

DESCRIPTION

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR WRAPPING A SHIPMENT

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Cross-Reference to Related Application

The present application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/950,970, filed July 20, 2007, which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety, including any figures, tables, or drawings.

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Background of Invention

Generally, a unit load device (ULD) is used to carry products by air. ULDs include both aircraft pallets and aircraft containers. During ramp transfers, before or after a flight, products transported in and/or on these ULDs can be exposed for several hours to the outside environment without any added protection. In the case of temperature-sensitive cargo, such as horticultural products, pharmaceutical products, fresh meat and fish, frozen goods and electronics, this period can be detrimental.

Plastic films sometimes used with aircraft pallets do not allow sufficient gas exchange between the load and the outside environment. The horticultural products protected by these plastic films may undergo anaerobic respiration because of the lack of oxygen. Anaerobic respiration results in the development of off-flavors and off-odors (fermentation) and often has non-reversible consequences on the quality attributes of the products.

In addition, to oxygen and carbon dioxide, ethylene is another gas that can have significant effects on the quality of horticultural products. Ethylene is a product of all organic combustion (including engines emissions) but is also a natural hormone endogenously produced by several horticultural products. Ethylene has different effects on horticultural products; some are beneficial and other detrimental (particularly for flowers). For example, ethylene will accelerate and uniformize the ripening process and contribute to the development of aromatic components. However, ethylene also causes the yellowing of green tissues, shortens the shelf life and induces bitter taste. In the case of flowers, ethylene causes leaf fading, wilting and abscission, enrolling of the petals and also failure or earlier closing of the flower buds.

A proper level of relative humidity is often important in order to avoid condensation on the packaging system of the products and/or the products themselves. Condensation often

needs to be avoided for several reasons. For packaging systems made of cardboard or other paper based materials (non-waxed) or any hydrophilic materials, condensation may results in an important decrease of their nominal strength and can therefore cause the collapse of the packaging system and mechanical damage to the products. Condensation (or any free water) is also favorable to the growth of decay organisms on horticultural products. In favorable conditions, only a few hours are necessary for mold to develop. Mechanical damage to horticultural products and the presence of free water have a synergic effect on the growth of decay organisms.

Also, high relative humidity levels in the cargo hold of an aircraft are known to affect the reliability of the aircraft smoke detection system and to cause false fire alarms. Consequences of a spurious alarm can be very serious and place passengers and crew members in hazardous situations. False fire alarms result in delays, emergency landings and evacuations causing injuries to number of passengers. In some situations, the pilot may also have to choose between going on with fire alarm on or trying a sea landing. With time, a high number of false fire alarms may result in a lost of confidence of the pilots in the fire detection system and then lead to a real fire warning being ignored. Furthermore, the costs associated with aircraft evacuation emergency procedures, such as triggering of emergency doors and chutes, injuries to passengers, emergency landing fees, and delays are extremely high.

Brief Summary

Embodiments of the invention relate to a cover, a method of covering, and a cover system to be used with shipments of products transported by air with unit load devices (ULDs). The dimensions of the cover system can vary depending on the ULD they are designed to be used with. Size variations of the cover system can also be adapted to any individual skid, such as wooden or plastic pallets used for smaller loads, transported by air or any other mode of transportation. The cover system can include one or multiple parts that wrap the shipment. Each part of the cover system can be made of one or more layers. Each layer can be made of a single material or a combination of different materials, and different layers can incorporate different materials. The different parts of the cover can be made of different materials or different combination of materials. In specific embodiments, materials used for the cover system are Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) friendly. Embodiments

of the cover system can provide thermal protection to temperature-sensitive products in or on the ULD.

Embodiments of the cover system can allow the respiration of horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates between the inside and the outside environments.

5 The gas exchange can be accomplished with different techniques. The technique and the characteristics of the technique used to accomplish the gas exchange can vary depending on the size of the ULD or load, the type of products, and the packaging system of the products itself. In specific embodiments, the gas exchange technique used for the cover system can also allow the transport of water vapor in order to keep a proper relative humidity level
10 around the products. Even though the cover system allows the transport of water vapor while maintaining a proper level of relative humidity around the products, embodiments can still present a resistance to the transport of water vapor. This characteristic of the cover system is particularly important once the ULDs are loaded in the aircraft since it restricts the amount of water vapor released in the cargo hold. High relative humidity levels in the cargo hold of an
15 aircraft are known to affect the reliability of the aircraft smoke detection system and to cause false fire alarms.

