

Abstract

In view of various problems when a treatment that embeds an implant body or a treatment that embeds an embedded body such as an autologous tooth is performed, an osteotome for a dental treatment corresponding thereto or the like is provided. To implement this, an osteotome according to the present disclosure is an osteotome 60 used as an instrument which is embedded from a surface layer of a treatment area in a jaw region of a patient into a deep portion to apply an impact in expanding or compressing a bone so as to displace a position of a mucosa behind the treatment area and includes a body portion corresponding to a main body portion of the osteotome and an end portion 63 formed at a distal end of the body portion to displace the position of the mucosa. A diameter of the end portion 63 has a size appropriate for transplant of an autogenous tooth.