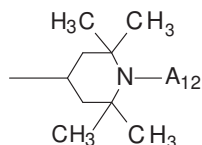


(A-1)

wherein A_{11} is C_2 - C_{18} alkylene, C_5 - C_7 cycloalkylene or C_1 - C_4 alkylenedi-
(C_5 - C_7 cycloalkylene),

the radicals A_{12} independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1 - C_{12} alkyl or
 C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkyl,

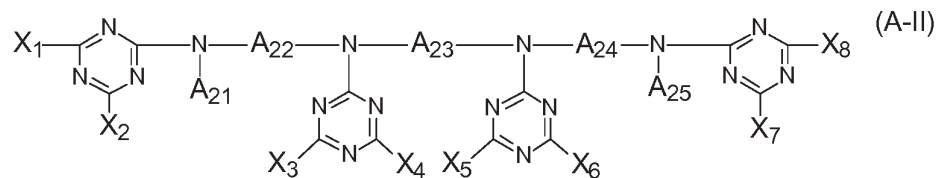
- 5 A_{13} and A_{14} independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1 - C_{12} alkyl, C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkyl or
a group of the formula (a-1),



(a-1)

- 10 or the radicals A_{13} and A_{14} , together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded,
form a 5- to 10-membered heterocyclic ring and

a_1 is a number from 1 to 20, preferably 2 to 20, and the repeating units are identical or different;



5

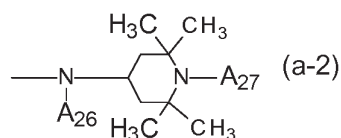
wherein A_{21} and A_{25} independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1 - C_{12} alkyl, C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkyl or a group of the formula (a-1),

A_{22} , A_{23} and A_{24} independently of one another are C_2 - C_{10} alkylene, and

X_1 , X_2 , X_3 , X_4 , X_5 , X_6 , X_7 and X_8 independently of one another are a group of the formula

10

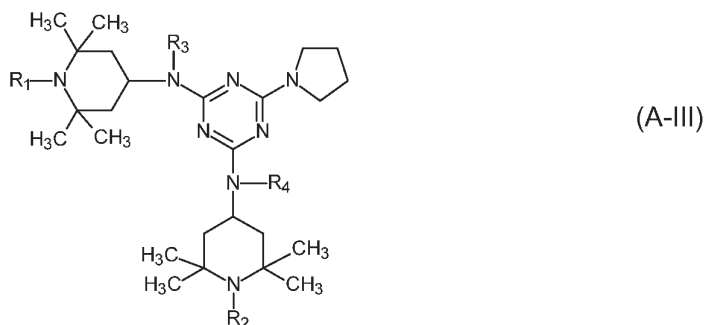
(a-2),



in which A_{26} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_{12} alkyl, C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkyl or a group of the formula (a-1)

15

as defined above, and A_{27} has one of the meanings of A_{12} ;

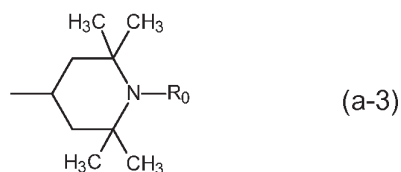


wherein

20

R_1 and R_2 independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1 - C_{22} alkyl, -O-, -OH, -CH₂CN, C_1 - C_{18} alkoxy, C_2 - C_{18} alkoxy substituted by -OH; C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl by 1, 2 or 3 C_1 - C_4 alkyl; or C_1 - C_8 acyl; and

R_3 and R_4 independently of one another are C_1 - C_{22} alkyl or a group of the formula (a-3)



wherein R_0 has one of the meanings of R_1 and R_2 .

5

Examples of alkyl having up to 22 carbon atoms are methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, 2-ethylbutyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, 1-methylpentyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, n-hexyl, 1-methylhexyl, n-heptyl, isoheptyl, 1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl, 1-methylheptyl, 3-methylheptyl, n-octyl, 2-ethylhexyl, 1,1,3-trimethylhexyl, 1,1,3,3-tetramethylpentyl, nonyl, decyl, undecyl, 1-methylundecyl, dodecyl, 1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethylhexyl, tridecyl, tetradecyl, pentadecyl, hexadecyl, heptadecyl, octadecyl and eicosyl.
 10 C_1 - C_{18} alkoxy is for example methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, pentoxy, isopentoxy, hexoxy, heptoxy, octoxy, decyloxy, dodecyloxy, tetradecyloxy, hexadecyloxy or octadecyloxy.

15

C_2 - C_{18} alkoxy substituted by -OH is for example 2-hydroxyethoxy.

C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkyl is for example cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, cyclodecyl or cyclododecyl. C_5 - C_8 Cycloalkyl, in particular cyclohexyl, is preferred.
 20 C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkoxy is for example cyclopentoxy, cyclohexoxy, cycloheptoxy, cyclooctoxy, cyclodecyloxy or cyclododecyloxy. C_5 - C_8 Cycloalkoxy, in particular cyclopentoxy and cyclohexoxy, is preferred.

C_3 - C_6 alkenyl is for example allyl, 2-methylallyl, butenyl, pentenyl or hexenyl. Allyl is preferred. The carbon atom in position 1 is preferably saturated.
 25

C_3 - C_6 alkenyloxy is for example propenyloxy.

C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl by 1, 2 or 3 C_1 - C_4 alkyl is for example benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, methylbenzyl, dimethylbenzyl, trimethylbenzyl or tert-butylbenzyl.
 30

Examples of C₁-C₈acyl are formyl, acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, pentanoyl, hexanoyl, heptanoyl, octanoyl, acryloyl, methacryloyl and benzoyl. C₁-C₈Alkanoyl, C₃-C₈alkenoyl and benzoyl are preferred. Acetyl and acryloyl are especially preferred.

- 5 Examples of alkylene having up to 18 carbon atoms are ethylene, propylene, trimethylene, tetramethylene, pentamethylene, 2,2-dimethyltrimethylene, hexamethylene, trimethylhexamethylene and octamethylene. C₂-C₆alkylene, in particular hexamethylene is preferred.

- 10 An example of C₅-C₇cycloalkylene is cyclohexylene.

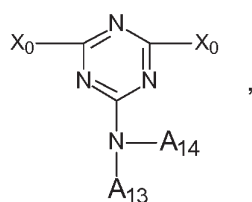
An example of C₁-C₄alkylenedi(C₅-C₇cycloalkylene) is methylenedicyclohexylene.

A preferred example of a 5-to 7-membered heterocyclic ring is a morpholine group.

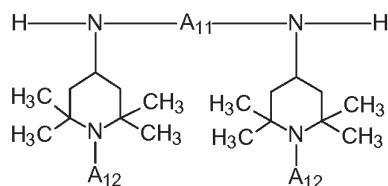
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The meanings of the terminal groups which saturate the free valences in the compounds of the formula (A-I) depend on the processes used for their preparation. The terminal groups can also be modified after the preparation of the compounds.

- 20 If the compounds of the formula (A-I) are prepared by reacting a compound of the formula

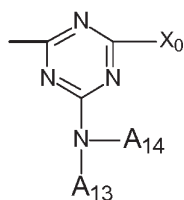


- 25 in which X₀ is, for example, halogen, in particular chlorine, and A₁₃ and A₁₄ are as defined above, with a compound of the formula

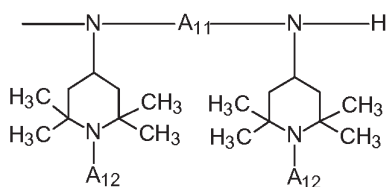


in which A_{11} and A_{12} are as defined above, the terminal group bonded to the diamino radical is for example hydrogen or

5



and the terminal group bonded to the triazine radical is for example X_0 or

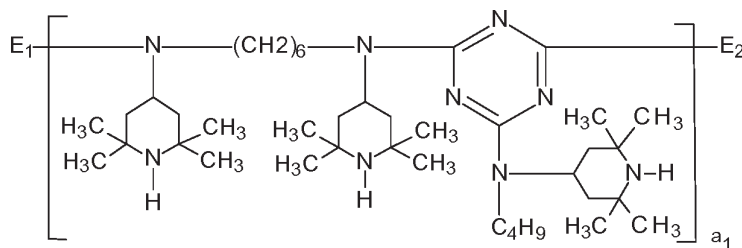


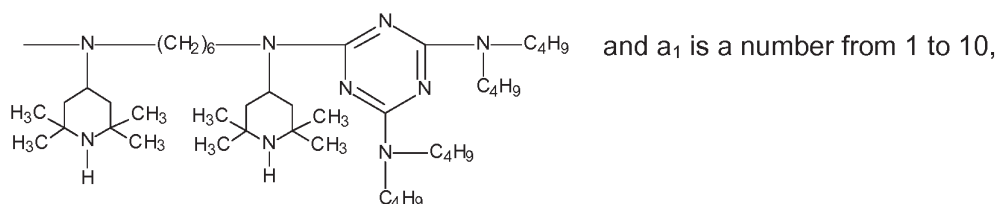
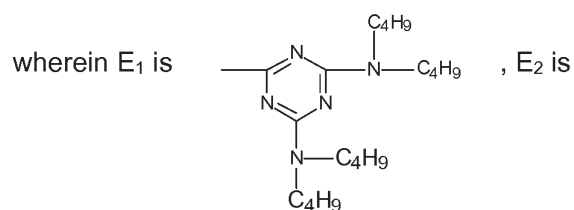
10

If X_0 is halogen, it is advantageous to replace this, for example, by -OH or an amino group when the reaction is complete. Examples of amino groups which may be mentioned are pyrrolidin-1-yl, morpholino, $-NH_2$, $-N(C_1-C_8\text{alkyl})_2$ and $-NR_0(C_1-C_8\text{alkyl})$, in which R_0 is hydrogen or a group of the formula (Ia).