Embodiments of the cover system can include one or more parts that incorporate a material having the capacity to absorb or eliminate certain gases, such as ethylene. In addition, antimicrobial agents imbedded in the material or added as a coating on parts or the
20 entirety of the cover system can be used to decrease or stop the growth of microorganisms or to kill microorganisms such as bacteria or mold. These microorganisms include those susceptible to negatively affect the quality of horticultural products as well as those susceptible to cause a threat to human consumption.

25 Brief Description of Drawings

Figure 1 shows an embodiment of a two-part cover system used for an aircraft pallet where the bottom part 2 has been installed under the products 3 and the top part 1, which allows gas and water vapor exchange with the surroundings, is being installed over the products 3.

30 **Figure 2** shows how the top part of the cover system of Figure 1 used with an aircraft pallet 4 overlaps the bottom part to avoid the infiltration of any types of precipitation.

Figure 3 shows the installation of an embodiment of a one-part cover system.

Figure 4 shows the final installation of the cover system of **Figure 3** with the top portion overlapping the bottom portion of the cover system and tape 5 (wider lines) covering different junctions.

Figure 5 shows a variation of the two-part cover system of **Figure 1**.

5 **Figure 6** shows how the top part of the two-part cover system of **Figure 5** unfolds.

Figure 7 shows how the top part of the cover system of **Figure 5** overlaps the bottom part to avoid the infiltration of any types of precipitation.

10 **Figure 8** shows the final installation of the cover system of **Figure 5** with the top portion overlapping the bottom portion of the cover system and tape 6 covering the junctions of the top portion of the cover system and the junction of the top and bottom portions.

Figure 9 shows the final installation of an embodiment of a cover system with flaps and openings 7 to allow gas and water vapor exchange with the surroundings.

Figure 10 shows the installation of an embodiment of a one-part cover system over a lower deck aircraft container 8.

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Detailed Disclosure

Embodiments of the invention relate to a cover, a method of covering, and a cover system to be used with shipments of products transported by air with unit load devices (ULDs). The dimensions of the cover system can vary depending on the ULD they are
20 designed to be used with. Size variations of the cover system can also be adapted to any individual skid, such as wooden or plastic pallets used for smaller loads, transported by air or any other mode of transportation. The cover system can include one or multiple parts that wrap the shipment.

25 Figures 1 and 5 show embodiments having multiple parts. Each part of the cover system can be made of one or more layers. Each layer can be made of a single material or a combination of different materials, and different layers can incorporate different materials. The different parts of the cover can be made of different materials or different combination of materials. Material such as TYVEK (trademarked, DUPONT) and perforated and/or non-perforated polyethylene film can be used. One or more of the junctions of the cover system
30 can be linked together using, for example, an adhesive material or a fastening system. In an embodiment, all junctions are linked together.

With respect to specific embodiments, the top part of the cover system overlaps the bottom part of the cover system at horizontal junctions, to avoid any potential water

infiltration due to, for example, any type of precipitation. Figures 2 and 4 show examples of embodiments where the top part overlaps the bottom part and/or the top portion of a part overlaps the bottom portion of the part when installed. In specific embodiments, materials used for the cover system are RFID friendly. Embodiments can utilize materials that allow the use within, and/or under the cover system of RFID technologies such as but not limited to passive, semi-passive, active and semi-active tags. These tags can be used to store information, such as electronic airway bill, to track products, as well as to monitor different parameters, such as temperature, relative humidity, and pressure. RFID tags may also be directly imbedded in the cover.

Embodiments of the cover system provide thermal protection to temperature-sensitive products, such as horticultural products, pharmaceutical products, fresh meat and fish, frozen goods, and electronics. The thermal protection arises from the cover's effect on conductive, convective, and radiative heat transfer.

Specific embodiments of the cover system can allow the respiration of horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates for gases such as oxygen and carbon dioxide between the inside (under the cover) and the outside environments. In a specific embodiment, the volumetric concentration of oxygen underneath the cover system needs to be greater than or equal to 1%, and the volumetric concentration of carbon dioxide needs to be less than or equal to 15%. The gas exchange rate for oxygen and carbon dioxide, as well as for other gases, can be accomplished with different techniques. A gas permeable material or specially perforated material can be used for the cover or for specific sections of the cover. Openings in the cover material having various shapes, sizes, number, and distribution can also be used to achieve the proper gas exchange. In a specific embodiment, the distribution of openings and the characteristics of the openings are selected to allow the intake of oxygen for the whole load while not compromising the thermal protection. The technique and the characteristics of the technique, for example, the exchange area, distribution over the cover, and other factors used to accomplish the gas exchange, depend on the size of the ULD, the type of products, its temperature, and the packaging system of the products itself. In specific embodiments, the cover systems shown in Figures 1, 3, 5, 9 and 10 can incorporate openings in at least a portion of the cover to enhance gas exchange.

