

THERAPEUTICALLY ACTIVE COMPOUNDS AND THEIR METHODS OF USE**CLAIM OF PRIORITY**

This application claims priority from U.S.S.N. 61/584,214, filed January 6, 2012 which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

Isocitrate dehydrogenases (IDHs) catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate (*i.e.*, α -ketoglutarate). These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer.

IDH2 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 (NADP+), mitochondrial) is also known as IDH; IDP; IDHM; IDPM; ICD-M; or mNADP-IDH. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the mitochondria. It plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. This protein may tightly associate or interact with the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. Human IDH2 gene encodes a protein of 452 amino acids. The nucleotide and amino acid sequences for IDH2 can be found as GenBank entries NM_002168.2 and NP_002159.2 respectively. The nucleotide and amino acid sequence for human IDH2 are also described in, *e.g.*, Huh *et al.*, Submitted (NOV-1992) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases; and The MGC Project Team, Genome Res. 14:2121-2127(2004).

Non-mutant, *e.g.*, wild type, IDH2 catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to α -ketoglutarate (α -KG) thereby reducing NAD⁺ (NADP⁺) to NADH (NADPH), *e.g.*, in the forward reaction:



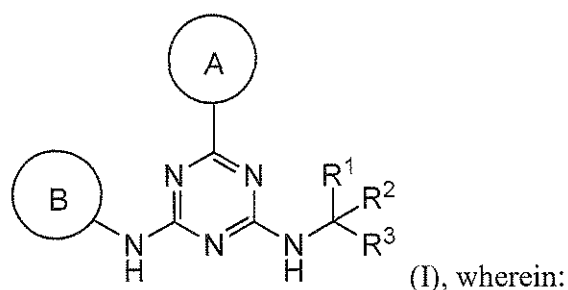
It has been discovered that mutations of IDH2 present in certain cancer cells result in a new ability of the enzyme to catalyze the NADPH-dependent reduction of α -ketoglutarate to

R(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate (2HG). 2HG is not formed by wild-type IDH2. The production of 2HG is believed to contribute to the formation and progression of cancer (Dang, L et al, Nature 2009, 462:739-44).

The inhibition of mutant IDH2 and its neoactivity is therefore a potential therapeutic treatment for cancer. Accordingly, there is an ongoing need for inhibitors of IDH2 mutants having alpha hydroxyl neoactivity.

SUMMARY

Described herein are compounds of Structural Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:



ring A is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl;

ring B is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl;

R^1 and R^3 are each independently selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, $-O$ - C_1 - C_4 alkyl, and CN, wherein any alkyl portion of R^1 is optionally substituted with $-OH$, NH_2 , NH (C_1 - C_4 alkyl), or N (C_1 - C_4 alkyl) $_2$;

R^2 is selected from: $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_2-C_6 \text{ alkenyl or alkynyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-S(O)_{1-2}-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-S(O)_{1-2}-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{1-2}-N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{1-2}-N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-C(O)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6$

alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkyl)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-S(O)₀₋₂-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-S(O)₀₋₂-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-C(O)-N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, wherein:

any alkyl or alkylene moiety present in R² is optionally substituted with one or more -OH, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or halo;

any terminal methyl moiety present in R² is optionally replaced with -CH₂OH, CF₃, -CH₂F, -CH₂Cl, C(O)CH₃, C(O)CF₃, CN, or CO₂H;

each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen and C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

Q is selected from aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl and heterocyclyl, any of which is optionally substituted; or

R¹ and R³ are optionally taken together with the carbon to which they are attached to form C(=O); or

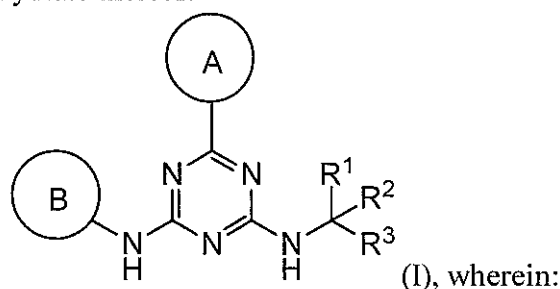
R¹ and R² are optionally taken together to form substituted carbocyclyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl or optionally substituted heteroaryl, wherein:

- when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl, and ring B is phenyl substituted by methoxy or ethoxy; then said phenyl of ring B is not further substituted by oxazolyl;
- when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted pyridyl, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R¹)(R²)(R³) is not -NH(CH₂)-aryl;
- when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl or pyrrolyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R¹)(R²)(R³) is not -NH(CH₂)C(O)NH₂;

- d. when ring A is phenyl substituted with 2 or more hydroxyl or methoxy, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NH-C(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not -NH-cycloheptyl ;
- e. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then R^1 and R^3 do not form 2,2,6,6,-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl;
- f. when ring A and ring B are optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NH-C(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not cysteine, optionally substituted phenylalanine or leucine or methyl ester thereof;
- g. when ring A is phenyl or pyridin-3-yl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl or CF_3 , and ring B is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl, CF_3 , methoxy, CH=C(phenyl)CN ; then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is other than $\text{-NH(C}_1\text{-C}_8\text{ alkylene)-N(R}^a\text{)(R}^a\text{)}$, $\text{-NH-1-(aminomethyl)cyclopentylmethyl}$, $\text{-NH-4-(aminomethyl)cyclohexylmethyl}$, wherein each R^a is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl or two R^a s are taken together with the nitrogen to which they are commonly bound to form morpholin-4-yl or piperidin-1-yl;
- h. when ring A is phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl or 4-methyl phenyl and ring B is 4-chlorophenyl or 3,4-dichlorophenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not -NH-isopropyl ;
- i. when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl and the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N(CH}_3\text{)}_2$, $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-morpholin-4-yl}$ or $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$; then ring B is other than oxadiazole, imidazole, thiazole or oxazole each of which is substituted with -C(O)NHR^b , wherein R^b is isopropyl, cyclopropyl or 2-chloro-6-methylphenyl;
- j. when ring A is phenyl substituted with SO_2OH or SO_2Na and ring B is phenyl, or when ring B is phenyl substituted with SO_2OH and ring A is substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not $\text{-NH(CH}_2\text{)}_2\text{OH}$ or $\text{-NH(CH}_2\text{)CH(OH)CH}_3$; and
- k. the compound is other than:

(E)-3-(4-((4-((3-(diethylamino)propyl)amino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-2-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylacrylonitrile ,
 4-((4-((furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)-6-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)phenol, 3-(4-((5-aminopentyl)amino)-6-((3-fluorophenyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol,
 N²,6-bis(3-fluorophenyl)-N⁴-(piperidin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,
 N²-butyl-6-phenyl-N⁴-(p-tolyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, N²-cyclohexyl-N⁴,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,
 (R)-3-((4-(3-chlorophenyl)-6-(pyrrolidin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-4-methylbenzamide,
 2-chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)-N-[4-(phenylamino)-6-(2-pyridinyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-benzamide,
 N²-(2-methoxyethyl)-N⁴-phenyl-6-[5-[6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-3-pyridinyl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,
 N²-(2-furanylmethyl)-6-phenyl-N⁴-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,
 6-(3-methoxyphenyl)-N²-methyl-N⁴-(3-nitrophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,
 N²-butyl-N⁴-(4-methylphenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, and
 4-[[4-(5-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-6-(methylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino-benzenemethanol.

In an aspect, there is provided a compound having Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:



ring A is an optionally substituted ring selected from phenyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, and thiazolyl, wherein the substituents when present, are independently selected from chloro, fluoro, -CF₃, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), and -N(CH₃)₂; or ring A is an optionally substituted pyridinyl, wherein the substituents when present, are independently selected from chloro, fluoro, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), and -N(CH₃)₂;

ring B is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl, wherein the substituents when present, are independently selected from halo; -CN; -OH; C₁-C₄ alkyl optionally substituted with halo, CN or -OH; -S(O)₂-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-NH-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂; -S(O)₂-azetidin-1-yl; -O-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -CH₂-O-CH₃, morpholin-4-yl, cyclopropyl, -S(O)₂-NH-cyclopropyl, and -C(O)-O-CH₃;

R¹ and R³ are each independently selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, -O-C₁-C₄ alkyl, and CN, wherein any alkyl portion of R¹ is optionally substituted with -OH, NH₂, NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂;

R² is selected from: -(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₂-C₆ alkenyl or alkynyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)(R⁶), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-S(O)₁₋₂-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-S(O)₁₋₂-(C₀-C₆ alkyl)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-S(O)₁₋₂-N(R⁶)(R⁶), -(C₁-C₄ alkylene)-S(O)₁₋₂-N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkyl)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-S(O)₀₋₂-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-S(O)₀₋₂-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-C(O)-N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, wherein:

any alkyl or alkylene moiety present in R² is optionally substituted with one or more -OH, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or halo;

any terminal methyl moiety present in R² is optionally replaced with -CH₂OH, CF₃, -CH₂F, -CH₂Cl, C(O)CH₃, C(O)CF₃, CN, or CO₂H;

each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen and C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

Q is selected from aryl, pyrazolyl, carbocyclyl and heterocyclyl, any of which is optionally substituted; or

R¹ and R³ are optionally taken together with the carbon to which they are attached to form C(=O), or

R^1 and R^2 are optionally taken together to form substituted carbocyclyl, or optionally substituted heterocyclyl, wherein:

- a. when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl, and ring B is phenyl substituted by methoxy or ethoxy; then said phenyl of ring B is not further substituted by oxazolyl;
- b. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted pyridinyl and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3)$ is not $-NH(CH_2)\text{-aryl}$;
- c. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl or pyrrolyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3)$ is not $-NH(CH_2)C(O)NH_2$;
- d. when ring A is phenyl substituted with 2 or more hydroxyl or methoxy, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3)$ is not $-NH\text{-cycloheptyl}$;
- e. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then R^1 and R^3 do not form 2,2,6,6,-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl;
- f. when ring A and ring B are optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3)$ is not cysteine, optionally substituted phenylalanine or leucine or methyl ester thereof;
- g. when ring A is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl or CF_3 , or A is pyridin-3-yl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo or methyl, and ring B is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl, CF_3 , methoxy, or $CH=C(\text{phenyl})CN$; then the portion of the compound represented by $-NHC(R^1)(R^2)(R^3)$ is other than $-NH(C_1\text{-}C_8\text{ alkylene})\text{-N}(R^a)(R^a)$, $-NH\text{-1-(aminomethyl)cyclopentylmethyl}$, $-NH\text{-4-(aminomethyl)cyclohexylmethyl}$, wherein each R^a is hydrogen, $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl or two R^a s are taken together with the nitrogen to which they are commonly bound to form morpholin-4-yl or piperidin-1-yl;
- h. when ring A is phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl or 4-methyl phenyl and ring B is 4-chlorophenyl or 3,4-dichlorophenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-NHC(R^1)(R^2)(R^3)$ is not $-NH\text{-isopropyl}$;

- i. when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl and the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N(CH}_3\text{)}_2$, $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-morpholin-4-yl}$ or $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$; then ring B is other than oxadiazole, imidazole, thiazole or oxazole each of which is substituted with -C(O)NHR^b , wherein R^b is isopropyl, cyclopropyl or 2-chloro-6-methylphenyl;
- j. when ring A is phenyl substituted with SO_2OH or SO_2Na , and ring B is phenyl, or when ring A is phenyl substituted with SO_2OH and ring B is substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not $\text{-NH(CH}_2\text{)}_2\text{OH}$ or $\text{-NH(CH}_2\text{)CH(OH)CH}_3$; and
- k. the compound is other than:

(E)-3-(4-((4-((3-(diethylamino)propyl)amino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-2-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylacrylonitrile ,

4-((4-((furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)-6-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)phenol,

3-(4-((5-aminopentyl)amino)-6-((3-fluorophenyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol,

N^2 ,6-bis(3-fluorophenyl)- N^4 -(piperidin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

N^2 -butyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(p-tolyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, N^2 -cyclohexyl- N^4 ,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

(R)-3-((4-(3-chlorophenyl)-6-(pyrrolidin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-4-methylbenzamide,

2-chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)-N-[4-(phenylamino)-6-(2-pyridinyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-benzamide,

N^2 -(2-methoxyethyl)- N^4 -phenyl-6-[5-[6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-3-pyridinyl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

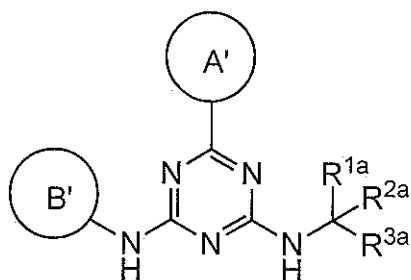
N^2 -(2-furanylmethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

6-(3-methoxyphenyl)- N^2 -methyl- N^4 -(3-nitrophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

N^2 -butyl- N^4 -(4-methylphenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, and

4-[[4-(5-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-6-(methylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino-benzenemethanol.

In another aspect, there is provided a compound having Structural Formula II:



(II), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

wherein:

Ring A' is phenyl, wherein ring A' is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CHF}_2$, $-\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{OH}$, $-\text{OCH}_3$, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{H}_5)$, and $-\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$; or ring A' is pyridin-2-yl, wherein ring A' is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, $-\text{CHF}_2$, $-\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{OH}$, $-\text{OCH}_3$, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{NH}(\text{CH}_3)$, and $-\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$;

Ring B' is selected from pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-4-yl, isoxazoly-4-yl, isoxazol-3-yl, thiazol-5-yl, pyrimidin-5-yl and pyrazol-4-yl, wherein ring B' is optionally substituted with one to two substituents independently selected from halo; $-\text{CN}$; $-\text{OH}$; $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl optionally substituted with halo, CN or $-\text{OH}$; $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{-C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl; $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{-C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl; $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{-NH-C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl; $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{-N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$; $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{-azetidin-1-yl}$; $-\text{O-C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl; $-\text{CH}_2\text{-O-CH}_3$, morpholin-4-yl, cyclopropyl, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{-NH-cyclopropyl}$; $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{-O-CH}_3$; and

$-\text{C}(\text{R}^{1a})(\text{R}^{2a})(\text{R}^{3a})$ is selected from $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with halo or $-\text{OH}$; $-(\text{C}_0\text{-C}_1 \text{ alkylene})\text{-cycloalkyl}$, wherein the alkylene is optionally substituted with methyl and the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with halo, $-\text{OCH}_3$ or methyl; and saturated heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with halo or methyl; $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{-O-C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl; $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{-(C}_0\text{-C}_1 \text{ alkylene})\text{-cyclopropyl}$; and $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{-benzyl}$.

The compound of Formula I or II or as described in any one of the embodiments herein inhibits mutant IDH2, particularly mutant IDH2 having alpha hydroxyl neoactivity.

In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as described herein, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Also described herein are methods of using such compositions to treat cancers characterized by the presence of a mutant IDH2. Disclosed is the use of a composition as described herein in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a cancer characterized by the presence of an IDH2

mutation, wherein the IDH2 mutation results in a new ability of the enzyme to catalyze the NAPH-dependent reduction of α -ketoglutarate to *R*(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate in a patient. In another aspect, there is provided use of a compound as described herein in the manufacture of a medicament for treating glioblastoma, glioma, myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), sarcoma, melanoma, non-small cell lung cancer, chondrosarcoma, cholangiocarcinoma or angioimmunoblastic non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), each characterized by the presence of an IDH2 mutation, wherein the IDH2 mutation results in a new ability of the enzyme to catalyze the NAPH-dependent reduction of α -ketoglutarate to *R*(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The details of construction and the arrangement of components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the drawings are not meant to be limiting. Other embodiments and different ways to practice the invention are expressly included. Also, the phraseology and terminology used herein is for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting.

The use of “including,” “comprising,” or “having,” “containing”, “involving”, and variations thereof herein, is meant to encompass the items listed thereafter and equivalents thereof as well as additional items.

Definitions:

The term “halo” or “halogen” refers to any radical of fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

The term “alkyl” refers to a fully saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon chain that may be a straight chain or branched chain, containing the indicated number of carbon atoms. For example, C₁-C₁₂ alkyl indicates that the group may have from 1 to 12 (inclusive) carbon atoms in it. The term “haloalkyl” refers to an alkyl in which one or more hydrogen atoms are replaced by halo, and includes alkyl moieties in which all hydrogens have been replaced by halo (e.g., perfluoroalkyl). The terms “arylalkyl” or “aralkyl” refer to an alkyl moiety in which an alkyl hydrogen atom is replaced by an aryl group. Aralkyl includes groups in which more than one hydrogen atom has been replaced by an aryl group. Examples of “arylalkyl” or “aralkyl” include benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, 3-phenylpropyl, 9-fluorenyl, benzhydryl, and trityl groups. The term “alkyl” includes “alkenyl” and “alkynyl”.

The term “alkylene” refers to a divalent alkyl, e.g., -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂CH₂- and -CH₂CH(CH₃)CH₂-.

The term “alkenyl” refers to a straight or branched hydrocarbon chain containing 2-12 carbon atoms and having one or more double bonds. Examples of alkenyl groups include, but are not limited to, allyl, propenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-hexenyl and 3-octenyl groups. One of the double bond carbons may optionally be the point of attachment of the alkenyl substituent.

The term “alkynyl” refers to a straight or branched hydrocarbon chain containing 2-12 carbon atoms and characterized in having one or more triple bonds. Examples of alkynyl groups include, but are not limited to, ethynyl, propargyl, and 3-hexynyl. One of the triple bond carbons may optionally be the point of attachment of the alkynyl substituent.

The term “alkoxy” refers to an -O-alkyl radical. The term “haloalkoxy” refers to an alkoxy in which one or more hydrogen atoms are replaced by halo, and includes alkoxy moieties in which all hydrogens have been replaced by halo (e.g., perfluoroalkoxy).

Unless otherwise specified, the term “aryl” refers to a fully aromatic monocyclic, bicyclic, or tricyclic hydrocarbon ring system. Examples of aryl moieties are phenyl, naphthyl, and anthracenyl. Unless otherwise specified, any ring atom in an aryl can be substituted by one or more substituents. The term “monocyclic aryl” means a monocyclic fully aromatic hydrocarbon ring system, optionally substituted by one or more substituents which can not form a fused bicyclic or tricyclic ring.

The term “carbocyclyl” refers to a non-aromatic, monocyclic, bicyclic, or tricyclic hydrocarbon ring system. Carbocyclyl groups include fully saturated ring systems (e.g., cycloalkyls), and partially saturated ring systems.

The term “cycloalkyl” as employed herein includes saturated cyclic, bicyclic, tricyclic, or polycyclic hydrocarbon groups having 3 to 12 carbons. Any ring atom can be substituted (e.g., by one or more substituents). Examples of cycloalkyl moieties include, but are not limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl, methylcyclohexyl, adamantyl, and norbornyl.

Unless otherwise specified, the term “heteroaryl” refers to a fully aromatic 5-8 membered monocyclic, 8-12 membered bicyclic, or 11-14 membered tricyclic ring system having 1-3 heteroatoms if monocyclic, 1-6 heteroatoms if bicyclic, or 1-9 heteroatoms if tricyclic, said heteroatoms selected from O, N, or S (or the oxidized forms such as N^+-O^- , $S(O)$ and $S(O)_2$). The term “monocyclic heteroaryl” means a monocyclic fully aromatic ring system having 1-3 heteroatoms, optionally substituted by one or more substituents which can not form a fused bicyclic or tricyclic ring.

The term “heterocyclyl” refers to a nonaromatic, 3-10 membered monocyclic, 8-12 membered bicyclic, or 11-14 membered tricyclic ring system having 1-3 heteroatoms if monocyclic, 1-6 heteroatoms if bicyclic, or 1-9 heteroatoms if tricyclic, said heteroatoms selected from O, N, or S (or the oxidized forms such as N^+-O^- , $S(O)$ and $S(O)_2$). The heteroatom may optionally be the point of attachment of the heterocyclyl substituent. Examples of heterocyclyl include, but are not limited to, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, piperidinyl, morpholino, pyrrolinyl, pyrimidinyl, and pyrrolidinyl. Heterocyclyl groups include fully saturated ring systems, and partially saturated ring systems.

Bicyclic and tricyclic ring systems containing one or more heteroatoms and both aromatic and non-aromatic rings are considered to be heterocyclyl or heteroaryl groups. Bicyclic or

tricyclic ring systems where an aryl or a heteroaryl is fused to a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl and the point of attachment from the ring system to the rest of the molecule is through an aromatic ring are considered to be aryl or heteroaryl groups, respectively. Bicyclic or tricyclic ring systems where an aryl or a heteroaryl is fused to a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl and the point of attachment from the ring system to the rest of the molecule is through the non-aromatic ring are considered to be carbocyclyl (e.g., cycloalkyl) or heterocyclyl groups, respectively.

Aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl (including cycloalkyl), and heterocyclyl groups, either alone or a part of a group (e.g., the aryl portion of an aralkyl group), are optionally substituted at one or more substitutable atoms with, unless specified otherwise, substituents independently selected from: halo, $-C\equiv N$, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, $=O$, $-OR^b$, $-OR^{b'}$, $-SR^b$, $-SR^{b'}$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-N(R^b)(R^b)$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-N(R^b)(R^{b'})$, $-N(R^b)(R^b)$, $-N(R^b)(R^{b'})$, $-O-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-N(R^b)(R^b)$, $-O-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-N(R^b)(R^{b'})$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-O-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-N(R^b)(R^b)$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-O-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-N(R^b)(R^{b'})$, $-C(O)-N(R^b)(R^b)$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-C(O)-N(R^b)(R^b)$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-C(O)-N(R^b)(R^{b'})$, $-OR^{b'}$, $R^{b'}$, $-C(O)(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, $-C(O)R^{b'}$, $-C(O)N(R^{b'})(R^b)$, $-N(R^b)C(O)(R^b)$, $-N(R^b)C(O)(R^{b'})$, $-N(R^b)SO_2(R^b)$, $-SO_2N(R^b)(R^b)$, $-N(R^b)SO_2(R^{b'})$, and $-SO_2N(R^{b'})(R^{b'})$, wherein any alkyl substituent is optionally further substituted with one or more of $-OH$, $-O-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, halo, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, or $-N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$;

each R^b is independently selected from hydrogen, and $-C_1-C_4$ alkyl; or

two R^b s are taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound to form a 4- to 8-membered heterocyclyl optionally comprising one additional heteroatom selected from N, S, and O; and

each $R^{b'}$ is independently selected from C_3-C_7 carbocyclyl, phenyl, heteroaryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein one or more substitutable positions on said phenyl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl or heterocycle substituent is optionally further substituted with one or more of $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ fluoroalkyl})$, $-OH$, $-O-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, $-O-(C_1-C_4 \text{ fluoroalkyl})$, halo, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, or $-N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$.

Heterocyclyl groups, either alone or as part of a group, are optionally substituted on one or more any substitutable nitrogen atom with oxo, $-C_1-C_4$ alkyl, or fluoro-substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl.

The term "substituted" refers to the replacement of a hydrogen atom by another group.

As used herein, the term “elevated levels of 2HG” means 10%, 20% 30%, 50%, 75%, 100%, 200%, 500% or more 2HG then is present in a subject that does not carry a mutant IDH2 allele. The term “elevated levels of 2HG” may refer to the amount of 2HG within a cell, within a tumor, within an organ comprising a tumor, or within a bodily fluid.

The term “bodily fluid” includes one or more of amniotic fluid surrounding a fetus, aqueous humour, blood (*e.g.*, blood plasma), serum, Cerebrospinal fluid, cerumen, chyme, Cowper's fluid, female ejaculate, interstitial fluid, lymph, breast milk, mucus (*e.g.*, nasal drainage or phlegm), pleural fluid, pus, saliva, sebum, semen, serum, sweat, tears, urine, vaginal secretion, or vomit.

As used herein, the terms “inhibit” or “prevent” include both complete and partial inhibition and prevention. An inhibitor may completely or partially inhibit the intended target.

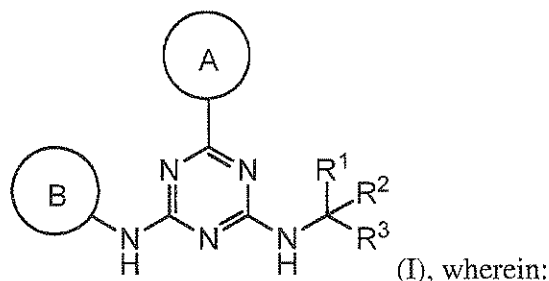
The term “treat” means decrease, suppress, attenuate, diminish, arrest, or stabilize the development or progression of a disease/disorder (*e.g.*, a cancer), lessen the severity of the disease/disorder (*e.g.*, a cancer) or improve the symptoms associated with the disease/disorder (*e.g.*, a cancer).

As used herein, an amount of a compound effective to treat a disorder, or a “therapeutically effective amount” refers to an amount of the compound which is effective, upon single or multiple dose administration to a subject, in treating a cell, or in curing, alleviating, relieving or improving a subject with a disorder beyond that expected in the absence of such treatment.

As used herein, the term “subject” is intended to include human and non-human animals. Exemplary human subjects include a human patient (referred to as a patient) having a disorder, *e.g.*, a disorder described herein or a normal subject. The term “non-human animals” of one aspect of the invention includes all vertebrates, *e.g.*, non-mammals (such as chickens, amphibians, reptiles) and mammals, such as non-human primates, domesticated and/or agriculturally useful animals, *e.g.*, sheep, dog, cat, cow, pig, etc.

Compounds

Provided is a compound of Structural Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:



ring A is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl;

ring B is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl;

R^1 and R^3 are each independently selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, $-O$ - C_1 - C_4 alkyl, and CN, wherein any alkyl portion of R^1 is optionally substituted with $-OH$, NH_2 , $NH(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl), or $N(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl) $_2$;

R^2 is selected from: $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_2$ - C_6 alkenyl or alkynyl), $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkylene)- O -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)$ - $S(O)_{1-2}$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)$ - $S(O)_{1-2}$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkyl)-Q, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $S(O)_{1-2}$ - $N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1$ - C_4 alkylene)- $S(O)_{1-2}$ - $N(R^6)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-C(O)N(R^6)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)- O -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-C(O)N(R^6)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- O - $C(O)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- O - $C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkyl)-Q, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- O -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- O -(C_1 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)- O -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)- O -(C_1 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- O - $C(O)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- O - $C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)N(R^6)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)N(R^6)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)C(O)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $S(O)_{0-2}$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $S(O)_{0-2}$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_1$ - C_6 alkylene)- $N(R^6)$ - $C(O)$ - $N(R^6)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)-Q, $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_0$ - C_6 alkylene)- $C(O)$ -(C_0 - C_6 alkylene)-Q,

wherein:

any alkyl or alkylene moiety present in R^2 is optionally substituted with one or more -OH, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or halo;

any terminal methyl moiety present in R^2 is optionally replaced with -CH₂OH, CF₃, -CH₂F, -CH₂Cl, C(O)CH₃, C(O)CF₃, CN, or CO₂H;

each R^6 is independently selected from hydrogen and C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

Q is selected from aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl and heterocyclyl; and Q is optionally substituted; or

R^1 and R^3 are optionally taken together with the carbon to which they are attached to form C(=O); or

R^1 and R^2 are optionally taken together to form an optionally substituted carbocyclyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl or optionally substituted heteroaryl; wherein:

- a. when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl, and ring B is phenyl substituted by methoxy or ethoxy; then said phenyl of ring B is not further substituted by oxazolyl;
- b. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted pyridyl, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3) is not -NH(CH₂)-aryl;
- c. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl or pyrrolyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3) is not -NH(CH₂)C(O)NH₂;
- d. when ring A is phenyl substituted with 2 or more hydroxyl or methoxy, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3) is not -NH-cycloheptyl;
- e. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then R^1 and R^3 do not form 2,2,6,6,-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl;
- f. when ring A and ring B are optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R^1)(R^2)(R^3) is not cysteine, optionally substituted phenylalanine or leucine or methyl ester thereof;
- g. when ring A is phenyl or pyridin-3-yl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl or CF₃, and ring B is phenyl optionally

substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl, CF₃, methoxy, CH=C(phenyl)CN; then the portion of the compound represented by -NHC(R¹)(R²)(R³) is other than -NH(C₁-C₈ alkylene)-N(R^a)(R^a), -NH-1-(aminomethyl)cyclopentylmethyl, -NH-4-(aminomethyl)cyclohexylmethyl, wherein each R^a is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl or two R^as are taken together with the nitrogen to which they are commonly bound to form morpholin-4-yl or piperidin-1-yl;

- h. when ring A is phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl or 4-methyl phenyl and ring B is 4-chlorophenyl or 3,4-dichlorophenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NHC(R¹)(R²)(R³) is not -NH-isopropyl;
- i. when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl and the portion of the compound represented by -NHC(R¹)(R²)(R³) is -NH-CH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₂, -NH-CH₂CH₂-morpholin-4-yl or -NH-CH₂CH₂OH; then ring B is other than oxadiazole, imidazole, thiazole or oxazole each of which is substituted with -C(O)NHR^b, wherein R^b is isopropyl, cyclopropyl or 2-chloro-6-methylphenyl;
- j. when ring A is phenyl substituted with SO₂OH or SO₂Na and ring B is phenyl, or when ring B is phenyl substituted with SO₂OH and ring A is substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NHC(R¹)(R²)(R³) is not -NH(CH₂)₂OH or -NH(CH₂)CH(OH)CH₃; and

k. the compound is other than:

(E)-3-(4-((4-((3-(diethylamino)propyl)amino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-2-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylacrylonitrile ,

4-((4-((furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)-6-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)phenol,

3-(4-((5-aminopentyl)amino)-6-((3-fluorophenyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol,

N²,6-bis(3-fluorophenyl)-N⁴-(piperidin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

N²-butyl-6-phenyl-N⁴-(p-tolyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, N²-cyclohexyl-N⁴,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

(R)-3-((4-(3-chlorophenyl)-6-(pyrrolidin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-4-methylbenzamide,

2-chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)-N-[4-(phenylamino)-6-(2-pyridinyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-benzamide,

N^2 -(2-methoxyethyl)- N^4 -phenyl-6-[5-[6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-3-pyridinyl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

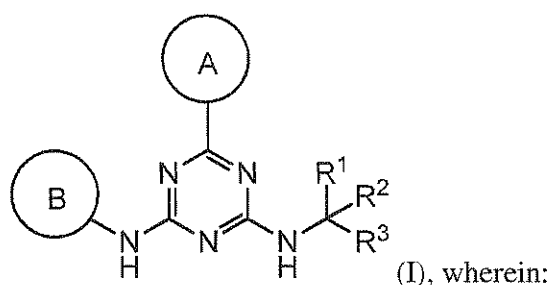
N^2 -(2-furanylmethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

6-(3-methoxyphenyl)- N^2 -methyl- N^4 -(3-nitrophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

N^2 -butyl- N^4 -(4-methylphenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, and

4-[[4-(5-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-6-(methylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino-benzenemethanol.

Also provided is a compound of Structural Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:



ring A is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl;

ring B is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl;

R^1 and R^3 are each independently selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, $-O-C_1$ - C_4 alkyl, and CN, wherein any alkyl portion of R^1 is optionally substituted with $-OH$, NH_2 , $NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, or $N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$;

R^2 is selected from: $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_2-C_6 \text{ alkenyl or alkynyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-S(O)_{1-2}-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-S(O)_{1-2}-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{1-2}-N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{1-2}-N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6$

alkylene)-O-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkyl)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)N(R⁶)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-S(O)₀₋₂-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-S(O)₀₋₂-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-C(O)-N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-C(O)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q, wherein:

any alkyl or alkylene moiety present in R² is optionally substituted with one or more -OH, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or halo;

any terminal methyl moiety present in R² is optionally replaced with -CH₂OH, CF₃, -CH₂F, -CH₂Cl, C(O)CH₃, C(O)CF₃, CN, or CO₂H;

each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen and C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

Q is selected from aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl and heterocyclyl, any of which is optionally substituted; or

R¹ and R³ are optionally taken together with the carbon to which they are attached to form C(=O), or

R¹ and R² are optionally taken together to form substituted carbocyclyl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl, wherein:

- when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl, and ring B is phenyl substituted by methoxy or ethoxy; then said phenyl of ring B is not further substituted oxazolyl;
- when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted pyridyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R¹)(R²)(R³) is not -NH(CH₂)-aryl;
- when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl or pyrrolyl; then the portion of the compound represented by -NH-C(R¹)(R²)(R³) is not -NH(CH₂)C(O)NH₂;

- d. when ring A is phenyl substituted with 2 or more hydroxyl or methoxy, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-\text{NH}-\text{C}(\text{R}^1)(\text{R}^2)(\text{R}^3)$ is not $-\text{NH}$ -cycloheptyl;
- e. when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl; then R^1 and R^3 do not form 2,2,6,6,-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl;
- f. when ring A and ring B are optionally substituted phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-\text{NH}-\text{C}(\text{R}^1)(\text{R}^2)(\text{R}^3)$ is not cysteine, optionally substituted phenylalanine or leucine;
- g. when ring A is phenyl or pyridin-3-yl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl or CF_3 , and ring B is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl or CF_3 ; then the portion of the compound represented by $-\text{NHC}(\text{R}^1)(\text{R}^2)(\text{R}^3)$ is other than $-\text{NH}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8 \text{ alkylene})-\text{N}(\text{R}^a)(\text{R}^a)$, $-\text{NH}$ -1-(aminomethyl)cyclopentylmethyl, $-\text{NH}$ -4-(aminomethyl)cyclohexylmethyl, wherein each R^a is hydrogen, C_1-C_3 alkyl or two R^a s are taken together with the nitrogen to which they are commonly bound to form morpholin-4-yl or piperidin-1-yl;
- h. when ring A is phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl or 4-methyl phenyl and ring B is 4-chlorophenyl or 3,4-dichlorophenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-\text{NHC}(\text{R}^1)(\text{R}^2)(\text{R}^3)$ is not $-\text{NH}$ -isopropyl;
- i. when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl and the portion of the compound represented by $-\text{NHC}(\text{R}^1)(\text{R}^2)(\text{R}^3)$ is $-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$ -morpholin-4-yl or $-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$; then ring B is other than oxadiazole, thiazole or oxazole each of which is substituted with $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHR}^b$, wherein R^b is isopropyl, cyclopropyl or 2-chloro-6-methylphenyl;
- j. when ring A is phenyl substituted with SO_2OH or SO_2Na , and ring B is phenyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $-\text{NHC}(\text{R}^1)(\text{R}^2)(\text{R}^3)$ is not $-\text{NH}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{OH}$ or $-\text{NH}(\text{CH}_2)\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3$; and
- k. the compound is other than:

(E)-3-(4-((4-((3-(diethylamino)propyl)amino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-2-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylacrylonitrile, 4-((4-((furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)-6-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-

triazin-2-yl)amino)phenol, 3-(4-((5-aminopentyl)amino)-6-((3-fluorophenyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol, N²,6-bis(3-fluorophenyl)-N⁴-(piperidin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, N²-butyl-6-phenyl-N⁴-(p-tolyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, N²-cyclohexyl-N⁴,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, and (R)-3-((4-(3-chlorophenyl)-6-(pyrrolidin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-4-methylbenzamide.

In some embodiments, R¹ is independently selected from hydrogen, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CH₂OH, CN, or R¹ and R³ are taken together to form =O.

In some embodiments, R¹ and R² are taken together to form carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl, either of which is optionally substituted with up to 3 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, -CN, =O, -OH, and -C(O)C₁-C₄ alkyl.

In some embodiments, R² is -(C₁-C₄ alkyl) optionally substituted with fluoro or -OH; -(C₀-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -(C₀-C₂ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₀-C₂ alkylene)-Q, and -O-(C₀-C₂ alkylene)-Q, wherein Q is optionally substituted with up to 3 substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, =O, -C(O)-C₁-C₄ alkyl, -CN, and halo. In one aspect of these embodiments, Q is selected from pyridinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropyl, phenyl, pyrazolyl, morpholinyl and oxetanyl, wherein Q is optionally substituted with up to 2 substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, =O, fluoro, chloro, and bromo. In another aspect of these embodiments, Q is selected from pyridinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropyl, phenyl, pyrazolyl, morpholinyl and oxetanyl, wherein Q is optionally substituted with up to 2 substituents independently selected from -CH₃ and =O.

In some embodiments, R¹ and R² are taken together to form cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, oxetanyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanyl, oxobicyclo[3.1.0]hexanyl, azetidiny, phenyl and pyridinyl, any of which is optionally substituted with up to 2 substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -OH, -C(O)CH₃, fluoro, and chloro.

In some embodiments, ring A is an optionally substituted 6-membered monocyclic aryl. In some embodiments, ring A is an optionally substituted 5-6 membered heteroaryl. In some embodiments, ring A is an optionally substituted 6 membered heteroaryl.

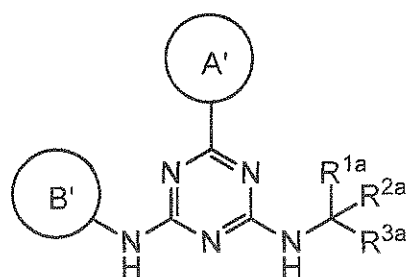
In some embodiments, ring A is selected from phenyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl,

pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, and thiazolyl, wherein ring A is optionally substituted with up to two substituents independently selected from halo, -C₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, -C₁-C₄ hydroxyalkyl, -NH-S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(O)₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CN, -S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), C₁-C₄ alkoxy, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OH, -OCF₃, -CN, -NH₂, -C(O)NH₂, -C(O)NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(O)-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, and cyclopropyl optionally substituted with OH.

In some embodiments, ring A is selected from phenyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, and thiazolyl, wherein ring A is optionally substituted with up to two substituents independently selected from halo, -C₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, -C₁-C₄ hydroxyalkyl, -NH-S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(O)₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CN, -S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), C₁-C₄ alkoxy, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OH, -CN, and -NH₂.

In some embodiments, ring B is selected from phenyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, and pyrazinyl, wherein ring B is optionally substituted with up to two substituents independently selected from halo, -C₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₂-C₄ alkynyl, -C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, -C₁-C₄ hydroxyalkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -(C₀-C₂ alkylene)-O-C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O-(C₁-C₄ alkylene)-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -NH-S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(O)₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(O)₂-NH-(C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -S(O)₂-(saturated heterocyclyl), -CN, -S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -OH, C(O)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), saturated heterocyclyl, and -NH₂.

In another embodiment, the compound is a compound having Structural Formula II:



(II), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Ring A' is selected from phenyl and pyridin-2-yl, wherein ring A' is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, -CF₃, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), and -N(CH₃)₂;

Ring B' is selected from pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-4-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, isoxazol-3-yl, thiazol-5-yl, pyrimidin-5-yl and pyrazol-4-yl, wherein ring B' is optionally substituted with one

to two substituents independently selected from halo; -CN; -OH; C₁-C₄ alkyl optionally substituted with halo, CN or -OH; -S(O)₂-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-NH-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂; -S(O)₂-azetidin-1-yl; -O-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -CH₂-O-CH₃, morpholin-4-yl, cyclopropyl, -S(O)₂-NH-cyclopropyl; -C(O)-O-CH₃; and

-C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a}) is selected from C₁-C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with halo or -OH; -(C₀-C₁ alkylene)-cycloalkyl, wherein the alkylene is optionally substituted with methyl and the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with halo, -OCH₃ or methyl; saturated heterocyclyl optionally substituted with halo or methyl; -C(O)-O-C₁-C₆ alkyl; -C(O)-(C₀-C₁ alkylene)-cyclopropyl; and C(O)-benzyl.

In certain embodiments of Formula II, ring A' is selected from 2-chlorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl, 6-aminopyridin-2-yl, 6-chloropyridin-2-yl, 6-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl, and phenyl.

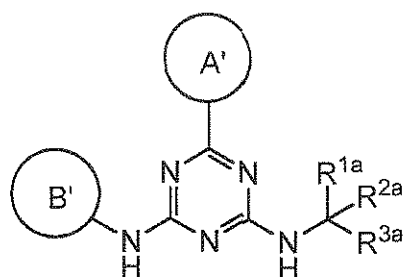
In certain embodiments of Formula II, ring B' is selected from 2-(morpholin-4-yl)pyridin-4-yl, 2-dimethylaminopyridin-4-yl, 3-(2-methoxyethyl)phenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3-cyanomethylphenyl, 3-cyanophenyl, 3-cyclopropylaminosulfonylphenyl, 3-dimethylaminosulfonylphenyl, 3-ethylsulfonylphenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-methylsulfonylphenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 5-chloropyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-4-yl, 5-fluoropyridin-3-yl, 5-trifluoromethylpyridin-3-yl, 6-chloropyridin-4-yl, 6-cyanopyridin-4-yl, 6-cyclopropylpyridin-4-yl, 6-ethoxypyridin-4-yl, 6-fluoropyridin-3-yl, 6-fluoropyridin-4-yl, 6-methylpyridin-4-yl, 6-trifluoromethylpyridin-4-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, phenyl, pyridin-4-yl, and thiazol-5-yl.

In certain embodiments of Formula II, the moiety represented by C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a}) is selected from 2-hydroxycyclopentyl, 3-hydroxycyclopentyl, 1-methylcyclopropyl, 2-methylcyclopropyl, 3,3-difluorocyclobutyl, bicycloheptanyl, -(CH₂)₃CH₃, -CH(CH₃)-C(CH₃)₃, -CH(CH₃)-CH₂OCH₃, -C(O)-C(CH₃)₃, -C(O)-OC(CH₃)₃, -C(O)CH₂OH, -C(O)-CH(CH₃)₂, -C(O)-1-hydroxycyclopropyl, -C(O)-2-pyrrolidinon-5-yl, -C(O)-2-pyrrolyl, -C(O)CH₂OCH(CH₃)₂, -C(O)-cyclopropyl, -C(O)-CH₂-cyclopropyl, -C(O)-OC(CH₃)₃, -C(O)CH(CH₃)OH, -C(O)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl, -C(O)NHCH₂CH₃, -CH₂CH(CH₃)OCH₃, -CH₂CH₂CH₂OCH₃, -C(O)-OCH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH₂-OCH₃, -C(O)-OCH₂CH₃, -C(O)-CH₂CH₃, -CH(CH₃)-CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH(CH₃)OH, -CH(CH₃)CH₂CH₃, -CH(CH₃)-CH₂CH₃,

-CH(CH₃)CH₂OH, -CH₂C(CH₃)₃, -CH(CH₂OH)CH(CH₃)CH₃, -CH(CH₃)C(CH₃)₃,
 -CH₂C(CH₃)₂CH₂OH, -CH₂CH₂OH, -CH₂CH(CH₃)OH, -CH(CH₃)CH₂OCH₃,
 -CH₂-CH(CH₃)CH₂OH, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂OCH₃, -CH(C(CH₃)₃)CH₂OH, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂-OH,
 CH₂C(CH₃)₃, -CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CH₂OCH₂CH₃,
 -CH₂CH(CH₃)-CH₂CH₃, -CH₂CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CHC(CH₃)₃CH₂OH, -CH(CH₂CH₃)CH₂OH,
 -CH₂C(CH₃)₂OH, -CH₂-oxetan-2-yl, -CH₂-oxetan-3-yl, -CH₂-cyclopropyl, -CH₂-cyclobutyl,
 -CH(CH₃)-cyclopropyl, -C(O)-1-methylcyclopropyl, -C(O)-tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, -CH₂-
 tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, -C(O)-tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, -CH₂-morpholin-2-yl, -CH₂-1-
 methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl, cyclobutyl, 3-methoxycyclobutyl, 3-cyclobutanone, cyclohexyl, 4-
 hydroxycyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, 3-hydroxycyclopentyl, 2-hydroxycyclopentyl, cyclopropyl,
 ethyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, oxetan-3-yl, oxobicyclohexanyl, tetrahydropyran-
 4-yl, 3-oxetanyl, 2-oxetanyl, tetrahydropyran-3-yl, 4,4-difluorocyclohexyl, 4-hydroxycyclohexyl,
 3-hydroxycyclohexyl, 2-hydroxycyclohexyl, 3-tetrahydrofuranyl, 1-cyanocyclobutyl, 1-
 cyanocyclopropyl, 4-methoxycyclobutyl, 3-methyl-oxetan-3-yl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanyl, 3-
 oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexanyl and 3-cyclohex-2-enonyl.

In certain embodiments of Formula II, the moiety represented by C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a}) is selected from 2-hydroxycyclopentyl, 2-methylcyclopropyl, 3,3-difluorocyclobutyl, bicycloheptanyl, -(CH₂)₃CH₃, -CH(CH₃)-C(CH₃)₃, -CH(CH₃)-CH₂OCH₃, -C(O)-C(CH₃)₃, -C(O)-CH(CH₃)₂, -C(O)-cyclopropyl, -C(O)-OC(CH₃)₃, -C(O)-OCH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -C(O)-OCH₂CH₃, -CH(CH₃)-CH(CH₃)₂, -CH(CH₃)-CH₂CH₃, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂CH₂OH, CH₂C(CH₃)₃, -CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH(CH₃)-CH₂CH₃, -CH₂CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂-cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, oxetan-3-yl, oxobicyclohexanyl, tetrahydropyran-4-yl, and tetrahydropyran-3-yl.

In another embodiment, the compound is a compound having Structural Formula II:



(II), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Ring A' is selected from phenyl, pyrimidin-2-yl, pyrimidin-4-yl, pyrimidin-5-yl, oxazol-4-yl, isoxazol-3-yl, thiazol-2-yl, pyridin-3-yl and pyridin-2-yl, wherein ring A' is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from 1-propenyl, -cyclopropyl-OH, chloro, fluoro, -CF₃, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -S(O)CH₃, -S(O)₂CH₃, -CH₂OH, -CH(OH)CH₃, -CH(OH)CF₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCF₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -C(O)-NH₂, -CH₂NH₂, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), -CN and -N(CH₃)₂;

Ring B' is selected from phenyl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-4-yl, pyridazin-4-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, isoxazol-3-yl, thiazol-5-yl, pyrimidin-5-yl and pyrazol-4-yl, wherein ring B' is optionally substituted with one to two substituents independently selected from halo; -CN; -OH; C₁-C₄ alkyl optionally substituted with halo, CN or -OH; -S(O)₂-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-NH-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-NH-CH₂-CF₃; -S(O)₂-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂; -S(O)₂-azetidin-1-yl; -O-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -CH₂-O-CH₃, morpholin-4-yl, cyclopropyl, cyclopropyl-C₁-C₄ alkyl, cyclopropyl-C₁-C₄ alkoxy, cyclopropyl-CN, -S(O)₂-NH-cyclopropyl; -S(O)₂-NH-CH₂-cyclopropyl; -C(O)-C₁-C₄ alkyl, -C(O)-O-CH₃; and

-C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a}) is selected from C₁-C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with halo, -OCH₃, -P(O)₃²⁻ or -OH; -(C₀-C₁ alkylene)-cycloalkyl, wherein the alkylene is optionally substituted with methyl and the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with -OH, -CH₂OH, halo, -OCH₃ or methyl; saturated or partially saturated -(C₀-C₁ alkylene)-heterocyclyl wherein the heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with halo, -S(O)₂-CH₂-C(O)-C₁-C₆ alkyl, -S(O)₂-C₁-C₆ alkyl, -C(O)-O-C₁-C₆ alkyl, -C(O)-N(CH₃)₂ or methyl; -C(O)-O-C₁-C₆ alkyl; -C(O)-(C₀-C₁ alkylene)-cyclopropyl; and C(O)-benzyl.

In certain embodiments of Formula II, ring A' is selected from 2-chlorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl, 3-amidophenyl, 3-methylsulfinylphenyl, 3-methylsulfonylphenyl, 3-(1-methanol)phenyl, 3-methanaminephenyl, 3-methoxy-2-fluorophenyl, 5-methoxy-2-fluorophenyl, 3-hydroxy-2-fluorophenyl, 5-hydroxy-2-fluorophenyl, 5-hydroxy-3-fluorophenyl, 3-methanolphenyl, 3,5-dihydroxyphenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-5-chlorophenyl, 3-(1-hydroxy-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)phenyl, 3-(1-hydroxyethyl)phenyl, 3-(1-hydroxycyclopropyl)phenyl, 3-hydroxymethyl-5-phenol, pyridin-2-yl, 3-fluoropyridin-2-yl, 3-cyanopyridin-2-yl, 3,6-difluoropyridin-2-yl, 3-fluoro-6-methoxypyridin-2-yl, 3-fluoro-6-hydroxypyridin-2-yl, 3-fluoro-6-aminopyridin-2-yl, 4-fluoro-6-aminopyridin-2-yl, 6-propen-1-ylpyridin-2-yl, 6-prop-1-

ylpyridin-2-yl, 6-methylaminopyridin-2-yl, 3-fluoro-6-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl, 4-chloro-6-aminopyridin-2-yl, 4-fluoro-6-aminopyridin-2-yl, 4-chloro-6-methoxypyridin-2-yl, 6-aminopyridin-3-yl, 2-methoxypyridin-3-yl, 6-aminopyridin-2-yl, 6-chloropyridin-2-yl, 6-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl, 6-difluoromethylpyridin-2-yl, 4-(CH₂OH)-6-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl, 4-(CH₂OH)-6-chloropyridin-2-yl, 6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)-4-fluoropyridin-2-yl, 4-trifluoromethylpyrimidin-2-yl, 4-aminopyrimidin-2-yl, 6-trifluoromethyl-4-aminopyrimidin-2-yl, 4-trifluoromethyl-6-aminopyrimidin-2-yl, 4-aminopyrimidin-2-yl, 2-aminopyrimidin-4-yl, 2-aminopyrimidin-5-yl, 4,6-dichloropyridin-2-yl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl, 2-methyloxazol-4-yl, 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl, 4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl, 4-methylthiazol-2-yl and phenyl.

In certain embodiments of Formula II, ring B' is selected from 2-(morpholin-4-yl)pyridin-4-yl, 2-dimethylaminopyridin-4-yl, 3-(2-methoxyethyl)phenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3-cyanomethylphenyl, 3-cyanophenyl, 3-(cyclopropylmethyl)phenyl, 3-cyclopropylaminosulfonylphenyl, 3-dimethylaminosulfonylphenyl, 3-ethylsulfonylphenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-methylsulfonylphenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-(1-hydroxyisopropyl)phenyl, 3-methylsulfonyl-5-chlorophenyl, 3-methylsulfonyl-5-fluorophenyl, 3-(N-2,2,2-trifluoroethylaminosulfonyl)phenyl, 3-(N-cyclopropyl)benzamide, 5-chloropyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-4-yl, 5-fluoropyridin-3-yl, 2-(1-hydroxyisopropyl)pyridin-4-yl, 5-trifluoromethylpyridin-3-yl, 2-trifluoromethylpyridin-4-yl, 2-difluoromethylpyridin-4-yl, 2-chloropyridin-4-yl, 6-chloropyridin-4-yl, 6-cyanopyridin-4-yl, 2-cyanopyridin-4-yl, 6-cyclopropylpyridin-4-yl, 6-ethoxypyridin-4-yl, 6-fluoropyridin-3-yl, 2-fluoropyridin-4-yl, 5,6-difluoropyridin-3-yl, 6-fluoropyridin-4-yl, 6-methylpyridin-4-yl, 2-difluoromethylpyridin-4-yl, 6-trifluoromethylpyridin-4-yl, 2-(1-methoxycyclopropyl)pyridin-4-yl, 2-cyclopropylpyridin-4-yl, 2-(propan-1-one)pyridin-4-yl, 2-(1-methylcyclopropyl)pyridin-4-yl, 2-(1-cyanocyclopropyl)pyridin-4-yl, 2-(1-cyanoisopropyl)pyridin-4-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, phenyl, pyridin-4-yl, picolinat-2-yl, pyrimidin-5-yl, 1-propylpyrazol-4-yl, 6-methylpyridazin-4-yl, and thiazol-5-yl.

In certain embodiments of Formula II, the moiety represented by C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a}) is selected from 2-hydroxycyclopentyl, 3-hydroxycyclopentyl, 1-methylcyclopropyl, 2-methylcyclopropyl, 3,3-difluorocyclobutyl, bicycloheptanyl, -(CH₂)₃CH₃, -CH(CH₃)-C(CH₃)₃,

-CH(CH₃)-CH₂OCH₃, -C(O)-C(CH₃)₃, -C(O)-OC(CH₃)₃, -C(O)CH₂OH, -C(O)-CH(CH₃)₂,
 -C(O)-1-hydroxycyclopropyl, -C(O)-2-pyrrolidinon-5-yl, -C(O)-2-pyrrolyl,
 -C(O)CH₂OCH(CH₃)₂, -C(O)-cyclopropyl, -C(O)-CH₂-cyclopropyl, -C(O)-OC(CH₃)₃,
 -C(O)CH(CH₃)OH, -C(O)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl, -C(O)NHCH₂CH₃, -CH₂CH(CH₃)OCH₃,
 -CH₂CH₂CH₂OCH₃, -C(O)-OCH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH₂-OCH₃, -C(O)-OCH₂CH₃, -C(O)-
 CH₂CH₃, -CH(CH₃)-CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH(CH₃)OH, -CH(CH₃)CH₂CH₃, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂OH,
 -CH(CH₃)-CH₂CH₃, -CH(CH₃)CH₂OH, -CH₂C(CH₃)₃, -CH(CH₂OH)CH(CH₃)CH₃,
 -CH(CH₃)C(CH₃)₃, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂-CH₂OH, -CH₂CH₂OH, -CH₂CH(CH₃)OH,
 -CH(CH₃)CH₂OCH₃, -CH₂-CH(CH₃)CH₂OH, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂OCH₃, -C(CH₃)₂CH₂OH,
 -CH₂CH(CH₃)OCH₃, -CH(CH₃)CH(CH₃)OH, -CH₂CH(CH₃)CH₂OH, -CH(C(CH₃)₃)CH₂OH,
 CH(CH₃)C(CH₃)₂OH, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂-OH, CH₂C(CH₃)₃, -CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CH(CH₃)₂,
 -CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH₂CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CH₂OCH₂CH₃, -CH₂CH(CH₃)-CH₂CH₃,
 -CH₂CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, -CH(C(CH₃)₃)CH₂OH, -CH(CH₂CH₃)CH₂OH, -CH₂C(CH₃)₂OH, -CH₂-
 oxetan-2-yl, -CH₂-oxetan-3-yl, -CH₂-1-methyl-oxetan-3-yl, -CH₂-cyclopropyl, -CH₂-1-
 hydroxycyclopropyl, -CH₂-cyclobutyl, -CH(CH₃)-cyclopropyl, -C(O)-1-methylcyclopropyl,
 -C(O)-tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, -CH₂-tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, -CH₂-tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, -C(O)-
 tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, -CH₂-morpholin-2-yl, -CH₂-1-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl, cyclobutyl, 3-
 methoxycyclobutyl, 3-cyclobutanone, cyclohexyl, 4-hydroxycyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, 3-
 hydroxycyclopentyl, 2-hydroxycyclopentyl, cyclopropyl, ethyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, n-propyl, n-
 butyl, t-butyl, oxetan-3-yl, oxobicyclohexanyl, tetrahydropyran-4-yl, 3-oxetanyl, 2-oxetanyl,
 tetrahydropyran-3-yl, 4,4-difluorocyclohexyl, 4-hydroxycyclohexyl, 3-hydroxycyclohexyl, 2-
 hydroxycyclohexyl, 3-tetrahydrofuranyl, 1-cyanocyclobutyl, 1-cyanocyclopropyl, 1-
 methylcyclopropyl, 1-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopropyl, 2-methylcyclopropyl, 2-
 hydroxycyclopropyl, 4-methoxycyclobutyl, 3-methyl-oxetan-3-yl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanyl, 3-
 oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl, 1-(t-butylcarboxylate)piperidin-4-yl, piperidin-4-yl, 1-
 (methylcarboxylate)piperidin-4-yl, 1-(1-ethanone)piperidin-4-yl, 1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-
 yl, 1-methylpyrazol-4-yl, 1-methylpyrazol-5-yl, thiazol-5-yl, 7-oxa-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl,
 tetrahydropyran-4-yl, and 3-cyclohex-2-enonyl.