15

One of the preferred compounds of the formula (A-I) is





preferably 2 to 10. The preparation of this compound is described in Example 10 of US-A-6,046,304.

5

According to a preferred embodiment

A₁₁ is C₂-C₁₀alkylene,

the radical A₁₂ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl or cyclohexyl,

A₁₃ and A₁₄ independently of one another are hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, cyclohexyl or a

10 group of the formula (a-1),



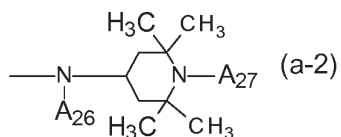
or the radicals A₁₃ and A₁₄, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded,
15 form a morpholino group and

a₁ is a number from 1 to 10, preferably 2 to 10, and the repeating units are identical or different;

A₂₁ and A₂₅ independently of one another are hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl or cyclohexyl,

A₂₂, A₂₃ and A₂₄ independently of one another are C₂-C₁₀alkylene, and

20 X₁, X₂, X₃, X₄, X₅, X₆, X₇ and X₈ independently of one another are a group of the formula (a-2),

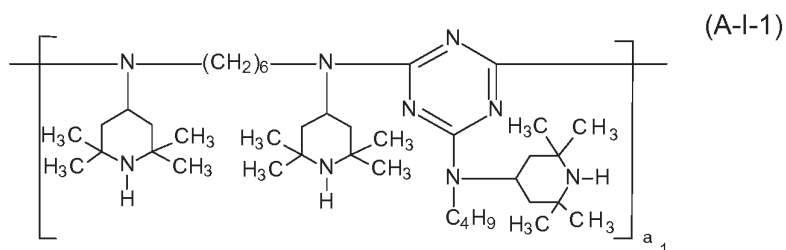


in which A_{26} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, cyclohexyl or a group of the formula (a-1) as defined above, and A_{27} has one of the meanings of A_{12} ;

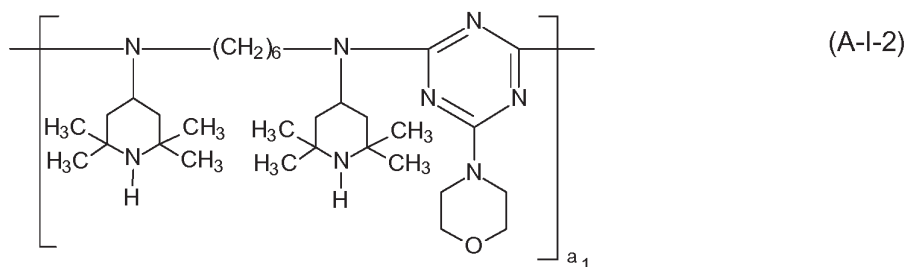
- 5 R_1 and R_2 independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or cyclohexyl; and R_3 and R_4 are C_1 - C_{22} alkyl.

According to a further preferred embodiment component A) is a compound of the formula (A-I-1), (A-I-2), (A-II-1) or (A-III-1),

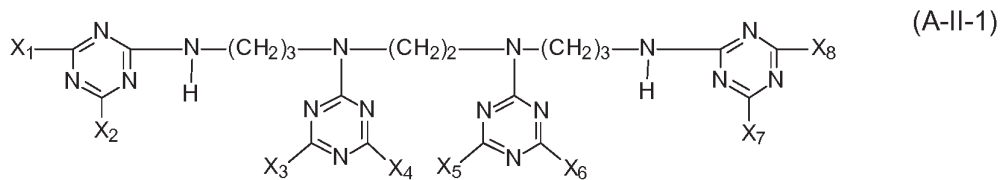
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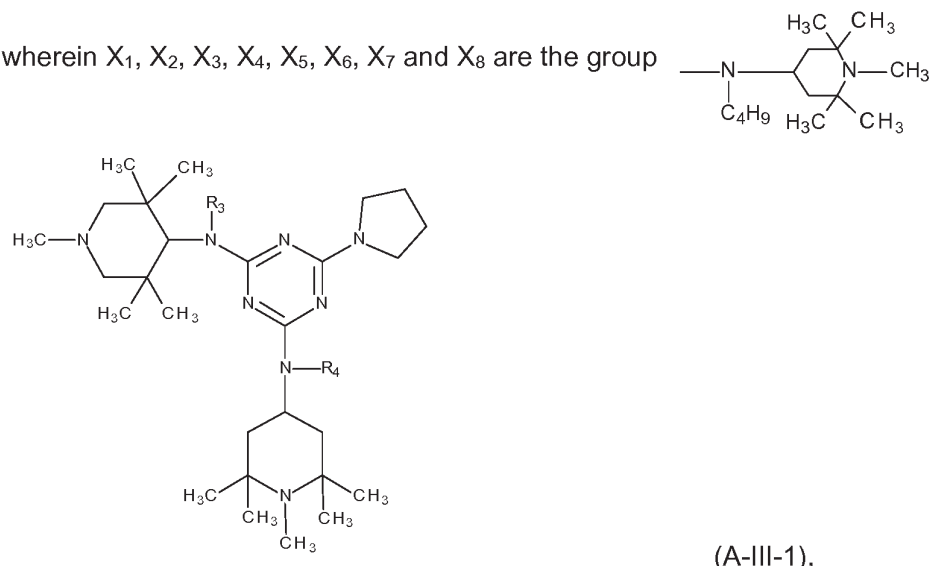
with a_1 being 2 to 10,



- 15 with a_1 being 2 to 10,



wherein X_1 , X_2 , X_3 , X_4 , X_5 , X_6 , X_7 and X_8 are the group



wherein R_3 and R_4 are C_1 – C_{22} alkyl.

- 5 Preferred as component B) is magnesium hydroxide, natural $Mg(OH)_2$, like Brucite, and synthetic $Mg(OH)_2$.

The magnesium hydroxide can for example be surface treated with

- i) fatty acids with 8 to 30 carbon atoms
- ii) alkylsilane with at least one alkyl group having at least 3 C-atoms
- 10 iii) amino silanes such as 3-aminopropyltrimethoxysilane or 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane
- iv) organic titanates
- v) organic Zirconates

As to such surface treatments see, for example, WO-A-02/081574.

15

Preferred are Components B) having a purity of at least 90%, more preferably at least 95% and especially at least 98% by weight.

Likewise, preferred are Components B) having a mean particle size of 0.2 to 10 micro-

20 metres, and more preferably of 0.5 to 5 micrometres.

The weight ratio of component A) to component B) is preferably 1:25 to 25:1, more preferably 1:10 to 10:1. A weight ratio of 1:5 to 5:1 is highly preferred.

It is preferred that the Component B) has a B.E.T specific surface area of 2 to 20 m²/g, more preferably 2 to 15 m²/g.

The present articles may additionally comprise a component C) which is a phenolic
 5 antioxidant, in particular 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzene, ethylene bis[3,3-bis(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)butyrate] or 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-isocyanurate. 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzene is preferred.

10 The weight ratio of component A) to component C) is preferably 1:10 to 10:1, in particular 1:5 to 5:1.

The present articles may further comprise a component D) which is at least one compound selected from the group consisting of phosphites, phosphonites, hydroxylamines, tocopherols and tocopherol acetates. A phosphite is for example tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite, [3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert. butyl-1,1'biphenyl-2,2'-diyl]-[3-(3-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert.butyl-phenyl)-propyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1,6-dimethyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1-methyl-6-tert. butyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite or 6-[3-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)propoxy]-2,4,8,10-tetra-tert-butyl-dibenzo[d,f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphin. Tocopherols are for example α -tocopherol, β -tocopherol, γ -tocopherol, δ -tocopherol or mixtures thereof. Hydroxylamines are for example dioctadecylhydroxylamine or N,N-dialkylhydroxylamine derived from hydrogenated
 25 tallow amine.

