



Description

This invention relates to a curvilinear escalator comprising the pre-characterizing features of claim 1.

In a known escalator of this kind (US—A—3,878,931) a single chain comprising spherically coupled joint pieces is provided for driving the steps via step links which are pivotably connected to the joint pieces.

JP—A—48-25559 discloses another curvilinear escalator of a construction, in which a main frame in an arcuate form in the horizontal plane of projection is provided in an inclined disposition, a forwarding way is disposed on the top surface side of this main frame, a turning section is provided at one distal end part of the main frame in the longitudinal direction thereof, and a return way is disposed on the bottom surface side of the main frame, thereby forming an endless conveying path. Then, a multitude of steps, each having a sector form in plane, are disposed continuously in the conveying path, and these steps are connected by means of step chains so as to cause them to perform circulation motion in and along the conveying path. During the circulation motion, the steps change their moving direction, or perform reversing motion, within a vertical plane at the turning section of the conveying path, move along the inclined plane in the forwarding way, and further move horizontally in a section between the end part of the forwarding way and the turning section. On the other hand, a step shaft provided on each step in its breadthwise direction constantly maintains its horizontal posture during the circulation motion of the step, on account of which, when the step chain connecting the step shaft is not engaged with the step shaft in a manner to be deflectable in any direction with respect to the step shaft, the steps cannot perform smooth circulation motion.

The problem underlying the invention is to provide a curvilinear escalator of simple construction which secures smooth circulation motion of the steps.

This problem is accomplished according to the present invention by the features of claim 1.

Further preferable developments of the invention are described in the subclaims.

The foregoing object, other objects as well as specific construction and function of the curvilinear escalator according to the present invention will become more apparent and understandable from the following detailed description thereof, especially when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawing illustrating preferred embodiments thereof.

In the accompanying drawing:

Figure 1 is a front view showing one embodiment of the curvilinear escalator according to the present invention;

Figure 2 is a top plane view of the curvilinear escalator shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a partially enlarged plane view conceptionally showing the arrangement of the

steps, step chains, and other structural components;

Figure 4 is an enlarged plane view showing the details of the step shaft and the step chains shown in Figure 3;

Figure 5 is a perspective view schematically showing the movement of the steps in the curvilinear escalator shown in Figure 1; and

Figure 6 is an enlarged plane view, corresponding to Figure 4, showing the details of another embodiment of the step shaft and the step chain for the curvilinear escalator according to the present invention.

In the following, the present invention will be described in detail with reference to one preferred embodiment of the present invention shown in Figures 1 through 5.

In Figures 1 and 2, a reference numeral 1 designates a main frame of the curvilinear escalator. The main frame is in a substantially arcuate form in the horizontal plane of projection, and is disposed in inclination. A numeral 2 refers to a conveying path having a step chain defined in the main frame 1. A forwarding way 2a is disposed on the top surface side of the main frame 1, a turning section 2b is provided at one end part of the main frame 1, and a return way 2c is arranged on the bottom surface side of the main frame 1, thereby constructing an endless conveying path. A reference numeral 3 represents a multitude of steps, each being in a sector form in a plane view, which are continuously disposed in and along the conveying path 2. A reference numeral 4 designates a driving device provided on the upper end part of the main frame 1; 4a represents a chain sprocket wheel of the driving device 4 to be driven by a drive power source 4b, around which the upper turning section 2b of the conveying path 2 having the step chain is engaged. A numeral 5 refers to a tension pulley to impart tensile force to the step chain, which is provided at the lower end part of the main frame 1, and around which the lower turning section 2b of the conveying path 2 having the step chain is engaged.

In Figure 3, a numeral 3a refers to a step shaft provided on each step 3 in the breadthwise direction thereof; 3b designates front wheels pivotally supported on both end parts of the step shaft 3a; and 3c represents rear wheels pivotally supported on both edge part of the step 3. A numeral 6 refers to front wheel rails which are fixed on the main frame 1 and disposed along the conveying path 2 to guide the front wheels 3b on and along them. A reference numeral 7 indicates rear wheel rails which are also fixed on the main frame 1 and disposed along the conveying path 2 to guide the rear wheels 3c on and along them. A reference numeral 8 indicates a guide rail which is fixedly provided on the main frame 1 and disposed along the outer side of the arcuate conveying path 2.