In a specific embodiment, to allow sufficient gas exchange and avoid anaerobic respiration of certain products, the cover system having homogeneous properties is designed to have permeances for oxygen and carbon dioxide of at least $15.6 \times 10^3 \text{ L}_{\text{O}_2}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$ and

23.4 x 10³ L_{CO2}/(m² atm d) respectively. These permeances were calculated to provide a modified atmosphere to horticultural products that prevents anaerobic respiration while contributing to maintaining their quality and extend their shelf life. These permeances were calculated for a cover system with homogeneous properties. Additional embodiments of the subject cover system may include different parts that may be made of different materials, the cover system's permeance to different gases is likely not to be uniform. In a specific embodiment, the total permeance of the cover system in L/(atm d), which is obtained by summing the products of the permeance of each part of the cover system and its corresponding surface area, is at least 15.6 x 10³ L_{O2}/(m² atm d) for oxygen and 23.4 x 10³ L_{CO2}/(m² atm d) for carbon dioxide, taking into account the entire exposed surface area of the cover system. The following describes an example for oxygen exchange:

Cover system for a lower deck PMC aircraft pallet: Width: 2.44 m, Length: 3.18 m and Height 1.57 m.

The total exposed surface area of the load is the entire surface area of the load exposed to the environment and therefore does not include the bottom which is in direct contact with the aircraft pallet. The total exposed surface area of the load can be calculated as:

$$A_{\text{LOAD}} = 2 \cdot (2.44 \times 1.57) + 2 \cdot (1.57 \times 3.18) + (2.44 \times 3.18) = 25.4 \text{ m}^2$$

In order to fit the load, the total surface area of the cover system slightly exceeds the total exposed surface area of the load. In this case the total exposed surface area of the cover system is taken as 26.5 m².

The permeance of the cover system is 9.2 x 10³ L_{O2}/(m² atm d) except for the two 1 m² diffusion windows having a permeance to oxygen of 97.5 x 10³ L_{O2}/(m² atm d). To verify whether the permeance to oxygen of this cover system respects the criterion of a minimum of 15.6 x 10³ L_{O2}/(m² atm d), the concept of total permeance can be used since the properties of the cover are not homogeneous. Therefore, in order for the cover system to have a total permeance to oxygen equal or exceeding the total permeance of a cover system having the same exposed surface area with homogeneous minimum permeance of 15.6 x 10³ L_{O2}/(m² atm d), which can be calculated as:

$$p_{T \text{ MIN}} = p_{\text{MIN}} \times A_{\text{COVER}} = 15.6 \times 10^3 \frac{L_{O_2}}{m^2 \cdot atm \cdot d} \times 26.5 m^2 = 413.4 \times 10^3 \frac{L_{O_2}}{atm \cdot d}$$

Taking into account the diffusion windows, the total permeance of the actual cover system can be calculated by summing the products of the permeance of each part of the cover system and its corresponding surface area:

$$p_T = p_{\text{COVER}} \times (A_{\text{COVER}} - 2 \cdot A_{\text{WINDOW}}) + 2 \cdot (p_{\text{WINDOW}} \times A_{\text{WINDOW}})$$

$$p_T = 9.2 \times 10^3 \frac{L_{O_2}}{m^2 \cdot atm \cdot d} \times (26.5 m^2 - 2 \times 1 m^2) + 2 \cdot \left(97.5 \times 10^3 \frac{L_{O_2}}{m^2 \cdot atm \cdot d} \times 1 m^2 \right)$$

$$p_T = 420.4 \times 10^3 \frac{L_{O_2}}{atm \cdot d}$$

Since p_T exceeds $p_{T \text{ MIN}}$ the cover satisfies the criterion of the minimal permeance to oxygen. Similar calculations can be repeated in the case of the carbon dioxide. For certain commodities, oxygen and carbon dioxide permeances smaller than the minimum permeances recommended earlier ($15.6 \times 10^3 L_{O_2}/(m^2 atm d)$ and $23.4 \times 10^3 L_{CO_2}/(m^2 atm d)$ respectively) may be preferred.

