

THERAPEUTIC COMPOUNDS, FORMULATIONS, AND USES THEREOF**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

[0001] This application claims the benefit and priority of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/965,738, filed on January 24, 2020, the content of which is hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

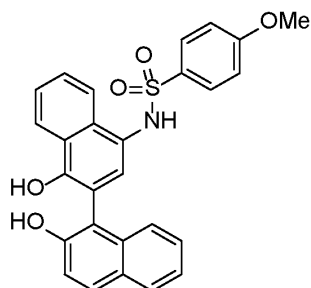
[0002] Provided herein is a compound of Formula (I), and pharmaceutical compositions and uses thereof, such as in the treatment of cancer, fibrosis, or chronic inflammation.

BACKGROUND

[0003] While great strides have been made in the treatment of cancer, a cure remains elusive. In recent years, advancements in formulation chemistry have increased the range of therapeutic compounds that can be utilized in cancer treatment.

SUMMARY

[0004] Provided in some embodiments herein is a compound of Formula (I):



(I)

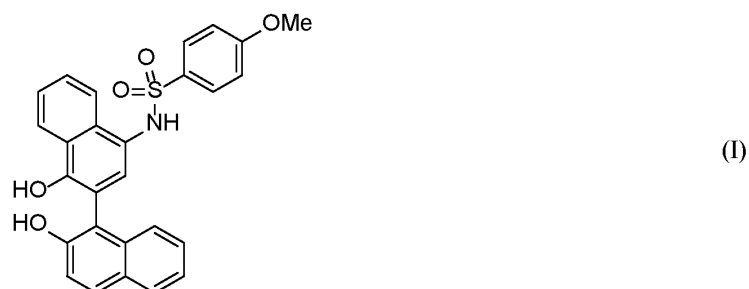
such as for use in therapies for cancer, fibrosis, or chronic inflammation. Provided in certain embodiments are pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of Formula (I). In general instances, compounds of Formula (I) have low solubility and are very difficult to formulate in a practical and usable form. For example, in some instances, formulations, such as comprising a combination of Labrasol® and PEG400 (60:40), require unmanageable pill burden at even modest dosing. In certain instances, provided herein are compositions and formulations capable of providing good solubility of a compound of Formula (I) and/or reducing pill burden in therapies involving a compound of Formula (I).

[0005] While a compound of Formula (I) is generally considered to be highly insoluble (akin to “brick dust”), in certain instances, compositions and formulations provided herein are able to provide high loading of a compound of Formula (I), good ability to solubilize a compound of Formula (I), good ability to provide for high bioavailability of a compound of Formula (I), good stability (e.g., chemical and/or physical stability),

and/or reduce pill burden for individuals receiving therapies involving the administration of a compound of Formula (I).

[0006] In some embodiments, a composition, formulation or oral dosage form provided herein comprises, in addition to the compound of Formula (I), any suitable excipient or combination of excipients. In certain embodiments, the formulation (e.g., excipient or combination of excipients thereof) is suitable for providing good solubility of a compound of Formula (I), good physical stability (e.g., good solubility and/or dispersion of a compound of Formula (I)), good chemical stability of a compound of Formula (I), good (e.g., oral) bioavailability of a compound of Formula (I), and/or desirable or therapeutic effect, with a manageable (e.g., fewer than 25 pills per day, or other amount described herein) or reduced pill burden (e.g., relative to two-component excipient systems described herein) and/or an acceptable toxicity profile (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity profile, such as due at least in part to the low or reduced levels of excipient(s) present in the compositions and formulations provided herein relative to alternative formulations).

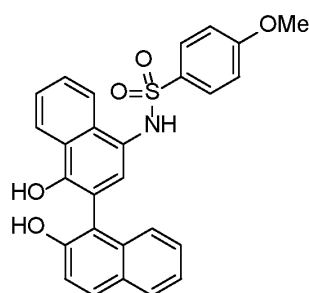
[0007] Provided in certain embodiments herein are pharmaceutical compositions, formulations, and oral dosage forms comprising an (e.g., therapeutically effective) amount of a compound of Formula (I):



[0008] In some embodiments, provided herein, are methods of using a compound of Formula (I), or a composition, formulation, or oral dosage form comprising a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, such methods are methods for providing a therapeutic effect, such as treating a disease or disorder mediated by STAT3, cancer, fibrosis, or chronic inflammation (e.g., with a manageable or reduced pill burden). In some embodiments, methods provided herein comprise administering a compound of Formula (I), or a composition, formulation, or oral dosage form thereof, such as to achieve a certain pharmacokinetic profile, such as described herein.

[0009] Provided herein, in one aspect, is a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- a. a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



(I)

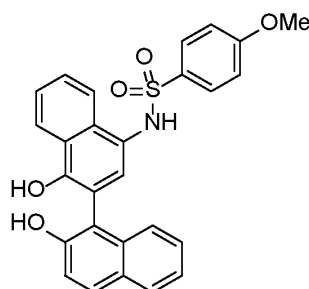
;

- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5);
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g., about 1:1);
- and
- f. an (e.g., optional) antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).

[0010]

Provided herein, in one aspect, is a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- a. a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



(I)

;

- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:3 to about 1:7;
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:10 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:11 to about 1:16);

- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:12 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:15 to about 1:17);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5);
- f. an (e.g., optional) antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 2:1 to about 20:1 (e.g., about 5:1).

[0011] In certain embodiments, the composition is or is a part of a self-emulsifying drug dispersion (SEDD). In certain embodiments, the composition is a capsule fill formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition further comprises a capsule shell.

[0012] In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 50 mg/g (e.g., at least 60 mg/g, at least 70 mg/g, at least 80 mg/g, or at least 90 mg/g) (e.g., excluding the mass of a capsule shell). In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/mL (e.g., at least 70 mg/mL, at least 80 mg/mL, at least 90 mg/mL, or at least 100 mg/mL) (e.g., excluding the volume of a capsule shell). In certain embodiments, at least 60 wt. % (e.g., at least 80 wt. %, at least 90 wt. %, or at least 95 wt. %) of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition.

[0013] In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is a glyceride emulsifier. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises optionally polyglycolized medium- and/or long-chain mono-, di-, and/or tri-glyceride(s).

[0014] In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is a polyoxyl castor oil or a vitamin E polyethylene glycol succinate (TPGS).

[0015] In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) has an average molecular weight of about 200 to about 1000 (e.g., about 500 to about 700, or about 550 to about 650, or about 600).

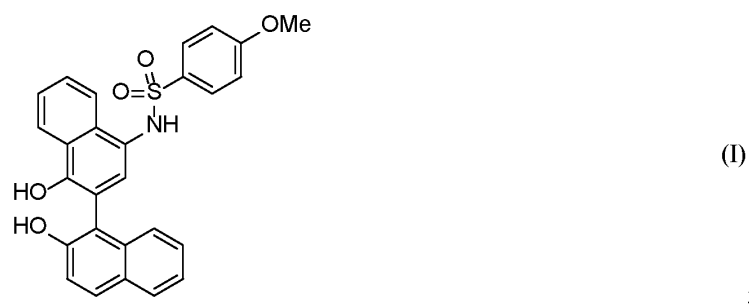
[0016] In certain embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate (e.g., polysorbate 20).

[0017] In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is vitamin E. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is ascorbyl palmitate. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is butylated hydroxytoluene. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is triethyl citrate. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is citric acid.

[0018] In certain embodiments, the composition further comprises a co-solvent (e.g., Transcutol®).

[0019] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising:

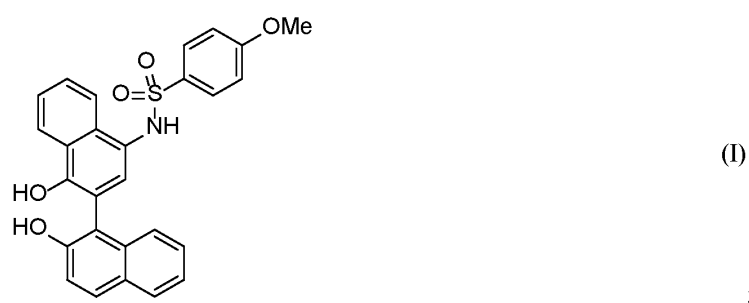
- a. at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5);
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2);
- and
- f. an (e.g., optional) antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).

[0020] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising:

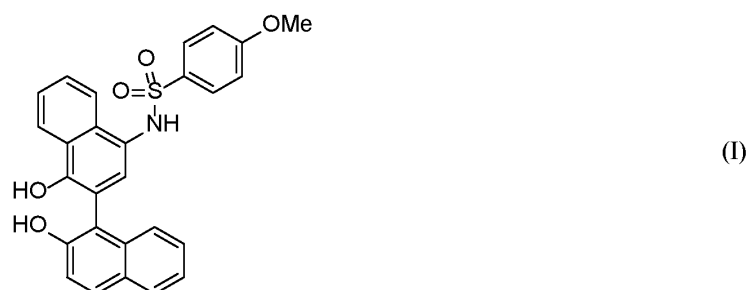
- a. at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to emulsifier of about 1:3 to about 1:7;

- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:10 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:11 to about 1:16);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:12 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:15 to about 1:17);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5);
- f. an (e.g., optional) antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 2:1 to about 20:1 (e.g., about 5:1).

[0021] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



[0022] In certain embodiments, the oral dosage form further comprises a capsule. In certain embodiments, the composition is configured entirely within the capsule. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 00 or smaller.

[0023] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride). In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5). In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:3 to about 1:7.

[0024] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a solubilizer. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3). In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:10 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:11 to about 1:16).

[0025] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol (PEG). In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g.,

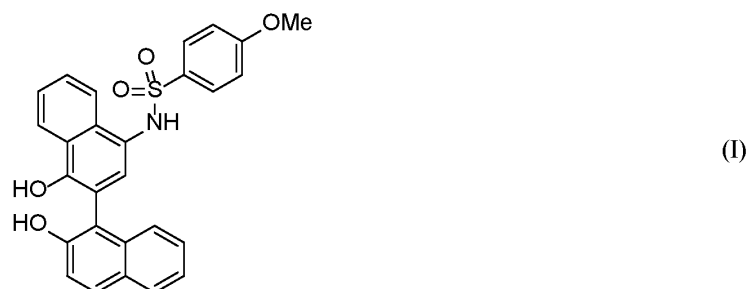
about 1:4). In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:12 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:15 to about 1:17).

[0026] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a surfactant. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2). In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5).

[0027] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an antioxidant. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1). In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 2:1 to about 20:1 (e.g., about 5:1).

[0028] In certain embodiments, the composition is as described in any of the previously described embodiments.

[0029] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a high dose of a compound of Formula (I):

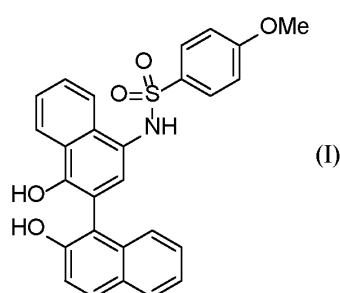


the high dose of the compound of Formula (I) comprising administration of at least 15 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.

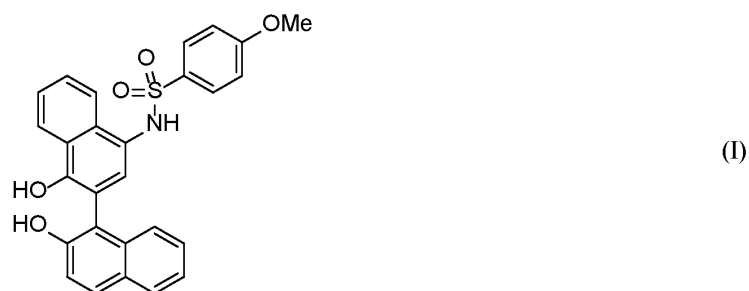
[0030] In certain embodiments, administering the compound of Formula (I) comprises administering any pharmaceutical composition, formulation, or oral dosage form described herein. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in any suitable dose. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in any suitable number of oral dosage forms per day. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 50 oral dosage forms per day. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 25 oral dosage forms per day. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 15 oral dosage forms per day.

[0031] In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 0.3 oral dosage forms per 1 kg of mass of the individual per day. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 0.35 oral dosage forms per 1 kg of mass of the individual per day. For example, in an individual weighing 75 kg, the number of oral dosage forms administered per day would not exceed about 26 (i.e., 0.35 oral dosage forms per 1 kg of mass * 75 kg of mass = 26.25 oral dosage forms).

[0032] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a plurality of oral dosage forms, the plurality of oral dosage forms collectively comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



[0033] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a plurality of oral dosage forms, the plurality of oral dosage forms collectively comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



the plurality of oral dosage forms comprising no more than 0.35 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual per day (e.g., on average or maximum).

