

ABSTRACT

5       The purpose of the present invention is to provide: a blood sample analysis method for determining diabetes complications in subjects with kidney damage on the basis of D- and L-amino acid content, from a blood sample; a method for examining diabetes complications; and a sample analysis system that outputs pathological information about diabetes complications. The purpose of this invention is achieved by using at least one amino acid selected from the group consisting of D-aspartic acid, D-proline, L-glutamine, and L-isoleucine, in order to determine diabetes complications.

[FIG. 1-A]