Claims

1. A method comprising dissolving a curcuminoid in glycerol to make an administrable solution, wherein more than 1 milligrams of an alkali salt is added per millilitre of the glycerol when the glycerol is between a melting point and a boiling point thereof to increase the solubility of the curcuminoid in the glycerol to more than 20 milligrams curcuminoid per millilitre of glycerol.

2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the administrable solution comprises a concentration of greater than 100 milligrams curcuminoid per millilitre of glycerol.

3. A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein more than 6 milligrams of the alkali salt is added per millilitre of the glycerol.

4. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the administrable solution comprises a concentration of approximately 200 milligrams curcuminoid per millilitre of glycerol.

5. A method as claimed in claim 5, wherein more than 13 milligrams of the alkali salt is added per millilitre of the glycerol.

6. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the administrable solution comprises a concentration of approximately 250 milligrams curcuminoid per millilitre of glycerol.

7. A method as claimed in claim 6, wherein more than 16 milligrams of the alkali salt is added per millilitre of the glycerol.

8. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the curcuminoid is dissolved in the glycerol more than 24 hours prior administration.

9. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the administrable solution has no further additives prior administration.

10. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the administrable solution does not have added water prior administration.

11. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the administrable solution does not comprise Propylene glycol or Polyethylene glycol.

12. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the curcuminoid is curcumin.

13. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the curcuminoid is at least one of a curcuminoid selected from the group consisting of curcumin, tetrahydrocurcumin, demethoxycurcumin, bisdemethoxycurcumin and curcumin esters.

14. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the alkali salt comprises sodium carbonate.

15. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the alkali salt comprises at least one of calcium hydroxide and calcium carbonate.

16. A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising filtering the curcuminoid solution to remove any undissolved alkali salt.

17. A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising allowing the curcuminoid solution to cool and filtering the curcuminoid solution to remove any undissolved or precipitated curcuminoid.

18. A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising antibacterial filtration of the curcuminoid solution through a 0.02 – 0.22 μm filter.

19. An administrable solution comprising curcuminoid dissolved in glycerol, wherein an alkali salt is added to the glycerol so that the curcuminoid dissolves to a concentration of greater than 20 milligrams curcuminoid per millilitre of glycerol and wherein the administrable solution comprises a concentration of approximately 200 milligrams curcuminoid per millilitre of glycerol and wherein more than 13 milligrams of alkali salt is added per millilitre of the glycerol.