[0034] In some embodiments, any suitable (e.g., therapeutically effective) amount of a compound of Formula (I) is provided to an individual, such as an individual in need thereof. In certain embodiments, the amount of compound of Formula (I) varies depending on the disease treated. For example, in some instances, higher doses are utilized in cancer therapies relative to fibrosis or chronic inflammation diseases. In some embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 1 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the

individual. In specific embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 2 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In more specific embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 5 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 10 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 15 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 20 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 25 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 30 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.

[0035] In certain embodiments, a cancer treated according to a method provided herein is a liver cancer, lung cancer, head and neck cancer, breast cancer, skin cancer, kidney cancer, testicular cancer, colon cancer, rectal cancer, gastric cancer, metastatic melanoma, prostate cancer, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, bone cancer, spleen cancer, gall bladder cancer, brain cancer, pancreatic cancer, stomach cancer, anal cancer, prostate cancer, multiple myeloma, post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease, restenosis, myelodysplastic syndrome, leukemia, lymphoma, or acute myelogenous leukemia. In some embodiments, a cancer treated according to a method provided herein is a liver cancer, lung cancer, hepatocellular carcinoma, head and neck squamous cell carcinoma, non-small cell lung cancer, or estrogen receptor-positive breast cancer. In some embodiments, a cancer treated according to a method provided herein is head and neck cancer, lung cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, colon cancer, multiple myeloma, leukemia, or pancreatic cancer. In some embodiments, the leukemia is acute myelogenous leukemia.

[0036] In some embodiments, chronic inflammation treated herein is inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, asthma, anaphylaxis, cancer cachexia, chronic kidney disease cachexia, nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), psoriasis, uveitis, scleritis, multiple sclerosis, or pancreatitis. In some embodiments, chronic inflammation treated herein is inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, asthma, anaphylaxis, cancer cachexia, chronic kidney disease cachexia, or nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH). In some embodiments, the anaphylaxis comprises anaphylactic shock.

[0037] In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is skin fibrosis (or dermal fibrosis), cardiac fibrosis, cirrhosis, pulmonary fibrosis, bone marrow fibrosis, intestine fibrosis, pancreatic fibrosis, joint fibrosis, liver fibrosis, retroperitoneum, renal fibrosis, myelofibrosis, non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, steatohepatitis, systemic sclerosis (including diffuse systemic sclerosis or limited systemic sclerosis), endomyocardial fibrosis, myocardial infarction, atrial fibrosis, mediastinal fibrosis, progressive massive fibrosis, nephrogenic systemic fibrosis, Keloid, arthrofibrosis, adhesive capsulitis, or cystic fibrosis. In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is skin fibrosis (scleroderma), cardiac fibrosis, cirrhosis, pulmonary fibrosis, bone marrow fibrosis, intestine fibrosis, pancreatic fibrosis, joint fibrosis, liver fibrosis, retroperitoneum, myelofibrosis, non-alcoholic fatty

liver disease, steatohepatitis, or systemic sclerosis. In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is skin fibrosis (scleroderma), cardiac fibrosis, cirrhosis, or pulmonary fibrosis.

[0038] In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is fibrosis following exposure to certain drugs such as chemotherapy, fibrosis following exposure to environmental or other toxins or allergens, fibrosis occurring after an ischemia/reperfusion injury such as myocardial infarction or hypotension, fibrosis occurring after radiation, fibrosis following hepatitis induced by alcohol, toxins, drugs or infections, primary biliary cirrhosis, fibrosis following viral infections involving the heart, liver, or lung, and/or idiopathic retroperitoneal fibrosis.

[0039] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating muscle wasting, muscle weakness, or cachexia. The muscle weakness and/or muscle wasting and/or cachexia may have an unknown cause or it may be associated with an underlying condition. The underlying condition may be a catabolic condition. In some embodiments, the underlying medical condition associated with cachexia is least renal failure, cancer, AIDS, HIV infection, chronic obstructive lung disease (including emphysema), multiple sclerosis, congestive heart failure, tuberculosis, familial amyloid polyneuropathy, acrodynia, hormonal deficiency, metabolic acidosis, infectious disease, chronic pancreatitis, autoimmune disorder, celiac disease, Crohn's disease, electrolyte imbalance, Addison's disease, sepsis, burns, trauma, fever, long bone fracture, hyperthyroidism, prolonged steroid therapy, surgery, bone marrow transplant, atypical pneumonia, brucellosis, endocarditis, Hepatitis B, lung abscess, mastocytosis, paraneoplastic syndrome, polyarteritis nodosa, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, myositis, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, rheumatological diseases, autoimmune disease, collagen-vascular disease, visceral leishmaniasis, prolonged bed rest, and/or addiction to drugs, such as amphetamine, opiates, or barbiturates.

[0040] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating, preventing, or reducing the risk or severity of an allergic reaction. In some embodiments, the allergic reaction is induced following an exposure to an allergen. In some embodiments, the allergen is a food allergen (such as milk, legumes, shellfish, tree nuts, eggs, fish, soy, and wheat), an environmental allergen or seasonal allergen (such as pollen or mold), a venom allergen (such as from wasp, bee, ant, hornet, yellow jacket, or asp), a medication allergen (such as anesthetics, β -lactam antibiotics, aspirin, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, chemotherapy, vaccine, protamine, or herbal preparations), or latex. In some embodiments, the allergic reaction is anaphylaxis, anaphylactic shock, allergic rhinitis, urticaria, food allergy, drug allergy, hymenoptera allerga, bronchial constriction, asthma, or eczema.

[0041] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating a viral infection. In some embodiments, the viral infection is a chronic viral infection. In some embodiments, the chronic viral infection is AIDS, HIV infection, Hepatitis B infection, Hepatitis C virus infection, or Epstein-Barr virus infection.

[0042] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating graft-versus-host diseases, pulmonary lymphangioleiomyomatosis, chagasic cardiomyopathy, age-related macular degeneration,

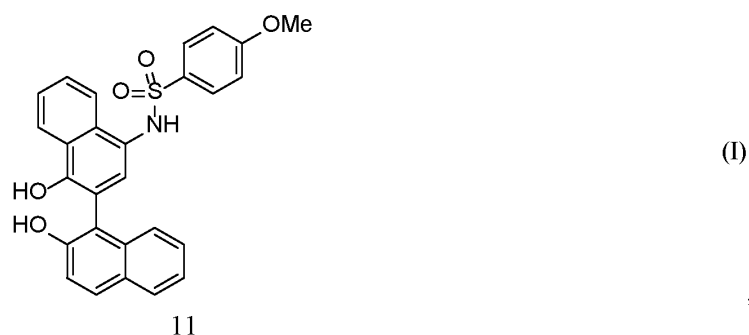
amyloidosis, astrogliosis in Alzheimer's or other neurodegenerative diseases, or familial amyloid polyneuropathy.

[0043] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating a neurodegenerative disease. In some embodiments, the neurodegenerative disease is chemotherapy-induced peripheral neuropathy, diabetic neuropathy, or chemobrain.

[0044] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating or reducing the risk or severity of insulin resistance. In some embodiments, the insulin resistance is a result of an underlying condition. In some embodiments, the insulin resistance is associated with muscle of the individual being treated. In some embodiments, the insulin resistance is caused by any reason for the individual, such as elevated free fatty acids in the blood, obesity, being overweight, having visceral fat, having a high fructose intake, having inflammation, being inactive, dysbiosis of the gut microbiota, and/or being genetically predisposed. In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating or reducing the risk or severity of medical conditions associated with insulin resistance or that are complications of insulin resistance at least in part, such as severe high blood sugar; severe low blood sugar; heart attack; stroke; kidney disease (including chronic, for example, chronic kidney disease (CKD)); eye problems; cancer; non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD); polycystic ovarian syndrome (PCOS); metabolic syndrome; diabetes; or Alzheimer's disease, for example. In certain embodiments, the insulin resistance is a hallmark of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes. Metabolic syndrome is a group of risk factors associated with type 2 diabetes and heart disease. Its symptoms include high blood triglycerides, blood pressure, belly fat, and blood sugar, as well as low HDL (good) cholesterol levels.

[0045] In specific embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating cancer, such as a cancer described herein. In some other specific embodiments, any method provided herein is a method for treating fibrosis, such as a type of fibrosis or disease or disorder associated therewith described herein. In some other specific embodiments, any method provided herein is a method for treating chronic inflammation, such as any type of chronic inflammation described herein. In certain alternative embodiments, any therapeutic method provided herein is a method of treating a STAT3-mediated disorder, such as by administering a compound of Formula (I) using any administrative method or formulation described herein.

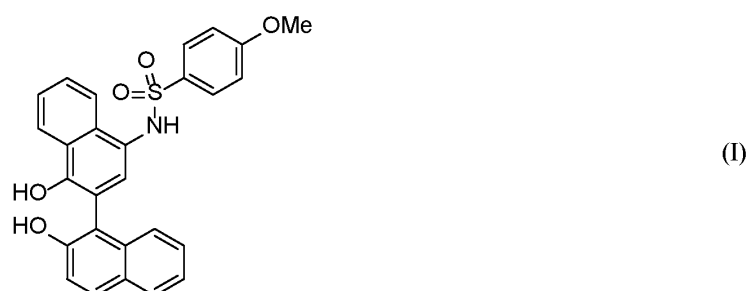
[0046] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of providing to an individual an improved C_{max} or $AUC_{0-\infty}$ of a compound of Formula (I):



the improved $C_{\max}$ or $AUC_{0-\infty}$ being at least 1.1 times (e.g., at least 1.2 times, at least 1.3 times, or more) greater than the effect obtained by administering an otherwise identical amount of a compound of Formula (I) in a formulation of PEG400 and Labrasol® (40:60 by weight).

[0047] In certain embodiments, the method has an administration protocol of any of the previously described embodiments. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is administered in a pharmaceutical composition or in one or more oral dosage forms of any of the previously described embodiments.

[0048] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a crystalline form of a compound of Formula (I):



[0049] In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern comprising peaks at $8.13 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $16.50 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $18.41 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $21.77 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $22.64 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $9.56 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.66 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $19.70 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.21 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.81 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $26.10 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.29 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern comprising peaks at $8.13 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $9.56 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $14.66 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $16.50 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $18.41 \pm 0.2^\circ$, from $19.70 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.21 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.81 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $21.77 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $22.64 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $24.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $26.10 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.29 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0050] In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern substantially as set forth in FIG. 1.

[0051] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein comprises administering a compound of Formula (I) having a crystalline form described herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0052] Various features of the invention are set forth with particularity in the appended claims. A better understanding of the features and advantages of the present invention will be obtained by reference to the

following detailed description that sets forth illustrative embodiments, in which the principles of the invention are utilized, and the accompanying drawings of which:

[0053] FIG. 1 shows the X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern of the crystalline form of the compound of Formula (I).

[0054] FIG. 2 shows the one-stage dissolution profiles of various formulations of a compound of Formula (I).

[0055] FIG. 3 shows the two-stage dissolution profiles of various formulations of a compound of Formula (I).

[0056] FIG. 4 shows the design of the rat pharmacokinetics study of various formulations of a compound of Formula (I).

[0057] FIG. 5 shows the individual human pharmacokinetic parameters by cohort for the 12-hour time course of a single dose of the two-component formulation system.

[0058] FIG. 6 shows the mean human pharmacokinetic parameters by cohort for the 12-hour time course of a single dose of the two-component formulation system.

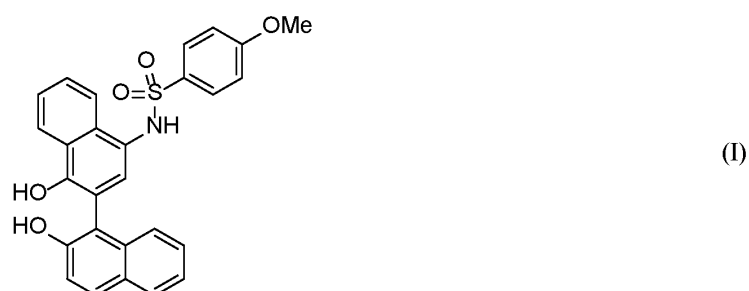
[0059] FIG. 7 shows the results of pharmacokinetics analyses for various formulations of compounds of Formula (I).

[0060] FIG. 8 shows the mean area under the curve per dose body weight for various formulations of a compound of Formula (I).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0061] The term “oral dosage form” as used herein and unless otherwise indicated, refers to a pharmaceutical composition that has been formulated or otherwise prepared for oral administration, such as in a discrete form.