In certain embodiments of Formula II, the moiety represented by C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a}) is selected from 2-hydroxycyclopentyl, 2-methylcyclopropyl, 3,3-difluorocyclobutyl,

bicycloheptanyl, $-(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_3$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})$ -cyclopropyl, $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{OC}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{CH}_2$ -cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, oxetan-3-yl, oxobicyclohexanyl, tetrahydropyran-4-yl, and tetrahydropyran-3-yl.

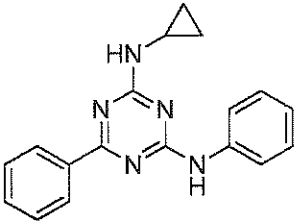
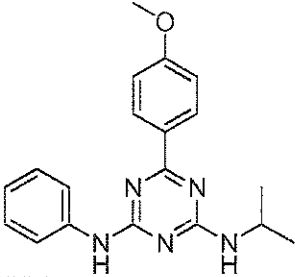
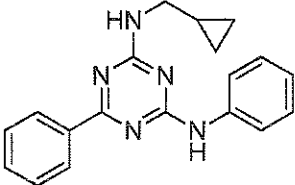
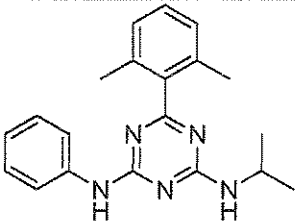
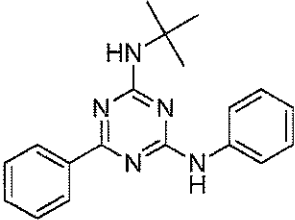
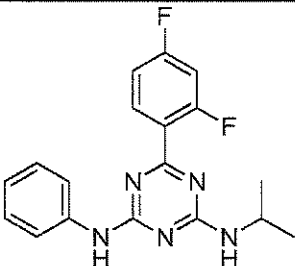
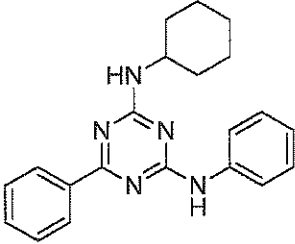
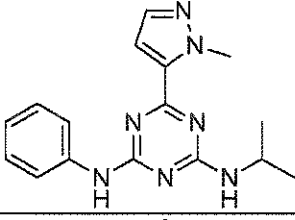
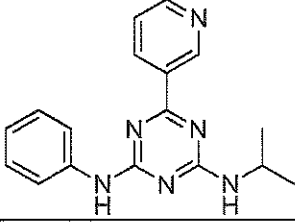
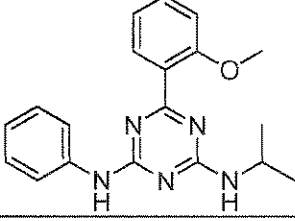
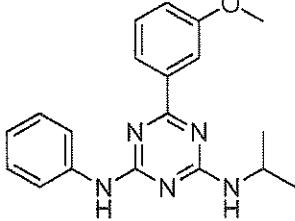
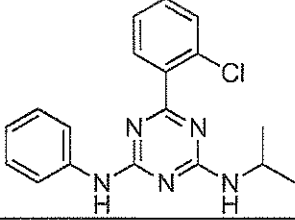
In certain embodiments of Formula II, the moiety represented by $\text{C}(\text{R}^{1a})(\text{R}^{2a})(\text{R}^{3a})$ is selected from 2-methylcyclopropyl, $-(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_3$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, $-\text{CH}_2$ -cyclopropyl, isopropyl, and t-butyl.

Further embodiments provided herein include combinations of one or more of the particular embodiments set forth above.

In another embodiment, the compound is selected from any one of the compounds set forth in Table 1, below.

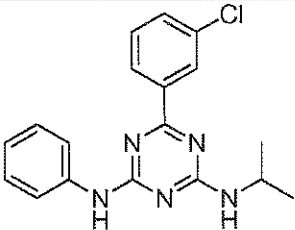
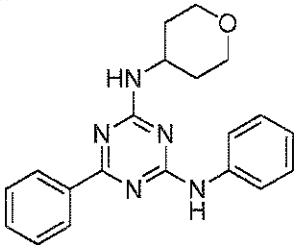
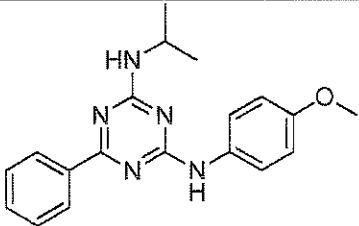
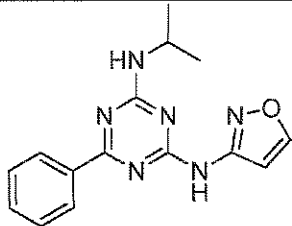
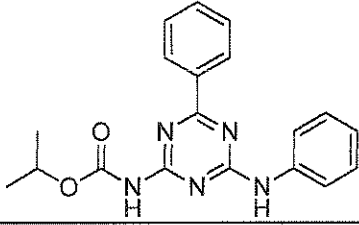
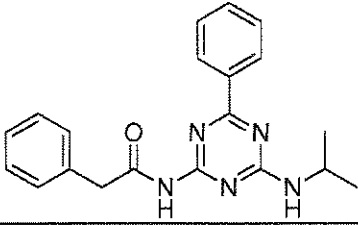
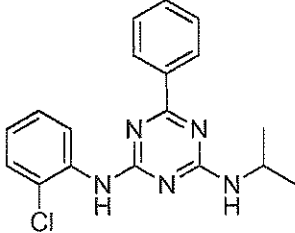
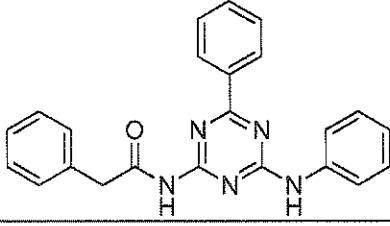
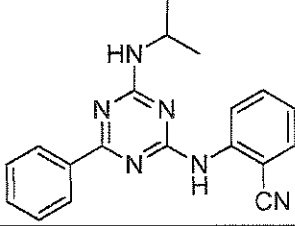
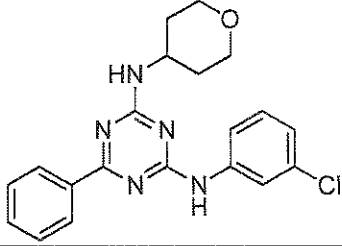
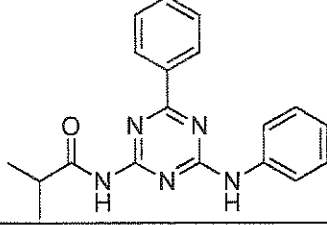
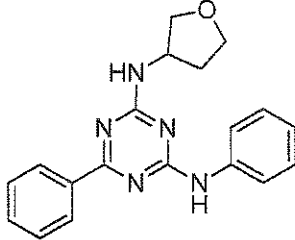
Table 1. Representative Compounds

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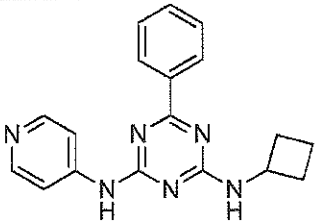
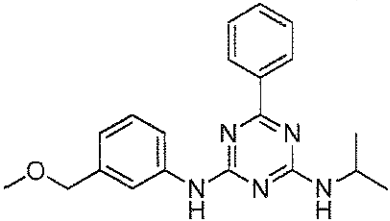
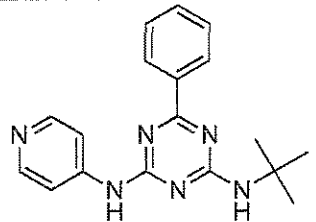
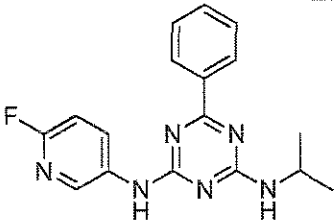
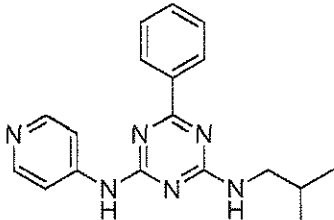
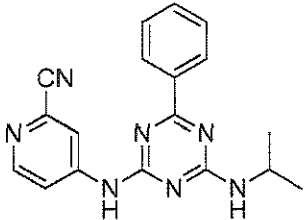
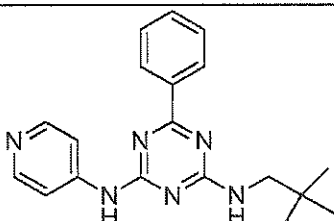
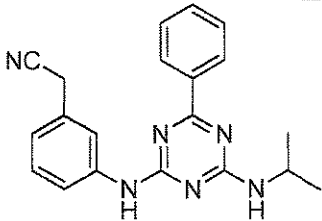
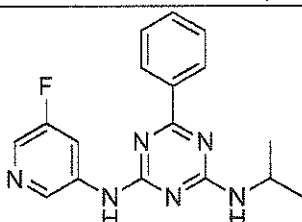
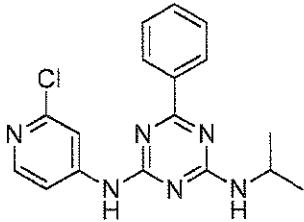
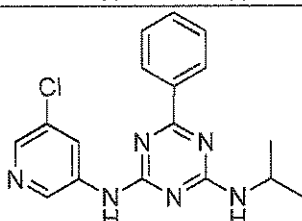
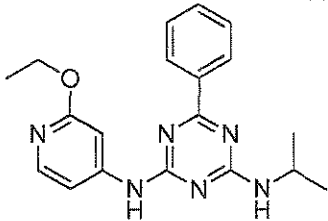
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115		121	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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123		133	
126		135	
128		137	
129		139	
130		140	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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148		156	

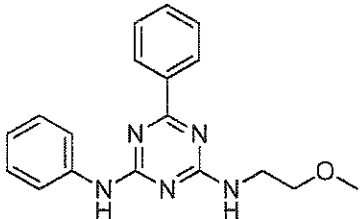
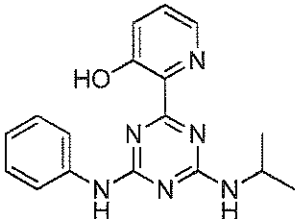
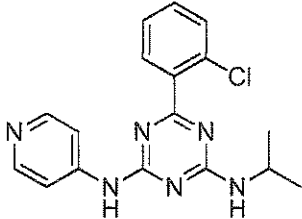
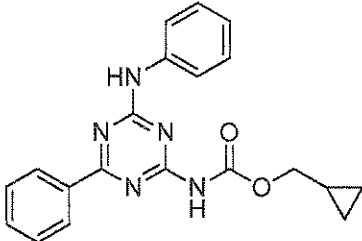
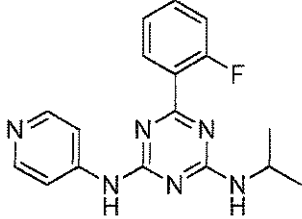
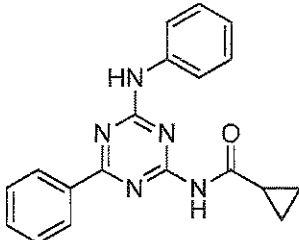
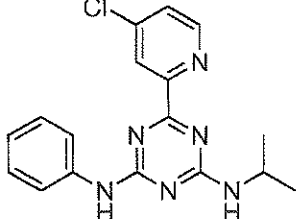
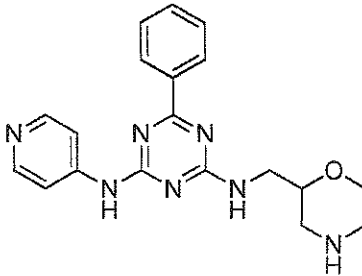
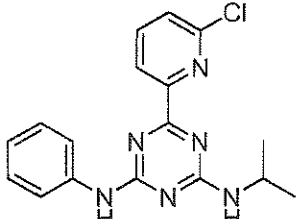
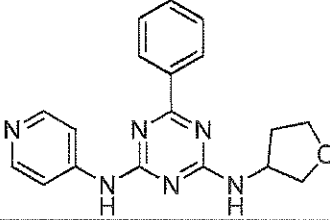
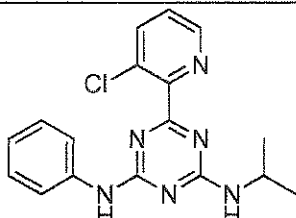
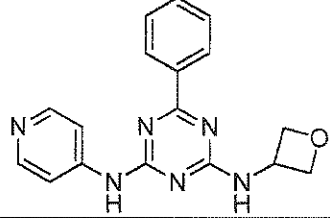
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167		174	

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181		187	

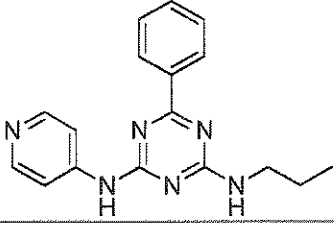
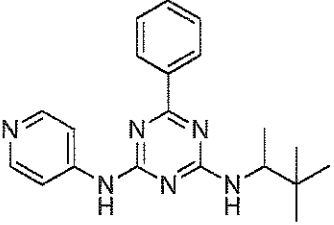
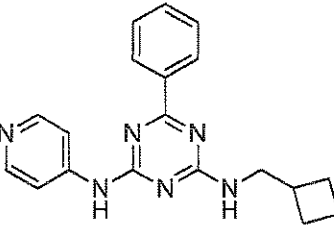
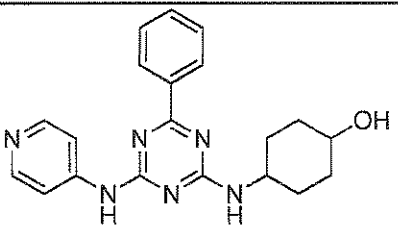
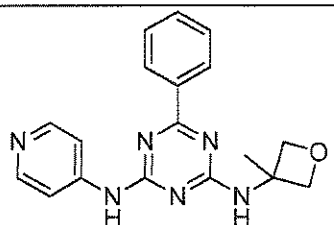
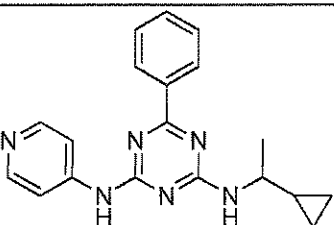
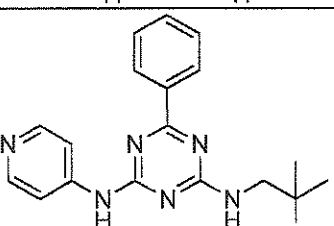
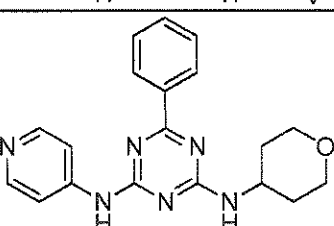
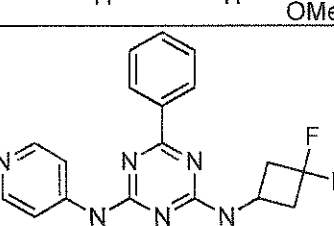
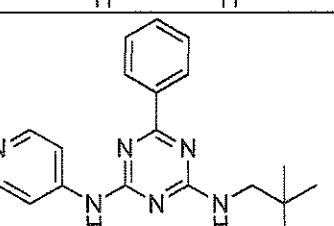
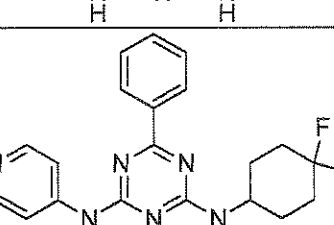
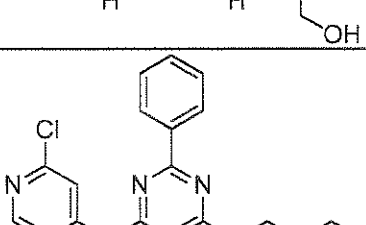
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204		210	
205		211	
206		212	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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216		222	
217		223	
218		224	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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226		232	
227		233	
228		234	
229		235	
230		236	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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242		248	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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252		258	
253		259	
254		260	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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264		270	
265		271	
266		272	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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277		283	
278		284	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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290		296	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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301		308	
302		309	

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314		320	
315		321	

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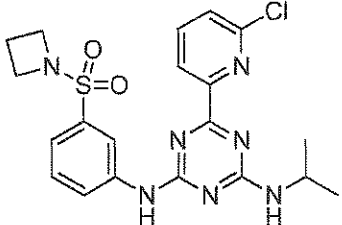
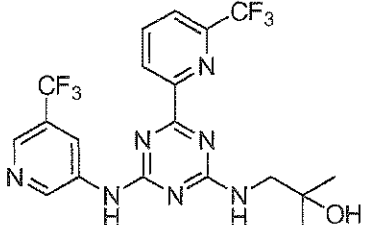
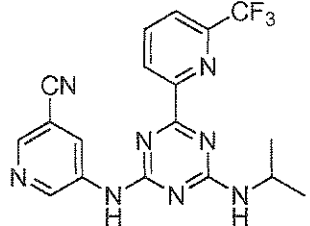
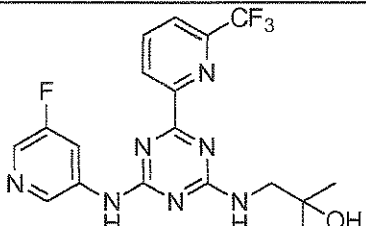
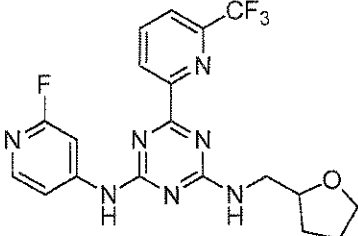
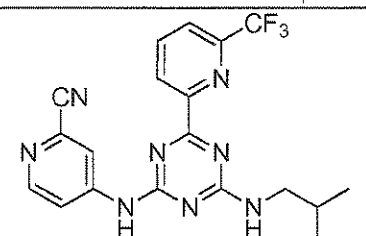
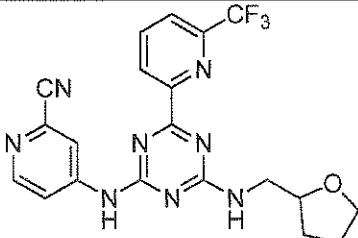
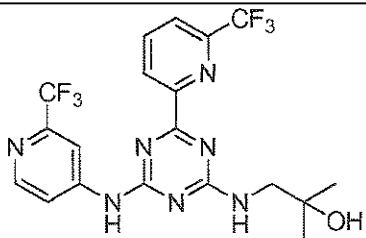
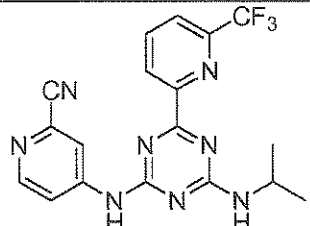
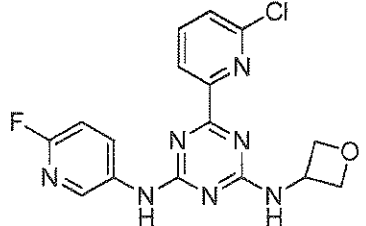
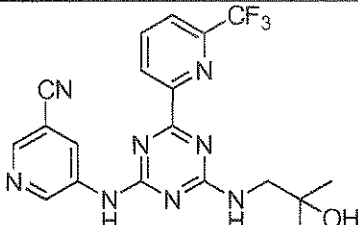
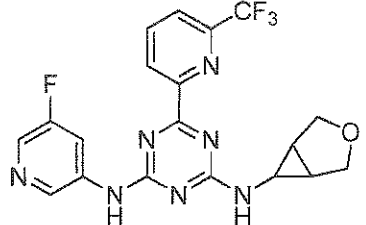
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Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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393		399	

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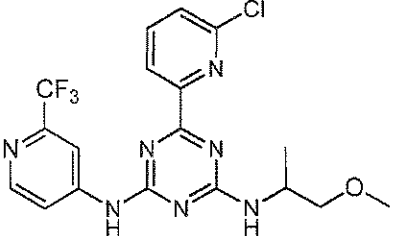
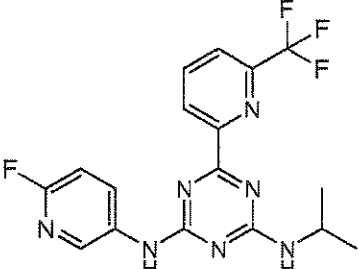
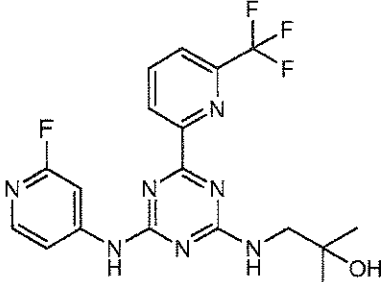
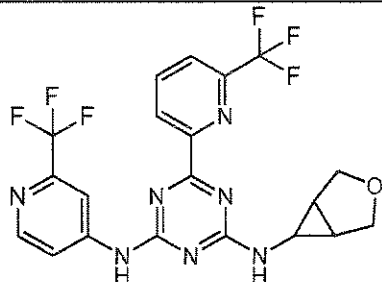
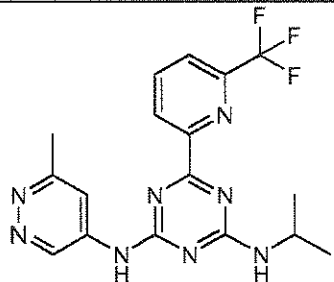
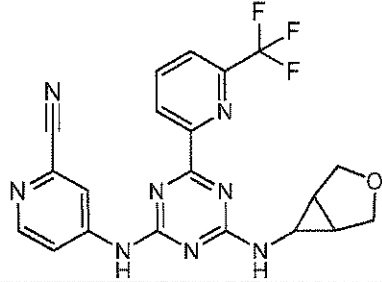
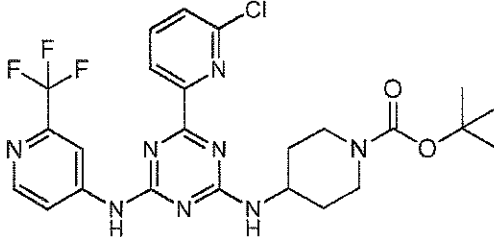
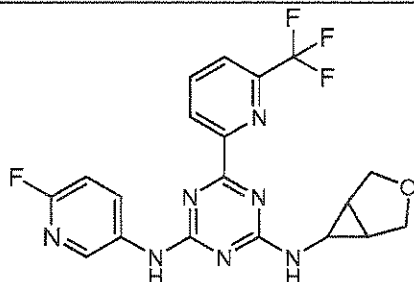
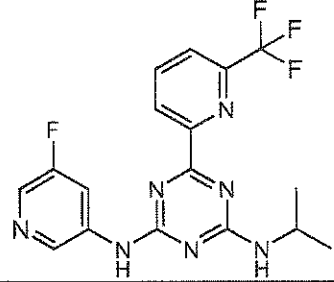
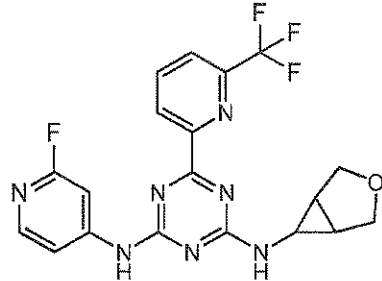
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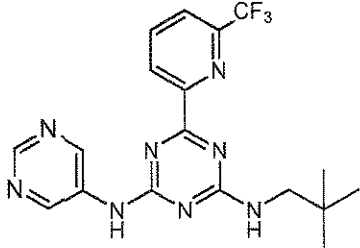
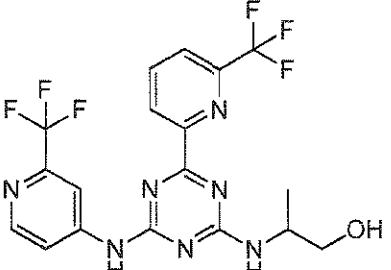
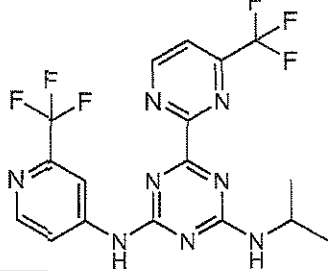
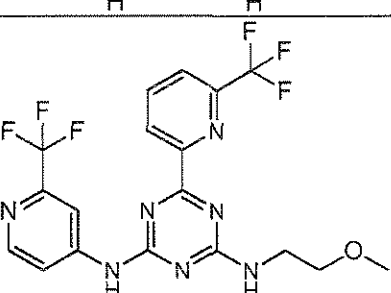
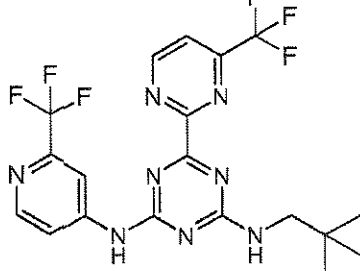
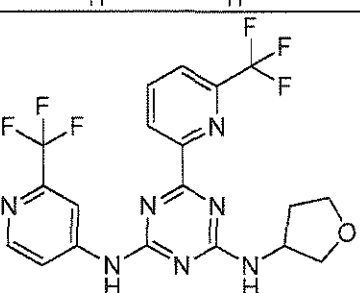
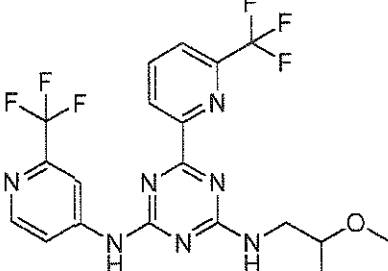
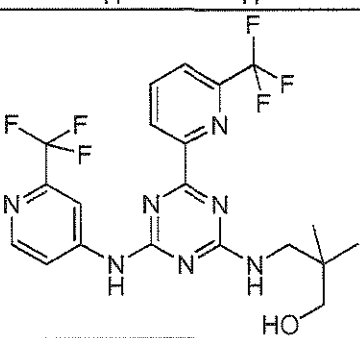
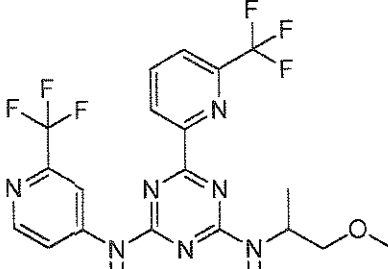
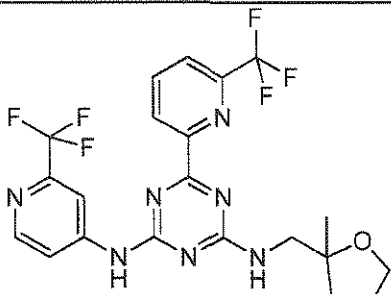
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Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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493		498	
494		499	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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504		509	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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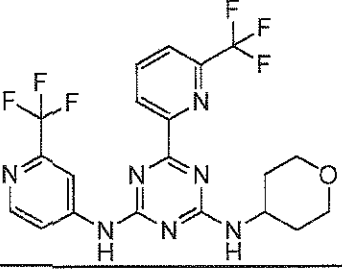
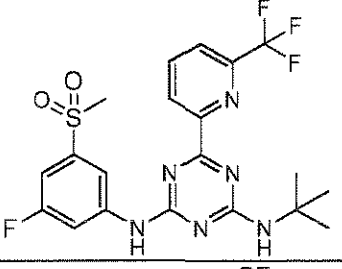
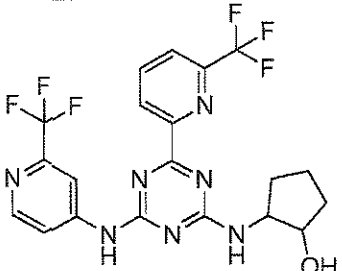
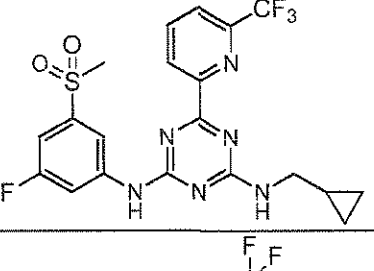
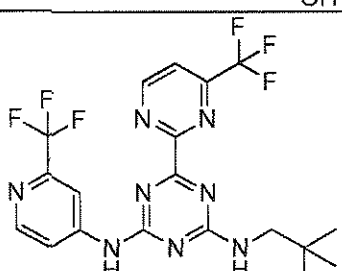
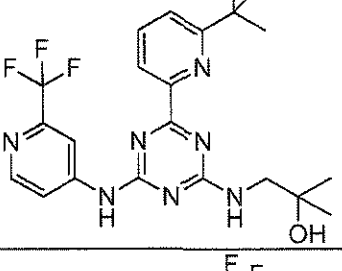
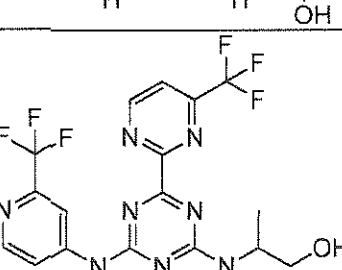
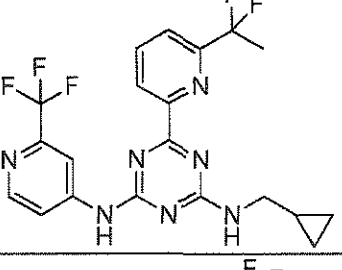
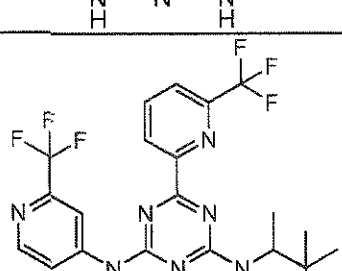
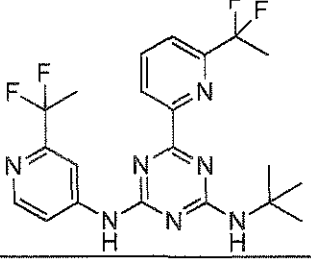
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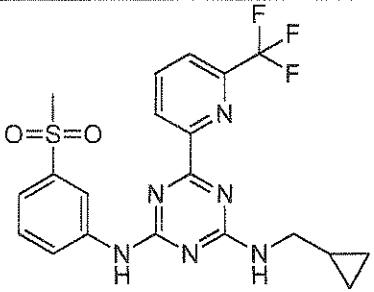
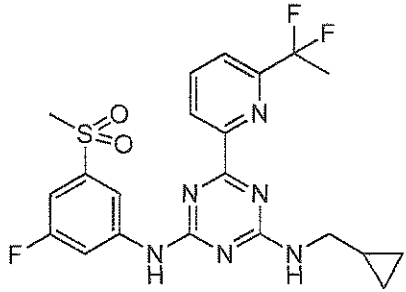
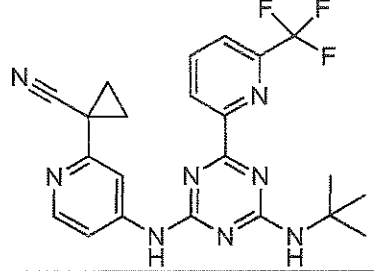
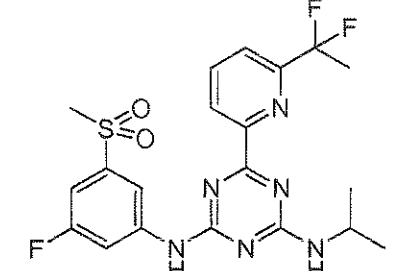
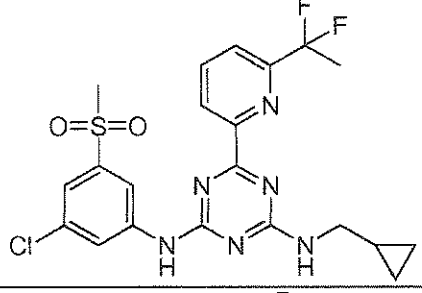
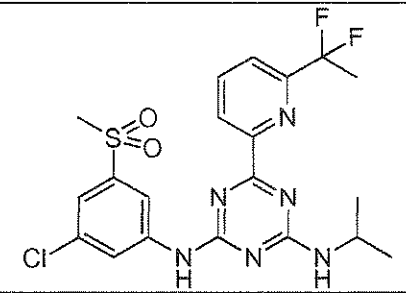
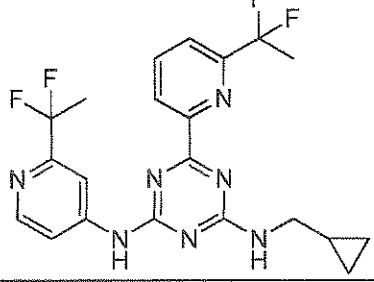
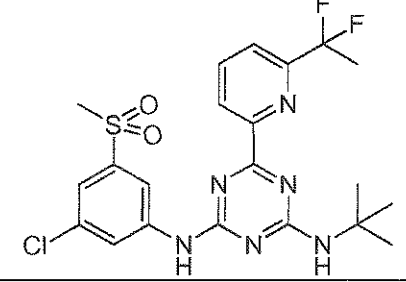
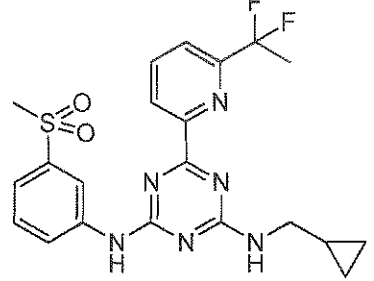
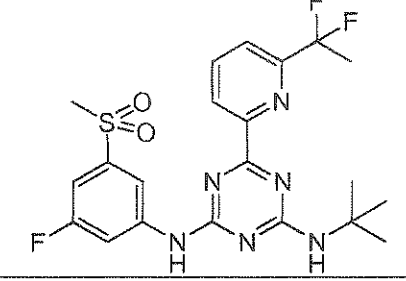
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Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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580		585	
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Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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590		595	
591		596	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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600		605	
601		606	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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610		615	
611		616	

Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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Cmpd No	Structure	Cmpd No	Structure
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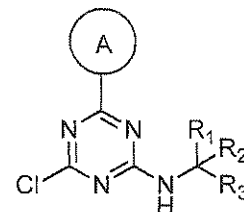
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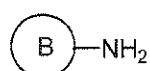
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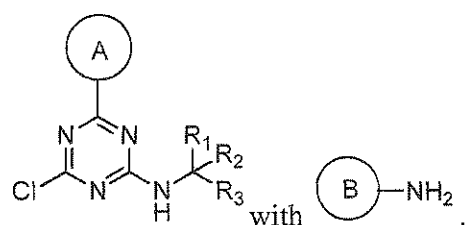
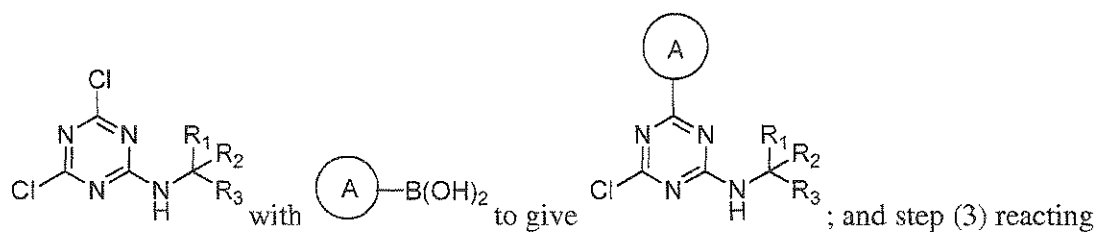
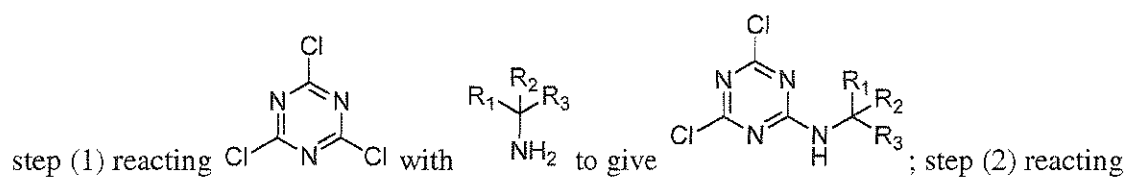
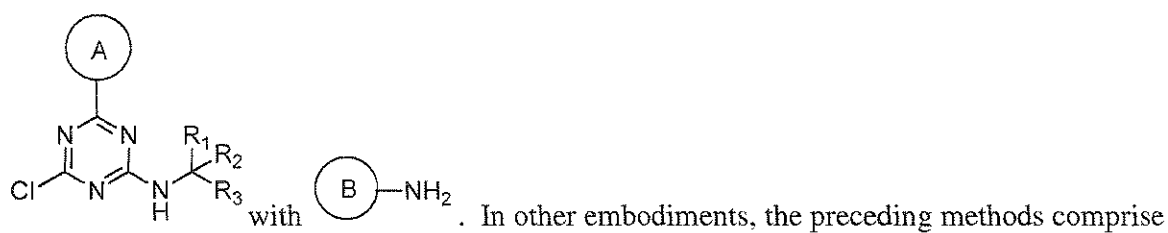
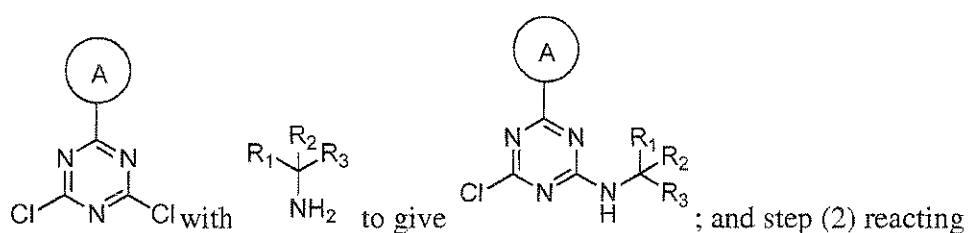
Included herein are also methods for making compounds of Formula I or a compound of



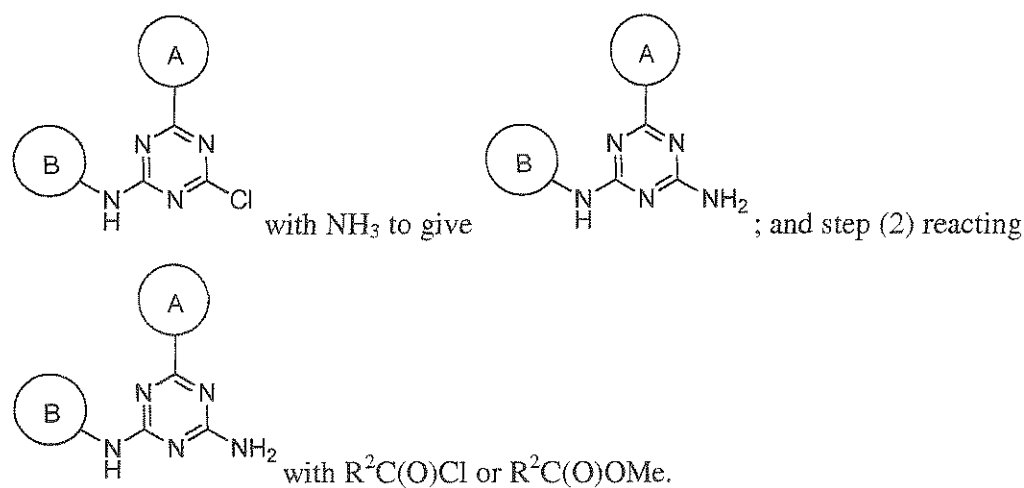
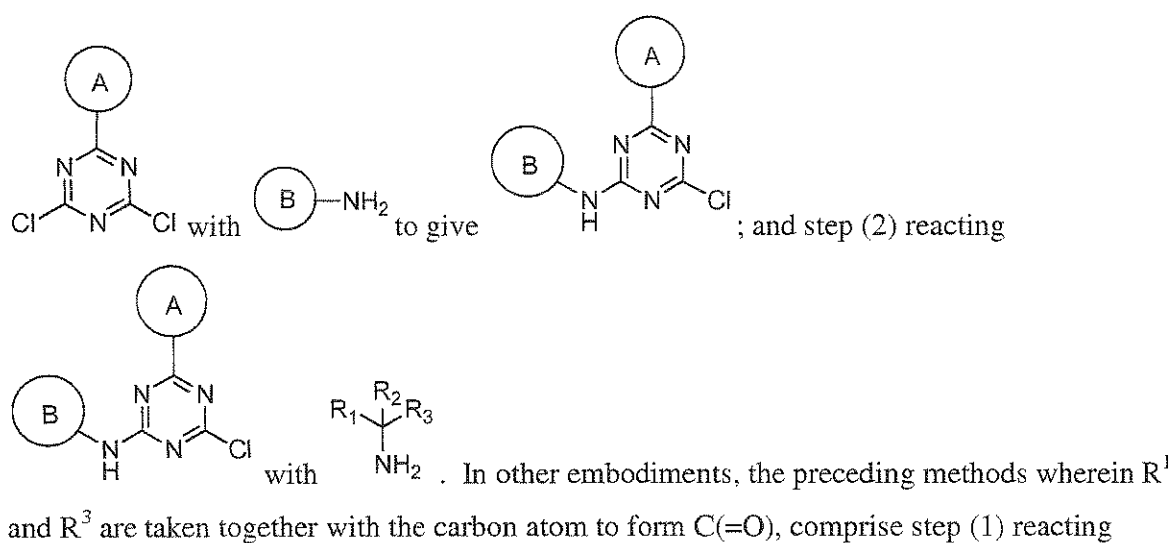
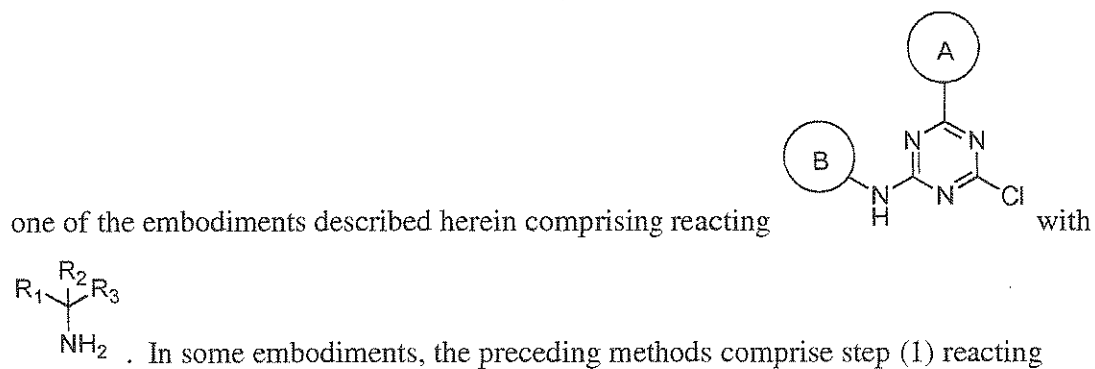
any one of the embodiments described herein comprising reacting



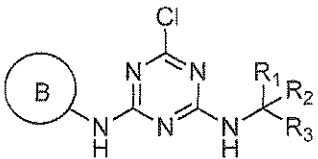
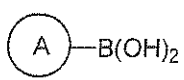
. In some embodiments, the preceding methods comprise step (1) reacting

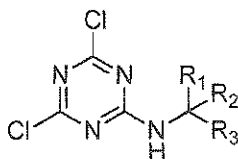
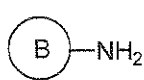
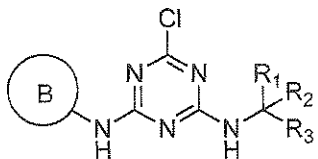


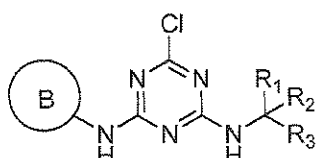
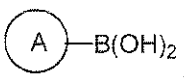
Also included are methods for making compounds of Formula I or a compound of any



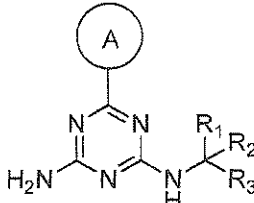
Also included are methods for making compounds of Formula I or a compound of any

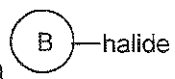
one of the embodiments described herein comprising reacting  with . In some embodiments, the preceding methods comprise step (1) reacting

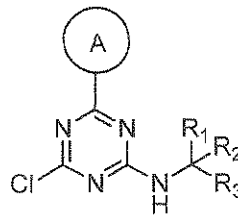
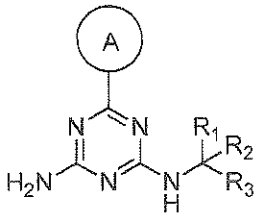
 with  to give ; and step (2) reacting

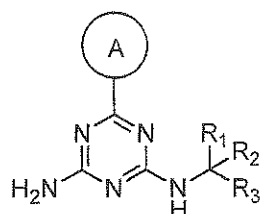
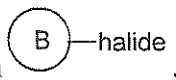
 with .

Also included are methods for making compounds of Formula I or a compound of any

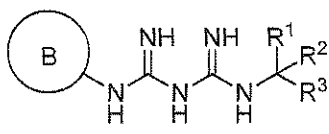
one of the embodiments described herein comprising reacting  with

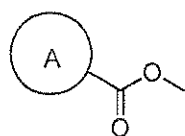
. In some embodiments, the preceding methods comprise step (1) reacting

 with NH_3 to give ; and step (2) reacting

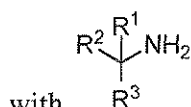
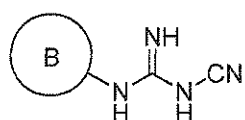
 with .

Also included are methods for making compounds of Formula I or a compound of any

one of the embodiments described herein comprising reacting  with

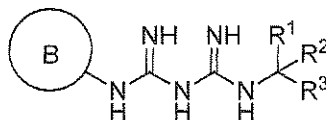


. In some embodiments, the preceding methods comprise step (1) reacting

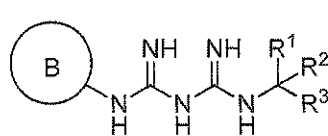


with

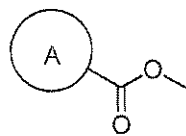
to give



; and step (2) reacting

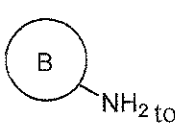
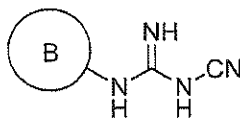


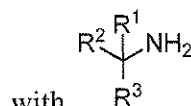
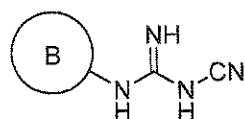
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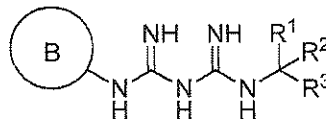
In other embodiments, the preceding methods

comprise step (1) converting  to ; step (2) reacting

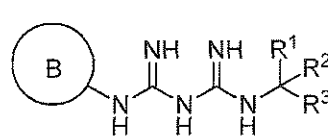


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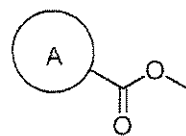
to give



; and step (3) reacting



with



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The compounds of one aspect of this invention may contain one or more asymmetric centers and thus occur as racemates, racemic mixtures, scalemic mixtures, and diastereomeric mixtures, as well as single enantiomers or individual stereoisomers that are substantially free from another possible enantiomer or stereoisomer. The term "substantially free of other stereoisomers" as used herein means a preparation enriched in a compound having a selected stereochemistry at one or more selected stereocenters by at least about 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99%. The term "enriched" means that at least the designated percentage of a preparation is the compound having a selected stereochemistry at one or more selected stereocenters. Methods of obtaining or synthesizing an individual enantiomer

or stereoisomer for a given compound are known in the art and may be applied as practicable to final compounds or to starting material or intermediates.

In certain embodiments, the compound of Formula I or II is enriched for a structure or structures having a selected stereochemistry at one or more carbon atoms. For example, the compound is enriched in the specific stereoisomer by at least about 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99%.

The compounds of Formula I or II may also comprise one or more isotopic substitutions. For example, H may be in any isotopic form, including ^1H , ^2H (D or deuterium), and ^3H (T or tritium); C may be in any isotopic form, including ^{12}C , ^{13}C , and ^{14}C ; O may be in any isotopic form, including ^{16}O and ^{18}O ; and the like. For example, the compound is enriched in a specific isotopic form of H, C and/or O by at least about 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99%.

Unless otherwise indicated when a disclosed compound is named or depicted by a structure without specifying the stereochemistry and has one or more chiral centers, it is understood to represent all possible stereoisomers of the compound.

The compounds of one aspect of this invention may also be represented in multiple tautomeric forms, in such instances, one aspect of the invention expressly includes all tautomeric forms of the compounds described herein, even though only a single tautomeric form may be represented (e.g., alkylation of a ring system may result in alkylation at multiple sites, one aspect of the invention expressly includes all such reaction products; and keto-enol tautomers). All such isomeric forms of such compounds are expressly included herein.

It may be convenient or desirable to prepare, purify, and/or handle a corresponding salt of the active compound, for example, a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts are discussed in Berge *et al.*, 1977, "Pharmaceutically Acceptable Salts." J. Pharm. Sci. Vol. 66, pp. 1-19.

For example, if the compound is anionic, or has a functional group which may be anionic (e.g., $-\text{COOH}$ may be $-\text{COO}^-$), then a salt may be formed with a suitable cation. Examples of suitable inorganic cations include, but are not limited to, alkali metal ions such as Na^+ and K^+ , alkaline earth cations such as Ca^{2+} and Mg^{2+} , and other cations such as Al^{3+} . Examples of suitable organic cations include, but are not limited to, ammonium ion (*i.e.*, NH_4^+) and

substituted ammonium ions (*e.g.*, NH_3R^+ , NH_2R^{2+} , NHR^{3+} , NR^{4+}). Examples of some suitable substituted ammonium ions are those derived from: ethylamine, diethylamine, dicyclohexylamine, triethylamine, butylamine, ethylenediamine, ethanolamine, diethanolamine, piperazine, benzylamine, phenylbenzylamine, choline, meglumine, and tromethamine, as well as amino acids, such as lysine and arginine. An example of a common quaternary ammonium ion is $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_4^+$.

If the compound is cationic, or has a functional group that may be cationic (*e.g.*, $-\text{NH}_2$ may be $-\text{NH}_3^+$), then a salt may be formed with a suitable anion. Examples of suitable inorganic anions include, but are not limited to, those derived from the following inorganic acids: hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, sulfuric, sulfurous, nitric, nitrous, phosphoric, and phosphorous.

Examples of suitable organic anions include, but are not limited to, those derived from the following organic acids: 2-acetoxybenzoic, acetic, ascorbic, aspartic, benzoic, camphorsulfonic, cinnamic, citric, edetic, ethanedisulfonic, ethanesulfonic, fumaric, glucoheptonic, gluconic, glutamic, glycolic, hydroxymaleic, hydroxynaphthalene carboxylic, isethionic, lactic, lactobionic, lauric, maleic, malic, methanesulfonic, mucic, oleic, oxalic, palmitic, pantoic, pantothenic, phenylacetic, phenylsulfonic, propionic, pyruvic, salicylic, stearic, succinic, sulfanilic, tartaric, toluenesulfonic, and valeric. Mesylates of each compound in Table 1 are explicitly included herein. Examples of suitable polymeric organic anions include, but are not limited to, those derived from the following polymeric acids: tannic acid, carboxymethyl cellulose.

The compounds provided herein therefore include the compounds themselves, as well as their salts, hydrates and their prodrugs, if applicable. The compounds provided herein may be modified and converted to prodrugs by appending appropriate functionalities to enhance selected biological properties, *e.g.*, targeting to a particular tissue. Such modifications (*i.e.*, prodrugs) are known in the art and include those which increase biological penetration into a given biological compartment (*e.g.*, blood, lymphatic system, central nervous system), increase oral availability, increase solubility to allow administration by injection, alter metabolism and alter rate of excretion. Examples of prodrugs include esters (*e.g.*, phosphates, amino acid (*e.g.*, valine) esters), carbamates and other pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives, which, upon

administration to a subject, are capable of providing active compounds. Calcium and sodium phosphates of each compound in Table 1, if applicable, are explicitly included herein. Amino acid (e.g., valine) esters of each compound in Table 1, if applicable, are explicitly included herein.

Compositions and routes of administration

The compounds utilized in the methods described herein may be formulated together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or adjuvant into pharmaceutically acceptable compositions prior to be administered to a subject. In another embodiment, such pharmaceutically acceptable compositions further comprise additional therapeutic agents in amounts effective for achieving a modulation of disease or disease symptoms, including those described herein.

The term “pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or adjuvant” refers to a carrier or adjuvant that may be administered to a subject, together with a compound of one aspect of this invention, and which does not destroy the pharmacological activity thereof and is nontoxic when administered in doses sufficient to deliver a therapeutic amount of the compound.

Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, adjuvants and vehicles that may be used in the pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention include, but are not limited to, ion exchangers, alumina, aluminum stearate, lecithin, self-emulsifying drug delivery systems (SEDDS) such as d- α -tocopherol polyethyleneglycol 1000 succinate, surfactants used in pharmaceutical dosage forms such as Tweens or other similar polymeric delivery matrices, serum proteins, such as human serum albumin, buffer substances such as phosphates, glycine, sorbic acid, potassium sorbate, partial glyceride mixtures of saturated vegetable fatty acids, water, salts or electrolytes, such as protamine sulfate, disodium hydrogen phosphate, potassium hydrogen phosphate, sodium chloride, zinc salts, colloidal silica, magnesium trisilicate, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, cellulose-based substances, polyethylene glycol, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, polyacrylates, waxes, polyethylene-polyoxypropylene-block polymers, polyethylene glycol and wool fat. Cyclodextrins such as α -, β -, and γ -cyclodextrin, or chemically modified derivatives such as hydroxyalkylcyclodextrins, including 2- and 3-hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins, or other solubilized derivatives may also be advantageously used to enhance delivery of compounds of the formulae described herein.

The pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention may be administered orally, parenterally, by inhalation spray, topically, rectally, nasally, buccally, vaginally or via an implanted reservoir, preferably by oral administration or administration by injection. The pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention may contain any conventional non-toxic pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers, adjuvants or vehicles. In some cases, the pH of the formulation may be adjusted with pharmaceutically acceptable acids, bases or buffers to enhance the stability of the formulated compound or its delivery form. The term parenteral as used herein includes subcutaneous, intracutaneous, intravenous, intramuscular, intraarticular, intraarterial, intrasynovial, intrasternal, intrathecal, intralesional and intracranial injection or infusion techniques.

