Claims:

1. Use of a p75NTR neurotrophin binding protein (NBP), wherein the p75NTR(NBP) binds to any of NGF, BDNF, NT3 or NT4/5 with a binding affinity (K_d) of between 0.1 nM to 50 nM as measured by surface plasmon resonance at 20 °C, in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of pain.

2. The use according to claim 1, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) comprises (a) p75NTR(NBP) connected to one or more auxiliary molecules selected from:

(a) transferrin,

(b) albumin,

(c) an immunoglobulin Fc,

(d) a polyethylene glycol polymer chain,

3. The use according to claim 2, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) is connected to the one or more auxiliary molecules via one or more linkers.

4. The use according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) is a human p75NTR(NBP).

5. The use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) comprises one or more of neurotrophin binding domain 1 [SEQ ID NO. 4], 2 [SEQ ID NO. 5],3 [SEQ ID NO. 6], 4 [SEQ ID NO. 7] or 5 [SEQ ID NO. 8].

6. The use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) comprises

(a) one or more of SEQ ID NO. 4, SEQ ID NO. 5, SEQ ID NO. 6, SEQ ID NO. 7 or SEQ ID NO. 8,

(b) SEQ ID NO. 3 or a portion thereof comprising (a), or

(c) SEQ ID NO. 2 or a portion thereof comprising (a).

7. The use according to any one of claims 2-6, wherein the linker is selected from:

(a) a covalent bond,

(b) non covalent bond,

(c) a peptide bond,

(d) one amino acid or a plurality of amino acids comprising a peptide.

8. The use according to any one of claims 2 to 6, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) is connected to more than one auxiliary molecule, optionally each auxiliary molecule is either the same or different or a mixture of the same and different.

9. The use according to claim 8, wherein the more than one auxiliary molecule comprises a multimer of auxiliary molecules linked to p75NTR(NBP) via a linker, and wherein each molecule may be there same or different or a mixture of the same and different.

10. The use according to any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) consists of

(a) a p75NTR(NBP) of sequence SEQ ID No 3, and optionally

(b) an immunoglobulin Fc, optionally wherein the immunoglobulin Fc is selected from SEQ ID No. 12, 15 and 16, and further optionally

(c) a linker, optionally wherein the linker is selected from SEQ ID No. 17, 18 and 19.

11. Use of a p75NTR neurotrophin binding protein, p75NTR(NBP), in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of pain, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) comprises one or more of neurotrophin binding domain 1 [SEQ ID NO. 4], 2 [SEQ ID NO. 5],3 [SEQ ID NO. 6], 4 [SEQ ID NO. 7] or 5 [SEQ ID NO. 8].

12. The use according to claim 11, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) comprises

(a) one or more of SEQ ID NO. 4, SEQ ID NO. 5, SEQ ID NO. 6, SEQ ID NO. 7 or SEQ ID NO. 8,

(b) SEQ ID NO. 3 or a portion thereof comprising (a), or

(c) SEQ ID NO. 2 or a portion thereof comprising (a).

13. The use according to any one of claims 1 to 12, wherein the pain or symptom of pain is selected from:

(a) acute pain and/or spontaneous pain,

(b) chronic pain and or on-going pain,

(c) inflammatory pain including any one of arthritic pain, pain resulting from osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis, resulting from inflammatory bowel diseases,

(d) nociceptive pain,

(e) neuropathic pain, including painful diabetic neuropathy or pain associated with post-herpetic neuralgia,

(f) hyperalgesia,

(g) allodynia,

(h) central pain, central post-stroke pain, pain resulting from multiple sclerosis, pain resulting from spinal cord injury, or pain resulting from Parkinson's disease or epilepsy,

(i) cancer pain,

(j) post-operative pain,

(k) visceral pain, including digestive visceral pain and non-digestive visceral pain, pain due to gastrointestinal (GI) disorders, pain resulting from functional bowel disorders (FBD), pain resulting from inflammatory bowel diseases (IBD), pain resulting from dysmenorrhea, pelvic pain, cystitis, interstitial cystitis or pancreatitis,