[0062] Provided in certain embodiments herein are compositions, formulations, and oral dosage forms comprising a compound of Formula (I):



[0063] In some embodiments, the compositions, formulations, and oral dosage forms described herein comprise a compound of Formula (I) as a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, a hydrate, or a solvate.

[0064] Also provided herein are methods of using a compound of Formula (I), such as in therapeutic or other methods described herein. In some embodiments, the methods involve the use of (e.g., comprise the administration of) a compound of Formula (I), wherein the compound of Formula (I) is formulated in a manner described herein (e.g., is present in a composition as described herein). In some embodiments, a compound of Formula (I) (e.g., as formulated herein) is utilized in a method for treating a disease or disorder mediated by STAT3, or a disease or disorder that is otherwise treatable with a STAT3 inhibitor. In specific embodiments, provided herein are methods of treating cancer. In other specific embodiments, provided herein are methods of treating fibrosis. In still other specific embodiments, provided herein are methods of treating chronic inflammation.

[0065] While a compound of Formula (I) is generally considered to be highly insoluble ("brick dust"), in certain instances, such compositions provided are able to provide high loading of a compound of Formula (I), good ability to solubilize a compound of Formula (I), good ability to provide for high bioavailability of a compound of Formula (I), good stability (e.g., chemical and/or physical stability), and/or reduce pill burden for individuals receiving therapies involving the administration of a compound of Formula (I). Also provided in various embodiments herein are methods, such as therapeutic methods for cancer, fibrosis, and/or chronic inflammation, involving the administration of a compound of Formula (I) or compositions or formulations provided herein.

[0066] In some embodiments, a composition, formulation or oral dosage form provided herein comprises, in addition to the compound of Formula (I), any suitable excipient or combination of excipients. In certain embodiments, the excipient or combination of excipients is suitable for providing good solubility of a compound of Formula (I), good physical stability (e.g., good solubility and/or dispersion of a compound of Formula (I)), good chemical stability of a compound of Formula (I), good (e.g., oral) bioavailability of a compound of Formula (I), and/or desirable or therapeutic effect, with a manageable (e.g., fewer than 25 pills per day, or other amount described herein) or reduced pill burden (e.g., relative to two component excipient systems described herein).

[0067] In some embodiments, provided herein is a (e.g., pharmaceutical) composition comprising a compound of Formula (I) and an emulsifier, a solubilizer, a solvent, a surfactant, and/or an antioxidant. In specific embodiments, the composition comprises a solvent and a solubilizer. In more specific embodiments, the composition comprises an emulsifier, a solubilizer, and a solvent. In still more specific embodiments, the composition comprises an emulsifier, a solubilizer, a surfactant, and a solvent. In yet more specific embodiments, the composition comprises an emulsifier, a solubilizer, a surfactant, an antioxidant, and a solvent. In certain embodiments, the composition or formulation is a self-emulsifying drug dispersion (SEDD).

[0068] In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2-fold lower than (i.e., $\frac{1}{2}$) that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2.1-fold

lower than that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation. In certain embodiments, the formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2.2-fold lower than that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2.3-fold lower than that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2.4-fold lower than that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2.5-fold lower than that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2.6-fold lower than that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein has a pill burden at least 2.7-fold lower than that of the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation.

[0069] In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a droplet size of no more than 200 nm when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a droplet size of no more than 175 nm when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a droplet size of no more than 150 nm when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a droplet size of no more than 125 nm when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids.

[0070] In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a polydispersity index of no more than 0.5 when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a polydispersity index of no more than 0.45 when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a polydispersity index of no more than 0.4 when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a polydispersity index of no more than 0.35 when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a polydispersity index of no more than 0.3 when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids. In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein displays a polydispersity index of no more than 0.25 when dispersed in (e.g., simulated) gastric/intestinal fluids.

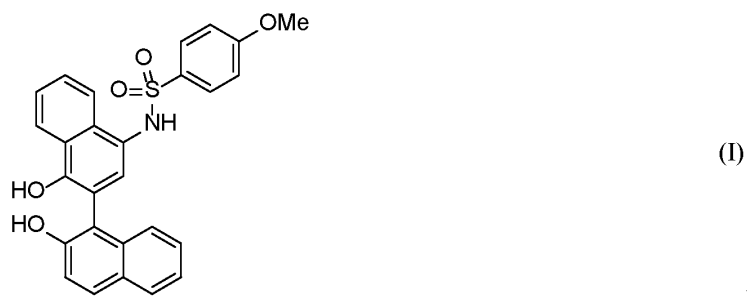
[0071] In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a compound of Formula (I) purity of at least 85% after 5 months (e.g., at room temperature and 60% RH). In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a compound of Formula (I) purity of at least 90% after 5 months (e.g., at room temperature and 60% RH). In

certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a compound of Formula (I) purity of at least 95% after 5 months (e.g., at room temperature and 60% RH). In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a compound of Formula (I) purity of at least 96% after 5 months (e.g., at room temperature and 60% RH). In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a compound of Formula (I) purity of at least 97% after 5 months (e.g., at room temperature and 60% RH). In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a compound of Formula (I) purity of at least 98% after 5 months (e.g., at room temperature and 60% RH).

[0072] In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a greater (e.g., at least 1.05 times, at least 1.1 times, at least 1.15 times, at least 1.2 times, at least 1.25 times, at least 1.3 times, or more) $C_{\max}$ than an otherwise similarly provided 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation of a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, the composition, dosage form, or formulation described herein possesses a comparable (e.g., about 80-120%, about 90-110%, or the like) total systemic exposure (AUC_{last}) and dose-normalized AUC ($AUC_{\infty_D_obs}$) to an otherwise similarly provided 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation of a compound of Formula (I).

[0073] Provided herein, in one aspect, is a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- a. a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):

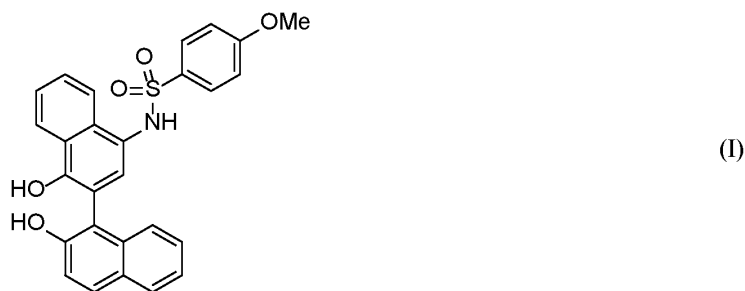


- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5);
 - c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3);
 - d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4);
 - e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2);
- and

- f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).

[0074] Provided herein, in one aspect, is a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- a. a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:3 to about 1:7;
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:10 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:11 to about 1:16);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:12 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:15 to about 1:17);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5);
- f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 2:1 to about 20:1 (e.g., about 5:1).

[0075] In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:2. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:3. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:5. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:6. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:7. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1.5.

[illegible]

[0077] In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:1. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of

[illegible]

[0078] In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 4:1. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 3:1. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:1. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:2. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:3. In certain

embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:5. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:6.

[illegible]

antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 25:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 26:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 27:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 28:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 29:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 30:1.

[0080] In certain embodiments, the composition is or is a part of a self-emulsifying drug dispersion (SEDD). In certain embodiments, the composition is a capsule fill formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition further comprises a capsule shell.

[0081] In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 50 mg/g (e.g., at least 60 mg/g, at least 70 mg/g, at least 80 mg/g, or at least 90 mg/g) (e.g., excluding the mass of a capsule shell). In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 50 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 70 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 80 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 90 mg/g.

[0082] In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/mL (e.g., at least 70 mg/mL, at least 80 mg/mL, at least 90 mg/mL, or at least 100 mg/mL) (e.g., excluding the volume of a capsule shell). In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/mL. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 70 mg/mL. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 80 mg/mL. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 90 mg/mL. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 100 mg/mL.

[0083] In certain embodiments, at least 60 wt. % (e.g., at least 80 wt. %, at least 90 wt. %, or at least 95 wt. %) of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 60 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 80 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 90 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 95 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition.

[0084] In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is a glyceride emulsifier. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises optionally polyglycolyzed medium- and/or long-chain mono-, di-, and/or tri-glyceride(s). In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a medium-chain mono-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a polyglycolyzed medium-chain mono-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a long-chain mono-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a polyglycolyzed long-chain mono-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a medium-chain di-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a polyglycolyzed medium-chain di-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a long-chain di-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a polyglycolyzed long-chain di-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a medium-chain tri-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a polyglycolyzed medium-chain tri-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a long-chain tri-glyceride. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier comprises a polyglycolyzed long-chain tri-glyceride.

[0085] In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is Labrasol®. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is Capmul® MCM. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is Capmul® MCM EP. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is Capmul® C8 EP. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is Capryol® 90.

[0086] In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is a polyoxyl castor oil or a vitamin E polyethylene glycol succinate (TPGS). In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is a polyoxyl castor oil. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is a vitamin E polyethylene glycol succinate. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is Kolliphor® RH 40. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is Vitamin E TPGS.

[0087] In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) has an average molecular weight of about 200 to about 1000 (e.g., about 500 to about 700, or about 550 to about 650, or about 600). In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) has an average molecular weight of about 200 to 1000. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) has an average molecular weight of about 500 to 700. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) has an average molecular weight of about 550 to 650. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) has an average molecular weight of about 600.

[0088] In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG200. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG300. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG400. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG500. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG600. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG700. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG800. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG900. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol (PEG) is PEG1000.

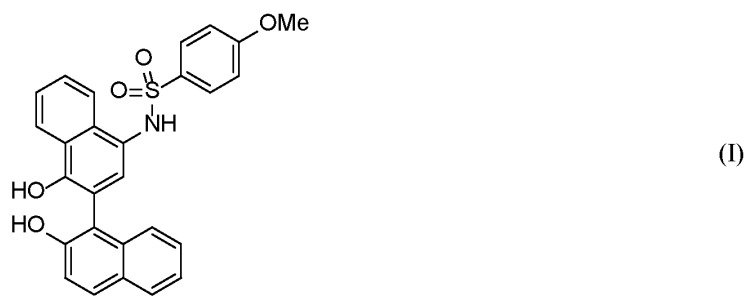
[0089] In certain embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate (e.g., polysorbate 20). In certain embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate 20. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate 40. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate 60. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is polysorbate 80.

[0090] In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is vitamin E. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is ascorbyl palmitate. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is butylated hydroxytoluene. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is triethyl citrate. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is citric acid.

[0091] In certain embodiments, the composition further comprises a co-solvent (e.g., Transcutol®). In certain embodiments, the composition further comprises Transcutol® HP.

[0092] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising:

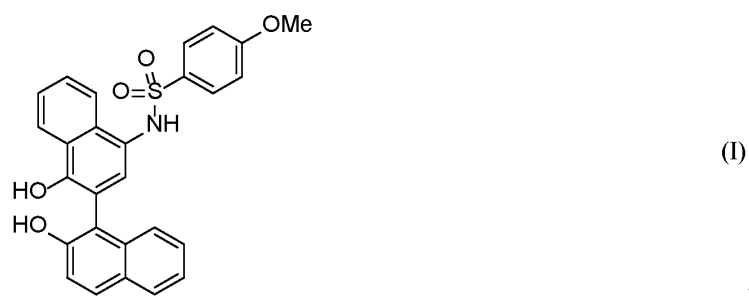
- a. at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5);
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2); and
- f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).

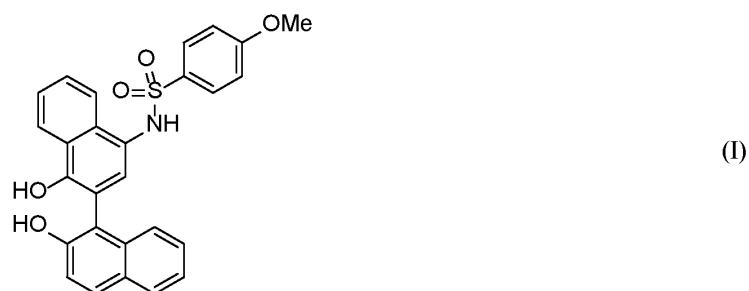
[0093] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- a. at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to emulsifier of about 1:3 to about 1:7;
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:10 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:11 to about 1:16);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:12 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:15 to about 1:17);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5);
- f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 2:1 to about 20:1 (e.g., about 5:1).

[0094] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



[0095] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 40 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 50 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 60 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 75 mg of a compound of Formula (I).

[0096] In certain embodiments, the oral dosage form further comprises a capsule. In certain embodiments, the composition is configured entirely within the capsule.

[0097] In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 00 or smaller. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 00. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 0E. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 0. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 1. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 2. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 3. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 4. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 5.

