WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An oil soluble reaction product, useful as a lubricating oil additive, comprising the product of:

a) an oil soluble ethylene-alpha olefin copolymer comprising from 10 to less than 80 weight % ethylene and greater than 20 up to 90 weight % of at least one C_3 to C_{28} alpha olefin, having a number average molecular weight from ~~about~~ 5,000 to 120,000 and grafted with 0.5 to 5 weight % of an ethylenically unsaturated acylating agent having at least one carboxylic acid group or anhydride group, with

b) a hydrocarbyl substituted poly(oxyalkylene) monoamine of the formula:

$$R_1\text{-}(O\text{-}CHR_2\text{-}CHR_3)_x\text{-}A$$

wherein

R_1 is a hydrocarbyl group having from ~~about~~ 1 to ~~about~~ 35 carbon atoms;

R_2 and R_3 are each independently hydrogen, methyl, or ethyl and each R_2 and R_3 are independently selected in each – $O\text{-}CHR_2\text{-}CHR_3$- unit;

A is amino, -CH_2amino or N-alkyl amino having ~~about~~ 1 to 10 carbon atoms; and

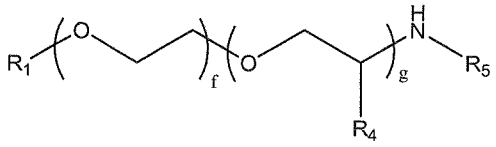
x is an integer from ~~about~~ 2 to ~~about~~ 45.

2. The oil soluble reaction product of Claim 1 wherein the oil soluble olefin copolymer comprises from 35 to less than 60 weight % ethylene and greater than 40 up to 65 weight % of at least one C_3 to C_{28} alpha olefins.

3. The oil soluble reaction product of Claim 2 wherein the oil soluble ethylene-alpha olefin copolymer comprises from 45 to less than 55 weight % ethylene and greater than 45 up to 55 weight % of at least one C_3 to C_{12} alpha olefins.

4. The oil soluble reaction product of Claim 3 wherein the at least one C_3 to C_{28} alpha olefins is selected from the group comprising C_3 to C_8 alpha olefins.

17. A method for improving diesel engine wear by lubricating said engine with a composition comprising an oil of lubricating viscosity and based upon the total composition of the lubricating oil composition from ~~about~~ 0.1 to ~~about~~ 2.0 weight % actives of the reaction product of a ethylene-alpha olefin copolymer acylated with maleic anhydride having a number average molecular weight from 5,000 to 120,000 and hydrocarbyl-substituted poly(oxyalkylene) monoamine represented by the formula:



wherein:

R_1 a hydrocarbyl group having from ~~about~~ 1 to ~~about~~ 35 carbon atoms;

R_4 is independently hydrogen or methyl for each repeat unit g,

R_5 is hydrogen or alkyl from 1 to 10 carbon atoms; and

f and g are integers such that f+g is from 2 to 45 and wherein R_4 is selected to have a plurality of ethylene oxide in the polyoxyalkylene moiety.