More preferably Component D) is tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite, [3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert. butyl-1,1'biphenyl-2,2'-diyl]-[3-(3-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert.butyl-phenyl)-propyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1,6-dimethyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1-methyl-6-tert. butyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, 6-[3-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)propoxy]-2,4,8,10-tetra-tert-butyl-dibenzo[d,f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphin, α -tocopherol, β -tocopherol, γ -tocopherol, δ -tocopherol, dioctadecylhydroxylamine or N,N-dialkylhydroxylamine derived from hydrogenated tallow amine. Highly preferred are α -tocopherol, β -tocopherol,
 35

γ -tocopherol, δ -tocopherol, dioctadecylhydroxylamine, N,N-dialkylhydroxylamine derived from hydrogenated tallow amine and especially tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite.

- 5 The weight ratio of component A) to component D) is preferably 1:10 to 10:1, in particular 1:5 to 5:1.

Of interest are articles which comprise components A), B), C) and D). The compounds of components A), B), C) and D) are known and are in essential commercially available.

Component A) is preferably present in the present articles in an amount of 0.01% to 2%, especially 0.05% to 2%, and more preferably 0.05% to 1%, by weight relative to the weight of the polyethylene or polypropylene.

15 Component B) is preferably present in the present articles in an amount of 0.05% to 5%, and more preferably 0.05% to 2%, by weight relative to the weight of the polyethylene or polypropylene. Furthermore, amounts of 0.01% to 2%, especially 0.01% to 1%, are of interest.

20 Component C) is preferably present in the present articles in an amount of 0.01% to 5%, especially 0.05% to 5%, and more preferably 0.05% to 2%, by weight relative to the weight of the polyethylene or polypropylene.

25 Component D) is preferably present in the present articles in an amount of 0.001% to 5%, especially 0.001% to 2%, and more preferably 0.02% to 1%, by weight relative to the weight of the polyethylene or polypropylene.

According to a preferred embodiment the present articles may additionally comprise a pigment, preferably a blue pigment.

The polyethylene is preferably selected from HD-PE, MD-PE, LD-PE, LLD-PE, metallocene PE, PE-X, mixture of PE, recycled PE, bi-modal PE, PE-RT, PE 32, PE 40, PE 63, PE 80, PE 100, PE 112, PE 125, PE 100 RC, PE 100 RT and PE 100 RD, in particular from high density polyethylene (HD-PE), medium density polyethylene (MD-PE),

low density polyethylene (LD-PE), linear low density polyethylene (LLD-PE), metallocene polyethylene, crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X), recycled polyethylene, bi-modal polyethylene and mixtures of polyethylenes.

- 5 Also into consideration come ethylene/propylene copolymers and mixtures of polyethylene with other synthetic polymers, like polypropylene.

In corresponding mixtures, the amount by weight of polyethylene is preferably 20 to 99%, more preferably 50 to 99%, especially 75 to 99%. Highly preferred is an amount
10 by weight of polyethylene of 85 to 99%.

In case of copolymers the molar amount of ethylene is preferably 20 to 99%, more preferably 50 to 99%, especially 75 to 99%, based on the total molar amount of ethylene and propylene. Highly preferred is a molar amount of ethylene of 85 to 99%.

- 15 The polypropylene is preferably a polypropylene homopolymer or ethylene/propylene copolymer as given above.

For example, the polypropylene may be categorized as atactic polypropylene (PP-at), syndiotactic polypropylene (PP-st) or isotactic polypropylene (PP-it). The density of
20 polypropylene is preferably between 0.85 and 0.95 g/cm³, especially between 0.895 and 0.92 g/cm³.

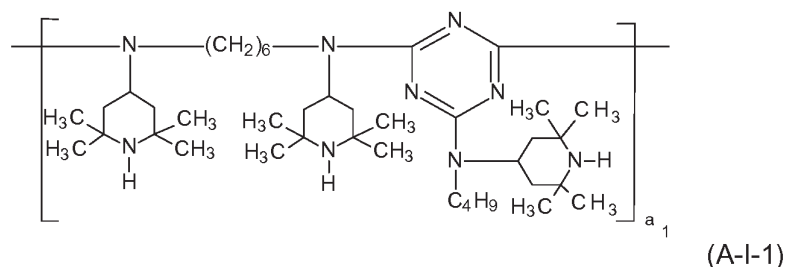
Particular preferred are polyethylene, ethylene/propylene copolymers and mixtures of polyethylene with other synthetic polymers, like polypropylene. Highly preferred are
25 polyethylene and ethylene/propylene copolymers, especially polyethylene.

According to a further embodiment polypropylene, ethylene/propylene copolymers and mixtures of polypropylene with other synthetic polymers, like polyethylene, are preferred. Highly preferred are polypropylene and ethylene/propylene copolymers, especially
30 polypropylene.

The used polyethylene or polypropylene can be virgin or recycled material or blends thereof.

- 35 Particularly preferred articles comprise

as component (A) the compound of formula (A-I-1)



with a_1 being 2 to 10,

- 5 as component (C) 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzene,
and

a component (D) as defined hereinbefore, especially tris[2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl]phosphite.

- 10 The present articles may further comprise one or more conventional additives such as:

1. Antioxidants

- 1.1. Alkylated monophenols, for example 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, 2-tert-butyl-
15 4,6-dimethylphenol, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-ethylphenol, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-n-butylphenol,
2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-isobutylphenol, 2,6-dicyclopentyl-4-methylphenol, 2-(α -
methylcyclohexyl)-4,6-dimethylphenol, 2,6-dioctadecyl-4-methylphenol, 2,4,6-
tricyclohexylphenol, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methoxymethylphenol, nonylphenols which are
linear or branched in the side chains, for example, 2,6-di-nonyl-4-methylphenol, 2,4-
20 dimethyl-6-(1'-methylundec-1'-yl)phenol, 2,4-dimethyl-6-(1'-methylheptadec-1'-
yl)phenol, 2,4-dimethyl-6-(1'-methylpentadec-1'-yl)phenol, 2,4-dimethyl-6-(1'-
methyltridec-1'-yl)phenol and mixtures thereof.

- 1.2. Alkylthiomethylphenols, for example 2,4-dioctylthiomethyl-6-tert-butylphenol, 2,4-
25 dioctylthiomethyl-6-methylphenol, 2,4-dioctylthiomethyl-6-ethylphenol, 2,6-di-
dodecylthiomethyl-4-nonylphenol.

- 1.3. Hydroquinones and alkylated hydroquinones, for example 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-
methoxyphenol, 2,5-di-tert-butylhydroquinone, 2,5-di-tert-amylhydroquinone, 2,6-
30 diphenyl-4-octadecyloxyphenol, 2,6-di-tert-butylhydroquinone, 2,5-di-tert-butyl-4-

hydroxyanisole, 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyanisole, 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl stearate, bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) adipate.

1.4. Tocopherols, for example α -tocopherol, β -tocopherol, γ -tocopherol, δ -tocopherol
5 and mixtures thereof (vitamin E).

1.5. Hydroxylated thiodiphenyl ethers, for example 2,2'-thiobis(6-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol), 2,2'-thiobis(4-octylphenol), 4,4'-thiobis(6-tert-butyl-3-methylphenol), 4,4'-thiobis(6-tert-butyl-2-methylphenol), 4,4'-thiobis(3,6-di-sec-amylphenol), 4,4'-
10 bis(2,6-dimethyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)disulfide.

1.6. Alkylidenebisphenols, for example 2,2'-methylenebis(6-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol), 2,2'-methylenebis(6-tert-butyl-4-ethylphenol), 2,2'-methylenebis[4-methyl-6-(α -methylcyclohexyl)phenol], 2,2'-methylenebis(4-methyl-6-cyclohexylphenol), 2,2'-
15 methylenebis(6-nonyl-4-methylphenol), 2,2'-methylenebis(4,6-di-tert-butylphenol), 2,2'-ethylidenebis(4,6-di-tert-butylphenol), 2,2'-ethylidenebis(6-tert-butyl-4-isobutylphenol), 2,2'-methylenebis[6-(α -methylbenzyl)-4-nonylphenol], 2,2'-methylenebis[6-(α,α -dimethylbenzyl)-4-nonylphenol], 4,4'-methylenebis(2,6-di-tert-butylphenol), 4,4'-methylenebis(6-tert-butyl-2-methylphenol), 1,1-bis(5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)butane, 2,6-bis(3-tert-butyl-5-methyl-2-hydroxybenzyl)-4-methylphenol, 1,1,3-tris(5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)butane, 1,1-bis(5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)-3-n-dodecylmercaptobutane, ethylene glycol bis[3,3-bis(3'-tert-butyl-4'-hydroxyphenyl)butyrate], bis(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)dicyclopentadiene, bis[2-(3'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxy-5'-methylbenzyl)-6-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl]terephthalate, 1,1-bis-(3,5-dimethyl-2-hydroxyphenyl)butane, 2,2-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propane, 2,2-bis(5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)-4-n-dodecylmercaptobutane, 1,1,5,5-tetra-(5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenyl)pentane.
20

1.7. O-, N- and S-benzyl compounds, for example 3,5,3',5'-tetra-tert-butyl-4,4'-dihydroxydibenzyl ether, octadecyl-4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylbenzylmercaptoacetate, tridecyl-4-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylbenzylmercaptoacetate, tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)amine, bis(4-tert-butyl-3-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbenzyl)dithioterephthalate, bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)sulfide, isooctyl-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-
35 hydroxybenzylmercaptoacetate.