[0098] In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 00E or larger. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 00E. In certain embodiments, the capsule is size 000.

[0099] A size 5 capsule possesses a volume of 0.13 mL. A size 4 capsule possesses a volume of 0.20 mL. A size 3 capsule possesses a volume of 0.27 mL. A size 2 capsule possesses a volume of 0.36 mL. A size 1 capsule possesses a volume of 0.48 mL. A size 0 capsule possesses a volume of 0.68 mL. A size 0E capsule possesses a volume of 0.78 mL. A size 00 capsule possesses a volume of 0.90 mL. A size 00E capsule possesses a volume of 1.00 mL. A size 000 capsule possesses a volume of 1.37 mL.

[0100] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride).

[0101] In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5). In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1.5. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:2. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:3 to about 1:7. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:3. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:5. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:6. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:7.

[0102] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a solubilizer.

[0103] In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3). In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight

ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:2. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:3. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:5. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:6. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:7. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:8. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:4. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:9. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:10 to about 1:20 (e.g., about 1:11 to about 1:16). In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:10. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:11. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:12. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:13. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:14. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:15. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:16. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:17. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:18. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:19. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:20.

[0104] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol (PEG).

[0105] In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g.,

[illegible]

[0106] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a surfactant.

[0107] In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2). In

in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 4:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 5:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 6:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 7:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 8:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 9:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 11:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 12:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 13:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 14:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 15:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 16:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 17:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 18:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 19:1. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 20:1.

[0110] In certain embodiments, provided herein is a composition or formulation as set forth in **Table 1** (or oral dosage form comprising (e.g., dosage form comprising a capsule containing) such a composition or formulation) (e.g., wherein the total wt. % does not exceed 100%).

Component	Formulation 1 (%w/w)	Formulation 2 (%w/w)	Formulation 3 (%w/w)
Solubilizer	15-50	20-40	25-30
Solvent or Cosolvent(s) (e.g., PEG)	15-50	25-50	35-40
Surfactant	5-40	5-30	8-15
Emulsifier	5-40	5-30	10-20
Antioxidant	0.05-5	0.1-3	0.2-1
API	>5	>7	>8.5

Table 1: Exemplary Compositions

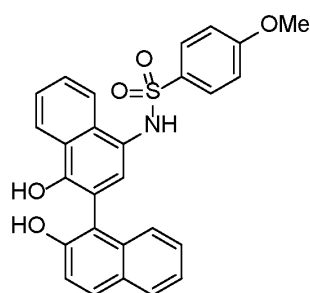
[0111] In some embodiments, any composition or formulation provided herein comprises a solubilizer, solvent, surfactant, emulsifier, and/or antioxidant in an amount described in **Table 1**, irrespective of the amount of any other component (which may or may not be present, such as if achieving the beneficial results provided herein) of the composition.

[0112] In specific embodiments, provided herein is a composition or formulation comprising the following components in the amounts (e.g., wt. % and/or absolute mass) described in **Table 2**:

Component	%w/w	Amount (e.g., in a 80 mg of compound of Formula (I) dosage form)	Amount (mg/g)
Solubilizer	27.09	236 mg	270.9 mg
PEG	38.83	338 mg	388.3 mg
Surfactant	10.84	94 mg	108.4 mg
Glyceride Emulsifier	13.54	118 mg	135.4 mg
Antioxidant	0.50	4 mg	5 mg
API	9.20	80 mg	92 mg

Table 2: Exemplary Composition

[0113] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a pharmaceutical composition comprising:
a. a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



(I)

;

- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5 to about 40% (e.g., about 5 to about 30%, about 10 to about 20%);
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15 to about 50% (e.g., about 20 to about 40%, about 25 to about 30%);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15 to about 50% (e.g., about 25 to about 50%, about 35 to about 40%);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5 to about 40% (e.g., about 5 to about 30%, about 8 to about 15%);
- f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.05 to about 5% (e.g., about 0.1 to about 3%, about 0.2 to about 1%).

[0114] In certain embodiments, the composition is or is a part of a self-emulsifying drug dispersion (SEDD). In certain embodiments, the composition is a capsule fill formulation. In certain embodiments, the composition further comprises a capsule shell.

[0115] In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 50 mg/g (e.g., at least 60 mg/g, at least 70 mg/g, at least 80 mg/g, or at least 90 mg/g) (e.g., excluding the mass of a capsule shell). In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 50 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 70 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 80 mg/g. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 90 mg/g.

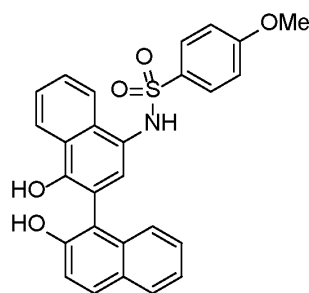
[0116] In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/mL (e.g., at least 70 mg/mL, at least 80 mg/mL, at least 90 mg/mL, or at least 100 mg/mL) (e.g., excluding the volume of a capsule shell). In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/mL. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 70 mg/mL. In certain embodiments,

the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 80 mg/mL. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 90 mg/mL. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 100 mg/mL.

[0117] In certain embodiments, at least 60 wt. % (e.g., at least 80 wt. %, at least 90 wt. %, or at least 95 wt. %) of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 60 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 80 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 90 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition. In certain embodiments, at least 95 wt. % of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition.

[0118] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- a. at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):

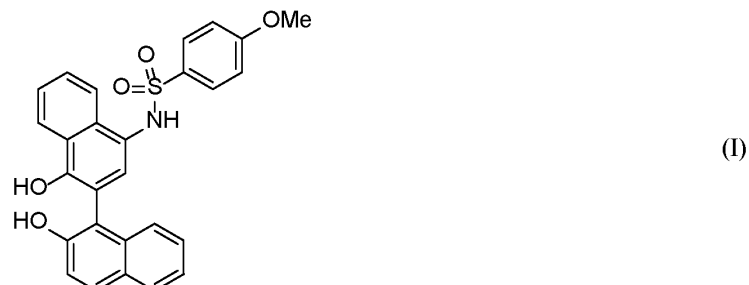


(I)

;

- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5 to about 40% (e.g., about 5 to about 30%, about 10 to about 20%);
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15 to about 50% (e.g., about 20 to about 40%, about 25 to about 30%);
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15 to about 50% (e.g., about 25 to about 50%, about 35 to about 40%);
- e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5 to about 40% (e.g., about 5 to about 30%, about 8 to about 15%);
- f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.05 to about 5% (e.g., about 0.1 to about 3%, about 0.2 to about 1%).

[0119] Provided herein, in another aspect, is an oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



[0120] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 40 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 50 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 60 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises at least 75 mg of a compound of Formula (I).

[0121] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride). In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5 to about 40% (e.g., about 5 to about 30%, about 10 to about 20%, about 10% to about 15%). In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5 %. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 10 %. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15 %. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 20 %. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 25 %. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 30 %. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 35 %. In certain embodiments, the emulsifier is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 40 %.

[0122] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a solubilizer. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15 to about 50% (e.g., about 20 to about 40%, about 25 to about 30%). In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15%. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 20%. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 25%. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 30%. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 35%. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 40%. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 45%. In certain embodiments, the solubilizer is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 50%.

[0123] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol (PEG). In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15 to about 50% (e.g., about 25 to about 50%, about 35 to about 40%). In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15%. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 20%. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 25%. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 30%. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 35%. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 40%. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 45%. In certain embodiments, the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 50%.

[0124] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a surfactant. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5 to about 40% (e.g., about 5 to about 30%, about 8 to about 15%). In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5%. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 8%. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 9%. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 10%. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 11%. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 12%. In certain embodiments, the surfactant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 15%.

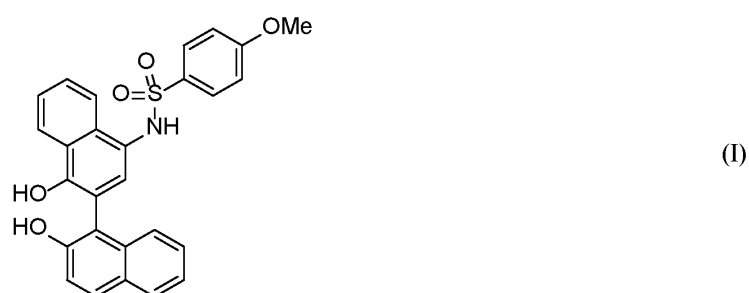
[0125] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an antioxidant. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.05 to about 5% (e.g., about 0.1 to about 3%, about 0.2 to about 1%). In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.05%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.1%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.2%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.3%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.4%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.5%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.6%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.7%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.8%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 0.9%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 1%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 2%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 3%. In certain

embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 4%. In certain embodiments, the antioxidant is present in the composition in a % w/w of about 5%.

[0126] In certain embodiments, the composition is as described in any of the previously described embodiments.

[0127] Provided in certain embodiments herein is a method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual any composition, formulation, or oral dosage described herein.

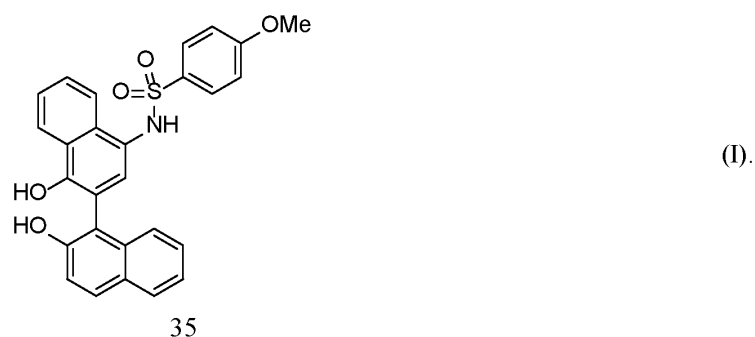
[0128] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a high dose of a compound of Formula (I):



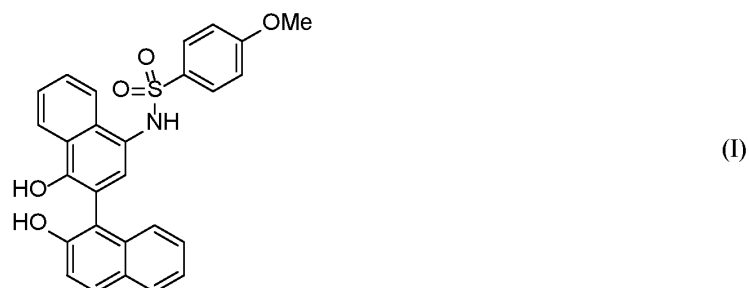
the high dose of the compound of Formula (I) comprising administration of at least 15 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.

[0129] In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 25 oral dosage forms per day. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 0.3 oral dosage forms per 1 kg of mass of the individual per day. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) in a total of no more than 0.35 oral dosage forms per 1 kg of mass of the individual per day.

[0130] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a plurality of oral dosage forms, the plurality of oral dosage forms collectively comprising therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



[0131] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a plurality of oral dosage forms, the plurality of oral dosage forms collectively comprising therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



the plurality of oral dosage forms comprising no more than 0.35 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual per day (e.g., on average or maximum).

[0132] In certain embodiments, a cancer treated according to a method provided herein is a liver cancer, lung cancer, head and neck cancer, breast cancer, skin cancer, kidney cancer, testicular cancer, colon cancer, rectal cancer, gastric cancer, metastatic melanoma, prostate cancer, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, bone cancer, spleen cancer, gall bladder cancer, brain cancer, pancreatic cancer, stomach cancer, anal cancer, prostate cancer, multiple myeloma, post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease, restenosis, myelodysplastic syndrome, leukemia, lymphoma, or acute myelogenous leukemia. In some embodiments, a cancer treated according to a method provided herein is a liver cancer, lung cancer, hepatocellular carcinoma, head and neck squamous cell carcinoma, non-small cell lung cancer, or estrogen receptor-positive breast cancer. In some embodiments, a cancer treated according to a method provided herein is head and neck cancer, lung cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, colon cancer, multiple myeloma, leukemia, or pancreatic cancer. In some embodiments, the leukemia is acute myelogenous leukemia.

[0133] In some embodiments, chronic inflammation treated herein is inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, asthma, anaphylaxis, cancer cachexia, chronic kidney disease cachexia, nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), psoriasis, uveitis, scleritis, multiple sclerosis, or pancreatitis. In some embodiments, chronic inflammation treated herein is inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, asthma, anaphylaxis, cancer cachexia, chronic kidney disease cachexia, or nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH). In some embodiments, the anaphylaxis comprises anaphylactic shock.

