The individual local plate 30 further comprises two fastening lugs 73 positioned on the same side as the first face 32 and projecting from the transverse walls 75. More particularly, the two fastening lugs 73 project in part from the straight portions 71 and from the end portions 72 farthest away from the central portion 74 of the plate.

As can be seen in Figure 6, the shaping channel 16 of the shell 13 has, at the location of the pipe to pinch 4, a central portion 91 of smaller cross-section opposite the central portion 74 of the plate 30 and two lateral portions 90 of wide cross-section formed at respective opposite ends of the smaller cross-section central portion 91 and disposed opposite the transverse walls 75 of the plate 30.

In immediate proximity to the smaller cross-section central portion 91 of the shaping channel 16 is located the reference surface 15 of the shell 13, which surface 15 is flat and configured to receive, bearing upon it, the two flat walls 70 of the plate 30, on respective opposite sides of the smaller cross-section central portion 91.

It should be noted that the smaller cross-section central portion 91 of the shell 13 and the central portion 74 of the plate 30 are substantially of the same cross-section whereas the two wide cross-section lateral portions 90 of the shell 13 are of substantially smaller cross-section than the wider cross-section of the transverse walls 75 of the plate 30 (at the location of their respective straight portion 72).

As can be seen in Figures 5 and 7, the shell 14 comprises a recessed accommodation 60 configured to receive the plate 30, which accommodation 60 has a curved central portion 61 and two flat lateral portions 62.

The shell 14 furthermore has a central aperture formed by a window 63 (or cut-out) which opens into the recessed accommodation 60, which window 63 is configured to allow the finger 24 of the actuator 21 to pass (and thus to be passed through) when the latter is in its extended position.

The curved central portion 61 has at the center a smaller cross-section portion (hidden here by the window 63) and at respective opposite ends