In Figure 4, a numeral 9 refers to step chains which are disposed along the conveying path 2 and are correspondingly provided at both end parts of the step shafts 3a; 9a represents joint



pieces for the step chains 9, each being pivotally held at the end part of the step shaft 3a and maintained at a predetermined position in the longitudinal direction of the step chain; 9b designates pins, each being provided at both end parts of the joint piece 9a, 9'a; 9c refers to spherical joints, each being fitted on the pin 9b and constructed with a first bush 9d with the outer surface thereof being formed in convex shape and a second bush 9e with the inner surface thereof being formed in a concave shape and fitted on the convex outer surface of the first bush 9d; 9f denotes link members for the step chains 9, the end part of each of which is connected with the joint piece 9a, 9'a through its fitting with the spherical joint 9c to bring the mutually adjacent joint pieces 9a, 9'a into mutual connection. A reference numeral 10 designates a guide roller which is pivotally held on an uprightly studded shaft 10a at the end part of the step shaft 3a and at the outer side of the arcuate conveying path 2.

The operation of the curvilinear escalator of the present invention will be described.

When the driving device 4 as in Figure 1 is energized, the chain sprocket wheel 4a rotates and the steps 3 are driven through the step chains 9. During the driving, the front wheels 3b of the step 3 are guided to roll on and along the front wheel rails 6, the rear wheels 3c are guided to roll on and along the rear wheel rails 7, and the guide roller 10 is guided to roll on and along the guide rail 8 as shown in Figure 3, whereby the steps 3 perform their circulation motion in and along the conveying path 2. And, during the movement of the steps 3, there is formed a twisted, curved plane between the mutually adjacent step shafts 3a, because, on the forwarding way 2a of the conveying path 2, the step chain 9 which connects each and every step shaft 3a is longer at the outer side of the arcuate conveying path 2 than at the inner side thereof, and, moreover, each and every step shaft 3a moves in constantly keeping its horizontal posture. More specifically, as shown in Figure 5, horizontal portions A1, A2, B1 and B2 are formed to the side of the turning section 2b on the forwarding way 2a with the consequence that a flat plane is formed between the mutually adjacent step shafts 3a. On the other hand, inclined portions A2, A3, B2 and B3, or inclined portions A3, A4, B3 and B4 are formed to the side of the intermediate section on the forwarding way 2a with the consequent formation of twisted curves between the mutually adjacent step shafts 3a. As the consequence of this, there accompanies twisting of the step chains 9 between the mutually adjacent step shaft 3a. Since, however, as shown in Figure 4, the link member 9f is connected with the joint piece 9a, 9'a through the spherical joint 9c, the link member 9f is able to assume a state of being deflected in any direction with respect to the joint piece 9a, 9'a, i.e., the step shaft 3a, whereby it becomes possible to move the steps 3 smoothly along the conveying path 2.

Incidentally, a tensile force of from 1,600 to 2,000 kg/mm² acts on the step chains 9 at the

maximum load imposed on the curvilinear escalator. However, by the provision of the spherical joint 9c, the surface pressure between the first bush 9d and the second bush 9e can be reduced to several kilograms per square millimeter, thereby making it possible to obtain the step chains 9 having a prolonged service life. In addition, the spherical joint 9c is provided on the pin 9b to be constructed as an integral part of the connection of the link member 9f, which makes it possible to reduce the size of the device without necessity for any additional space for the joint to secure its free deflection. It is further possible to effect transmission of the driving power by constructing the outer surface of the spherical joint 9c in the same size as rollers 11 disposed in the link member 9f, and engaging the position of the spherical joint 9c with the chain sprocket wheel 4a. In this manner, meshing of the step chains 9 with the chain sprocket wheel 4a can be done smoothly, and irregularities in the chain rotation can be reduced thereby, which contributes to reduction in vibrations and noises to be generated from such irregularities. Also, manufacture of the chain sprocket wheel 4a and other component parts becomes easy.

Figure 6 illustrates another embodiment of the step chain for the curvilinear escalator according to the present invention. In the drawing, a reference numeral 12a designates the first joint piece which is connected with the step shaft 13a through the first spherical joint 12c; a numeral 12'a designates the second joint piece, one end of which is connected with the step shaft 13a through the outer bush 12e of the first spherical joint 12c and the other end of which has the second spherical joint 12'c provided on it; and 12f refers to the link member which links the adjacent step shafts 13a together by being connected with the second spherical joint 12'c of the first joint piece 12a or the second joint piece 12'a. The first spherical joint 12c comprises a first bush 12d and a second bush 12e and the second spherical joint 12'c comprises a first bush 12'd and a second bush 12'e. A numeral 12b designates a pin. In the construction as above-mentioned, the step shaft 13a is connected with the link member 12f of the step chain 12 by means of the first spherical joint 12c and the second spherical joint 12'c through either the first joint piece 12a or the second joint piece 12'a. On account of such construction, the link member 12f is able to be deflected in any direction with respect to the step shaft 13a. It is therefore apparent that, in this embodiment too, the same function as in the embodiment of Figures 1 through 5 can be obtained.