The pharmaceutical compositions may be in the form of a sterile injectable preparation, for example, as a sterile injectable aqueous or oleaginous suspension. This suspension may be formulated according to techniques known in the art using suitable dispersing or wetting agents (such as, for example, Tween 80) and suspending agents. The sterile injectable preparation may also be a sterile injectable solution or suspension in a non-toxic parenterally acceptable diluent or solvent, for example, as a solution in 1,3-butanediol. Among the acceptable vehicles and solvents that may be employed are mannitol, water, Ringer's solution and isotonic sodium chloride solution. In addition, sterile, fixed oils are conventionally employed as a solvent or suspending medium. For this purpose, any bland fixed oil may be employed including synthetic mono- or diglycerides. Fatty acids, such as oleic acid and its glyceride derivatives are useful in the preparation of injectables, as are natural pharmaceutically-acceptable oils, such as olive oil or castor oil, especially in their polyoxyethylated versions. These oil solutions or suspensions may also contain a long-chain alcohol diluent or dispersant, or carboxymethyl cellulose or similar dispersing agents which are commonly used in the formulation of pharmaceutically acceptable dosage forms such as emulsions and or suspensions. Other commonly used surfactants such as Tweens or Spans and/or other similar emulsifying agents or bioavailability enhancers which are commonly used in the manufacture of pharmaceutically acceptable solid, liquid, or other dosage forms may also be used for the purposes of formulation.

The pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention may be orally administered in any orally acceptable dosage form including, but not limited to, capsules, tablets,

emulsions and aqueous suspensions, dispersions and solutions. In the case of tablets for oral use, carriers which are commonly used include lactose and corn starch. Lubricating agents, such as magnesium stearate, are also typically added. For oral administration in a capsule form, useful diluents include lactose and dried corn starch. When aqueous suspensions and/or emulsions are administered orally, the active ingredient may be suspended or dissolved in an oily phase is combined with emulsifying and/or suspending agents. If desired, certain sweetening and/or flavoring and/or coloring agents may be added.

The pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention may also be administered in the form of suppositories for rectal administration. These compositions can be prepared by mixing a compound of one aspect of this invention with a suitable non-irritating excipient which is solid at room temperature but liquid at the rectal temperature and therefore will melt in the rectum to release the active components. Such materials include, but are not limited to, cocoa butter, beeswax and polyethylene glycols.

Topical administration of the pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention is useful when the desired treatment involves areas or organs readily accessible by topical application. For application topically to the skin, the pharmaceutical composition should be formulated with a suitable ointment containing the active components suspended or dissolved in a carrier. Carriers for topical administration of the compounds of one aspect of this invention include, but are not limited to, mineral oil, liquid petroleum, white petroleum, propylene glycol, polyoxyethylene polyoxypropylene compound, emulsifying wax and water. Alternatively, the pharmaceutical composition can be formulated with a suitable lotion or cream containing the active compound suspended or dissolved in a carrier with suitable emulsifying agents. Suitable carriers include, but are not limited to, mineral oil, sorbitan monostearate, polysorbate 60, cetyl esters wax, cetearyl alcohol, 2-octyldodecanol, benzyl alcohol and water. The pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention may also be topically applied to the lower intestinal tract by rectal suppository formulation or in a suitable enema formulation.

Topically-transdermal patches are also included in one aspect of this invention.

The pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention may be administered by nasal aerosol or inhalation. Such compositions are prepared according to techniques well-known in the art of pharmaceutical formulation and may be prepared as solutions in saline, employing

benzyl alcohol or other suitable preservatives, absorption promoters to enhance bioavailability, fluorocarbons, and/or other solubilizing or dispersing agents known in the art.

When the compositions of one aspect of this invention comprise a combination of a compound of the formulae described herein and one or more additional therapeutic or prophylactic agents, both the compound and the additional agent should be present at dosage levels of between about 1 to 100%, and more preferably between about 5 to 95% of the dosage normally administered in a monotherapy regimen. The additional agents may be administered separately, as part of a multiple dose regimen, from the compounds of one aspect of this invention. Alternatively, those agents may be part of a single dosage form, mixed together with the compounds of one aspect of this invention in a single composition.

The compounds described herein can, for example, be administered by injection, intravenously, intraarterially, subdermally, intraperitoneally, intramuscularly, or subcutaneously; or orally, buccally, nasally, transmucosally, topically, in an ophthalmic preparation, or by inhalation, with a dosage ranging from about 0.5 to about 100 mg/kg of body weight, alternatively dosages between 1 mg and 1000 mg/dose, every 4 to 120 hours, or according to the requirements of the particular drug. The methods herein contemplate administration of an effective amount of compound or compound composition to achieve the desired or stated effect. Typically, the pharmaceutical compositions of one aspect of this invention will be administered from about 1 to about 6 times per day or alternatively, as a continuous infusion. Such administration can be used as a chronic or acute therapy. The amount of active ingredient that may be combined with the carrier materials to produce a single dosage form will vary depending upon the host treated and the particular mode of administration. A typical preparation will contain from about 5% to about 95% active compound (w/w). Alternatively, such preparations contain from about 20% to about 80% active compound.

Lower or higher doses than those recited above may be required. Specific dosage and treatment regimens for any particular subject will depend upon a variety of factors, including the activity of the specific compound employed, the age, body weight, general health status, sex, diet, time of administration, rate of excretion, drug combination, the severity and course of the disease, condition or symptoms, the subject's disposition to the disease, condition or symptoms, and the judgment of the treating physician.

Upon improvement of a subject's condition, a maintenance dose of a compound, composition or combination of one aspect of this invention may be administered, if necessary. Subsequently, the dosage or frequency of administration, or both, may be reduced, as a function of the symptoms, to a level at which the improved condition is retained when the symptoms have been alleviated to the desired level. Subjects may, however, require intermittent treatment on a long-term basis upon any recurrence of disease symptoms.

The pharmaceutical compositions described above comprising a compound of Structural Formula I or II or a compound described in any one of the embodiments herein, may further comprise another therapeutic agent useful for treating cancer.

Methods of Use

The inhibitory activities of the compounds provided herein against IDH2 mutants (e.g., IDH2R140Q and IDH2R172K) can be tested by methods described in Example 12 or analogous methods.

Provided is a method for inhibiting a mutant IDH2 activity comprising contacting a subject in need thereof with a compound of Structural Formula I or II, a compound described in any one of the embodiments herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. In one embodiment, the cancer to be treated is characterized by a mutant allele of IDH2 wherein the IDH2 mutation results in a new ability of the enzyme to catalyze the NAPH-dependent reduction of α -ketoglutarate to *R*(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate in a subject. In one aspect of this embodiment, the mutant IDH2 has an R140X mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R140X mutation is a R140Q mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R140X mutation is a R140W mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R140X mutation is a R140L mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the mutant IDH2 has an R172X mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R172X mutation is a R172K mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R172X mutation is a R172G mutation.

Also provided are methods of treating a cancer characterized by the presence of a mutant allele of IDH2 comprising the step of administering to subject in need thereof (a) a compound of Structural Formula I or II, a compound described in any one of the embodiments herein, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or (b) a pharmaceutical composition comprising (a) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In one embodiment, the cancer to be treated is characterized by a mutant allele of IDH2 wherein the IDH2 mutation results in a new ability of the enzyme to catalyze the NAPH-dependent reduction of α -ketoglutarate to *R*(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate in a patient. In one aspect of this embodiment, the mutant IDH2 has an R140X mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R140X mutation is a R140Q mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R140X mutation is a R140W mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R140X mutation is a R140L mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the mutant IDH2 has an R172X mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R172X mutation is a R172K mutation. In another aspect of this embodiment, the R172X mutation is a R172G mutation. A cancer can be analyzed by sequencing cell samples to determine the presence and specific nature of (e.g., the changed amino acid present at) a mutation at amino acid 140 and/or 172 of IDH2.

Without being bound by theory, applicants believe that mutant alleles of IDH2 wherein the IDH2 mutation results in a new ability of the enzyme to catalyze the NAPH-dependent reduction of α -ketoglutarate to *R*(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate, and in particular R140Q and/or R172K mutations of IDH2, characterize a subset of all types of cancers, without regard to their cellular nature or location in the body. Thus, the compounds and methods of one aspect of this invention are useful to treat any type of cancer that is characterized by the presence of a mutant allele of IDH2 imparting such activity and in particular an IDH2 R140Q and/or R172K mutation.

In one aspect of this embodiment, the efficacy of cancer treatment is monitored by measuring the levels of 2HG in the subject. Typically levels of 2HG are measured prior to treatment, wherein an elevated level is indicated for the use of the compound of Formula I or II or a compound described in any one of the embodiments described herein to treat the cancer. Once the elevated levels are established, the level of 2HG is determined during the course of and/or following termination of treatment to establish efficacy. In certain embodiments, the level of 2HG is only determined during the course of and/or following termination of treatment. A reduction of 2HG levels during the course of treatment and following treatment is indicative of efficacy. Similarly, a determination that 2HG levels are not elevated during the course of or following treatment is also indicative of efficacy. Typically, these 2HG measurements will be utilized together with other well-known determinations of efficacy of cancer treatment, such as reduction in number and size of tumors and/or other cancer-associated lesions, improvement

in the general health of the subject, and alterations in other biomarkers that are associated with cancer treatment efficacy.

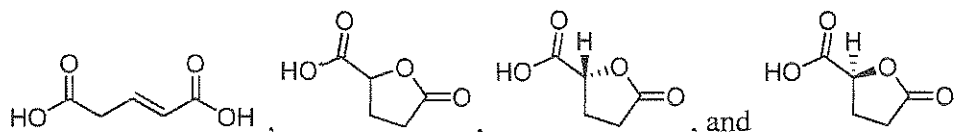
2HG can be detected in a sample by LC/MS. The sample is mixed 80:20 with methanol, and centrifuged at 3,000 rpm for 20 minutes at 4 degrees Celsius. The resulting supernatant can be collected and stored at -80 degrees Celsius prior to LC-MS/MS to assess 2-hydroxyglutarate levels. A variety of different liquid chromatography (LC) separation methods can be used. Each method can be coupled by negative electrospray ionization (ESI, -3.0 kV) to triple-quadrupole mass spectrometers operating in multiple reaction monitoring (MRM) mode, with MS parameters optimized on infused metabolite standard solutions. Metabolites can be separated by reversed phase chromatography using 10 mM tributyl-amine as an ion pairing agent in the aqueous mobile phase, according to a variant of a previously reported method (Luo *et al. J Chromatogr A* 1147, 153-64, 2007). One method allows resolution of TCA metabolites: t = 0, 50% B; t = 5, 95% B; t = 7, 95% B; t = 8, 0% B, where B refers to an organic mobile phase of 100% methanol. Another method is specific for 2-hydroxyglutarate, running a fast linear gradient from 50% -95% B (buffers as defined above) over 5 minutes. A Synergi Hydro-RP, 100mm × 2 mm, 2.1 μm particle size (Phenomenex) can be used as the column, as described above. Metabolites can be quantified by comparison of peak areas with pure metabolite standards at known concentration. Metabolite flux studies from ¹³C-glutamine can be performed as described, *e.g.*, in Munger *et al. Nat Biotechnol* 26, 1179-86, 2008.

In one embodiment 2HG is directly evaluated.

In another embodiment a derivative of 2HG formed in process of performing the analytic method is evaluated. By way of example such a derivative can be a derivative formed in MS analysis. Derivatives can include a salt adduct, *e.g.*, a Na adduct, a hydration variant, or a hydration variant which is also a salt adduct, *e.g.*, a Na adduct, *e.g.*, as formed in MS analysis.

In another embodiment a metabolic derivative of 2HG is evaluated. Examples include species that build up or are elevated, or reduced, as a result of the presence of 2HG, such as glutarate or glutamate that will be correlated to 2HG, *e.g.*, R-2HG.

Exemplary 2HG derivatives include dehydrated derivatives such as the compounds provided below or a salt adduct thereof:



In one embodiment the cancer is a tumor wherein at least 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80 or 90% of the tumor cells carry an IDH2 mutation, and in particular an IDH2 R140Q, R140W, or R140L and/or R172K or R172G mutation, at the time of diagnosis or treatment.

In another embodiment, one aspect of the invention provides a method of treating a cancer selected from glioblastoma (glioma), myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), sarcoma, melanoma, non-small cell lung cancer, chondrosarcoma, cholangiocarcinomas or angioimmunoblastic lymphoma in a patient by administering to the patient a compound of Formula I or Formula II in an amount effective to treat the cancer. In a more specific embodiment the cancer to be treated is glioma, myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), melanoma, chondrosarcoma, or angioimmunoblastic non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL).

2HG is known to accumulate in the inherited metabolic disorder 2-hydroxyglutaric aciduria. This disease is caused by deficiency in the enzyme 2-hydroxyglutarate dehydrogenase, which converts 2HG to α -KG (Struys, E. A. et al. *Am J Hum Genet* 76, 358-60 (2005)). Patients with 2-hydroxyglutarate dehydrogenase deficiencies accumulate 2HG in the brain as assessed by MRI and CSF analysis, develop leukoencephalopathy, and have an increased risk of developing brain tumors (Aghili, M., Zahedi, F. & Rafiee, J *Neurooncol* 91, 233-6 (2009); Kolker, S., Mayatepek, E. & Hoffmann, G. F. *Neuropediatrics* 33, 225-31 (2002); Wajner, M., Latini, A., Wyse, A. T. & Dutra-Filho, C. S. *J Inherit Metab Dis* 27, 427-48 (2004)). Furthermore, elevated brain levels of 2HG result in increased ROS levels (Kolker, S. et al. *Eur J Neurosci* 16, 21-8 (2002); Latini, A. et al. *Eur J Neurosci* 17, 2017-22 (2003)), potentially contributing to an increased risk of cancer. The ability of 2HG to act as an NMDA receptor agonist may contribute to this effect (Kolker, S. et al. *Eur J Neurosci* 16, 21-8 (2002)). 2HG may also be toxic to cells by competitively inhibiting glutamate and/or α KG utilizing enzymes. These include transaminases which allow utilization of glutamate nitrogen for amino and nucleic acid

biosynthesis, and α KG-dependent prolyl hydroxylases such as those which regulate Hif1- α levels.

Thus, according to another embodiment, one aspect of the invention provides a method of treating 2-hydroxyglutaric aciduria, particularly D-2-hydroxyglutaric aciduria, in a patient by administering to the patient a compound of Structural Formula I or II or a compound described in any one of the embodiments described herein.

Treatment methods described herein can additionally comprise various evaluation steps prior to and/or following treatment with a compound of Structural Formula I or II or a compound described in any one of the embodiments described herein.

In one embodiment, prior to and/or after treatment with a compound of Structural Formula I or II or a compound described in any one of the embodiments described herein, the method further comprises the step of evaluating the growth, size, weight, invasiveness, stage and/or other phenotype of the cancer.

In one embodiment, prior to and/or after treatment with a compound of Formula I or II or a compound described in any one of the embodiments described herein, the method further comprises the step of evaluating the IDH2 genotype of the cancer. This may be achieved by ordinary methods in the art, such as DNA sequencing, immuno analysis, and/or evaluation of the presence, distribution or level of 2HG.

In one embodiment, prior to and/or after treatment with a compound of Formula I or II or a compound described in any one of the embodiments described herein, the method further comprises the step of determining the 2HG level in the subject. This may be achieved by spectroscopic analysis, *e.g.*, magnetic resonance-based analysis, *e.g.*, MRI and/or MRS measurement, sample analysis of bodily fluid, such as serum or spinal cord fluid analysis, or by analysis of surgical material, *e.g.*, by mass-spectroscopy.

Combination therapies

In some embodiments, the methods described herein comprise the additional step of co-administering to a subject in need thereof a second therapy *e.g.*, an additional cancer therapeutic agent or an additional cancer treatment. Exemplary additional cancer therapeutic agents include for example, chemotherapy, targeted therapy, antibody therapies, immunotherapy,

and hormonal therapy. Additional cancer treatments include, for example: surgery, and radiation therapy. Examples of each of these treatments are provided below.

The term “co-administering” as used herein with respect to an additional cancer therapeutic agents means that the additional cancer therapeutic agent may be administered together with a compound of one aspect of this invention as part of a single dosage form (such as a composition of one aspect of this invention comprising a compound of one aspect of the invention and an second therapeutic agent as described above) or as separate, multiple dosage forms. Alternatively, the additional cancer therapeutic agent may be administered prior to, consecutively with, or following the administration of a compound of one aspect of this invention. In such combination therapy treatment, both the compounds of one aspect of this invention and the second therapeutic agent(s) are administered by conventional methods. The administration of a composition of one aspect of this invention, comprising both a compound of one aspect of the invention and a second therapeutic agent, to a subject does not preclude the separate administration of that same therapeutic agent, any other second therapeutic agent or any compound of one aspect of this invention to said subject at another time during a course of treatment. The term “co-administering” as used herein with respect to an additional cancer treatment means that the additional cancer treatment may occur prior to, consecutively with, concurrently with or following the administration of a compound of one aspect of this invention.

In some embodiments, the additional cancer therapeutic agent is a chemotherapy agent. Examples of chemotherapeutic agents used in cancer therapy include, for example, antimetabolites (*e.g.*, folic acid, purine, and pyrimidine derivatives), alkylating agents (*e.g.*, nitrogen mustards, nitrosoureas, platinum, alkyl sulfonates, hydrazines, triazenes, aziridines, spindle poison, cytotoxic agents, topoisomerase inhibitors and others), and hypomethylating agents (*e.g.*, decitabine (5-aza-deoxycytidine), zebularine, isothiocyanates, azacitidine (5-azacytidine), 5-fluoro-2'-deoxycytidine, 5,6-dihydro-5-azacytidine and others). Exemplary agents include Aclarubicin, Actinomycin, Alitretinoin, Altretamine, Aminopterin, Aminolevulinic acid, Amrubicin, Amsacrine, Anagrelide, Arsenic trioxide, Asparaginase, Atrasentan, Belotecan, Bexarotene, bendamustine, Bleomycin, Bortezomib, Busulfan, Camptothecin, Capecitabine, Carboplatin, Carboquone, Carmofur, Carmustine, Celecoxib, Chlorambucil, Chlormethine, Cisplatin, Cladribine, Clofarabine, Crisantaspase,

Cyclophosphamide, Cytarabine, Dacarbazine, Dactinomycin, Daunorubicin, Decitabine, Demecolcine, Docetaxel, Doxorubicin, Efaproxiral, Elesclomol, Elsamitrucin, Enocitabine, Epirubicin, Estramustine, Etoglucid, Etoposide, Floxuridine, Fludarabine, Fluorouracil (5FU), Fotemustine, Gemcitabine, Gliadel implants, Hydroxycarbamide, Hydroxyurea, Idarubicin, Ifosfamide, Irinotecan, Irofulven, Ixabepilone, Larotaxel, Leucovorin, Liposomal doxorubicin, Liposomal daunorubicin, Lonidamine, Lomustine, Lucanthone, Mannosulfan, Masoprocol, Melphalan, Mercaptopurine, Mesna, Methotrexate, Methyl aminolevulinate, Mitobronitol, Mitoguazone, Mitotane, Mitomycin, Mitoxantrone, Nedaplatin, Nimustine, Oblimersen, Omacetaxine, Ortaxel, Oxaliplatin, Paclitaxel, Pegaspargase, Pemetrexed, Pentostatin, Pirarubicin, Pixantrone, Plicamycin, Porfimer sodium, Prednimustine, Procarbazine, Raltitrexed, Ranimustine, Rubitecan, Sapacitabine, Semustine, Sitimagene ceradenovec, Strataplatin, Streptozocin, Talaporfin, Tegafur-uracil, Temoporfin, Temozolomide, Teniposide, Tesetaxel, Testolactone, Tetranitrate, Thiotepa, Tiazofurine, Tioguanine, Tipifarnib, Topotecan, Trabectedin, Triaziquone, Triethylenemelamine, Triplatin, Tretinoin, Treosulfan, Trofosfamide, Uramustine, Valrubicin, Verteporfin, Vinblastine, Vincristine, Vindesine, Vinflunine, Vinorelbine, Vorinostat, Zorubicin, and other cytostatic or cytotoxic agents described herein.

Because some drugs work better together than alone, two or more drugs are often given at the same time. Often, two or more chemotherapy agents are used as combination chemotherapy.

In some embodiments, the additional cancer therapeutic agent is a differentiation agent. Such differentiation agent includes retinoids (such as all-trans-retinoic acid (ATRA), 9-cis retinoic acid, 13-cis-retinoic acid (13-cRA) and 4-hydroxy-phenretinamide (4-HPR)); arsenic trioxide; histone deacetylase inhibitors HDACs (such as azacytidine (Vidaza) and butyrates (e.g., sodium phenylbutyrate)); hybrid polar compounds (such as hexamethylene bisacetamide ((HMBA)); vitamin D; and cytokines (such as colony-stimulating factors including G-CSF and GM-CSF, and interferons).

In some embodiments the additional cancer therapeutic agent is a targeted therapy agent. Targeted therapy constitutes the use of agents specific for the deregulated proteins of cancer cells. Small molecule targeted therapy drugs are generally inhibitors of enzymatic domains on mutated, overexpressed, or otherwise critical proteins within the cancer cell. Prominent examples are the tyrosine kinase inhibitors such as Axitinib, Bosutinib, Cediranib, dasatinib,

erlotinib, imatinib, gefitinib, lapatinib, Lestaurtinib, Nilotinib, Semaxanib, Sorafenib, Sunitinib, and Vandetanib, and also cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitors such as Alvocidib and Seliciclib. Monoclonal antibody therapy is another strategy in which the therapeutic agent is an antibody which specifically binds to a protein on the surface of the cancer cells. Examples include the anti-HER2/neu antibody trastuzumab (HERCEPTIN®) typically used in breast cancer, and the anti-CD20 antibody rituximab and Tositumomab typically used in a variety of B-cell malignancies. Other exemplary antibodies include Cetuximab, Panitumumab, Trastuzumab, Alemtuzumab, Bevacizumab, Edrecolomab, and Gemtuzumab. Exemplary fusion proteins include Aflibercept and Denileukin diftitox. In some embodiments, the targeted therapy can be used in combination with a compound described herein, *e.g.*, a biguanide such as metformin or phenformin, preferably phenformin.

Targeted therapy can also involve small peptides as “homing devices” which can bind to cell surface receptors or affected extracellular matrix surrounding the tumor. Radionuclides which are attached to these peptides (*e.g.*, RGDs) eventually kill the cancer cell if the nuclide decays in the vicinity of the cell. An example of such therapy includes BEXXAR®.

In some embodiments, the additional cancer therapeutic agent is an immunotherapy agent. Cancer immunotherapy refers to a diverse set of therapeutic strategies designed to induce the subject's own immune system to fight the tumor. Contemporary methods for generating an immune response against tumors include intravesicular BCG immunotherapy for superficial bladder cancer, and use of interferons and other cytokines to induce an immune response in renal cell carcinoma and melanoma subjects.

Allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation can be considered a form of immunotherapy, since the donor's immune cells will often attack the tumor in a graft-versus-tumor effect. In some embodiments, the immunotherapy agents can be used in combination with a compound or composition described herein.

In some embodiments, the additional cancer therapeutic agent is a hormonal therapy agent. The growth of some cancers can be inhibited by providing or blocking certain hormones. Common examples of hormone-sensitive tumors include certain types of breast and prostate cancers. Removing or blocking estrogen or testosterone is often an important additional treatment. In certain cancers, administration of hormone agonists, such as progestogens may be

therapeutically beneficial. In some embodiments, the hormonal therapy agents can be used in combination with a compound or a composition described herein.

Other possible additional therapeutic modalities include imatinib, gene therapy, peptide and dendritic cell vaccines, synthetic chlorotoxins, and radiolabeled drugs and antibodies.

EXAMPLES

ABBREVIATIONS

anhy. - anhydrous	dt - doublet of triplets
aq. - aqueous	CHCl ₃ - chloroform
min - minute(s)	DCM - dichloromethane
mL - milliliter	DMF - dimethylformamide
mmol - millimole(s)	Et ₂ O - diethyl ether
mol - mole(s)	EtOH - ethyl alcohol
MS - mass spectrometry	EtOAc - ethyl acetate
NMR - nuclear magnetic resonance	MeOH - methyl alcohol
TLC - thin layer chromatography	MeCN - acetonitrile
HPLC - high-performance liquid chromatography	PE - petroleum ether
Hz - hertz	THF - tetrahydrofuran
δ - chemical shift	AcOH - acetic acid
J - coupling constant	HCl - hydrochloric acid
s - singlet	H ₂ SO ₄ - sulfuric acid
d - doublet	NH ₄ Cl - ammonium chloride
t - triplet	KOH - potassium hydroxide
q - quartet	NaOH - sodium hydroxide
m - multiplet	K ₂ CO ₃ - potassium carbonate
br - broad	Na ₂ CO ₃ - sodium carbonate
qd - quartet of doublets	TFA - trifluoroacetic acid
dquin - doublet of quintets	Na ₂ SO ₄ - sodium sulfate
dd - doublet of doublets	NaBH ₄ - sodium borohydride
	NaHCO ₃ - sodium bicarbonate

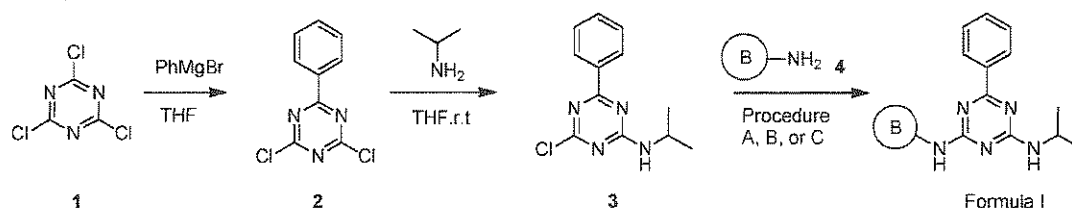
LiHMDS - lithium hexamethyldisilylamide	mide
NaHMDS - sodium hexamethyldisilylamide	HOBt - 1-hydroxybenzotriazole
LAH - lithium aluminum hydride	HATU -
NaBH ₄ - sodium borohydride	<i>O</i> -(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)- <i>N,N,N',N'</i> -tetra-
LDA - lithium diisopropylamide	methyluronium
Et ₃ N - triethylamine	BINAP -
DMAP - 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine	2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphanyl)-1,1'-binaphth
DIPEA - <i>N,N</i> -diisopropylethylamine	yl
NH ₄ OH - ammonium hydroxide	
EDCI -	
1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodi	

In the following examples, reagents were purchased from commercial sources (including Alfa, Acros, Sigma Aldrich, TCI and Shanghai Chemical Reagent Company), and used without further purification. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were obtained on a Bruker AMX-400 NMR (Bruker, Switzerland). Chemical shifts were reported in parts per million (ppm, δ) downfield from tetramethylsilane. Mass spectra were run with electrospray ionization (ESI) from a Waters LCT TOF Mass Spectrometer (Waters, USA).

For exemplary compounds disclosed in this section, the specification of a stereoisomer (e.g., an (R) or (S) stereoisomer) indicates a preparation of that compound such that the compound is enriched at the specified stereocenter by at least about 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99%. The chemical name of each of the exemplary compound described below is generated by ChemDraw software.

Example 1. Preparation of Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A is Phenyl, and -C(R¹)(R²)(R³) is Isopropyl. The compounds of this Example are prepared by general Scheme 1, set forth below.

Scheme 1



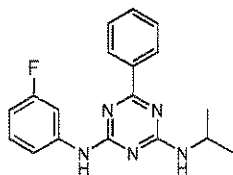
Example 1, step 1: Preparation of 2,4-dichloro-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine (2). To a solution of 2,4,6-trichloro-[1,3,5]triazine (**1**, 120 g, 0.652 mol) in anhydrous THF (1200 mL) was added phenylmagnesium bromide (217 mL, 0.651 mol, 3 M in ether) dropwise at -10 to -0°C under N₂ protection. After the addition, the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 hrs. The reaction was cooled to 0°C and quenched by addition of saturated NH₄Cl (200 mL), then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried, concentrated and purified via column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether) to afford 2,4-dichloro-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine as a white solid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.51-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.67 (m, 1H), 8.49-8.63 (m, 2H).

Example 1, step 2: Preparation of 4-chloro-N-isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (3). To a solution of 2,4-dichloro-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine (**2**; 20 g, 0.089 mol) in anhydrous THF (150 mL) was added dropwise a solution of isopropylamine (5.25 g, 0.089 mol) in THF (10 mL) at room temperature via syringe under N₂. After the addition, the mixture was stirred at room temperature under N₂ for 16 hrs. The reaction was quenched by water (150 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried, concentrated and purified via SiO₂ chromatography to afford 4-chloro-N-isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (**3**) as white solid.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.17-1.24 (m, 6H), 4.16-4.35 (m, 1H), 5.46-5.54 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.50 (m, 3H), 8.31 (dd, J₁ = 8.4 Hz, J₂ = 34.4 Hz, 2H).

Example 1, Step 3 (Procedure A). Preparation of Compound 178 -

N-(3-Fluoro-phenyl)-N'-isopropyl-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine. A mixture of (4-chloro-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-isopropyl-amine (**3**; 200 mg, 0.806 mmol) and 3-fluoro-phenylamine (135 mg, 1.215 mmol) in anhydrous THF was stirred at room temperature for 16 hrs. The reaction was quenched by water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by a standard method to give N-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-N'-isopropyl-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine.

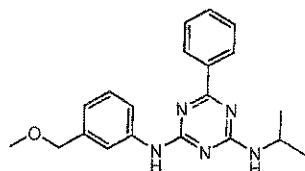


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.37-8.33 (m, 2H), 7.87-7.84 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (m, 5H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 1H), 6.73-6.69 (m, 1H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 323.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Other compounds produced by *Step 3, Procedure A* of this example using the appropriate reagent **4** are set forth below.

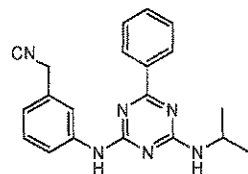
Compound 195 -

N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(3-(methoxymethyl)phenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



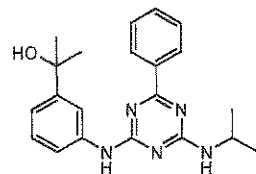
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) 8.40-8.34 (m, 2H) 7.99-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.00-6.99 (m, 1H), 4.48 (s, 2H) 4.29-4.27 (m, 1H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 350.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 198 - 2-(3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)phenyl)acetonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) 8.42-8.38 (m, 2H) 8.18-8.11 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.00 (m, 1H), 4.34 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 2H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 345.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

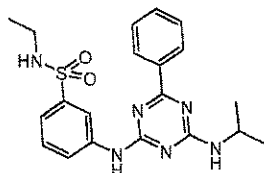
Compound 201 - 2-(3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)phenyl)propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) 8.36-8.35 (m, 2H), 8.06-8.01 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.44 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.18 (m, 1H), 4.46-4.41 (m, 1H), 1.58 (s, 6H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 364.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

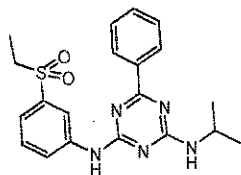
Compound 204 -

N-ethyl-3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)benzenesulfonamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.86-8.64 (m, 1H), 8.44-8.38 (m, 2H), 7.82-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.44 (m, 5H), 4.37-4.35 (m, 1H), 2.97-2.92 (m, 2H), 1.299-1.282 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H), 1.09-1.05 (t, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 413.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

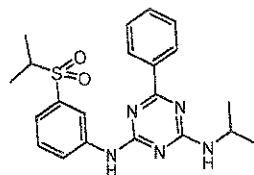
Compound 205 - N^2 -(3-(ethylsulfonyl)phenyl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.81-8.79 (m, 1H), 8.28-8.26 (m, 2H), 7.82-7.63 (m, 6H), 4.45-4.42 (m, 1H), 3.26-3.23 (m, 2H), 1.386-1.369 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H), 1.27-1.24 (t, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 398.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 206 -

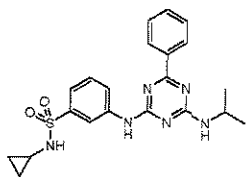
N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(3-(isopropylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.00-8.97 (m, 1H), 8.45-8.39 (m, 2H), 7.78-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.44 (m, 5H), 4.36-4.31 (m, 1H), 3.32-3.31 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.29 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 412.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 341 -

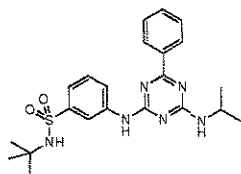
N-cyclopropyl-3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)benzenesulfonamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.77-8.72 (m, 1H), 8.24-8.22 (m, 2H), 7.67-7.62 (m, 6H), 4.48-4.45 (m, 1H), 2.24-2.16 (m, 1H), 1.378-1.362 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H), 0.53-0.51 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 425.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

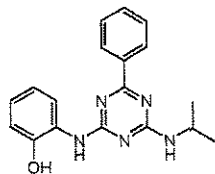
Compound 342 -

N-tert-butyl-3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)benzenesulfonamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.88-8.69 (m, 1H), 8.45-8.49 (m, 2H), 7.77-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.44 (m, 5H), 4.40-4.37 (m, 1H), 1.304-1.288 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H), 1.21 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 441.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

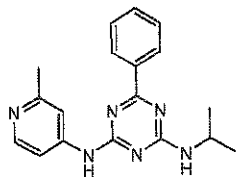
Compound 351 - 2-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)phenol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.40-8.32 (m, 2H), 8.00-7.99 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.47 (m, 3H), 6.97-6.87 (m, 3H), 4.45-4.21 (m, 1H), 1.31 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 321.9 ($M+H$).

Example 1, Step 3 (Procedure B). Preparation of Compound 288 -

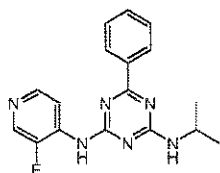
*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(2-methylpyridin-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine. To a solution of (4-chloro-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-isopropyl-amine (**3**; 150 mg, 0.6 mmol) in DMSO (2 mL) was added 2-methylpyridin-4-amin (78.4 mg, 0.73 mmol), CsF (310 mg, 1.21 mmol) and DIPEA (230 mg, 1.81 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 80°C for 2 h. The mixture was cooled down to rt and filtered to remove the solid. The filtrate was purified by a standard method to give *N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(2-methylpyridin-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (110 mg, 57.9%).



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.19-8.40 (m, 5H), 7.53-7.58 (m, 3H), 4.30-4.43 (m, 1H), 2.66-2.77 (m, 3H), 1.33 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 321.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Additional compounds of Formula I were made using the appropriate reagent **4** and following *Step 3, Procedure B*.

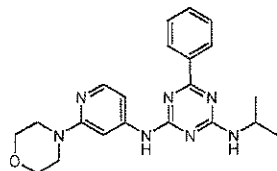
Compound 292 - N^2 -(3-fluoropyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 1.34-1.39 (m, 6H), 4.43-4.51 (m, 1H), 7.19-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.65 (m, 3H), 8.53-8.58 (m, 2H), 9.40-9.45 (m, 1H), 9.56-9.60 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 325.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 298 -

N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(2-morpholinopyridin-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

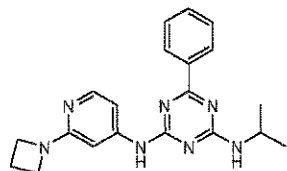


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.35-8.37 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.47 (m, 1H), 4.23-4.49 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.85 (m, 4H), 3.50-3.51 (m, 4H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H).

LC-MS: m/z 392.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 299 -

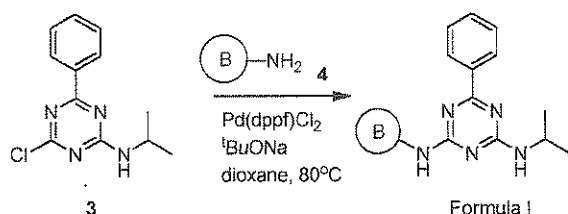
N^2 -(2-(azetidin-1-yl)pyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



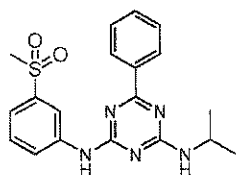
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.38-8.43 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.74 (m, 5H), 6.88-6.90 (m, 1H), 4.21-4.25 (m, 4H), 2.53-2.56 (m, 2H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 362.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Example 1, Step 3 (Procedure C). Preparation of Compound 146 -

***N*-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine**



A mixture of (4-chloro-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-isopropyl-amine (**3**; 400 mg, 1.61 mmol), 6-fluoro-pyridin-3-ylamine (272 mg, 2.43 mmol) Pd(dppf)Cl_2 (120 mg, 0.164 mmol) and $t\text{-BuONa}$ (310 mg, 3.23 mmol) was stirred at 80°C under N_2 for 2 hrs. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and quenched by water, then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , concentrated and purified by a standard method to give *N*-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine.

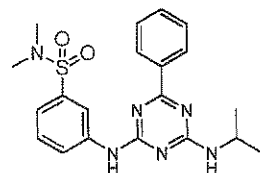


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.41-8.39 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.88 (m, 5H), 7.62-7.45 (m, 3H), 5.55-5.20 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.20 (m., 1H), 3.05 (s., 1H), 1.31 (dd, $J = 4$, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 384.2 ($M+H$) $^+$

Additional compounds of Formula 1 in the example that were prepared according to Example 1, Step 3, Procedure C using the appropriate reagent **4** are set forth below.

Compound 177 -

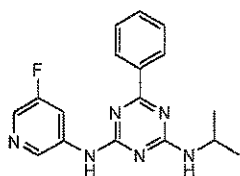
***3*-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-*N,N*-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide**



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.99-8.78 (m, 1H), 8.39-8.37 (m, 2H), 7.99-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.91-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.38 (m, 5H), 4.41-4.38 (m, 1H), 2.71 (s, 6H), 1.293-1.277 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H).

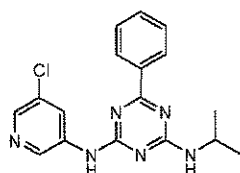
LC-MS: m/z 413.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 193 - N^2 -(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



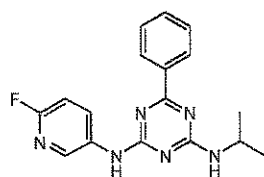
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.47-8.15 (m, 5H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 1H), 5.37-5.16 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.19 (m, 1H), 3.05 (s, 1H), 1.16 (dd, $J = 4$, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 325.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 194 - N^2 -(5-chloropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



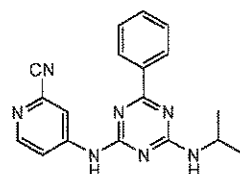
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.59-8.25 (m, 5H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.39-7.26 (m, 1H), 5.44-5.23 (m, 1H), 4.45-4.20 (m, 1H), 3.05 (s, 1H), 1.31 (dd, $J = 4$, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 340.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 196 - N^2 -(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



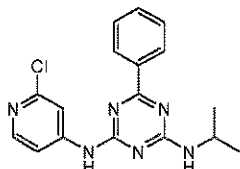
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.63-8.57 (m, 1H), 8.38-8.35 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.05-7.01 (m, 1H), 4.40-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.286-1.273 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 325.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 197 - 4-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)picolinonitrile



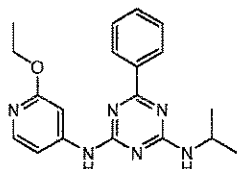
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.56-8.32 (m, 4H), 8.03-8.02 (m, 1H), 7.67-7.57 (m, 3H), 4.42-4.33 (m, 1H), 1.36-1.28 (br, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 332.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 199 - N^2 -(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.43-8.37 (m, 2H), 8.23-8.10 (m, 2H), 7.67-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.45 (m, 3H), 4.27-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.327-1.311 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 341.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

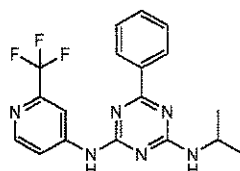
Compound 200 - N^2 -(2-ethoxypyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.41-8.36 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.29 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.25 (m, 1H), 1.42-1.38 (t, 3H), 1.308-1.292 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 351.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

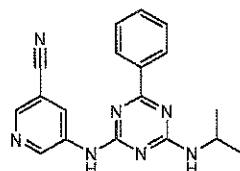
Compound 202 -

N^2 -isopropyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



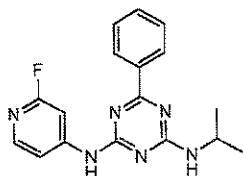
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 10.45-10.27 (m, 1H), 8.68-8.28 (m, 4H), 7.99-7.51 (m, 5H), 4.17-4.16 (m, 1H), 3.25 (s, 6H), 1.24 (dd, $J = 4$, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 375.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 210 - 5-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)nicotinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.75-9.25 (m, 2H), 8.34-8.48 (m, 3H), 7.76-7.51 (m, 3H), 4.0-4.58 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 331.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

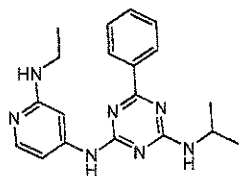
Compound 223 - N^2 -(2-fluoropyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.43-8.37 (m, 2H), 7.99-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.86-7.80 (m, 1H), 7.65-7.45 (m, 4H), 4.28-4.22 (m, 1H), 1.315-1.299 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 325.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

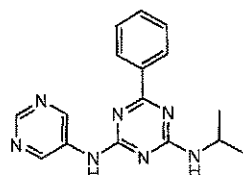
Compound 224 -

N^2 -(2-(ethylamino)pyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



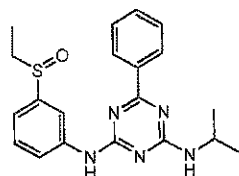
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.53-8.49 (m, 1H), 8.42-8.36 (m, 2H), 7.74-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.03-6.99 (m, 1H), 4.42-4.24 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.31 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.16 (m, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 350.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 266 - N^2 -isopropyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyrimidin-5-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.25 - 9.30 (m, 2H), 8.78 - 8.79 (m, 1H), 8.36 - 8.43 (m, 2H), 7.45 - 7.53 (m, 3H), 4.25 - 4.62 (m, 1H), 1.31 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 308.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

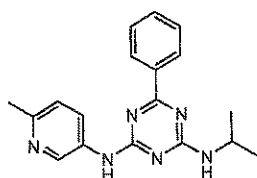
Compound 277 - N^2 -(3-(ethylsulfinyl)phenyl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.51-8.32 (m, 3H), 7.76-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.32 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.03 (m, 1H), 2.94-2.89 (m, 1H), 1.33 (d, $J=6.0$ Hz, 6H), 1.23 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H).

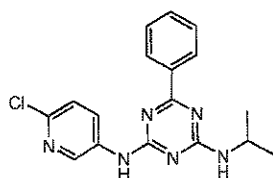
LC-MS: m/z 382.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 281 - N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.99-8.83 (m, 1H), 8.40-8.35 (m, 2H), 8.32-8.13 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.28 (m, 1H), 4.46-4.22 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 321.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

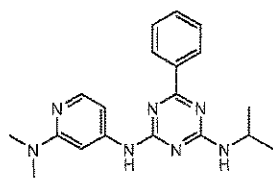
Compound 289 - N^2 -(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.79-8.86 (m, 1H), 8.25-8.40 (m, 3H), 7.37-7.53 (m, 4H), 4.40-4.61 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 340.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 293 -

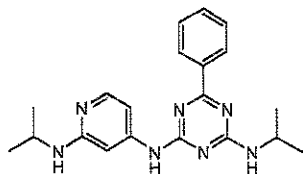
N^2 -(2-(dimethylamino)pyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.44-8.38 (m, 2H), 7.86-7.79 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.02-7.00 (m, 1H), 4.30 (m., 1H), 3.25 (s, 6H), 1.30 (dd, $J = 8, 400$ MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 350.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 301 -

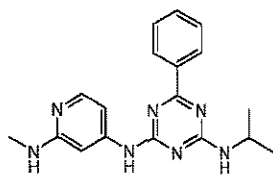
N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(2-(isopropylamino)pyridin-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 1.03-1.09 (m, 12H), 3.57-3.74 (m 1H), 3.99-4.18 (m, 1H), 7.00 (br, 1H), 7.34-8.35 (m, 9H), 10.7 (d, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 364 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 302 -

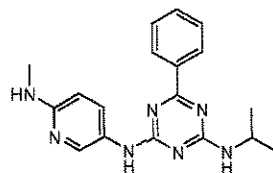
N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(2-(methylamino)pyridin-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.42-8.35 (m, 2H), 7.79-7.54 (m, 5H), 7.12-7.10 (m, 1H), 4.35 (m., 1H), 3.03 (s, 3H), 1.30 (dd, J = 16, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 336.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 303 -

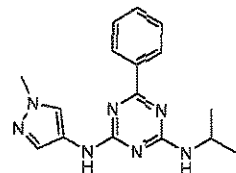
N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(6-(methylamino)pyridin-3-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



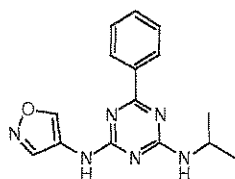
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.50 (m, 1H), 8.25-8.24 (m, 2H), 8.07-8.05 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.63 (m, 3H), 7.14-7.11 (m, 1H), 4.35 (m., 1H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 1.35 (dd, J = 8, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 336.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 308 -

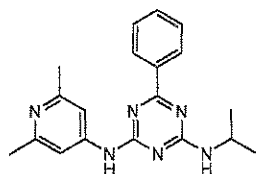
N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



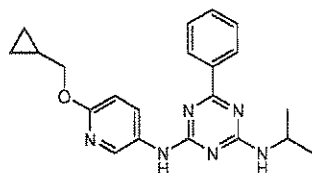
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.49-8.20 (m, 2H), 8.21-8.15 (m, 1H), 7.70-7.50 (m, 4H), 4.49-4.25 (m, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 1.33 (d, J =6.8 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 310.2 (M+H).

Compound 309 - *N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(isoxazol-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

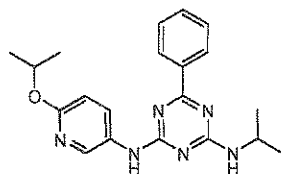
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 9.30-9.12 (m, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 8.39-8.34 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.47 (m, 3H), 4.41-4.25 (m, 1H), 1.31 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 297.2 (M+H).

Compound 310 - *N*²-(2,6-dimethylpyridin-4-yl)-*N*⁴-isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.46-8.40 (m, 2H), 8.08-8.06 (m, 2H), 7.57-7.48 (m, 3H), 4.47-4.20 (m, 1H), 2.66 (s, 6H), 1.34 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 335.3 (M+H)⁺.

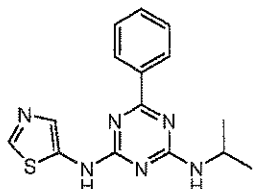
Compound 311 -***N*²-(6-(cyclopropylmethoxy)pyridin-3-yl)-*N*⁴-isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine**

¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.56-8.34 (m, 3H), 8.09-8.07 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 3H), 6.84-6.81 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.25 (m, 1H), 4.10 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.21-1.20 (m, 1H), 0.65-0.61 (m, 2H), 0.39-0.36 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 377.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 312 -***N*²-(6-isopropoxy)pyridin-3-yl)-*N*⁴-isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine**

^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.59-8.42 (m, 3H), 8.07-8.04 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 3H), 6.77-6.75 (m, 1H), 5.19-5.16 (m, 1H), 4.43-4.21 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H), 1.29 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 365.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

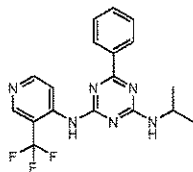
Compound 313 - N^2 -isopropyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(thiazol-5-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.59-8.38 (m, 3H), 7.69-7.48 (m, 4H), 4.45-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 313.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 314 -

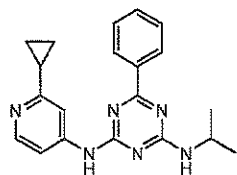
N^2 -isopropyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(3-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.58 (s, 1H), 9.35 (s, 1H), 8.45-8.40 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 4.28-4.25 (m, 1H), 1.25 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 375.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 315 -

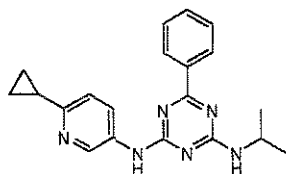
N^2 -(2-cyclopropylpyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.43-8.34 (m, 2H), 8.21-8.18 (m, 1H), 7.93-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.45 (m, 3H), 4.29-4.26 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.12 (m, 1H), 1.319-1.303 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H), 1.19-1.18 (m, 2H), 1.03-1.02 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 347.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 316 -

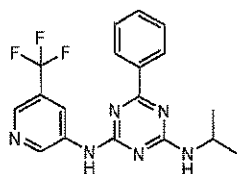
N^2 -(6-cyclopropylpyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.01-8.98 (m, 1H), 8.40-8.34 (m, 2H), 8.16-8.13 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 1H), 4.27-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.299-1.282 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H), 1.11-1.06 (m, 2H) 0.97-0.96 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 347.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 329 -

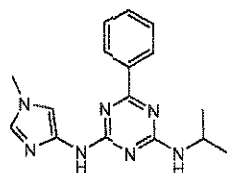
N²-isopropyl-6-phenyl-N⁴-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.99-9.03 (m, 2H), 8.36-8.47 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.52 (m, 3H), 4.18-4.57 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 375.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

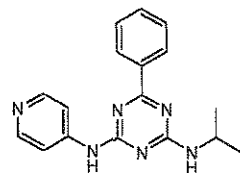
Compound 332 -

N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

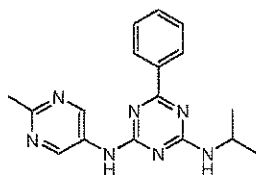


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.51-8.22 (m, 3H), 7.48-7.38 (m, 3H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 4.38-4.12 (m, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 1.18 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 309.9 ($M+H$) $^+$.

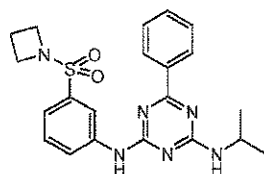
Compound 129 - N²-isopropyl-6-phenyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 14.92 (br. s., 1H), 11.2-11.13 (m, 1H), 8.68-8.63 (m, 2H), 8.41-8.36 (m, 4H), 8.24-8.10 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.53 (m, 3H), 4.34-4.17 (m, 1H), 1.17 (dd, $J = 4, 400$ MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 307.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 343 - *N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(2-methylpyrimidin-5-yl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

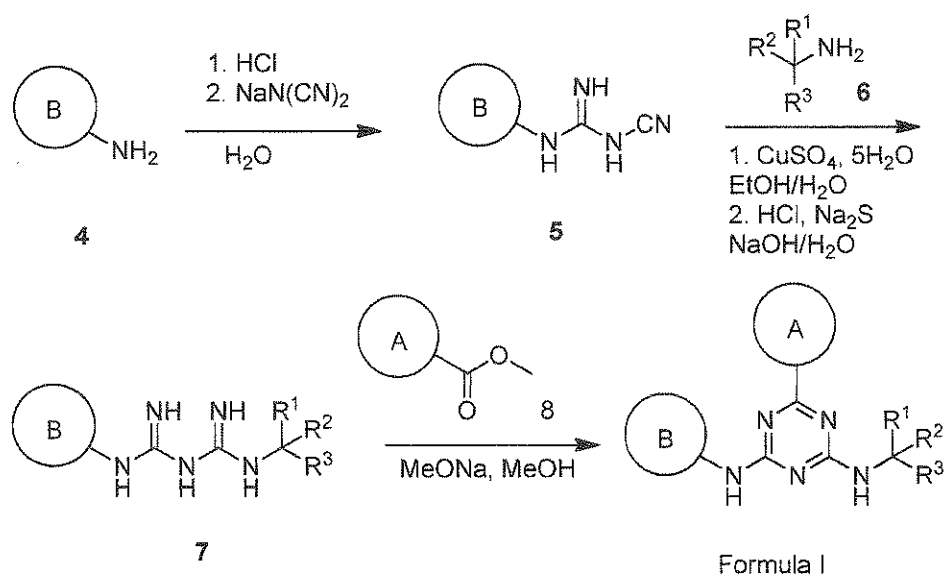
¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄) 9.17-9.11 (m, 2H), 8.42-8.35 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.44 (m, 3H), 4.26-4.23 (m, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 1.308-1.292 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: *m/z* 322.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 376 -***N*²-(3-(azetidin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)-*N*⁴-isopropyl-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine**

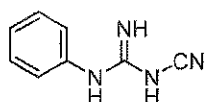
¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄) 8.99-8.86 (m, 1H), 8.44-8.38 (m, 2H), 7.77-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.44 (m, 5H), 4.35-4.32 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.78 (m, 4H), 2.10-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.300-1.284 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: *m/z* 425.2 (M+H)⁺.

Example 2. Preparation of Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A is Optionally Substituted Pyridin-2-yl or Pyrimidin-2-yl. The compounds of this Example are prepared by general Scheme 2, set forth below.

Scheme 2



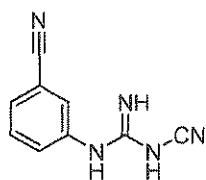
Example 2, step 1: Preparation of 1-phenyl-2-cyanoguanidine (5). To a solution of $\text{NaN}(\text{CN})_2$ (50 g, 0.5618 mol) in water (430 mL) at 80°C was added a solution of aniline (26.2 g, 0.28 mol) in water and conc. HCl (132 mL/23.5 mL). The mixture was heated to 90°C for 16 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and quenched by adding saturated sodium bicarbonate (317 mL). The mixture was filtered and the filter cake was dried via vacuum to afford 1-phenyl-2-cyanoguanidine as a white solid.



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_4) δ 6.95 (s, 2H), 7.02-7.06 (m, 1 H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 4 H), 9.00 (s, 1H).

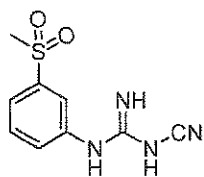
The procedure set forth in **Example 2, step 1** was used to produce the following intermediates (5) using the appropriate starting material 4.

1-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-cyanoguanidine as a brown solid.



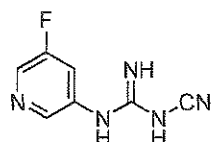
LC-MS: m/z 185.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

1-methanesulfonyl-benzenyl-2-cyanoguanidine as a pale gray solid.



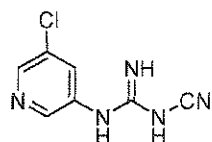
. LC-MS: m/z 238.8 (M+H)⁺.

1-3-fluoro-pyridin-2-cyanoguanidine as a pale solid.



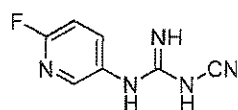
¹H NMR (DMSO-d₄) δ 7.42 (s, 2H), 7.85-8.01 (m, 1 H), 8.24 (s, 1 H), 8.38 (s, 1H).

1-3-chloro-pyridin-2-cyanoguanidine as a pale gray solid.



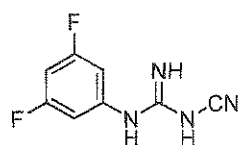
¹H NMR (DMSO-d₄) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1 H), 8.47 (s, 1H).

1-2-fluoro-pyridin-2-cyanoguanidine as a brown solid.



¹H NMR (DMSO-d₄) δ 7.10-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.95-7.99 (m, 1 H), 8.15 (s, 1H).

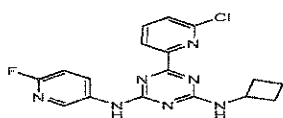
1-3,5-difluoro-phenyl-2-cyano-guanidine as white solid, which was directly used in the next step without further purification.



. LC-MS: m/z 196.8 (M+H)⁺.

