

THIS SHEET HAS BEEN
REPLACED

- 17 -

TREATMENT OF H.PYLORI ASSOCIATED GASTRODUODENAL DISEASE

Abstract

A method for the treatment of Helicobacter infection, preferably H. pylori infection in a mammalian host such as a human comprises administration to the infected host of an immunologically effective amount of one or more Helicobacter antigen(s), preferably in association with a mucosal adjuvant such as cholera toxin or E.coli heat labile toxin.

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