

PANTY CORSELET WITHOUT BUCKLE STRUCTURES

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to the field of clothing and underwear, in particular, to a panty corselet without buckle structures.

2. Description of Related Art

Currently, tight-fitting panty underwear, such as panty corselet, corset and so on, is usually provided with two types of buckle structures to enable women to take it off or put it on conveniently. One type indicates an arrangement of openable buckles disposed around the crutch area. However, these buckles are relatively hard and rigid materials, and therefore result in discomfort of wearing the underwear with such buckles, especially in the case of the tight-fitting panty corselet, the uncomfortable feeling will be even more obvious. The other type indicates an arrangement of a detachable connection structure between the pants and the blouse. However, to achieve such connection with buckles, many related accessories should be used and if zippers are applied as connection parts, then a relatively large area will be taken up, thereby greatly reducing the level of comfortability of wearing the tight-fitting underwear. The above two types of structures have not solved the problems of wearing and taking off a panty corselet. There is a need for a type of comfortable panty underwear which could enable women to take it off or put it on conveniently.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention aims to provide a panty corselet without buckle structures, which is comfortable and easy for wearing and taking off.

The present invention provides a panty corselet without buckle structures, including a blouse portion and a pants portion that are connected as a whole. The pants portion comprises a front rise and two connection belts, the two connection belts connect the front rise to the blouse portion and form two openings where a wearer's thighs can pass through.

In an embodiment according to the present invention, an upper edge of the front rise is connected to a bottom edge of the blouse portion on the front side, one end of each of the two connection belts is connected to the bottom edge of the blouse portion on the hip side, and the other end of each of the two connection belts is connected to a bottom edge of the front rise.

In an embodiment according to the present invention, the ends of two connection belts are respectively stitched to the blouse portion and the front rise.

In an embodiment according to the present invention, the two connection belts

circle the thighs and hip and strain the blouse portion and the front rise, when in wearing.

In an embodiment according to the present invention, the two connection belts are made of either elastic or non-elastic fiber.

In an embodiment according to the present invention, the front rise is made of either elastic or non-elastic fiber.

The panty corselet of the present invention brings amazing convenience to women in taking off the pants portion of the panty corselet easily when going to the rest-room. The panty corselet of the present invention is designed with no buckles for connection at the crutch area and so on, thereby overcoming the deficiency in the current technology in relation to connection by buckles. Besides, the blouse and the pants of the panty corselet of the present invention are connected through stitching, thus enabling the wearing of the panty corselet more comfortable for women.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a panty corselet without buckle structures according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic view of a panty corselet without buckle structures of FIG. 1 when in wearing.

FIG. 3 is a schematic view of a panty corselet without buckle structures of FIG. 1 when the pants are taken off.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

The following embodiments and drawings are merely intended to further demonstrate and illustrate the present invention, but not to limit the scope of the present invention.

A panty corselet without buckle structures of this present invention includes a blouse portion 1 and a pants portion. The blouse portion 1 is designed in the same structure as existing panty underwear, and connected to the pants portion at one end as a whole, such as by means of stitching. To make the wearing of a panty corselet more easily, the pants portion of the panty corselet of the present invention includes a front rise 2 and two connection belts 3. The two connection belts 3 are disposed between the front rise 2 and the blouse portion 1, and form two openings together with the front rise 2 and the blouse portion 1. A wearer's thighs can pass through the openings when in wearing.

As shown in FIG. 1, an upper edge of the front rise 2 is connected to a bottom edge of the blouse portion 1 on the front side, such as by means of stitching. One end of each of the two connection belts 3 is connected to the bottom edge of the blouse 1 on the hip side, and the other end is connected to a bottom edge of the front rise 2. As

shown in FIG. 2, when in wearing, the two connection belts 3 circle the thighs and hip, and strain the blouse portion 1 and the front rise 2. To ensure wearing comfort, the ends of the two connection belts 3 are respectively stitched to the blouse portion 1 and the front rise 2. Thus the need for buckles, zippers, etc. (usually made of relatively hard and rigid materials) is dispensed with.

In the present invention, the two connection belts 3 and the front rise 2 can be made of fiber for figure-clinging purpose. Furthermore, the two connection belts 3 and the front rise 2 can be made of elastic fiber, thus bringing convenience to the wearing of a panty corselet. Referring to FIG. 3, the panty corselet of this present invention enables women to take off the pants easily when going to the rest-room.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A panty corselet without buckle structures, comprising:

a corset portion; and

a pants portion, connected with the corset portion as a whole,

wherein the pants portion comprises a front rise and two connection belts, the front rise having a crotch area, and an upper edge of the front rise is connected to a bottom edge of the corset portion on a front side, one end of each of the two connection belts is connected to the bottom edge of the corset portion on each hip side, and the other end of each of the two connection belts is connected to a bottom edge of the front rise at the crotch area, and form two openings through which a wearer's thighs could pass.

2. The panty corselet without buckle structures of claim 1, wherein: the ends of the two connection belts are respectively stitched to the corset portion and the front rise.

3. The panty corselet without buckle structures of claim 2, wherein: when in wearing, the two connection belts circle the thighs, and pull the front rise downwardly.

4. The panty corselet without buckle structures of claim 1, wherein: the two connection belts are made of elastic fibre.

5. The panty corselet without buckle structures of claim 1, wherein: the front rise is made of elastic fibre.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

PANTY CORSELET WITHOUT BUCKLE STRUCTURES

A panty corselet without buckle structures including a blouse portion and a pants portion connected as a whole is disclosed. The pants portion includes a front rise and two connection belts connected between the front rise and the blouse portion. One end of each of the two connection belts is connected to a bottom edge of the blouse portion on the hip side, and the other end to a bottom edge of the front rise, thereby forming two openings where a wearer's thighs can pass through. As the panty corselet of this present invention is not provided with buckles, it enables women to take off or put on the panty corselet conveniently. More particularly, the pants portion of the panty corselet can be taken off easily when going to the rest-room. Moreover, in this present invention, the ends of the two connection belts are respectively stitched to the blouse portion and the front rise, thus bringing comfort to wearing and overcoming the deficiency in current technology in relation to connection by buckles.

Figure 1