

CHILD RESISTANT BULK DOSE DISPENSING UNIT

FIELD

This invention pertains to an innovative child-resistant bulk dose dispensing packaging unit, and in particular to a child-resistant packaging unit that includes an opening
5 mechanism activated by simultaneously pressing in a first direction and sliding in a second direction.

BACKGROUND

A child-resistant packaging unit is used to store a dispensable product in a protected manner such that the product can be dispensed by an intended user, yet be
10 safeguarded against dispensing of the product by a child. The dispensable product (e.g., a medicine, supplement, herbal remedy, etc.) in tablet, caplet, capsule or powder form could be hazardous if ingested in uncontrolled quantities. The child-resistant packaging unit incorporates features that discourage or prevent children from opening the unit. The child-resistant packaging unit often takes the form of a container device
15 moveably coupled to a closure member. The closure member may be moved and/or removed from the container device in order to dispense the dispensable product.

Certain designs of a child-resistant packaging unit are known in the art. U.S. Patent No. 7,730,773 describes a child resistant, moveable closure member and container device and an overcap and container device. The overcap has opposed end walls and
20 opposed sidewalls, with at least one leading locking pin and at least one trailing locking pin in at least one of said sidewalls. The inner closure may have at least one guiding bar, which extends downwardly from its lower surface, that is compatible in shape with an opening slot that may be in at least one of the sidewalls along the upper body of the container. The container further has a fixed cover portion facing the inner closure with a
25 dispensing opening therethrough. At least one of the container sidewalls may have a closing notch, a stopping notch distal to the closing notch, and an opening notch therebetween. When the moveable closure is in the operative closure position, at least one of the leading locking pins is removably engaged in one of the closing notches and at least one of the trailing locking pins is removably engaged in at least one of the open
30 notches, and the at least one guiding bar lies in the opening slot of the container. As the moveable closure is moved to its operative open position, the guiding bar engages and slidably travels along the opening slot. When the moveable closure is in its

operative open position, at least one of the leading locking pins is removably engaged in one of the open notches and at least one of the trailing locking pins is removably engaged in one of the stopping notches.

U.S. Patent No. 7,114,619 claims a package containing and dispensing medicine. The
5 package includes a plug fixed to the package adjacent an open end. The plug has an access opening for enabling removal of material from the container through the open end of the package. A slide is supported on the plug for sliding movement in a first direction relative to the plug between a closed position in which the slide covers the access opening and an open position in which the access opening is uncovered. A
10 child-resistant feature is interposed between the plug and the slide. The written description describes breaking apart an original seal formed from interconnected rigid members of the closure itself.

U.S. Patent No. 6,367,639 describes a safety container that incorporates a slidable locking pin with an integral but separately lockable locking tab. The locking pin is
15 internally biased by an integral S-spring which, in cooperation with the lid on the container, urges the pin to slide into a slideway formed in the lid of the container. The locking pin may be locked into a closed position by rotation of the locking tab into a flexed position. In this position, the locking tab cannot slide within a mating slot in the hinge lid and, thus, the locking pin cannot slide into the slideway formed in the lid.
20 Alternatively, the locking tab may be rotated into a non-flexed position in which the locking tab can be urged to penetrate the mating slot in the lid and allow the locking pin to slide into the slideway in the lid. By use of the locking pin, the safety container can be set to require the user to perform distinct hand motions in order to open the container.

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SUMMARY

One or more embodiments of the present invention may provide a packaging unit, and a method for opening the packaging unit, such that the packaging unit includes a container and a lid engaged with the container. The container includes a reservoir
5 configured to hold contents to be dispensed, an aperture disposed at a top end of the reservoir, in which the aperture is operable to dispense the contents, and a protrusion extending from a surface of the container. The lid is engaged with the container and slideable along a first direction between a closed position in which the lid covers the aperture of the container and an open position in which the aperture is substantially
10 uncovered. The lid includes a top wall, a side wall extending down from an outer edge of the top wall, and a post configured to engage the protrusion at a first position when the lid is in the closed position so as to limit opening of the lid along the first direction, at least a portion of the post extending substantially parallel to the side wall at a distance from the side wall. The post is further configured such that a deflection of the side wall
15 by an inward force places the post at a second position, wherein at the second position the post is disengaged from the protrusion.

