CLAIMS:

1. A cabinet for forming a locker, the cabinet having a rear wall, a top, a base and opposed side walls, the side walls defining support means for supporting and preferably engaging the side edges of a shelf or cabinet divider, said support means typically projecting into the cabinet, wherein the cabinet is configured to receive a door mounted to one side of the cabinet by means of a hinge arrangement, the hinge arrangement including one or more knuckles defined on the door, and a series of projections extending along the one side of the cabinet, spaces being defined between the projections for receiving a knuckle of the door therebetween wherein the support means are defined adjacent the projections, and between the spaces.

2 A method of making a locker using a cabinet having a rear wall, a top, a base and opposed side walls, the side walls defining support means for supporting and preferably engaging the side edges of a shelf or cabinet divider, said support means typically projecting into the cabinet wherein the cabinet is configured to receive a door mounted to one side of the cabinet by means of a hinge arrangement, the hinge arrangement including one or more knuckles defined on the door, and a series of projections extending along the one side of the cabinet, spaces being defined between the projections for receiving a knuckle of a door therebetween wherein the support means for supporting are defined adjacent the projections and between the recesses moulded wherein the cabinet is moulded with a closed front face and including the steps of:

selectively removing the front face to define one or more apertures;

inserting one or more dividers or shelves into the cabinet as required; and

attaching one or more doors to the cabinet.

3. A locker including a cabinet and at least one door, the cabinet having a rear wall, a top, a base and opposed side walls, the side walls defining support means for supporting and preferably engaging the side edges of a shelf or cabinet divider, said support means typically projecting into the cabinet, wherein the door is mounted to one side of the cabinet by means of a hinge arrangement, the hinge arrangement including one or more knuckles defined on the door, and a series of projections extending along the one side of the cabinet, spaces being defined between the projections for receiving a knuckle of a door therebetween wherein the support means are defined adjacent the projections and between the recesses.

4. A locker as claimed in claim 3, further including a means for locking the door using a padlock, lock or the like.

5. A locker as claimed in claim 3 or claim 4 further including three sets of shelf support means disposed on opposed side walls of the cabinet, said shelf support means being defined by a pair of projecting ribs extending into the interior of the cabinet with corresponding recesses defined in the exterior of the cabinet.

6. A locker as claimed in any one of claims 3 to 5 wherein the cabinet of the locker is manufactured in one piece, preferably by roto-moulding as a rectangular parallelepiped having six faces with the front of the cabinet closed by means of an integrally moulded sheet of material with the front sheet being selectively trimmed/removed after moulding depending on the number and size of the lockers to be made from the cabinet.

7. A locker as claimed in claim 6 wherein one or more apertures are then cut in the front sheet of plastic corresponding to the number and size of the doors to be attached to the cabinet.

8. A methof as claimed in claim 2 wherein the number of apertures defined in the front face correspond to the number of doors attached.

CLAIMS:

1. A method of making a locker comprising the steps of:-

molding in one piece, a closed cabinet, the molded closed cabinet having a rear wall, a top, a base and opposed side walls and an integral closed front wall, wherein the side walls of the molded cabinet define shelf supports wherein the cabinet is configured to receive a door mounted to one side of the cabinet by means of a hinge arrangement, the hinge arrangement comprising one or more knuckles defined on the door and a series of projections extending along the one side of the cabinet, spaces being defined between the projections for receiving a knuckle of a door therebetween, wherein the shelf supports are defined adjacent the projections and between the recesses: then

selectively removing the closed front wall to define one or more apertures; and

attaching one or more doors to the cabinet, wherein the doors define knuckles and wherein the knuckles of the one or more doors are located between the projections.

2. A locker including a cabinet manufactured in a single piece in a moulding process and at least one door, the door being manufactured separately to the cabinet, the cabinet having a rear wall, a top, a base and opposed side walls, the side walls defining support means for supporting the side edges of a shelf or cabinet divider, wherein the door is mounted to one side of the cabinet by means of a hinge arrangement, the hinge arrangement including one or more knuckles defined on the door, and a series of projections extending along the one side of the cabinet, spaces being defined between the projections for receiving a knuckle of a door therebetween wherein the support means are defined adjacent the projections and between the spaces.

3. A locker as claimed in claim 2, further including a means for locking the door using a padlock, lock or the like.

4. A locker as claimed in claim 2 including three sets of shelf support means disposed on opposed side walls of the cabinet, said shelf support means being defined by a pair of projecting ribs extending into the interior of the cabinet with corresponding recesses defined in the exterior of the cabinet.

5. A locker as claimed in claim 2 wherein the cabinet of the locker is manufactured by roto-molding as a rectangular parallelepiped having six faces with the front of the cabinet closed by means of an integrally molded sheet of material with the front sheet

being selectively trimmed/removed after molding depending on the number and size of the lockers to be made from the cabinet.

6. The method of claim 1 wherein the number of apertures defined in the front face corresponds to the number of doors attached.

7. The method of claim 6 further including the step of inserting one or more dividers or shelves supported on the shelf supports.

8. The method of claim 6 or 7 wherein the closed cabinet is formed by roto-molding.

9. The method of any one of claims 6 to 8 wherein the step of selectively removing the closed front wall of the cabinet comprises forming a single aperture only, and the step of attaching one or more doors to the cabinet comprises adding a single door.

10. The method of any one of claims 6 to 8 wherein the step of selectively removing the closed front wall of the cabinet comprises forming two apertures, and the step of attaching one or more doors to the cabinet comprises adding two doors and including the step of supporting at least one divider on the shelf supports.

11. The method of any one of claims 6 to 8 wherein the step of selectively removing the closed front wall of the cabinet comprises forming three apertures, and the step of attaching one or more doors to the cabinet comprises adding three doors and including the step of supporting at least two dividers on the shelf supports.

12. The method of any one of claims 6 to 8 wherein the step of selectively removing the closed front wall of the cabinet comprises forming four apertures, and the step of attaching one or more doors to the cabinet comprises adding four doors and including the step of supporting at least three dividers on the shelf supports.