1.8. Hydroxybenzylated malonates, for example dioctadecyl-2,2-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-2-hydroxybenzyl)malonate, di-octadecyl-2-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-5-methylbenzyl)malonate, di-dodecylmercaptoethyl-2,2-bis (3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)malonate, bis[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]-2,2-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)malonate.

1.9. Aromatic hydroxybenzyl compounds, for example 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzene, 1,4-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylbenzene, 2,4,6-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)phenol.

1.10. Triazine compounds, for example 2,4-bis(octylmercapto)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyanilino)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-octylmercapto-4,6-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyanilino)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-octylmercapto-4,6-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-1,3,5-triazine, 2,4,6-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-1,2,3-triazine, 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)isocyanurate, 1,3,5-tris(4-tert-butyl-3-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbenzyl)isocyanurate, 2,4,6-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenylethyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenylpropionyl)-hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine, 1,3,5-tris(3,5-dicyclohexyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)isocyanurate.

1.11. Benzylphosphonates, for example dimethyl-2,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylphosphonate, diethyl-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylphosphonate, dioctadecyl-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylphosphonate, dioctadecyl-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-3-methylbenzylphosphonate, the calcium salt of the monoethyl ester of 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylphosphonic acid.

1.12. Acylaminophenols, for example 4-hydroxylauranilide, 4-hydroxystearanilide, octyl N-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)carbamate.

1.13. Esters of β -(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionic acid with mono- or polyhydric alcohols, e.g. with methanol, ethanol, n-octanol, i-octanol, octadecanol, 1,6-hexanediol, 1,9-nonanediol, ethylene glycol, 1,2-propanediol, neopentyl glycol, thiodiethylene glycol, diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol, pentaerythritol, tris(hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate, N,N'-bis(hydroxyethyl)oxamide, 3-thiaundecanol, 3-

thiapentadecanol, trimethylhexanediol, trimethylolpropane, 4-hydroxymethyl-1-phospha-2,6,7-trioxabicyclo[2.2.2]octane.

1.14. Esters of β -(5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)propionic acid with mono- or polyhydric alcohols, e.g. with methanol, ethanol, n-octanol, i-octanol, octadecanol, 1,6-hexanediol, 1,9-nonanediol, ethylene glycol, 1,2-propanediol, neopentyl glycol, thiodiethylene glycol, diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol, pentaerythritol, tris(hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate, N,N'-bis(hydroxyethyl)oxamide, 3-thiaundecanol, 3-thiapentadecanol, trimethylhexanediol, trimethylolpropane, 4-hydroxymethyl-1-phospha-2,6,7-trioxabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; 3,9-bis[2-{3-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)propionyloxy}-1,1-dimethylethyl]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxaspiro[5.5]undecane.

1.15. Esters of β -(3,5-dicyclohexyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionic acid with mono- or polyhydric alcohols, e.g. with methanol, ethanol, octanol, octadecanol, 1,6-hexanediol, 1,9-nonanediol, ethylene glycol, 1,2-propanediol, neopentyl glycol, thiodiethylene glycol, diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol, pentaerythritol, tris(hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate, N,N'-bis(hydroxyethyl)oxamide, 3-thiaundecanol, 3-thiapentadecanol, trimethylhexanediol, trimethylolpropane, 4-hydroxymethyl-1-phospha-2,6,7-trioxabicyclo[2.2.2]octane.

1.16. Esters of 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl acetic acid with mono- or polyhydric alcohols, e.g. with methanol, ethanol, octanol, octadecanol, 1,6-hexanediol, 1,9-nonanediol, ethylene glycol, 1,2-propanediol, neopentyl glycol, thiodiethylene glycol, diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol, pentaerythritol, tris(hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate, N,N'-bis(hydroxyethyl)oxamide, 3-thiaundecanol, 3-thiapentadecanol, trimethylhexanediol, trimethylolpropane, 4-hydroxymethyl-1-phospha-2,6,7-trioxabicyclo[2.2.2]octane.

1.17. Amides of β -(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionic acid e.g. N,N'-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenylpropionyl)hexamethylenediamide, N,N'-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenylpropionyl)trimethylenediamide, N,N'-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenylpropionyl)hydrazide, N,N'-bis[2-(3-[3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl]propionyloxy)ethyl]oxamide (Naugard[®]XL-1, supplied by Uniroyal).

1.18. Aminic antioxidants, for example N,N'-di-isopropyl-p-phenylenediamine, N,N'-di-sec-butyl-p-phenylenediamine, N,N'-bis(1,4-dimethylpentyl)-p-phenylenediamine, N,N'-bis(1-ethyl-3-methylpentyl)-p-phenylenediamine, N,N'-bis(1-methylheptyl)-p-phenylenediamine, N,N'-dicyclohexyl-p-phenylenediamine, N,N'-diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine, N,N'-bis(2-naphthyl)-p-phenylenediamine, N-isopropyl-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine, N-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine, N-(1-methylheptyl)-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine, N-cyclohexyl-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine, 4-(p-toluenesulfamoyl)diphenylamine, N,N'-dimethyl-N,N'-di-sec-butyl-p-phenylenediamine, diphenylamine, N-allyldiphenylamine, 4-isopropoxydiphenylamine, N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine, N-(4-tert-octylphenyl)-1-naphthylamine, N-phenyl-2-naphthylamine, octylated diphenylamine, for example p,p'-di-tert-octyldiphenylamine, 4-n-butylaminophenol, 4-butyrylaminophenol, 4-nonanoylaminophenol, 4-dodecanoylaminophenol, 4-octadecanoylaminophenol, bis(4-methoxyphenyl)amine, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-dimethylaminomethylphenol, 2,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane, 4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane, N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane, 1,2-bis[(2-methylphenyl)amino]ethane, 1,2-bis(phenylamino)propane, (o-tolyl)biguanide, bis[4-(1',3'-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]amine, tert-octylated N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine, a mixture of mono- and dialkylated tert-butyl/tert-octyldiphenylamines, a mixture of mono- and dialkylated nonyldiphenylamines, a mixture of mono- and dialkylated dodecyldiphenylamines, a mixture of mono- and dialkylated isopropyl/isohexyldiphenylamines, a mixture of mono- and dialkylated tert-butyl/diphenylamines, 2,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-4H-1,4-benzothiazine, phenothiazine, a mixture of mono- and dialkylated tert-butyl/tert-octylphenothiazines, a mixture of mono- and dialkylated tert-octyl-phenothiazines, N-allylphenothiazine, N,N,N',N'-tetraphenyl-1,4-diaminobut-2-ene.

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2. UV absorbers and light stabilizers

2.1. 2-(2'-Hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazoles, for example 2-(2'-hydroxy-5'-methylphenyl)-benzotriazole, 2-(3',5'-di-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(5'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(2'-hydroxy-5'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3',5'-di-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chloro-benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxy-5'-methylphenyl)-5-chloro-benzotriazole, 2-(3'-sec-butyl-5'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(2'-hydroxy-4'-octyloxyphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3',5'-di-tert-amyl-2'-hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3',5'-bis-(α,α -dimethylbenzyl)-2'-hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-2'-

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hydroxy-5'-(2-octyloxy-carbonylethyl)phenyl)-5-chloro-benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-5'-[2-(2-ethylhexyloxy)-carbonylethyl]-2'-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chloro-benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxy-5'-(2-methoxycarbonylethyl)phenyl)-5-chloro-benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxy-5'-(2-methoxycarbonylethyl)phenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxy-5'-(2-octyloxy-carbonylethyl)phenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-5'-[2-(2-ethylhexyloxy)carbonylethyl]-2'-hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3'-dodecyl-2'-hydroxy-5'-methylphenyl)benzotriazole, 2-(3'-tert-butyl-2'-hydroxy-5'-(2-isooctyloxy-carbonylethyl)phenyl)benzotriazole, 2,2'-methylene-bis[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-6-benzotriazole-2-ylphenol]; the transesterification product of 2-[3'-tert-butyl-5'-(2-methoxycarbonylethyl)-2'-hydroxyphenyl]-2H-benzotriazole with polyethylene glycol 300; $\left[\text{R}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-\text{COO}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2 \right]_2$, where R = 3'-tert-butyl-4'-hydroxy-5'-2H-benzotriazol-2-ylphenyl, 2-[2'-hydroxy-3'-(α,α -dimethylbenzyl)-5'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-phenyl]benzotriazole; 2-[2'-hydroxy-3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-5'-(α,α -dimethylbenzyl)-phenyl]benzotriazole.