As has been explained in the foregoing, the curvilinear escalator according to the present invention constructs the step chains to connect the steps, each having a sector shape in plane, with the joint pieces provided on the step shaft and the link member which links mutually adjacent joint pieces, and further the spherical joint is provided at the connection between the step shaft and the joint piece, or at the connection between

the joint piece and the link member, or at both connections, whereby the link member is able to assume a state of being able to deflect in any direction with respect to the step shaft in relation to the movement of the steps which inevitably causes twisting in the step chains, and whereby the curvilinear escalator capable of moving the steps smoothly along the conveying path can be realized.

Although, in the foregoing, the present invention has been described with reference to particular embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those persons skilled in the art that the invention is not limited to these embodiments alone, but is capable of a variety of alternative embodiments within the spirit and scope of the invention as recited in the appended claims.

Claims

1. A curvilinear escalator comprising
 - a) a main frame (1) having a substantially arcuate shape in the horizontal plane of projection and being disposed in inclined condition, said main frame having a forwarding way (2a) formed on the top surface side thereof, a turning section (2b) at one distal end part of the main frame in the longitudinal direction thereof, and a return way (2c) on the bottom surface side thereof to thereby construct an endless conveying path (2);
 - b) a plurality of steps (3) continuously disposed in said conveying path and guided therealong, each of said steps being in a sector shape in plane view;
 - c) at least a chain (9) disposed at said steps in the breadthwise direction thereof and provided along said conveying path, said step chain comprising joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) coupled to each other and spherically coupled to said steps characterized in that
 - d) a pair of roller chains (9) is disposed at both sides of said steps (3) on the edge part, each step comprising a step shaft (3a, 13a) connecting the roller chains;
 - e) the joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) of each chain, which are formed by chain side bars, are connected at the free end part of each step shaft (3a; 13a) to the step shaft or to each other adjacent the step shaft by only two spherical joints (9c; 12c, 12'c);
 - f) the cylindrical outer surface of the spherical joint (9c; 12'c) connecting the joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) to each other has substantially the same size as the roller (11) of the step chain (9), such that the cylindrical outer surface is engageable with the chain sprocket wheel (4a) like any roller (11) of the step chain (9).
2. A curvilinear escalator according to claim 1, characterized in that both spherical joints (9c) are placed at the connections between said joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f).
3. A curvilinear escalator according to claim 1, characterized in that the joint piece (12a) and the joint piece (12'a) are connected to said step shaft

(13a) through spherical joint (12c), that one end of the last mentioned joint piece (12'a) is connected with said step shaft (13a) through an outer bush (12e) of said spherical joint (12c) and that the other end of the last mentioned joint piece (12'a) is connected to the joint piece (12f) through the other spherical joint (12'c).

Patentansprüche

1. Kurvengängige Rolltreppe mit
 - a) einem Hauptrahmen (1), der in einer horizontalen Projektionsebene eine im wesentlichen gekrümmte Gestalt aufweist und geneigt angeordnet ist, wobei der Hauptrahmen einen Transportabschnitt (2a) auf seiner Oberseite, einen Wendeabschnitt (2b) an seinem distalen Ende in Längsrichtung gesehen und eine Rückkehrbahn (2c) auf der Unterseite aufweist, um so eine endlose Förderbahn (2) zu bilden;
 - b) mehrere kontinuierlich im Transportabschnitt angeordnete und längs dieser geführte Trittstufen (3), von denen jede in Draufsicht sektorförmig ausgebildet ist;
 - c) mindestens eine an den Trittstufen in Querrichtung dazu und längs der Transportbahn angeordnete Kette (9), welche Verbindungsglieder (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) aufweist, die miteinander und sphärisch mit den Trittstufen gekuppelt sind, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß
 - d) ein Paar Rollenketten (9) auf beiden Seiten der Trittstufen (3) an deren Randteilen angeordnet sind, wobei jede Trittstufe eine die Rollenketten verbindende Trittstufenachse (3a, 13a) aufweist;
 - e) die Verbindungsglieder (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) jeder Kette, die von Kettenlaschen gebildet sind, über die freien Endabschnitte jeder Trittstufenachse (3a, 13a) mit den Trittstufenachsen oder untereinander benachbart der Trittstufenachse nur durch zwei sphärische Gelenke (9c; 12c, 12'c) verbunden sind;
 - f) die zylindrische Außenfläche des sphärischen Gelenks (9c; 12'c), welches die Verbindungsglieder (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) miteinander verbindet, im wesentlichen dieselbe Größe wie die Rollen (11) der Trittstufenketten (9) aufweist derart, daß die zylindrische Außenfläche mit dem Kettenrad (4a) wie eine Rolle (11) der Trittstufenkette (9) zusammenwirken kann.
2. Kurvengängige Rolltreppe nach Anspruch 1, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß beide sphärischen Gelenke (9c) an Verbindungsstellen zwischen den genannten Verbindungsgliedern (9a, 9'a, 9f) angeordnet sind.
3. Kurvengängige Rolltreppe nach Anspruch 1, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß das Verbindungsglied (12a) und das Verbindungsglied (12'a) mit der Trittstufenachse (13a) über ein sphärisches Gelenk (12c) verbunden ist, und daß ein Ende des zuletzt genannten Verbindungsgliedes (12'a) mit der Trittstufenachse (13a) über eine Außenhülse (12e) des sphärischen Gelenkes (12c) und das andere Ende des zuletzt genannten Verbindungsgliedes (12'a) mit dem Verbindungsglied (12f)