Example 2, step 2: Preparation of 1-phenyl-2-isopropylamine-diguanidine(7). To a mixture of 1-phenyl-2-cyanoguanidine (5.0 g, 0.031 mol) in ethanol/water (46mL/18.4 mL) was added CuSO₄·5H₂O (3.91 g, 0.01563 mol), followed by isopropyl amine (5.53 g, .03975 mol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 16 hours. To the mixture was added water (137 mL) and aq.HCl (15.5 mL in 93 mL of water) at 25-30°C. The resultant mixture was stirred at r.t. for 30 min. Then Na₂S (12.4 g in 62 mL of water) was added and stirred for another 30 min. The insoluble CuS was

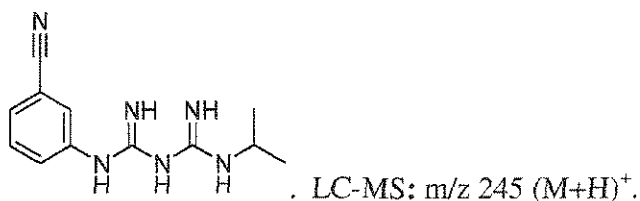
filtered off. The filtrate was cooled to 10°C and added aqueous NaOH (7 g NaOH in 50 mL water) dropwise. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (100 mL×3). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to give 1-phenyl-2-isopropylamine-diguanidine as a brown solid.



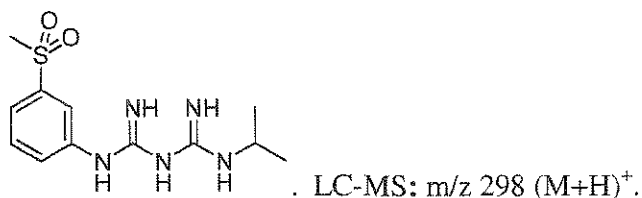
¹H NMR (DMSO-d₄) δ 1.25 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 6 H), 4.91-4.97 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.39 (m, 5H).

The procedure set forth in Example 2, step 2 was used to produce the following intermediates (7) using the appropriate intermediate 5 and the appropriate amine 6.

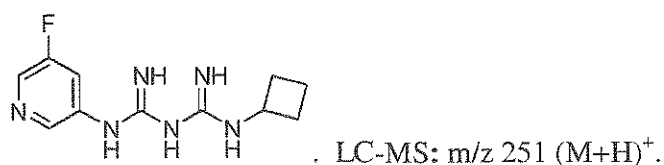
1-3-cyanophenyl-2-isopropylamine-diguanidine as a brown solid.



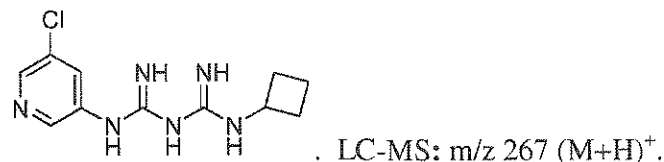
1-methanesulfonyl-2-isopropyl-diguanidine as a pale solid.



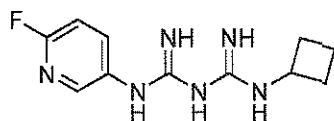
1-3-fluoro-pyridin-2-cyclobutyl-diguanidine as a red solid.



1-3-chloro-pyridin-2-cyclobutyl-diguanidine as a red solid.

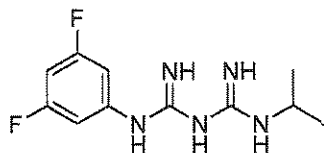


1-2-fluoro-pyridin-2-cyclobutyl-diguanidine as a red solid.



. LC-MS: m/z 250.8 (M+H)⁺.

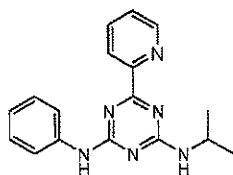
1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine as a brown solid, which was used in the next step without further purification.



. LC-MS: m/z 256 (M+H)⁺.

Example 2, step 3: Preparation of Compound 214 -

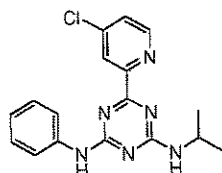
N-Isopropyl-N'-phenyl-6-pyridin-2-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine. To a mixture of N-isopropyl-N'-phenyl-6-pyridin-2-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine (0.5 g, 2.28 mmol) and pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (0.312 g, 2.28 mmol) in methanol (7 mL) was added NaOMe (0.25 g, 4.56 mmol). The mixture was stirred at r.t. for 16 hours. The mixture was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate (50 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by a standard method to afford N-isopropyl-N'-phenyl-6-pyridin-2-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine.



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.72-8.73 (d, 1H), 8.47-8.49 (d, 1H), 7.97-8.01 (t, 1H), 7.77-7.79 (d, 2H), 7.56-7.59 (t, 1H), 7.31-7.35 (t, 2H), 7.04-7.07 (t, 1H), 4.40-4.45 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.31 (d, 6H).
LC-MS: m/z 307.0 (M+H)⁺.

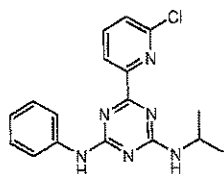
Additional compounds of Formula I set forth below were similarly produced following Scheme 2 utilizing the appropriate intermediates and reagents.

Compound 228 - 6-(4-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



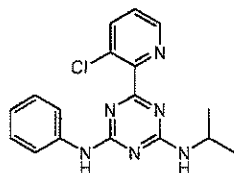
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.63-8.64 (d, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.73-7.75 (d, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.31 (t, 2H), 7.05-7.10 (t, 1H), 4.21-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.29 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 341.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 229 - 6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



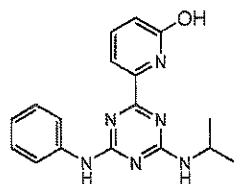
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.37-8.39 (d, 1H), 7.91-7.95 (t, 1H), 7.72-7.74 (d, 2H), 7.56-7.58 (d, 1H), 7.29-7.32 (t, 2H), 7.02-7.04 (t, 1H), 4.23-4.29 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.28 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 341.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 230 - 6-(3-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



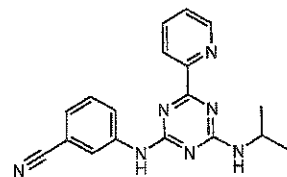
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.54-8.55 (d, 1H), 8.01-8.03 (d, 1H), 7.70-7.72 (d, 1H), 7.50-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.31 (t, 2H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 4.32-4.40 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.30 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 340.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 231 - 6-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.70-7.75 (m, 3H), 7.43-7.47 (d, 1H), 7.28-7.33 (t, 2H), 7.02-7.07 (t, 1H), 6.68-6.72 (m, 1H), 4.28-4.39 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.35 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 323.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

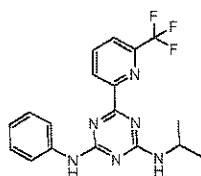
Compound 246 - 3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)benzonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.72 (d, 1H), 8.41-8.51 (m, 2H), 7.90-8.00 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.37 (t, 1H), 4.22-4.27 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.33 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 332.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 247 -

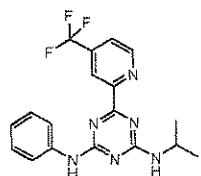
*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-phenyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 8.64-8.66 (m, 1H), 8.19 (m, 1H), 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.05 (m, 1H), 4.24-4.49 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 375.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

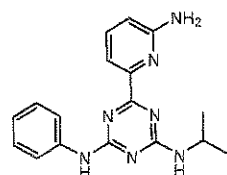
Compound 270 -

*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-phenyl-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.99 (d, 1H), 8.76 (m, 1H), 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.05 (m, 1H), 4.21-4.52 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.33 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 375 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

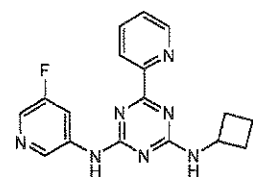
Compound 290 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.92-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.72-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.06 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.51 (m, 1H), 1.25 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 322.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 322 -

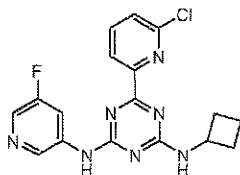
*N*²-cyclobutyl-*N*⁴-(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.3 (s, 1H), 8.69-8.85 (m, 2H), 8.34-8.59 (m, 2H), 8.17-8.29 (m, 2H), 7.99 (m, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.70 (m, 1H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.05 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 337.9 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 323 -

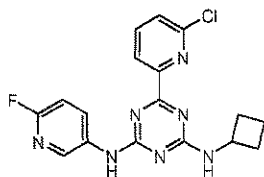
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -cyclobutyl- N^4 -(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.4 (s, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H), 8.52-8.62 (m, 1H), 8.27-8.42 (m, 2H), 8.22 (m, 1H), 8.09 (m, 1H), 7.70 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.69 (m, 1H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.09 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 372.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

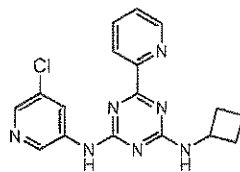
Compound 325 -

6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -cyclobutyl- N^4 -(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

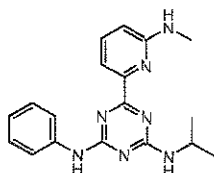


^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.22 (s, 1H), 8.59-8.69 (d, 1H), 8.12-8.51 (m, 3H), 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.24 (m, 1H), 4.32-4.66 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 371.9 ($M+H$) $^+$.

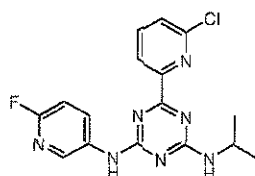
Compound 330 - N^2 -(5-chloropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -cyclobutyl-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



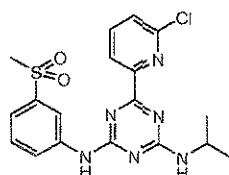
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.33 (s, 1H), 8.83-9.98 (m, 1H), 8.76 (m, 1H), 8.55-8.69 (m, 1H), 8.31-8.52 (m, 1H), 8.18-8.29 (m, 2H), 8.01 (m, 1H), 7.57 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.69 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 354.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 331 -***N²-isopropyl-6-(6-(methylamino)pyridin-2-yl)-N⁴-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine***

¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.04 (m, 1H), 6.64 (m, 1H), 4.19-4.48 (m, 1H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 1.27 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 336.2 (M+H)⁺.

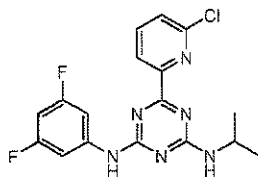
Compound 344 -***6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N²-(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine***

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 10.21-10.81 (d, 1H), 8.61-8.79 (d, 1H), 8.04-8.51 (m, 4H), 7.69-7.81 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.24 (m, 1H), 4.05-4.32 (m, 1H), 1.22 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 359.9 (M+H)⁺. 381.9 (M+Na)⁺.

Compound 326 -***6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine***

¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.46-8.47 (d, 1H), 7.96-7.99 (m, 1H), 7.74-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.62 (m, 3H), 4.32-4.50 (m, 1H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 1.28-1.32 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 418.9 (M+H)⁺.

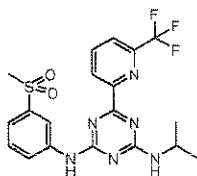
Compound 340 -***6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine***



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.41-8.45 (t, 1H), 8.00-8.04 (t, 1H), 7.63-7.69 (m, 1H), 6.64-6.69 (t, 1H), 4.22-4.27 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.35 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 377.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 358 -

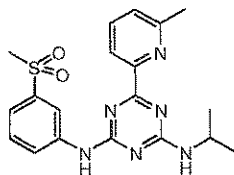
*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.60-8.72 (m, 1H), 8.19 (t, 1H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 7.77-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.62 (m, 2H), 4.35-4.47 (m, 1H), 3.11-3.18 (m, 3H), 1.33 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 453.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 359 -

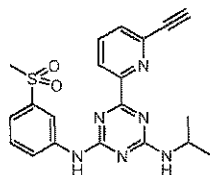
*N*²-isopropyl-6-(6-methylpyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.60-9.03 (m, 1H), 8.31 (m, 1H), 7.70-8.05 (m, 2H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 7.57-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.47 (m, 1H), 4.39 (m, 1H), 3.12-3.19 (m, 3H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 1.34 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 399.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 360 -

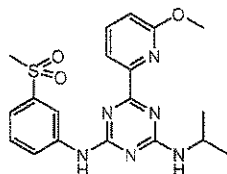
6-(6-ethynylpyridin-2-yl)-*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.56 (d, 1H), 8.15-8.19 (m, 1H), 7.71-7.95 (m, 4H), 4.45 (br., 1H), 4.03 (s, 1H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 1.39 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 409.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 361 -

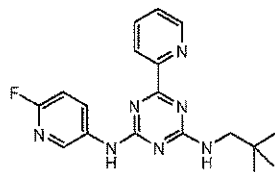
*N*²-isopropyl-6-(6-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.55-8.99 (m, 1H), 7.82-8.13 (m, 3H), 7.57-7.64 (m, 2H), 6.98 (d, 1H), 4.37-4.41 (m., 1H), 4.07 (s, 3H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 1.34 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 414.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$, 436.9 ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$.

Compound 363 -

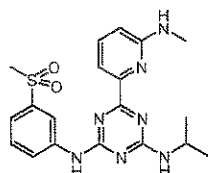
*N*²-(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-*N*⁴-neopentyl-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.82 (d, 1H), 8.47-8.54 (m, 1H), 8.40 (d, 1H), 8.14-8.17 (m, 1H), 7.83-7.88 (m., 1H), 7.45-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.99 (m, 1H), 5.40-5.77 (m, 1H), 3.31-3.49 (m, 2H), 1.00 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 354.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 364 -

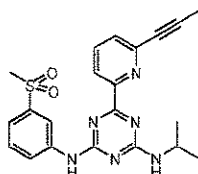
*N*²-isopropyl-6-(6-(methylamino)pyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 10.00-10.31 (br., 1H), 8.61-8.82 (m, 1H), 7.53-8.82 (m, 5H), 6.95-7.02 (m, 1H), 4.34 (m., 1H), 3.07 (d, 6H), 1.31-1.37 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 414.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 365 -

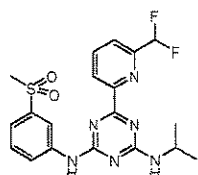
*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-(prop-1-ynyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (Methanol-d₄) δ 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, 1H), 8.11 (t, 1H), 7.80-7.86 (m, 3H), 7.71-7.75 (m, 1H), 4.45 (m, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3 H), 2.17 (d, 3H), 1.40 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 423.0 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 366 -

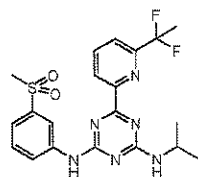
6-(6-(difluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (Methanol-d₄) δ 8.88 (s, 1H), 8.78 (m, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.10 (m, 1H), 7.82 (t, 2H), 7.71 (t, 1H), 6.70-7.10 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.50 (m, 1H), 3.17 (s, 3 H), 1.39 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 434.9 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 395 -

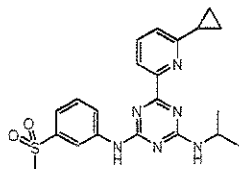
6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-*N*²-isopropyl-*N*⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (Methanol-d₄) δ 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, 1H), 8.09 (t, 1H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 7.80 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.62 (m, 1H), 4.36-4.39 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.17 (m, 3H), 2.11 (t, 3H), 1.32 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 449.3 (M+H)⁺. 471.3 (M+Na)⁺.

Compound 397 -

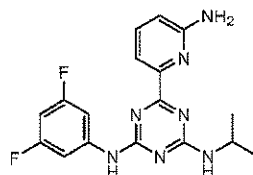
6-(6-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.21-8.2 (d, 1H), 7.76-7.80 (t, 2H), 7.55-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.27 (d, 1H), 4.35-4.38 (m, 1H), 3.13 (s, 3H), 2.23-2.28 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.32 (d, 6H), 1.02-1.12 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 425.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 398 -

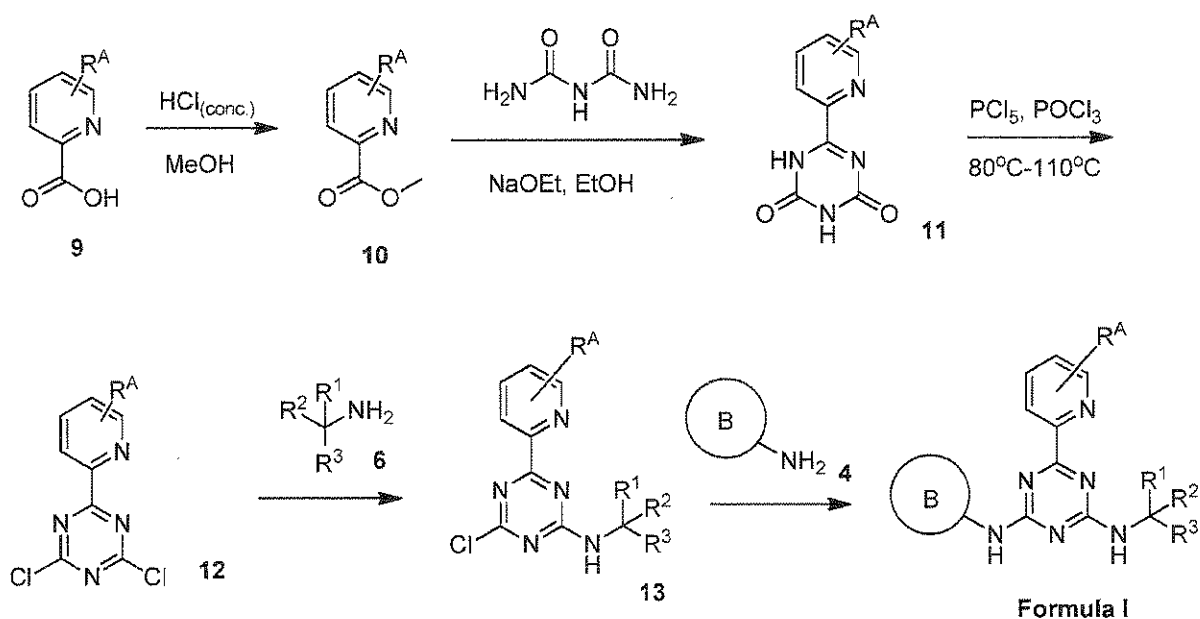
6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



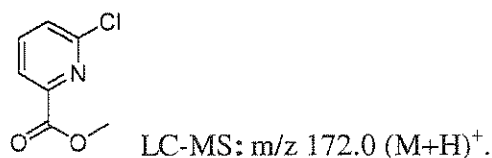
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 7.66-7.70 (t, 1H), 7.56-7.60 (t, 1H), 7.49-7.51 (d, 2H), 6.70-6.73 (d, 1H), 6.53-6.57 (t, 1H), 4.21-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.18-1.31 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 358.3 (M+H)⁺.

Example 3. Preparation of Additional Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A is Substituted Pyridin-2-yl. The compounds of this Example are prepared by general Scheme 3, set forth below.

Scheme 3

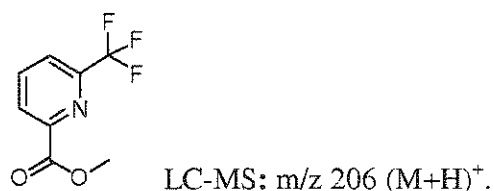


Example 3, step 1: Preparation of 6-chloro-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (10). To a solution of 6-chloro-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (48 g, 0.31 mol) in methanol (770 ml) was added concentrated HCl (6 ml). The mixture was stirred at 80°C for 48 hours then concentrated to remove the volatile. The crude product was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with Sat. NaHCO₃ solution. The organic layer was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to give 6-chloro-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester as a white solid.

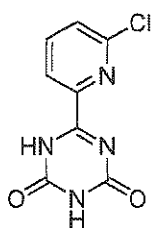


The procedure set forth in **Example 3, step 1** was used to produce the following intermediates (10) using the appropriate starting material 9.

6-trifluoromethyl-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester.



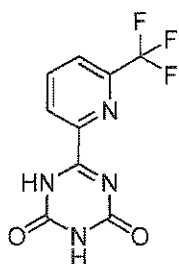
Example 3, step 2: Preparation of 6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-dione. To a solution of Na (32 g, 0.16 mol) in ethanol (500 mL) was added methyl 6-chloropicolinate (32 g, 0.16 mol) and biuret (5.3 g, 0.052 mol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 1 hour. Then concentrated to give residue which was poured to water and added Sat.NaHCO₃ solution to adjust pH to 7, the precipitated solid was collected by filtration and dried to give 6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-dione as a white solid.



. LC-MS: m/z 225 (M+H)⁺.

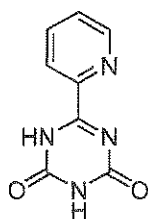
The procedure set forth in **Example 3, step 2** was used to produce the following intermediates (11) starting with appropriate intermediate **10**.

6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-dione as a pale white solid.



. LC-MS: m/z 259 (M+H)⁺.

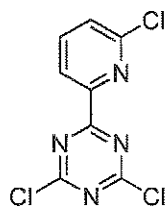
6-pyridin-2-yl-1H-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-dione.



¹H NMR (DMSO-d₄): δ 11.9-12.5 (s, 1H), 11.3-11.6 (s, 1H), 8.7-8.9 (m, 1H), 8.2-8.4 (m, 1H), 8.0-8.2 (m, 1H), 7.6-7.8 (m, 1H).

Example 3, step 3: Preparation of 2,4-dichloro-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine

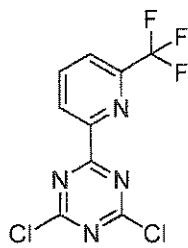
To a solution of 6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (3.0 g, 0.013 mol) in POCl₃ (48 mL) was added PCl₅ (23 g, 0.1 mol). The mixture was stirred at 100°C for 2 hours then concentrated to remove the volatile. The residue was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with Sat. NaHCO₃ solution. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to give 2,4-dichloro-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine as a brown solid.



LC-MS: m/z 260.9 (M+H)⁺.

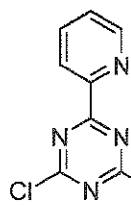
The procedure set forth in *Example 3, step 3* together with the appropriate starting intermediate **11** was used to produce the following intermediates (12).

2, 4-dichloro-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine as light yellow solid.



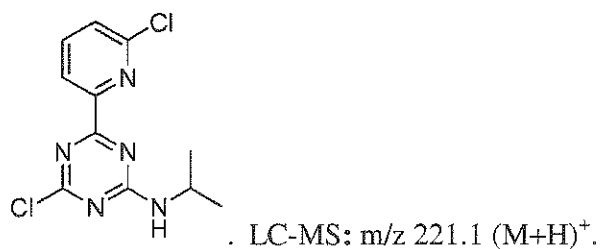
LC-MS: m/z 294.9 (M+H)⁺.

2,4-Dichloro-6-pyridin-2-yl-[1,3,5]triazine (1.0 g, 80%) as brown solid.



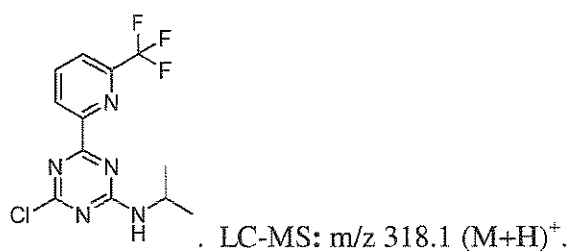
LC-MS: m/z 227.0 (M+H)⁺.

Example 3, step 4: Preparation of 4-chloro-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N-isopropyl-1, 3, 5-triazin-2-amine. To a solution of 2,4-dichloro-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine (2.0 g, 0.0077 mol) in anhydrous THF (20 mL) was added isopropyl amine (0.45 g, 0.0077 mol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The mixture was quenched by water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to give 4-chloro-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine which was used directly in the next step.

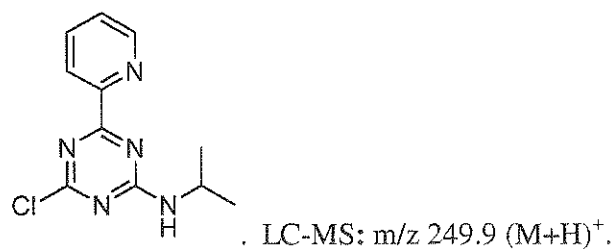


The procedure set forth in Step 4 using the appropriate intermediate **12** and amine **6** was used to produce the following intermediates (13).

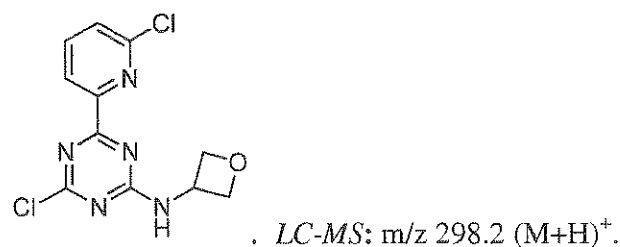
4-Chloro-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl-isopropyl-amine.



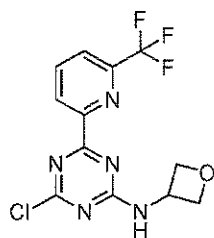
(4-Chloro-6-pyridin-2-yl-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-isopropyl-amine.



4-chloro-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N-(oxetan-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine, which was used directly in the next step.

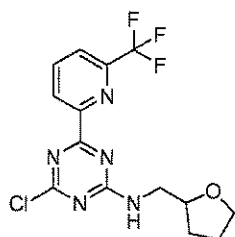


4-Chloro-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl-oxetan-3-yl-amine, which was used directly in the next step.



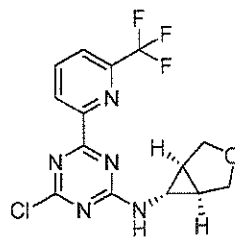
. LC-MS: m/z 332.1 ($M+H$)⁺.

4-chloro-N-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-methyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine which was used directly in the next step.



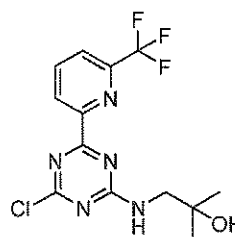
. LC-MS: 360.1 ($M+H$)⁺.

[4-Chloro-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-amine, which was used directly in the next step.



. LC-MS: m/z 358.1 ($M+H$)⁺.

1-[4-Chloro-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol.



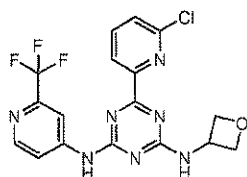
. LC-MS: 348.0 ($M+H$)⁺.

Example 3, step 5: Preparation of

6-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-N-oxetan-3-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine-Compound 356. To a solution of

4-chloro-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N-(oxetan-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (0.23 g, 0.78 mmol) in

anhydrous dioxane (3 mL) was added 2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamine (0.13 g, 0.78 mmol), t-BuONa (0.15g, 1.56 mmol) and Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (0.057g, 0.078 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 80°C under N₂ for 1 hour. The mixture was quenched by water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by a standard method to give 6-(6-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-N-oxetan-3-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine.

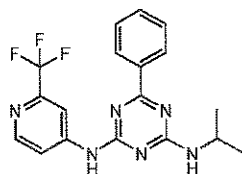


¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ 8.5 (m, 2H), 8.4 (m, 1H), 8.3-8.1 (m, 0.5H), 7.96 (m, 1H), 7.85 (m, 0.6H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 5.1-5.5 (m, 1H), 5.0 (m, 2H), 4.7 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 424.2 (M+H)⁺.

Additional compounds of Formula I set forth below were similarly produced following Scheme 3 utilizing the appropriate intermediates and reagents.

Compound 334 -

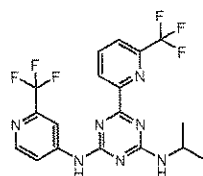
*N*²-isopropyl-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ 8.65-8.75 (m, 2H), 8.5 (m, 2H), 8.15-8.3 (m, 0.5H), 8.0 (m, 1H), 7.82 (m, 0.6H), 4.2-4.6 (m, 1H), 1.3 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 375.0 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 335 -

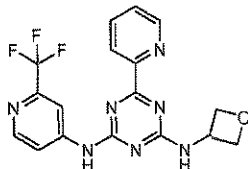
*N*²-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ 8.6 (m, 2H), 8.5 (m, 1H), 8.1-8.2 (m, 1H), 7.78 (m, 0.7H), 4.24-4.27 (m, 1H), 1.3 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 444.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 336 -

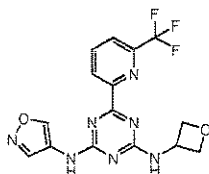
*N*²-(oxetan-3-yl)-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄): δ 8.7 (m, 1H), 8.46-8.52 (m, 3H), 7.89-8.23 (m, 2H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 5.15-5.55 (m, 1H), 5.0 (m, 2H), 4.7 (m, 2H). LC-MS: *m/z* 390.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 337 -

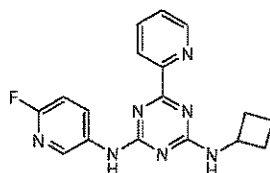
*N*²-(isoxazol-4-yl)-*N*⁴-(oxetan-3-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄): δ 9.35-9.05 (m, 1H), 8.6-8.7 (m, 2H), 8.2 (m, 1H), 8.0 (m, 1H), 5.2-5.4 (m, 1H), 5.0 (m, 2H), 4.7-4.8 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: *m/z* 343.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 345 -

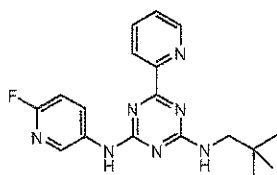
*N*²-cyclobutyl-*N*⁴-(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.11 (br.s., 1H), 8.75-8.69 (m, 2H), 8.38-8.32 (m, 2H), 8.26-8.06 (m, 1H), 7.98-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.19-7.11 (m, 1H), 4.65-4.39 (m, 1H), 2.31-2.27 (m, 2H), 2.09-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.67 (m, 2H). LC-MS: *m/z* 338.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 363 -

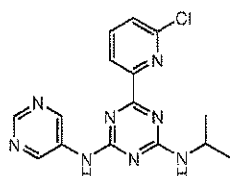
*N*²-(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-*N*⁴-neopentyl-6-(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.53-8.41 (m, 1H), 8.41-8.39 (m, 1H), 8.17-8.09 (m, 1H), 7.88-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.15 (m, 1H), 6.99-6.92 (m, 1H), 5.76-4.90 (m, 1H), 3.48-3.31 (m, 2H), 1.01 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 354.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 353 -

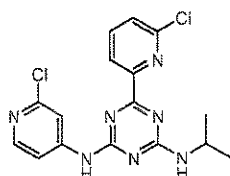
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(pyrimidin-5-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR ($\text{METHANOL-}d_4$): δ 9.37 (m, 1H), 8.8 (m, 1H), 8.4 (m, 1H), 7.97 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 4.2-4.5 (m, 2H), 1.3 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 390.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 354 -

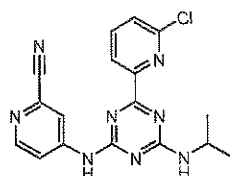
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR ($\text{METHANOL-}d_4$): δ 8.41-8.44 (m, 1H), 8.17-8.22 (m, 2H), 7.96-8.0 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.66 (m, 2H), 4.2-4.6 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 376.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 355 -

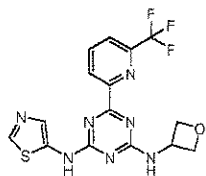
4-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)picolinonitrile



^1H NMR ($\text{METHANOL-}d_4$): δ 8.55-8.7 (m, 3H), 8.0 (m, 2H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 4.6-4.25 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 367.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 357 -

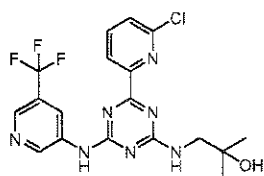
*N*²-(oxetan-3-yl)-*N*⁴-(thiazol-5-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ 9.19-8.79 (m, 2 H), 8.50-8.40 (m, 1H), 8.25-8.19 (m, 1H), 7.93-7.81 (m, 1H), 5.21-5.06 (m, 1H), 5.02-4.90 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.38 (m, 1H), 3.83-3.72 (m, 2H).
LC-MS: m/z 396.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 367 -

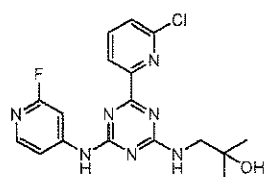
1-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.41-8.39 (m, 1H), 7.98-7.94 (s, 1H), 7.62-7.60 (m., 1H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 1.26 (s., 6H). LC-MS: m/z 440.2 (M+H)

Compound 368 -

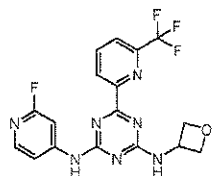
1-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-fluoropyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.37-8.33 (m, 1H), 7.94-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.54-7.42 (m, 2H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 1.19 (s., 6H). LC-MS: m/z 390.2 (M+H)

Compound 377 -

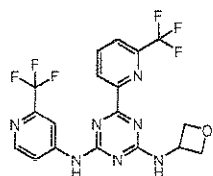
*N*²-(2-fluoropyridin-4-yl)-*N*⁴-(oxetan-3-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.67 (m, 1H), 8.2 (m, 1H), 7.8-8.05 (m, 3H), 7.5 (m, 1H), 5.15-5.4 (m, 1H), 5.0 (m, 2H), 4.75(m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 408 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 378 -

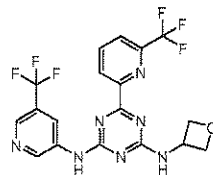
N^2 -(oxetan-3-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)- N^4 -(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.7 (m, 1H), 8.6-8.35 (m, 2H), 8.1-8.3 (m, 1.4H), 7.85-8.0 (m, 1.7H), 5.4-5.15 (m, 1H), 5.02 (m, 2H), 4.75(m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 458.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 379 -

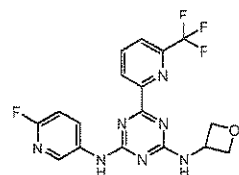
N^2 -(oxetan-3-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)- N^4 -(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 10.2-10.8 (m, 1H), 9.0-9.4 (m, 2H), 8.5-8.9 (m, 3H), 8.3 (m, 1H), 8.1 (m, 1H), 5.0-5.2 (m, 1H), 4.7(m, 2H), 4.6(m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 458.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 380 -

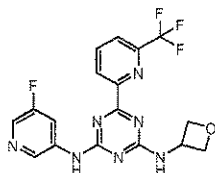
N^2 -(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -(oxetan-3-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.5-8.7 (m, 2H), 8.3-8.55 (m, 2H), 8.2 (m, 1H), 7.97 (m, 1H), 7.0-7.15 (m, 1H), 5.1-5.4 (m, 1H), 5.0(m, 2H), 4.7(m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 407 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 381 -

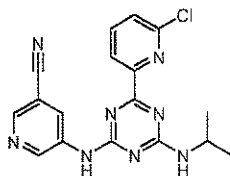
*N*²-(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-*N*⁴-(oxetan-3-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.6-8.7 (m, 3H), 8.1-8.22 (m, 2H), 7.95 (m, 1H), 5.1-5.4 (m, 1H), 5.0 (m, 2H), 4.72 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 407 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 382 -

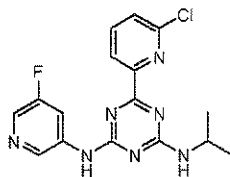
5-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)nicotinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.12 (s, 1H), 8.95-8.77 (m, 2H), 8.71-8.67 (m, 1H), 8.56-8.51 (m, 1H), 8.19-8.15 (m, 1H), 7.88-7.86 (m, 1H), 4.60-4.29 (m, 1H), 1.40 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H) LC-MS: m/z 367.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 383 -

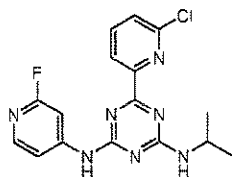
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-*N*²-(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-*N*⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.88 (s, 1H), 8.52 -8.49 (m, 2H), 8.32-8.30 (m, 1H), 8.20-8.16 (m, 1H), 7.89-7.87 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.31 (m, 1H), 1.40 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 360.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 384 -

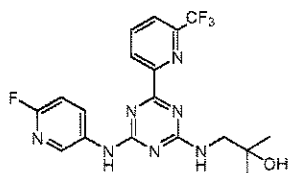
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-*N*²-(2-fluoropyridin-4-yl)-*N*⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.45-8.41 (m, 1H), 8.02-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.49 (m, 1H), 4.47-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.32 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 360.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 385 -

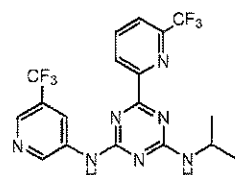
1-(4-(6-fluoropyridin-3-ylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.63-8.75 (m, 2 H), 8.42-8.56 (m, 1 H), 8.26-8.30 (q, $J = 8$, 1 H), 8.04-8.06 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H), 7.16-7.19 (m, 1 H), 3.60-3.68 (d, $J = 32.4$ Hz, 2 H), 1.35 (s., 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 424.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 386 -

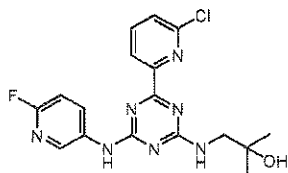
N^2 -isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)- N^4 -(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.04-8.96 (m, 2 H), 8.68-8.64 (m, 1 H), 8.49-8.47 (m, 1 H), 8.20-8.16 (m, 1 H), 7.96-7.94 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1 H), 4.60-4.20 (m, 1 H), 1.31 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 444.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 388 -

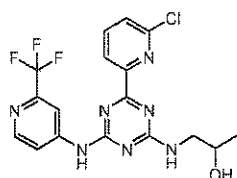
1-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(6-fluoropyridin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.42-8.31 (m, 2H), 8.00-7.98 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.08 (m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.27 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 390.2 (M+H)

Compound 389 -

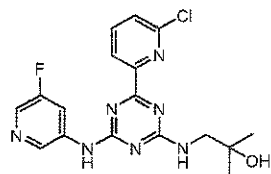
1-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.46-7.92 (m, 3H), 7.91-7.52 (m, 3H), 3.98-3.88 (m, 1H), 3.52-3.33 (m, 2H), 1.16 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 426.2 (M+H).

Compound 390 -

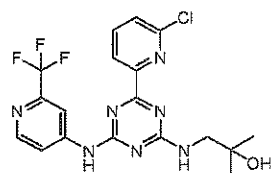
1-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(5-fluoropyridin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.63-8.43 (m, 2H), 8.16-8.16 (m, 1H), 8.03-7.99 (m, 1H), 7.65-7.64 (m, 1H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 1.30 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 390.2 (M+H).

Compound 391 -

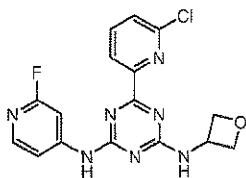
1-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.62-8.17 (m, 3H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 1H), 7.84-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 1.28 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 440.3 (M+H).

Compound 393 -

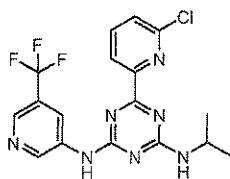
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -(2-fluoropyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -(oxetan-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 10.6-10.8 (m, 2H), 8.8-9.2 (m, 1H), 8.3-8.5 (m, 1H), 7.9-8.2 (m, 2.4H), 7.6-7.8 (m, 2.5H), 5.0-5.2 (m, 1H), 4.75 (m, 2H), 4.6 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 373 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 394 -

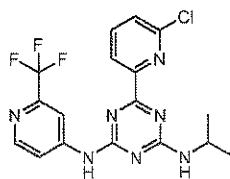
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.15-8.70 (s, 2H), 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.43-8.38 (m, 1H), 7.98-7.93 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.58 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.18 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 410.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 396 -

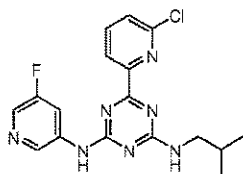
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.86-8.67 (br.s, 1H), 8.48-8.42 (m, 2H), 8.23-7.61 (m, 3H), 4.53-4.13 (m, 1H), 1.32 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 410.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 399 -

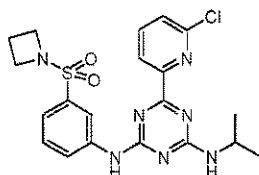
6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -isobutyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.67-8.41 (m, 3H), 8.13-8.10 (m, 1H), 8.00-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.96-7.62 (m, 1H), 3.42-3.31 (m., 2H), 2.04-2.01 (m., 1H), 1.00 (dd, $J = 4$, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 374.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 400 -

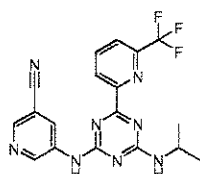
*N*²-(3-(azetidin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.93 (s, 1H), 8.47-8.45 (m, 1H), 7.98 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.48 (m, 1H), 4.35 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.78 (m., 4H), 2.1-2.06 (m., 2H), 1.32-1.30 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 459.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 401 -

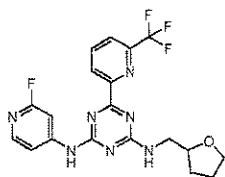
5-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)nicotinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.96-8.84 (m, 2 H), 8.59-8.54 (m, 1 H), 8.42-8.397 (m, 1 H), 8.11-8.07 (m, 1 H), 7.87-7.85 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1 H), 4.47-4.12 (m, 1 H), 1.21 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 401.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 402 -

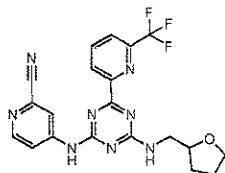
*N*²-(2-fluoropyridin-4-yl)-*N*⁴-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.69 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H), 8.22 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1 H), 8.04-7.98 (m, 2 H), 7.84 (s, 1 H), 7.53 (dd, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.23-4.19 (m, 1 H), 3.99-3.96 (m, 1 H), 3.83-3.78 (m, 1 H), 3.70-3.63 (m, 2 H), 2.12-2.08 (m, 1H), 2.04-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.72 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 436.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 403 -

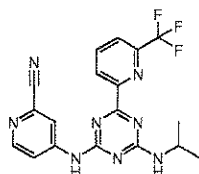
4-(4-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)picolinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.68 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H), 8.59 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1 H), 8.46 (dd, $J = 14.0$ Hz, 5.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.21 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.95 (m, 2H), 4.23-4.20 (m, 1 H), 3.99-3.93 (m, 1 H), 3.84-3.78 (m, 1 H), 3.69-3.62 (m, 2 H), 2.13-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.05-1.98 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.73 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 443.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 404 -

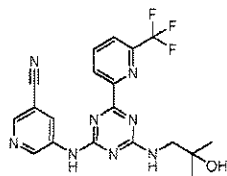
4-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)picolinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.72-8.65 (m, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1 H), 8.48 (dd, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.22 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1 H), 7.99-7.94 (m, 2 H), 4.49-4.25 (m, 1 H), 1.31 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 401.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 405 -

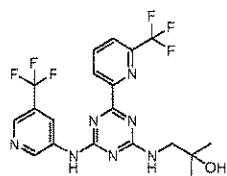
5-(4-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)nicotinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.03-9.12 (m, 1 H), 8.70-8.78 (m, 3 H), 8.37-8.45 (m, 1 H), 8.18-8.25 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H), 3.62 (s, 2 H), 1.35 (s, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 431.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 406 -

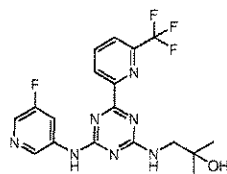
2-methyl-1-(4-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-6-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.00-9.18 (m, 2 H), 8.69-8.71 (m, 1 H), 8.51-8.54 (m, 1 H), 8.20-8.22 (m, 1 H), 7.98-8.00 (m, 1 H), 3.57-3.65 (d, $J = 30.8$ Hz, 2 H), 1.30 (s, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 474.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 407 -

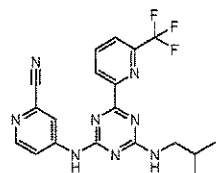
1-(4-(5-fluoropyridin-3-ylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.92 (s, 1 H), 8.81-8.83 (m, 1 H), 8.53-8.58 (m, 3 H), 8.26-8.28 (m, 1 H), 3.64 (s, 2 H), 1.35 (s, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 424.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 408 -

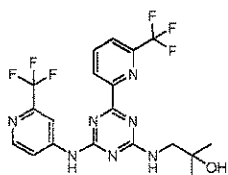
4-(4-(isobutylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)picolinonitrile



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_4) δ 10.7 (s, 1 H), 8.52-8.70 (m, 4 H), 8.30-8.34 (m, 1H), 8.11-8.13 (m, 1 H), 7.93-8.05 (m, 1 H), 3.21-3.24 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.95-2.00 (m, 1 H), 0.96-0.98 (q, J = 3.6 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 415.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 409 -

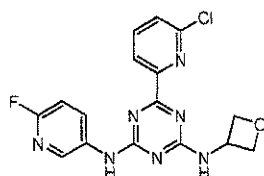
2-methyl-1-(4-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.62-8.68 (m, 2 H), 8.47-8.50 (m, 1 H), 8.18-8.21 (m, 1 H), 7.96-7.98 (m, 1 H), 7.82-7.84 (m, 1 H), 3.56-3.63 (d, J = 28 Hz, 2 H), 1.30 (s, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 474.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 410 -

6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)- N^2 -(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -(oxetan-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

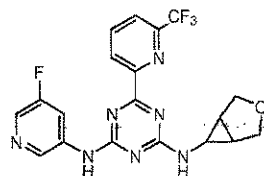


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.50-8.31 (m, 3H), 7.89-7.86 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.00 (m, 1H), 5.02-4.90 (m., 1H), 4.88-4.84 (m., 2H), 4.61-4.59 (m, 2H)

LC-MS: m/z 374.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 411 -

N^2 -(3-oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-6-yl)- N^4 -(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

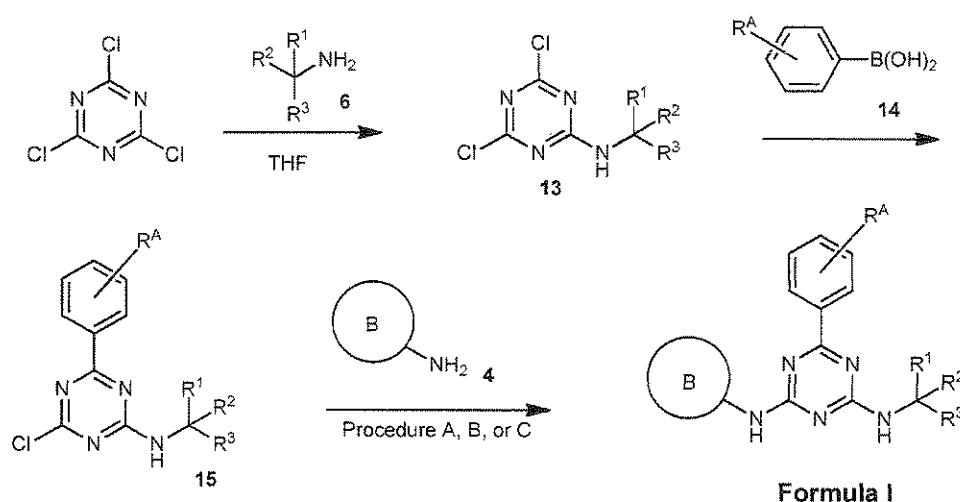


^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 10.04-10.06 (m, 1H), 8.69-8.91 (m, 1H), 8.47-8.58 (m, 2H), 8.32 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.19-8.24 (m, 1H), 8.10-8.12 (m, 1H), 3.98 (d., $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.69 (d., $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.57-2.61 (m, 1H), 1.97 (s, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 434.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

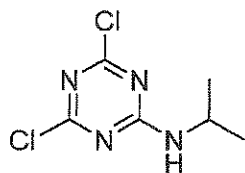
Example 4. Preparation of Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A is Substituted Phenyl.

The compounds of this Example are prepared by general Scheme 4, set forth below.

Scheme 4



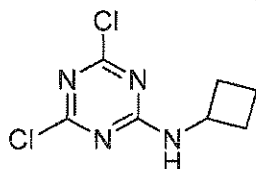
Example 4, step 1: Preparation of 4,6-dichloro-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine. To a solution of 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine (4.0 g, 0.0217 mol) in THF (25 mL) was added isopropyl amine (1.27 g, 0.0217 mmol) at 0°C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. The mixture was adjusted pH 7 by aq NaHCO_3 and extracted with ethyl acetate (100 mL*2). The combined organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , concentrated and purified by column chromatography to give 4,6-dichloro-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine as a colorless oil.



^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.24-1.27 (m, 6H), 4.21-4.26 (m, 1H), 5.68 (br s, 1H).

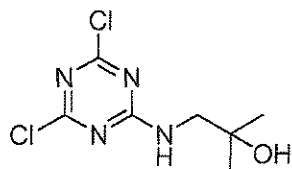
The following intermediates (13) were prepared following the procedure of Step 1 using the appropriate amine 6.

4,6-dichloro-N-(oxetan-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine, which was directly used in the next step.



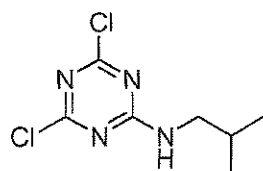
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.71-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.90-2.04 (m, 2H), 2.37-2.46 (m, 2H), 4.46-4.56 (m, 1H), 6.04 (br. 1H).

1-(4,6-Dichloro-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methyl-propan-2-ol, which was directly used in the next step.



LCMS: m/z 237.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

4,6-dichloro-N-isobutyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine, which was directly used in the next step.



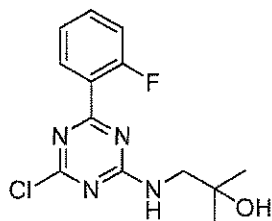
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.85 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 6H), 1.75-1.94 (m, 1 H), 3.30-3.33 (m, 2H), 6.29 (br, 1H).

Example 4, step 2: Preparation of 1-[4-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-[1,3,5]

triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol. To a mixture of

4,6-dichloro-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (1.0 g, 4.83 mmol), 3-fluorophenylboronic acid (0.671 g, 0.00483 mol) and Cs_2CO_3 (3.15 g, 0.00966 mol) in dioxane/water (12 mL/2.4 mL) was added $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (0.56 g, 483 mmol). The mixture was heated to 80°C for 2 hours. The mixture was concentrated and purified by SiO_2 chromatography to give

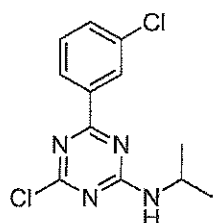
1-[4-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-[1,3,5] triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol as a white solid.



LCMS: m/z 297.1 (M+H)⁺.

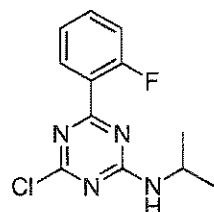
Additional intermediates **15** were prepared by the method of *Example 4, step 2* using the appropriate boronic acid **14** and the appropriate starting intermediate **13**.

[4-chloro-6-(3-chloro-phenyl)- [1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-isopropyl-amine



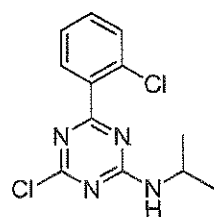
LCMS: m/z 282.9 (M+H)⁺.

4-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine



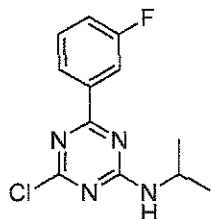
LCMS: m/z 266.8 (M+H)⁺.

4-chloro-6-(2-chlorophenyl)-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine



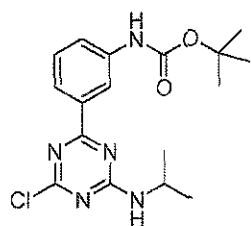
LCMS: m/z 282.8 (M+H)⁺.

4-chloro-6-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine



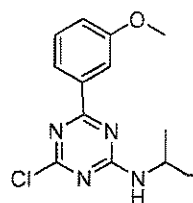
LCMS: m/z 266.9 (M+H)⁺.

[3-(4-Chloro-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5] triazin-2-yl)-phenyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester



LCMS: m/z 364.2 (M+H)⁺.

[4-Chloro-6-(3-methoxy-phenyl)- [1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-isopropyl-amine

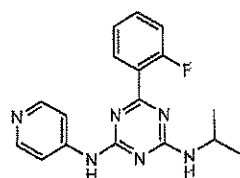


LCMS: m/z 279.1 (M+H)⁺.

Example 4, step 3 (Procedure A): Preparation of Compound 227 -

6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine.

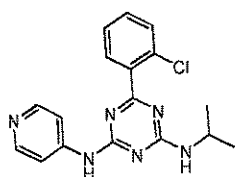
A mixture of 4-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (290 mg, 1.1 mmol), pyridine-4-amine (103 mg, 1.1 mmol), CsF (554 mg, 2.2 mmol) and DIPEA (0.425 g, 3.3 mmol) in DMSO (4 mL) was heated to 80°C for 2 hours. The mixture was filtered and purified by a standard method to give 6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.32 (t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 8.12-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.89 (t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.54-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.27 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.26 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 325.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

The following compound was also made using the procedure of Step 3 and the appropriate amine 4.

Compound 226 - 6-(2-chlorophenyl)- N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

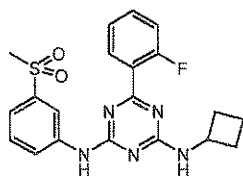


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.31 (t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.87 (t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.74-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.37 (m, 3H), 4.31-4.26 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.24 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 341.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Example 4, step 3 (Procedure B): Compound 317 -

N^2 -cyclobutyl-6-(2-fluorophenyl)- N^4 -(3-(methanesulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

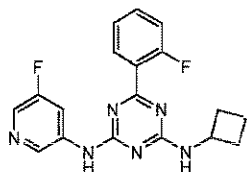
A mixture of [4-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-cyclobutyl-amine (150 mg, 0.538 mmol) and 3-methanesulfonyl-phenylamine (111mg, 0.648 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) was stirred at 80°C for 8 hrs. TLC (petroleum ether / ethyl acetate 10/1) indicated the reaction was complete and water was added. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate. Filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give crude N -cyclobutyl-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)- N' -(3-methane-sulfonyl-phenyl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine, which was purified a standard method to give pure N -cyclobutyl-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)- N' -(3-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-[1,3,5]triazine- 2,4-diamine.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.00-8.61 (m, 1H), 8.16-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.18 (m, 2H), 4.67-4.61 (m, 1H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.52-2.38 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.76 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 414.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

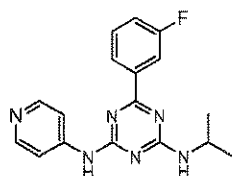
Example 4, step 3 (Procedure C): Synthesis of Compound 318 -

***N*-Cyclobutyl-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-(5-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine.** A mixture of [4-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-cyclobutyl-amine (300 mg, 1.08 mmol), 5-fluoro-pyridin-3-ylamine (145 mg, 1.29 mmol) Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (80 mg, 0.11 mmol) and t-BuONa (208 mg, 2.17 mmol) in dioxane (15 mL) was stirred at 80°C under N₂ for 2 hrs. Cooled to room temperature and water was added. Extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by a standard method to obtain *N*-cyclobutyl-6-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-(5-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine.

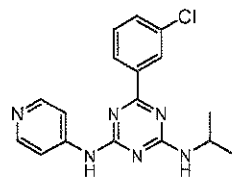


¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ: 8.73-8.44 (m, 2H), 8.08 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (br.s., 1H), 7.28-7.19 (m, 2H), 4.58-4.51 (m, 1H), 2.42 (br.s., 2H), 2.09 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 1.80 (br.s., 2H). LC-MS: m/z 355.2 (M+H)⁺.

