

Abstract

The invention relates to a leak test for liquid-filled receptacles, in accordance with which a pressure difference Δp between the inside and the outside of the receptacle is established. The invention seeks to provide reliable information about the imperviousness of the receptacle and also of its walls, which are in contact with the liquid content. To this end, impedance measurement (7) is carried out on the outside of the receptacle (1) by means of measuring electrodes (3a, 3b).

(Fig. 1)