the joint piece and the link member, or at both connections, whereby the link member is able to assume a state of being able to deflect in any direction with respect to the step shaft in relation to the movement of the steps which inevitably causes twisting in the step chains, and whereby the curvilinear escalator capable of moving the steps smoothly along the conveying path can be realized.

Although, in the foregoing, the present invention has been described with reference to particular embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those persons skilled in the art that the invention is not limited to these embodiments alone, but is capable of a variety of alternative embodiments within the spirit and scope of the invention as recited in the appended claims.

Claims

1. A curvilinear escalator comprising

a) a main frame (1) having a substantially arcuate shape in the horizontal plane of projection and being disposed in inclined condition, said main frame having a forwarding way (2a) formed on the top surface side thereof, a turning section (2b) at one distal end part of the main frame in the longitudinal direction thereof, and a return way (2c) on the bottom surface side thereof to thereby construct an endless conveying path (2);

b) a plurality of steps (3) continuously disposed in said conveying path and guided therealong, each of said steps being in a sector shape in plane view;

c) at least a chain (9) disposed at said steps in the breadthwise direction thereof and provided along said conveying path, said step chain comprising joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) coupled to each other and spherically coupled to said steps

characterized in that

d) a pair of roller chains (9) is disposed at both sides of said steps (3) on the edge part, each step comprising a step shaft (3a, 13a) connecting the roller chains;

e) the joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) of each chain, which are formed by chain side bars, are connected at the free end part of each step shaft (3a; 13a) to the step shaft or to each other adjacent the step shaft by only two spherical joints (9c; 12c, 12'c);

f) the cylindrical outer surface of the spherical joint (9c; 12'c) connecting the joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) to each other has substantially the same size as the roller (11) of the step chain (9), such that the cylindrical outer surface is engageable with the chain sprocket wheel (4a) like any roller (11) of the step chain (9).

2. A curvilinear escalator according to claim 1, characterized in that both spherical joints (9c) are placed at the connections between said joint pieces (9a, 9'a, 9f).

3. A curvilinear escalator according to claim 1, characterized in that the joint piece (12a) and the joint piece (12'a) are connected to said step shaft

(13a) through spherical joint (12c), that one end of the last mentioned joint piece (12'a) is connected with said step shaft (13a) through an outer bush (12e) of said spherical joint (12c) and that the other end of the last mentioned joint piece (12'a) is connected to the joint piece (12f) through the other spherical joint (12'c).

Patentansprüche

1. Kurvengängige Rolltreppe mit

a) einem Hauptrahmen (1), der in einer horizontalen Projektionsebene eine im wesentlichen gekrümmte Gestalt aufweist und geneigt angeordnet ist, wobei der Hauptrahmen einen Transportabschnitt (2a) auf seiner Oberseite, einen Wendeabschnitt (2b) an seinem distalen Ende in Längsrichtung gesehen und eine Rückkehrbahn (2c) auf der Unterseite aufweist, um so eine endlose Förderbahn (2) zu bilden;

b) mehrere kontinuierlich im Transportabschnitt angeordnete und längs dieser geführte Trittstufen (3), von denen jede in Draufsicht sektorförmig ausgebildet ist;

c) mindestens eine an den Trittstufen in Querrichtung dazu und längs der Transportbahn angeordnete Kette (9), welche Verbindungsglieder (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) aufweist, die miteinander und sphärisch mit den Trittstufen gekuppelt sind, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß