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2.2. 2-Hydroxybenzophenones, for example the 4-hydroxy, 4-methoxy, 4-octyloxy, 4-decyloxy, 4-dodecyloxy, 4-benzyloxy, 4,2',4'-trihydroxy and 2'-hydroxy-4,4'-dimethoxy derivatives.

20 2.3. Esters of substituted and unsubstituted benzoic acids, for example 4-tert-butylphenyl salicylate, phenyl salicylate, octylphenyl salicylate, dibenzoyl resorcinol, bis(4-tert-butylbenzoyl)resorcinol, benzoyl resorcinol, 2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoate, hexadecyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoate, octadecyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoate, 2-methyl-4,6-di-tert-butylphenyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoate.

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2.4. Acrylates, for example ethyl α -cyano- β,β -diphenylacrylate, isooctyl α -cyano- β,β -diphenylacrylate, methyl α -carbomethoxycinnamate, methyl α -cyano- β -methyl-p-methoxycinnamate, butyl α -cyano- β -methyl-p-methoxy-cinnamate, methyl α -carbomethoxy-p-methoxycinnamate, N-(β -carbomethoxy- β -cyanovinyl)-2-methylindoline, neopentyl tetra(α -cyano- β,β -diphenylacrylate).

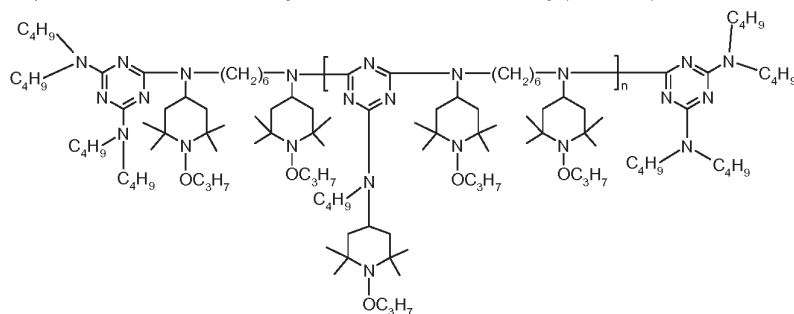
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2.5. Sterically hindered amines, for example 1,6-Hexanediamine N, N'-bis(1-propyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)- N, N'-bis-2-[4,5-bis-(N-n-butyl-N'-1-propyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-1,3,5-triazine], 1,6-Hexanediamine N, N'-bis(2,2,6,6-

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tetramethyl-4-piperidiny)- N, N'-bis-2-[4,5-bis-(N-n-butyl-N'-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidiny)-1,3,5-triazine], carbonic acid bis(1-undecyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)ester, bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate, bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)succinate, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate, bis(1-octyloxy-
 5 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) n-butyl-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylmalonate, the condensate of 1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-hydroxypiperidine and succinic acid, linear or cyclic condensates of N,N'-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)hexamethylenediamine and 4-tert-octylamino-2,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazine, tris(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-
 10 piperidyl)nitrilotriacetate, tetrakis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)-1,2,3,4-butanetetracarboxylate, 1,1'-(1,2-ethanediyl)-bis(3,3,5,5-tetramethylpiperazinone), 4-benzoyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine, 4-stearyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidyl)-2-n-butyl-2-(2-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-malonate, 3-n-octyl-7,7,9,9-tetramethyl-1,3,8-triazaspiro[4.5]decane-2,4-dione, bis(1-
 15 octyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidyl)sebacate, bis(1-octyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidyl)succinate, linear or cyclic condensates of N,N'-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)hexamethylenediamine and 4-morpholino-2,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazine, the condensate of 2-chloro-4,6-bis(4-n-butylamino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidyl)-1,3,5-triazine and 1,2-bis(3-aminopropylamino)ethane, the con-
 20 densate of 2-chloro-4,6-di-(4-n-butylamino-1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidyl)-1,3,5-triazine and 1,2-bis(3-aminopropylamino)ethane, 8-acetyl-3-dodecyl-7,7,9,9-tetramethyl-1,3,8-triazaspiro[4.5]decane-2,4-dione, 3-dodecyl-1-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione, 3-dodecyl-1-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione, a mixture of 4-hexadecyloxy- and 4-stearyloxy-2,2,6,6-
 25 tetramethylpiperidine, a condensate of N,N'-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)hexamethylenediamine and 4-cyclohexylamino-2,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazine, a condensate of 1,2-bis(3-aminopropylamino)ethane and 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine as well as 4-butylamino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (CAS Reg. No. [136504-96-6]); a condensate of 1,6-hexanediamine and 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine as well as N,N-
 30 dibutylamine and 4-butylamino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (CAS Reg. No. [192268-64-7]); N-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)-n-dodecylsuccinimide, N-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)-n-dodecylsuccinimide, 2-undecyl-7,7,9,9-tetramethyl-1-oxa-3,8-diaza-4-oxo-spiro[4,5]decane, a reaction product of 7,7,9,9-tetramethyl-2-cycloundecyl-1-oxa-3,8-diaza-4-oxospiro-[4,5]decane and epichlorohydrin, 1,1-
 35 bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)oxycarbonyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethene, N,N'-

bis-formyl-N,N'-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)hexamethylenediamine, a diester of 4-methoxymethylenemalononic acid with 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-hydroxypiperidine, poly[methylpropyl-3-oxy-4-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)]siloxane, a reaction product of maleic acid anhydride- α -olefin copolymer with 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-aminopiperidine
 5 or 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-aminopiperidine, 2,4-bis[N-(1-cyclohexyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-4-yl)-N-butylamino]-6-(2-hydroxyethyl)amino-1,3,5-triazine, 1-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropoxy)-4-octadecanoyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine, 5-(2-ethylhexanoyl)oxymethyl-3,3,5-trimethyl-2-morpholinone, Sanduvor (Clariant; CAS Reg. No. 106917-31-1), 5-(2-ethylhexanoyl)oxymethyl-3,3,5-trimethyl-2-morpholinone,
 10 the reaction product of 2,4-bis[(1-cyclohexyloxy-2,2,6,6-piperidine-4-yl)butylamino]-6-chloro-s-triazine with N,N'-bis(3-aminopropyl)ethylenediamine), 1,3,5-tris(N-cyclohexyl-N-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperazine-3-one-4-yl)amino)-s-triazine, 1,3,5-tris(N-cyclohexyl-N-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperazine-3-one-4-yl)amino)-s-triazine,



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2.6 Benzoxazinone derivatives such as e.g. 2,2'-(1,4-phenylene)bis[4H-3,1-benzoxazin-4-one] (CAS No. 018600-59-4).

2.7. Oxamides, for example 4,4'-dioctyloxyoxanilide, 2,2'-diethoxyoxanilide, 2,2'-dioctyloxy-5,5'-di-tert-butoxanilide, 2,2'-didodecyloxy-5,5'-di-tert-butoxanilide, 2-ethoxy-2'-ethyloxanilide, N,N'-bis(3-dimethylaminopropyl)oxamide, 2-ethoxy-5-tert-butyl-2'-ethoxanilide and its mixture with 2-ethoxy-2'-ethyl-5,4'-di-tert-butoxanilide, mixtures of o- and p-methoxy-disubstituted oxanilides and mixtures of o- and p-ethoxy-disubstituted oxanilides.

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2.8. 2-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazines, for example 2,4,6-tris(2-hydroxy-4-octyloxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2-hydroxy-4-octyloxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2,4-bis(2-hydroxy-4-propyloxyphenyl)-6-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2-hydroxy-4-octyloxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(4-methylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2-

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hydroxy-4-dodecyloxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2-hydroxy-4-tridecyloxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-3-butyloxypropoxy)phenyl]-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-3-octyloxypropyloxy)phenyl]-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-[4-
 5 (dodecyloxy/tridecyloxy-2-hydroxypropoxy)-2-hydroxyphenyl]-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-3-dodecyloxypropoxy)phenyl]-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2-hydroxy-4-hexyloxy)phenyl-4,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-4,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine, 2,4,6-tris[2-hydroxy-4-(3-butoxy-2-hydroxypropoxy)phenyl]-
 10 1,3,5-triazine, 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine, 2-[2-hydroxy-4-[3-(2-ethylhexyl-1-oxy)-2-hydroxypropyloxy]phenyl]-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2,4-bis(4-[2-ethylhexyloxy]-2-hydroxyphenyl)-6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, 2-(4,6-bis-biphenyl-4-yl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-5-(2-ethyl-(n)-hexyloxy)phenol.

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3. Metal deactivators, for example N,N'-diphenyloxamide, N-salicylal-N'-salicyloyl hydrazine, N,N'-bis(salicyloyl)hydrazine, N,N'-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenylpropionyl)hydrazine, 3-salicyloylamino-1,2,4-triazole, bis(benzylidene)oxalyl dihydrazide, oxanilide, isophthaloyl dihydrazide, sebacoyl bisphenylhydrazide, N,N'-diacetyl adipoyl dihydrazide, N,N'-bis(salicyloyl)oxalyl dihydrazide, N,N'-bis(salicyloyl)thiopropionyl dihydrazide.