The following compounds were analogously made according to Example 4, step 3 (procedure C) using the appropriate intermediate **15** and the appropriate amine **4**

Compound 184 - 6-(3-fluorophenyl)-*N*²-isopropyl-*N'*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

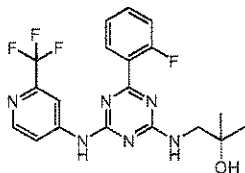
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ: 8.35-8.31 (m, 2H), 8.26-8.20 (m, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 1H), 4.43-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 325.0 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 185 - 6-(3-chlorophenyl)-*N*²-isopropyl-*N'*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.38-8.30 (m, 4H), 7.91-7.87 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.43 (m, 2H), 4.41-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 340.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 319 -

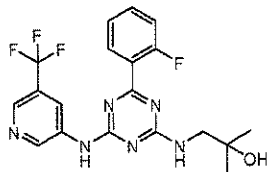
1-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.49-8.38 (m, 1H), 8.19-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.22 (m, 2H), 3.58-3.56 (m, 2H), 1.29-1.27 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 423.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 392 -

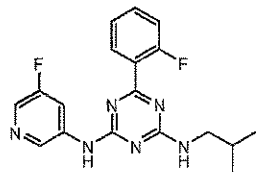
1-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.8-9.1 (m, 2H), 8.48 (m, 1H), 8.1 (m, 1H), 7.5 (m, 1H), 7.2-7.3 (m, 2H), 3.5 (m, 2H), 1.25 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 428.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 320 -

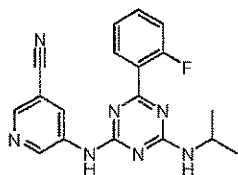
6-(2-fluorophenyl)- N^2 -(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)- N^4 -isobutyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.64-8.48 (m, 2H), 8.10-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.29 (t, $J = 7.6$, 1H), 7.29 (t, $J = 11.0$, 1H), 3.32 (br.s., 2H), 2.03-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.03-0.96 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 357.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 321 -

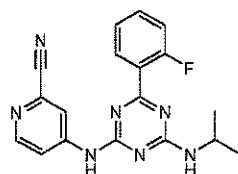
5-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)nicotinonitrile



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.25-10.14 (m, 1H), 9.14 (t, $J = 2.40$, 1H), 8.89-8.79 (m, 1H), 8.62-8.61 (m, 1H), 8.04-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.31 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.13 (m, 1H), 1.24-1.21 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 350.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 369 -

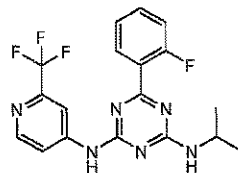
4-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)picolinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.61-8.59 (m, 1H), 8.48-8.44 (m, 1H), 8.16-8.13 (m, 1H), 7.98-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.23 (m., 2H), 4.29-4.27 (m., 2H), 3.05 (s., 1H), 1.16 (dd, $J = 4$, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 350.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 370 -

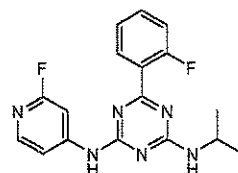
6-(2-fluorophenyl)- N^2 -isopropyl- N^4 -(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.65-8.64 (m, 2H), 8.22-8.18 (m, 1H), 7.90-7.89 (m, 1H), 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.35 (m., 2H), 4.38-4.35 (m., 1H), 1.39 (dd, $J = 4$, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 393.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 371 -

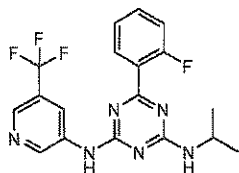
6-(2-fluorophenyl)- N^2 -(2-fluoropyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.20-8.15 (m, 2H), 7.75-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.38 (m, 3H), 4.37-4.35 (m., 1H), 1.37 (dd, J = 4, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 342.9 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 372 -

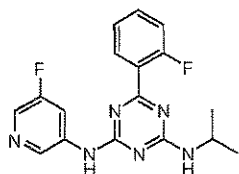
6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 9.31-8.77 (m, 3H), 8.21 (m, 1H), 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.41 (m., 2H), 4.33-4.32 (m, 1H), 1.37 (dd, J = 4, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 393.0 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 374 -

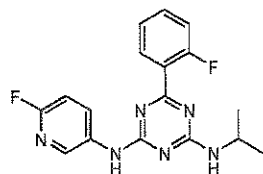
6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N²-(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.69-8.61 (m, 2H), 8.12-8.05 (m, 2H), 7.57-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.21 (m., 2H), 4.28-4.25 (m, 1H), 1.31 (dd, J = 4, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 343.2 (M+H)⁺.

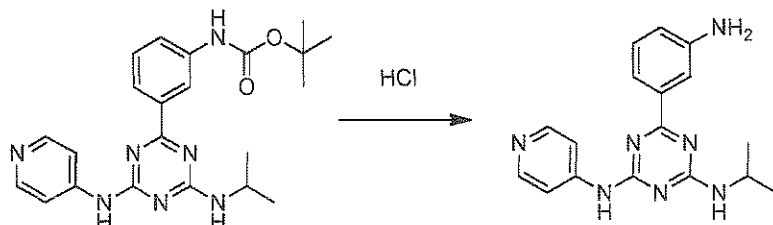
Compound 387 -

6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N²-(6-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



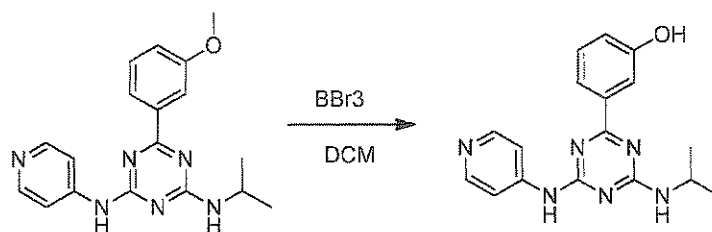
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.61-8.57 (m, 1H), 8.42-8.37 (m, 1H), 8.04-8.00 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.51 (m., 1H), 7.30-7.05 (m, 3H), 4.26-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.29 (dd, J = 4, 400 MHz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 342.9 (M+H)⁺.

Preparation of 1-[4-(3-Amino-phenyl)-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl-amino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol Compound 327 -



To a mixture of 1-[4-(3-N-(BOC-amino)-phenyl)-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl-amino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol (100.2 mg, 0.24 mmol) in ethyl acetate (1 mL) was added HCl/ethyl acetate (4 mL) at 0°C under N₂. The mixture was stirred at r.t. for 2 hours. TLC (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=3:1) showed that the reaction was complete. The mixture was concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by a standard method to give 1-[4-(3-amino-phenyl)-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl-amino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol. ¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ: 8.44-8.40 (m, 2H), 8.17-8.12 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.22 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.45-4.26 (m, 1H), 1.31 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 322.2 (M+H)⁺.

Preparation of 3-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-phenol



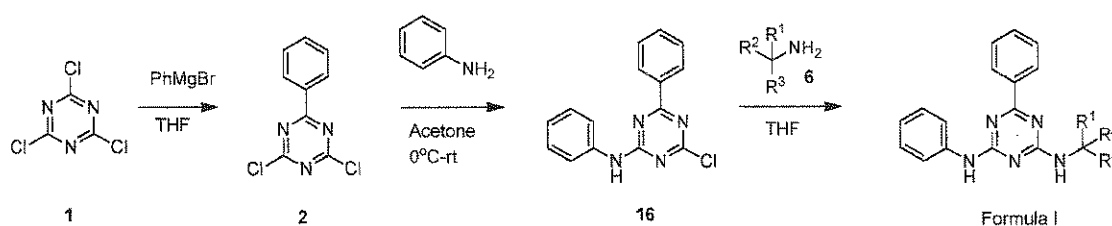
Compound 328 -

To a mixture of N-isopropyl-6-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-N'-pyridin-4-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine (200 mg, 0.6 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added BBr₃ (60 mg, 0.6 mol) at -78°C under N₂. The mixture was allowed to warm to r.t. and stirred for 90 min. before pouring to water (2 mL). After stirring for 20 min. to the mixture was added NaHCO₃ to adjust pH to 7 and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulphate and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by a standard method to give 3-[4-isopropylamino-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-phenol.

^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 11.12-11.05 (m, 1H), 9.72 (br.s., 1H), 8.67-8.60 (m, 2H), 8.38-8.31 (m, 2H), 8.15-8.00 (m, 1H), 7.82-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.32 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.433-4.17 (m, 1H), 1.26-1.22 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 323.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Example 5. Preparation of Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A and Ring B are Phenyl. The compounds of this Example are prepared by general Scheme 5, set forth below.

Scheme 5



Example 5 step 2: Preparation of 4-chloro-N,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine. To a solution of 2,4-dichloro-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine (1 g, 4.4 mol) in acetone (10 mL) was added dropwise a solution of aniline (0.41 g, 4.4 mol) in acetone (2 mL) at 0°C via syringe under N_2 . After the addition, the mixture was stirred at 0°C under N_2 for 4 hrs. The reaction mixture was adjusted to pH 7 with saturated NaHCO_3 . The cake was dissolved in ethyl acetate (500 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , concentrated and purified via silica gel chromatography to give 4-chloro-N,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine as a white solid.

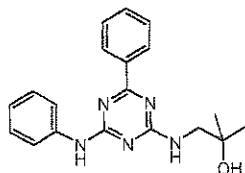
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 8.42 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.33 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.57-7.43 (m, 3H), 5.57-5.49 (m, 1H), 4.42-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.23 (m, 6H).

Example step 3: Preparation of

2,6-diphenyl- N^4 -(tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine tetrahydrofuran-3-amine.

Compound 203 - To a solution of (4-chloro-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-phenyl-amine (150 mg, 0.532 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5 mL) was added a solution of 1-amino-2-methyl-propan-2-ol (71 mg, 0.796 mmol) in THF (2 mL) via syringe at room temperature and the result mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hrs. The reaction was quenched by water (15 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , concentrated and purified by a

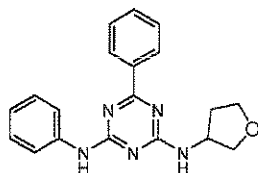
standard method to give pure 2-methyl-1-(4-phenyl-6-phenylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl-amino)-propan-2-ol.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.35 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.56-3.47 (m, 2H), 1.26 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 336.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

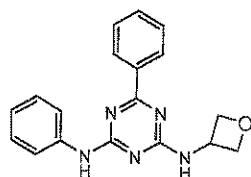
Other compounds were produced following Example 5, step 3 using the appropriate amine 6.

Compound 174 - $N^2,6$ -diphenyl- N^4 -(tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



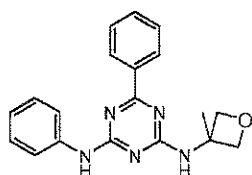
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.39 (br.s., 1H), 8.35 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.31 (br.s., 2H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (br.s., 1H), 4.05-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.89-3.83 (m, 1H), 3.76 (dd, J = 8.9, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.34-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.04-1.97 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 333.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 175 - N^2 -(oxetan-3-yl)- $N^4,6$ -diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



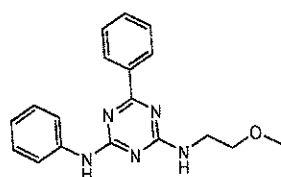
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.35 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (br.s., 2H), 7.51-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.30 (br.s., 2H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.25-5.10 (m, 1H), 4.93 (br.s., 2H), 4.69 (br.s., 2H). LC-MS: m/z 320.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 176 - N^2 -(3-methyloxetan-3-yl)- $N^4,6$ -diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



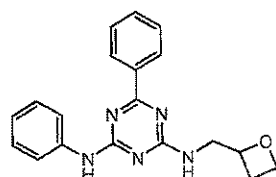
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.35 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.70 (br, 2H), 7.52-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 (br.s., 1H), 4.88 (br.s., 2H), 4.52-4.88 (br.s., 2H), 1.77 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 334.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 225 - N^2 -(2-methoxyethyl)- N^4 ,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



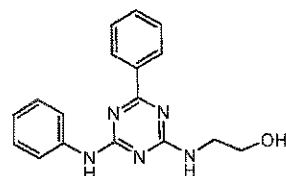
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.42-8.34 (m, 2H), 7.75 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.54-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.32 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.7-3.58 (m, 4H), 3.41 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 322.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 237 - N^2 -(oxetan-2-ylmethyl)- N^4 ,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

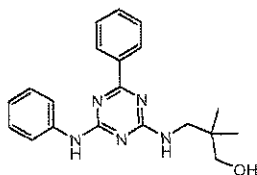


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.40-8.33 (m, 2H), 7.74 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.1-5.04 (m, 1H), 4.72-4.66 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.57 (m, 2H), 3.89-3.68 (m, 2H), 2.71-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.52 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 333.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 238 - 2-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)ethanol

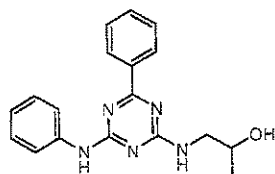


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.39-8.31 (m, 2H), 7.75 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.76 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.65-3.59 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 308.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

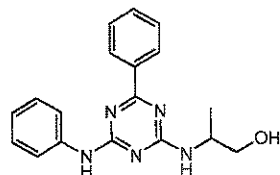
Compound 239 - 2,2-dimethyl-3-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-1-ol

^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.35-8.29 (m, 2H), 7.74 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.54-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.32 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.06-7.01 (m, 1H), 3.39 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.22 (s, 2H), 0.94 (s, 6H).

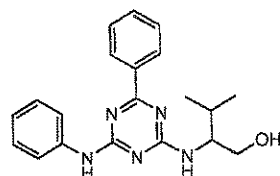
LC-MS: m/z 350.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 240 - 1-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-2-ol

^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.39-8.32 (m, 2H), 7.74 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.06-3.98 (m, 1H), 3.56-3.33 (m, 2H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 321.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

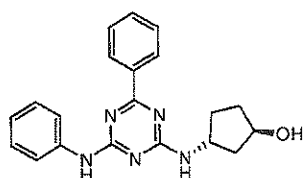
Compound 241 - 2-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-1-ol

^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.39-8.32 (m, 2H), 7.74 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.30 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.37-4.25 (m, 1H), 3.65-3.58 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 322.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 242 - 3-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)butan-1-ol

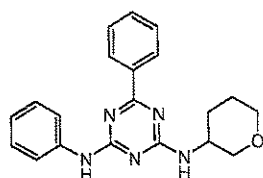
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.41-8.33 (m, 2H), 7.75 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.03 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.12-2.02 (m, 1H), 1.04-1.00 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 350.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 267 - (1R,3R)-3-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclopentanol



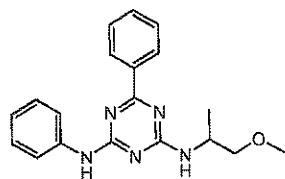
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.42-8.32 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.75 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.01 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.63-4.58 (m, 1H), 4.39-4.36 (m, 1H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.10-2.03 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.69-1.52 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 348.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 268 - N^2 ,6-diphenyl- N^4 -(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.43-8.36 (m, 2H), 7.77 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.34 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.05 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.26-4.05 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.83 (m, 1H), 3.55-3.50 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.33 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.06 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.66 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 348.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

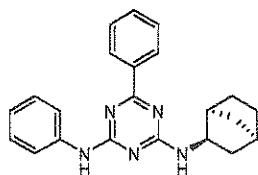
Compound 269 - N^2 -(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)- N^4 ,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.41-8.35 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.33 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.05 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.54-4.37 (m, 1H), 3.58-3.55 (m, 1H), 3.46-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 336.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

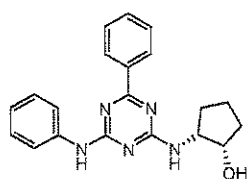
Compound 296 -

N^2 -((1S,2R,4R)-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)- N^4 ,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



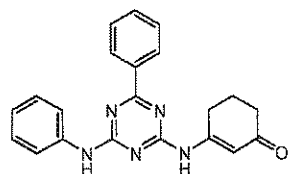
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 9.60-9.47 (m, 1H), 8.36-8.30 (m, 2H), 7.89-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.15 (m, 1H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.1 (m, 8H). LC-MS: m/z 358.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 352 - (1S,2R)-2-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclopentanol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.42-8.32 (m, 2H), 7.77 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.56-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.42-4.23 (m, 2H), 2.17-2.10 (m, 1H), 1.99-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.70 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 348.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 362 - 3-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclohex-2-enone

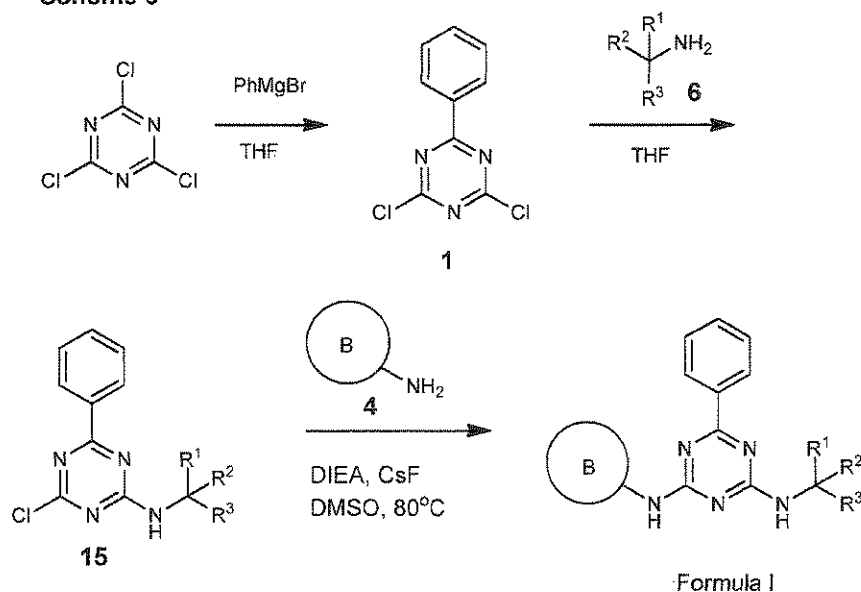


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.47 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (br.s., 2H), 7.60-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.39 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (br.s., 1H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.12-2.03 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 358.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Example 6. Preparation of Additional Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A is Phenyl.

The compounds of this Example are prepared by general Scheme 6, set forth below.

Scheme 6



Example 6, step 2: Preparation of tert-Butyl-(4-chloro-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-amine

To a solution of 2,4-dichloro-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine (500 mg, 2.212 mmol) in anhydrous THF (4 mL) was added dropwise a solution of tert-butylamine (194.1 mg, 2.654 mol) in THF (1 mL) at room temperature via syringe under N₂. After the addition, the mixture was stirred at room temperature under N₂ for 2 hrs. The reaction was quenched by water (5 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried, concentrated to afford tert-butyl-(4-chloro-6-phenyl-[1,3, and 5]-triazin-2-yl)-amine as a white solid, which was used the directly in the next step without purification.

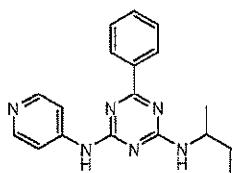
Other amines **6** were also employed using the standard procedure described above to give the desired intermediates and were also used in the next step directly without further purification.

Example 6, step 3: Preparation of Compound 227

6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine. A mixture of tert-butyl-(4-chloro-6-phenyl-[1, 3, and 5] triazin-2-yl)-amine (186.1 mg, 0.71 mmol), pyridine-4-amine (80 mg, 0.85 mmol), CsF (107.85 mg, 0.71 mmol) and DIEA (275.30 mg, 2.13 mmol) in DMSO (4 mL) was heated to 80°C for 2 hours. The mixture was filtered and purified by a standard method to give 6-(2-fluorophenyl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine. This compound was also produced by Step 3, procedure A of Example 4.

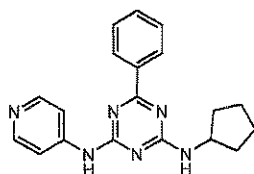
Additional compounds of one aspect of the invention are produced according to Scheme 6 and the methods set forth in this example using the appropriate amine 6 and the appropriate amine 4.

Compound 186 - *N*²-*sec*-butyl-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



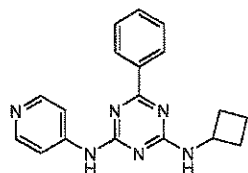
¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄) δ: 8.44-8.33 (m, 4H), 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 7.14 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, *J* = 7.14 Hz, 2H), 4.30-4.09 (m, 1H), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.56 Hz, 3H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.29 Hz, 3H). LC-MS: *m/z* 321.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 287 - *N*²-cyclopentyl-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



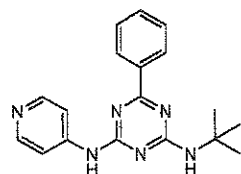
¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ: 8.43-8.37 (m, 4H), 8.06-8.02 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 3H), 4.52-4.36 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.62 (m, 6H). LC-MS: *m/z* 333.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 188 - *N*²-cyclobutyl-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ: 8.50-8.30 (m, 4H), 8.00-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.40 (m, 3H), 4.55 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.10 (m, 2H), 1.80 (m, 2H). LC-MS: *m/z* 319.1 (M+H)⁺.

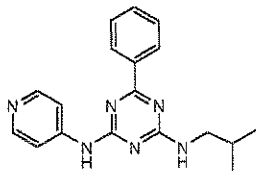
Compound 189 - *N*²-*tert*-butyl-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 8.50-8.30 (m, 4H), 8.00-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.40 (m, 3H), 1.56 (m, 9H).

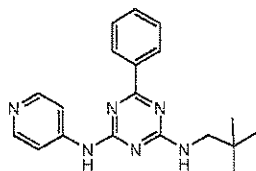
LC-MS: m/z 321.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 190 - N^2 -isobutyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



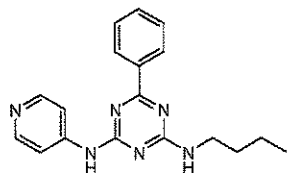
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.35-8.21 (m, 4H), 7.84-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.34 (m, 3H), 3.30 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 1.96-1.87 (m, 1H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 321.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 191 - N^2 -neopentyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



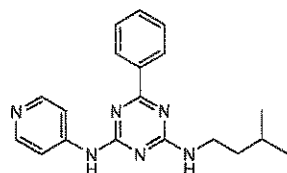
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.57-8.52 (m, 1H), 8.43-8.28 (m, 4H), 7.60-7.37 (m, 3H), 3.36 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 0.94 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 335.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 211 - N^2 -butyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



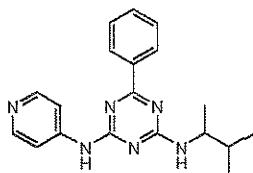
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.37-8.25 (m, 4H), 7.84 (d, J = 6.41 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.12 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.12 Hz, 2H), 3.50-3.41 (m, 2H), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.23 Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 321.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 212 - N^2 -isopentyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



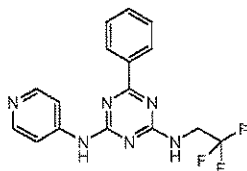
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.30-8.18 (m, 4H), 7.77 (d, J = 5.98 Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.31 (m, 3H), 3.45-3.36 (m, 2H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.45 (m, 2H), 0.86 (d, J = 6.52 Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 335.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 213 - N^2 -(3-methylbutan-2-yl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



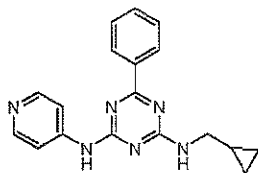
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.33-8.23 (m, 4H), 7.85-7.80 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.03 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.03 Hz, 2H), 4.14-3.97 (m, 1H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.14 (d, J = 6.69 Hz, 3H), 0.94-0.90 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 335.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 215 - 6-phenyl- N^2 -(pyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



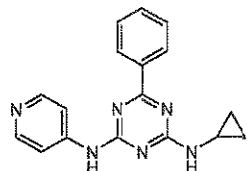
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.44 (m, 2H), 8.36 (m, 2H), 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.32 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.32 Hz, 2H), 4.35-4.20 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 346.9 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 216 - N^2 -(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



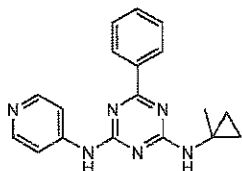
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.43-8.32 (m, 4H), 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.21 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.21 Hz, 2H), 3.43-3.36 (m, 2H), 1.18 (m, 1H), 0.54 (m, 2H), 0.32 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 319.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 217 - N^2 -cyclopropyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



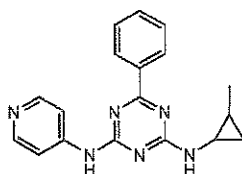
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.46-8.33 (m, 4H), 8.01-7.91 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.44 (m, 3H), 2.88-2.99 (m, 1H), 0.87 (m, 2H), 0.64 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 305.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 218 - N^2 -(1-methylcyclopropyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



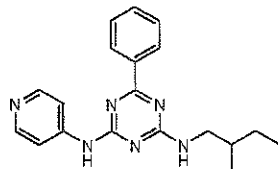
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.51-8.33 (m, 4H), 8.05-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.44 (m, 3H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 0.91-0.77 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 319.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 219 - N^2 -(2-methylcyclopropyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.57-8.40 (m, 4H), 7.98-8.09 (m, 2H), 7.59 (t, $J = 7.23$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 7.23$ Hz, 2H), 2.66 (m, 1H), 1.29 (d, $J = 5.43$ Hz, 3H), 1.05 (m, 1H), 0.91 (m, 1H), 0.70 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 319.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

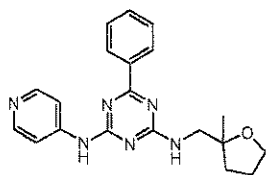
Compound 220 - N^2 -(2-methylbutyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.47 (m, 2H), 8.39 (d, $J = 5.80$ Hz, 2H), 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.59 (t, $J = 6.44$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 6.44$ Hz, 2H), 3.58-3.29 (m, 2H), 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.06-1.02 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 335.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 221 -

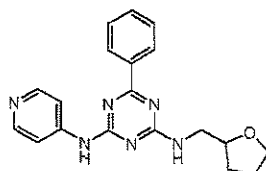
N^2 -((2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ : 8.51-8.41 (m, 4H), 7.99 (m, 2H), 7.61 (t, $J = 7.22$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, $J = 7.22$ Hz, 2H), 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.78-3.65 (m, 2H), 2.10 - 1.80 (m, 4H), 1.36 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 363.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 222 -

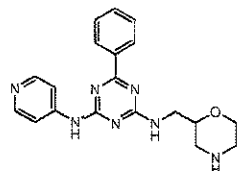
6-phenyl-N²-(pyridin-4-yl)-N⁴-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ : 8.53-8.42 (m, 4H), 8.02 (m, 2H), 7.62 (t, $J = 7.21$ Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, $J = 7.21$ Hz, 2H), 4.27 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.86 (q, $J = 7.23$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.68 (m, 1H), 2.17-1.83 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 349.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 234 -

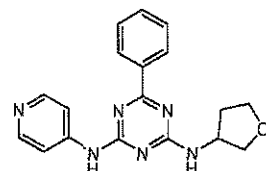
N²-(morpholin-2-ylmethyl)-6-phenyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.42 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.39-8.32 (m, 3H), 7.89 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 2H), 3.90-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.76-3.74 (m, 1H), 3.63-3.52 (m, 3H), 2.99-2.96 (m, 1H), 2.81-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.62-2.53 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 364.0 (M+H)⁺.

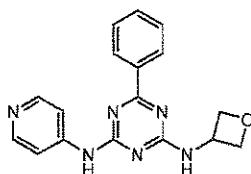
Compound 235 -

6-phenyl-N²-(pyridin-4-yl)-N⁴-(tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



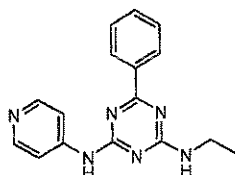
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 9.8-10.0 (m, 1H), 8.1-8.4 (m, 4H), 7.9-8.1 (m, 1H), 7.6-7.8 (m, 2H), 7.3-7.5 (m, 3H), 4.3-4.6 (m, 1H), 3.75-3.85 (m, 1H), 3.7-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.55-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.55 (m, 1H), 2.0-2.15 (m, 1H), δ 1.75-1.85 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 335.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 236 - N^2 -(oxetan-3-yl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



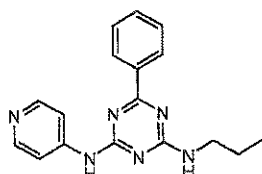
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.3-8.5 (m, 4H), 7.8-8.0 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.6 (m, 3H), 5.15-5.4 (m, 1H), 5.03 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.76 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 320.9 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 248 - N^2 -ethyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



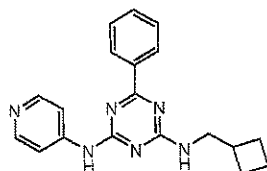
^1H NMR (CDCl $_3$) δ : 8.50 (m, 2H), 8.43-8.32 (m, 2H), 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.08 (m, 1H), 5.45-5.29 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.54 (m, 2H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.25 Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 292.9 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 249 - 6-phenyl- N^2 -propyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



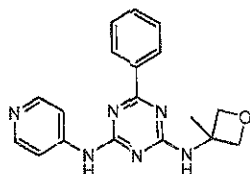
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.46-8.35 (m, 4H), 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.25 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.25 Hz, 2H), 3.56-3.45 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.05 (t, J = 7.35 Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 307.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 250 - N^2 -(cyclobutylmethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.29-8.48 (m, 4H), 7.88-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.51 (m, 3H), 3.48-3.61 (m, 2H), 2.60-2.75 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.18 (m, 2H), 1.75-2.00 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 332.4 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

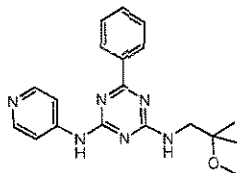
Compound 251 - N^2 -(3-methyloxetan-3-yl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.3-8.5 (m, 4H), 7.8-8.0 (m, 2H), 7.4-7.6 (m, 3H), 4.96 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.60 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.81 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 334.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 252 -

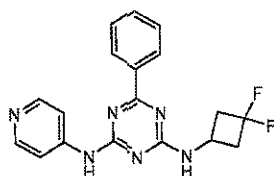
N^2 -(2-methoxy-2-methylpropyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.30-8.49 (m, 4H), 7.88-7.98 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.51 (m, 3H), 3.62 (s, 1H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 350.43 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 253 -

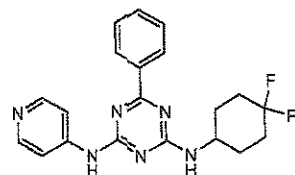
N^2 -(3,3-difluorocyclobutyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.27-8.18 (m, 4H), 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.37 (t, $J = 6.92$ Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, $J = 6.92$ Hz, 2H), 4.34-4.26 (m, 1H), 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.53 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 354.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 254 -

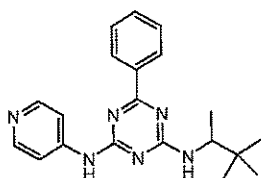
N^2 -(4,4-difluorocyclohexyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.47-8.35 (m, 4H), 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.56 (t, $J = 7.19$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, $J = 7.19$ Hz, 2H), 4.28-4.12 (m, 1H), 1.76 - 2.18 (m, 8H). LC-MS: m/z 383.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

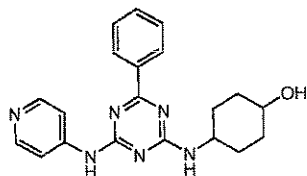
Compound 255 -

N^2 -(3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



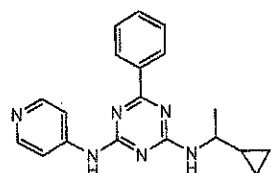
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.33-8.42 (m, 4H), 7.91-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.53 (m, 3H), 1.36 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.21 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.01 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 349.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 256 - 4-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclohexanol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.56-8.30 (m, 4H), 7.90 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.44 (m, 3H), 3.85-4.1 (m, 1H), 3.62 (s, 1H), 2.15 (s, 2H), 2.03 (s, 2H), 1.46-1.35 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 363.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

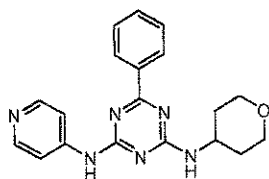
Compound 257 - N^2 -(1-cyclopropylethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.40-8.34 (m, 4H), 7.94-7.90 (d, $J = 16$ Hz, 3H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 3H), 4.59 (br.s., 1H), 3.75-3.68 (m, 1H), 1.36-1.35 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), 1.05 (br.s., 1H), 0.59-0.47 (m, 3H), 0.3 (br.s., 1H). LC-MS: m/z 333.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 258 -

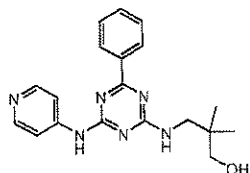
6-phenyl- N^2 -(pyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.38 (m, 2H), 8.54 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.03 (m, 2H), 4.39-4.30 (m, 1H), 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.64 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 349.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

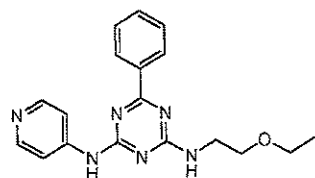
Compound 259 -

2,2-dimethyl-3-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-1-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.38 (m, 2H), 8.54 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.03 (m, 2H), 4.39-4.30 (m, 1H), 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.64 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 349.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

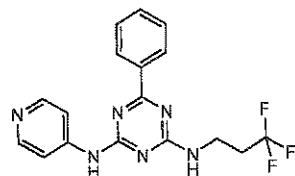
Compound 262 - N^2 -(2-ethoxyethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.46-8.35 (m, 4H), 7.93-7.91 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.47 (m, 3H), 4.93-4.63 (m, 3H), 4.63 (br.s., 1H), 3.77-3.70 (m, 4H), 3.62-3.57 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 336.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

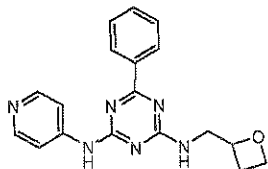
Compound 263 -

6-phenyl- N^2 -(pyridin-4-yl)- N^4 -(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.35-8.47 (m, 4H), 7.90-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.56 (m, 3H), 3.75-3.82 (m, 2H), 2.57-2.65 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 361.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

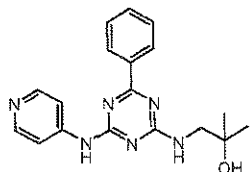
Compound 264 - N^2 -(oxetan-2-ylmethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 8.47 (d, $J = 5.41$ Hz, 2H), 8.36 (m, 2H), 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.52 (t, $J = 6.84$ Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, $J = 6.84$ Hz, 2H), 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.25-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.09 (m, 1H), 4.65 (m, 2H), 3.87 - 3.67 (m, 2H), 2.62 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 335.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

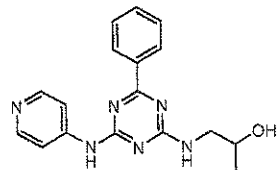
Compound 265 -

2-methyl-1-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 8.51 (m, 2H), 8.36 (d, $J = 7.70$ Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, $J = 4.74$ Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, $J = 7.70$ Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, $J = 7.70$ Hz, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 5.86 (m, 1H), 3.59 (m, 2H), 1.33 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 337.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

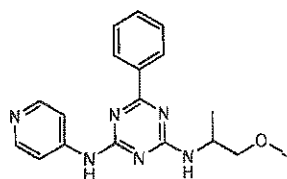
Compound 271 - 1-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.38-9.44 (m, 2H), 8.54-8.59 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.01-7.05 (m, 2H), 4.00-4.06 (m, 1H), 3.59-3.67 (m, 2H), 1.29-1.30 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 323.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 272 -

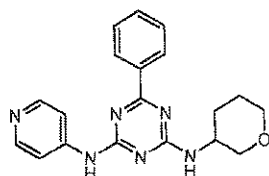
N^2 -(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ: 8.39-8.45 (m, 4H), 7.97-8.01 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.50 (m, 3H), 4.35-4.62 (m, 1H), 3.57-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 1.32-1.33 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 337.1 (M+H)⁺.

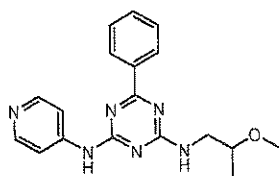
Compound 273 -

6-phenyl-N²-(pyridin-4-yl)-N⁴-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



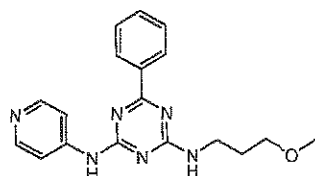
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ: 9.36-9.41 (m, 2H), 8.53-8.57 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.01-7.05 (m, 2H), 4.17-4.39 (m, 1H), 4.02-4.11 (m, 1H), 3.83-3.91 (m, 1H), 2.10-2.20 (m, 1H), 1.77-1.80 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 349.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 274 - N²-(2-methoxypropyl)-6-phenyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

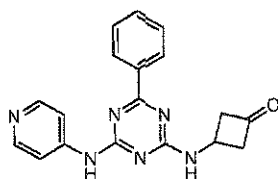


¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ: 9.29-9.33 (m, 2H), 8.48-8.52 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.61 (m, 3H), 6.98-7.01 (m, 2H), 3.55-3.78 (m, 3H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 1.26-1.27 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 337.2 (M+H)⁺.

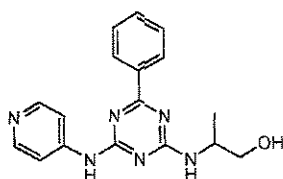
Compound 275 - N²-(3-methoxypropyl)-6-phenyl-N⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



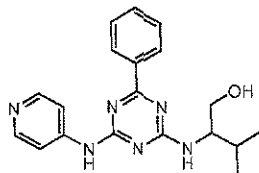
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ: 8.36-8.41 (m, 4H), 7.93-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.51 (m, 3H), 3.54-3.60 (m, 4H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 1.95-1.98 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 337.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 276 - 3-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclobutanone

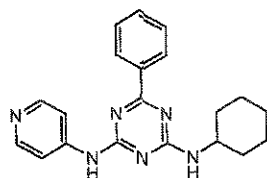
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.39-8.44 (m, 4H), 7.97 (s, 2H), 7.48-7.56 (m, 3H), 4.70-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.51-3.58 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.30 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 333.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 278 - 2-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)propan-1-ol

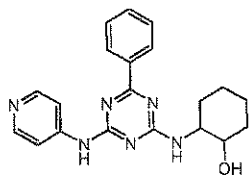
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.28-9.33 (m, 2H), 8.46-8.51 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.54 (m, 3H), 6.95-6.99 (m, 2H), 4.30-4.55 (m, 1H), 3.68-3.72 (m, 2H), 1.34 (t, $J = 6.8\text{Hz}$, 1 H). LC-MS: m/z 323.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 279 - 3-methyl-2-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)butan-1-ol

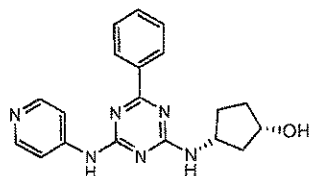
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.23-9.26 (m, 2H), 8.4 (d, $J = 8.0\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 7.41-7.5 (m, 3H), 6.89 (t, $J = 8.0\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 4.1-4.3 (m, 1H), 3.6-3.8 (m, 1H), 1.9-2.1 (m, 1H), 0.9-1.1 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 351.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 280 - N^2 -cyclohexyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

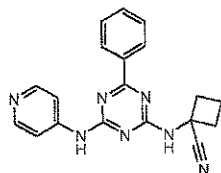
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.34 (t, $J = 8.0\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 8.51 (t, $J = 8.0\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 7.50-7.63 (m, 3H), 6.98-7.03 (m, 2H), 4.0-4.2 (m, 1H), 2.08 (t, $J = 12\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 1.85-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.53 (m, 1H), 1.28-1.51 (m, 5H). LC-MS: m/z 347.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 282 - 2-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclohexanol

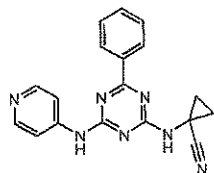
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.18 (m, 2H), 8.32 (m, 3H), 7.46-7.32 (m, 3H), 6.82 (m, 2H), 4.13-4.02 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.90 (m, 1H), 1.71-1.30 (m, 8H). LC-MS: m/z 363.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 283 -**(1S,3R)-3-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclopentanol**

^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 9.37-9.22 (m, 2H), 9.18 (m, 2H), 8.88-8.69 (m, 1H), 8.54-8.44 (m, 2H), 7.71-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.04 (d, J = 7.85 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 2.33-1.54 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 49.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 284 -**1-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclobutanecarbonitrile**

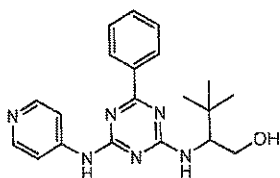
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.47 (m, 2H), 8.38 (m, 2H), 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 6.74 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 6.74 Hz, 2H), 2.88 (m, 2H), 2.57 (m, 2H), 2.22 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 344.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 285 -**1-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclopropanecarbonitrile**

^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.46-9.35 (m, 2H), 8.71-8.55 (m, 2H), 7.70-7.54 (m, 3H), 7.09-7.01 (m, 2H), 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.46 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 330.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

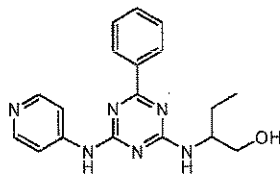
Compound 286 -

3,3-dimethyl-2-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)butan-1-ol



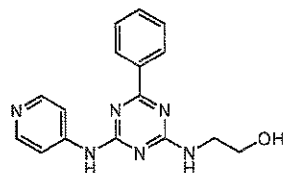
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.43 (m, 2H), 8.59 (m, 2H), 7.67-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.05 (m, 2H), 4.53-4.30 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.68 (m, 1H), 1.09 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 365.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 291 - 2-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)butan-1-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.38 (m, 2H), 8.54 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.01 (m, 2H), 4.37-4.22 (m, 1H), 3.71 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.04 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 337.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

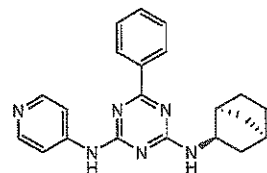
Compound 294 - 2-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)ethanol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.40 (m, 2H), 8.56 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.03 (m, 2H), 3.84-3.72 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 309.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 295 -

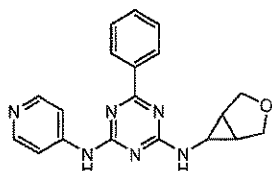
N^2 -((1S,2R,4R)-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.03 (br.s., 1H), 8.41-8.31 (m, 4H), 8.03-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.59-7.52 (m, 3H), 4.30-4.10 (m, 1H), 2.33-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.05-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.19 (m, 8H). LC-MS: m/z 359.2 (M+H) $^+$.

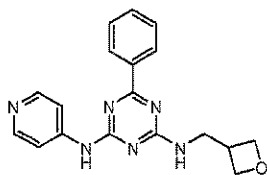
Compound 297 -

*N*²-(3-oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-6-yl)-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



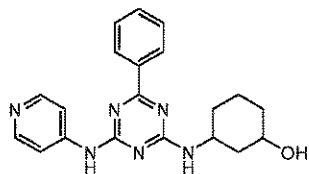
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.10 (br.s., 1H), 8.41-8.38 (m, 4H), 8.32-8.00 (m, 1H), 7.95-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 3H), 3.97 (m, 2H), 3.73 (m, 2H), 2.70-2.55 (m, 1H), 1.96 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 347.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 300 - *N*²-(oxetan-3-ylmethyl)-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.38-8.30 (m, 4H), 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.44 (m, 3H), 4.83 (m, 2H), 4.56 (m, 2H), 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 335.0 (M+H) $^+$.

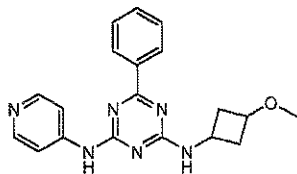
Compound 304 - 3-(4-phenyl-6-(pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)cyclohexanol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.33-8.44 (m, 4H), 7.90-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.54 (m, 3H), 3.9-4.2 (m, 1H), 3.6-3.8 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.38 (m, 1H), 1.87-2.06 (m, 3H), 1.26-1.36 (m, 4H). LC-MS: m/z 363.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 305 -

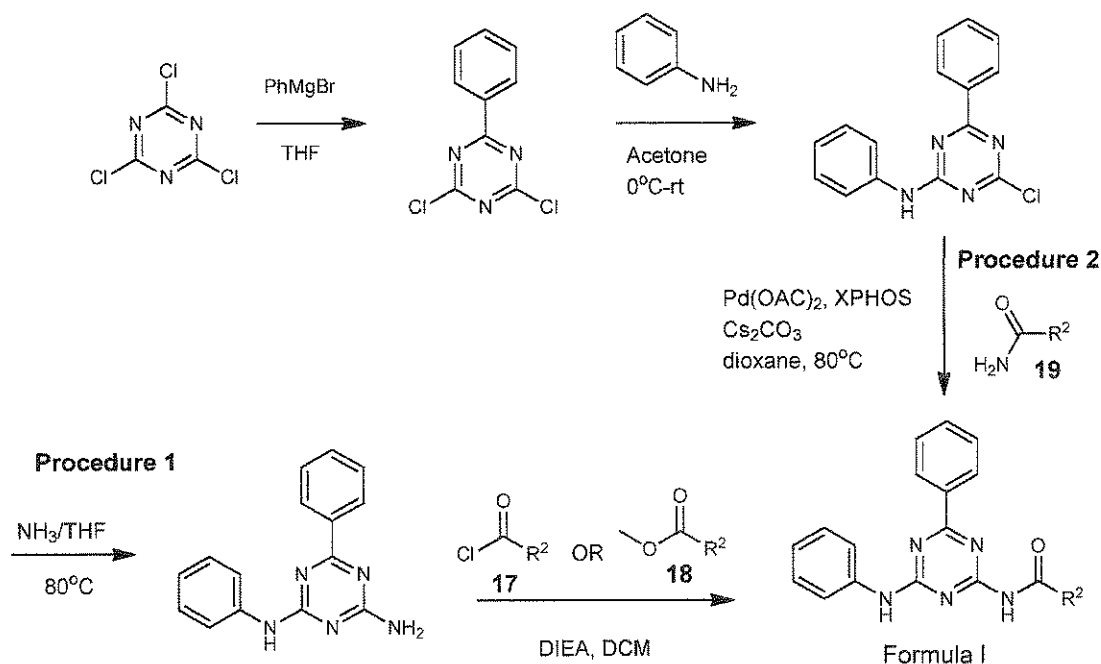
*N*²-(3-methoxycyclobutyl)-6-phenyl-*N*⁴-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 9.32-9.38 (m, 2H), 8.49-8.54 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.62 (m, 3H), 6.98-7.01 (m, 2H), 4.2-4.6 (m, 1H), 3.7-4.1 (m, 1H), 3.3 (br. s., 1H), 2.83-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.47-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.36-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.0-2.04 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 349.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Example 7. Preparation of Compounds of Formula I Wherein R^1 and R^3 are Taken Together with the Carbon atom to which they are attached to Form $\text{C}(=\text{O})$. The compounds of this Example are prepared by general Scheme 7, Procedure 1 or 2, as set forth below.

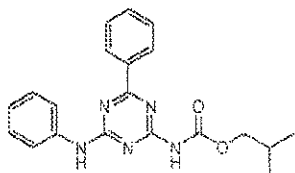
Scheme 7



Example 7, step 3 (Procedure 1): Preparation of $N^2,6$ -diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine. A mixture of 4-chloro- $N,6$ -diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2-amine (4.0 g, 0.14 mol) and $\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (40 mL) in THF (12 mL) was added in a sealed tube. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80°C for 16 hours. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (50 mL $\times$ 3). The organic layer was dried over

anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated to give $\text{N}^2,6$ -diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine as a white solid, which was used in the next step directly without further purification.

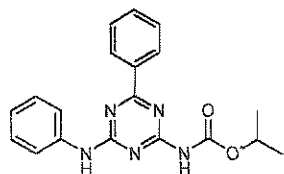
Preparation of Compound 179 - Isobutyl 4-phenyl-6-(phenyl-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate (Procedure 1, Step 4, reagent 17). Pyridine (60 mg, 0.76 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of $\text{N}^2,6$ -diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (100 mg, 0.38 mmol) in DCM (4 mL) under ice-bath cooling. The mixture was then stirred 0°C for 15 min, then isobutyl carbonochloridate (63 mg, 0.46 mmol) was added dropwise and the resultant mixture was stirred at rt for 1 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by a standard method to give isobutyl 4-phenyl-6-(phenyl-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.48 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.82 (br.s., 2H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.36 (br.s., 2H), 7.07 (br.s., 1H), 4.01 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.06-2.00 (m, 1H), 1.01 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 364.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

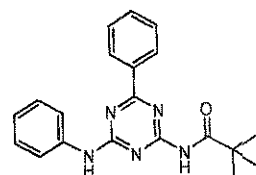
Other compounds of one aspect of the invention were similarly prepared using Example 7, Procedure 1, step 4 of this example and the appropriate chloridate **17**.

Compound 160 - isopropyl 4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate



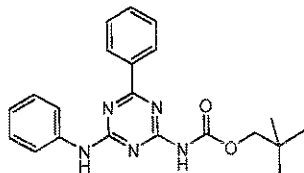
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.48 (br.s., 1H), 10.12 (br.s., 1H), 8.38 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 8.02 (br.s., 2H), 7.61-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.33 (br.s., 2H), 7.04 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.98 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 350.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 183 - *N*-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pivalamide



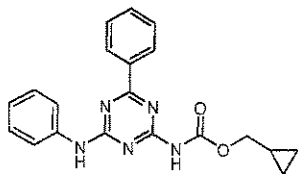
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.14 (br.s., 1H), 9.95 (br.s., 1H), 8.40 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 8.02 (br.s., 2H), 7.60-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.33 (br.s., 2H), 7.03 (br.s., 1H), 1.27 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 348.0 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 208 - Neopentyl 4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate



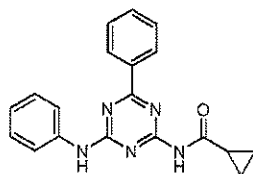
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.57 (br.s., 1H), 10.12 (br.s., 1H), 8.38 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 8.02 (br.s., 2H), 7.62-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.32 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.03 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 0.96 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 378.0 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 232 - cyclopropylmethyl 4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate



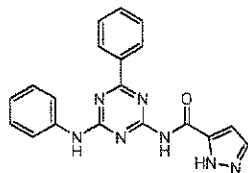
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.46. (br.s., 1H), 10.12 (br.s., 1H), 8.38 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 8.02 (br.s., 2H), 7.70-7.54 (m, 3H), 7.31 (br.s., 2H), 7.02 (br.s., 1H), 4.00 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 0.88-0.85 (m, 1H), 0.56 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 0.35 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 362.0 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 233 - N-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarboxamide



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.89. (br.s., 1H), 10.13 (br.s., 1H), 8.37 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.97 (br.s., 2H), 7.62-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.32 (br.s., 2H), 7.04 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.32 (br.s., 1H), 0.90-0.84 (m., 4H). LC-MS: m/z 332.1 ($M+H$) $^+$

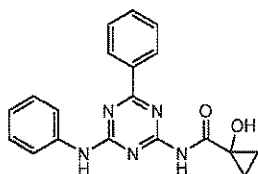
Compound 347 - N-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.37 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.75 (br.s., 2H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.03 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 358.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 412 -

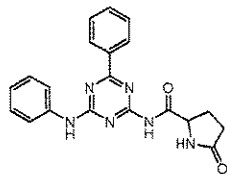
1-hydroxy-N-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarboxamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.36 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.29 (br.s., 2H), 7.25 (br.s., 2H), 1.29 (q, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.06 (q, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 347.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 413 -

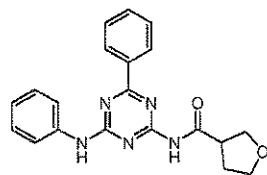
5-oxo-N-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.33 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.03 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.12-4.08 (m, 1H), 2.44-2.25 (m, 3H), 2.18-2.10 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 375.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 415 -

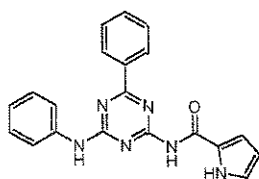
N-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)tetrahydrofuran-3-carboxamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.24 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.37 (m, 6H), 7.25 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.13-4.06 (m, 3H), 3.96 (q, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.36 (q, $J = 7.26$ Hz, 1H), 2.40-2.20 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 362.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Preparation of Compound 414 -1H-Pyrrole-2-carboxylic acid (4-phenyl-6-phenylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-amide (Procedure 1, step 4 reagent 18). To a solution of

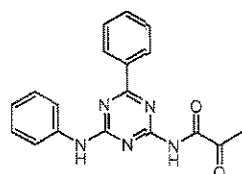
(4-amino-6-phenyl-[1,3,5]-triazin-2-yl)-phenyl-amine (210.6 mg, 0.8 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was added Me_3Al (1 mL, 2.0 mmol) at 0°C . The mixture was stirred for 50 mins, warmed up to room temperature and 1H-Pyrrole-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (50 mg, 0.4 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 48hr at 80°C . The reaction mixture was diluted with H_2O (5 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (5 mL $\times$ 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated to give a crude residue, which was purified by a standard method to give 1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylic acid (4-phenyl-6-phenyl-amino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-amide.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.39 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.75 (br.s., 2H), 7.48-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.29 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.99 (s, 2H), 6.18 (t, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 357.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Other compounds of one aspect of the invention were similarly prepared using Example 7, Procedure 1, step 4 of this example, trimethylaluminum, and the appropriate ester **18**.

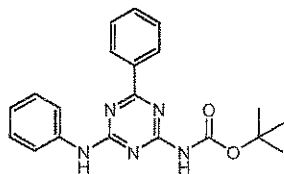
2-oxo-N-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)propanamide



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 11.30 (s, 1H), 10.34 (s, 1H), 8.24 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.38 (br.s., 2H), 7.11 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.39 (br.s., 3H). LC-MS: m/z 334.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Preparation of Compound 416 - Tert-butyl

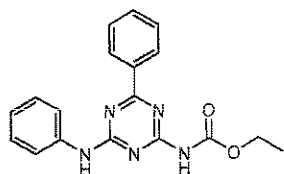
4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate Example 7, (Procedure 2). A mixture of 4-chloro-N,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (141mg, 0.5 mmol), tert-butyl carbamate (69.6 mg, 0.6mmol), $\text{Pd}(\text{AcO})_2$ (24 mg, 0.05 mmol), X-phos (67.3 mg, 0.1 mmol) and Cs_2CO_3 (326 mg, 1 mmol) in dioxane (5 mL) was purged with N_2 for 5 minutes. Then the mixture was heated to 80°C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by a standard method to give tert-butyl 4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate.



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.24. (br.s., 1H), 10.07 (br.s., 1H), 8.38 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.99 (br.s., 2H), 7.62-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.31 (br.s., 2H), 7.04 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.51 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 364.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

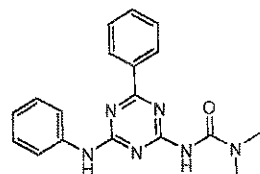
Other compounds of one aspect of the invention were similarly prepared using Example 7, Procedure 2 of this example and the appropriate amine 19.

