

ABSTRACT

The invention relates to electrostatic frictional generators having a movable member in form of flow of substance particles. The invention is directed to attaining a technical effect of providing electrostatic frictional pulse generator having innovative configuration. The technical effect is attained by an electrostatic frictional pulse generator implemented in form of a hollow cylinder and having a means for providing flow of air with substance particles along the cylinder surface. Materials of the cylinder and the substance are selected so as to provide induction of opposite electric charges on the cylinder surface and on the substance particles due to friction of the substance particle flow against the cylinder surface. An electrode and a current collector connected to a load are located along axis of the cylinder with a gap between them. The means for providing the flow of air with substance particles is provided in form of screens located in upper and lower portions of the cylinder and configured to repel flows of air with substance particles, and an axial fan located under the upper screen, which intakes air and has blades of less diameter than inner diameter of the cylinder.

Fig. 1