What is claimed is:

1. An amorphous solid dispersion comprising a taxane or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polysorbate, and sodium lauryl sulfate.

2. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the taxane is any one selected from the group consisting of paclitaxel, docetaxel, cabazitaxel, larotaxel, ortataxel, tesetaxel, and a combination thereof.

3. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the taxane is paclitaxel.

4. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the polyvinylpyrrolidone is polyvinylpyrrolidone K-30.

5. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of the polyvinylpyrrolidone and the taxane is in the range of 2:1 to 9:1.

6. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 5, wherein the weight ratio of the polyvinylpyrrolidone and the taxane is 2.5:1 to 3.5:1.

7. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the polysorbate is polysorbate 80.

8. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of polysorbate to sodium lauryl sulfate is 1:5 to 5:1.

9. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of the taxane to the combined weight of polysorbate and sodium lauryl sulfate is 1:1 to 1:3.

10. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of the combined weight of polysorbate and sodium lauryl sulfate to the polyvinylpyrrolidone is 1:1 to 1:5.

11. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein polyvinylpyrrolidone is in an amount of 10% to 80% by weight based on the total amount of the solid dispersion.

12. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 11, wherein polyvinylpyrrolidone is in an amount of 40% to 60% by weight based on the total amount of the solid dispersion.

13. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the combined weight of polysorbate and sodium lauryl sulfate is 10% to 50% by weight based on the total amount of the solid dispersion.

14. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 13, wherein the combined weight of polysorbate and sodium lauryl sulfate is 30 to 40% by weight based on the total amount of the solid dispersion.

15. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of the polyvinylpyrrolidone to the taxane is about 3:1 and the weight ratio of the taxane to the combined weight of polysorbate and sodium lauryl sulfate is about 1:2.

16. The amorphous solid dispersion of claim 1, which is prepared by spray drying.

17. A tablet comprising the amorphous solid dispersion of any one of claims 1 to 16, an intragranular excipient, and an extragranular excipient.

18. The tablet of claim 17, wherein the amorphous solid dispersion is in an amount of 15% to 50% by weight, based on the total weight of the tablet.

19. The tablet of claim 18, wherein the amorphous solid dispersion is in an amount of 20 to 30% by weight, based on total tablet weight.

20. The tablet of claim 17, wherein the intragranular and extragranular excipients are each selected from the group consisting of fillers, disintegrants, lubricants, surfactants, and a mixture thereof.

21. The tablet of claim 17, wherein the intragranular excipient is selected from the group consisting of microcrystalline cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, sodium lauryl sulfate, and a mixture thereof.

22. The tablet of claim 17, wherein the extragranular excipient is selected from the group consisting of microcrystalline cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, sodium stearyl fumarate, and a mixture thereof.

23. A method for preparing the amorphous solid dispersion of any one of claims 1 to 16, comprising the steps:

(a) dissolving a taxane or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polysorbate, and sodium lauryl sulfate in a solvent; and

(b) drying the solution obtained in step (a).

24. The method of claim 23, wherein step (b) comprises spray drying.

25. The method of claim 23, wherein the taxane is dissolved in an organic solvent.

26. The method of claim 23, wherein the polyvinylpyrrolidone, polysorbate, and sodium lauryl sulfate is dissolved in an aqueous organic solvent.

27. The method of claim 26, wherein the aqueous organic solvent comprises a mixture of ethanol and water.

28. A method for preparing the tablet of any one of claims 17 to 22, comprising the steps:

(a) dissolving a taxane or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polysorbate, and sodium lauryl sulfate in a solvent;

(b) drying the solution obtained in step (a) to produce a solid dispersion;

(c) mixing together the solid dispersion with an extragranular excipient; and

(d) compressing the resulting mixture to form a tablet.

29. The method of claim 28, wherein step (b) comprises spray drying.

30. The method of claim 29, wherein the spray drying is conducted in a fluid bed.

31. The method of claim 30, wherein the fluid bed comprises an intragranular excipient.

32. The method of claim 28, wherein the polyvinylpyrrolidone, polysorbate, and sodium lauryl sulfate is dissolved in an aqueous organic solvent.

33. The method of claim 32, wherein the solvent aqueous organic solvent comprises a mixture of ethanol and water.