[0134] In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is skin fibrosis (or dermal fibrosis), cardiac fibrosis, cirrhosis, pulmonary fibrosis, bone marrow fibrosis, intestine fibrosis, pancreatic fibrosis, joint fibrosis, liver fibrosis, retroperitoneum, renal fibrosis, myelofibrosis, non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, steatohepatitis, systemic sclerosis (including diffuse systemic sclerosis or limited systemic sclerosis), endomyocardial fibrosis, myocardial infarction, atrial fibrosis, mediastinal fibrosis, progressive massive fibrosis, nephrogenic systemic

fibrosis, Keloid, arthrofibrosis, adhesive capsulitis, or cystic fibrosis. In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is skin fibrosis (scleroderma), cardiac fibrosis, cirrhosis, pulmonary fibrosis, bone marrow fibrosis, intestine fibrosis, pancreatic fibrosis, joint fibrosis, liver fibrosis, retroperitoneum, myelofibrosis, non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, steatohepatitis, or systemic sclerosis. In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is skin fibrosis (scleroderma), cardiac fibrosis, cirrhosis, or pulmonary fibrosis.

[0135] In certain embodiments, the fibrosis is fibrosis following exposure to certain drugs such as chemotherapy, fibrosis following exposure to environmental or other toxins or allergens, fibrosis occurring after an ischemia/reperfusion injury such as myocardial infarction or hypotension, fibrosis occurring after radiation, fibrosis following hepatitis induced by alcohol, toxins, drugs or infections, primary biliary cirrhosis, fibrosis following viral infections involving the heart, liver, or lung, and/or idiopathic retroperitoneal fibrosis.

[0136] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating muscle wasting, muscle weakness, or cachexia. The muscle weakness and/or muscle wasting and/or cachexia may have an unknown cause or it may be associated with an underlying condition. The underlying condition may be a catabolic condition. In some embodiments, the underlying medical condition associated with cachexia is least renal failure, cancer, AIDS, HIV infection, chronic obstructive lung disease (including emphysema), multiple sclerosis, congestive heart failure, tuberculosis, familial amyloid polyneuropathy, acrodynia, hormonal deficiency, metabolic acidosis, infectious disease, chronic pancreatitis, autoimmune disorder, celiac disease, Crohn's disease, electrolyte imbalance, Addison's disease, sepsis, burns, trauma, fever, long bone fracture, hyperthyroidism, prolonged steroid therapy, surgery, bone marrow transplant, atypical pneumonia, brucellosis, endocarditis, Hepatitis B, lung abscess, mastocytosis, paraneoplastic syndrome, polyarteritis nodosa, sarcoidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, myositis, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, rheumatological diseases, autoimmune disease, collagen-vascular disease, visceral leishmaniasis, prolonged bed rest, and/or addiction to drugs, such as amphetamine, opiates, or barbiturates.

[0137] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating, preventing, or reducing the risk or severity of an allergic reaction. In some embodiments, the allergic reaction is induced following an exposure to an allergen. In some embodiments, the allergen is a food allergen (such as milk, legumes, shellfish, tree nuts, eggs, fish, soy, and wheat), an environmental allergen or seasonal allergen (such as pollen or mold), a venom allergen (such as from wasp, bee, ant, hornet, yellow jacket, or asp), a medication allergen (such as anesthetics, β -lactam antibiotics, aspirin, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, chemotherapy, vaccine, protamine, or herbal preparations), or latex. In some embodiments, the allergic reaction is anaphylaxis, anaphylactic shock, allergic rhinitis, urticaria, food allergy, drug allergy, hymenoptera allerga, bronchial constriction, asthma, or eczema.

[0138] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating a viral infection. In some embodiments, the viral infection is a chronic viral infection. In some embodiments, the chronic viral

infection is AIDS, HIV infection, Hepatitis B infection, Hepatitis C virus infection, or Epstein-Barr virus infection.

[0139] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating graft-versus-host diseases, pulmonary lymphangiomyomatosis, chagasic cardiomyopathy, age-related macular degeneration, amyloidosis, astrogliosis in Alzheimer's or other neurodegenerative diseases, or familial amyloid polyneuropathy.

[0140] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating a neurodegenerative disease. In some embodiments, the neurodegenerative disease is chemotherapy-induced peripheral neuropathy, diabetic neuropathy, or chemobrain.

[0141] In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating or reducing the risk or severity of insulin resistance. In some embodiments, the insulin resistance is a result of an underlying condition. In some embodiments, the insulin resistance is associated with muscle of the individual being treated. In some embodiments, the insulin resistance is caused by any reason for the individual, such as elevated free fatty acids in the blood, obesity, being overweight, having visceral fat, having a high fructose intake, having inflammation, being inactive, dysbiosis of the gut microbiota, and/or being genetically predisposed. In certain embodiments, any method provided herein is a method of treating or reducing the risk or severity of medical conditions associated with insulin resistance or that are complications of insulin resistance at least in part, such as severe high blood sugar; severe low blood sugar; heart attack; stroke; kidney disease (including chronic, for example, chronic kidney disease (CKD)); eye problems; cancer; non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD); polycystic ovarian syndrome (PCOS); metabolic syndrome; diabetes; or Alzheimer's disease, for example. In certain embodiments, the insulin resistance is a hallmark of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes. Metabolic syndrome is a group of risk factors associated with type 2 diabetes and heart disease. Its symptoms include high blood triglycerides, blood pressure, belly fat, and blood sugar, as well as low HDL (good) cholesterol levels.

[0142] In some embodiments, higher or lower pill burden is tolerated. For example, in some embodiments, no more than 1 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum). In specific embodiments, no more than 0.8 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum). In more specific embodiments, no more than 0.6 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum). In still more specific embodiments, no more than 0.5 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum). In yet more specific embodiments, no more than 0.4 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum). In specific embodiments, no more than 0.3 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum). In certain embodiments, lower (e.g., daily) doses of compounds of Formula (I) and/or lower pill burden are required in non-cancer therapies, such as in therapies for fibrosis and/or chronic inflammation. In some embodiments, no more than

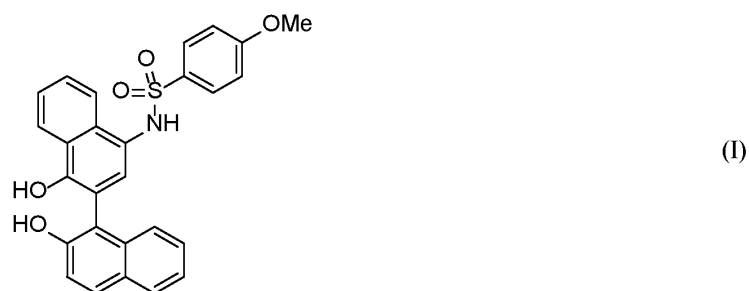
0.2 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum). In specific embodiments, no more than 0.1 oral dosage forms for every 1 kg of mass of the individual is administered per day (e.g., on average or maximum).

[0143] In some embodiments, the pill burden discussed herein is associated with any suitable therapeutic (e.g., daily) dose of compound of Formula (I) and/or loading of compound of Formula (I) in the oral dosage form(s), such as any dose or amount described herein.

[0144] For example, in some embodiments, an oral dosage form provided herein comprises any suitable amount of a compound of Formula (I), such as formulated according to any pharmaceutical composition described herein. In some embodiments, an oral dosage form provided herein comprises at least 30 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In specific embodiments, an oral dosage form provided herein comprises at least 40 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In more specific embodiments, an oral dosage form provided herein comprises at least 50 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In still more specific embodiments, an oral dosage form provided herein comprises at least 60 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In yet more specific embodiments, an oral dosage form provided herein comprises at least 70 mg of a compound of Formula (I). In specific embodiments, an oral dosage form provided herein comprises at least 80 mg of a compound of Formula (I).

[0145] In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 10 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 15 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 20 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual. In certain embodiments, the method comprises administering at least 25 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.

[0146] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a method of providing to an individual an improved $C_{\max}$ or $AUC_{0-\infty}$ of a compound of Formula (I):



the improved $C_{\max}$ or $AUC_{0-\infty}$ being at least 1.1 greater than the effect obtained by administering an otherwise identical amount of a compound of Formula (I) in a formulation of PEG400 and Labrasol®.

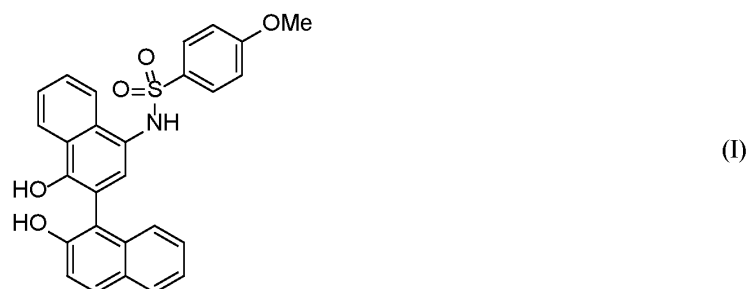
[0147] In certain embodiments, the method has an administration protocol of any of the previously described embodiments. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is administered in a

pharmaceutical composition or in one or more oral dosage forms of any of the previously described embodiments.

[0148] In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is administered in any suitable amount. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is administered in any suitable dosing interval. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is administered once daily. In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula (I) is administered twice daily.

[0149] The following references illustrate the efficacy of the compound of Formula (I) in certain therapies described herein and are incorporated by reference in their entirety: Jung *et al.*, *Clin. Cancer Res.* 2017, **23**(18), 5537-5546; Bharadwaj *et al.*, *Oncotarget* 2016, **7**(18), 26307-26330; Lewis *et al.*, *Lung Cancer* 2015, **90**(2), 182-190; Kettner *et al.*, *Clin. Cancer Res.* 2019, **25**(13), 3996-4013; Gavino *et al.*, *Allergy* 2016, **71**(12), 1684-1692; Hox *et al.*, *J. Allergy Clin. Immunol.* 2016, **138**(1), 187-199; Silva *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* 2015, **290**(17), 11177-11187; Zhang *et al.*, *Cell Metab.* 2013, **18**(3), 368-379; Pedroza *et al.*, *Rheumatology* 2018, **57**(10), 1838-1850; and Pedroza *et al.*, *The FASEB Journal* 2016, **30**(1), 129-140.

[0150] Provided herein, in another aspect, is a crystalline form of a compound of Formula (I):



[0151] In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern comprising peaks at $8.1 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $16.5 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $18.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $21.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $22.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0152] In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $9.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least two peaks selected from $9.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least three peaks selected from $9.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises peaks at $9.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0153] In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $19.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.2 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least two peaks selected from $19.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.2 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least three peaks selected from $19.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.2 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In

certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises peaks at $19.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.2 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0154] In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $26.1 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.3 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least two peaks selected from $26.1 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.3 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises peaks at $26.1 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.3 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0155] In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern comprising peaks at $8.1 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $9.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $14.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $16.5 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $18.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, from $19.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.2 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $21.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $22.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $24.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $26.1 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.3 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0156] In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern comprising peaks at $8.13 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $16.50 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $18.41 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $21.77 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $22.64 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0157] In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $9.56 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.66 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least two peaks selected from $9.56 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.66 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least three peaks selected from $9.56 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.66 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises peaks at $9.56 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.66 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0158] In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $19.70 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.21 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.81 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least two peaks selected from $19.70 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.21 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.81 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least three peaks selected from $19.70 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.21 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.81 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises peaks at $19.70 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.21 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.81 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0159] In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one peak selected from $26.10 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.29 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least two peaks selected from $26.10 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.29 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta. In certain embodiments, the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises peaks at $26.10 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.29 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0160] In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern comprising peaks at $8.13 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $9.56 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $14.66 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $16.50 \pm 0.2^\circ$,

$18.41 \pm 0.2^\circ$, from $19.70 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.21 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.81 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $21.77 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $22.64 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $24.43 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $26.10 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.29 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.

[0161] In certain embodiments, the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern substantially as set forth in FIG. 1.

EXAMPLES

[0162] Example 1: Two-Component Formulation System

[0163] A formulation of the compound dissolved in Labrasol®/PEG400 (60:40) and encapsulated into a hard gelatin capsule (unit dose: 36 mg), while showing encouraging results in 3 dose cohorts, was prevented from advancing to a fourth patient cohort (25.6 mg/kg/day as 12.8 mg/kg twice daily (BID) doses) because of an unacceptably high pill burden. For example, a 70 kg subject in Cohort 4 would require 60 capsules per day split into BID doses.

[0164] In order to reduce the pill burden and allow the further therapeutic development of the compound of Formula (I), a second-generation formulation was developed. This formulation contains 80 mg of the compound of Formula (I) per capsule. The 80 mg strength will reduce capsule burden approximately 2.7-fold; the 70 kg subject in Cohort 4 would take 22 capsules per day split into BID doses. The formulation comprises the compound of Formula (I), Kolliphor® RH 40 (PEG-40 hydrogenated castor oil), PEG600, Polysorbate 20, Labrasol®, and citric acid.

