composition comprising the nucleic acid as described herein and a carrier, and optionally further comprising a Cpf1 protein. In yet another aspect, the present disclosure refers to the nucleic acid as described herein or composition as described herein for use in combination with a Cpf1 polypeptide for genetically modifying a eukaryotic target cell *in vitro*, wherein the target cell is a non-germ line eukaryotic target cell. In one example, the nucleic acid comprises a Cpf1 crRNA and an extension sequence on the 5' end of the Cpf1 crRNA, wherein the extension sequence comprises fewer than about 60 nucleotides. In another example, the nucleic acid comprises a Cpf1 crRNA, a processing sequence 5' of the Cpf1 crRNA, and an extension sequence 5' of the processing sequence. Also provided is a composition comprising the nucleic acid, a carrier, and optionally a Cpf1 protein or vector encoding the protein.

[0006] The disclosure also provides a method for genetically modifying a eukaryotic target cell. The method involves contacting the eukaryotic target cell with the nucleic acid containing the Cpf1 crRNA as described herein.

[0007] These and other examples of the disclosure are described in greater detail in the following sections.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S)

[0008] Figure 1A is a graph comparing delivery of unmodified crRNA in complex with Cpf1 using either lipofectamine or electroporation (nucleofection).

[0009] Figures 1B and 1C are graphs comparing the lipofectamine mediated delivery and NHEJ generation of Cpf1-crRNA complexes comprising unmodified crRNA (41 nucleotides long) and extended crRNA.

[0010] Figure 1D is a schematic illustration of the structures of 41-nucleotide (nt) unmodified crRNA and extended crRNAs. The arrows represent Cpf1 cleavage sites.

[0011] Figure 1E is a graph showing NHEJ efficiency for the crRNA constructs illustrated in Fig. 1D.

[0012] Figure 1F is a graph depicting the cellular delivery of Cpf1 RNP using lipofectamine and crRNAs with different length labeled with fluorescent dye.

[0013] Figure 2 provides a graph (right panel) illustrating gene editing efficiency as a function of GFP knockdown for 5' extended crRNA delivered to GFP-HEK cells via electroporation, and a schematic illustration of the crRNA (left panel).

CLAIMS:

1. A nucleic acid comprising a Cpf1 crRNA, an extension sequence of at least four nucleotides positioned 5’ of the crRNA, and a processing sequence between the crRNA and the extension sequence, wherein the processing sequence is a sequence that is self-cleaved by Cpf1.

2. The nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the processing sequence comprises a fragment of a direct repeat sequence of a Cpf1 array, wherein the direct repeat sequence comprises a crRNA sequence portion and a processing portion positioned 5’ of the crRNA sequence portion, and the fragment comprises at least 5 contiguous nucleotides of the processing portion of the direct repeat sequence.

3. The nucleic acid of claim 2, wherein the processing sequence comprises a fragment of at least 10 nucleotides of the processing portion of the direct repeat sequence.

4. The nucleic acid of claim 2, wherein the processing sequence comprises the entire processing portion of the direct repeat sequence.

5. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-4, wherein the extension sequence comprises at least 6 nucleotides.

6. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-5, wherein the extension sequence comprises 10 to 100 nucleotides.

7. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-6, wherein the nucleic acid contains only a single Cpf1 crRNA sequence.

8. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-7, further comprising a second processing sequence 5’ of the extension sequence, and a second extension sequence 5’ of the second processing sequence.

9. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-8, further comprising a donor nucleic acid hybridized or covalently linked thereto.

10. The nucleic acid of claim 9, wherein the donor nucleic acid is covalently linked 5' of the processing sequence, or 5' of the extension sequence.

11. The nucleic acid of claim 10, wherein the donor nucleic acid is linked to the processing sequence or extension sequence by a linker group.

12. The nucleic acid of claim 9, wherein the donor nucleic acid is hybridized to the extension sequence and/or processing sequence.

13. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-12 further comprising a targeting nucleic acid 3' of the Cpf1 crRNA.

14. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-13, wherein the extension sequence comprises fewer than 60 nucleotides.

15. The nucleic acid of claim 14, wherein the extension sequence comprises fewer than 20 nucleotides.

16. The nucleic acid of claim 14, wherein the extension sequence comprises 6-20 nucleotides.

17. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-16, wherein the extension sequence comprises a self-hybridizing sequence.

18. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-17, wherein the extension sequence comprises a semi-stable hairpin structure, a stable hairpin structure, a pseudoknot structure, a G-quadraplex structure, a bulge loop structure, an internal loop structure, a branch loop structure, or a combination thereof.

19. The nucleic acid of claim 18, wherein the extension sequence comprises a repeating trinucleotide motif.

20. The nucleic acid of any of claims 19, wherein the repeating trinucleotide motif is CAA, UUG, AAG, CUU, CCU, CCA, UAA, or a combination thereof.

21. The nucleic acid of any of claims 19, wherein the repeating trinucleotide motif is CAU, CUA, UUA, AUG, UAG, or a combination thereof.

22. The nucleic acid of any of claims 19, wherein the repeating trinucleotide motif is CGA, CGU, CGG, CAG, CUG, CCG, or a combination thereof.

23. The nucleic acid of any of claims 19, wherein the repeating trinucleotide motif is a CNG motif, or combination of CNG motifs, optionally with CGA or CGU.

24. The nucleic acid of any of claims 19, wherein the repeating trinucleotide motif is AGG, UGG, or combination thereof.

25. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-19, wherein the extension sequence comprises a combination of the repeating trinucleotide motifs of any of claims 20-24.

26. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-25, wherein the extension sequence or portion thereof is resistant to nuclease degradation.

27. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-26, wherein the extension sequence comprises one or more modified internucleotide bonds.

28. The nucleic acid of claim 27, wherein a region of 4 or more contiguous nucleotides of the extension sequence, or the entire extension sequence, has modified internucleotide bonds.

29. The nucleic acid of claim 27 or 28, wherein the modified internucleotide bonds comprise phosphorothioate, phosphorodithioate, methylphosphonate, phosphoramidate, 2’-O-methyl, 2’-O-methoxyethyl, 2’-fluoro, bridged nucleic acid (BNA), or phosphotriester modified bonds, or a combination thereof.

30. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-29, wherein the extension sequence comprises one or more xeno nucleic acids (XNA).

31. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1-30, wherein the nucleic acid further comprises a biotin and/or avidin or streptavidin molecule attached to the 5’ terminus of the extension sequence.

32. The nucleic acid of claim 31, wherein the nucleic acid further comprises a biotin molecule attached to the 5’ terminus of the extension sequence, an avidin or streptavidin molecule conjugated to the biotin molecule, and, optionally, a targeting construct comprising a biotin molecule conjugated to the avidin or streptavidin.

33. The nucleic acid of claim 32, wherein the targeting construct is a peptide comprising a biotin molecule attached thereto.

34. A composition comprising the nucleic acid of any of claims 1-33 and a carrier, and optionally further comprising a Cpf1 protein.

35. The composition of claim 34, wherein the composition is substantially free of a divalent metal ion that promotes Cpf1 cleavage.

36. The composition of claim 34 or 35, wherein the composition comprises cationic lipids.

37 The composition of any of claims 34-36, wherein the nucleic acid is in a liposome.

38. The composition of any of claims 34-36, wherein the nucleic acid is partially or totally encapsulated by a polymer nanoparticle, or attached to a metal or polymer nanoparticle.

39. The nucleic acid of any one of claims 1-33 or composition of any of claims 34-38 for use in combination with a Cpf1 polypeptide for genetically modifying a eukaryotic target cell *in vitro*, wherein the target cell is a non-germ line eukaryotic target cell.