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3a. Formamidines, for example Ethoxycarbonylphenyl)-N'-ethyl-N'-phenyl formamidine.

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4. Phosphites and phosphonites, for example triphenyl phosphite, diphenylalkyl phosphites, phenyldialkyl phosphites, tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite, trilauryl phosphite, trioc-tadecyl phosphite, distearyl pentaerythritol diphosphite, tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite, diisodecyl pentaerythritol diphosphite, bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite, bis(2,4-di-cumylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite, bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite, diisodecyloxy-pentaerythritol diphosphite, bis(2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite, bis(2,4,6-tris(tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite, tristearyl sorbitol tri-phosphite, tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'-biphenylene diphosphonite, [3,3',5,5'-
 30 tetra-tert. butyl-1,1'biphenyl-2,2'-diyl]-[3-(3-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert.butyl-phenyl)-
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propyl]-phosphite, 6-isooctyloxy-2,4,8,10-tetra-tert-butyl-12H-dibenz[d,g]-1,3,2-dioxaphosphocin, bis(2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-methylphenyl)methyl phosphite, bis(2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-methylphenyl)ethyl phosphite, tris-[4-tert. butyl-2-(5-tert. butyl-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, tris-[4-(1,1'3,3'-tetramethyl-butane)-2-(5-(1,1'3,3'-

5 tetramethyl-butane-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, tris-[2,6-dimethyl-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, bis-[2,6-dimethyl-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phenyl-phosphite, bis-[2,6-dimethyl-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-[2,4-di-tert. butyl-phenyl]-phosphite, [3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert. butyl-1,1'biphenyl-2,2'-diyl]-[4-tert. butyl-(5-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-

10 one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert. butyl-1,1'biphenyl-2,2'-diyl]-[2,6-dimethyl-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-methylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1,6-dimethyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1,6-dimethyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-

15 ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1-methyl-6-tert. butyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, bis-(2,6-dimethyl-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenol) pentaerythritol diphosphite, bis-(1-methyl-6-tert. butyl-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenol) pentaerythritol diphosphite, bis-(4-tert. butyl -(5-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenol) pentaerythritol diphosphite,

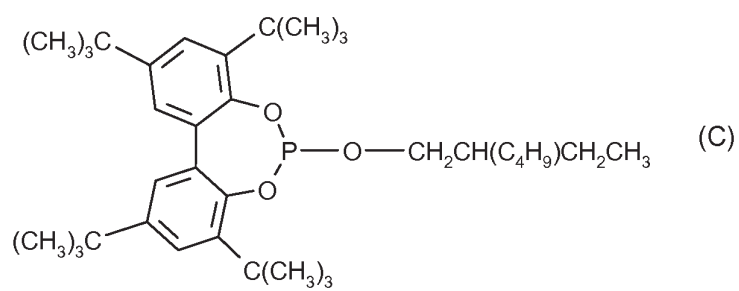
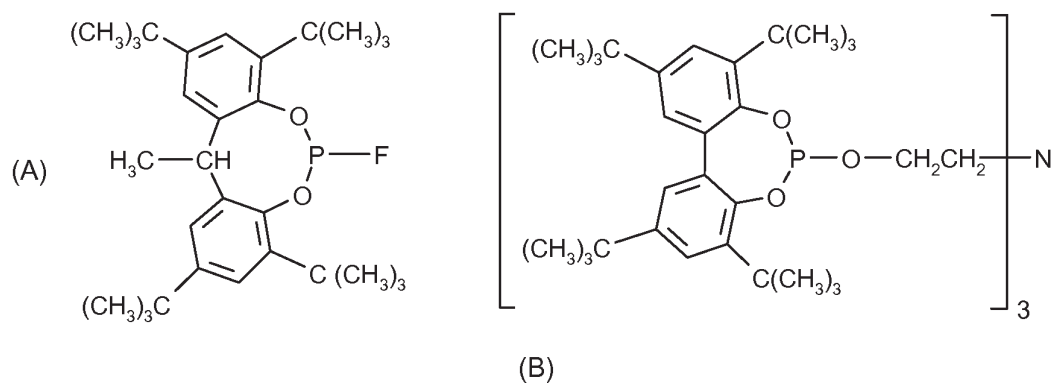
20 bis-(4-(1,1'3,3'-tetramethyl-butane)-(5-(1,1'3,3'-tetramethyl-butane))-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenol) pentaerythritol diphosphite, 6-fluoro-2,4,8,10-tetra-tert-butyl-12-methyl-dibenz[d,g]-1,3,2-dioxaphosphocin, 2,2',2''-nitrido[triethyltris(3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert-butyl-1,1'-biphenyl-2,2'-diyl)phosphite], 2-ethylhexyl(3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert-butyl-1,1'-biphenyl-2,2'-diyl)phosphite, 5-butyl-5-ethyl-2-(2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenoxy)-1,3,2-dioxaphosphirane.

25

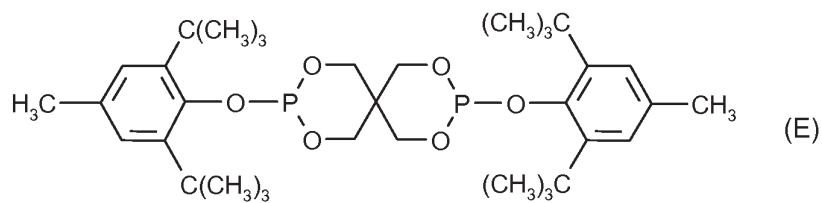
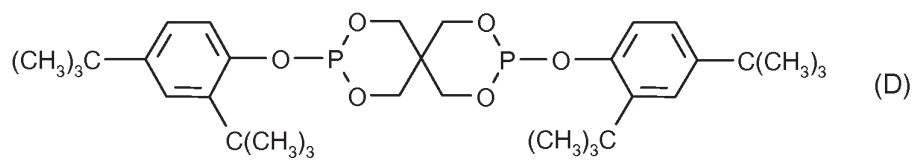
The following phosphites are especially preferred:

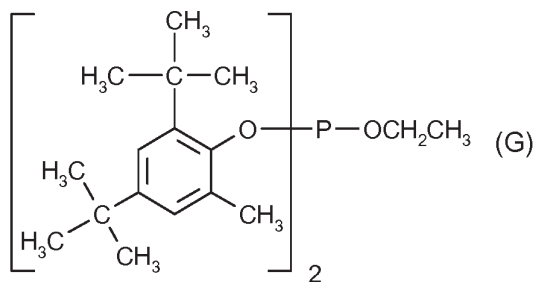
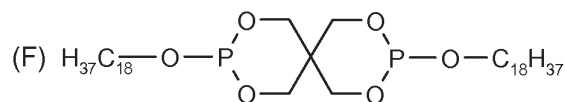
Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite (Irgafos®168, BASF SE), tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite, phosphorus acid mixed 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenyl and 4-(1,1-

30 dimethylpropyl)phenyl triesters (CAS Reg. No. 939402-02-5), phosphorous acid tri-phenyl ester polymer with alpha-hydro-omega-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl) C10-16 alkyl esters (CAS Reg. No. 1227937-46-3).



5





- [2,2'-ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1,6-dimethyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [2,2'-ethylene-bis-(4,6-di-tert. butyl-phenyl)-1,1'-diyl]-[1-methyl-6-tert. butyl-4-(5,7-di-tert. butyl)-3H-1-benzofuran-2-one)-phenyl]-phosphite, [3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert. butyl-1,1'-biphenyl-2,2'-diyl]-[3-(3-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert.butyl-phenyl)-propyl]-phosphite.

5. Hydroxylamines, for example N,N-dibenzylhydroxylamine, N,N-diethylhydroxylamine, N,N-dioctylhydroxylamine, N,N-dilaurylhydroxylamine, N,N-ditetradecylhydroxylamine, N,N-dihexadecylhydroxylamine, N,N-diocetadecylhydroxylamine, N-hexadecyl-N-octadecylhydroxylamine, N-heptadecyl-N-octadecylhydroxylamine, N,N-dialkylhydroxylamine derived from hydrogenated tallow amine.

6. Amine oxides, for example N,N-dibenzylhydroxylamine oxide, N,N-diethylhydroxylamine oxide, N,N-dioctylhydroxylamine oxide, N,N-dilaurylhydroxylamine oxide, N,N-ditetradecylhydroxylamine oxide, N,N-dihexadecylhydroxylamine oxide, N,N-diocetadecylhydroxylamine oxide, N-hexadecyl-N-octadecylhydroxylamine oxide, N-heptadecyl-N-octadecylhydroxylamine oxide, N,N-dialkylhydroxylamine oxide derived from hydrogenated tallow amine.