[0165] Example 2: Multiple-Component Formulations

[0166] Solubility of a compound of Formula (I) was evaluated in various excipient combinations set forth in Table 3 below. To determine solubility, an excess amount of the compound of Formula (I) was added to pre-mixed excipient combinations (according to the relative ratio of the excipients as shown in Table 3) and agitated on a shaker protected from light for 2 days at room temperature for liquid excipient combinations. For semi-solid mixtures, the agitation was conducted at 50 °C for 2 days. After 2 days, the samples were centrifuged at 14,000 rpm for 10 minutes, and the supernatants were collected to assess the solubility of a compound of Formula (I) (concentration) in the various excipient combinations by high performance liquid chromatograph (HPLC). The resulting concentrations of the compound of Formula (I) are summarized in Table 3:

Excipient mixture #	Excipients	Ratio w%	Compound of Formula (I) Concentration (mg/g)
1	Labrasol®	30	69.2
	Kolliphor® RH40	45	

Excipient mixture #	Excipients	Ratio w%	Compound of Formula (I) Concentration (mg/g)
	PEG 600	15	
	Polysorbate 80	10	
2	Labrasol®	20	94.3
	Kolliphor® RH40	45	
	PEG 600	15	
	Polysorbate 80	10	
	Transcutol® HP	10	
3	Labrasol®	30	77.5
	Gelucire® 48/16	45	
	PEG 600	15	
	Polysorbate 80	10	
4	Labrasol®	30	57.1
	Gelucire® 44/14	45	
	PEG 600	15	
	Polysorbate 80	10	
5	Kolliphor® RH40	45	63.2
	PEG 600	15	
	Polysorbate 80	10	
	Propylene glycol	30	
6	Labrasol®	30	95.2
	Kolliphor® RH40	45	
	PEG 600	15	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
7	Kolliphor® RH40	45	86.2
	PEG 600	35	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Transcutol® HP	10	
	Kolliphor® RH40	45	82.5

Excipient mixture #	Excipients	Ratio w%	Compound of Formula (I) Concentration (mg/g)
8	PEG 600	30	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Labrasol®	15	
9	Kolliphor® RH40	30	93.0
	PEG 600	40	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Labrasol®	20	
10	Labrasol®	15	103.2
	Kolliphor® RH40	30	
	PEG 600	43	
	Polysorbate 20	12	
11	Kolliphor® RH40	40	102.9
	PEG 600	48	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Transcutol® HP	2	
12	Kolliphor® RH40	40	79.7
	PEG 600	48	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Transcutol® HP	2	
13	Propylene glycol	20	83.5
	Kolliphor® RH40	40	
	PEG 600	25	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Transcutol® HP	5	
14	Kolliphor® RH40	40	90.5
	PEG 600	45	
	Polysorbate 20	10	

Excipient mixture #	Excipients	Ratio w%	Compound of Formula (I) Concentration (mg/g)
	Transcutol® HP	5	
15	Vitamin E TPGS	40	44.2
	PEG 600	50	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
16	Kolliphor® RH40	40	81.2
	PEG 600	30	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Capryol® 90	20	
17	Kolliphor® RH40	40	97.5
	PEG 600	40	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Capryol® 90	10	
18	Vitamin E TPGS	40	68.5
	PEG 600	40	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Capmul® MCM EP	10	
19	Vitamin E TPGS	40	71.1
	PEG 600	40	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Capmul® C8 EP	10	
20	Vitamin E TPGS	40	73.3
	PEG 600	40	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Capmul® MCM	10	

Table 3: Solubility of the Compound of Formula (I) in Various Formulations

[0167]

Example 3: Dispersion Testing

[0168] The three exemplary formulations were prepared at concentrations approximately 10% lower than the equilibrium concentrations observed in the solubility assay of Example 2 to ensure that the compound of Formula (I) does not precipitate out during storage.

[0169] To prepare the bulk formulations, the excipients (according to the relative ratio of the excipients as shown in **Table 4**) were weighted in glass vials and agitated on a shaker at 50 °C to form homogeneous solutions. The compound of Formula (I) was then weighed into the excipient mixtures and placed at room temperature (Formulations A and B) or 50 °C (Formulation C). The resulting mixtures were protected from light and agitated until the compound of Formula (I) was completely dissolved. The composition of the formulations is summarized in **Table 4**:

Formulation	Excipients	Ratio w%	Formula (I) Concentration (mg/g)
A	Labrasol®	15	90
	Kolliphor® RH40	30	
	PEG 600	43	
	Polysorbate 20	12	
B	Kolliphor® RH40	40	90
	PEG 600	40	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Capryol® 90	10	
C	Vitamin E TPGS	40	60
	PEG 600	40	
	Polysorbate 20	10	
	Capmul® MCM	10	

Table 4: Exemplary Formulations

[0170] Formulations A and B required more than 24 hours for full dissolution, while Formulation C was fully dissolved within 8 hours. Formulations A and B were dark red, viscous solutions, while Formulation C was a semi-solid solution.

[0171] **Example 4: Dispersion and Characterization**

[0172] The three exemplary formulations of Example 3 and the 60:40 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation (40 mg/mL) were tested for dispersity in simulated gastric/intestinal fluids. Simulated gastric fluid (FaSSGF)

(pH 1.6) and fasted state simulated intestinal fluid (FaSSIF) (pH 6.5) were prepared using FaSSIF/FaSSIF/FaSSGF powder according to the manufacturer's instructions.

[0173] The bulk formulations (0.3 g Formulation A, 0.3 g Formulation B, 0.4 g Formulation C, 0.6 g Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation) were dispersed in 5 mL of FaSSGF (pH 1.6) to form the Stage 1 dispersions. The Stage 1 dispersions were further diluted using FaSSIF (pH 6.5) at a 1:1 ratio (v/v) to form the Stage 2 dispersions, which were subsequently diluted in one more volume of FaSSIF to form the Stage 3 dispersions. Dispersions from each stage were evaluated for droplet size by Malvern Nano Series, visual inspection, and microscopy. The dispersions were further diluted in DI water for droplet size determination by dynamic light scattering (DLS). The results of the droplet size and dispersion studies are summarized in **Table 5**:

Formulation	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3	
	Size (nm)	PdI	Size (nm)	PdI	Size (nm)	PdI
A (90 mg/g)	123	0.22	121	0.24	120	0.22
B (90 mg/g)	112	0.23	126	0.38	110	0.26
C (60 mg/g)	25	0.21	23	0.18	19	0.15
Labrasol®/PEG400 (40 mg/g)	3024	0.60	2976	0.39	680	0.87

Table 5: Formulations Droplet Size by DLS

PdI = polydispersity index

[0174] The droplet size of Formulation A and Formulation B ranged from 110 nm to 130 nm with polydispersity indexes (PdI) of 0.2 or 0.3, while Formulation C had a smaller droplet size of approximately 20 nm. In contrast, the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation displayed large and inhomogeneous droplet size and distribution.

[0175] Following dispersion, Formulation A, Formulation B, and the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation were white opaque emulsions, while Formulation C was a clear solution, e.g., due to its small droplet size. After sitting without agitation for 30 minutes, the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation coalesced on the bottoms of the vials, while the exemplary formulations remained as emulsions. After 2 hours, Formulation B flocculated.

[0176] Immediately following dispersion, the dispersions were analyzed by microscopy. Uniform droplets were observed for Formulation A and Formulation B for all three stages of dispersion. No droplets were observed in Formulation C, e.g., due to the small droplet size. The Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation dispersions displayed diverse droplet size, matching the observation from the dynamic light scattering measurement.

[0177] Dissolution profiles in simulated GI fluids were also analyzed, with Formulations A and C both showing comparable (e.g., about 80-120%, about 90-110%, or the like) or improved release in simulated GI fluid systems relative to Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation, as shown in **FIG. 2** and **FIG. 3**.

[0178] Example 5: Stability Testing

[0179] Studies have shown that the compound of Formula (I) is susceptible to oxidation. Stability was analyzed using a variety of antioxidants. A bulk formulation containing Kolliphor® RH 40, PEG600, Polysorbate 80, Labrasol®, and Transcutol® HP (45:15:10:20:10 by weight) was prepared with a compound of Formula (I) concentration of 60 mg/g. Antioxidants, including Vitamin E (0.05 wt%), ascorbyl palmitate (0.05 wt%), butylated hydroxytoluene (0.005 wt%), and triethyl citrate (0.7 wt%) were dissolved/dispersed in the bulk formulation, respectively. The resulting samples were placed at room temperature in glass vials and protected from light. The samples were monitored for purity by HPLC at 0, 3, and 8 weeks. The results of the stability study are summarized in Table 6:

Antioxidants	0 Weeks	3 Weeks	8 Weeks
	API Purity Area (%)	API Purity Area (%)	API Purity Area (%)
Without antioxidant	99.05	79.93	87.15
Vitamin E	98.95	80.14	89.48
Ascorbyl palmitate	98.80	83.65	90.59
Butylated hydroxytoluene	98.96	81.08	88.76
Triethyl citrate	98.51	80.58	88.82

Table 6: Stability Test

[0180] 0.05 wt% ascorbyl palmitate showed the best antioxidant effect compared to the other antioxidants tested.

[0181] To confirm the effectiveness of antioxidants, Formulation A and Formulation C at 90 mg/g and 60 mg/g, respectively, were prepared with or without 0.5 wt% citric acid. The resulting formulations were placed in a stability chamber at room temperature and 60% relative humidity, and purity was monitored over the course of 5 months. The Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation with 0.5 wt% citric acid was tested as a control. The results of this stability study are summarized in Table 7:

Formulations	0 Months	2 Months	5 Months
	API Purity Area (%)	API Purity Area (%)	API Purity Area (%)
Labrasol®/PEG 400 + 0.5% Citric Acid	95.3	96.1	99.6
Formulation A + 0.5% Citric Acid	90.7	92.6	98.3

Formulations	0 Months	2 Months	5 Months
	API Purity Area (%)	API Purity Area (%)	API Purity Area (%)
Formulation A	76.6	84.6	83.6
Formulation C + 0.5% Citric Acid	92.8	96.9	N/A
Formulation C	89.3	91.4	N/A

Table 7: Effectiveness of Antioxidant

[0182] After two months, purity of the compound of Formula (I) was significantly lower in samples without citric acid. For Formulation A with citric acid, the purity of the compound of Formula (I) was 92.6% versus 84.6% for the same bulk solution without citric acid. Citric acid showed a similar protective effect against oxidation in Formulation C as well. At 5 months, Formulation A with citric acid was 98.3% pure versus 83.6% without citric acid, confirming the viability of citric acid as an antioxidant to ensure the long-term stability of the compound of Formula (I).

[0183] Formulation D comprises a compound of Formula (I) dissolved at a concentration of 92 mg/g in a mixture of Kolliphor® RH 40 (PEG-40 hydrogenated castor oil), PEG600, Polysorbate 20, Labrasol®, and citric acid. An 80 mg dosage is accomplished by a 0.87 g fill in a size 00 capsule. The composition of Formulation D is shown in **Table 8**:

Component	%w/w	Amount per 80 mg capsule
Kolliphor® RH 40	27.09	236 mg
PEG600	38.83	338 mg
Polysorbate 20	10.84	94 mg
Labrasol®	13.54	118 mg
Citric acid	0.50	4 mg
Compound of Formula (I)	9.20	80 mg

Table 8: Formulation D

[0184] **Example 6: Stability Study**

[0185] Stability of Formulation D was evaluated on the bulk formulation solution at 5 °C and 25 °C for 5 months. The results of the stability study are summarized in **Table 9**:

Temperature	API
5 °C	99.9%
25 °C	98.3%

Table 9: 5-Month Stability

[0186] Example 7: Rat Pharmacokinetics (PK) Study

[0187] The pharmacokinetics of Formulation D and Labrasol®/PEG400 formulations were compared in a rat study. A single oral dose of 25 mg/kg of the compound of Formula (I) was administered in four groups. The dose volumes for Groups 1 to 4 were 10, 10, 10, and 3 mL/kg, respectively. Group 1 received the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation neat (undiluted). Group 2 received the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation diluted as a 1:9 oil-in-water dispersion. Group 3 received Formulation D diluted as a 1:9 oil-in-water dispersion. Group 4 received Formulation D diluted as a 1:2 oil-in-water dispersion. The design of the rat pharmacokinetics study is summarized in **FIG. 4**.

