CLAIMS

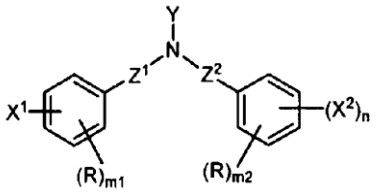
1. A two-component adhesive composition comprising the following (A) to (D):

(A) a radically polymerizable compound;

(B)

(B-1) a polymer consisting of at least one repeat unit derived from a polymerizable compound of formula (I), or

(B-2) a polymer consisting of at least one repeat unit derived from a polymerizable compound of formula (I), and at least one repeat unit derived from another radically polymerizable compound:



(I)

wherein X^1 and X^2 each independently represent a C7 to C20 alkyl group or a C7 to C20 alkoxy group, n represents 0 or 1, Z^1 and Z^2 each independently represent a single bond or a C1 to C3 alkylene group, each R independently represents an organic group or a halogeno group, m1 and m2 each independently represent any integer of 0 to 4, and Y represents a polymerizable functional group;

(C) a polymerization initiator; and

(D) a reducing agent,

wherein

a first component contains at least above (C) and a second component contains at least above (D).

2. The two-component adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymerization initiator is cumene hydroperoxide.

3. The two-component adhesive composition according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the reducing agent is at least one compound selected from the group consisting of vanadyl acetylacetonate, cobalt octylate, cobalt naphthenate and ethylenethiourea.

4. The two-component adhesive composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the two-component adhesive composition further comprises polybutadiene.

5. A shaped body obtained by applying the two-component adhesive composition according to any one of claims 1 to 4 onto a plastic base material, and curing the two-component adhesive composition so that the resulting layer is disposed on the base material or between base materials.