(l) musculo-skeletal pain, myalgia, fibromyalgia, spondylitis, sero-negative (non-rheumatoid) arthropathies, non-articular rheumatism, dystrophinopathy, Glycogenolysis, polymyositis, pyomyositis,

(m) heart or vascular pain, pain due to angina, myocardical infarction, mitral stenosis, pericarditis, Raynaud's phenomenon, scleredoma, scleredoma or skeletal muscle ischemia,

(n) head pain including migraine, migraine with aura, migraine without aura cluster headache, tension-type headache.

(o) orofacial pain, including dental pain, temporomandibular myofascial pain or tinnitus, or

(p) back pain, bursitis, menstrual pain, migraine, referred pain, trigeminal neuralgia, hypersensitisation, pain resulting from spinal trauma and/or degeneration or stroke.

14. The use according to any one of claims 1 to 12, in a combination with a second pharmacologically active compound, wherein the second pharmacologically active compound of the combination is selected from:

- an opioid analgesic, e.g. morphine, heroin, hydromorphone, oxymorphone, levorphanol, levallorphan, methadone, meperidine, fentanyl, cocaine, codeine, dihydrocodeine, oxycodone, hydrocodone, propoxyphene, nalmefene, nalorphine, naloxone, naltrexone, buprenorphine, butorphanol, nalbuphine or pentazocine;
- a nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drug (NSAID), e.g. aspirin, diclofenac, diflusinal, etodolac, fenbufen, fenoprofen, flufenisal, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indomethacin, ketoprofen, ketorolac, meclofenamic acid, mefenamic acid, meloxicam, nabumetone, naproxen, nimesulide, nitroflurbiprofen, olsalazine, oxaprozin, phenylbutazone, piroxicam, sulfasalazine, sulindac, tolmetin or zomepirac;
- a barbiturate sedative, e.g. amobarbital, aprobarbital, butabarbital, butabital, mephobarbital, metharbital, methohexital, pentobarbital, phenobartital, secobarbital, talbutal, theamylal or thiopental;
- a benzodiazepine having a sedative action, e.g. chlordiazepoxide, clorazepate, diazepam, flurazepam, lorazepam, oxazepam, temazepam or triazolam;
- an H_1 antagonist having a sedative action, e.g. diphenhydramine, pyrilamine, promethazine, chlorpheniramine or chlorcyclizine;
- a sedative such as glutethimide, meprobamate, methaqualone or dichloralphenazone;
- a skeletal muscle relaxant, e.g. baclofen, carisoprodol, chlorzoxazone, cyclobenzaprine, methocarbamol or orphrenadine;
- an NMDA receptor antagonist, e.g. dextromethorphan ((+)-3-hydroxy-N-methylmorphinan) or its metabolite dextrorphan ((+)-3-hydroxy-N-methylmorphinan), ketamine, memantine, pyrroloquinoline quinine, cis-4-(phosphonomethyl)-2-piperidinecarboxylic acid, budipine, EN-3231 (MorphiDex®, a combination formulation of morphine and dextromethorphan), topiramate, neramexane or perzinfotel including an NR2B antagonist, e.g. ifenprodil, traxoprodil or (–)-(R)-6-{2-[4-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-piperidinyl]-1-hydroxyethyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-quinolinone;
- an alpha-adrenergic, e.g. doxazosin, tamsulosin, clonidine, guanfacine, dexmetatomidine, modafinil, or 4-amino-6,7-dimethoxy-2-(5-methane-sulfonamido-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinol-2-yl)-5-(2-pyridyl) quinazoline;