One or more embodiments of the present invention may provide a packaging unit, and a method for opening the packaging unit, such that the packaging unit includes a container and a lid engaged with the container. The container includes a reservoir
20 configured to hold contents to be dispensed, an aperture disposed at a top end of the reservoir, wherein the aperture is operable to dispense the contents, and a flexible arm disposed on a top surface of the reservoir, the flexible arm having a pivot end, a moveable end opposite from the pivot end, the moveable end having a blunt vertical end face, and an inclined upper surface joining the pivot end and the moveable end,
25 wherein the moveable end is vertically moveable between a resting position and a depressed position. The lid is engaged with the container and slideable along a first direction between a closed position in which the lid covers the aperture of the container and an open position in which the aperture is substantially uncovered. The lid includes a top wall configured to block the aperture when the lid is in the closed position, the top
30 wall including a flexible portion and a substantially rigid portion, a stopping post extending down from the substantially rigid portion of the lid, to a position below the resting position of the moveable end of the flexible arm, the stopping post located so as to engage with the moveable end of the flexible arm when the moveable end is in the

resting position, and a protrusion extending down from the flexible portion of the top wall, the protrusion configured to engage the flexible arm.

One or more embodiments of the present invention may provide a packaging unit, and a method for opening the packaging unit, such that the packaging unit includes a container and a lid engaged with the container. The container includes a reservoir configured to hold contents to be dispensed, an aperture disposed at a top end of the reservoir, wherein the aperture is operable to dispense the contents, and a flexible arm disposed on a top surface of the reservoir, the flexible arm having: a pivot end; a moveable end opposite from the pivot end, the moveable end having an enlarged portion, wherein the moveable end is horizontally moveable between a resting position and a depressed position. The lid is engaged with the container and slideable along a first direction between a closed position in which the lid covers the aperture of the container and an open position in which the aperture is substantially uncovered. The lid includes a top wall, a side wall extending down from an outer edge of the top wall, and an aperture formed in the side wall, the aperture sized and positioned to engage the enlarged portion of the moveable end of the flexible arm when the lid is in the closed position.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Features illustrated in the figures are not drawn to scale unless explicitly stated otherwise, and the relative sizes of certain features may be exaggerated to better illustrate the features. Embodiments will be described with reference to the following figures, in which like numerals represent like items throughout the figures, and in which:

FIG. 1 shows a top front left perspective view of an embodiment of a child-resistant packaging unit in an open position;

FIG. 2 shows a top front left perspective view of the embodiment of FIG. 1 in a partially closed position;

FIG. 3 shows a top front left perspective view of a container in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 shows a top front left perspective view of a lid in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 1;

- FIG. 5 shows a bottom perspective view of a lid in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 4;
- FIG. 6A shows a top view of a lid in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 4;
- FIG. 6B shows a left side view of the lid of FIG. 6A;
- 5 FIG. 6C shows a bottom view of the lid of FIG. 6A;
- FIG. 6D shows a sectional view of the lid of FIG. 6B;
- FIG. 6E shows a front view of the lid of FIG. 6B;
- FIG. 7 shows a partial front top left perspective view of the container of FIG. 3;
- FIG. 8 shows a partial bottom perspective view of the lid of FIG. 5;
- 10 FIG. 9A shows a top view of the container of FIG. 1;
- FIG. 9B shows a sectional view along H-H of the container of FIG. 9C;
- FIG. 9C shows a left side view of the container of FIG. 9A;
- FIG. 9D shows a front view of the container of FIG. 9C;
- FIG. 9E shows a right side view of the container of FIG. 9D;
- 15 FIG. 9F shows a rear view of the container of FIG. 9E;
- FIG. 10A shows a top view of the child-resistant packaging unit of FIG. 2;
- FIG. 10B shows a sectional view along J-J of the child-resistant packaging unit of FIG. 10C;
- FIG. 10C shows a left side view of the child-resistant packaging unit of FIG. 10B;
- 20 FIG. 10D shows a front view of the child-resistant packaging unit of FIG. 10C;
- FIG. 10E shows a right side view of the child-resistant packaging unit of FIG. 10D;
- FIG. 10F shows a sectional view along K-K of the child-resistant packaging unit of FIG. 10E;

FIG. 11A shows a top front right perspective view in an open position of an embodiment of a child-resistant packaging unit in accord with the invention;

FIG. 11B shows a sectional view in a closed position of an embodiment of a child-resistant packaging unit;

- 5 FIG. 12A shows a top rear left perspective view of an embodiment of a lid in accord with the invention;

