



AN ELECTRIC HEATING FUMIGATOR

Technical Field of the Invention

- 5 The present invention relates to an electric heating fumigator, and more particularly, to an electric heating fumigator for fumigating medicament such as insecticide, antiseptic, air freshener and/or deodorizer.

Background of the Art



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Currently, many types of electric heating fumigators have been disclosed. The widely used electric heating fumigators, whose heating boards keep the temperature of about 160~180°C, generally achieve the aim of dispelling and killing pests by heating and releasing pyrethrum-like ester insecticide less
15 than 150 milligrams (generally tens of milligrams) within 6~8 hours. Another widely used electric heating fumigator for fumigating liquid medicine, for example, the liquid evaporator disclosed in Chinese Patent CN88211435, also evaporates the liquid medicine contained in a bottle into a relatively closed space over a night, with the heating temperature of 90~170°C.

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In addition, GB1601095A disclosed an electric heating fumigator, wherein the insecticide and porous inorganic materials are extruded together so as to make the insecticide spread into the porous carrier and as a result, the surface for volatilization is enlarged, and the activated ingredient volatilizes rapidly
25 with the porous medicament containing pyrethrum-like ester insecticide heated up to 200~430°C by the heating updraft.

CN99248238.0 disclosed an electric heating fumigator comprising a movable inner cup, a mid cup with heating elements, a mid cup base and a housing, the inner cup directly contacts with the heating elements embedded in the mid cup, which enables an excellent fumigating effect by heating the pesticide in the cup to 200~350°C and evaporating it in a closed space to get a relatively high concentration in a relatively short time.

However, the above-mentioned electric heating fumigators cannot evaporate medicament rapidly in a short time at the said relatively low temperature, which makes them actually unusable in some large spaces such as storehouse, greenhouse, etc. and some medicament such as some kinds of pesticide cannot reach their volatilizing points at the temperature below 200 °C. Therefore, these electric heating fumigators fail to achieve the desired effect of preventing insect pests. Moreover, their performances of electric insulation, heat insulation, safety and so on at relatively high temperature are still unsatisfactory. Thus, an electric heating fumigator with excellent fumigating effect and safe electric performance is needed, which with a high heating temperature, can discharge a large amount of medicament in a short time, kill a variety of insects and get a relatively high medicament concentration rapidly.

Summary of the Invention

An object of the present invention is to provide an electric heating fumigator with better heat and electric insulation performance, which overcomes the shortcomings of prior art and allows a higher heating temperature and an ability of discharging a large amount of medicament in a short time in a safe and stable way.

Particularly, the present invention provides an electric heating fumigator with the heating temperature exceeding 200°C, for example 200~500°C, which comprises a base and a case cover as well as a heater support mounted on the base; a heater is inserted into the heater support; wherein, a heat-insulation
5 layer is attached to the heater support and located between the heater and the heater support and the bottom of the heater support is fixed on the base of the fumigator.

In another preferred embodiment, the inside and outside of said heater
10 support is provided with an inner heat-insulation layer, which is located between the heater and the heater support, and an outer heat-insulation layer, via which the upper portion of the heater support contacts with the case cover of the fumigator.

15 In a further preferred embodiment, the heater support is hollow and holds a heat spreader such as a fan, and the upper portion of the heater support is provided with holes towards the heater to ensure that the wind is blown to the heater smoothly so as to make the volatilized medicament rising upwards.

20 In the electric heating fumigator according to the present invention, the heater is designed to directly contact with the heat-insulation layers for the purpose of preventing the overheating of the inside and the housing of the fumigator. The heat-insulation layers are made of polytetraethylene, silicone rubber, or ceramic. The heater support is made of metal.

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The electric heating fumigator according to the present invention may also comprise the components including a case cover, an upper cover, a housing, a filter screen, a transformer, a timer, a circuit board, an indicator light, a knob

of the timer, and the like.