d) ein Paar Rollenketten (9) auf beiden Seiten der Trittstufen (3) an deren Randteilen angeordnet sind, wobei jede Trittstufe eine die Rollenketten verbindende Trittstufenachse (3a, 13a) aufweist;

e) die Verbindungsglieder (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) jeder Kette, die von Kettenlaschen gebildet sind, über die freien Endabschnitte jeder Trittstufenachse (3a, 13a) mit den Trittstufenachsen oder untereinander benachbart der Trittstufenachse nur durch zwei sphärische Gelenke (9c; 12c, 12'c) verbunden sind;

f) die zylindrische Außenfläche des sphärischen Gelenks (9c; 12'c), welches die Verbindungsglieder (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) miteinander verbindet, im wesentlichen dieselbe Größe wie die Rollen (11) der Trittstufenketten (9) aufweist derart, daß die zylindrische Außenfläche mit dem Kettenrad (4a) wie eine Rolle (11) der Trittstufenkette (9) zusammenwirken kann.

2. Kurvengängige Rolltreppe nach Anspruch 1, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß beide sphärischen Gelenke (9c) an Verbindungsstellen zwischen den genannten Verbindungsgliedern (9a, 9'a, 9f) angeordnet sind.

3. Kurvengängige Rolltreppe nach Anspruch 1, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß das Verbindungsglied (12a) und das Verbindungsglied (12'a) mit der Trittstufenachse (13a) über ein sphärisches Gelenk (12c) verbunden ist, und daß ein Ende des zuletzt genannten Verbindungsgliedes (12'a) mit der Trittstufenachse (13a) über eine Außenhülse (12e) des sphärischen Gelenkes (12c) und das andere Ende des zuletzt genannten Verbindungsgliedes (12'a) mit dem Verbindungsglied (12f)





über das andere sphärische Gelenk (12'c) verbunden sind.

Revendications

1. Escalier mécanique curviligne comportant:

a) une charpente principale (1) qui présente une forme sensiblement incurvée en arc dans le plan de projection horizontal et est disposée dans une position inclinée, ladite charpente principale comprenant une voie d'avancement (2a) formée du côté de sa surface supérieure, une section de virage (2b) située au niveau d'une partie d'extrémité distale de la charpente, dans sa direction longitudinale, et une voie de retour (2c) du côté de sa surface inférieure, pour ainsi définir une piste de transport sans fin (2);

b) plusieurs marches (3) disposées en continu sur ladite piste de transport et guidées le long de celle-ci, chacune d'elles ayant, vue en plan, la forme d'un secteur;

c) au moins une chaîne (9) disposée au niveau desdites marches dans le sens de la largeur de celles-ci, le long de ladite piste de transport, ladite chaîne de marche comportant des pièces de jonction (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) accouplées les unes aux autres et reliées auxdites marches par un accouplement sphérique,

caractérisé en ce que

d) deux chaînes à galets (9) sont disposées des deux côtés desdites marches (3) sur leur partie formant bord, chaque marche comprenant un

arbre de marche (3a, 13a) qui relie les chaînes à galets;

e) les pièces de jonction (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f) de chaque chaîne, constituées par des barres latérales de chaîne, sont reliées à l'arbre de marche (3a; 13a), au niveau de la partie d'extrémité libre de celui-ci, ou les unes aux autres à proximité de l'arbre de marche par deux rotules (9c; 12c, 12'c) seulement;

f) la surface externe cylindrique de la rotule (9c; 12'c), qui relie mutuellement les pièces de jonction (9a, 9'a, 9f; 12a, 12'a, 12f), a sensiblement les mêmes dimensions que le galet (11) de la chaîne de marche (9), de sorte qu'elle est apte à venir en prise avec le pignon de chaîne (4a) comme n'importe quel galet (11) de la chaîne de marche (9).

2. Escalier mécanique curviligne selon la revendication 1, caractérisé en ce que les deux rotules (9c) sont placées au niveau des liaisons entre lesdites pièces de jonction (9a, 9'a, 9f).

3. Escalier mécanique curviligne selon la revendication 1, caractérisé en ce que la pièce de jonction (12a) et la pièce de jonction (12'a) sont reliées audit arbre de marche (13a) par l'intermédiaire d'une rotule (12c), l'une des extrémités de la pièce de jonction (12'a) mentionnée en dernier étant reliée audit arbre de marche (13a) par l'intermédiaire d'une douille externe (12e) de ladite rotule (12c), tandis que son autre extrémité est reliée à la pièce de jonction (12f) par l'intermédiaire de la seconde rotule (12'c).

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