Compound 181 - ethyl 4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylcarbamate



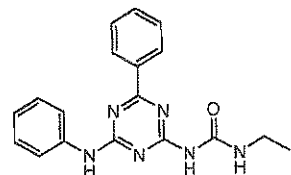
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.58. (br.s., 1H), 10.12 (br.s., 1H), 8.37 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 8.05. (br.s., 2H), 7.60-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.32 (br.s., 2H), 7.04 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.20 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 336.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 182 - 1,1-dimethyl-3-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)urea



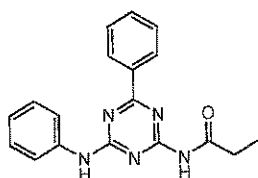
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 9.59. (br.s., 1H), 9.35 (br s., 1H), 8.34 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.97 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 335.0 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 207 - 1-ethyl-3-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)urea



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.10. (br.s., 1H), 9.84 (br.s., 1H), 8.30 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.73 (br.s., 2H), 7.63-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.38 (br.s., 2H), 7.11 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 (br.s., 2H), 1.11 (br.s., 3H). LC-MS: m/z 335.2 ($M+H$) $^+$

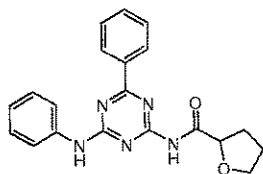
Compound 209 - *N*-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)propionamide



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.53. (br.s., 1H), 10.10 (br.s., 1H), 8.36 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.96 (br.s., 2H), 7.62-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.33 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.66-2.62 (m, 2H), 1.08 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 320.2 ($M+H$) $^+$

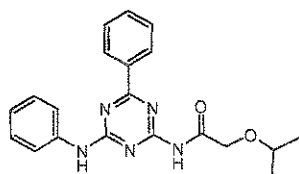
Compound 243 -

***N*-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide**



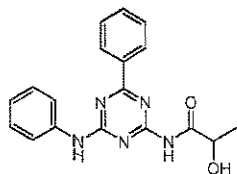
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.21. (br.s., 2H), 8.38 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 8.00 (br.s., 2H), 7.63-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.34 (br.s., 2H), 7.06 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.69 (br.s., 1H), 3.95-3.82 (m., 1H), 4.01-3.97 (m., 1H), 2.32-2.19 (m., 1H), 2.03-1.85 (m., 3H). LC-MS: m/z 362.0 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 244 - 2-isopropoxy-*N*-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)acetamide



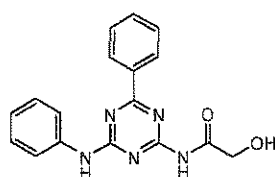
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.35. (br.s., 1H), 10.20 (br.s., 1H), 8.37 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.92 (br.s., 2H), 7.62-7.54 (m, 3H), 7.35 (br.s., 2H), 7.08 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 3.70-3.67 (m., 1H), 1.15 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 364.0 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 324 - 2-hydroxy-*N*-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)propanamide



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 10.28. (br.s., 1H), 10.05. (br.s., 1H), 8.39 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 8.09 (br.s., 2H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.36 (br.s., 2H), 7.05 (br.s., 1H), 5.88 (br.s., 1H), 4.38-4.35 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 335.9 ($M+H$) $^+$

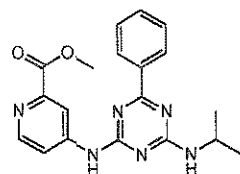
Compound 348 - 2-hydroxy-N-(4-phenyl-6-(phenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)acetamide



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ : 8.44 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.74 (br.s., 2H), 7.60-7.49 (m, 3H), 7.38 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.12 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.94 (s, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 322.1 ($M+H$) $^+$

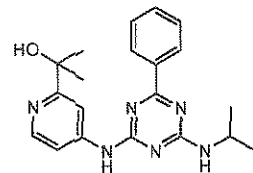
Additional compounds of Formula I that were prepared according to Example 1, step 3, Procedure C using the appropriate reagent 4 are as follows:

Compound 450 - methyl 4-((4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)picolinate



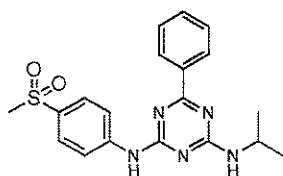
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.08-8.74 (d, 1 H), 8.49-8.43 (m, 3 H), 8.13-7.83 (m, 1 H), 7.56-7.48 (m, 3 H), 4.37-4.34 (m, 1 H), 4.02 (s, 3 H), 1.35-1.30 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 365.2 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 451 - 2-((4-(isopropylamino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.48-8.23 (m, 4 H), 7.72-7.63 (m, 1 H), 7.56-7.44 (m, 3 H), 4.48-4.28 (m, 1 H), 1.57 (s, 6 H), 1.30 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 365.2 (M+H) $^+$

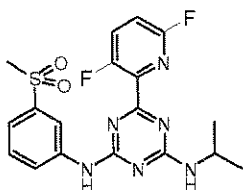
Compound 452 - N2-isopropyl-N4-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.41-8.31 (m, 2 H), 7.91-7.88 (m, 4 H), 7.63-7.45 (m, 4 H), 5.51-5.08 (m, 1 H), 4.48-4.19 (m, 1 H), 3.05 (s, 3 H), 1.30 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 384.2 (M+H) $^+$

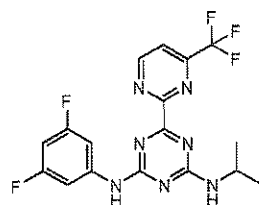
Additional compounds of Formula I were prepared according to Scheme 2 using the appropriate reagents are as follows:

Compound 453 - 6-(3,6-Difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-N-isopropyl-N'-(3-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



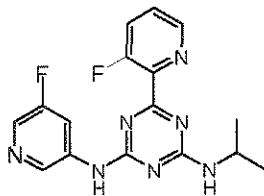
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.90-8.40 (m, 1H), 8.13-8.11 (m, 1H), 7.82-7.80 (m, 2H), 7.71-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 1H), 4.42 (m, 1H), 3.16 (s, 1H), 1.37-1.36 (d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 421.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 455 - N-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-N'-isopropyl-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



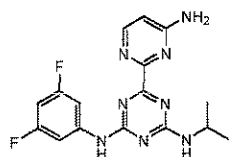
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.39-10.42 (m, 1H), 9.36-9.38 (m, 1H), 8.19-8.34 (m, 2H), 7.68-7.71 (m, 2H), 6.79-6.84 (m, 1H), 4.10-4.15 (m, 1H), 1.18-1.23 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 412.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 456 - N-(5-Fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-6-(3-fluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



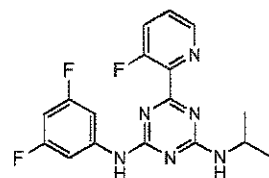
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.61-8.40 (m, 1H), 8.15-8.10 (m, 2H), 7.87-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.71-7.67 (m, 1H), 4.31-4.27 (m, 1H), 1.35-1.27 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 344.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 458 - 6-(4-Amino-pyrimidin-2-yl)-N-(3,5-difluoro-phenyl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



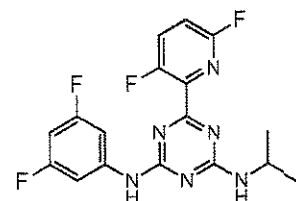
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ (s, 1H), 7.50-7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.58-6.67 (m, 2H), 4.23-4.55 (m, 1H), 1.25-1.34 (m, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 359.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 459 - N-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-6-(3-fluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.54-8.53 (d, 1H), 7.82-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.50 (m, 2H), 6.60-6.53 (m, 1H), 4.39-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.34-1.23 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 361.2 (M+H) $^+$.

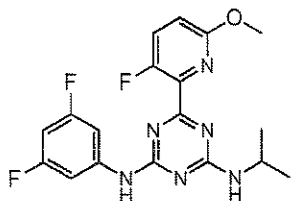
Compound 460 - N-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-6-(3,6-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.03-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.30 (m, 1H), 6.68-6.64

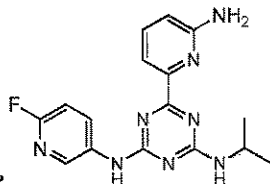
(m, 1H), 4.31-4.24 (m, 1H), 1.35-1.27 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 379.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 461 - *N*-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-6-(3-fluoro-6-methoxy-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 7.83-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.31 (m, 1H), 4.08 (s, 3H), 1.39-1.31 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 391.3 (M+H)⁺.

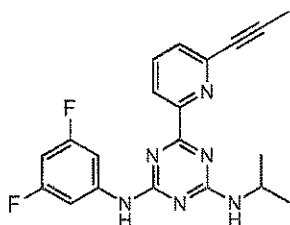
Compound 462 - 6-(6-Amino-pyridin-2-yl)-*N*-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

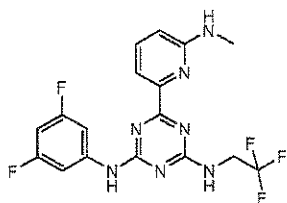
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.65-8.58 (m, 1H), 8.50-8.30 (m, 1H), 8.20-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.20-6.90 (m, 2H), 4.60-4.20 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 340.9 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 463 - *N*-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-prop-1-ynyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



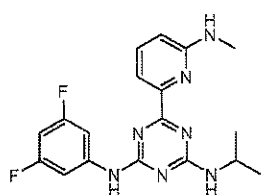
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.39-8.34 (m, 1H), 7.94-7.90 (t, 1H), 7.60-7.52 (m, 3H), 6.62-6.57 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.24 (m, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.34-1.29 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 380.9 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 464 - *N*-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-methylamino-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



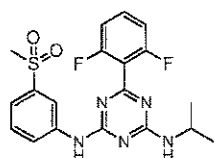
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.72-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.52 (m, 3H), 6.68-6.65 (d, 1H), 6.60-6.56 (m, 1H), 4.36-4.16 (m, 2H), 2.98 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 441.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 465 - *N*-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-6-(6-methylamino-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.00-7.85 (m, 1H), 7.84-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.19-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.68-6.60 (m, 1H), 4.26-4.23 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.12 (d, 3H), 1.33-1.28 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 372.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

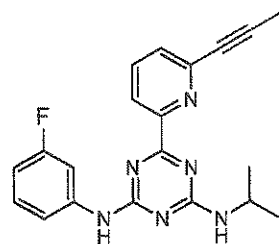
Compound 466 - 6-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-*N*2-isopropyl-*N*4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 9.0-8.4 (m, 1.0H), 8.05-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.4 (m, 3 H), 7.15-7.05 (m, 2H), 4.45-4.1 (m, 1H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 1.3 (d, $J=6.4$, 6H).

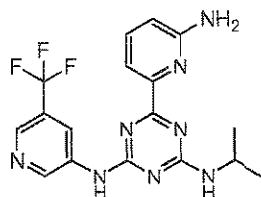
LC-MS : m/z 419.8 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 467 - *N*-(3-Fluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-prop-1-ynyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



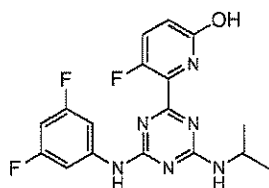
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.33-8.31 (m, 1H), 7.92-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.58-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 2H), 6.78-6.76 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.22 (m, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.28 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 363.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 468 - 6-(6-Amino-pyridin-2-yl)-N-isopropyl-N'-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



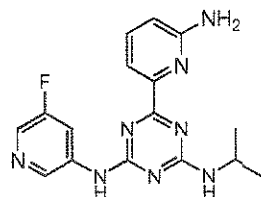
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.21 (s, 2H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.58 (m, 2H), 6.74-6.72 (m, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.29 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 391.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 469 - 6-[4-(3,5-Difluoro-phenylamino)-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-5-fluoro-pyridin-2-ol



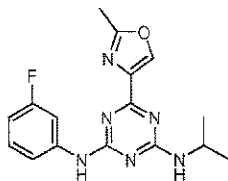
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.71-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.47 (m, 2H), 6.77-6.72 (m, 1H), 6.55-6.53 (m, 1H), 4.40-4.18 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.25 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 377.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 470 - 6-(6-Amino-pyridin-2-yl)-N-(5-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



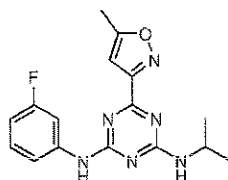
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.38-9.35 (m, 1H), 8.77-8.63 (m, 2H), 8.09-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 1H), 4.28-4.25 (m, 1H), 1.34 (dd, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 341.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 471 - N-(3-Fluoro-phenyl)-N'-isopropyl-6-(2-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



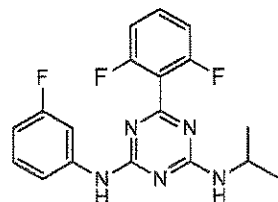
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.46-8.43 (m, 1H), 7.85-7.82 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.27 (m, 2H), 6.78-6.74 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.22 (m, 1H), 2.57 (s, H), 1.29 (dd, J = 13.2 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 329.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 472 - *N*-(3-Fluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(5-methyl-isoxazol-3-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



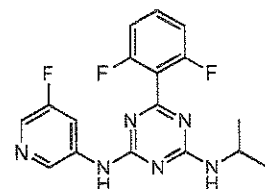
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.87-7.82 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.26 (m, 1H), 6.77-6.68 (m, 2H), 4.38-4.21 (m, 1H), 2.53 (s, H), 1.29 (dd, J = 10.8 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 329.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 473 - 6-(2,6-Difluoro-phenyl)-*N*-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



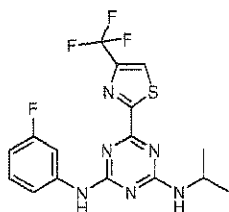
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 6.98-6.97 (m, 1H), 6.69-6.54 (m, 3H), 6.28-6.23 (m, 2H), 5.92 (m, 1H), 3.47-3.44 (m, 1H), 0.49 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 359 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 474 - 6-(2,6-Difluoro-phenyl)-*N*-(5-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



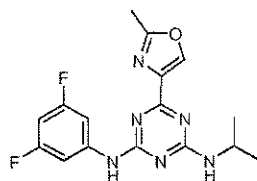
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.23-9.01 (m, 1H), 8.78-8.43 (m, 2H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.16 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.20 (m, 1H), 1.33 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 361.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 475 - *N*-(3-Fluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



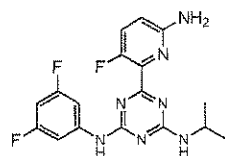
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.24 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.86 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.27 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.08 (m, 1H), 1.21 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 399.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 476 - *N*-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(2-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



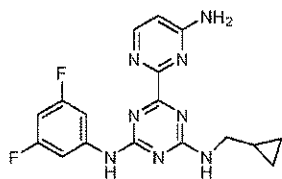
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.67 (br, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.77-6.72 (m, 1H), 4.28-4.23 (m, 1H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 1.28 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 347.1($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 477 - 6-(6-amino-3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-*N*2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-*N*4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



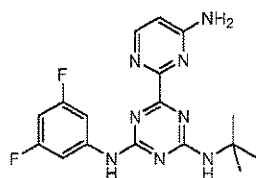
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.55-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.0-6.9 (m, 1H), 6.65-6.5 (m, 1H), 4.4-4.15 (m, 1H), 1.4-1.25 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 376.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 478 - 6-(4-Amino-pyrimidin-2-yl)-*N*-cyclopropylmethyl-*N'*-(3,5-difluoro-phenyl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



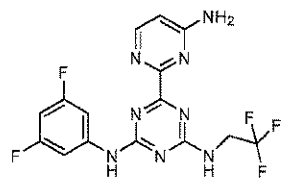
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.26-8.25 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.532-7.490 (m, 2H), 6.66-6.57 (m, 2H), 3.43-3.23 (m, 2H), 1.16-1.18 (m, 1H), 0.58-0.51 (m, 2H), 0.34-0.29 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 371.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 479 - 6-(4-Amino-pyrimidin-2-yl)-N-tert-butyl-N'-(3,5-difluoro-phenyl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



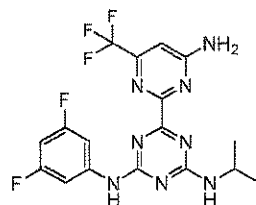
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.28-8.26 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.47 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 2H), 6.66-6.60 (m, 2H), 1.54 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 373.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 480 - 6-(4-Amino-pyrimidin-2-yl)-N-(3,5-difluoro-phenyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



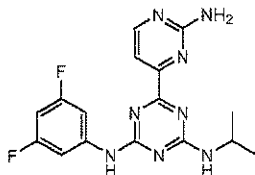
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.29-8.26 (m, 1 H), 7.55-7.44 (m, 2H), 6.67-6.59 (m, 2H), 4.44-4.20 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 399.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 481 - 6-(4-amino-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-N2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



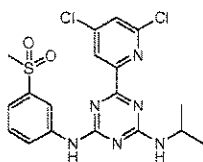
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.53 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2 H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.63-6.55 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.34 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 427.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 482 - 6-(2-Amino-pyrimidin-4-yl)-N-(3,5-difluoro-phenyl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



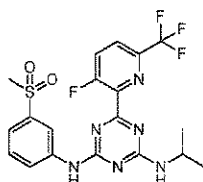
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.47-8.46 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.48 (m, 3H), 4.26-4.22 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.26 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 372.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 483 - 6-(4,6-dichloropyridin-2-yl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



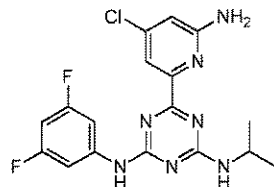
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.40 (br, 1H), 8.88 (s, 1H), 8.34-8.18 (m, 2 H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.81-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.53 (m, 2H), 4.23 (br, 1H), 3.18 (m, 3H), 1.20 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 475.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 484 - 6-(3-fluoro-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.03-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.79 (br, 1H), 7.61-7.53 (m, 2H), 4.36-4.28 (m, 1H), 3.11 (d, 3H), 1.31-1.21 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 471.1 (M+H) $^+$.

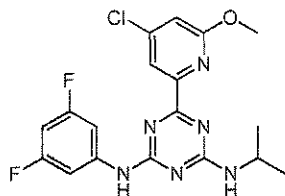
Compound 485 - 6-(6-amino-4-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.49-7.47 (d, 2H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 6.57-6.50 (m, 1H),

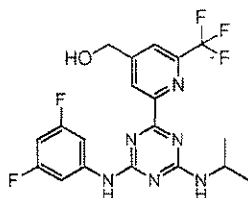
4.47-4.09 (m, 1H), 1.35-1.26 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 392.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 486 - 6-(4-chloro-6-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



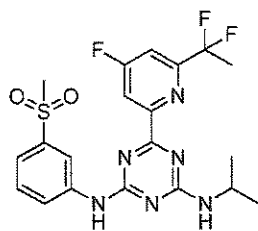
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.52 (br, 2H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.58-6.52 (m, 1H), 4.40-4.21 (m, 1H), 4.07 (s, 3H), 1.31-1.29 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 407.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 487 - (2-(4-((3,5-difluorophenyl)amino)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)methanol



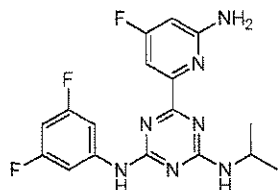
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.66 (s, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.54-7.52 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 6.60-6.54 (m, 1H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 4.47-4.22 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.31 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 441.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 488 - 6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)-4-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-N²-isopropyl-N⁴-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



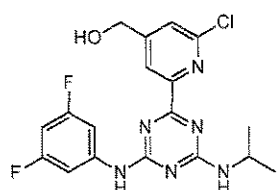
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.95 (m, 1H), 8.3(m, 1H), 7.75(m, 1H), 7.6-7.5 (m, 3H), 4.4 (m, 1H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.2-2.0 (m, 3H), 1.4-1.3 (m, 6H).

Compound 489 - 6-(6-amino-4-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



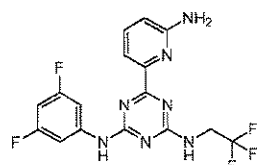
^1H NMR (DMSO) δ 10.15 (m, 1H), 8.0 (m, 1H), 7.7-7.5(m, 2H), 7.2 (m, 1H), 6.75 (m, 1H) 6.36 (m, 1H), 6.26 (m, 2H), 4.4-4.0 (m, 1H), 1.2 (m, 6H).

Compound 490 - (2-chloro-6-(4-((3,5-difluorophenyl)amino)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl)methanol



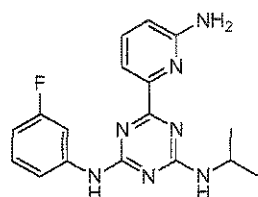
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 10.28-10.24 (m, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.16-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.71-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.53 (d, 1H), 6.80-6.72 (m, 1H), 5.63-5.60 (q, 2H), 4.63-4.61 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.05 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.19 (d, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 407.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 491 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.10-8.07 (m, 1 H), 7.93-7.86 (m, 1 H), 7.54-7.41 (m, 2 H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 1 H), 6.69-6.65 (m, 1 H), 4.42-4.25 (m, 2 H). LC-MS : m/z 398.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 492 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(3-fluorophenyl)-N4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

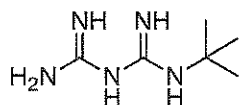


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.04-8.00 (m, 1 H), 7.83 (br, 2 H), 7.40-7.37 (m, 1 H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 1 H), 7.18-7.16 (m, 1 H), 6.79 (t, 1 H), 4.51-4.25 (m, 1 H), 1.29 (d, 6 H). LC-MS : m/z 340.2

(M+H)⁺.

Compound 493 - 6-(6-amino-3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-N2-(tert-butyl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

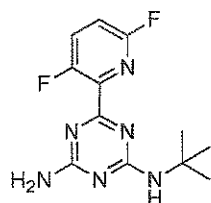
Step 1: Preparation of (E)-2-(tert-butyl)-1-(diaminomethylene)guanidine. To a mixture of 1-phenyl-2-cyanoguanidine (10 g, 0.119 mol) in ethanol/water (176.5 mL/70.6 mL) was added CuSO₄·5H₂O (14.9 g, 0.059 mol), followed by 2-methylpropan-2-amine (11.3 g, 0.155 mol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 16 hours. To the mixture was added water (137 mL) and aq.HCl (59.5 mL in 100 mL of water) at 25-30°C. The resultant mixture was stirred at r.t. for 30 min. Then Na₂S (47.6 g in 100 mL of water) was added and stirred for another 30 min. The insoluble CuS was filtered off. The filtrate was cooled to 10°C and added aqueous NaOH (27 g NaOH in 100 mL water) dropwise. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (100 mL×3). The aqueous layer was concentrated and the residue was added dichloromethane (200 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour and the mixture was filtrated. The filtrated was concentrated to give (E)-2-(tert-butyl)-1-(diaminomethylene)guanidine as a brown solid.



¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.32-1.37 (m, 9H).

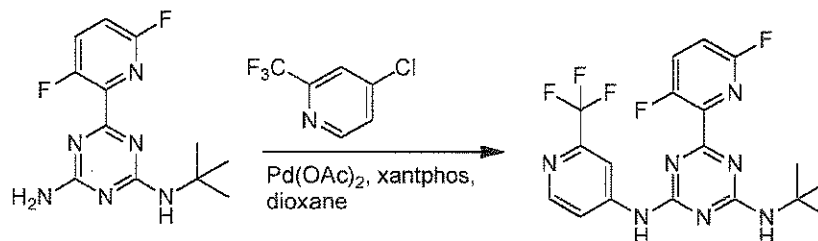
Step 2: Preparation of N2-(tert-butyl)-6-(3,6-difluoropyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine.

The mixture of (E)-2-(tert-butyl)-1-(diaminomethylene) guanidine (1.2 g, 7.6 mmol), methyl 3,6-difluoropyridinate (1.3 g, 7.6 mol) and MeONa (0.9 g, 15.2 mol) in MeOH (25 mL) was stirred for 5 hours at r.t. TLC showed the reaction was completed. The mixture was poured into water (15 mL), extracted with EA (50 mL) for 3 times. The combine organic layer was dried, concentrated and purified by Prep-HPLC to give N2-(tert-butyl)-6-(3,6-difluoropyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine as a white solid.

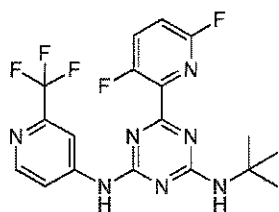


¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.5 (m, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 5.4(B, 1H), 5.1-5.2 (br s, 2H), 4.4 (m, 9H).

Step 3: Preparation of *N*²-(*tert*-butyl)-6-(3,6-difluoropyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

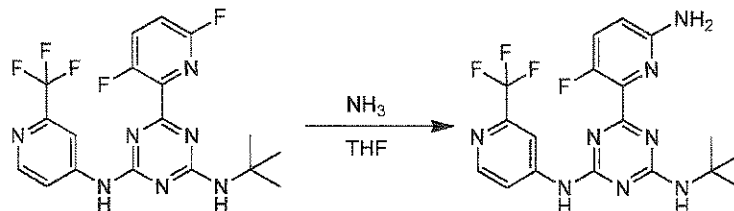


To the mixture of *N*²-(*tert*-butyl)-6-(3,6-difluoropyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (0.4 g, 1.4 mmol), 4-chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (0.31 g, 1.7 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (0.7 g, 2.1 mmol) and X-phos (0.048 g, 0.07 mmol) in dioxane (10 mL) was added Pd(OAc)₂ under N₂ protection. The reaction mixture was heated to 80 deg and stirred for 2 hours. TLC showed the reaction was completed. the reaction mixture was added water (10 mL), extracted with EA (100 mL) for 3 times. The combine organic layer was dried and concentrated. The residue was purified by a standard method to give *N*²-(*tert*-butyl)-6-(3,6-difluoropyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine.



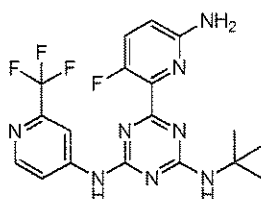
¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.6-8.4 (m, 2H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.5-7.4 (m, 2H), 7.1 (m, 1H), 5.7 (m, 1H), 1.45 (m, 9H).

Step 4: Preparation of 6-(6-amino-3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-*N*²-(*tert*-butyl)-*N*⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine - Compound 494



To the solution of *N*²-(*tert*-butyl)-6-(3,6-difluoropyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (300 mg, 0.7 mmol) and CuI (134 mg, 0.7 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was

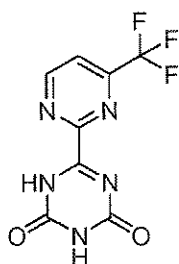
added sat.NH₃/EtOH (15 mL) solution. The reaction mixture was stirred in a seal reactor at 130 deg for 10 hours. LCMS showed the reaction was completed. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified by a standard method to give 6-(6-amino-3-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-N²-(tert-butyl)-N⁴-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine.



¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.63 (m, 1H), 8.45 (m, 1H), 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.5-7.4(m, 1H), 6.75 (m, 1H), 1.5 (m, 9H).

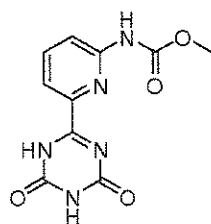
According to the general strategy outlined in Scheme 3, step 2, the following intermediates were prepared:

6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione



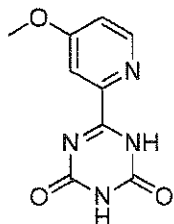
LCMS: m/z 260.1 (M+H)⁺.

Methyl 6-(4,6-dioxo-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



LCMS: m/z 264.2 (M+H)⁺.

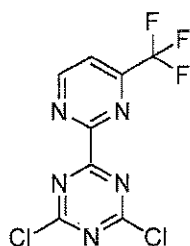
6-(4-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione



LCMS: m/z 221.1 (M+H)⁺.

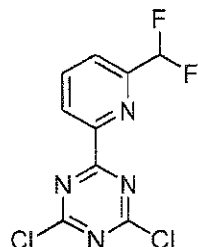
According to the general strategy outlined in Scheme 3, step 3, the following intermediates were prepared:

2,4-dichloro-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)-pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine.



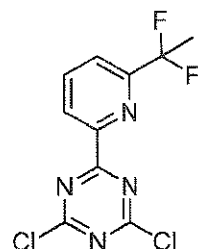
LCMS: m/z 296.0 (M+H)⁺.

2,4-Dichloro-6-(6-difluoromethyl -pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine



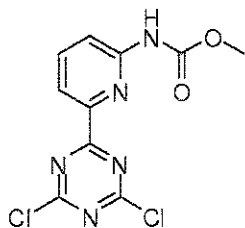
LCMS: m/z 277.0 (M+H)⁺.

2,4-Dichloro-6-[6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]-[1,3,5]triazine



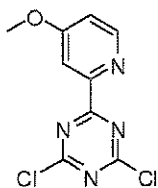
LCMS: m/z 290.9 (M+H)⁺.

Methyl 6-(4,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



LCMS: m/z 300.1 (M+H)⁺.

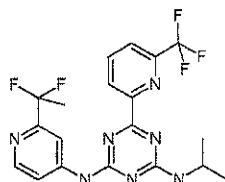
2,4-Dichloro-6-(4-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine



LCMS: m/z 257.1 (M+H)⁺.

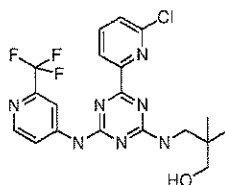
According to the general strategy outlined in Scheme 3, steps 4-5, the following compounds were prepared from appropriate reagents and intermediates:

Compound 494 - N-[2-(1, 1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-4-yl]-N'-isopropyl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5] triazine-2,4-diamine



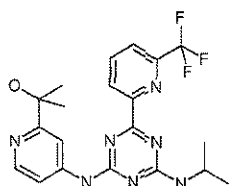
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.51-8.18 (m, 3H), 7.97-7.73 (m, 2H), 4.51-4.32 (m, 1H), 1.97 (t, J = 18.8 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 440.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 495 - 3-[4-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-2,2-dimethyl-propan-1-ol



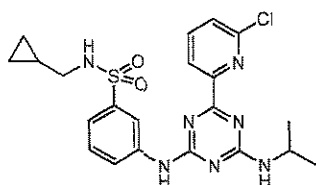
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.63-8.45 (m, 3H), 8.44-7.99 (m, 2H), 7.97-7.62 (m, 1H), 3.49 (s, 1H), 3.43 (s, 1H), 3.40 (s, 1H), 3.23 (s, 1H), 0.98 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 454.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 496 - 2-[4-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl]-propan-2-ol



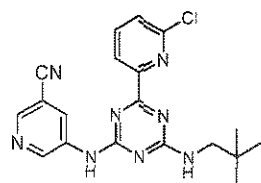
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.29-8.11 (m, 3H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.58-7.56 (m, 1H), 4.40-4.29 (m, 1H), 1.49 (s, 6H), 1.25 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 434.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 497 - 3-[4-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-N-cyclopropylmethyl-benzenesulfonamide



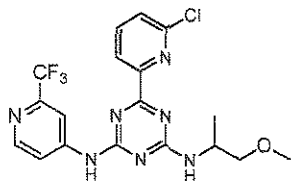
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.50 (m, 1H), 8.14-8.10 (m, 1H), 7.82-7.80 (m, 1H), 7.69-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.58 (m, 1H), 4.42 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.76 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.36-1.28 (d, $J = 10$ Hz, 6H), 0.87-0.81 (m, 1H), 0.43-0.38 (m, 2H), 0.10-0.07 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 474.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 498 - 5-[4-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-nicotinonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.01-8.94 (m, 2H), 8.53-8.41 (m, 2H), 8.00-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 1H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 1.00 (s, 9 H). LC-MS : m/z 395.2 (M+H) $^+$.

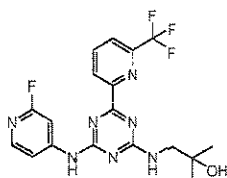
Compound 499 - 6-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-N-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.62-8.43 (m, 3H), 8.25-8.61 (m, 3H), 4.40-4.36 (m, 1H), 3.56-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 1.32-1.26 (s, 3 H). LC-MS : m/z 440.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 500 - 1-[4-(2-Fluoro-pyridin-4-ylamino)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol

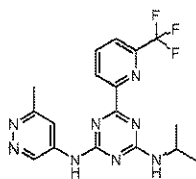
Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 yielded the title compound.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.79-8.81 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 8.37-8.43 (m, 1H), 8.20-8.24 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.72 (m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 2H), 1.36 (s, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 424.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

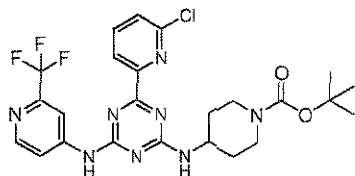
Compound 501 - N-Isopropyl-N'-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 yielded the title compound.



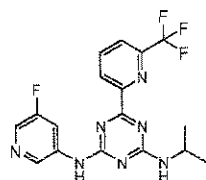
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.30-8.85 (m, 2 H), 8.78-8.80 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 8.29-8.28 (m, 1H), 8.07-8.15 (m, 1H), 4.36-4.55 (m, 1H), 2.87 (s, 3H), 1.38-1.41 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 391.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 502 - 4-[4-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester



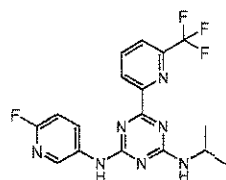
^1H NMR ($\text{CDCl}_3\text{-d}_6$) δ 8.51-8.55 (m, 2H), 8.27 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.77 (t, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.33 (m., 1H), 5.65 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.95-4.11 (m, 3H), 2.88-2.93 (m., 2H), 2.02 (d, $J = 11.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.41-1.51 (m, 11 H). LC-MS : m/z 552.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 503 - *N*-(5-Fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



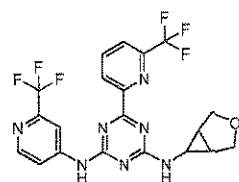
^1H NMR ($\text{METHANOL-}d_4$) δ 8.66-8.62 (m, 2H), 8.54 (br, 1H), 8.17 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.09-8.05 (m, 1H), 7.93 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.24-4.21 (m, 1H), 1.26 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 394.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

N-(6-Fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR ($\text{METHANOL-}d_4$) δ 8.53-8.50 (m, 2H), 8.46-8.24 (m, 1H), 8.07 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.97-6.94 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.13 (m, 1H), 1.19 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 394.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

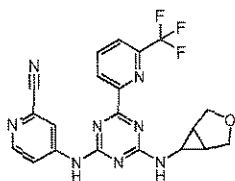
Compound 504 - *N*-(3-Oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.60 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 2.0, 1H) 8.53 (dd, J = 5.6 Hz, 1.6, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.26-8.21 (m, 2H), 8.01-7.97 (m, 1H), 4.10 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.80-2.77 (m, 1H), 2.06 (s, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 484.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

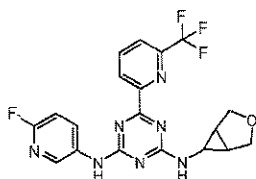
Compound 505 - 4-[4-(3-Oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-ylamino)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile

Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to yield the title compound.



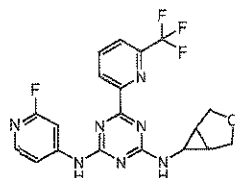
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.69-8.51 (m, 3H), 8.24-8.20 (m, 1H), 8.09-7.98 (m, 2H), 4.12 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (s, 1H), 2.02 (s, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 441.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 506 - N-(6-Fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-N'-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



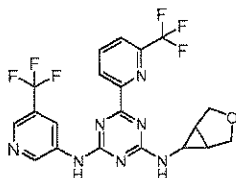
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.69-8.61 (m, 2H), 8.38 (br, 1H), 8.16 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J = 6.4 Hz, 2.4, 1H), 4.04 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (s, 1H), 1.94 (s, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 433.9 ($M+H$) $^+$.

N-(2-Fluoro-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.68-8.66 (m, 1H), 8.24-7.97 (m, 4H), 7.50 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (s, 1H), 2.05-1.99 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 433.9 ($M+H$) $^+$.

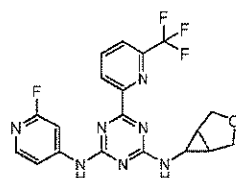
Compound 507 - *N*-(3-Oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-*N'*-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.38 (br, 1H), 8.82-8.42 (m, 4H), 8.24 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.81 (s, 1H), 2.15 (s, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 484.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 508 - *N*-(2-Fluoro-pyridin-4-yl)-*N'*-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

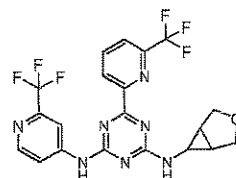
Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to yield the title compound.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.48-8.50 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.97-8.15 (m, 3 H), 7.79-7.96 (m, 1 H), 7.48-7.54 (m, 1 H), 4.13-4.15 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.83-3.85 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2 H), 2.78 (s, 1 H), 2.07-2.10 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 400.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 509 - *N*-(3-Oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

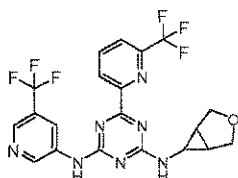
Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to yield the title compound.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.47-8.66 (m, 2 H), 8.07-8.28 (m, 3 H), 7.76-7.78 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1 H), 4.06-4.14 (m, 2 H), 3.80-3.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.82 (s, 1 H), 2.04-2.16 (m, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 450.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

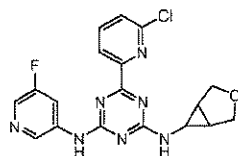
Compound 510 - *N*-(3-Oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-*N'*-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs₂CO₃ to yield the title compound.



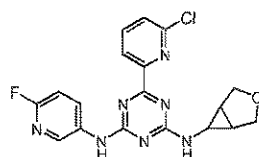
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 9.05-9.20 (m, 1 H), 8.36-8.45 (m, 3 H), 7.96-7.97 (m, 1 H), 7.57-7.60 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.04-4.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.75-3.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.78 (s, 1 H), 1.94 (s, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 450.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 511 - 6-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-*N*-(5-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



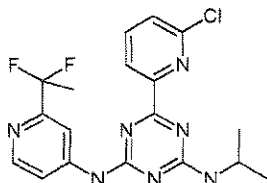
¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 10.50-10.60 (m, 1H), 8.79-8.91 (m, 1H), 8.43-8.48 (m, 2H), 8.19-8.29 (m., 2H), 8.05-8.11 (m, 1H), 7.67-7.73 (m, 1H), 3.95-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.68-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.32-3.33 (m, 1H), 1.95 (s, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 400.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 512 - 6-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-*N*-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



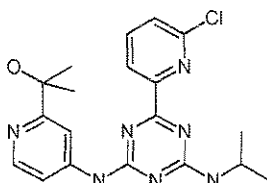
¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 10.36 (br, 1H), 8.76-8.93 (m, 1H), 8.30-8.43 (m, 3H), 8.04-8.10 (m., 1H), 7.70-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.20 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.94 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.32-3.33 (m, 1H), 2.09 (s, 2 H). LC-MS : m/z 400.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 513 - 6-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-*N*-[2-(1,1-difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-4-yl]-*N'*-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



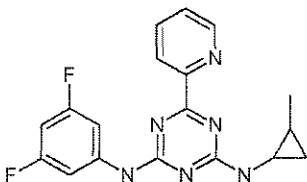
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.51-8.14 (m, 3H), 7.96-7.59 (m, 3H), 4.52-4.26 (m, 1H), 1.97 (t, J = 18.8 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (t., J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 406.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 514 - 2-{4-[4-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl}-propan-2-ol



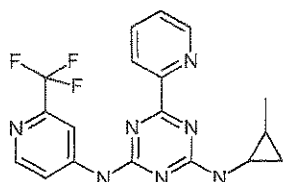
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.48-8.30 (m, 3H), 7.99-7.95(m, 1H), 7.77-7.61 (m, 2H), 4.51-4.37 (m, 1H), 1.57 (s., 6H), 1.30 (d., J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 400.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 515 - N-(3,5-Difluoro-phenyl)-N'-(2-methyl-cyclopropyl)-6-pyridin-2-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



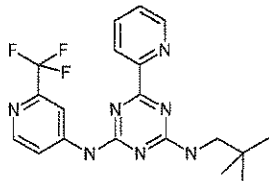
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72-8.48 (m, 2H), 8.08-7.57 (m, 4H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 2.27-2.57 (m, 1H), 1.20 (s., 3H), 0.99-0.75 (m, 2H), 0.64-0.51 (s, H). LC-MS: m/z 455.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 516 - N-(2-Methyl-cyclopropyl)-6-pyridin-2-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



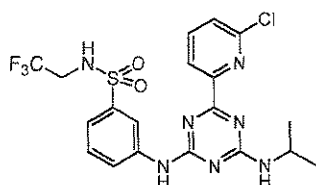
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.73-7.98 (m, 6H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 1H), 2.79-2.54 (m, 1H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 0.85-0.81 (m., 1H), 0.71-0.67 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 388.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 517 - N-(2,2-Dimethyl-propyl)-6-pyridin-2-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



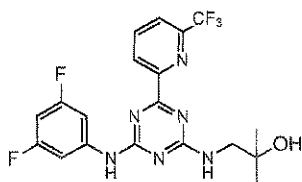
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.75-8.49 (m, 4H), 8.03-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.59 (m, 2H), 3.41 (s, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 404.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 518 - 3-[4-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-N-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-benzenesulfonamide



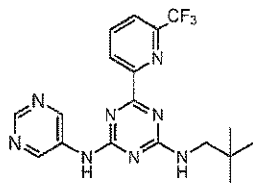
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.70-8.40 (m, 1H), 8.37-8.30 (m, 1H), 8.30-8.11 (m, 1H), 8.09-8.01 (m, 1H), 7.84-7.82 (m, 1H), 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.22 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.62 (m, 2H), 1.23-1.20 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 501.8 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 520 - 1-[4-(3,5-Difluoro-phenylamino)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.66-8.68 (m, 1H), 8.19-8.23 (m, 1H), 7.96-7.98 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.57 (m, 2H), 6.57-6.60 (m, 1H), 3.56-3.61 (d, $J = 20$ Hz, 2H), 1.29 (s, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 441.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

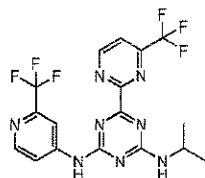
Compound 521 - N-(2,2-Dimethyl-propyl)-N'-pyrimidin-5-yl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.28-9.31 (m, 2H), 8.79-8.82 (m, 1H), 8.67-8.69 (m, 1H), 8.19-8.23 (m, 1H), 7.96-7.98 (m, 1H), 3.37-3.45 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.37 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 9 H). LC-MS : m/z 405.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 522 - N2-isopropyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

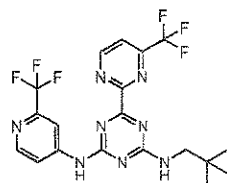
Using the standard procedure described above except replace t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to give the title compound.



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 10.63-10.81-10.95 (m, 1H), 9.36-9.39 (m, 1H), 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.08-8.56 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.85 (m, 1H), 4.14-4.19 (m, 1H), 1.20-1.24 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 444.8 (M+H) $^+$.

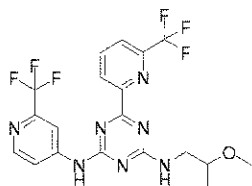
Compound 523 - N2-neopentyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

Using the standard procedure described above except replace t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to yield the title compound.



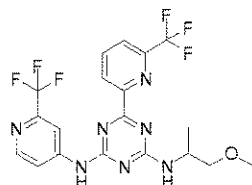
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 10.70-10.95 (m, 1H), 9.23 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.86 (s, 1H), 8.36-8.76 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.66 (m, 1H), 3.29-3.35 (m, 2H), 0.90-1.095 (m, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 473.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 524 - N-(2-Methoxy-propyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



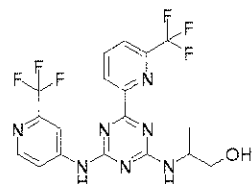
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.75-8.77 (m, 1H), 8.66-8.67 (m, 1H), 8.50-8.52 (m, 1H), 8.36-8.38 (m, 1H), 8.17-8.18 (m, 1H), 7.91-7.92 (m, 1H), 3.52-3.80 (m, 3H), 3.45 (s, 3H), 1.27-1.255 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 474.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 526 - *N*-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



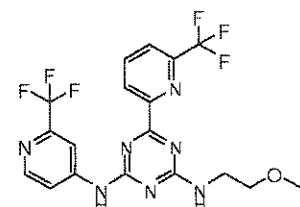
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.69-8.67 (m, 1H), 8.61-8.29 (m, 2H), 8.22-7.87 (m, 3H), 4.62-4.37 (m, 1H), 3.57-3.46 (m, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.30 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 473.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 527 - 2-[4-(6-Trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-1-ol



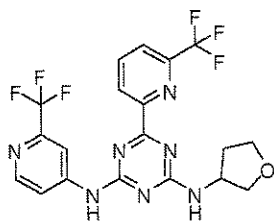
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.73-8.48 (m, 3H), 8.23-7.92 (m, 3H), 4.62-4.29 (m, 1H), 3.70-3.67 (m, 2H), 1.335-1.319 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 459.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 528 - *N*-(3-Methoxy-propyl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



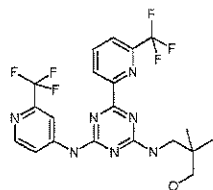
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.67-8.69 (m, 1 H), 8.50-8.61 (m, 2 H), 8.19-8.23 (m, 1 H), 7.93-7.99 (m, 2 H), 3.61-3.69 (m, 2 H), 3.54-3.56 (m, 2 H), 3.30-3.37 (m, 1 H), 1.93-1.99 (m, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 474.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compounds 529 - *N*-(Tetrahydro-furan-3-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



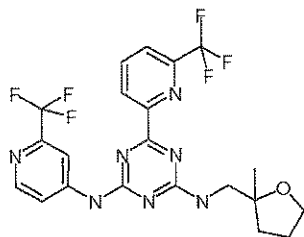
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.66-8.68 (m, 1H), 8.62-8.66 (m, 1H), 8.49-8.51 (m, 1H), 8.18-8.22 (m, 2H), 7.95-7.97 (m, 1H), 4.60-4.66 (m, 1H), 3.99-4.05 (m, 2H), 3.79-3.82 (m, 2H), 2.04-2.39 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 472.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compounds 530 - 2,2-Dimethyl-3-[4-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-1-ol



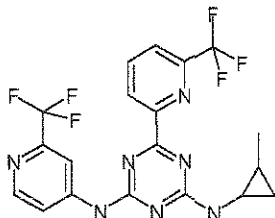
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.74-8.70 (m, 1H), 8.67-8.52 (m, 2H), 8.29-7.90 (m, 3H), 3.51-3.41 (m, 2H), 3.34-3.33 (m, 1H), 3.23 (s, 1H), 1.03-0.92 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 488.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 531 - *N*-(2-Methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



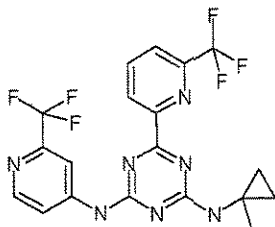
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.24 (m, 3H), 8.23-7.84 (m, 3H), 3.97-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.78-3.58 (m, 2H), 2.03-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.74 (m, 1H), 1.31 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 500.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 532 - *N*-(2-Methyl-cyclopropyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70-8.19 (m, 3H), 8.06-7.98 (m, 3H), 2.67-2.64 (m, 1H), 1.25-1.21 (m, 3H), 1.21-0.98 (m, 1H), 0.88-0.80 (m, 1H), 0.62-0.51 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 456.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

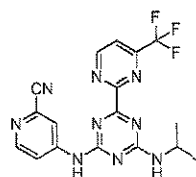
Compound 533 - *N*-(1-Methyl-cyclopropyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.85-8.65 (m, 2H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.20-8.16 (m, 1H), 7.96-7.82 (m, 2H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 0.93-0.90 (m, 2H), 0.85-0.82 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 456.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

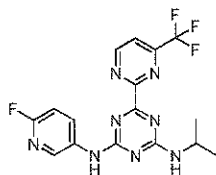
Compound 534 - 4-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile

Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to yield the title compound.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.33-9.31 (m, 1H), 8.65 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.47 (dd, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.95 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.27 (m, 1H), 1.32 (dd, $J = 12$ Hz, 6.0 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 402.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

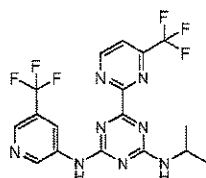
Compound 535 - *N*-(6-Fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.30 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.62-8.53 (m, 2H), 8.05 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.07 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.22 (m, 1H), 1.28 (dd, J = 10.8 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 395.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 536 - N-Isopropyl-N'-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

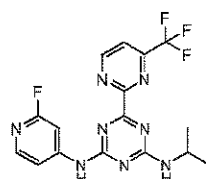
Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to yield the title compound.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.31-9.33 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.98-9.11 (m, 1 H), 8.52 (s, 1 H), 8.06-8.07 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1 H), 4.26-4.63 (m, 2 H), 1.28-1.34 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 445.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

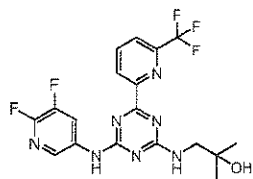
Compound 537 - N-(2-Fluoro-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-isopropyl-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

Using the standard procedure described above except replacing t-BuONa by Cs_2CO_3 to yield the title compound.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 9.41-9.42 (m, 1 H), 8.14-8.20 (m, 2 H), 7.59-7.82 (m, 1 H), 4.35-4.38 (m, 2 H), 1.32-1.41 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 395.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

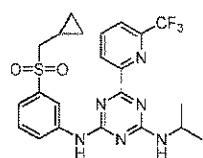
Compound 539 - 1-(4-(5,6-difluoropyridin-3-ylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.61-8.75 (m, 1H), 8.01-8.43 (m, 4H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 1.21 (s, 6H).

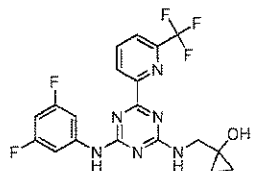
LC-MS : m/z 442.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 540 - 1-[4-(6-Fluoro-5-methyl-pyridin-3-ylamino)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol



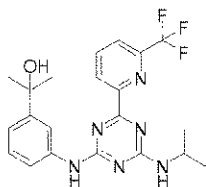
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.78 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.35 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.86 (m, 3H), 4.41-4.48 (m, 1H), 3.20 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.37 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H), 0.98-1.06 (m, 1H), 0.53-0.57 (m, 2H), 0.17-0.21 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 493.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 541 - 1-[[4-(3,5-Difluoro-phenylamino)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-methyl]-cyclopropanol



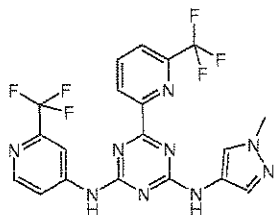
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 8.628-8.543 (m, 1H), 8.336-8.281 (m, 1H), 8.107-8.088 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.788-7.767 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.842-6.797 (m, 1H), 5.503-5.428 (d, $J = 30$ Hz, 1H), 3.629-3.567 (m, 2H), 0.666-0.584 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 439.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 542 - 2-{3-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-phenyl}-propan-2-ol



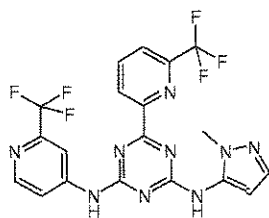
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.82-8.79 (m, 1H), 8.77-8.75 (m, 1H), 8.48-8.42 (m, 1H), 8.23-8.20 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.57 (m, 3H), 4.43-4.26 (m, 1H), 1.656-1.573 (d, $J = 33.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.288-1.188 (d, $J=40$ Hz 3H). LC-MS: m/z 433.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 543 - *N*-(1-Methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



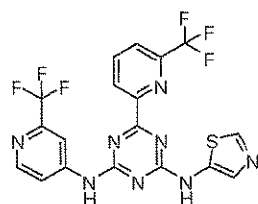
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.69 (m, 1H), 8.58-8.31 (m, 4H), 8.19-7.99 (m, 2H), 7.70-7.65 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 481.37 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 544 - *N*-(2-Methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



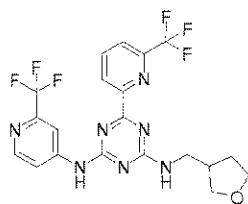
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.75-8.32 (m, 4H), 8.25-8.00 (m, 2H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 482.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 546 - *N*2-(thiazol-5-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-*N*4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



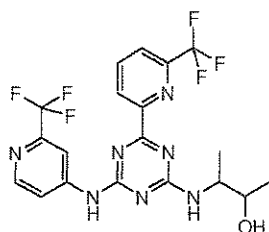
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.7-8.9 (m, 1H), 8.65 (m, 1H), 8.35-8.55 (m, 1H), 8.05-8.3 (m, 2H), 8.0 (m, 1H), 7.75 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 485.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 547 - *N*-(Tetrahydro-furan-3-ylmethyl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



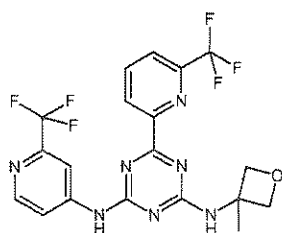
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.78-8.76 (d, J = 8 Hz 1H), 8.70-8.68 (d, J = 5.6 Hz 1H), 8.53-8.52 (m, 1H), 8.43-8.37 (m, 1H), 8.22-8.20 (m, 1H), 7.92-7.91 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.93 (m, 1H), 3.92-3.88 (m, 1H), 3.86-3.85 (m, 1H), 3.78-3.77 (m, 3H), 2.73-2.71 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.15 (m, 1H), 1.77-1.75 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 486.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 548 - 3-[4-(6-Trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-butan-2-ol



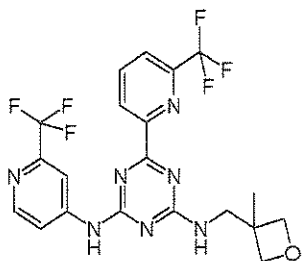
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.60-8.40 (m, 3H), 8.13-7.80 (m, 3H), 4.32-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.88-3.79 (m, 1H), 1.23-1.12 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 474.3 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 549 - N-(3-Methyl-oxetan-3-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



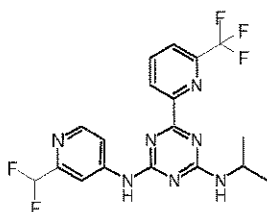
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.54 (m, 1H), 8.49-8.52 (m, 2H), 8.25-8.21 (m, 1H), 8.14-7.89 (m, 2H), 4.65-4.64 (m, 2H), 1.85 (s, 3 H). LC-MS : m/z 472.3 ($M+H$) $^+$

Compound 550 - N-(3-Methyl-oxetan-3-ylmethyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



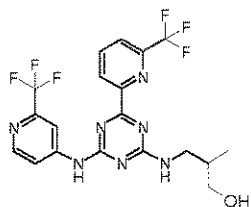
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72-8.52 (m, 3H), 8.26-7.99 (m, 3H), 4.74-4.67 (m, 2H), 4.45-4.42 (m, 2H), 3.87-3.82 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 3 H). LC-MS : m/z 486.3 (M+H) $^+$

Compound 551 - *N*-(2-Difluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.68 (m, 1H), 8.53 (s, 1H), 8.44 (m, 1H), 8.23-7.78 (m, 3H), 6.84-6.56 (m, 1H), 4.31 (m, 1H), 1.36-1.34 (d, J = 8 Hz, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 426.2 (M+H) $^+$

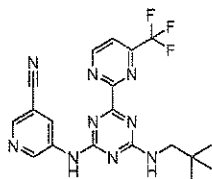
Compound 552 - 2-Methyl-3-[4-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-1-ol



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72-8.69 (m, 1H), 8.56-8.49 (m, 2H), 8.28-7.96 (m, 3H), 4.64-3.29 (m, 4H), 2.07-2.03 (m, 1H), 1.04-0.998 (m, 3 H). LC-MS : m/z 474.2 (M+H) $^+$

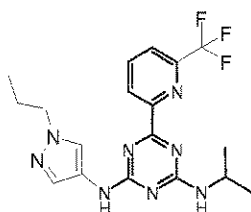
Compound 554 - 5-[4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-nicotinonitrile

Using the standard procedure described above except replacing $t\text{-BuONa}$ by Cs_2CO_3 yielded the title compound.



