
11091	1.3	89
11103	2.5	102
11104	9.4	97
11116	0.9	97
11131	2.0	88
1997	9.7	104

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11026	5.5	100
11049	0.8	89
11063-B	5.4	95
11065	1.2	66
11066	0.4	104
11092	0.5	101
11099	3.9	90
11101	1.9	85
11118	1.9	95
11134	1.4	90
11135	1.8	91
11106	3.3	97
11106-A	3.6	90
11137	3.6	96
11148	0.3	98
11149	0.2	100
11032	51.7	103
11033	17.1	95
11064	4.1	85
11100	6.8	102
11150	0.4	100
11152	1.6	96
C51-01	0.4	99
C51-02	0.2	98
11105	1.6	95
11107-A	7.7	100
11112	4.0	100
11117-A	0.3	110
11142	0.8	87
11158	6.4	100

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11160	17.7	104
11162	8.7	104
11182	0.7	104
1996	17.4	100
11061	0.9	95
11107	6.4	96
11108	11.2	95
11108-B	0.8	101
11113	4.9	92
11138	1.0	96
11139	5.5	104
11140	5.5	99
11161	1.7	104
C44-01	2.6	97

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

[000817] All publications and patents mentioned herein, including those items listed below, are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes as if each individual publication or patent was specifically and individually incorporated by reference. In case of conflict, the present application, including any definitions herein, will control.

EQUIVALENTS

[000818] While specific embodiments of the subject invention have been discussed, the above specification is illustrative and not restrictive. Many variations of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon review of this specification. The full scope of the invention should be determined by reference to the claims, along with their full scope of equivalents, and the specification, along with such variations.

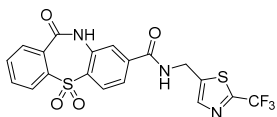
[000819] Unless otherwise indicated, all numbers expressing quantities of ingredients, reaction conditions, and so forth used in the specification and claims are to be understood as being modified in all instances by the term “about.” Accordingly, unless indicated to the

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contrary, the numerical parameters set forth in this specification and attached claims are approximations that may vary depending upon the desired properties sought to be obtained by the present invention.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound represented by



5 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

2. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising the compound of claim 1.

3. The compound of claim 1 for use in treating a hepatitis B infection.

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4. Use of the compound of claim 1 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a hepatitis B infection.