- a tricyclic antidepressant, e.g. desipramine, imipramine, amitriptyline or nortriptyline;
- an anticonvulsant, e.g. carbamazepine, lamotrigine, topiratmate or valproate;
- a tachykinin (NK) antagonist, particularly an NK-3, NK-2 or NK-1 antagonist, e.g. (αR,9R)-7-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-8,9,10,11-tetrahydro-9-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-7H-[1,4]diazocino[2,1-g][1,7]-naphthyridine-6-13-dione (TAK-637), 5-[[(2R,3S)-2-[(1R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethoxy-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-morpholinyl]-methyl]-1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one (MK-869), aprepitant, lanepitant, dapitant or 3-[[2-methoxy-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-methylamino]-2-phenylpiperidine (2S,3S);
- a muscarinic antagonist, e.g oxybutynin, tolterodine, propiverine, tropsium chloride, darifenacin, solifenacin, temiverine and ipratropium;
- a COX-2 selective inhibitor, e.g. celecoxib, rofecoxib, parecoxib, valdecoxib, deracoxib, etoricoxib, or lumiracoxib;
- a coal-tar analgesic, in particular paracetamol;
- a neuroleptic such as droperidol, chlorpromazine, haloperidol, perphenazine, thioridazine, mesoridazine, trifluoperazine, fluphenazine, clozapine, olanzapine, risperidone, ziprasidone, quetiapine, sertindole, aripiprazole, sonepiprazole, blonanserin, iloperidone, perospirone, raclopride, zotepine, bifeprunox, asenapine, lurasidone, amisulpride, balaperidone, palindore, eplivanserin, osanetant, rimonabant, meclinertant, Eicosapentaenoic acid or sarizotan;
- a vanilloid receptor agonist (e.g. resinferatoxin) or antagonist (e.g. capsazepine);
- a beta-adrenergic such as propranolol;
- a local anaesthetic such as mexiletine;
- a corticosteroid such as dexamethasone;
- a 5-HT receptor agonist or antagonist, particularly a 5-$HT_{1B/1D}$ agonist such as eletriptan, sumatriptan, naratriptan, zolmitriptan or rizatriptan;
- a 5-HT_{2A} receptor antagonist such as R(+)-alpha-(2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl)-1-[2-(4-fluorophenylethyl)]-4-piperidinemethanol (MDL-100907);
- a cholinergic (nicotinic) analgesic, such as ispronicline (TC-1734), (E)-N-methyl-4-(3-pyridinyl)-3-buten-1-amine (RJR-2403), (R)-5-(2-azetidinylmethoxy)-2-chloropyridine (ABT-594) or nicotine;
- Tramadol®;