FIG. 12B shows a top rear left perspective view of an embodiment of a container in accord with the invention, configured to cooperate with the lid of FIG. 12A;

FIG. 12C shows a sectional view along A-A in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 12A;

- 10 FIG. 12D shows a sectional view along B-B in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 12A and 12B;

FIG. 12E shows a sectional view along C-C in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 12A;

FIG. 13 show a top front right exploded perspective view of another embodiment of a child-resistant packaging unit in accord with the invention;

- 15 FIG. 14 show a top front right perspective view of another embodiment of a child-resistant packaging unit in accord with the invention;

FIG. 15 show a top front right perspective view of the container in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 14;

- 20 FIG. 16 show a top front right perspective view of the container and lid, with lid in open position, in accordance with the embodiment of FIG. 14;

FIG. 17 shows a bottom perspective view of a lid in accord with the embodiment of FIG. 14; and

FIG. 18 shows a cutaway perspective view of the embodiment of FIG. 14.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A child-resistant bulk dose dispensing packaging unit embodying the present invention includes a container section and a slideable lid that covers the container. When the lid is in a closed position, the bulk dose dispensing packaging unit has an elongated cross-sectional shape in a horizontal plane. As an example, the shape may be that of a continuous rectangular box without any projections around the interface between the lid and the container. The height and the length of the box are of comparable dimension, while the width is substantially smaller. The edges at the top and bottom surfaces of the box may be relatively sharp, while the edges along the sides (i.e., running from the top to the bottom), may be curved. The lid is generally disposed above the container and opens by sliding along its length, as explained in more detail below. However, the invention is not so limited and includes other configurations, proportions, and implementations, such as round, oval, racetrack or other sections as some embodiments.

As used throughout herein, a major axis is an axis along the length of the cross-sectional shape. A minor axis is a relatively shorter axis across the width of the cross-sectional shape, substantially perpendicular to the major axis. Lateral refers to a direction parallel to the minor axis, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. Forward or front refers to the end of the child resistant bulk dose dispensing package that is closer to the closable opening. Backwards or rear refers to the end of the child resistant bulk dose dispensing package that is farther from the closable opening. Left and right are as viewed in the orientation facing from the front toward the rear, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. A travel axis is parallel to the major axis, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

Figure 1 shows a top front left perspective view of an embodiment of a child-resistant bulk dose dispensing packaging unit **100** in an open position. Child-resistant bulk dose dispensing packaging unit **100** may also be referred herein as packaging unit **100**. Packaging unit **100** includes a container **101** and lid **102**. Lid **102** slidably engages with container **101** in order to selectively cover or uncover aperture **103**, in whole or in part. Lid **102** is constructed of a resilient material or includes a flexible portion where a surface is capable of being bowed when opposing forces are applied along the minor axis of lid **102**, e.g., as provided by finger pressure. The engagement and operation of lid **102** with container **101** is described below in greater detail.

Referring now to FIG. 2, there is shown a top front left perspective view of an embodiment of a child-resistant bulk dose dispensing packaging unit **100** after lid **102** has been slid to a partially closed position.

Referring now to FIG. 3, there is shown a top front left perspective view of an embodiment of the container **101**. The container **101** includes a reservoir **301** that extends from the bottom upwards along the majority of the height of the packaging unit **100**. The reservoir **301** ends at a horizontal interface **302** where the outer surface of the lid **102** meets the outer surface of the container **101**.

Above the reservoir **301**, the container **101** includes a spout **303** having an aperture **103** therethrough for delivering the contents of the packaging unit. The spout **303** is disposed at a front side **304** of the container **101** and is optionally defined by an annular wall **305** that depends from surface **309**. In one embodiment the surface **309** and the annular wall **305** are flat. In another embodiment, the surface **309** and the annular wall **305** are angled.