With regard to the electric heating fumigator according to the present invention, in a specific design, the heater support fixed on the base divides
5 the fumigator into two chambers, one of which is a heat-insulation chamber equipped with a heat spreader for example a fan, the inner heat-insulation layer, the heater, the heater support, and the outer heat-insulation layer, and the other one of which is a control chamber equipped with a circuit board, a transformer, a timer controlling the time and power switch, a power supply
10 wire connected to the underside of the fumigator, wherein, the heater conductor is connected to the circuit board through a conductor hole of the inner heat-insulation layer, the conductor of the heat spreader, such as a fan, is connected to the transformer, the power supply wire and the timer are directly connected to the circuit board, the circuit board is fixed on the base
15 of the fumigator, and the conductor of the transformer is connected with the circuit board.

The case cover is set on the base. The optional filter screen is located between the base and the case cover. The case cover is connected with an
20 optional housing, preferably, a transparent housing. The housing may further be provided with an optional upper cover, preferably, a transparent upper cover, which can be taken away when the fumigator is in operation. A timer for controlling time and power switch is installed on the side of the case cover, wherein an indicator light is provided to indicate working modes.

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In the electric heating fumigator according to the present invention, the heat-insulation layer is located between the heater and the heater support. Within the heater support, a heat spreader for example a fan is installed on

one side. The upper portion of the heater support is provided with holes towards the heater to ensure that the wind is blown to the heater smoothly.

Brief Description of the Drawings

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Fig. 1 is a section view of the electric heating fumigator of the present invention showing the inner structure for heat insulation;

Fig. 2 is another side section view of the electric heating fumigator of the present invention;

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Fig. 3 is a perspective exploded view of the electric heating fumigator;

Fig. 4 is a block diagram of the circuit of the electric heating fumigator.

Detailed Description of the Invention

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The preferred embodiments will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 is a schematic section view of the heat insulation configuration of the electric heating fumigator 100 according to the present invention, and Fig. 2
20 is a side section view of the electric heating fumigator 100. It can be seen that the electric heating fumigator 100 comprises a base 9 and a case cover 12, wherein the case cover 12 may be installed onto the base 9 by bolts or other known means (not shown) to form an inner chamber. In this chamber, a heater support 3 is mounted on the base 9 such that the inner chamber of the
25 electric heating fumigator 100 is partitioned into two chambers. One is a heating and insulating chamber, as shown in Fig. 1, in which a fan 6, an inner heat insulation loop 2, a heater 1, a heater support 3 and an outer heat insulation loop 5 are fixedly positioned. The other is a heat insulation

chamber, as shown in Fig. 2, installed with a circuit board 15 and a transformer 16. The case cover 12 mounted on the heat insulation chamber is installed with a timer 14 for controlling time and power switch. A power supply wire 17 is connected to the underside of the case cover. And an indicator light 11 is provided to indicate the working modes. A filter screen 7 is installed between the base 9 and the case cover 12. The case cover 12 is provided with a transparent housing 10. The housing 10 may be provided with a transparent upper cover 8, which can be taken away in operation.

10 In the electric heating fumigator 100 according to the present invention, the heat insulation part is composed of the inner heat insulation loop 2 serving as the inner heat-insulation layer, the heater support 3, and the outer heat insulation loop 5 serving as the outer heat-insulation layer. The inner heat-insulation loop 2 is located between the heater 1 and the heater support 3, and the outer heat-insulation loop 5 is fixed to the outside of the heater support. The fan 6 is installed inside the heater support-3. The filter screen 7 is optionally positioned outside the fan 6. The upper portion of the heater support 3 is provided with a plurality of holes 4 towards the heater 1 to ensure that the wind is blown to the heater 1 smoothly. The holes are not limited in terms of number and shape. The heater 1 is fixed to the heater support 3 by the heat-insulation loops. The conductor of the heater is connected to the circuit board 15 through a conductor hole of the heat-insulation structure (not shown), the conductor of the fan 6 is connected to the transformer 16, the power supply wire 17 and the timer 14 are directly connected to the circuit board 15, the circuit board 15 is fixed on the base 9 of the fumigator, and the conductor of the transformer 16 is connected with the circuit board 15. The above-described connection relationships are conventional means and are well known to those skilled in the art, therefore,

they will not be described in details herein.