[0188] Blood samples were collected over a 48-hour period at pre-dose, 0.25-, 0.5-, 1-, 2-, 4-, 8-, 24-, and 48-hour intervals. Concentration of the compound of Formula (I) was determined via a validated LC/MS/MS assay. Non-compartmental pharmacokinetic parameters were calculated with Phoenix WinNonlin (v8.1). The comparative pharmacokinetic parameters thus obtained are summarized in **Table 10**:

	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
Formulation	Labrasol®/PEG400	Labrasol®/PEG400	D	D
Dilution	neat	1:9	1:9	1:2
Volume	10	10	10	3
Dose (mg/kg)	24.4	20.4	25.7	26.3
T _{max} (h)	8	4	1	1
C _{max} (ng/mL)	5,560	7,340	11,200	16,700
C _{max_D} (kg*ng/mL/mg)	228	360	436	635
AUC _{last} (h*ng/mL)	115,000	75,600	129,000	121,000
AUC _{∞_D_obs} (h*kg*ng/mL/mg)	4750	3790	5070	4610
Plasma half-life (h)	6.11	7.89	6.94	5.12

Table 10: Summary of Comparative PK Parameters in the Rat After a 25 mg/kg Dose

[0189] Both neat and oil-in-water dispersion preparations of the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation displayed slower rates of oral absorption compared to Formulation D preparations, as evidenced by the greater $T_{\max}$ values observed for Groups 1 and 2 (8 and 4 hours, respectively, versus 1 hour). Both Formulation D preparations also resulted in higher $C_{\max}$ values (11,200 and 16,700 ng/mL) compared to the Labrasol®/PEG400 groups (5,560 and 7,340 ng/mL). This 2-3 fold difference is likely due to faster absorption by Formulation D.

[0190] The overall systemic exposure (AUC_{last}) of Formulation D preparations (129,000 and 121,000 h*ng/mL) were comparable (e.g., about 80-120%, about 90-110%, or the like) to the neat Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation (115,000 h*ng/mL). The oil-in-water dispersion preparation of the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation resulted in the lowest systemic exposure (75,600 h*ng/mL). When AUC was normalized by dose for 0 to infinity ($AUC_{\infty_D_obs}$), Groups 1, 3, and 4 values were comparable (e.g., about 80-120%, about 90-110%, or the like) at 4,754; 5,070; and 4,610 h*kg*ng/mL/mg, respectively. Only the oil-in-water dispersion preparation of the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation resulted in a lesser value (3,790 h*kg*ng/mL/mg).

[0191] The different dispersion ratios and dose volumes of the two Formulation D preparations (3 mL for 1:2 and 10 mL for 1:9) did not result in differences in systemic exposure, as evidenced by similar AUC_{last} values. Thus, the higher $C_{\max}$ value of the 1:2 preparation versus the 1:9 Formulation D preparation appears to be attributable to the rates of absorption, not to differences in systemic exposure. This observation is further confirmed by the comparable (e.g., about 80-120%, about 90-110%, or the like) $AUC_{\infty_D_obs}$ values (5,070 vs. 4,610 h*kg*ng/mL/mg) for the 1:9 and 1:2 preparations, respectively.

[0192] The neat Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation preparation showed comparable (e.g., about 80-120%, about 90-110%, or the like) total systemic exposure (AUC_{last}) and dose-normalized AUC ($AUC_{\infty_D_obs}$) to both Formulation D preparations. The 1:9 Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation preparation has markedly lower AUC_{last} and $AUC_{\infty_D_obs}$ values but higher $C_{\max}$ and $C_{\max_D}$ values compared to the neat preparation. The 1:9 preparation also displayed the longest plasma elimination half-life (7.89 hours). When taken together, these parameters indicate that the 1:9 preparation has an altered absorption profile compared to the neat preparation. This difference in absorption profile impacted total exposure and may have been responsible for delayed elimination.

[0193] Both Formulation D preparations showed comparable (e.g., about 80-120%, about 90-110%, or the like) total system exposure (AUC) and plasma half-life to the neat Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation preparation. The Formulation D resulted in an increased rate of absorption, with a decreased $T_{\max}$ and an increased $C_{\max}$ relative to the Labrasol®/PEG400 formulation.

[0194] **Example 8: Human Pharmacokinetic (PK) Study (2-Component)**

[0195] Pharmacokinetic data obtained for 13 human subjects treated with the two-component formulation system of Example 1 is summarized herein. Subjects 1, 4, 6, and 7 were enrolled in Cohort 1 (3.2 mg/kg/day); Subjects 8, 9, and 10 were enrolled in Cohort 2 (6.4 mg/kg/day); and Subjects 11, 12, 15, 16, 19,

and 20 were enrolled in Cohort 3 (12.8 mg/kg/day). The plasma samples from the first BID dose on Cycle 1/Day 1 were analyzed for all 13 subjects. The dosage levels were achieved with BID dosing. Thus, for Cohort 1, 3.2 mg/kg/day was 1.6 mg/kg BID; for Cohort 2, 6.4 mg/kg/day was 3.2 mg/kg BID; and for Cohort 3, 12.8 mg/kg/day was 6.4 mg/kg BID.

[0196] The individual pharmacokinetic parameters by cohort for the 12-hour time course of a single dose by subject are summarized in **FIG. 5**.

[0197] Individuals in Cohort 1 (1.6 mg/kg BID) demonstrated a T_{max} that ranged from 0.82 to 4 hours and a C_{max} that ranged from 735 to 1,380 ng/mL. The C_{max} normalized by dose (C_{max_D}) ranged from 4.9 to 9.2 ng/mL/mg. The AUC_{last} ranged from 5,430 to 7,640 h*ng/mL. When normalized by dose, the AUC_{last_D} ranged from 30.1 to 43.8 h*ng/mL/mg.

[0198] Individuals in Cohort 2 (3.2 mg/kg BID) demonstrated a T_{max} that ranged from 1.1 to 2 hours and a C_{max} that ranged from 1,910 to 3,260 ng/mL. The C_{max} normalized by dose (C_{max_D}) ranged from 6.2 to 12.1 ng/mL/mg. The AUC_{last} ranged from 11,700 to 19,800 h*ng/mL. When normalized by dose, the AUC_{last_D} ranged from 32.5 to 73.3 h*ng/mL/mg.

[0199] Individuals in Cohort 3 (6.4 mg/kg BID) demonstrated a T_{max} that ranged from 1 to 6.1 hours and a C_{max} that ranged from 2,220 to 3,730 ng/mL. The C_{max} normalized by dose (C_{max_D}) ranged from 4.91 to 7.77 ng/mL/mg. The AUC_{last} ranged from 12,700 to 29,200 h*ng/mL. When normalized by dose, the AUC_{last_D} ranged from 28.2 to 60.8 h*ng/mL/mg.

[0200] The mean pharmacokinetic parameters by cohort for the 12-hour time course of a single dose are summarized in **FIG. 6**.

[0201] Cohort 1 demonstrated mean values for T_{max} , C_{max} , C_{max_D} , AUC_{last} , and AUC_{last_D} of 1.91 hours, 1,090 ng/mL, 6.33 ng/mL/mg, 6,360 h*ng/mL, and 36.9 h*ng/mL/mg, respectively.

[0202] Cohort 2 demonstrated mean values for T_{max} , C_{max} , C_{max_D} , AUC_{last} , and AUC_{last_D} of 1.39 hours, 2,460 ng/mL, 8.73 ng/mL/mg, 14,800 h*ng/mL, and 53 h*ng/mL/mg, respectively.

[0203] Cohort 3 demonstrated mean values for T_{max} , C_{max} , C_{max_D} , AUC_{last} , and AUC_{last_D} of 2.74 hours, 2,690 ng/mL, 5.81 ng/mL/mg, 19,200 h*ng/mL, and 41.7 h*ng/mL/mg, respectively.

[0204] **Example 9: Spray Dried Dispersion (SDD) and Nanosuspension Formulations**

[0205] A spray dried dispersion (SDD) formulation of the compound of Formula (I) was prepared as follows. A spray dried dispersion of the compound of Formula (I) in EUDRAGIT® E PO (375 mg, 20% drug loading) was suspended in 0.5% hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) 603/0.2% Tween 80 solution (30 mL) with 30 seconds of shaking followed by 15 minutes of stirring with a magnetic stir bar. The resulting suspension was shaken gently for 15 seconds prior to dosing.

[0206] A nanosuspension of the compound of Formula (I) was prepared as follows. A nanosuspension of the compound of Formula (I) in 1% Tween80 (1.0 mL, 101.37 mg/mL) was vortexed for 15-20 seconds and then transfer to USP water (39.5 mL). The resulting suspension was vortexed for 15-20 seconds prior to dosing.

[0207] When subjected to a rat pharmacokinetics study, the spray dried dispersion and the nanosuspension gave results as shown in **FIG. 7**. As demonstrated, not only were the nanosuspension and the SDD formulation significantly inferior to the multi-component formulations provided herein, but were also inferior to the 2-component (Labrasol®/PEG400) formulation as well in C_{max} and AUC.

[0208] **Example 10: Human Bioavailability and Pharmacokinetic (PK) Study Comparing 2-Component Formulation and Self-Emulsifying-Drug-Dispersion (SEDD) Formulation**

[0209] A total of 14 subjects diagnosed with advanced cancers were administered the compound of Formula (I) dosed at 12.8 mg/kg/day using the two-component (Labrasol®/PEG400) formulation system of Example 1 (8 subjects) or at 12.8 mg/kg/day using the SEDD formulation described in Examples 1 and 5 (6 subjects). Plasma concentrations of a compound of Formula (I) were used for the evaluation of oral bioavailability and pharmacokinetics.

[0210] **Blood Collection:** PK sampling was performed at the following time points for Cycle 1/Day 1 (C1/D1): pre-dose, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 11:59 hr Post 1st dose (before 2nd dose) and at 23:59 hr Post 1st dose (before 3rd dose). Variability in timepoints was allowed at ± 15 minutes for the 1, 2, and 4 hr time points and ± 30 minutes for the 6, 8, 12 and 24 hr time points.

[0211] Results

[0212] Human PK Data through the 12-hour time point:

[0213] The plasma samples from the first BID dose (6.4 mg/kg) on Cycle 1/Day 1 were analyzed for all 14 subjects. The mean area under the curve (AUC), controlling dose and body weight was 2,982 ng*hr/mL in the cohort using the Labrasol®/PEG formulation and 5,198 ng*hr/mL in the cohort using Formulation D. This resulted in a 74% increase in plasma drug exposure among the cohort using Formulation D as shown in **FIG. 8**.

[0214] Safety:

[0215] In addition to improved AUC, the SEDD formulation (Formulation D) has demonstrated an improved safety profile. Four of the 8 subjects in the cohort using the Labrasol®/PEG formulation reported adverse events (AEs) deemed attributable to the drug in the Labrasol/PEG formulation, including 3 Grade 3 events.

[0216] No subjects in the cohort using Formulation D reported any events attributable to the drug dosed in the SEDD formulation as outlined in **Table 11**:

Formulation/Type of Adverse Events	Number of reported AE	Number of subjects reporting AE
Labrasol/PEG Formulation Dose (n=8)	19	4
Constitutional**		
Grade 1	3	
Grade 2	3	
Gastrointestinal		
Grade 1	5	
Grade 2	5	
Grade 3	3	
Formulation D Dose (n=6)	0	0

* Safety analysis based on 14 subjects treated at dose of 12.8 mg/kg/day.

** Constitutional includes fatigue, appetite changes, and weight loss.

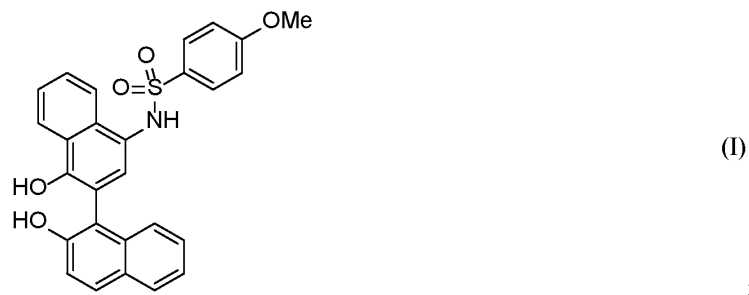
Table 11. Safety Analysis of Subjects Dosed at 12.8 mg/kg/day

[0217] While preferred embodiments of the present invention have been shown and described herein, it will be obvious to those skilled in the art that such embodiments are provided by way of example only. Numerous variations, changes, and substitutions will now occur to those skilled in the art without departing from the invention. It should be understood that various alternatives to the embodiments of the invention described herein may be employed in practicing the invention. It is intended that the following claims define the scope of the invention and that methods and structures within the scope of these claims and their equivalents be covered thereby.