Referring now to FIG. 4, there is shown a top front left perspective view of an embodiment of lid **102**. Figure 5 shows a bottom perspective view of an embodiment of lid **102** that is turned upside down. Figure 6A shows the top of lid **102**. Figure 6B shows the left side of lid **102**. Figure 6C shows the bottom of lid **102**. Figure 6D is a sectional view of lid **102** along axis A-A defined in FIG. 6B. Figure 6E shows the front of lid **102**. The lid **102** includes a top surface **401** that forms the top of the packaging unit **100**. Lid **102** covers the spout **303** when lid **102** is in a closed position. Side walls **402a** extend down from the left and right sides of the top wall **401**. Side wall **402b** extends down from the rear side of the top wall **401**. Optionally, ridges **403** are an outer surface feature that provide an indication to a user of where to squeeze lid **102** when opening packaging unit **100**, as described in further detail below. Ridges **403** may protrude outward from surface **402a**, or may protrude inward into surface **402a**. Ridges **403** may be implemented as other kinds of surface features such as knurling, slits, rubberized spot, coloration, being slightly elevated or depressed, some material change or the like, such that a user has a tactile and/or visual indication of where to squeeze lid **102**. Optionally, ribbing **501** may be patterned on either the inner or outer side of top surface **401** in order to provide additional rigidity to top surface **401** at a location corresponding to aperture **103** when the lid **102** is in a closed position. In one embodiment, the ribbing

can be created out of a second material or as part of the same material of the base part of lid **102**.

In a closed position, side walls **402a** and **402b** of lid **102** hide the three sides of the spout **303** and the mechanisms, described below, that interface with container **101**.

5 Thus, the side walls **402a** extend down to meet the top of the reservoir **301**. The front side **304** of the spout **303** forms a portion of the outer surface of the packaging unit **100** including rounded front corners **306**. There is a smooth transition **307** between the front side **304** of the spout **303** and the front **308** of the reservoir **301**. Front **308** and front side **304** may have a substantially flat shape as illustrated in FIG. 3, or may be provided
10 with alternate shapes such as a rounded shape which may be more ergonomically pleasing. Similarly, a corresponding rear portion of container **101** may be provided with an ergonomically pleasing shape.

The spout **303** extends across substantially the entire minor axis of the packaging unit **100**, but extends along a portion of the major axis. When in a closed position, the top of
15 the spout **303** is adjacent to an underside of the top wall **401** of the lid **102** and the left and right sides of the spout **303** are adjacent to the left and right sides of the skirt. A center bar **309** that is the same height as the spout **303** but thinner than the width of the spout **303** extends back from the spout **303** to the rear end of the packaging unit **100**. Accordingly, the left side **310** and right side (not shown in FIG. 3) of the center bar **309**
20 are spaced apart from the left and right side walls **402a** of lid **102**.

Referring now to FIG. 7, there is shown a portion of FIG. 3 which has been expanded in order to refer more easily to select details of container **101**. Figure 8 shows a portion of FIG. 5 which has been expanded in order to refer more easily to select details of lid **102**. The left and right sides of the spout **303** each include a rail **701**, the left side being
25 illustrated in FIG. 7. Figure 8 illustrates that a front portion of the left side wall **402a** includes corresponding slide **801** that cooperates with rail **701** on the spout **303** when lid **102** is upright and attached to container **101**. The right side wall **402a** contains a similar slide **801** (unillustrated in FIG. 8). Although rail **701** is shown as a female shape and slide **801** as a male shape, rail **701** could also be a male shape cooperating with a
30 female-shaped slide **801**. Other shapes for the rails are realizable, so long as the rails/slides are horizontally slidable relative to each other, while limiting vertical movement.

Similarly, FIG. 7 illustrates that rear rail **702** is included on a side wall the center bar **309** that communicates with hanging slide **802** (FIG. 8). Hanging slides **802** extend down from a rearward portion of the top wall **401** of the lid **102**. Thus, the front of the lid **102** is slidably engaged with the spout **303** via rails **701** and **801**, while the back of the lid
5 **102** is slidably engaged with the center bar **309** via the hanging rails **702** and **802**.

The top wall **401** of the lid **102** also includes a downward catch **803** that meets a recessed area such as flange **703** disposed on the top of the center bar **309**. The flange **703** and catch **803** cooperate so as to limit the distance the lid **102** can slide backward. This distance is set such that the spout **303** opening is uncovered when the
10 lid **102** reaches its rearward sliding limit. A stopper **706** may be provided to engage with hanging slide **804A** in order to prevent movement beyond the rearward sliding limit. Catch **803** can be a small feature as shown, or a more substantial feature with a different shape. In one embodiment, catch **803** is a flexible feature.

Alternatively, the flange **703** and catch **803** can be implemented as a locking pin,
15 ratchet, etc., cooperatively matched to one or more notches or indentations. Separate notches or indentations can be used to provide separate positions for the lid **102**. For instance, one notch or indentation may correspond to a position at which aperture **103** is at least partially open, and a second position may correspond to a fully open position, or a position beyond which the lid **102** is not designed to slide.