The heat insulation structure may use single layer and multi-layer heat insulator, preferably those composed of more than two layers. The heater support 3 is hollow, in which a heat spreader is preferably installed, such as an axial fan or a micro fan. The heat-insulation materials can be selected from various materials that will not melt at relatively high temperature. The inner heat-insulation loop 2 and the outer loop 5 are preferably made of heat-insulation materials such as polytetrafluoroethylene, silicone rubber, or ceramic etc., more preferably silicone rubber. The heat support 3 may be made of various heat-resistant rubber and ceramic, especially metals such as steel, aluminum alloy and the like.

In this description, the term “heater” refers to the component heated by electrical current. All heaters with power more than 10W are applicable. The power supply may be direct or alternating current. The heaters supplied by alternating current and with power more than 50W are preferred, and the heating cups manufactured in such a way that the medicament container and the heater are integrated into a whole part are particularly preferred. For example, the heater 1 may be a resistance coil, PTC, or a heating cup commercially available with the medicament container and the heater formed as a whole part.

In this description, the term “heater support” refers to the part used to support the heater and to combine the heater and the base of the fumigator. Generally the heater support 3 is separated from the base 9, and under special circumstances, for example, when the heater support 3 is made of the same material with the base 9, it may also be molded with the base 9 as a whole

part. The shape of the heater support 3 is not critical, as long as it can support the heater 1 and separate the heater 1 from the base 9 so as to prevent the overheating of the inside and the cover of the fumigator. The heater support 3 may be made of various heat-resistant rubber and ceramic, especially metals
5 such as stainless steel, aluminum alloy and the like.

The underside of the base 9 may be provided with a plurality of holes and feet for balanced position. The base 9 may be of various shapes, as long as it is helpful for locating the heater support and other components defined
10 inside.

In the electric heating fumigator 100 according to the present invention, the heater 1 itself may be a container of tablets or liquid medicine to be fumigated, which may be of flat plate or cup, or other different shapes.

15 According to the present invention, the heating time and the rotation of the fan is controlled by the control circuit as shown in Fig. 3. The external power supply is divided into two flows by the timer 14, one of which is supplied to the heater, and the other is transformed by the transformer and then is
20 supplied to the fan after commutation and filter.

All electric components used in this invention such as the transformer 16, the timer 14, the circuit board 15, etc, are known to those skilled in the art. They can select and use different commercially available products, depending on
25 the designed electric heating fumigator and based on general technical knowledge or experimental results.

The electric heating fumigator of the present invention is suitable for using in

houses, hotels, restaurants and the like for preventing and killing pests and bacteria.

The electric heating fumigator of the present invention can heat medicament
5 to a temperature above 200°C , for example $200\sim 500^{\circ}\text{C}$, so that fumigant
evaporates rapidly and the activated ingredient volatilizes under the high
temperature of the heater and spreads into each corner and seal of the closed
space in a short time. Therefore, pests can be prevented and killed in a simple
and clean way in a short time without pollution. For black beetles, fumigant
10 used generally amounts to $10\sim 80\text{ mg/m}^3$, preferably $40\sim 60\text{ mg/m}^3$; for
flying insects for example mosquitoes, fumigant used generally amounts to
 $3\sim 20\text{ mg/m}^3$, preferably $5\sim 10\text{ mg/m}^3$; and for flies, fumigant used generally
amounts to $5\sim 30\text{ mg/m}^3$, preferably $10\sim 15\text{ mg/m}^3$.

15 Compared with the prior art, the electric heating fumigator of the present
invention can evaporate fumigant more rapidly so that the gas of activated
ingredient spreads into each corner and seal of the whole space at a high
concentration in a short time. The activated ingredient reaches the pests in the
form of minute particles and makes the pests faint and killed.

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The operation process and principle of the electric heating fumigator of the
present invention will be described herein. At first, fumigant is put into the
heater 1, the amount thereof should be determined depending on the area of
the room and the breed of pests, and then the fumigator is switched on. The
25 timer knob 14 is turned to make the indicator light 11 on. The heater 1 is
heated and reaches to a temperature above 200°C rapidly. Fumigant
evaporates at different temperatures and the fumigant concentration in the
closed space increases in a short time so as to kill mosquitoes, flies, and black

beetles. The power supply is switched down automatically when it arrives at the predetermined time.