- a PDEV inhibitor, such as 5-[2-ethoxy-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-sulphonyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-3-n-propyl-1,6-dihydro-7H-pyrazolo[4,3-d]pyrimidin-7-one (sildenafil), (6R,12aR)-2,3,6,7,12,12a-hexahydro-2-methyl-6-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-pyrazino[2',1':6,1]-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-1,4-dione (IC-351 or tadalafil), 2-[2-ethoxy-5-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl-1-sulphonyl)-phenyl]-5-methyl-7-propyl-3H-imidazo[5,1-f][1,2,4]triazin-4-one (vardenafil), 5-(5-acetyl-2-butoxy-3-pyridinyl)-3-ethyl-2-(1-ethyl-3-azetidinyl)-2,6-dihydro-7*H*-pyrazolo[4,3-*d*]pyrimidin-7-one, 5-(5-acetyl-2-propoxy-3-pyridinyl)-3-ethyl-2-(1-isopropyl-3-azetidinyl)-2,6-dihydro-7*H*-pyrazolo[4,3-*d*]pyrimidin-7-one, 5-[2-ethoxy-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-ylsulphonyl)pyridin-3-yl]-3-ethyl-2-[2-methoxyethyl]-2,6-dihydro-7H-pyrazolo[4,3-d]pyrimidin-7-one, 4-[(3-chloro-4-methoxybenzyl)amino]-2-[(2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidin-1-yl]-N-(pyrimidin-2-ylmethyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide, 3-(1-methyl-7-oxo-3-propyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)-N-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl]-4-propoxybenzenesulfonamide;
- a cannabinoid;
- metabotropic glutamate subtype 1 receptor (mGluR1) antagonist;
- a serotonin reuptake inhibitor such as sertraline, sertraline metabolite demethylsertraline, fluoxetine, norfluoxetine (fluoxetine desmethyl metabolite), fluvoxamine, paroxetine, citalopram, citalopram metabolite desmethylcitalopram, escitalopram, d,l-fenfluramine, femoxetine, ifoxetine, cyanodothiepin, litoxetine, dapoxetine, nefazodone, ericlamine and trazodone;
- a noradrenaline (norepinephrine) reuptake inhibitor, such as maprotiline, lofepramine, mirtazepine, oxaprotiline, fezolamine, tomoxetine, mianserin, buproprion, buproprion metabolite hydroxybuproprion, nomifensine and viloxazine, especially a selective noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor such as reboxetine, in particular (S,S)-reboxetine;
- a dual serotonin-noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor, such as venlafaxine, venlafaxine metabolite O-desmethylvenlafaxine, clomipramine, clomipramine metabolite desmethylclomipramine, duloxetine, milnacipran and imipramine;
- an inducible nitric oxide synthase (iNOS) inhibitor such as S-[2-[(1-iminoethyl)amino]ethyl]-L-homocysteine, S-[2-[(1-iminoethyl)-amino]ethyl]-4,4-dioxo-L-cysteine, S-[2-[(1-iminoethyl)amino]ethyl]-2-methyl-L-cysteine, (2S,5Z)-2-amino-2-methyl-7-[(1-iminoethyl)amino]-5-heptenoic acid, 2-[[(1R,3S)-3-amino-4-hydroxy-1-(5-thiazolyl)-butyl]thio]-5-chloro-3-pyridinecarbonitrile; 2-[[(1R,3S)-3-

amino-4-hydroxy-1-(5-thiazolyl)butyl]thio]-4-chlorobenzonitrile, (2S,4R)-2-amino-4-[[2-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thio]-5-thiazolebutanol, 2-[[(1R,3S)-3-amino-4-hydroxy-1-(5-thiazolyl) butyl]thio]-6-(trifluoromethyl)-3 pyridinecarbonitrile, 2-[[(1R,3S)-3- amino-4-hydroxy- 1 -(5-thiazolyl)butyl]thio]-5-chlorobenzonitrile, N-[4-[2-(3-chlorobenzylamino)ethyl]phenyl]thiophene-2-carboxamidine, or guanidinoethyldisulfide;

- an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor such as donepezil;
- a prostaglandin E_2 subtype 4 (EP4) antagonist such as *N*-[({2-[4-(2-ethyl-4,6-dimethyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)-carbonyl]-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide or 4-[(1*S*)-1-({[5-chloro-2-(3-fluorophenoxy)pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl}amino)ethyl]benzoic acid;
- a leukotriene B4 antagonist; such as 1-(3-biphenyl-4-ylmethyl-4-hydroxy-chroman-7-yl)-cyclopentanecarboxylic acid (CP-105696), 5-[2-(2-Carboxyethyl)-3-[6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5E- hexenyl]oxyphenoxy]-valeric acid (ONO-4057) or DPC-11870,
- a 5-lipoxygenase inhibitor, such as zileuton, 6-[(3-fluoro-5-[4-methoxy-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl])phenoxy-methyl]-1-methyl-2-quinolone (ZD-2138), or 2,3,5-trimethyl-6-(3-pyridylmethyl),1,4-benzoquinone (CV-6504);
- a sodium channel blocker, such as lidocaine; or
- a 5-HT3 antagonist, such as ondansetron;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

15. The use accordingly to claim 14, wherein the p75NTR(NBP) and the second pharmacologically active compound are to be administered separately, sequentially, or simultaneously.

16. Use of a p75NTR(NBP) as defined in any one of claims 1 to 12, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or an excipient in the preparation of a medicament for any one or more of preventing, ameliorating, controlling, reducing incidence of, or delaying the development or progression of pain.