20 The lid **102** is prevented from sliding rearward by two posts **804** extending down on opposing sides of the center bar **309** from the top wall **401** of the lid **102**. One of posts **804** is illustrated in FIG. 8. With the lid **102** in its closed position, an operative portion **804a** on blunt edge **805** of post **804** is disposed directly in front of a protrusion **704** extending up from a lip on reservoir **301**. The lid **102** is prevented from sliding rearward
25 by operative part **804a** engaging blunt edge **705**.

Protrusion **704** is shaped to have a relatively narrow lateral width compared to its length, as illustrated in FIG. 7. Operative portion **804a** is separated from side **402a** by a gap at least equal to the lateral width of protrusion **704**. Operative portion **804a** may include one substantially flat or blunt edge **805**, and one substantially tapered edge **806**.
30 Protrusion **704** may include tapered edge **706**. Blunt edges **705**, **805** cooperate when lid **102** is in a closed position such that sliding movement is prevented that would otherwise open the packaging unit **100**. A linkage **807** is provided that physically

interfaces post **804** to side wall **402a**. Linkage **807** may be provided as a thicker section of post **804** as shown in FIG. 8. Ridges **403** are provided on an outer surface of wall **402a** at a location that corresponds to or is near the location where post **804** interfaces to the inner surface of wall **402a** through linkage **807**.

- 5 The lid **102** is opened by applying inward pressure to the left and right sides **402a** of lid **102** at the location of ridges **403**. Ridges **403** provide tactile indication to a user of where to press sides **402a**. Sides **402a** bow inward as they are pressed. Bowing of side **402a** is transmitted through linkage **807** to post **804**. When side **402a** is sufficiently bowed, post **804** is deflected inward such that operative portion **804a** no longer
10 engages with protrusion **704**. While maintaining this pressure, and the resultant bowing of side **402a**, lid **102** may be simultaneously slid backwards such that protrusion **704** passes through the gap between operative portion **804a** and side **402a**. The amount of bowing of sides **402a** depends upon the pressure applied by a user, therefore having a gap between operative portion **804a** and side **402a** that is wider than the width of
15 protrusion **704** will facilitate a wider range of pressures applied by a user that produces sufficient bowing to allow protrusion **704** to pass through the gap. When pressure is released from ridges **403**, the sides **402a** return from the bowed shape.

- To close the packaging unit **100**, a user can provide forward force upon any location of lid **102**, without the need to squeeze lid **102** at the location of ridges **403**. As tapered
20 edges **706**, **806** of protrusion **704** and post **804** begin to engage, the tapered shape facilitates operative portion **804a** to pass by protrusion **704** with little or no need to bow sides **402a**. Operative portion **804a**, protrusion **704**, and/or side **402a** may bend slightly as operative portion **804a** passes protrusion **704**. Once operative portion **804a** fully passes protrusion **704**, there may be provided an audible or tactile feedback (e.g., a
25 click) which alerts the user that the packaging unit **100** is in a locked and substantially closed position.

As lid **102** slides back and forth, hanging rails **701**, **702**, and corresponding slides **801**, **802** engage so as to keep lid **102** in a substantially horizontal orientation.

- Figures 9A-9F illustrate various views of a container **101** in accord with one or more
30 embodiments of the invention. Figure 9A is a top elevational view. Figure 9C is a left elevational view. Figure 9B is a sectional view of container **101**, cut along axis H-H

marked in FIG. 9C. Figure 9D is a front elevational view. Figure 9E is a right elevational view. Figure 9F is a rear elevational view.

Figures 10A-10F illustrate various views of a packaging unit **100**, including container **101** and lid **102**, in a partially open position, in accord with one or more embodiments of the invention. Figure 10A is a top elevational view. Figure 10C is a left elevational view. Figure 10B is a sectional view of packaging unit **100**, cut along axis J-J marked in FIG. 10C. Figure 10D is a front elevational view. Figure 10E is a right elevational view. Figure 10F is a sectional view of packaging unit **100**, cut along axis K-K marked in FIG. 10E.