Example 1: Test experiment of internal and external temperatures of the fumigator

After the fumigator has been supplied with power for a half hour, the measurement of the temperatures is carried out with an electronic thermometer. Within the internal side of the fumigator, the temperature of the heater, the timer in the case cover, and the circuit board are measured. For the external surface of the fumigator, five points of the case cover are measured.

Table 1

Part or point measured	Heater	Timer	Circuit board	Front of external surface	Left side of external surface	Right side of external surface	Back of external surface	Top of the transparent housing
Temp (°C)	> 200	59	58	55	57	57	53	62

Example 2: Experiment for killing Germany Beetles

The medicament used is 96% TAIMING electric heating tablet for killing black beetles. The amount of medicament is 80 mg/m³. The pests used for experiment are Germany Beetles.

Table 2

Number of beetles	Dosage of fumigant (mg/m ³)	Volume of room (m ³)	KT ₅₀ (min)	KT ₉₅ (min)	Mortality in 24 hours
38	80	15	14	32	100%

Example 3: Field test for killing Germany Beetles

The medicament used is 96% TAIMING electric heating tablet for killing black beetles. The amount of medicament is 1.5 g. The pests used for experiment are Germany Beetles.

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Table 3

Dosage of fumigant (g)	Volatilizing time (min)	Volatilizing amount (mg/min)	Number of killed beetles
1.5	23	66	1560

Although the invention has been described in its preferred form with a certain degree of particularity, obviously many changes and variations are possible therein. It is therefore to be understood that the present invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein without departing from the scope and spirit thereof.

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Claims

What is claimed is:

- 5 1. An electric heating fumigator (100) comprising a base (9), a case cover (12) and a heater support (3) mounted on the base (9), a heater (1) being inserted into the heater support (3), characterized in that heat-insulation layers (2, 5) are attached to the heater support (3) so that one of them is located between the heater (1) and the heater
10 support (3), and that the bottom of the support (3) is fixed on the base (9) of the fumigator.
2. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 1, characterized in that said heater support (3) has an inner heat-insulation layer (2) and
15 an outer heat-insulation layer (5), the inner layer (2) being located between the heater (1) and the heater support (3), and the upper portion of the heater support (3) contacting with the case cover (12) via the outer layer (5).
- 20 3. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the heater support (3) is hollow and holds a heat spreader (6), and the upper portion of the heater support (3) is provided with holes (7) towards the heater.
- 25 4. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the heat-insulation layers (2, 5) are made of polytetraethylene, silicone rubber, or ceramic and the heater support (3) is made of metal.

5. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 3, characterized in that the heat-insulation layers (2, 5) are made of polytetrafluoroethylene, silicone rubber, or ceramic and the heater support (3) is made of metal.
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6. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 3, characterized in that the heater support (3) fixed on the base (9) divides the fumigator into two chambers, one of which is a heat-insulation chamber equipped with a heat spreader, the inner heat-insulation layer (2), the heater (1),
10 the heater support (3), and the outer heat-insulation layer (5), and the other one of which is a control chamber equipped with a circuit board (15), a transformer (16), a timer (14), a power supply wire (17) connected to the underside of the fumigator, in which the conductor of the heater is connected to the circuit board (15) through a conductor
15 hole of the inner heat-insulation layer (2), the conductor of the fan is connected to the transformer (16), the power supply wire (17) and the timer (14) are directly connected to the circuit board (15), the circuit board (15) is fixed on the base (9) of the fumigator, and the conductor of the transformer (16) is connected with the circuit board (15).
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7. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 6, characterized in that the outside of the heat spreader is provided with a filter screen between the base (9) and the case cover (12).
- 25 8. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 7, characterized in that a housing (10) is connected with the case cover (12) and an upper cover (8) is mounted on the housing (10).

9. An electric heating fumigator (100) according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the heat-insulation layers (2,5) may be multi-layer heat insulator.