7. Nitrones, for example, N-benzyl-alpha-phenylnitrone, N-ethyl-alpha-methylnitrone, N-octyl-alpha-heptylnitrone, N-lauryl-alpha-undecylnitrone, N-tetradecyl-alpha-tridecyl-nitrone, N-hexadecyl-alpha-pentadecylnitrone, N-octadecyl-alpha-heptadecylnitrone, N-hexadecyl-alpha-heptadecylnitrone, N-octadecyl-alpha-pentadecylnitrone, N-heptadecyl-alpha-heptadecylnitrone, N-octadecyl-alpha-

hexadecylnitrone, nitrone derived from N,N-dialkylhydroxylamine derived from hydrogenated tallow amine.

8. Thiosynergists, for example dilauryl thiodipropionate, dimistyl thiodipropionate, distearyl thiodipropionate, pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-(dodecylthio)propionate] or distearyl disulfide.

9. Peroxide scavengers, for example esters of β -thiodipropionic acid, for example the lauryl, stearyl, myristyl or tridecyl esters, mercaptobenzimidazole or the zinc salt of 2-mercaptobenzimidazole, zinc dibutyldithiocarbamate, dioctadecyl disulfide, pentaerythritol tetrakis(β -dodecylmercapto)propionate.

10. Basic co-stabilizers, for example melamine, polyvinylpyrrolidone, dicyandiamide, triallyl cyanurate, urea derivatives, hydrazine derivatives, amines, polyamides, polyurethanes, alkali metal salts and alkaline earth metal salts of higher fatty acids, for example calcium stearate, zinc stearate, magnesium behenate, magnesium stearate, sodium ricinoleate and potassium palmitate, antimony pyrocatecholate or zinc pyrocatecholate, zeolithes, hydrotalcites, hydrocalumites.

11. Nucleating agents, for example inorganic substances, such as talcum, metal oxides, such as titanium dioxide or magnesium oxide, phosphates, carbonates or sulfates of, preferably, alkaline earth metals; organic compounds, such as mono- or polycarboxylic acids and the salts thereof, e.g. 4-tert-butylbenzoic acid, adipic acid, diphenylacetic acid, sodium succinate or sodium benzoate; polymeric compounds, such as ionic copolymers (ionomers). Especially preferred are 1,3:2,4-bis(3',4'-dimethylbenzylidene)sorbitol, 1,3:2,4-di(paramethyldibenzylidene)sorbitol, and 1,3:2,4-di(benzylidene)sorbitol. Beta-nucleating agents are also of interest.

12. Fillers and reinforcing agents, for example calcium carbonate, silicates, glass fibres, carbon fibers, glass beads, asbestos, talcum (preferably with a particle size of 0.01 to 20 μ m), kaolin, mica, barium sulfate, metal oxides and hydroxides, carbon black, graphite, wood flour and flours or fibers of other natural products, synthetic fibers.

13. Other additives, for example plasticisers, lubricants, emulsifiers, pigments, rheology additives, catalysts, flow-control agents, optical brighteners, flameproofing agents, anti-static agents and blowing agents.

- 5 14. Benzofuranones and indolinones, for example those disclosed in U.S. 4,325,863; U.S. 4,338,244; U.S. 5,175,312; U.S. 5,216,052; U.S. 5,252,643; DE-A-4316611; DE-A-4316622; DE-A-4316876; EP-A-0589839, EP-A-0591102; EP-A-1291384 or 3-[4-(2-acetoxyethoxy)phenyl]-5,7-di-tert-butylbenzofuran-2-one, 5,7-di-tert-butyl-3-[4-(2-stearoyloxyethoxy)phenyl]benzofuran-2-one, 3,3'-bis[5,7-di-tert-butyl-3-(4-[2-
- 10 hydroxyethoxy]phenyl)benzofuran-2-one], 5,7-di-tert-butyl-3-(4-ethoxyphenyl)benzofuran-2-one, 3-(4-acetoxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5,7-di-tert-butylbenzofuran-2-one, 3-(3,5-dimethyl-4-pivaloyloxyphenyl)-5,7-di-tert-butylbenzofuran-2-one, 3-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-5,7-di-tert-butylbenzofuran-2-one, 3-(2,3-dimethylphenyl)-5,7-di-tert-butylbenzofuran-2-one, 3-(2-acetyl-5-isooctylphenyl)-5-
- 15 isooctylbenzofuran-2-one.

The conventional additive may be present in the articles according to the present invention in an amount of e.g. 0.001 to 10 %, relative to the weight of the polyethylene or polypropylene.

20

According to a preferred embodiment the present articles comprise in addition to the magnesium hydroxide hydrotalcites.

Hydrotalcites are, especially, layered double hydroxides that contain positively charged
25 hydroxide layers and charge balancing anions located in the interlayer region.

Hydrotalcites are in particular at least one magnesium aluminum hydroxide carbonate hydrate which is for example commercially available as Hycite®713, ®DHT-4A, ®DHT-4V, ®DHT-4A-2, ®DHT-4C or Sorbacid®911, or zinc aluminum hydroxide carbonate hydrate which is for example commercially available as ®ZHT-4V or Sorbacid®944, or mixtures thereof.

30

Of particular interest is a magnesium aluminum hydroxide carbonate hydrate which is for example commercially available as Hycite®713 or ®DHT-4A.

35

As given hereinbefore, Component B) of the present invention does not constitute such hydrotalcites, but such hydrotalcites can be present in addition to Component B).

Components A) and B) as well as optional further additives of the invention may readily
5 be incorporated into the polyethylene or polypropylene by conventional techniques, at any convenient stage prior to the manufacture of the articles therefrom.

Components A) and B) may be added together or successively, if desired at different stages of processing the polyethylene or polypropylene.

10 Components A) and B) as well as optional further additives can judiciously be incorporated by one of the following methods:

- as emulsion or dispersion
- as a dry mixture during the blending
- 15 - by direct introduction into the processing apparatus (e.g. extruders, internal mixers)
- as melt.

Incorporation of Components A) and B) as well as optional further additives is performed best in a thermal compounding step. Thorough blending of Components A) and
20 B) as well as optional further additives is followed by an extrusion of the physical blend at elevated temperature. Typically, an extruder with suitable screw configuration is used for this step.

Components A) and B) as well as optional further additives of the invention can also be
25 added to the polyethylene or polypropylene in the form of a masterbatch ('concentrate'), which contains Components A) and B) as well as optional further additives of the invention incorporated in a further polymer of the masterbatch, like in polyethylene or polypropylene. The concentration for the sum of additives in such masterbatch is, for example, from 1% to 90%, preferably 1% to 40%, and in particular 2.5% to 25% by
30 weight of the masterbatch. The polymer, like polyethylene or polypropylene, may be present in such masterbatch in a concentration of 10% to 99%, preferably 60% to 99%, and in particular 75% to 97.5%. Said polymer of the masterbatch must not be necessarily polyethylene or polypropylene. The masterbatch can for example be in the form of a powder, granules, dispersions or in the form of latices.

35

Pipes are for example those for domestic, municipal or industrial applications, non-pressure up to high-pressure pipe applications used for drinkable or non-drinkable water, for general purpose water or waste water. Furthermore, pipes are for example those which are in contact with chlorinated (common chlorinated water disinfectants
5 such as chlorine (hypo-chlorite), chlorine dioxide and chloramines) or non-chlorinated water, in all cases including cold or hot water. Preferred are pipes which are in contact with chlorinated or non-chlorinated water, especially chlorinated water.

Cables are for example power cables, communication cables and conduits. Herein, as
10 a rule, the cable insulation of medium and high voltage power cables is stabilized. A range for medium voltage is 1 kV to 40 kV. "High voltage" relates to a valve voltage exceeding about 40 kV, especially 40-110 kV.

Geomembranes are, as a rule, used to provide a barrier between ground soil and other
15 substances. For examples, such membranes can be used to prevent chemicals from seeping into or out of soil or water, or for covering water that has been known to emit odors, such as industrial wastewater, for odor control.

There are various types of geomembranes including linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), medium-density polyethylene (MDPE) and high-density polyethylene
20 (HDPE).

There are three fundamental liner designs – single, double, and composite liners. Single geomembrane liners are typically used in non-critical applications. The double lining system is similar to double hulls on ships – all ship hulls leak but the ship does not sink provided the leaking water is pumped out. For the most critical applications composite
25 lining systems consisting of a geomembrane and a clay or GCL liner are used. When there is a hole in the geomembrane the leak only acts on a small area of clay (GCL), provided there is intimate contact between geomembrane and clay.

As articles pipes and geomembranes, especially pipes, are preferred.
30

Furthermore, preference is given to pipes and geomembranes which are in contact with oxidizing media.

By use of Components A) and B) the detrimental effect of such oxidizing media can be
35 reduced to a greater extent.