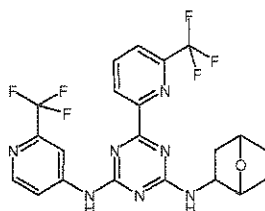
^1H NMR (MeOH- d_4) δ 9.42-9.46 (m, 1H), 8.73-9.25 (m, 3H), 8.21-8.26 (m, 1H), 3.49-3.51 (m, 2H), 1.00-1.07 (m, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 430.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 555 - N-Isopropyl-N'-(1-propyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



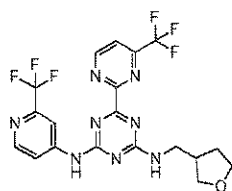
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.67-8.65 (m, 1H), 8.30-7.98 (m, 3H), 7.70-7.60 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.20 (m, 1H), 4.13-4.10 (m., 2H), 1.92-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.29 (m, 6H), 0.96-0.93 (t, 3H). LC-MS : m/z 407.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 556 - N-(7-Oxa-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



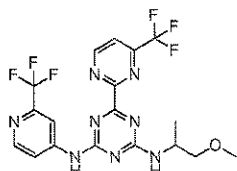
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.48 (m, 3H), 8.24-7.93 (m, 3H), 4.87-4.86 (m, 1H), 4.70-4.605 (m, 1H), 4.43-4.18 (m, 1H), 2.35-1.99 (m, 2 H), 1.78-1.23 (m, 4 H). LC-MS : m/z 498.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 557 - N²-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)methyl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



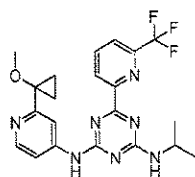
^1H NMR (MeOH- d_4) δ 9.36-9.42 (m, 1H), 8.50-8.69 (m, 2H), 8.20-8.21 (m, 1H), 7.93-8.13 (m, 1H), 3.64-3.98 (m, 6H), 2.71-2.77 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.27 (m, 1H), 1.73-1.81 (m, 1H). LC-MS: m/z 487.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 558 - *N*²-(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



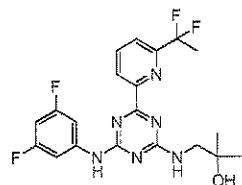
^1H NMR (MeOH- d_4) δ 9.31 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.30-8.66 (m, 2H), 7.87-8.21 (m, 2H), 4.36-4.67 (m, 1H), 3.49 (s, 3H), 1.28-1.34 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 475.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 559 - *N*-Isopropyl-*N'*-[2-(1-methoxy-cyclopropyl)-pyridin-4-yl]-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



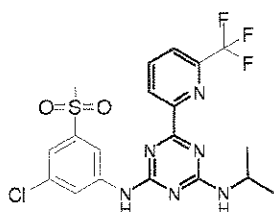
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.69-8.71 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1 H), 8.18-8.31 (m, 3 H), 7.93-7.98 (m, 1.3 H), 7.58-7.59 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 0.7 H), 4.34-4.62 (m, 1 H), 3.39 (s, 3 H), 1.33-1.34 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1 H), 1.23-1.28 (m, 4 H). LC-MS : m/z 446.2 (M+H) $^+$

Compound 560 - 1-[4-[6-(1,1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]-6-(3,5-difluoro-phenylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol



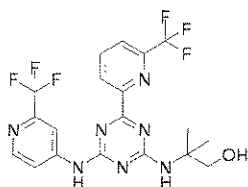
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.65-8.88 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H) 8.30-8.35 (d, J = 20 Hz, 1 H), 8.10-8.12 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1 H), 7.50-7.58 (m, 2 H), 6.86-6.90 (m, 1 H), 3.58-3.64 (d, J = 24 Hz, 1 H), 2.13-2.25 (m, 3 H), 1.35-1.37 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6 H). LC-MS : m/z 437.1 (M+H) $^+$

Compound 561 - *N*-(3-Chloro-5-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



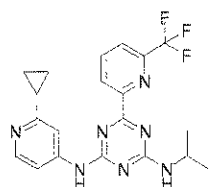
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70-8.67 (m, 2H), 8.24-8.17 (m, 1H), 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.97-7.95 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (s, 1H), 4.34-4.28 (m, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.31 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 487.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$

Compound 562 - 2-Methyl-2-[4-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-1-ol



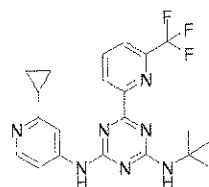
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70-8.68 (d, $J = 8$ Hz 1H), 8.64-7.88 (m, 5H), 8.53-8.52 (m, 1H), 3.83(s, 3H), 1.523-1.496 (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz 6H). LC-MS : m/z 474.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 563 - N-(2-Cyclopropyl-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-isopropyl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



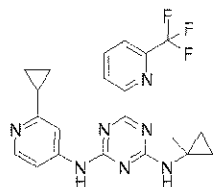
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.78-8.76 (m, 1H), 8.48-8.35 (m, 2H), 8.17-8.06 (m, 3H), 4.39-4.36 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.38 (m, 8H), 1.21-1.19 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 416.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 564 - N-tert-Butyl-N'-(2-cyclopropyl-pyridin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



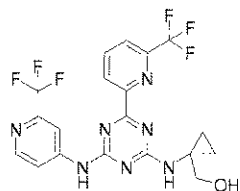
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.68-8.66 (m, 1H), 8.21-8.19 (m, 2H), 7.98-7.64(m, 3H), 2.15-2.11 (m, 1H), 1.59 (s, 9H), 1.11-1.01 (m, 4H). LC-MS : m/z 430.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 565 - N-(2-Cyclopropyl-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-(1-methyl-cyclopropyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



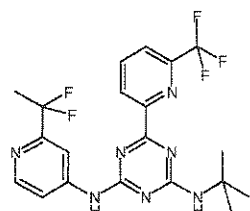
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.69-8.67 (m, 1H), 8.25-8.19 (m, 2H), 8.01-7.86 (m, 3H), 2.15-2.11 (m, 1H), 1.57-1.56 (m, 1H), 1.17-1.12 (m, 2H), 1.08-1.02 (m, 2H), 0.94-0.90 (m, 2H), 0.87-0.85 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 428.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 566 - {1-[4-(6-Trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-cyclopropyl}-methanol



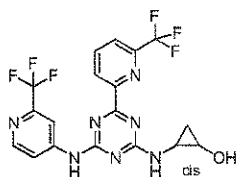
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.74-8.69 (m, 2H), 8.52-8.48 (m, 1H), 8.25-7.58 (m, 3H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 1.02-0.95 (m, 4H). LC-MS : m/z 494.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 567 - N-tert-Butyl-N'-[2-(1,1-difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-4-yl]-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



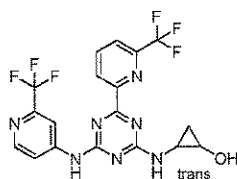
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72-8.44 (m, 3H), 8.25-7.77 (m, 3H), 2.05-1.95 (m, 3H), 1.58 (s, 9H). LC-MS : m/z 454.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 568 - 2-[4-(6-Trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-cyclopropanol



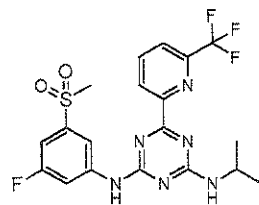
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.31-8.90 (m, 3H), 8.15-8.30 (m, 2H), 7.93-8.05 (m, 1H), 3.43-3.55 (m, 1H), 2.90-3.10 (m, 1H), 1.10-1.25 (m, 1H), 0.89-0.99 (m, 1H). LC-MS : m/z 458.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 569 - 2-[4-(6-Trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-cyclopropanol



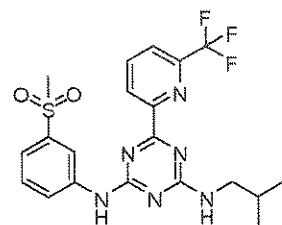
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.35-8.90 (m, 3H), 8.13-8.34 (m, 2H), 7.97-8.05 (m, 1H), 3.47-3.55 (m, 1H), 2.72-3.01 (m, 1H), 1.08-1.25 (m, 1H), 0.90-0.99 (m, 1H). LC-MS : m/z 458.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 570 - N2-(3-fluoro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



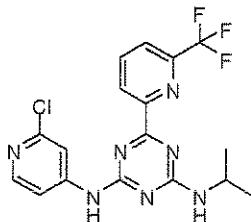
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70-8.62 (m, 2 H), 8.21-7.84 (m, 3 H), 7.35-7.33 (m, 1 H), 4.34-4.31 (m, 1 H), 3.16 (s, 3 H), 1.31 (dd, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 470.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 571 - N2-isobutyl-N4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



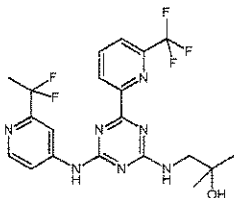
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.7-8.9 (m, 2 H), 8.3-8.5 (m, 1 H), 8.0-8.2 (m, 1 H), 7.6-7.86 (m, 3 H), 3.5 (m, 2 H), 3.15 (s, 3 H), 1.0-1.1 (d, $J = 16$ Hz, 6 H). LC-MS : m/z 467.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 572 - N2-(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)-N4-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



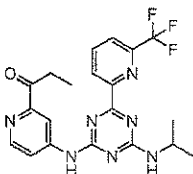
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.2-10.5 (m, 1.0H), 8.85-8.65 (m, 1 H), 8.6 (m, 1 H), 8.25-8.45 (m, 3 H), 8.1 (m, 1 H), 7.2 (m, 1 H), 4.1-4.4 (m, 1 H), 1.2 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6 H). LC-MS : m/z 410.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 573 - 1-[4-[2-(1,1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-4-ylamino]-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol



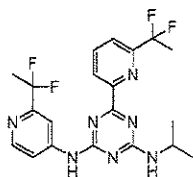
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72-8.42 (m, 3H), 8.24-7.74 (m, 3H), 3.64-3.60 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.94 (m, 3H), 2.34-1.91 (m, 4H), 1.30-1.29 (m, 6 H). LC-MS : m/z 492.1 ($M+Na$) $^+$.

Compound 574 - 1-[4-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl]-propan-1-one



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.69 (s, 0.7 H), 8.63-8.64 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1 H), 8.38-8.40 (dd, $J_1 = 5.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 9.2$ Hz, 1 H), 8.13-8.18 (q, $J = 8$ Hz, 1 H), 7.78-8.03 (m, 2 H), 4.22-4.36 (m, 1 H), 3.12-3.16 (m, 2 H), 1.25-1.29 (m, 6 H), 1.11-1.14 (m, 3 H). LC-MS : m/z 375.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

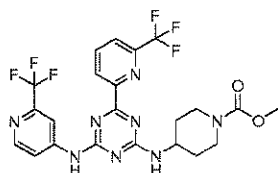
Compound 576 - 6-[6-(1,1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]-N-[2-(1,1-difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-4-yl]-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.78-8.80 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1 H), 8.69-8.71 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 8.26-8.53 (m, 1 H), 8.05-8.19 (m, 2 H), 4.39-4.60 (m, 1 H), 2.10-2.24 (m, 6 H), 1.40-1.46 (m, 6 H).

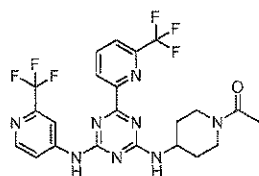
LC-MS : m/z 436.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 577 - 4-[4-(6-Trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid methyl ester



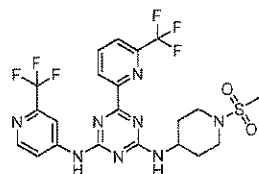
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.30-8.78 (m, 3H), 7.82-8.29 (m, 3H), 4.10-4.39 (m, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.99-3.18 (m, 2H), 2.02-2.16 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.65 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 543.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 578 - 1-[4-[4-(6-Trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-piperidin-1-yl]-ethanone



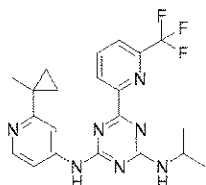
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.62-8.87 (m, 2H), 8.30-8.60 (m, 2H), 7.88-8.29 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.60 (m, 2H), 3.95-4.10 (m, 1H), 3.37-3.43 (m, 1H), 2.90-3.19 (m, 1H), 2.10-2.30 (m, 5H), 1.58-1.83 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 527.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 580 - *N*-(1-Methanesulfonyl-piperidin-4-yl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



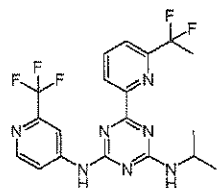
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.67-8.93 (m, 2H), 8.38-8.59 (m, 2H), 7.92-8.31 (m, 2H), 4.19-4.52 (m, 1H), 3.70-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.08 (t, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 6H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 2.18-2.32 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.98 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 563.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 581 - *N*-Isopropyl-*N'*-[2-(1-methyl-cyclopropyl)-pyridin-4-yl]-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



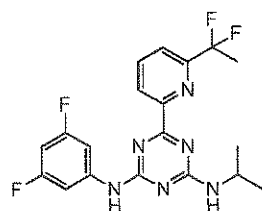
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 8.73-8.69 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz 1H), 8.26-8.16 (m, 3H), 8.06-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.62 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.34 (m, 1H), 1.54-1.52 (s, 3H), 1.35-1.26 (m, 6H), 1.18-1.16 (m, 2H), 0.90-0.97 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 430.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 582 - 6-[6-(1,1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]-*N*-isopropyl-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



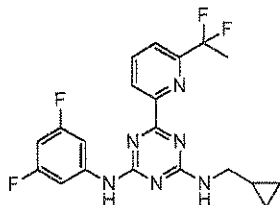
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.63-8.50 (m, 3H), 8.26-8.09 (m, 1H), 7.97-7.87 (m, 2H), 4.50-4.29 (m, 1H), 2.14 (t, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.35 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 440.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 583 - 6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-*N*2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-*N*4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.53 (t, 1 H), 8.09 (t, 1 H), 7.86-7.84 (m, 1 H), 7.58-7.56 (m, 1 H), 6.60-6.56 (m, 1 H), 4.28-4.25 (m, 1 H), 2.17-2.04 (m, 3 H), 1.33-1.29 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 407.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

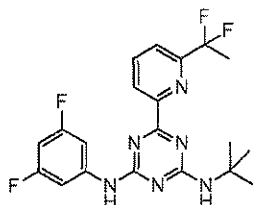
Compound 584 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.51 (t, 1 H), 8.01 (t, 1 H), 7.84 (t, 1 H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 1 H), 6.56 (t, 1 H), 3.42-3.36 (1 H), 2.10 (t, 3 H), 1.18-1.16 (m, 1 H), 0.57-0.51 (m, 2 H), 0.33-0.29 (m, 2 H).

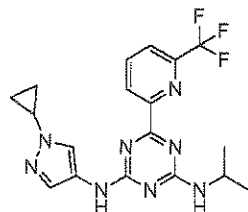
LC-MS: m/z 419.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 585 - N2-(tert-butyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



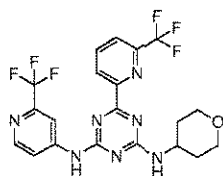
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.85-8.49 (m, 1 H), 8.09-8.06 (m, 1 H), 7.83 (d, 1 H), 7.52-7.48 (m, 2 H), 6.61-6.56 (m, 1 H), 2.10 (t, 3 H), 1.53 (s, 9 H). LC-MS: m/z 421.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 586 - 1-(4-((4-((cyclopropylmethyl)amino)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile



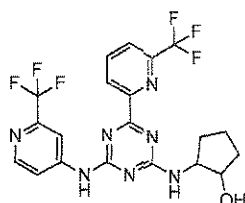
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.62 (d, 1 H), 8.16-7.56 (m, 4 H), 4.47-4.23 (m, 1 H), 3.62-3.61 (m, 1 H), 1.34-1.04 (m, 10 H). LC-MS: m/z 405.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 587 - N2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.7-8.25 (m, 3 H), 8.25-7.7 (m, 3 H), 4.4-4.1 (m, 1 H), 4.0 (m, 2 H), 3.65-3.5 (m, 2 H), 2.1-2.0 (m, 2 H), 1.8-1.6 (m, 2 H). LC-MS : m/z 486.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 588 - 2-((4-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)cyclopentanol

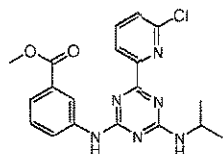


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.85-8.6 (m, 2.0 H), 8.5-8.0 (m, 4 H), 4.4-4.15 (m, 2 H), 2.4-1.6 (m, 6 H). LC-MS : m/z 486.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Preparation of 3-[4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-N-cyclopropyl-benzamide

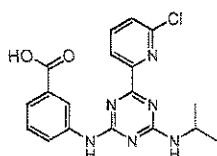
Step 1: Preparation of methyl 3-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl-amino) benzoate

To a solution of 4-chloro-6-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (134 mg, 0.47 mmol) in toluene (4 mL) was added methyl 3-aminobenzoate (85.6 mg, 0.57 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (306.9 mg, 0.94 mmol), BINAP (29.33 mg, 0.047 mmol) and $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (43.13 mg, 0.047 mmol). The mixture was purged with nitrogen three times and stirred at 110°C for 40 min under M.W. irradiation. TLC (PE: EA = 1:1) showed the reaction was complete. The mixture was partitioned between H_2O (150 mL) and EA (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by combi flash to give methyl 3-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl amino)benzoate as a yellow solid.



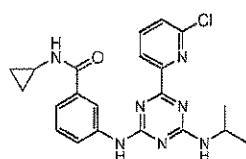
Step 2: Preparation of 3-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)benzoic acid

To a solution of methyl 3-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)benzoate (112 mg, 0.28 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) was added NaOH (0.28 mL, 3 N). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. TLC (PE: EA = 1:1) showed the reaction was complete. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was acidified with 1 N HCl to pH = 6 and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL * 3). The combined extracts were concentrated to give 3-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino) benzoic acid as a yellow solid.



Step3: 3-[4-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-N- cyclopropyl-benzamide

To a solution of 3-(4-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino) benzoic acid (104 mg, 0.27 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) was added HATU (205 mg, 0.54 mmol), NMM (81.93 mg, 0.81 mmol). The mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at room temperature overnight. LCMS showed the reaction was complete. The mixture was poured into brine (150 mL) and extracted with EA (50 mL * 2). The combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by a standard method to give the title compound.

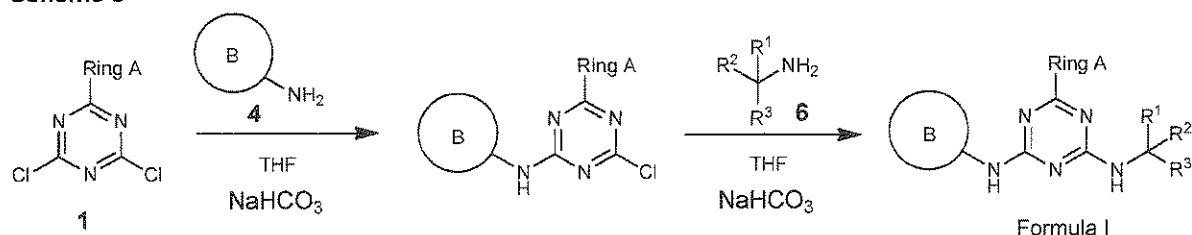


¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.57-8.40 (m, 2H), 8.01 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.40 (m, 2H), 4.33-4.30 (m, 1H), 2.89-2.87 (m, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H), 0.87-0.82 (m, 2H), 0.68-0.64 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 424.2 (M+H)⁺.

Example 8. Preparation of Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A is Substituted Aryl or Heteroaryl.

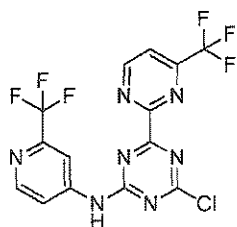
The compounds of this Example are prepared by the general method in Scheme 8, set forth below.

Scheme 8



Preparation of 2-Methyl-1-[4-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-2-ol

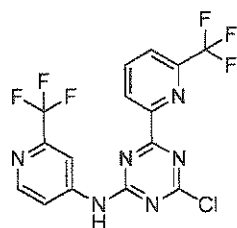
Example 8, step 1: Preparation of 4-chloro-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-amine. To a solution of 2,4-dichloro-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine (1) (981 mg, 3.31 mmol) in THF (80 mL) was added 2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-amine (4) (590 mg, 3.64 mmol) and NaHCO_3 (556 mg, 6.6 mmol). The mixture was stirred at refluxing for 18 hours. The mixture was concentrated and poured to water, extracted with ethyl acetate, dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by SiO_2 chromatography to give 4-chloro-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-amine (0.45 g, 32%) as a yellow solid.



LCMS: m/z 422.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$)

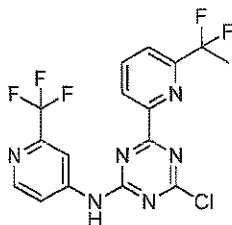
The following intermediate was similarly prepared according to Example 8, step 1:

4-chloro-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine



LCMS: m/z 421.2 (M+H)⁺

4-chloro-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine

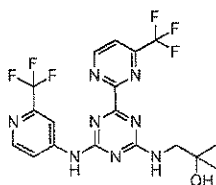


LCMS: m/z 416.3 (M+H)⁺

Example 8, step 2: 2-Methyl-1-[4-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-2-ol

To a solution of [4-chloro-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-amine (90 mg, 0.21 mmol) in anhydrous THF (2 mL) was added 1-amino-2-methyl-propan-2-ol (28.5 mg, 0.32 mmol). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 4 hour. After concentration, the residue was purified by a standard method to give 2-methyl-1-[4-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-6-(4-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-propan-2-ol.

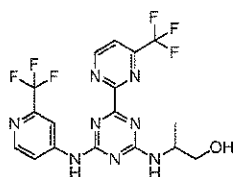
Compound 589 - 2-methyl-1-((4-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)propan-2-ol



¹H NMR (MeOH-d₄) δ 9.41-9.48 (m, 1H), 8.49-8.72 (m, 2H), 7.92-8.27 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.69 (m, 2H), 1.37 (s, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 475.3 (M+H)⁺.

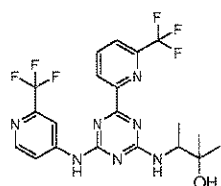
The following compounds were prepared in a similar manner to the synthetic sequence in Scheme 8, Steps 1 and 2, using appropriate reagents and synthetic intermediates:

Compound 590 - 2-((4-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)propan-1-ol



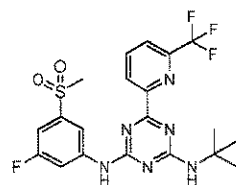
^1H NMR (MeOH- d_4) δ 9.35-9.41 (m, 1H), 8.39-8.64 (m, 2H), 8.18-8.21 (m, 1H), 7.93-8.13 (m, 1H), 4.34-4.46 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.80 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.39 (m, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 461.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 591 - 2-Methyl-3-[4-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-butan-2-ol



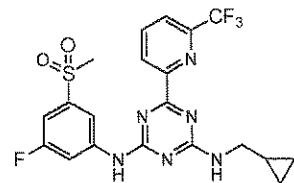
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.66 (m, 2H), 8.25-8.61 (m, 1H), 8.24-7.84 (m, 3H), 4.24-4.22 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.28 (s, 3 H). LC-MS: m/z 488.0 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 592 - *N*-tert-Butyl-*N'*-(3-fluoro-5-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



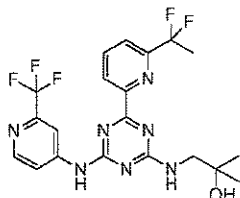
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.75-8.73 (m, 1H), 8.24-8.21 (m, 2H), 7.99-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.37 (m, 1H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 485.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 593 - *N*-Cyclopropylmethyl-*N'*-(3-fluoro-5-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



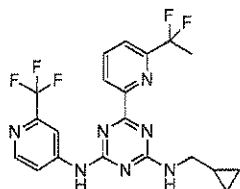
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.60 (m, 2H), 8.22-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.33 (m, 1H), 3.44-3.39 (m, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 1.23 (m, 1H), 0.36-0.10 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 483.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 594 - 1-((4-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



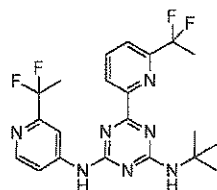
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.61-8.21 (m, 3 H), 8.15-7.85 (m, 3 H), 3.59 (d, 2 H), 2.11 (t, 3 H), 1.27 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 470.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 595 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



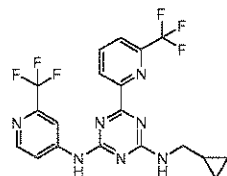
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.66-8.28 (m, 3 H), 8.22-7.85 (m, 3 H), 3.42 (dd, 2 H), 2.11 (t, 3 H), 1.21 (br, 1 H), 0.59-0.55 (m, 2 H), 0.36-0.31 (m, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 452.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 596 - N2-(tert-butyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(2-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.55-8.41 (m, 3 H), 8.11-8.07 (m, 1 H), 7.86-7.76 (m, 2 H), 2.14-1.93 (m, 6 H), 1.56 (s, 9 H). LC-MS: m/z 450.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

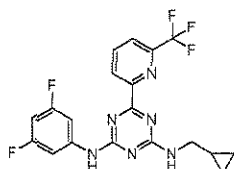
Compound 597 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.75-8.73 (d, 2 H), 8.55-8.38 (m, 1 H), 8.28-8.22 (m, 1 H), 8.02 (d, 1 H), 7.88 (br, 1 H), 3.53-3.41 (dd, 2 H), 1.21 (br, 1 H), 0.64-0.58 (m, 2 H), 0.46-0.33 (m, 2 H).

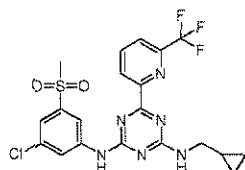
LC-MS: m/z 456.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 598 - *N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine*



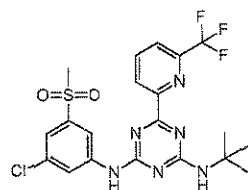
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.68-8.65 (m, 1H), 8.22-8.18 (m, 1H), 7.97-7.95 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.52 (m, 2H), 6.61-6.56 (m, 1H), 3.44-3.38 (m, 2H), 1.20-1.18 (m, 1H), 0.57-0.55 (m, 2H), 0.34-0.33 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 423.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 599 - *N2-(3-chloro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine*



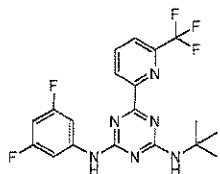
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.73-8.71 (m, 2H), 8.24-8.20 (t, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.97 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 3.49-3.43 (m, 2H), 3.19 (s, 1H), 1.23-1.19 (m, 1H), 0.58-0.55 (m, 2H), 0.39-0.35 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 499.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 600 - *N2-(tert-butyl)-N4-(3-chloro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine*



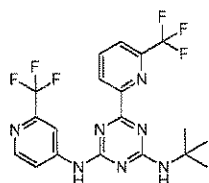
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.68-8.66 (m, 2H), 8.43-8.28 (m, 1H), 8.18-8.14 (m, 2H), 7.94-7.92 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 1H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 501.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 601 - *N2-(tert-butyl)-N4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine*



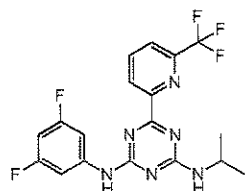
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.64-8.62 (m, 1H), 8.20-8.16 (m, 1H), 7.95-7.93 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.48 (m, 2H), 6.60-6.53 (m, 1H), 1.53 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 425.5 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 602 - N2-(*tert*-butyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



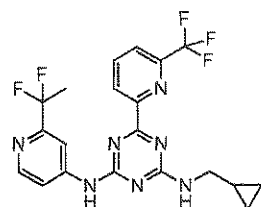
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.67-8.64 (m, 1H), 8.49-8.48 (m, 1H), 8.21-8.17 (m., 2H), 7.96-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.81 (br.s., 1H), 1.55 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 458.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 603 - N2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N4-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



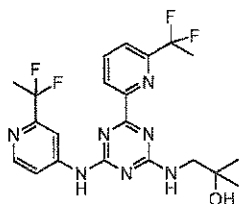
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.35-8.16 (d, 1H), 7.79-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.56 (s, 2H), 7.30-7.20 (d, 1H), 6.10-6.0 (s, 1H), 4.50-4.27 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.31 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 411.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 604 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N4-(2-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



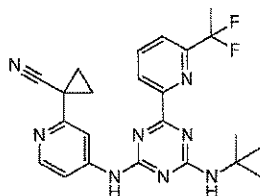
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.68 (d, 1 H), 8.50-8.18 (m, 3 H), 8.02-7.73 (m, 2 H), 3.42 (dd, 2 H), 2.01 (t, 2 H), 1.24-1.16 (m, 1 H), 0.58-0.55 (m, 2 H), 0.35-0.33 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 452.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 605 - 1-((4-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-6-((2-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



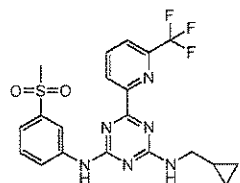
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.58-8.13 (m 3 H), 8.11-7.76 (m, 3 H), 3.60 (d, 2 H), 2.17-1.93 (m, 6 H), 1.28 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 466.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 606 - 1-(4-((4-(tert-butylamino)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile



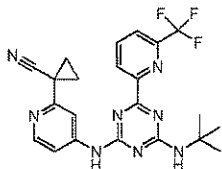
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.5 (m, 1H), 8.4-8.2 (m, 1H), 8.1 (m, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.06 (t, J = 18 Hz, 3H), 1.78-1.74 (d, J = 16 Hz, 4H), 1.55 (s, 9H). LC-MS: m/z 450.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 607 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



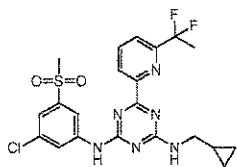
^1H NMR (DMSO, T=273+80K) δ 10.03 (s, 1H), 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.59-8.57 (m, 1H), 8.28-8.24 (m, 1H), 8.04-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.84 (m, 3H), 3.35 (br.s., 2H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 1.15-1.14 (m, 1H), 0.48-0.46 (m, 2H), 0.32-0.31 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 465.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 608 - 1-(4-((4-(tert-butylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile



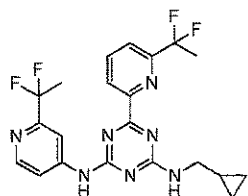
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.87-8.85 (m, 1H), 8.7-8.11 (m, 2H), 7.96-7.87 (m, 1H), 7.585-7.583 (m, 1H), 1.8-1.70 (d, 4H), 1.59-1.54 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 455.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 609 - N2-(3-chloro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



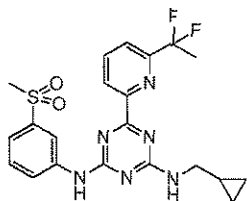
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.54-8.51 (m, 1H), 8.06-8.04 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.84-7.82 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.57-7.56 (m, 1H), 3.39-3.37 (m, 2H), 3.14 (s, 3H), 2.13-20.3 (t, $J = 19.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.18-1.13 (m, 1H), 0.54-0.50 (m, 2H), 0.32-0.31 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 501.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 610 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(2-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



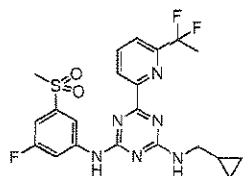
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.56-8.13 (m, 3H), 8.11-7.77 (m, 3H), 3.45-3.40 (m, 2H), 2.15-1.94 (m, 6H), 1.22-1.18 (m, 1H), 0.58-1.19 (m, 1H), 0.59-0.54 (m, 2H), 0.36-0.31 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 448.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 611 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



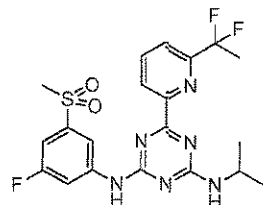
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.96 (s, 1 H), 8.58-8.55 (m, 1 H), 8.10-7.78 (m, 3 H), 7.62-7.55 (m, 2 H), 3.44-3.41 (m, 2 H), 3.14 (d, 3 H), 2.11 (t, 3 H), 1.20-1.17 (m, 1 H), 0.57-0.52 (m, 2 H), 0.36-0.33 (m, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 461.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 612 - N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(3-fluoro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



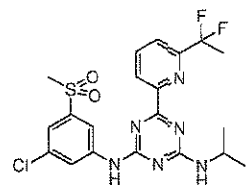
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.58-8.13 (m, 2 H), 8.12-7.86 (m, 2 H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 1 H), 3.46-3.41 (m, 2 H), 3.19 (d, 3 H), 2.13 (t, 3 H), 1.24-1.18 (m, 1 H), 0.59-0.56 (m, 2 H), 0.37-0.35 (m, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 479.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 613 - 6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N2-(3-fluoro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



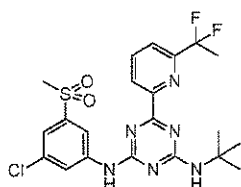
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.57 (d, 2 H), 8.13-7.86 (m, 3 H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 1 H), 4.37-4.34 (m, 1 H), 3.19 (d, 3 H), 2.18-2.06 (m, 3 H), 1.35-1.32 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 467.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 614 - N2-(3-chloro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



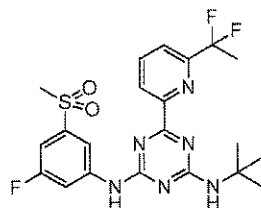
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.73-8.33 (m, 2 H), 8.11 (t, 2 H), 7.87 (d, 1 H), 7.61 (s, 1 H), 4.48-4.28 (m, 1 H), 3.20 (d, 3 H), 2.13 (t, 3 H), 1.34 (t, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 488.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 615 - *N2-(tert-butyl)-N4-(3-chloro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine*



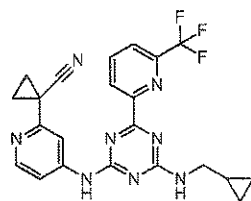
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.57-8.56 (m, 1 H), 8.43-8.25 (m, 2 H), 8.12-8.06 (m, 1 H), 7.85 (d, 1 H), 7.61 (s, 1 H), 3.17 (s, 3 H), 2.11 (t, 3 H), 1.56 (s, 9 H). LC-MS: m/z 497.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 616 - *N2-(tert-butyl)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(3-fluoro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine*



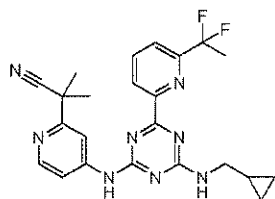
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.59-8.42, 8.13-8.05 (m, 2 H), 7.87 (d, 1 H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 1 H), 3.19 (s, 3 H), 2.18-2.06 (m, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 9 H). LC-MS: m/z 481.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 617 - *1-(4-((4-((cyclopropylmethyl)amino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile*



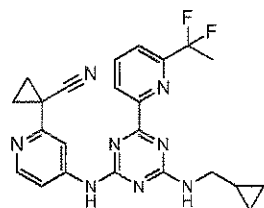
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.87-8.85 (m, 1H), 8.7-8.11 (m, 2H), 7.96-7.87 (m, 1H), 7.585-7.583(m,1H), 3.35 (br.s., 2H), 1.15-1.14 (m, 1H), 0.48-0.46 (m, 2H), 0.32-0.31 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 453.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 618 - *(4-((4-((cyclopropylmethyl)amino)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)-2-methylpropanenitrile*



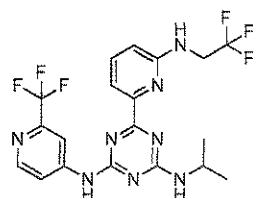
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.60-8.56 (m, 1H), 8.44-8.37 (m, 2H), 8.11-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.87-7.85 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.43 (d, 2H), 2.15-2.06 (t, 3H), 1.78 (s, 6H), 1.21-1.16 (m, 1H), 0.57-0.54 (m, 2H), 0.36-0.33 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 451.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 619 - 1-(4-((4-((cyclopropylmethyl)amino)-6-(6-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.64-8.57 (t, 1H), 8.54-8.53 (d, 1H), 8.26-8.25 (d, 1H), 8.09-8.05 (m, 1H), 7.86-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.42 (m, 1H), 3.46-3.44 (d, 2H), 2.16-2.06 (q, 3H), 1.80-1.71 (m, 4H), 1.19-1.12 (m, 1H), 0.56-0.53 (m, 2H), 0.37-0.34 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 449.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

N2-isopropyl-6-(6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethylamino)pyridin-2-yl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



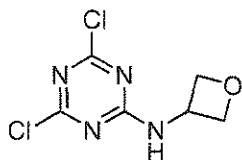
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 10.6-10.2 (m, 1 H), 8.7-8.4 (m, 2 H), 8.4-7.8 (m, 2 H), 7.8-7.5 (m, 2 H), 7.4-7.2 (m, 1 H), 6.8 (m, 1 H), 4.5-4.0 (m, 3 H), 1.2 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 1 H). LC-MS: m/z 473.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

The following compounds were prepared according to the general procedure shown in Scheme 4:

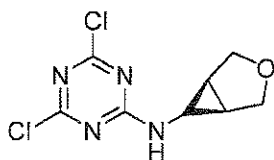
The following intermediates prepared according to Example 4, step 1, using appropriate reagents:

Preparation of *(4,6-Dichloro-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-oxetan-3-yl-amine*

Using the standard procedure described above yielded the title compound which was directly used in the next step.

Preparation of *(4,6-Dichloro-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-amine*

Using the standard procedure described above except DIPEA (1eq) was added to give *(4,6-Dichloro-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl)-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-amine* as a white solid.

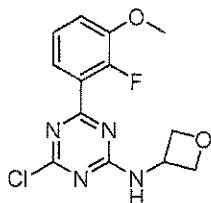


LCMS: m/z 247.1 (M+H)⁺.

The following intermediates were prepared according to Example 4, step 2:

Preparation of *4-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-N-(oxetan-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine*

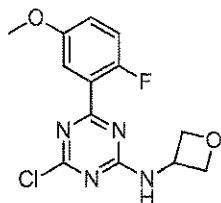
Using the standard procedure described above yielded the title compound.



LCMS: m/z 311.0 (M+H)⁺.

Step 2-9: Preparation of *4-chloro-6-(2-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-N-(oxetan-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine*

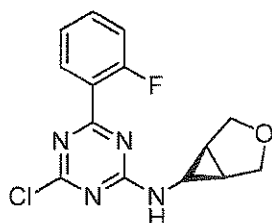
Using the standard procedure described above yielded the title compound.



LCMS: m/z 311.1 (M+H)⁺.

Preparation of *N*-((1*R*,5*S*,6*r*)-3-oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-6-yl)-4-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine

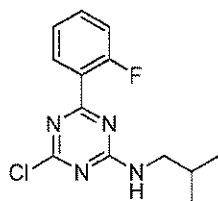
Using the standard procedure described above yielded the title compound



LCMS: m/z 306.9 (M+H)⁺.

Preparation of 4-chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-*N*-isobutyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine

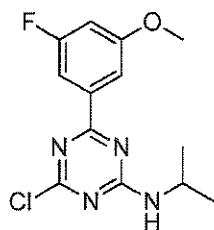
Using the standard procedure described yielded the title compound



LCMS: m/z 281.1 (M+H)⁺.

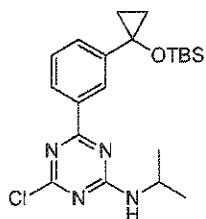
Preparation of 4-Chloro-6-(6-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine.

Using the standard procedure described above yielded the title compound as a white solid.



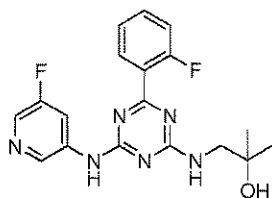
LCMS: m/z 297.1 (M+H)⁺.

Preparation of 4-(3-(1-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopropyl)phenyl)-6-chloro-*N*-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine. Using the standard procedure described above yielded the title compound as a colorless oil.



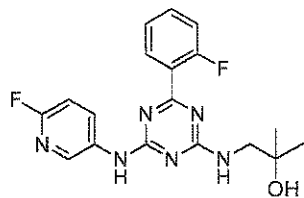
The following compounds were synthesized using Example 4, step 3 (Procedure C), utilizing appropriate intermediates and reagents:

Compound 621 - 1-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-(5-fluoropyridin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



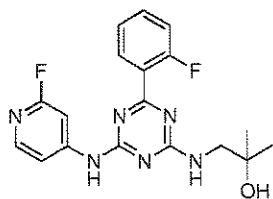
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.68-9.01 (m, 1H), 8.44-8.51 (m, 2H), 8.20-8.23 (m, 1H), 8.76-8.77 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.81 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.61 (m, 2H), 1.27-1.31 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 373.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 622 - 1-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-(6-fluoropyridin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



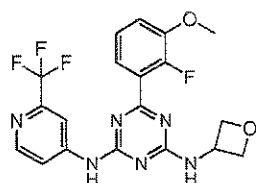
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.08-8.15 (m, 1H), 7.96-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.89 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.31 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.61 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.27 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 373.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 623 - 1-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-(2-fluoropyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



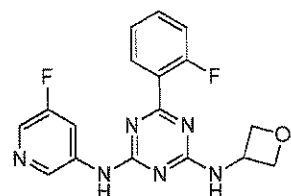
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.27-8.55 (m, 1H), 8.25-8.27 (m, 2H), 7.77-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.19 (m, 1H), 3.51-3.53 (m, 2H), 1.28 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 373.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 624 - 6-(2-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenyl)-N-oxetan-3-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



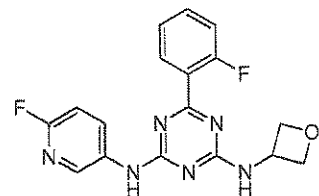
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.53-10.43 (m, 1H), 8.89-7.92 (m, 4H), 7.55-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.25 (t, J = 8.25 Hz, 1H), 5.07-5.01 (m, 1H), 4.83-4.77 (m, 2H), 4.61 (t, J = 6.18 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 437.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 625 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-(5-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-N'-oxetan-3-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



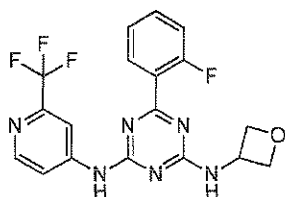
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.17-10.12 (m, 1H), 8.77-7.98 (m, 5H), 7.61-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 5.09-5.06 (m, 1H), 4.81-4.80 (m, 2H), 4.62-4.61 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 357.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 626 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-N'-oxetan-3-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



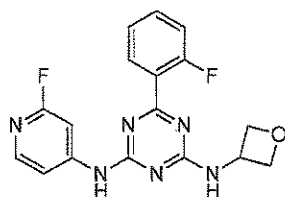
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.06-9.59 (m, 1H), 8.71-8.29 (m, 3H), 8.07-7.95 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.56 (m., 1H), 7.34-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.15 (m, 1H), 5.06-4.95 (m, 1H), 4.77-4.76 (m, 2H), 4.59-4.56 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 357.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 627 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-oxetan-3-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



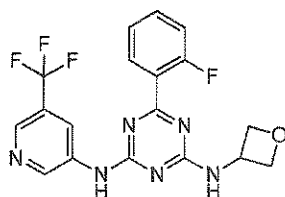
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.56-8.47 (m, 2H), 8.17-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.21 (m., 2H), 5.34-5.24 (m, 1H), 5.01-4.99 (m, 2H), 4.80-4.73 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 407.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 628 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-(2-fluoro-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-oxetan-3-yl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



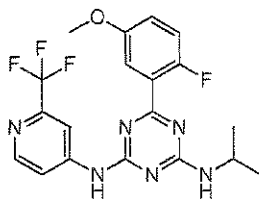
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.45-10.39 (m, 1H), 8.86-8.68 (m, 1H), 8.08-7.69 (m, 5H), 7.37-7.33 (m., 2H), 5.11-5.09 (m, 1H), 4.85-4.80 (m, 2H), 4.64-4.59 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 357.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 629 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-oxetan-3-yl-N'-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



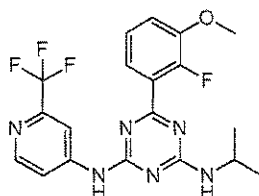
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.34-10.20 (m, 1H), 9.25-8.50 (m, 3H), 8.06-8.00 (m, 1H), 7.77-7.72 (m., 1H), 7.39-7.25 (m, 2H), 5.10-4.99 (m, 1H), 4.79-4.56 (m, 2H), 4.59-4.52 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 407.3 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 630 - 6-(2-Fluoro-5-methoxy-phenyl)-N-isopropyl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



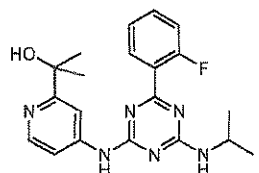
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.67-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.06 (m, 2H), 4.30-4.25 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 4.26-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.317-1.279 (d, $J = 15.2$ MHz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 422.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 631 - 6-(2-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenyl)-N-isopropyl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



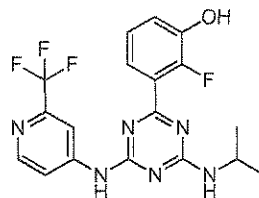
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.65-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.59-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.16 (m, 2H), 4.28-4.25 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 1.315-1.272 (d, $J = 17.2$ MHz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 423.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 632 - 2-(4-((2-fluorophenyl)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)propan-2-ol



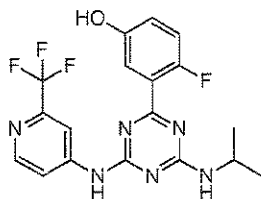
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 8.30-8.08 (m, 3 H), 7.70-7.51 (m, 2 H), 7.29 (t, 1 H), 7.24-7.19 (dd, 1 H), 4.36-4.34 (m, 1 H), 1.57 (s, 6 H), 1.32-1.28 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 383.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 633 - 2-Fluoro-3-[4-isopropylamino-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-phenol



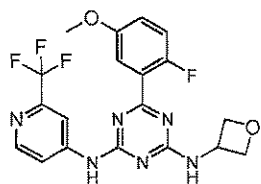
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70-8.68 (d, $J=6$ Hz, 1H), 8.56-8.49 (m, 1H), 7.90-7.89 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.57 (m., 1H), 7.33-7.23 (m, 2H), 4.39-4.35 (m, 1H), 1.407-1.391 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 409.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 634 - 4-Fluoro-3-[4-isopropylamino-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-phenol



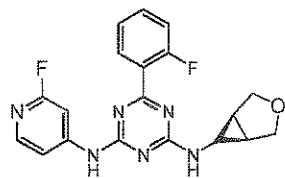
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.70-8.68 (d, $J=5.6$ MHz, 1H), 8.56-8.53 (m, 1H), 7.91-7.89 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (m., 1H), 7.27-7.15 (m, 2H), 4.40-4.35 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.39 (d, $J=6.4$ MHz, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 409.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 635 - 6-(2-Fluoro-5-methoxy-phenyl)-N-oxetan-3-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



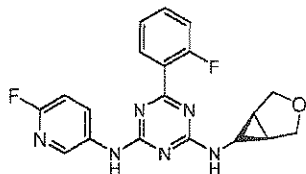
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.73-10.63 (m, 1H), 9.11-8.11 (m, 4H), 7.82-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.47 (t, $J=9.62$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (brs., 1H), 5.34-5.20 (m, 1H), 5.04-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.83-4.80 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 437.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 636 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-(2-fluoro-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



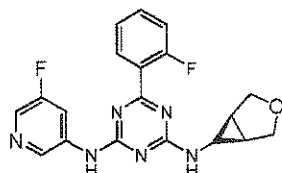
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.50-10.21 (m, 1H), 8.35-7.85 (m, 4H), 7.62-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.29 (m, 2H), 3.96-3.88 (m., 2H), 3.69-3.61 (m, 2H), 2.66-2.49 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.87 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 383.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 637 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-N'-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



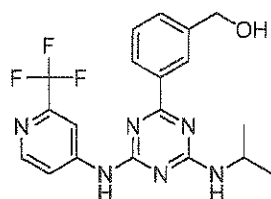
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.71-8.57 (m, 1H), 8.30 (brs. 1H), 8.18 (brs. 1H), 7.81 (brs. 1H), 7.50-7.43 (m., 2H), 7.21 (brs. 1H), 4.12-4.02 (m, 2H), 3.81-3.75 (m, 2H), 2.80-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.14-2.09 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 383.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 638 - 6-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-N-(5-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-N'-(3-oxa-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



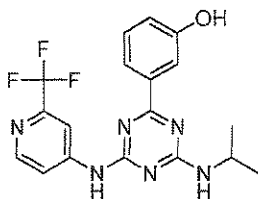
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.67 (brs., 2H), 8.20-8.07 (m, 2H), 7.56 (brs., 1H), 7.32-7.21 (m, 2H), 4.14-4.05 (m., 2H), 3.83-3.78 (m, 2H), 2.71-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.00-1.96 (m, 2H). LC-MS: m/z 383.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 639 - {3-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-phenyl}-methanol



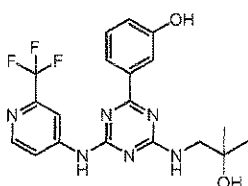
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.37-8.41 (m, 3H), 8.31-8.28 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.53 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.45 (m, 1H), 4.685 (s, 2H), 4.52-4.18 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.30 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 405.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 640 - 3-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-phenol



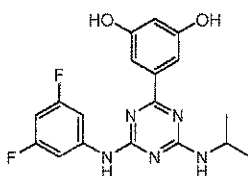
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.679-8.245 (m, 2H), 7.95-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.282 (m, 1H), 7.00-6.98 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 4.31-4.28 (m, 1H), 1.34-1.25 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 391.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 641 - 3-(4-((2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)amino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol



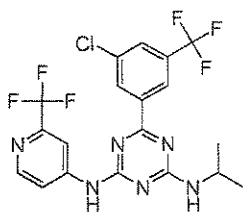
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72-8.70 (m, 1 H), 8.68-8.38 (m, 1 H), 8.28-7.96 (m, 1 H), 7.79-7.70 (m, 2 H), 7.51-7.44 (m, 1 H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 1 H), 3.65 (d, 2 H), 1.36 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 421.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 642 - 5-(4-((3,5-difluorophenyl)amino)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)benzene-1,3-diol



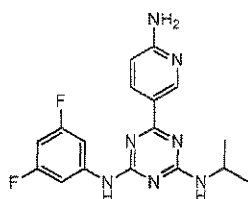
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 7.51-7.48 (m, 2 H), 7.30 (d, 2 H), 6.52-6.41 (m, 2 H), 4.23-4.21 (m, 1 H), 1.35-1.27 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 374.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 644 - 6-(3-Chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N-isopropyl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



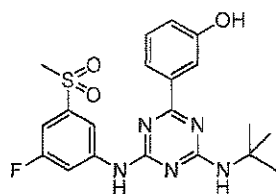
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.79-8.50 (m, 3H), 8.49-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.77-7.76 (m, 1H), 4.26-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.30 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 477.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 645 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-3-yl)-N2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



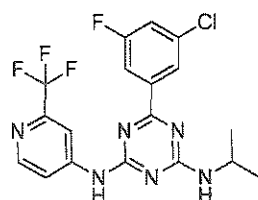
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 9.80 (d, 1 H), 8.87 (d, 1H), 8.52-7.29 (m, 5 H), 6.78-6.50 (m, 3 H), 4.29-4.11 (m, 1 H), 1.20 (d, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 358.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 646 - 3-(4-(tert-butylamino)-6-((3-fluoro-5-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol



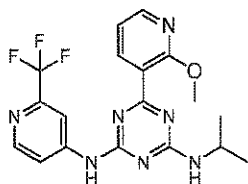
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.37-7.74 (m, 4 H), 7.25 (br, 2 H), 6.92 (br, 1 H), 3.13 (s, 3 H), 1.51 (s, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 432.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 647 - 6-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.39-10.56 (m, 1H), 8.16-8.70 (m, 4H), 7.71-8.00 (m, 3H), 4.16-4.35 (m, 1H), 1.25 (dd, $J = 6.4$, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 427.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

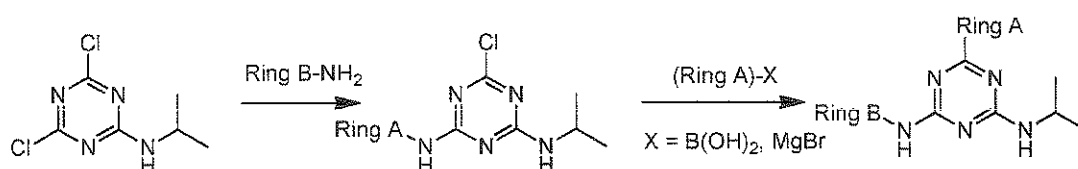
Compound 648 - N2-isopropyl-6-(2-methoxypyridin-3-yl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



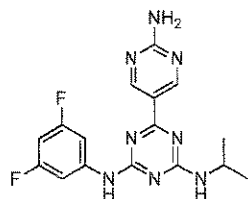
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.61-8.27 (m, 3 H), 8.23-7.88 (m, 2 H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1 H), 4.28-4.25 (m, 1 H), 4.01 (s, 3 H), 1.31-1.28 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 406.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Example 9. Preparation of Compounds of Formula I Wherein Ring A is Substituted Aryl or Heteroaryl. The compounds of this Example are prepared by the general method in Scheme 9, set forth below.

Scheme 9



Compound 649 - 6-(2-aminopyrimidin-5-yl)-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



Example 9, Step 1:

Preparation of 6-chloro-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

To a solution of 4,6-dichloro-N-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (1 g, 4.83 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added 3,5-difluoro aniline (0.62 g, 4.83 mmol), $t\text{BuONa}$ (0.93 g, 9.66 mol) and Pd(dppf)Cl_2 (0.35g, 0.48 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 80°C under N_2 protection for 2 hrs. The reaction was quenched by water and extracted by EtOAc. The organic layer was dried, concentrated and purified to afford 6-chloro-N²-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine as white solid.

Example 9, Step 2:

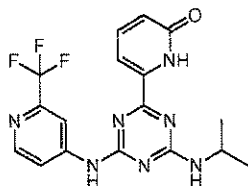
To a mixture of 5-chloro-N¹-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N³-isopropylbenzene-1,3-diamine (50 mg, 0.17 mmol), 5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (37 mg, 0.17 mmol) and

Cs₂CO₃ (108 mg, 0.34 mmol) in dioxane/water (0.8 mL/0.16 mL) was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (19 mg, 0.017 mmol). The mixture was heated to 80°C for 2 hours. The mixture was concentrated and purified by a standard method to give 6-(2-aminopyrimidin-5-yl)-N²-(3,5-difluoro-phenyl)-N⁴-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine.

¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄): δ 9.11-9.17 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.50 (m, 2H), 6.51-6.55 (m, 1H), 4.22-4.34 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 359.2 (M+H)⁺.

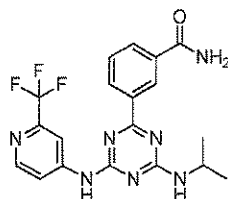
The following compounds were prepared according Example 8, method B, using appropriate intermediates and reagents.

Compound 650 - 6-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2(1H)-one



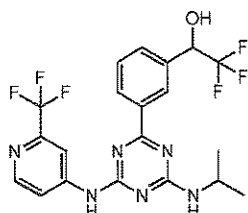
¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.70-8.25 (m, 2H), 8.15-8.06 (m, 1H), 7.81-7.50 (m, 1H), 6.89 (br, 1H), 4.31-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.34-1.29 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 392.1 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 651 - 6-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)picolinamide



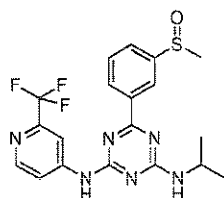
¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 10.56 (br, 1 H), 8.87-8.85 (m, 1H), 8.68-8.04 (m, 6H), 7.92-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.48 (m, 1H), 4.20-4.15 (m, 1H), 1.25 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 418.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 652 - 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenyl)ethanol



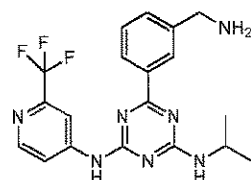
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.76-8.40 (m, 4H), 8.32-7.52 (m, 3H), 5.16-5.11 (m, 1H), 4.51-4.28 (m, 1H), 1.34 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 473.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 653 - *N*-Isopropyl-6-(3-methanesulfinyl-phenyl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



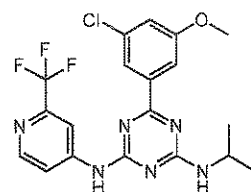
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.81-8.28 (m, 4H), 7.91-7.71 (m, 3H), 4.51-4.28 (m, 1H), 2.88 (s, 3H), 1.36-1.33 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 437.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 654 - 6-(3-(aminomethyl)phenyl)-*N*2-isopropyl-*N*4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



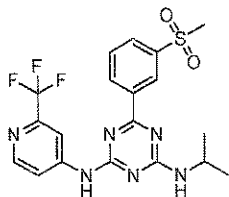
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.66-8.40 (m, 4H), 7.96 (br, 1H), 7.77-7.67 (m, 2H), 4.52-4.31 (m, 1H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 1.34 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 404.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 655 - 6-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-*N*2-isopropyl-*N*4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



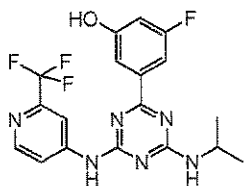
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.44 (d, 1H), 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.57-8.55 (m, 1H), 8.30-8.08 (m, 1H), 7.92-7.79 (m, 3H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 4.35-4.13 (m, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.24 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 439.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 657 - *N*-Isopropyl-6-(3-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-*N'*-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



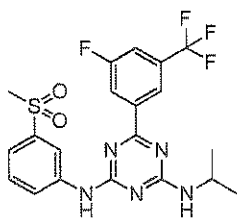
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.76-7.98 (m, 5H), 7.80-7.76 (m, 1H), 4.49-4.22 (m, 1H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 1.34-1.27 (m, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 453.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 658 - 3-Fluoro-5-[4-isopropylamino-6-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-ylamino)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-yl]-phenol



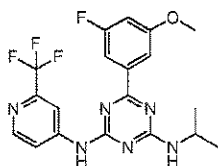
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.63-8.63 (m, 2H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.56-7.49 (m, 2H), 6.80-6.78 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.31 (s, 1H), 1.36-1.34 (d, $J=6$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 409.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 660 - 6-(3-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-*N*2-isopropyl-*N*4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



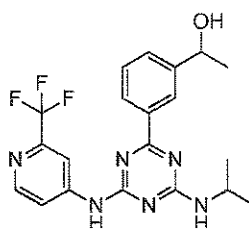
^1H NMR (Methanol- d_4) δ 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, 1H), 7.99-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.53 (m, 3H), 4.37-4.34 (m, 1H), 3.15 (d, 3H), 1.30 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 470.0 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 662 - 6-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-*N*2-isopropyl-*N*4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



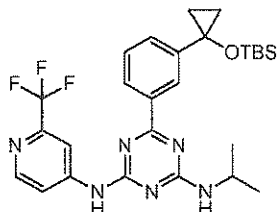
^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 10.30 (d, 1H), 8.67-8.04 (m, 3H), 8.04-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.08-7.03 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.10 (m, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 1.21 (d, 3H). LC-MS: m/z 423.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 663 - 1-(3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenyl)ethanol

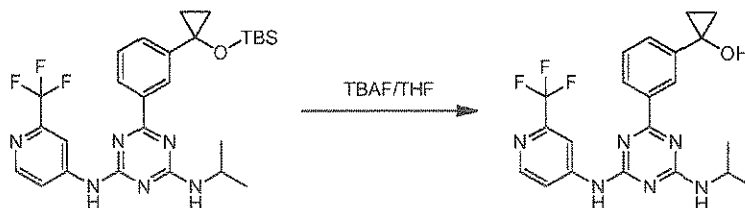


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.74-8.29 (m, 4H), 8.28-7.80 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.43 (m, 2H), 4.48-4.26 (m, 1H), 1.49 (d, 3H), 1.31 (d, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 419.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

6-(3-(1-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopropyl)phenyl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



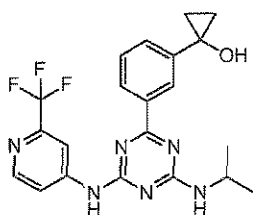
LCMS: m/z 545.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.



To a solution of 6-(3-(1-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopropyl) phenyl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (510 mg, 0.936 mmol) in anhydrous THF (15 mL) was TBAF (490 mg, 1.872 mmol) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at r.t. for

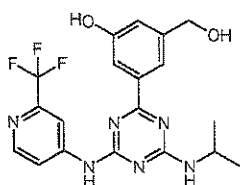
2 hours. The mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, then concentrated. The crude product was purified by a standard method to give 1-(3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenyl)cyclopropanol.

Compound 664 - 1-(3-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenyl)cyclopropanol



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.67-8.46 (m, 2H), 8.31-8.21 (m, 2H), 7.84-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.39 (m, 2H), 4.45-4.23 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 6H), 1.23-1.22 (m, 2H), 1.09-1.06 (m, 2H). LC-MS : m/z 431.2 (M+H)⁺.

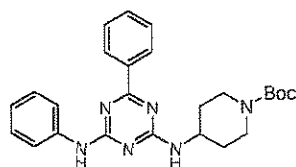
Compound 665 - 3-(hydroxymethyl)-5-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol



¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 10.40-10.24 (m, 1H), 9.56 (s, 1H), 8.68-8.26 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.59 (m, 3H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 5.23-5.20 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.49 (d, J=5.6, 2H), 4.20-4.12 (m, 1H) 1.26-1.23 (m, 6H). LC-MS : m/z 421.2 (M+H)⁺.

The following compounds were prepared according to Scheme 5 using appropriate intermediates and reagents:

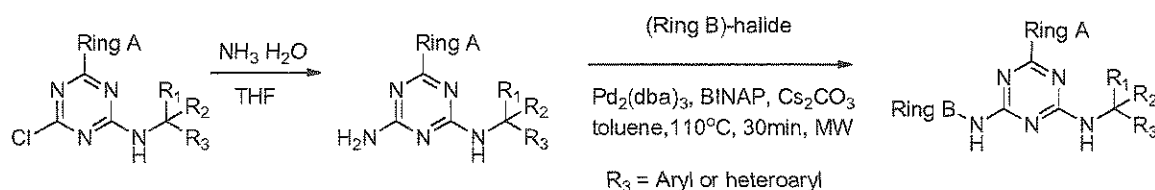
Compound 667 - 4-(4-Phenyl-6-phenylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino)-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester



^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 8.23-8.82 (m, 2H), 8.53-7.66 (m., 2H), 7.33-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.25-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.98-7.09 (m., 2H), 5.05-5.29 (m, 1H), 3.95-4.20 (m, 3H), 2.85-2.97 (m, 2H), 2.03 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 2H), 1.37-1.42 (m, 11H). LC-MS: m/z 447.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Example 10: Preparation of compounds of Formula 1 via N-arylation of triazine-amine cross-coupling.

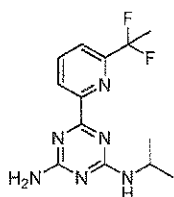
Scheme 10



Example 10, Step 1: Preparation of N2-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine. To the solution of 4-chloro-N-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2-amine (300 mg, 0.94 mmol) in THF (5mL) was added $\text{NH}_3/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (8 mL). The mixture was stirred at 80°C overnight. TLC (PE: EA = 1:1) showed the reaction was complete. The mixture was washed with H_2O and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, concentrated to give N2-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine as a yellow solid which was used without further purification. LC-MS : m/z 299.8 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

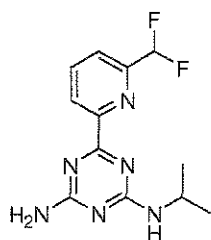
The following intermediates were prepared using the procedure in Example 10, Step 1:

6-[6-(1,1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]- N-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine -2,4-diamine



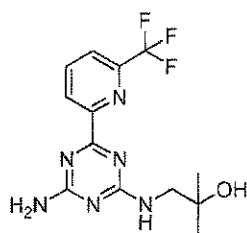
LC-MS : m/z 295.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

6-(6-Difluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-N-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine



LC-MS : m/z 281.1 (M+H)⁺.

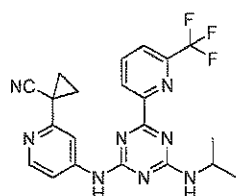
1-(4-amino-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



LC-MS : m/z 329.0 (M+H)⁺.

Step 2: Preparation of 1-(4-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile. To a solution of *N*2-isopropyl-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (120 mg, 0.4 mmol) in anhydrous toluene (5 mL) was added *1-(4-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile* (89 mg, 0.48 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (262 mg, 0.8 mmol), BINAP (24.9 mg, 0.04 mmol), and Pd₂(dba)₃ (36.6 mg, 0.04 mmol) under N₂. The mixture was stirred at 110°C for 30 min under M.W. irradiation. The mixture was quenched by water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by a standard method to give *1-(4-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-(6-(trifluoromethyl)-pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropanecarbonitrile*. The following compounds were prepared from the appropriate intermediates using the procedure in Example 10, Step 2:

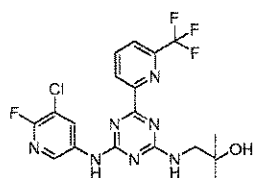
Compound 669 - 1-{4-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl}-cyclopropanecarbonitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.79-8.78 (m, 2H), 8.27(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J = 3.6 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 4H), 1.31 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 441.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

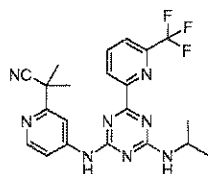
Compound 670 - 1-[4-(5-Chloro-6-fluoro-pyridin-3-ylamino)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-2-methyl-propan-2-ol

Using the standard procedure described in except replacing BINAP with X-Phos and Cs_2CO_3 with $t\text{-BuONa}$ to give **670**.



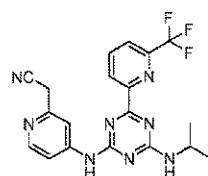
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.82-8.63 (m, 2H), 8.39-8.38 (m, 1H), 8.22 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 1H), 3.55 (s, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 458.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 671 - 2-{4-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl}-2-methyl-propionitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.77-8.73 (m, 1H), 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J = 3.6 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.49-4.41 (m, 1H), 1.74 (s, 6H), 1.34 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 443.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 672 - {4-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl}-acetonitrile

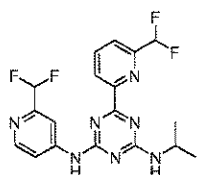


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 10.41 (s, 1H), 8.62 (dd, J = 9.6 Hz, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (dd, J $\approx$ 8.4 Hz, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97-7.67 (m, 1H),

4.35-4.28 (m, 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 415.3 (M+H)⁺.

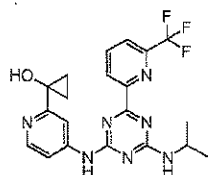
Compound 673 - 6-(6-Difluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-N-(2-difluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

Using the standard procedure described in Example 10 Step 2 except replacing Cs₂CO₃ by t-BuONa yielded **673**.



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.64-7.77 (m, 6H), 6.98-6.58 (m, 2H), 4.33-4.30 (m, 1H), 1.34 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 408.2 (M+H)⁺.

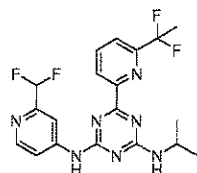
Compound 674 - 1-{4-[4-Isopropylamino-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl}-cyclopropanol



¹H NMR (METHANOL-d₄) δ 8.61-8.64 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 8.38 (s, 1 H), 8.09-8.16 (m, 2 H), 7.86-7.88 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.44-7.62 (m, 1 H), 4.26-4.30 (m, 1 H), 1.76-1.23 (m, 8 H), 1.10-1.12 (q, J = 4 Hz, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 432.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 675 - 6-[6-(1,1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]-N-(2-difluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-N'-isopropyl-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

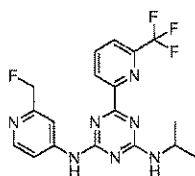
Using the standard procedure described in Example 10 Step 2 except replacing Cs₂CO₃ by t-BuONa yielded **675**.



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.58-8.46 (m, 2H), 8.18-8.11 (m, 2H), 7.90-7.88 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.58 (m, 1H), 4.34-4.32 (m, 1H), 2.17-2.05 (m, 3H), 1.35 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 422.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

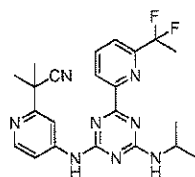
Compound 676 - *N*-(2-Fluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-*N'*-isopropyl-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine

Using the standard procedure described in Example 10 Step 2 except replacing Cs_2CO_3 by $t\text{-BuONa}$ yielded **676**.



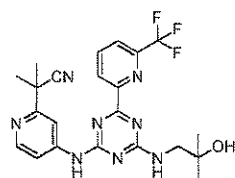
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.72-8.70 (m, 1H), 8.40-7.98 (m, 5H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 4.52-4.33 (m, 1H), 1.34 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 408.1 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 677 - 2-(4-{4-[6-(1,1-Difluoro-ethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]-6-isopropylamino-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino}-pyridin-2-yl)-2-methyl-propionitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.61 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.11 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 2.12 (t, $J = 19.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.13 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 439.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

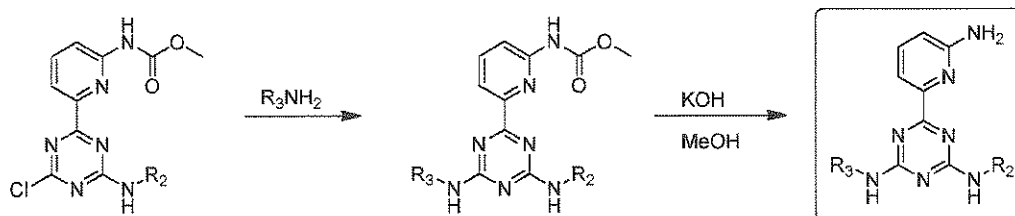
Compound 678 - 2-{4-[4-(2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-propylamino)-6-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-[1,3,5]triazin-2-ylamino]-pyridin-2-yl}-2-methyl-propionitrile



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4) δ 8.80-8.78 (m, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.40 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.22 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.79 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, $J = 11.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.80 (s, 6H), 1.31 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). LC-MS: m/z 473.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

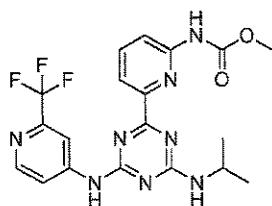
Example 11: Preparation of compounds of Formula I where Ring A is 6-aminopyridyl.

Scheme 11



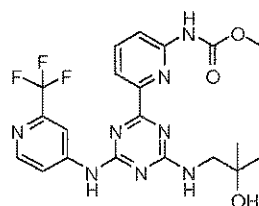
Example 11, Step 1: The preparations of the following intermediates are analogous to the procedure as Scheme 3, Step 4, using the appropriate starting materials and intermediates:

Compound 679 - Methyl 6-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-((2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



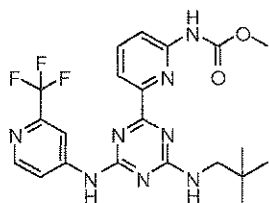
LCMS: m/z 449.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 680 - Methyl 6-(4-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propylamino)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



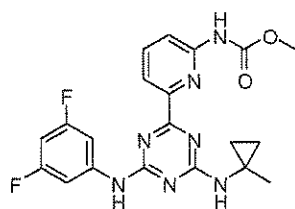
LCMS: m/z 479.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 681 - Methyl 6-(4-(neopentylamino)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



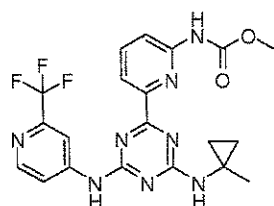
LCMS: m/z 477.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 682 - Methyl 6-(4-(3,5-difluorophenylamino)-6-(1-methylcyclopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



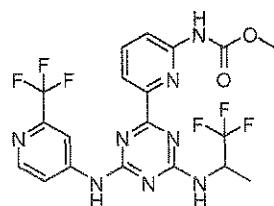
LCMS: m/z 428.2 (M+H)⁺.

Methyl 6-(4-(1-methylcyclopropylamino)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



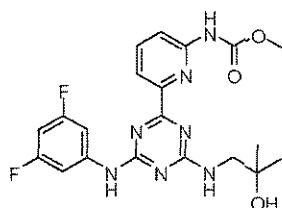
LCMS: m/z 461.3 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 683 - Methyl 6-(4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-6-(1,1,1-trifluoro-2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



LCMS: m/z 503.2 (M+H)⁺.

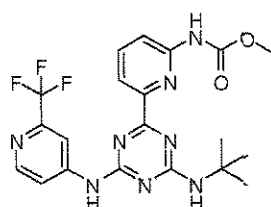
Compound 684 - Methyl 6-(4-(3,5-difluorophenylamino)-6-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



LCMS: m/z 446.1 ($M+H$)⁺.

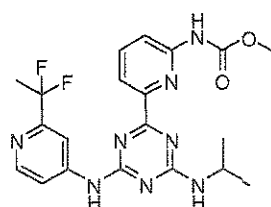
Preparation of *methyl 6-(4-(tert-butylamino)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate*

Using the standard procedure described above to give *Compound 685 - methyl 6-(4-(tert-butylamino)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate*



LCMS: m/z 463.3 ($M+H$)⁺.

Compound 686 - Methyl 6-(4-(2-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-6-(isopropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-ylcarbamate



LCMS: m/z 445.1 ($M+H$)⁺.

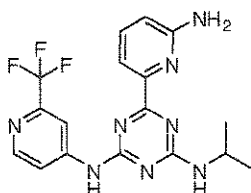
Example 11, Step 2: Preparation of 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine.

To a solution of *6-(6-Chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-N-oxetan-3-yl-N'-(2-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-4-yl)-[1,3,5]triazine-2,4-diamine* (170 mg, 0.38 mmol) in methanol (6mL) was added 5 pellets of KOH. The mixture was heated to 80°C for 12 hours. TLC (ethyl acetate) showed that the reaction was complete. The mixture was adjusted pH to 7 and filtered, the filtrate was concentrated and purified

by a standard method to give *6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine*.

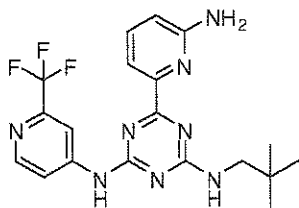
The following compounds were prepared according to the procedure set forth in Example 11, Step 2, using appropriate starting materials and reagents:

Compound 687 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-isopropyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



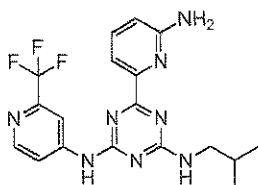
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.5-8.65 (m, 1.5 H), 7.8-8.3 (m, 3.5 H), 7.2 (m, 1 H), 4.2-4.6 (m, 1 H), 1.25-1.4 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 391.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 689 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-neopentyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

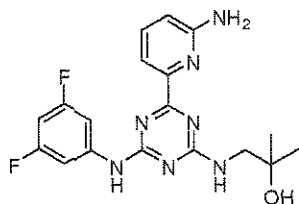


^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.75 (m, 1 H), 8.1-8.6 (m, 2 H), 7.6-7.8 (m, 2 H), 6.85 (m, 1 H), 3.4-3.5 (m, 2 H), 1.0 (s, 9 H). LC-MS: m/z 419.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

Compound 690 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-isobutyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

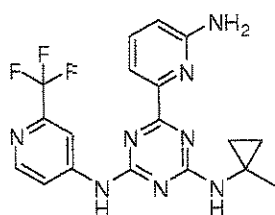


Compound 691 - 1-(4-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-6-(3,5-difluorophenylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino)-2-methylpropan-2-ol



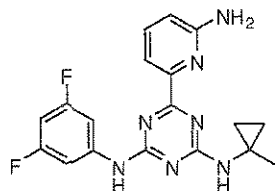
¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄): δ 8.6-7.6 (m, 3 H), 7.55-6.5 (m, 3 H), 3.5-3.7 (m, 2 H), 1.1-1.4 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: *m/z* 338.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 692 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(1-methylcyclopropyl)-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



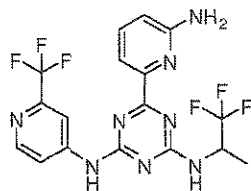
¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄): δ 8.88 (m, 1 H), 8.5 (m, 1 H), 7.85 (m, 1 H), 7.7 (m, 1 H), 7.6 (m, 1 H), 6.75 (m, 1 H), 1.52 (s, 3 H), 0.75-0.95 (m, 4 H). LC-MS: *m/z* 403.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 693 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N4-(1-methylcyclopropyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



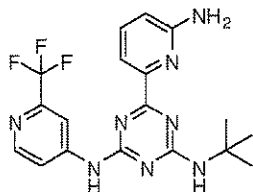
¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄): δ 7.5-7.58 (m, 4 H), 6.5-6.8 (m, 2 H), 1.5 (s, 3 H), 0.75-0.95 (m, 4 H). LC-MS: *m/z* 370.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 694 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-N4-(1,1,1-trifluoropropan-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



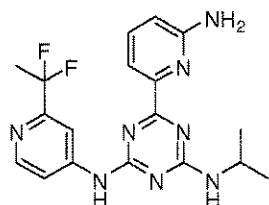
¹H NMR (METHANOL-*d*₄): δ 7.83-7.75 (m, 4 H), 7.6 (m, 1 H), 6.68 (m, 1 H), 5.5-5.0 (m, 1 H), 1.48 (m, 3 H). LC-MS: *m/z* 445.2 (M+H)⁺.

Compound 695 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-tert-butyl-N4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



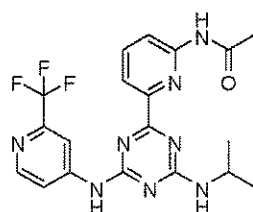
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.55-8.65 (m, 2 H), 7.9-8.25 (m, 2 H), 7.8-7.9 (m, 1 H), 7.2 (m, 1 H), 1.55 (m, 9 H). LC-MS: m/z 405.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 696 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(2-(1,1-difluoroethyl)pyridin-4-yl)-N4-isopropyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



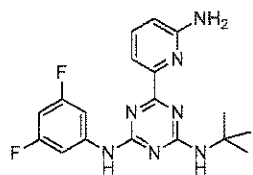
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.55-8.2 (m, 2 H), 8.0-7.55 (m, 3 H), 6.75 (m, 1 H), 4.55-4.2 (m, 1 H), 2.0 (t, 3 H), 1.3 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3 H). LC-MS: m/z 387.3 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 697 - N-(6-(4-(isopropylamino)-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-4-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)acetamide



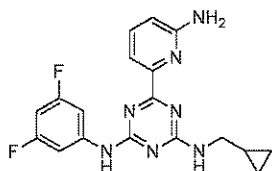
^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 8.7-8.5 (m, 2 H), 8.3-7.8 (m, 4 H), 4.5-4.2 (m, 1 H), 2.23 (s, 3 H), 1.25-1.35 (m, 6 H). LC-MS: m/z 433.2 ($M+H$) $^+$.

Compound 698 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(tert-butyl)-N4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 7.68-7.48 (m, 4 H), 6.73-6.55 (m, 2 H), 1.58 (s, 9 H). LC-MS: m/z 372.2 (M+H) $^+$.

Compound 699 - 6-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl)-N2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine



^1H NMR (METHANOL- d_4): δ 7.71-7.50 (m, 4 H), 6.74-6.72 (m, 1 H), 6.56-6.54 (m, 1 H), 3.43-3.36 (m, 2 H), 1.18-1.72 (m, 1 H), 0.56-0.54 (m, 2 H), 0.32-0.31 (m, 2 H). LC-MS: m/z 370.1 (M+H) $^+$.

Example 12. Enzymatic and Cell Assays.

Enzymatic Assay. Compounds are assayed for IDH2 R172K inhibitory activity through a cofactor depletion assay. Compounds are preincubated with enzyme, then the reaction is started by the addition of NADPH and α -KG, and allowed to proceed for 60 minutes under conditions previously demonstrated to be linear with respect for time for consumption of both cofactor and substrate. The reaction is terminated by the addition of a second enzyme, diaphorase, and a corresponding substrate, resazurin. Diaphorase reduces resazurin to the highly fluorescent resorufin with the concomitant oxidation of NADPH to NADP, both halting the IDH2 reaction by depleting the available cofactor pool and facilitating quantitation of the amount of cofactor remaining after a specific time period through quantitative production of an easily detected fluorophore.

Specifically, into each of 12 wells of a 384-well plate, 1 μl of 100x compound dilution series is placed, followed by the addition of 40 μl of buffer (50 mM potassium phosphate (K_2HPO_4), pH 7.5; 150 mM NaCl; 10 mM MgCl_2 , 10% glycerol, 0.05% bovine serum albumin, 2 mM beta-mercaptoethanol) containing 1.25 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ IDH2 R172K. The test compound is then incubated for one hour at room temperature with the enzyme; before starting the IDH2 reaction with the addition of 10 μl of substrate mix containing 50 μM NADPH and 6.3 mM α -KG in the buffer described above. After a further one hour of incubation at room temperature, the reaction is halted and the remaining NADPH measured through conversion of resazurin to resorufin by the

addition of 25 μ l Stop Mix (36 μ g/ml diaphorase enzyme and 60 μ M resazurin; in buffer). After one minute of incubation the plate is read on a plate reader at Ex544/Em590.

For determination of the inhibitory potency of compounds against IDH2 R140Q in an assay format similar to the above, a similar procedure is performed, except that the final testing concentration is 0.25 μ g/ml IDH2 R140Q protein, 4 μ M NADPH and 1.6 mM α -KG.

For determination of the inhibitory potency of compounds against IDH2 R140Q in a high throughput screening format, a similar procedure is performed, except that 0.25 μ g/ml IDH2 R140Q protein was utilized in the preincubation step, and the reaction is started with the addition of 4 μ M NADPH and 8 μ M α -KG.

U87MG pLVX-IDH2 R140Q-neo Cell Based Assay. U87MG pLVX-IDH2 R140Q-neo cells are grown in T125 flasks in DMEM containing 10% FBS, 1x penicillin/streptomycin and 500 μ g/mL G418. They are harvested by trypsin and seeded into 96 well white bottom plates at a density of 5000 cell/well in 100 μ l/well in DMEM with 10% FBS. No cells are plated in columns 1 and 12. Cells are incubated overnight at 37°C in 5% CO₂. The next day compounds are made up at 2x concentration and 100ul are added to each cell well. The final concentration of DMSO is 0.2% and the DMSO control wells are plated in row G. The plates are then placed in the incubator for 48 hours. At 48 hours, 100ul of media is removed from each well and analyzed by LC-MS for 2-HG concentrations. The cell plate is placed back in the incubator for another 24 hours. At 72 hours post compound addition, 10 mL/plate of Promega Cell Titer Glo reagent is thawed and mixed. The cell plate is removed from the incubator and allowed to equilibrate to room temperature. Then 100ul of reagent is added to each well of media. The cell plate is then placed on an orbital shaker for 10 minutes and then allowed to sit at room temperature for 20 minutes. The plate is then read for luminescence with an integration time of 500ms to determine compound effects on growth inhibition.

The data for various compounds of one aspect of the invention in the R140Q enzymatic assay, R140Q cell-based assay and R172K enzymatic assay as described above or similar thereto are presented below in Table 2. For each assay, values indicated as "A" represent an IC₅₀ of less than 100 nM; values indicated as "B" represent an IC₅₀ of between 100 nM and 1 μ M; values indicated as "C" represent an IC₅₀ of greater than 1 μ M to 10 μ M; values indicated as "D"

represent an IC₅₀ of greater than 10 μ M; values indicated as “no fit” are inactive and blank values represent that the compound was either inactive or not tested in that particular assay.

Table 2. Enzymatic and Cellular Activity of Compounds.

Cmpd	Enz	Cell	Enz	Cmpd	Enz	Cell	Enz
No	R140Q	R140Q	R172K	No	R140Q	R140Q	R172K
100	A	A	A	155	B	No Fit	D
103	B	C	C	156	B	B	C
108	B			158	A	B	B
109	B	C	C	159	B	B	C
110	A	A	B	160	A	B	B
111	A	A	A	162	B	C	C
112	A	B	B	165	B		C
113	A	A	B	167	A	A	B
114	B	C	C	168	A	A	B
115	A	B	B	169	A	B	B
116	B		C	170	B	C	B
117	B		C	172	A	B	B
118	A	B	B	173	A	A	A
119	B	C	D	174	A	A	B
120	A	A	B	175	A	A	B
121	A	A	A	176	A	B	B
122	B	C	C	177	A	A	B
123	A	B	B	178	A	A	A
126	A	A	B	179	A	A	A
128	B	C	C	181	A	A	B
129	A	B	C	182	B		
130	A	A	B	183	A	A	B
132	A	A	B	184	A	B	C
133	B		D	185	A	B	B
135	B	C	D	186	A	A	B
137	B		C	187	A	A	B
139	A	B	C	188	A	A	B
140	A	B	C	189	A	B	C
141	A	B	B	190	A	A	B
143	A	B	B	191	A	A	B
145	B	C	D	193	A	A	B
146	A	A	B	194	A	A	A
147	B	B	C	195	A	A	B
148	B	B	C	196	A	A	B
149	A	A	A	197	A	A	B
150	B	B	C	198	A	A	B
151	B	B	B	199	A	A	A
154	A	B	C	200	A	A	B

Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K	Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K
201	A	B	C	244	B	C	B
202	A	A	A	245	A	B	B
203	A	B	C	246	B	A	B
204	A	B	C	247	A	A	A
205	A	A	B	248	A	B	C
206	A	B	B	249	A	B	B
207	B			250	A	B	B
208	A	B	B	251	B		
209	A	B	B	252	B		C
210	A	A	B	253	A	A	B
211	A	B	B	254	A	B	B
212	A	A	B	255	A	A	B
213	A	A	B	256	C		
214	A	B	B	257	A	B	B
215	A	B	C	258	C		
216	A	B	B	259	B	B	D
217	A		C	260	A	A	A
218	A	B	C	261	A	A	B
219	A	A	B	262	B	B	C
220	A	A	B	263	A	B	C
221	B	B	C	264	C		
222	B			265	B	C	
223	A	A	A	266	A	B	C
224	A	B	B	267	A	B	C
225	A	B	C	268	A	B	B
226	A	B	B	269	A	A	B
227	A	A	B	270	A	B	B
228	A	B	B	271	No Fit		
229	A	A	A	272	B	B	
230	B	B	B	273	D		
231	B			274	D		
232	A	B	B	275	B	B	
233	A	A	B	276	B		
234	No Fit			277	A	B	
235	B	B	C	278	No Fit		
236	B	B	C	279	D		
237	B	B	C	280	D		
238	B	B	C	281	A	B	
239	A	A	B	282	No Fit		
240	A	B	C	283	No Fit		
241	A	B	C	284	B	B	
242	B	B	C	285	C		
243	B		C	286	D		

Cmpd	Enz	Cell	Enz	Cmpd	Enz	Cell	Enz
No	R140Q	R140Q	R172K	No	R140Q	R140Q	R172K
287	B			331	B	A	
288	A	A		332	D	No Fit	
289	A	B		334	B	A	A
290	B	A		335	B	A	A
291	No Fit	No Fit		336	B	A	B
292	No Fit	No Fit		337	B	B	C
293	A	A		340	A	A	A
294	No Fit	No Fit		341	A	A	B
295	A	A		342	B	C	C
296	B	A		343	B	B	
297	A	A		344	B	A	A
298	A	A		345	B	B	B
299	A	B		346	A	B	
300	B	B		347	B		
301	B	A		348	D		
302	A	B		350	B	B	C
303	C	No Fit		351	A	B	
304	C	No Fit		352	A	A	
305	D	No Fit		353	B	A	
306	B	A		354	B	A	
308	A	B		355	B	A	
309	A	A		356	B	A	
310	B	A		358	B	A	B
311	B	B		359	B	B	
312	B	C		360	B	B	
313	A	A		361	B	B	
314	C	No Fit		362	B	B	
315	A	A		363	B	A	
316	B	B		364	C	B	
317	A	A		365	C		
318	A	A		366	B	A	
319	B	A		367	B	A	
320	A	A		368	C	A	
321	A	A		369	A	A	
322	B	A		370	A	A	
323	B	A		371	A	A	
324	B	C		372	A	A	A
325	A	A		374	A	A	A
326	B	A		376	B	A	
327	B	B		377	B	A	
328	A	A		378	B	A	
329	A	A		379	B	A	
330	B	A		380	B	B	

Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K	Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K
381	B	A		459	A	A	A
382	B	A		460	A	A	A
383	B	A		461	A	A	A
384	B	A		462	B	B	B
385	C	B		463	B	A	A
386	B	A	A	464	B	A	A
387	A	A		465	B	A	A
388	C	B		466	B	A	B
389	C	A		467	B	B	B
390	C	B		468	B	A	A
391	B	A		469	A	A	A
392	B	A		470	B	A	B
393	B	A		471	B	A	B
394	A	A		472	A	A	B
395	B	A		473	A	A	A
396	B	A		474	B	A	A
397	B	B		475	A	A	A
398	A	A		476	A	A	B
399	B	A		477	B	A	A
400	B	A		478	B	A	A
401	B	A		479	B	A	B
402	B	A		480	B	A	B
403	B	A		481	B	A	A
404	B	A		482	B	A	A
405	C	B		483	B	B	C
406	B	A		484	B	A	B
407	B	B		485	B	A	B
408	B	A		486		B	B
409	B	A	B	491	B	A	A
410	D	B		492	B	A	A
411	C	A		493		A	A
412	C			495	B	A	A
413	D			496	B	A	A
414	B	B		497	B	A	B
415	D			498	B	B	C
416	A	A	B	499	B	A	A
450	B	A		500	B	A	A
451	B	A		501	B	B	C
452	B	C	D	502	B	B	C
454	B	B	C	503	C	A	A
455	B	A	A	504	B	A	A
456	B	A	B	505	B	A	B
458	B	A	B	508	B	A	B

Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K	Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K
509	B	A	B	559	B	A	A
510	B	A	A	560	B	A	A
511	B	A	B	561	B	A	A
512	B	A	B	562	B	A	A
513	C	A	B	563	B	A	A
514	B	A	A	564	B	A	A
516	B	A	A	565	B	A	A
517	B	A	A	567	B	A	A
518	B	A	A	568	B	A	B
519	B	A	B	569	B	B	B
521	B	A	A	570	B	A	A
522	B	A	B	571	B	A	B
523	B	A	A	572	B	A	B
524	B	A	A	574	B	A	A
526	B	A	A	576	B	A	B
527	B	A	A	577	C	A	B
528	B	A	B	581	B	A	A
529	B	A	A	582	B	A	A
530	B	A	B	583	B	A	A
531	B	A	A	584	B	A	A
532	B	A	A	585	B	A	A
533	B	A	A	587	B	A	A
534	B	A	A	588	B	A	B
535	B	A	B	592	B	A	B
536	C	A	B	593	B	A	A
537	B	A	A	594	B	A	B
538	C	A	B	595	B	A	A
540	B	A	B	596	B	A	A
541	B	A	B	597	B	A	A
542	B	A	A	598	B	A	A
543	B	A	B	599	B	A	A
544	B	A	B	600	B	A	A
545	B	A	B	601	B	A	A
546	B	A	B	602	B	A	A
547	B	A	A	603	B	A	A
548	B	A	B	604	B	A	A
549	B	A	A	605	B	A	B
550	B	A	A	606	B	A	A
551	B	A	A	607	B	A	B
552	B	A	B	608	B	A	A
554	B	A	B	609	B	A	A
555	B	A	C	610	B	A	A
556	B	A	A	611	B	A	B

Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K	Cmpd No	Enz R140Q	Cell R140Q	Enz R172K
612	B	A	A	650	B	B	C
613	B	A	A	651	B	A	B
614	B	A	A	652	B	B	B
615	B	A	B	653	B	A	B
616	B	A	A	654	B	A	D
617	B	A	A	655	B	B	B
618	B	A	A	657	B	A	B
619	B	A	A	658	B	A	A
621	B	B	C	660	B	C	
622	B	B	B	662		B	C
623	B	B	C	663		A	A
624	B	A	B	665		A	A
625	A	A	B	667	B	B	B
626	B	B	C	669	B	A	A
627	A	A	A	670	B	A	B
628	A	A	B	671	B	A	A
629	A	A	A	672	B	A	B
630	A	A	A	673	B	A	A
631	A	A	A	674	B	A	B
632	B	A	B	675	B	A	A
633	B	A	A	676	B	A	A
634	B	A	A	677	B	A	A
635	B	B	B	678	C	A	B
636	A	A	B	679	B	B	D
637	B	A	B	687	B	A	A
638	B	A	B	689	B	A	A
639	B	A	A	690	B	A	A
640	A	A	A	691	B	A	B
641	B	A	A	692	B	A	A
642	B	A	A	693	B	A	A
644	B		C	694	B	A	A
645	B	A	B	695	B	A	A
646	B	A	A	696	B	A	B
647	B	A	B	697	B	B	C
648	B	A	B	698	B	A	A
649	A	B	B	699	B	A	A

In some embodiments, one aspect of the invention provides a compound selected from any one of Compounds Nos 100, 110, 111, 112, 113, 115, 118, 120, 121, 123, 126, 129, 130, 132, 139, 140, 141, 143, 146, 149, 154, 158, 160, 167, 168, 169, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199,

200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 232, 233, 239, 240, 241, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 253, 254, 255, 257, 260, 261, 263, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 277, 281, 288, 289, 290, 293, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 301, 302, 306, 308, 309, 310, 313, 315, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 325, 326, 328, 329, 330, 331, 334, 335, 336, 340, 341, 344, 346, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 358, 363, 366, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 374, 376, 377, 378, 379, 381, 382, 383, 384, 386, 387, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 406, 408, 409, 416, 450, 455, 456, 458, 459, 460, 461, 463, 464, 465, 466, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 484, 485, 491, 492, 493, 495, 496, 497, 499, 500, 504, 505, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 514, 516, 517, 518, 519, 521, 522, 523, 524, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 537, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 554, 555, 556, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 567, 568, 570, 571, 572, 574, 576, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 587, 588, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 624, 625, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 651, 653, 654, 657, 658, 663, 665, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 687, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 698 and 699. In a more specific aspect of this embodiment, the invention provides a compound selected from any one of Compound Nos. 100, 110, 111, 113, 120, 121, 126, 130, 132, 146, 149, 167, 168, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 181, 183, 186, 187, 188, 190, 191, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 202, 205, 210, 212, 213, 219, 220, 223, 227, 229, 233, 239, 246, 247, 253, 255, 260, 261, 269, 288, 290, 293, 295, 297, 298, 301, 306, 309, 310, 313, 315, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 323, 325, 326, 328, 329, 330, 331, 336, 340, 341, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 358, 363, 366, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 374, 376, 377, 378, 379, 381, 382, 383, 384, 387, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 406, 408, 409, 416, 450, 451, 456, 458, 459, 460, 461, 466, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 475, 476, 479, 480, 484, 485, 493, 497, 505, 508, 509, 511, 512, 519, 522, 528, 530, 535, 540, 541, 543, 544, 545, 546, 548, 552, 554, 555, 568, 571, 572, 576, 588, 592, 594, 605, 607, 611, 615, 624, 625, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 636, 637, 638, 640, 645, 647, 648, 651, 653, 654, 657, 663, 665, 670, 672, 674, 691 and 696.

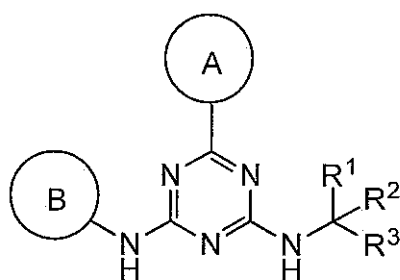
In some embodiments, one aspect of the invention provides a compound selected from any one of Compounds Nos 100, 110, 111, 112, 113, 115, 118, 120, 121, 123, 126, 129, 130,

132, 139, 140, 141, 143, 146, 149, 154, 158, 160, 167, 168, 169, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 232, 233, 239, 240, 241, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 253, 254, 255, 257, 260, 261, 263, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 277, 281, 288, 289, 290, 293, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 301, 302, 306, 308, 309, 310, 313, 315, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 325, 326, 328, 329, 330, 331, 334, 335, 336, 340, 341, 344, 346, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 358, 363, 366, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 374, 376, 377, 378, 379, 381, 382, 383, 384, 386, 387, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 406, 408, 409, and 416. In a more specific aspect of this embodiment, the invention provides a compound selected from any one of Compound Nos. 100, 110, 111, 113, 120, 121, 126, 130, 132, 146, 149, 167, 168, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 181, 183, 186, 187, 188, 190, 191, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 202, 205, 210, 212, 213, 219, 220, 223, 227, 229, 233, 239, 247, 253, 255, 260, 261, 269, 288, 293, 295, 297, 298, 309, 313, 315, 317, 318, 320, 321, 325, 328, 329, 340, 341, 352, 369, 370, 371, 372, 374, 387, 394, 398, and 416.

Having thus described several aspects of several embodiments, it is to be appreciated various alterations, modifications, and improvements will readily occur to those skilled in the art. Such alterations, modifications, and improvements are intended to be part of this disclosure, and are intended to be within the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the foregoing description and drawings are by way of example only.

CLAIMS

1. A compound having formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof:



(I),

wherein:

ring A is an optionally substituted ring selected from phenyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, and thiazolyl, wherein the substituents when present, are independently selected from chloro, fluoro, -CF₃, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), and -N(CH₃)₂; or ring A is an optionally substituted pyridinyl, wherein the substituents when present, are independently selected from chloro, fluoro, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), and -N(CH₃)₂;

ring B is an optionally substituted 5-6 member monocyclic aryl or monocyclic heteroaryl, wherein the substituents when present, are independently selected from halo; -CN; -OH; C₁-C₄ alkyl optionally substituted with halo, CN or -OH; -S(O)₂-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-NH-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂; -S(O)₂-azetidin-1-yl; -O-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -CH₂-O-CH₃, morpholin-4-yl, cyclopropyl, -S(O)₂-NH-cyclopropyl, and -C(O)-O-CH₃;

R¹ and R³ are each independently selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, -O-C₁-C₄ alkyl, and CN, wherein any alkyl portion of R¹ is optionally substituted with -OH, NH₂, NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂;

R² is selected from: -(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₂-C₆ alkenyl or alkynyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-N(R⁶)-(C₀-C₆ alkylene)-Q,

$-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-S(O)_{1-2}-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-S(O)_{1-2}-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{1-2}-N(R^6)(R^6)$, $-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{1-2}-N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-C(O)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-C(O)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-O-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)N(R^6)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)C(O)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{0-2}-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-S(O)_{0-2}-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-N(R^6)-C(O)-N(R^6)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-C(O)-(C_0-C_6 \text{ alkylene})-Q$,

wherein:

any alkyl or alkylene moiety present in R^2 is optionally substituted with one or more $-OH$, $-O(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ or halo;

any terminal methyl moiety present in R^2 is optionally replaced with $-CH_2OH$, CF_3 , $-CH_2F$, $-CH_2Cl$, $C(O)CH_3$, $C(O)CF_3$, CN , or CO_2H ;

each R^6 is independently selected from hydrogen and $C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$; and

Q is selected from aryl, pyrazolyl, carbocyclyl and heterocyclyl, any of which is optionally substituted; or

R^1 and R^3 are optionally taken together with the carbon to which they are attached to form $C(=O)$, or

R^1 and R^2 are optionally taken together to form substituted carbocyclyl, or optionally substituted heterocyclyl,

wherein:

(a) when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl, and ring B is phenyl substituted by methoxy or ethoxy, then said phenyl of ring B is not further substituted by oxazolyl;

(b) when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted pyridinyl and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl, then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NH-C(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not $\text{-NH(CH}_2\text{)-aryl}$;

(c) when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl or pyrrolyl; then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NH-C(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not $\text{-NH(CH}_2\text{)C(O)NH}_2$;

(d) when ring A is phenyl substituted with 2 or more hydroxyl or methoxy, and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl, then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NH-C(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not -NH-cycloheptyl ;

(e) when ring A is optionally substituted phenyl and ring B is optionally substituted phenyl, then R^1 and R^2 do not form 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl;

(f) when ring A and ring B are optionally substituted phenyl, then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NH-C(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not cysteine, optionally substituted phenylalanine or leucine; or methyl ester thereof;

(g) when ring A is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl or CF_3 , or A is pyridin-3-yl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo or methyl, and ring B is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, methyl or CF_3 , methoxy, or CH=C(phenyl)CN , then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is other than $\text{-NH(C}_1\text{-C}_8\text{ alkylene)-N(R}^a\text{)(R}^a\text{)}$, $\text{-NH-1-(aminomethyl)cyclopentylmethyl}$, $\text{-NH-4-(aminomethyl)cyclohexylmethyl}$, wherein each R^a is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl or two R^a 's are taken together with the nitrogen to which they are commonly bound to form morpholin-4-yl or piperidin-1-yl;

(h) when ring A is phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl or 4-methylphenyl and ring B is 4-chlorophenyl or 3,4-dichlorophenyl, then the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is not -NH-isopropyl ;

(i) when ring A is unsubstituted phenyl and the portion of the compound represented by $\text{-NHC(R}^1\text{)(R}^2\text{)(R}^3\text{)}$ is $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N(CH}_3\text{)}_2$, $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-morpholin-4-yl}$ or $\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$,

then ring B is other than oxadiazole, imidazole, thiazole or oxazole, each of which is substituted with $-C(O)NHR^b$, wherein R^b is isopropyl, cyclopropyl or 2-chloro-6-methylphenyl;

(j) when ring A is phenyl substituted with SO_2OH or SO_2Na , and ring B is phenyl, or when ring A is phenyl substituted with SO_2OH and ring B is substituted phenyl, then the portion of the compound represented by $-NHC(R^1)(R^2)(R^3)$ is not $-NH(CH_2)_2OH$ or $-NH(CH_2)CH(OH)CH_3$; and

(k) the compound is other than:

(E)-3-(4-((4-((3-(diethylamino)propyl)amino)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-2-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylacrylonitrile,

4-(((4-((furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)-6-(pyridin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)phenol,

3-(4-((5-aminopentyl)amino)-6-((3-fluorophenyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)phenol,

$N^2,6$ -bis(3-fluorophenyl)- N^4 -(piperidin-3-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

N^2 -butyl-6-phenyl- N^4 -(p-tolyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

N^2 -cyclohexyl- $N^4,6$ -diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

(R)-3-((4-(3-chlorophenyl)-6-(pyrrolidin-3-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino)-4-methylbenzamide,

2-chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)-N-[4-(phenylamino)-6-(2-pyridinyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-benzamide,

N^2 -(2-methoxyethyl)- N^4 -phenyl-6-[5-[6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-3-pyridinyl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

N^2 -(2-furanylmethyl)-6-phenyl- N^4 -[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

6-(3-methoxyphenyl)- N^2 -methyl- N^4 -(3-nitrophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine,

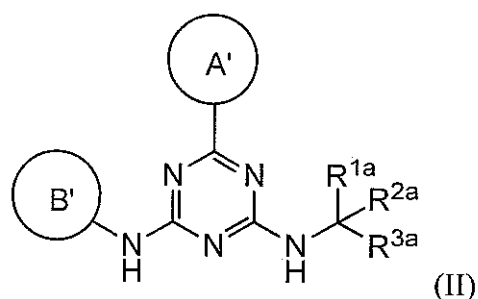
N^2 -butyl- N^4 -(4-methylphenyl)-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, and

4-[4-(5-chloro-2-methylphenyl)-6-(methylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino-benzenemethanol.

2. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^1 is independently selected from hydrogen, $-CH_3$, $-CH_2CH_3$, CH_2OH , CN , or R^1 and R^3 are taken together to form $=O$.
3. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl, either of which is optionally substituted with up to 3 substituents independently selected from halo, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, CN , $=O$, $-OH$, and $-C(O)C_1$ - C_4 alkyl.
4. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^2 is selected from: $-(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl) optionally substituted with fluoro or $-OH$; $-(C_0$ - C_4 alkylene)- O -(C_1 - C_4 alkyl), $-(C_0$ - C_2 alkylene)- $N(R^6)$ -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-(C_0$ - C_2 alkylene)- Q , and $-O$ -(C_0 - C_2 alkylene)- Q , wherein Q is optionally substituted with up to 3 substituents independently selected from C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, $=O$, $-C(O)$ - C_1 - C_4 alkyl, $-CN$, and halo.
5. The compound of claim 4, wherein Q is selected from tetrahydrofuranyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropyl, phenyl, pyrazolyl, morpholinyl and oxetanyl, wherein Q is optionally substituted with up to 2 substituents independently selected from C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, $=O$, fluoro, chloro, and bromo.
6. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, oxetanyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanyl, azetidyl, phenyl, any of which is optionally substituted with up to 2 substituents independently selected from C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, $-OH$, $-C(O)CH_3$, fluoro, and chloro.
7. The compound of claim 1, wherein ring B is selected from phenyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, and pyrazinyl, wherein ring B is optionally substituted with up to two substituents independently selected from halo, C_1 - C_4

alkyl, C₂-C₄ alkynyl, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, C₁-C₄ hydroxyalkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -(C₀-C₂ alkylene)-O-C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O-(C₁-C₄ alkylene)-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -NH-S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(O)₂-NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(O)₂-NH(C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -S(O)₂-(saturated heterocyclyl), -CN, -S(O)₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -OH, C(O)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), saturated heterocyclyl, and -NH₂.

8. A compound having structural formula II:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

wherein:

ring A' is phenyl, wherein ring A' is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, -CF₃, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), and -N(CH₃)₂; or ring A' is pyridin-2-yl, wherein ring A' is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, -CHF₂, -CH₃, -CH₂CH₃, -CF₂CH₃, -OH, -OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -NH₂, -NH(CH₃), and -N(CH₃)₂;

ring B' is selected from pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-4-yl, isoxazoly-4-yl, isoxazol-3-yl, thiazol-5-yl, pyrimidin-5-yl and pyrazol-4-yl, wherein ring B' is optionally substituted with one to two substituents independently selected from halo; -CN; -OH; C₁-C₄ alkyl optionally substituted with halo, CN or -OH; -S(O)₂-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-NH-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -S(O)₂-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂; -S(O)₂-azetidin-1-yl; -O-C₁-C₄ alkyl; -CH₂-O-CH₃, morpholin-4-yl, cyclopropyl, -S(O)₂-NH-cyclopropyl; -C(O)-O-CH₃; and

$C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a})$ is selected from C_1 - C_6 alkyl optionally substituted with halo or OH; $(C_0$ - C_1 alkylene)-cycloalkyl, wherein the alkylene is optionally substituted with methyl, and the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with halo, -OCH₃ or methyl; and saturated heterocyclcyl is optionally substituted with halo or methyl; C(O)-O- C_1 - C_6 alkyl; -C(O)-(C_0 - C_1 alkylene)-cyclopropyl; and C(O)-benzyl.

9. The compound of claim 8, wherein ring A' is selected from 2-chlorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl, 6-aminopyridin-2-yl, 6-chloropyridin-2-yl, and phenyl.

10. The compound of claim 8, wherein ring B' is selected from 2-(morpholin-4-yl)pyridin-4-yl, 2-dimethylaminopyridin-4-yl, 3-(2-methoxyethyl)phenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3-cyanomethylphenyl, 3-cyanophenyl, 3-cyclopropylaminosulfonylphenyl, 3-dimethylaminosulfonylphenyl, 3-ethylsulfonylphenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-methylsulfonylphenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 5-chloropyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-4-yl, 5-fluoropyridin-3-yl, 5-trifluoromethylpyridin-3-yl, 6-chloropyridin-4-yl, 6-cyanopyridin-4-yl, 6-cyclopropylpyridin-4-yl, 6-ethoxypyridin-4-yl, 6-fluoropyridin-3-yl, 6-fluoropyridin-4-yl, 6-methylpyridin-4-yl, 6-trifluoromethylpyridin-4-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, phenyl, pyridine-4-yl, and thiazol-5-yl.

11. The compound of claim 8, wherein the moiety represented by $C(R^{1a})(R^{2a})(R^{3a})$ is selected from 2-hydroxycyclopentyl, 2-methylcyclopropyl, 3,3-difluorocyclobutyl, $-(CH_2)_3CH_3$, $-CH(CH_3)-C(CH_3)_3$, $-CH(CH_3)-CH_2OCH_3$, $-C(O)-(CH_3)_3$, $-C(O)-CH(CH_3)_2$, $-C(O)$ -cyclopropyl, $-C(O)-OC(CH_3)_3$, $-C(O)-OCH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $-C(O)-OCH_2CH_3$, $-CH(CH_3)-CH(CH_3)_2$, $-CH(CH_3)-CH_2CH_3$, $-CH_2C(CH_3)_2-CH_2OH$, $-CH_2C(CH_3)_3$, $-CH_2CF_3$, $-CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $-CH_2CH(CH_3)-CH_2CH_3$, $-CH_2CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $-CH_2$ -cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, oxetan-3-yl, bicycle[2.2.1]heptanyl, tetrahydropyran-4-yl, and tetrahydropyran-3-yl.

12. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 1, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

13. The composition of claim 12, further comprising a second therapeutic agent useful in the treatment of cancer.

14. Use of a compound of any one of claims 1 to 11 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating glioblastoma, glioma, myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), sarcoma, melanoma, non-small cell lung cancer, chondrosarcoma, cholangiocarcinoma or angioimmunoblastic non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), each characterized by the presence of an IDH2 mutation, wherein the IDH2 mutation results in a new ability of the enzyme to catalyze the NAPH-dependent reduction of α -ketoglutarate to *R*(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate.

15. The use of claim 14, wherein the IDH2 mutation is an IDH2 R140Q or R172K mutation.

16. The use of claim 15, wherein the IDH2 mutation is an IDH2 R140Q mutation.

17. The use of claim 14, wherein the medicament further comprises a second therapeutic agent useful in the treatment of cancer.