CLAIMS

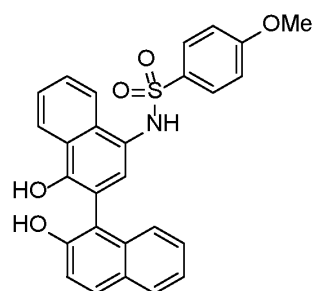
WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



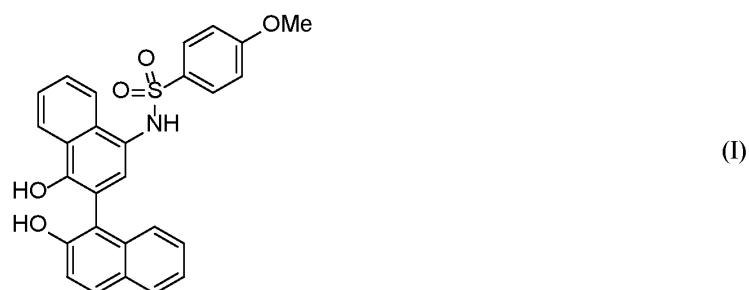
- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5);
 - c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3);
 - d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4);
 - e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2); and
 - f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).
2. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, wherein the composition is or is a part of a self-emulsifying drug dispersion (SEDD).
3. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the composition is a capsule fill formulation.
4. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the composition further comprises a capsule shell.
5. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 50 mg/g (e.g., at least 60 mg/g, at least 70 mg/g, at least 80 mg/g, or at least 90 mg/g) (e.g., excluding the mass of a capsule shell).

6. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/mL (e.g., at least 70 mg/mL, at least 80 mg/mL, at least 90 mg/mL, or at least 100 mg/mL) (e.g., excluding the volume of a capsule shell).
7. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein at least 60 wt. % (e.g., at least 80 wt. %, at least 90 wt. %, or at least 95 wt. %) of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition.
8. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the emulsifier is a glyceride emulsifier.
9. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the emulsifier comprises an optionally polyglycolized medium- and/or long-chain mono-, di-, and/or tri-glyceride(s).
10. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the solubilizer is a polyoxyl castor oil or a vitamin E polyethylene glycol succinate (TPGS).
11. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the polyethylene glycol (PEG) has an average molecular weight of about 200 to about 1000 (e.g., about 500 to about 700, or about 550 to about 650, or about 600).
12. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the surfactant is polysorbate (e.g., polysorbate 20).
13. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of the preceding claims, further comprising a co-solvent (e.g., Transcutol®).
14. An oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



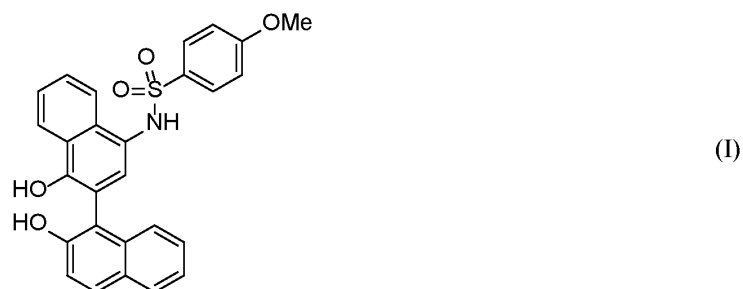
- b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5);
- c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3);

- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4);
 - e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2); and
 - f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).
15. An oral dosage form comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of a compound of Formula (I):



- 16. The oral dosage form of any one of the preceding claims, further comprising a capsule.
- 17. The oral dosage form of claim 16, wherein the composition is configured entirely within the capsule.
- 18. The oral dosage form of any one of claims 16 or 17, wherein the capsule is size 00 or smaller.
- 19. The oral dosage form of any one of claims 15-18, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride).
- 20. The oral dosage form of claim 19, wherein the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5).
- 21. The oral dosage form of any one of claims 15-20, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a solubilizer.
- 22. The oral dosage form of claim 21, wherein the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3).
- 23. The oral dosage form of any one of claims 15-22, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol (PEG).

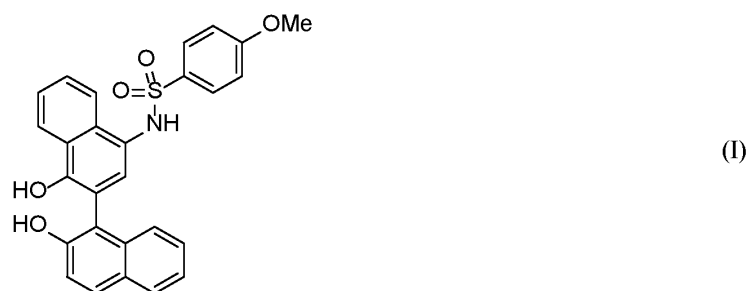
24. The oral dosage form of claim 23, wherein the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4).
25. The oral dosage form of any one of claims 15-24, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a surfactant.
26. The oral dosage form of claim 25, wherein the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g., about 1:1).
27. The oral dosage form of any one of claims 15-26, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an antioxidant.
28. The oral dosage form of claim 27, wherein the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).
29. The oral dosage form of any one of claims 14-28, wherein the composition is as described in any one of claims 2-13.
30. A method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a high dose of a compound of Formula (I):



the high dose of the compound of Formula (I) comprising administration of at least 15 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.

31. The method of claim 30, wherein the method comprises administering the compound of Formula (I) configured in a pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. the compound of Formula (I);
 - b. an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride), the emulsifier being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5);
 - c. a solubilizer, the solubilizer being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3);

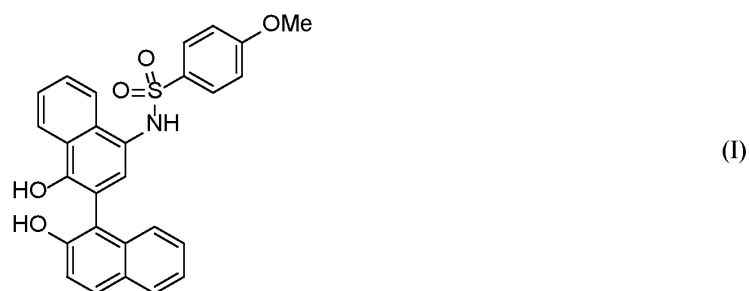
- d. a polyethylene glycol (PEG), the polyethylene glycol being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4);
 - e. a surfactant, the surfactant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:2);
 - f. an antioxidant, the antioxidant being present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).
32. The method of claim 31, wherein the composition is or is a part of a self-emulsifying drug dispersion (SEDD).
33. The method of claim 31 or 32, wherein the composition is a capsule fill formulation.
34. The method of any one of claims 31-33, wherein the composition further comprises a capsule shell.
35. The method of claim 33 or 34, wherein the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 50 mg/g (e.g., at least 60 mg/g, at least 70 mg/g, at least 80 mg/g, or at least 90 mg/g) (e.g., excluding the mass of a capsule shell).
36. The method of claim 33 or 34, wherein the compound of Formula (I) is present in the formulation in a concentration of at least 60 mg/mL (e.g., at least 70 mg/mL, at least 80 mg/mL, at least 90 mg/mL, or at least 100 mg/mL) (e.g., excluding the volume of a capsule shell).
37. The method of any one of claims 31-34, wherein at least 60 wt. % (e.g., at least 80 wt. %, at least 90 wt. %, or at least 95 wt. %) of the compound of Formula (I) is soluble (dissolved) in the composition.
38. A method of treating fibrosis, cancer, or chronic inflammation in an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a plurality of oral dosage forms, the plurality of oral dosage forms collectively comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):



39. The method of claim 38, wherein each oral dosage form comprises a pharmaceutical composition, the pharmaceutical composition comprising at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of the compound of Formula (I).

40. The method of claim 39, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an emulsifier (e.g., glyceride).
41. The method of claim 40, wherein the emulsifier is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to the emulsifier of about 1:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1.5).
42. The method of any one of claims 39-41, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a solubilizer.
43. The method of claim 42, wherein the solubilizer is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to solubilizer of about 1:1 to about 1:5 (e.g., about 1:2 to about 1:4, e.g., about 1:3).
44. The method of any one of claims 39-43, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol (PEG).
45. The method of claim 44, wherein the polyethylene glycol is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to polyethylene glycol of about 1:2 to about 1:6 (e.g., about 1:3 to about 1:5, e.g., about 1:4).
46. The method of any one of claims 39-45, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises a surfactant.
47. The method of claim 46, wherein the surfactant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to surfactant of about 2:1 to about 1:2 (e.g., about 1:1 to about 1:2, e.g. about 1:1).
48. The method of any one of claims 39-47, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an antioxidant.
49. The method of claim 48, wherein the antioxidant is present in the composition in a weight ratio of compound of Formula (I) to antioxidant of about 10:1 to about 30:1 (e.g., about 15:1 to about 25:1, e.g., about 20:1).
50. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the method comprises administering at least 1 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.
51. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the method comprises administering at least 10 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.
52. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the method comprises administering at least 20 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.
53. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the method comprises administering at least 25 mg/kg/day of the compound of Formula (I) to the individual.
54. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the oral dosage form(s) each comprise at least 40 mg (e.g., at least 50 mg, at least 60 mg, or at least 75 mg) of the compound of Formula (I).
55. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the disorder treated is cancer.

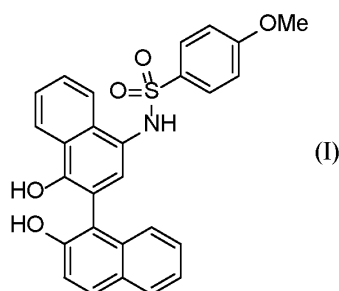
56. The method of claim 55, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of head and neck cancer, lung cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, skin cancer, kidney cancer, testicular cancer, colon cancer, rectal cancer, gastric cancer, metastatic melanoma, prostate cancer, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, bone cancer, spleen cancer, gall bladder cancer, brain cancer, pancreatic cancer, stomach cancer, anal cancer, prostate cancer, multiple myeloma, post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease, restenosis, myelodysplastic syndrome, leukemia, and lymphoma.
57. The method of claim 55, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of head and neck cancer, lung cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, colon cancer, multiple myeloma, leukemia and pancreatic cancer.
58. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the disorder treated is fibrosis.
59. The method of claim 58, wherein the fibrosis is selected from the group consisting of pulmonary fibrosis, bone marrow fibrosis, intestine fibrosis, pancreatic fibrosis, joint fibrosis, liver fibrosis, retroperitoneum, myelofibrosis, dermal fibrosis, non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, steatohepatitis, and systemic sclerosis.
60. The method of claim 58, wherein the fibrosis is selected from the group consisting of pulmonary fibrosis, non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, steatohepatitis, and systemic sclerosis.
61. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the disorder treated is chronic inflammation.
62. The method of claim 61, wherein the chronic inflammation is selected from the group consisting of inflammatory bowel disease, ulcerative colitis, psoriasis, uveitis, scleritis, multiple sclerosis, pancreatitis, and asthma.
63. The method of claim 61, wherein the chronic inflammation is selected from the group consisting of inflammatory bowel disease, ulcerative colitis, asthma, and psoriasis.
64. A method of providing to an individual an improved $C_{\max}$ or $AUC_{0-\infty}$ of a compound of Formula (I):



the improved $C_{\max}$ or $AUC_{0-\infty}$ being at least 1.1 greater than the effect obtained by administering an otherwise identical amount of a compound of Formula (I) in a formulation of PEG400 and Labrasol®.

65. The method of claim 64, having an administration protocol of any one of claims 30-63.

66. The method of any one of the preceding claims, wherein the compound of Formula (I) is administered in a pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1-13 or one or more oral dosage forms of any one of claims 14-29.
67. The method of any one of claims 30-63, wherein the $C_{\max}$ or $AUC_{0-\infty}$ of the compound of Formula (I) is as described in claim 64.
68. A crystalline form of a compound of Formula (I):



69. The crystalline form of claim 68, having an X-ray power diffraction pattern comprising characteristic peaks at $8.1 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $16.5 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $18.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $21.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $22.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.
70. The crystalline form of claim 69, wherein the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one characteristic peak selected from $9.6 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $11.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $12.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $14.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.
71. The crystalline form of claim 69 or 70, wherein the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one characteristic peak selected from $19.7 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.2 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $20.8 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $24.4 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.
72. The crystalline form of any one of claims 69-71, wherein the X-ray powder diffraction pattern further comprises at least one characteristic peak selected from $26.10 \pm 0.2^\circ$, $29.29 \pm 0.2^\circ$, and $30.75 \pm 0.2^\circ$ two theta.
73. The crystalline form of claim 68, wherein the crystalline form is characterized by an X-ray powder diffraction pattern substantially as shown in **FIG. 1**.