Figure 11A illustrates an alternate embodiment of a packaging unit **1100**. Packaging unit **1100** includes a container **1101** and a lid **1102**. Lid **1102** slides over container **1101**, along a major axis of container **1101**, in order to selectively cover or uncover aperture **1103**. Lower surface of the lid **1102** meets the upper surface of the container **1101** at horizontal surface **1110**. Aperture **1103** is substantially flush with horizontal surface **1110**. Container **1101** includes a front portion **1106** which prevents excessive forward motion of lid **1102** once the aperture **1103** is substantially covered. Front portion **1106** includes a rearward-facing groove **1105** that mates with a lip **1104** on a front surface of lid **1102**. Packaging unit **1100** is securely closed when lip **1104** mates with groove **1105**.

Figure 11B illustrates a right side sectional view of an alternate embodiment of a packaging unit **1150**. Packaging unit **1150** has seal **1107** which is attached to a bottom side of lid **1108**. The seal **1107** securely covers aperture **1103** when packaging unit **1150** is closed. The lid **1108** may be provided with a recess **1109** that at least partially encloses the seal **1107**. The seal **1107** allows for a small clearance to be provided between container **1101** and lid **1108**, providing reduced friction such that lid **1108** can be slid more easily to open and close packaging unit **1150**.

Figures 12A-12E illustrate an alternate embodiment of a packaging unit **1200**. Figure 12A is a top rear left perspective view of a lid. Figure 12B is a top rear left perspective view of a container that cooperates with the lid of FIG. 12A. Figure 12C is a sectional view of the lid along axis A-A shown in FIG. 12A. Figure 12D is a sectional view of a mated lid and container along axis B-B shown in FIG. 12A. Figure 12E is a sectional view of the lid along axis C-C shown in FIG. 12A. Container **1201** interfaces with lid

1202 by use of a first slidable attachment mechanism 1203a, 1203b, and a second
slidable attachment mechanism 1204a, 1204b. The lid 1202 slides over the container
1201, along a major axis of container 1201, in order to selectively cover or uncover
aperture 1208. The design of first and/or second slidable attachment mechanism may
5 include a cooperating pair of rails, as shown for first slidable attachment mechanism
1203a, 1203b, and similarly in FIGs. 7-8. Alternatively, first and/or second slidable
attachment mechanism may include a dovetail design or a cooperating tongue-in-
groove design, as shown for second slidable attachment mechanism 1204a, 1204b.
Embodiments of the invention are not limited in this regard, and other slidable
10 attachment mechanism known in the art can be used, such that vertical motion is
limited.

The side walls of lid 1202 include a tabbed portion 1207 that is cut on at least one side
from the remainder of lid 1202, thereby forming a notch 1209 between tabbed portion
1207 and the remainder of lid 1202. The tabbed portion 1207 may be attached to lid
15 1202 along one edge of tabbed portion 1207 so as to create a springboard effect.
Figure 12C, which is a cross-section of tabbed portion 1207 along line A-A, illustrates
that the inner side of tabbed portion 1207 includes a post 1206. When packaging unit
1200 is in a closed position, post 1206 cooperates with protrusion 1205 on an upper
portion of container 1201 to prevent unwanted opening of packaging unit 1200.
20 Protrusion 1205 includes cooperating blunt edges and tapered edges. Tabbed portion
1207 uses a lateral force to disengage post 1206 with protrusion 1205.

Figure 13 illustrates an alternate embodiment of a packaging unit 1300. Container 1301
slidably interfaces with lid 1302 by use of cooperating slide and rail mechanisms (not
shown in FIG. 13). Lid 1302 slides over container 1301, along a major axis of container
25 1301, in order to selectively cover or uncover aperture 1303. Container 1301 includes
at least one arm 1307 disposed on the top surface 1310 of container 1301, the arm
1307 being oriented generally along the major axis. Arm 1307 is constructed from a
resilient material that allows for a moderate amount of bending upon application of a
moderate amount of pressure along the minor axis. An enlarged portion 1304 is
30 disposed toward a forward end of arm 1307, the portion 1304 being enlarged in a
direction substantially perpendicular to the travel axis. Enlarged portion 1304 for
instance may be an outward protrusion as illustrated in FIG. 13.

The lid **1302** includes at least one aperture **1305** corresponding in position with the enlarged portion **1304**. Enlarged portion **1304** cooperatively fits into aperture **1305** such that, when packaging unit **1300** is closed, lid **1302** is secured in a closed position over aperture **1303**. Packaging unit **1300** is opened by squeezing enlarged portion **1304**
5 inward until it is no longer within aperture **1305**, then sliding lid **1302** along the travel axis away from aperture **1303**. Advantageously, enlarged portion **1304** and aperture **1305** have cooperating blunt edges such that enlarged portion **1304** and aperture **1305** should not be disengaged and packaging unit **1300** opened without first squeezing inward enlarged portion **1304**.

