

ABSTRACT

The present invention provides a method for producing methionine characterized by comprising a step of hydrolyzing
5 5-[2-(methylthio)ethyl]imidazolidine-2,4-dione in the presence of an alkali compound to obtain a reaction solution containing an alkali salt of methionine, a step of precipitating methionine by introducing carbon dioxide into the reaction solution to obtain a first slurry containing
10 the methionine, a step of allowing the first slurry to flow into a pressurized filter and obtaining the solid methionine and mother liquor from the first slurry, and a step of recovering carbon dioxide from the mother liquor. By the present production method, the carbon dioxide introduced in
15 the crystallization step is suppressed from being released from the mother liquor, and the carbon dioxide can be recovered.