In specific embodiments, the gas exchange technique used for the cover system can also allow the transport of water vapor, in order to keep a proper relative humidity level around the products (under the cover system). Incorporation of openings in the at least a portion of the covers for cover systems shown in Figures 1, 3, 5, 9 and 10 can allow for the transport of water vapor in accordance with specific embodiments of the invention.

Embodiments of the cover system can allow the transport of water vapor, while maintaining a proper level of relative humidity around the products, and still can provide a resistance to the transport of water vapor. Embodiments of the cover system can reduce the amount of water that may be released in the surroundings when compared with an uncovered load of horticultural products or other moisture releasing loads. Once the ULDs are loaded in the aircraft, the resistance to the transport of water vapor can restrict the amount of water vapor released in the cargo hold.

Embodiments of the cover system with homogeneous properties can allow a proper humidity level underneath the cover while limiting the amount of water vapor released in the cargo compartment by having a permeance of the cover system to water vapor between 1 x

$10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$ and $50 \times 10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$. As with oxygen and carbon dioxide permeances discussed above, comparison using the total permeance, in this case in $\text{g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{atm d})$, can be made for cover systems made of parts have different water vapor permeances. The range of water vapor permeances can be calculated to take into account the different characteristics of the cargo compartments including their size, ventilation/temperature control systems (including non-ventilated cargo compartments), and the types of smoke detection systems.

Embodiments of the cover system can include one or more parts that incorporate a material having the capacity to absorb or eliminate certain gases, such as ethylene, from the surrounding environment (aircraft, ramp vehicles, etc.) as well as from the horticultural products themselves. Embodiments of the cover system can be designed to absorb or eliminate ethylene coming from both exogenous and endogenous sources and can have the capability to reduce the ethylene concentration to harmless levels ($<0.01 \text{ ppm}$) around and within loads of horticultural products.

Antimicrobial agents can also be imbedded in the cover material or added as a coating on parts or the entirety of the cover system. These antimicrobial agents decrease or stop the growth of microorganisms or kill microorganisms such as bacteria or mold. These microorganisms include those susceptible to negatively affect the quality of horticultural products as well as those susceptible to cause a threat to human consumption.

The cover in accordance with various embodiments of the invention can protect the load from one or more of the following: precipitation, condensation, dust, wind, insects, and small animals.

All patents, patent applications, provisional applications, and publications referred to or cited herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety, including all figures and tables, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the explicit teachings of this specification.

It should be understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application.

CLAIMS

The invention claimed is:

1. A cover system, comprising:

a cover adapted for covering an entire load on a unit load device or on a skid transported by air such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment,

a means for securing the cover in a covered position around the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment, wherein the cover provides thermal protection to the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from conductive and convective heat transfer,

wherein the cover has a permeance for oxygen of at least $15.6 \times 10^3 \text{ L}_{\text{O}_2}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein the cover has a permeance for carbon dioxide of at least $23.4 \times 10^3 \text{ L}_{\text{CO}_2}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein the cover allows water vapor exchange between the load and the surrounding environment.

2. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover is adapted for covering various size loads on the unit load device or on the skid.

3. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover comprises an outside surface with physical properties affecting radiative heat transfer with the surrounding environment in such a way that the cover helps to maintain the temperature of the load.

4. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover comprises a single layer.

5. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover comprises multiple layers.

6. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover comprises multiple parts.

7. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover allows the respiration of horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the load and the surrounding environment.

8. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein when the load is horticultural products the exchange of gases between the load and the surrounding environment acts to allow the respiration of the horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the horticultural products and the surrounding environment.

9. A cover system, comprising:

a cover adapted for covering an entire load on a unit load device or on a skid transported by air such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment,

a means for securing the cover in a covered position around the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment, wherein the cover provides thermal protection to the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from conductive and convective heat transfer,

wherein the cover has a permeance for oxygen of at least $15.6 \times 10^3 L_{O_2}/(m^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein the cover has a permeance for carbon dioxide of at least $23.4 \times 10^3 L_{CO_2}/(m^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein for a covered load loaded in an aircraft cargo hold, the cover allows the exchange of water vapor between the load and the aircraft cargo hold environment so as to avoid a release of water vapor in the aircraft cargo hold sufficient to trigger an aircraft cargo hold compartment smoke detection system.

10. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover comprises a material that absorbs or eliminates ethylene.

11. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover comprises a material imbedded or coated with antimicrobial agents that will decrease and/or stop the growth of microorganisms and/or kill microorganisms.

12. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover protects the covered shipment from one or more of the following: precipitation, condensation, dust, wind, insects, and small animals.

13. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover is made entirely or partially from a material or a combination of materials that is RFID friendly.

14. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover allows the use on and/or under the cover of RFID tags such as but not limited to passive, semi-passive, active, semi-active.

15. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover is perforated.

16. The cover system according to claim 10, wherein a concentration of ethylene around the load is $<0.01 \text{ ppm}$.

17. A cover system, comprising:

a cover adapted for covering an entire load on a unit load device or on a skid transported by air such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment,

a means for securing the cover in a covered position around the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment, wherein the cover provides thermal protection to the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from conductive and convective heat transfer,

wherein the cover has a permeance for oxygen of at least $15.6 \times 10^3 \text{ L}_{\text{O}_2}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein the cover has a permeance for carbon dioxide of at least $23.4 \times 10^3 \text{ L}_{\text{CO}_2}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein the cover has a permeance for water vapor between $1 \times 10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$ and $50 \times 10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$.

18. A cover system, comprising:

a cover adapted for covering an entire load on a unit load device or on a skid transported by air such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment,

a means for securing the cover in a covered position around the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment, wherein the cover provides thermal protection to the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from conductive and convective heat transfer,

wherein the cover has a permeance for oxygen of at least $15.6 \times 10^3 \text{ L}_{\text{O}_2}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein the cover has a permeance for water vapor between $1 \times 10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$ and $50 \times 10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$.

19. A cover system, comprising:

a cover adapted for covering an entire load on a unit load device or on a skid transported by air such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment,

a means for securing the cover in a covered position around the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid such that the cover separates the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from the surrounding environment, wherein the cover provides thermal protection to the entire load on the unit load device or on the skid from conductive and convective heat transfer,

wherein the cover has a permeance for carbon dioxide of at least $23.4 \times 10^3 \text{ L}_{\text{CO}_2}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$,

wherein the cover has a permeance for water vapor between $1 \times 10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$ and $50 \times 10^3 \text{ g}_{\text{water}}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ atm d})$.

20. The cover system according to claim 1, wherein the cover comprises flash spun high-density polyethylene.

21. The cover system according to claim 6, wherein a first of the multiple parts has a first permeance for oxygen and a first permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein a second of the multiple parts has a second permeance for oxygen and a second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the first permeance for oxygen is different than the second permeance for oxygen and the first permeance for carbon dioxide is different than the second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the permeance for oxygen is determined by the first permeance for oxygen, the second permeance for oxygen, and permeances for oxygen of any other of the multiple parts, wherein the permeance for carbon dioxide is determined by the first permeance for carbon dioxide, the second permeance for carbon dioxide, and permeances for carbon dioxide of any other of the multiple parts.

22. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover is adapted for covering various size loads on the unit load device or on the skid.

23. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover comprises an outside surface with physical properties affecting radiative heat transfer with the surrounding environment in such a way that the cover helps to maintain the temperature of the load.

24. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover comprises a single layer.

25. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover comprises multiple layers.

26. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover comprises multiple parts.

27. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover allows the respiration of horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the load and the surrounding environment.

28. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein when the load is horticultural products the exchange of gases between the load and the surrounding environment acts to allow the respiration of the horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the horticultural products and the surrounding environment.

29. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover comprises a material that absorbs or eliminates ethylene.

30. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover comprises a material imbedded or coated with antimicrobial agents that will decrease and/or stop the growth of microorganisms and/or kill microorganisms.
31. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover protects the covered shipment from one or more of the following: precipitation, condensation, dust, wind, insects, and small animals.
32. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover is made entirely or partially from a material or a combination of materials that is RFID friendly.
33. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover allows the use on and/or under the cover of RFID tags such as but not limited to passive, semi-passive, active, semi-active.
34. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover is perforated.
35. The cover system according to claim 29, wherein a concentration of ethylene around the load is <0.01 ppm.
36. The cover system according to claim 17, wherein the cover comprises flash spun high-density polyethylene.
37. The cover system according to claim 26, wherein a first of the multiple parts has a first permeance for oxygen and a first permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein a second of the multiple parts has a second permeance for oxygen and a second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the first permeance for oxygen is different than the second permeance for oxygen and the first permeance for carbon dioxide is different than the second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the permeance for oxygen is determined by the first permeance for oxygen, the second permeance for oxygen, and permeances for oxygen of any other of the multiple parts, wherein the permeance for carbon dioxide is determined by the first permeance for carbon dioxide, the second permeance for carbon dioxide, and permeances for carbon dioxide of any other of the multiple parts.
38. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover is adapted for covering various size loads on the unit load device or on the skid.
39. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover comprises an outside surface with physical properties affecting radiative heat transfer with the surrounding environment in such a way that the cover helps to maintain the temperature of the load.
40. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover comprises a single layer.
41. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover comprises multiple layers.

42. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover comprises multiple parts.
43. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover allows the respiration of horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the load and the surrounding environment.
44. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein when the load is horticultural products the exchange of gases between the load and the surrounding environment acts to allow the respiration of the horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the horticultural products and the surrounding environment.
45. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover comprises a material that absorbs or eliminates ethylene.
46. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover comprises a material imbedded or coated with antimicrobial agents that will decrease and/or stop the growth of microorganisms and/or kill microorganisms.
47. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover protects the covered shipment from one or more of the following: precipitation, condensation, dust, wind, insects, and small animals.
48. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover is made entirely or partially from a material or a combination of materials that is RFID friendly.
49. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover allows the use on and/or under the cover of RFID tags such as but not limited to passive, semi-passive, active, semi-active.
50. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover is perforated.
51. The cover system according to claim 45, wherein a concentration of ethylene around the load is <0.01 ppm.
52. The cover system according to claim 18, wherein the cover comprises flash spun high-density polyethylene.
53. The cover system according to claim 42, wherein a first of the multiple parts has a first permeance for oxygen and a first permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein a second of the multiple parts has a second permeance for oxygen and a second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the first permeance for oxygen is different than the second permeance for oxygen and the first permeance for carbon dioxide is different than the second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the permeance for oxygen is determined by the first permeance for oxygen, the second permeance for oxygen, and permeances for oxygen of any other of the multiple parts,

wherein the permeance for carbon dioxide is determined by the first permeance for carbon dioxide, the second permeance for carbon dioxide, and permeances for carbon dioxide of any other of the multiple parts.

54. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover is adapted for covering various size loads on the unit load device or on the skid.

55. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover comprises an outside surface with physical properties affecting radiative heat transfer with the surrounding environment in such a way that the cover helps to maintain the temperature of the load.

56. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover comprises a single layer.

57. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover comprises multiple layers.

58. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover comprises multiple parts.

59. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover allows the respiration of horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the load and the surrounding environment.

60. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein when the load is horticultural products the exchange of gases between the load and the surrounding environment acts to allow the respiration of the horticultural products by providing adequate gas exchange rates of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the horticultural products and the surrounding environment.

61. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover comprises a material that absorbs or eliminates ethylene.

62. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover comprises a material imbedded or coated with antimicrobial agents that will decrease and/or stop the growth of microorganisms and/or kill microorganisms.

63. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover protects the covered shipment from one or more of the following: precipitation, condensation, dust, wind, insects, and small animals.

64. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover is made entirely or partially from a material or a combination of materials that is RFID friendly.

65. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover allows the use on and/or under the cover of RFID tags such as but not limited to passive, semi-passive, active, semi-active.

66. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover is perforated.

67. The cover system according to claim 61, wherein a concentration of ethylene around the load is <0.01 ppm.

68. The cover system according to claim 19, wherein the cover comprises flash spun high-density polyethylene.

69. The cover system according to claim 58, wherein a first of the multiple parts has a first permeance for oxygen and a first permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein a second of the multiple parts has a second permeance for oxygen and a second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the first permeance for oxygen is different than the second permeance for oxygen and the first permeance for carbon dioxide is different than the second permeance for carbon dioxide, wherein the permeance for oxygen is determined by the first permeance for oxygen, the second permeance for oxygen, and permeances for oxygen of any other of the multiple parts, wherein the permeance for carbon dioxide is determined by the first permeance for carbon dioxide, the second permeance for carbon dioxide, and permeances for carbon dioxide of any other of the multiple parts.