- 10 At an end opposite from enlarged portion **1304**, arms **1307** are provided with a blocking structure **1306**. Blocking structure **1306** may be formed, for instance, as an end of a slot formed up to a point where arm **1307** joins a center structure **1308**, or where arm **1307** joins a complementary arm **1307** from the opposite lateral side of container **1301**.

Figure 14 is a perspective view of an alternate embodiment of a packaging unit **1400** in
15 a closed position. Packaging unit **1400** includes container **1401** and lid **1402**. Figure 15 is a top, front, right perspective view of container **1401** with lid **1402** removed. Figure 15 depicts aperture **1501**, arm **1502**, and slideable mechanism **1503**. Arm **1502** includes a vertically-oriented end face **1505** that may be blunt or substantially flat. Arm **1502** also includes an inclined surface **1508** on an upper side of arm **1502**. Arm **1502**
20 resiliently joins to a top surface of container **1401** at a pivot end **1509**, such that arm **1502** can be pushed downward from a resting position to a depressed position by application of a moderate amount of downward pressure. Upon removal of the downward pressure, arm **1502** will rebound to substantially the resting position. Typically, when arm **1502** is in the resting position, protruding end face **1505** extends
25 higher than a plane determined by the rim of aperture **1501**. Inclined surface **1508** provides a smooth transition from pivot end **1509** to the upper tip of protruding end face **1505**.

Figure 16 is a perspective view of packaging unit **1400** in an open position. Slide **1503** cooperates with a slideable mechanism (not shown) on the interior surface of lid **1402**,
30 such that lid **1402** can be slid along a travel axis relative to container **1401**, while keeping lid **1402** substantially level and limiting vertical motion. Slide **1503** may include any of the structure described in connection with other embodiments, such as cooperating rails, dovetail, tongue-in-groove design, etc., as known in the art. Lid **1402**

includes top surface **1507**, which includes a tabbed portion **1506**. Tabbed portion **1506** may include tactile and/or visual feedback such as ribs, slits, roughness, indentation, raised bump, rubberized spot, coloration, some material change or the like, to indicate to a user the location of the tabbed portion **1506**. Tabbed portion **1506** is cut on at least one side from the remainder of lid **1402**. Preferably, tabbed portion **1506** is attached to lid **1402** along one edge of tabbed portion **1506** so as to create a springboard. In one embodiment, the slideable mechanism is achieved using a pivot and external spring.

Figure 17 is a perspective view of the underside of lid **1402**. Lid **1402** includes a circumferential wall **1701** configured to fit over the rim of aperture **1501** when lid **1402** is in a closed position, in order to keep the contents of container **1401** within container **1401**. The bottom of tabbed portion **1506** includes a protrusion **1702** located near an end **1704** of tabbed portion **1506**. The location of end **1704** is opposite from where tabbed portion **1506** is attached to lid **1402**. When lid **1402** is in a closed position, protrusion **1702** is located opposing an end of arm **1502** distal from pivot end **1509**. Lid **1402** also includes a stopping post **1703**, located such that a gap approximately equal to the width of protruding end face **1505**, in the direction of the major axis, is formed between stopping post **1703** and protrusion **1702**. Front portion **1504** of lid **1402** is located at the front of lid **1402**.

Figure 18 is a left perspective sectional view along the major axis of packaging unit **1400**, shown in a closed position. Protruding end face **1505** of arm **1502** is nestled between protrusion **1702** and stopping post **1703** such that lid **1402** is prevented from opening, and the contents of packaging unit **1400** cannot be released.