In case of pipes corresponding oxidizing media are, for example, oxidizing organics, oxidizing acids, or especially chlorinated water (like common chlorinated water disinfectants such as chlorine (hypo-chlorite), chlorine dioxide and chloramines). Preferred
5 pipes are those which are in contact with chlorinated water.

In case of geomembranes oxidizing media are, for example, oxidizing organics or oxidizing acids, like sulphuric acid.

10 The articles may be manufactured by any process available to those of ordinary skill in the art including, but not limited to, extrusion, extrusion blowing, film casting, film blowing, calendering, injection molding, blow molding, compression molding, thermoforming, spinning, blow extrusion or rotational casting.

15 For the production of the desired articles out of the polymer compositions, any appropriate equipment can be used, depending on the final form of the article, for example a blow extruder in the case of films, an extrusion machine in the case of sheets or an injection molding machine.

20 The embodiments of the present invention can for example serve for the stabilization of corresponding articles made of polyethylene or polypropylene being susceptible to oxidative, thermal or light-induced degradation, especially oxidative induced degradation.

The examples below illustrate the invention in greater detail. All percentages and parts
25 are by weight, unless stated otherwise.

Additives used in the following examples:

Irganox®1330:

30 (CAS number: 1709-70-2)

1,3,5-Tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzene

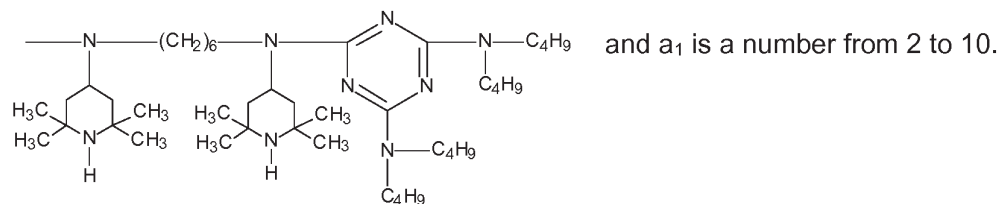
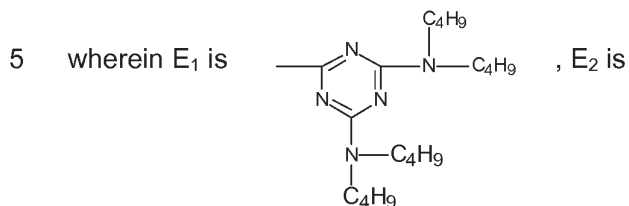
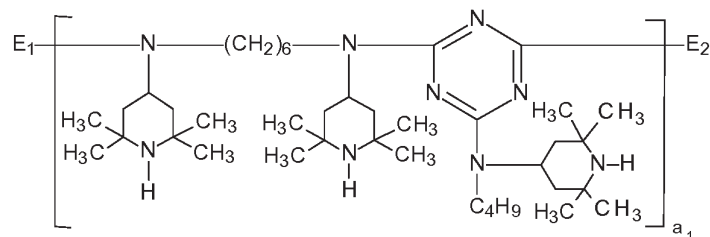
Irgafos®168:

(CAS number: 31570-04-4)

35 Tris[2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl]phosphite

Chimassorb®2020:

(CAS number: 192268-64-7)



Hycite®713:

(CAS number: 012304-65-3 or 11097-59-9)

- 10 Hydrotalcite (Magnesium aluminum hydroxide carbonate hydrate)

Kisuma 10A

(CAS number: 1309-42-8)

Magnesium hydroxide

- 15

Magnifin H-5 IV (is aminosilane surface treated)

(CAS number: 1309-42-8)

Magnesium hydroxide

- 20 Examples 1 to 13:

Preparation of the test specimens: A mixture of a non-stabilised high density polyethylene (HD-PE; Hostalen®CRP-100; natural classified under PE 100 of LyondellBasell;

Melt Flow Rate: 190°C/5.0 Kg: 0.23g/10 min (ISO 1133); Density: 0.95g/cm³ (ISO 1183)) and the additives listed in Table 1 is mixed with a Mixaco Lab CM12 high speed mixer device.

- 5 The obtained full formulation is then compounded on a Collin 25X42D extruder at 240°C and then injection molded on an Engel HL65 injection molding machine at 230°C.

- 10 For the injection molded plaques of 40 mm x 60 mm x 2 mm OIT Values (Oxidative Induction Time, DIN EN ISO 11357-6) are measured using a DSC Q2000 of TA Instrument (Waters) at 200°C under O₂. The results are listed in the following Table 1.

Table 1:

	Additive Formulation	OIT Results / Minutes
Comparative Example 1	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168	50
Comparative Example 2	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Hycite®713	50
Comparative Example 3	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Kisuma 10A	50
Comparative Example 4	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020	130
Example 5	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.2% of Kisuma 10A	170
Example 6	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.4% of Kisuma 10A	450

	Additive Formulation	OIT Results / Minutes
Example 7	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.1% of Kisuma 10A + 0.1% of Hycite®713	280
Example 8	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.2% of Kisuma 10A + 0.2% of Hycite®713	600
Example 9	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.3% of Kisuma 10A + 0.3% of Hycite®713	620
Example 10	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.2% of Magnifin H-5 IV	190
Example 11	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.4% of Magnifin H-5 IV	395
Example 12	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.6% of Magnifin H-5 IV	529
Example 13	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.2% of Magnifin H-5 IV + 0.2% of Hycite®713	360

High OIT-values are desired.

The materials as obtained according to Examples 1 to 13 after compounding, are used for the preparation of pipes according to conventional methods.

5 Examples 14 to 20:

Preparation of the test specimens: A mixture of a non-stabilised polypropylene (Moplen HF501N of LyondellBasell) and the additives listed in Table 2 are mixed with a laboratory mixer MTI M 20.

- The obtained full formulation is then compounded on a Collin ZK25E x 42D extruder at 230°C and then injection molded on an Arburg Allrounder Selecta 320 S 500 – 150 injection molding machine at 230°C.

- For the injection molded plaques of 44 mm x 68 mm x 2 mm OIT Values (Oxidative Induction Time, DIN EN ISO 11357-6) are measured using a DSC Q2000 of TA Instrument (Waters) at 180°C under O₂. The results are listed in the following Table 2.

Table 2:

	Additive Formulation	OIT Results / Minutes
Comparative Example 14	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168	149
Example 15	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.2% of Kisuma 10A	282
Example 16	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.4% of Kisuma 10A	321
Example 17	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.1% of Kisuma 10A + 0.1% of Hycite®713	304
Example 18	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.2% of Kisuma 10A + 0.2% of Hycite®713	395
Example 19	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.2% of Magnifin H-5 IV	346

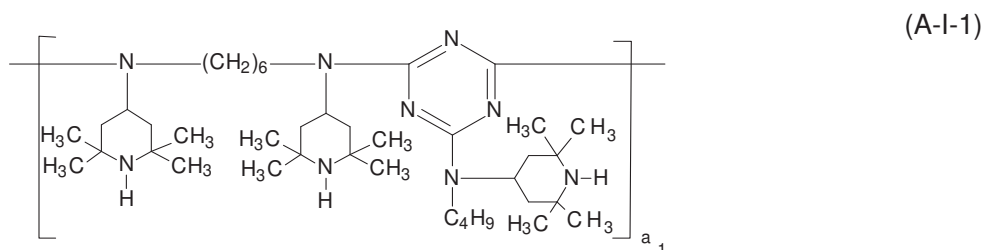
	Additive Formulation	OIT Results / Minutes
Example 20	0.3% of Irganox®1330 + 0.1% of Irgafos®168 plus 0.2% of Chimassorb®2020 + 0.4% of Magnifin H-5 IV	390

High OIT-values are desired.

The materials as obtained according to Examples 14 to 20 after compounding, are used for the preparation of pipes according to conventional methods.

Claims:

1. An article in the form of a pipe, cable or geomembrane comprising polyethylene or polypropylene, and components A), B), C) and D), wherein component A) is a compound of formula (A-I-1)



- with a_1 being 2 to 10, component B) is magnesium hydroxide which is present in an amount of 0.01% to 5% by weight relative to the weight of the polyethylene or polypropylene, component C) is 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzene, and component D) is tris[2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl]phosphite, and the weight ratio of component A) to component B) is 1:50 to 50:1, with the proviso that component B) is not a hydrotalcite.

15

2. An article according to claim 1, wherein Component B) has a mean particle size of 0.2 to 10 micrometres.

3. An article according to any of claims 1 to 2 comprising additionally a hydrotalcite.

20

4. An article according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the weight ratio of component A) to component B) is 1:10 to 10:1.

5. An article according to any of claims 1 to 4 which is in the form of a pipe or geomembrane.

25

6. An article according to claim 5, which is in contact with oxidizing media.

7. An article according to any of claims 1 to 6 which is in the form of a pipe.

8. An article according to claim 7 which is in contact with chlorinated water.
9. An article according to any of claims 1 to 8 comprising polyethylene.