

ABSTRACT

The present disclosure relates to a continuous winding assembly, and more particularly, to a continuous winding assembly wound on a motor stator. The continuous winding assembly of the present disclosure satisfies the balance of back electromotive force and inductance by having windings between each parallel circuit, which are interconnected to form a series winding, and adopt a specific pitch and shape, and allows each wire to be connected to be positioned in the same phase to enable welding without twisting, thereby having the effect of easily forming a series winding without a terminal assembly.

FIG. 3