To open packaging unit **1400**, downward pressure on tabbed portion **1506** causes protrusion **1702** to transmit the downward motion to arm **1502**, resiliently bending arm **1502** downward from a resting position to a depressed position. Once arm **1502** is sufficiently depressed, the upper tip of protruding end face **1505** will clear the lower tip of stopping post **1703**, thereby allowing the lid **1402** to be slid rearward along the major axis of packaging unit **1400**. Once the upper tip of protruding end face **1505** has cleared wall **1701**, the upper tip of protruding end face **1505** will be inside the perimeter of wall **1701**. When lid **1402** is slid sufficiently backward, protrusion **1702** will move past pivot end **1509** of arm **1502**, and protrusion **1702** will no longer make contact with arm **1502**, whereupon arm **1502** will resiliently rebound to its resting position. The resting position of arm **1502** is such that the upper tip of protruding end face **1505** will be higher

than the lower edge of wall **1701**, and higher than the lower edge of front portion **1504**. As lid **1402** is slid further backward, protruding end face **1505** will make contact with lid **1402** at front portion **1504**, thereby stopping any further backward movement. At this position, pivot end **1509** will be within the perimeter of wall **1701**.

- 5 To close packaging unit **1400**, the lid **1402** is slid forward relative to the container **1401**. As pivot end **1509** begins to move past the perimeter of wall **1701**, the inclined surface **1508** interacts with wall **1701** and/or stopping post **1703** in order to push arm **1502** downward from a resting position, thereby allowing protruding end face **1505** to pass under wall **1701** and stopping post **1703**. When the lid **1402** is in a fully closed and
- 10 locked position, the user may experience audible and/or tactile feedback (e.g., a click, snap, vibration, etc.) as protruding end face **1505** snaps into the nestled location between protrusion **1702** and stopping post **1703**.

The embodiment of FIGs. 14-18 is conducive to operation with one hand by persons with sufficient manual dexterity. For instance, one finger (e.g., thumb or forefinger) can

15 operate tabbed portion **1506** and slide lid **1402** backward, while the remaining fingers grasp container **1401**.

Although the invention has been illustrated and described with respect to one or more implementations, equivalent alterations and modifications will occur to others skilled in the art upon the reading and understanding of this specification and the annexed

20 drawings. In addition, while a particular feature of the invention may have been disclosed with respect to only one of several implementations, such feature may be combined with one or more other features of the other implementations as may be desired and advantageous for any given or particular application. The invention is defined solely with regard to the claims appended hereto, and equivalents of the

25 recitation therein.

The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the invention. As used herein, the singular forms "a", "an" and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. Furthermore, to the extent that the terms

30 "including", "includes", "having", "has", "with", or variants thereof are used in either the detailed description and/or the claims, such terms are intended to be inclusive in a manner similar to the term "comprising."

Unless otherwise defined, all terms (including technical and scientific terms) used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. It will be further understood that terms, such as those defined in commonly used dictionaries, should be interpreted as having a meaning that
5 is consistent with their meaning in the context of the relevant art and will not be interpreted in an idealized or overly formal sense unless expressly so defined herein.

Claims:

1. A packaging unit (1300) comprising:
 - a container (1301) adapted to hold contents to be dispensed and having an aperture (1303) at an end thereof, the aperture (1303) being sized to dispense the contents therethrough; and
 - a lid (1302) configured to slideably engage the container (1301) about the end thereof, the lid (1302) being slideable in a first direction between a closed position in which the lid (1302) covers the aperture (1303) and an open position in which the aperture (1303) is at least partially uncovered, wherein the container (1301) includes at least one resilient portion (1304, 1307) capable of being deflected in a direction substantially perpendicular to the first direction so as to disengage the lid (1302) from the container (1301) when in the closed position such that the lid (1302) is capable of sliding in the first direction to the open position;
- wherein
 - the lid (1302) comprises a top wall and a side wall extending from the top wall, the side wall defining a lid aperture (1305), and the container (1301) further comprising a flexible arm (1307) having the at least one resilient portion, the flexible arm (1307) further having an enlarged portion (1304) configured to be received within the lid aperture (1305) when the lid (1302) is in the closed position, the at least one resilient portion of the arm (1307) being configured such that the enlarged portion (1304) is capable of being deflected out of the lid aperture (1305) to permit movement of the lid (1302) in the first direction;
 - characterized in that
 - the packaging unit (1300) further comprises a lip (1104) extending from the side wall of the lid (1302); and the container (1301) includes a front portion (1106) which prevents excessive motion of lid (1302) in a direction opposite to the first direction once the aperture (1303) is substantially covered, the front portion (1106) defining a groove (1105) configured to receive the lip (1104) when the lid (1302) is in the closed position.

2. The packaging unit (1300) of claim 1, wherein the lid (1302) further comprises a seal (1107) configured to overlie the aperture (1303) when the lid (1302) is in the closed position.