

ABSTRACT

The present invention provides a method for producing a magnetic disk, which is capable of forming a magnetic recording layer at high temperature. The present invention relates to a method for producing a magnetic disk, the method including a step of forming a magnetic recording layer on a glass substrate having a temperature of 550°C or higher, in which the glass substrate contains, in terms of mol%, from 60 to 75% of SiO₂; from 7 to 17% of Al₂O₃; 0% or more and less than 2% of B₂O₃; more than 18% and 26% or less in total of any one or more components of MgO, CaO, SrO and BaO, provided that a total content of the seven components is 95% or more, and further contains less than 1% in total of any one or more components of Li₂O, Na₂O and K₂O or does not contain these three components.