Title of the Invention

Floor-standing Natural Torsion Field Energy Therapeutic Device with Infrared

Field of Technology

[0001] The invention relates to the field of medical devices, especially a floor-standing natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared.

Background Technology

[0002] Biofield therapeutic devices manipulate biofield interactions. In the market, almost all of the biofield therapeutic devices are organized according to mode of operation and these modalities include electromagnetic field light, electromagnetic field heat, electromagnetic field nonthermal, static magnetic field, electric current, voltage, or potential, vibration and sound, physical and mechanical, and other three of the more well-known modalities: torsion fields, orgone energy, and scalar waves.

[0003] The present invention of a floor-standing natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared relates to a medical device especially to a natural torsion field energy physical therapy device, including superimposed natural torsion field energy (Yijing/Changes 64-pillar/column array and Hetu Luoshu divination) generators with infrared playing an auxiliary role, which can be used without incoming electrical energy. The device includes head, arm and base, which can bring better curative effects and is small harm to the human, safe and reliable.

Natural torsion field energy is a kind of energy which can be used in energy medicine. It emits ordered natural torsion field energy, and its wavelength and frequency are easily absorbed by the human body. That is, it creates quantum coherence with the biophoton fields in the human body which has stable phases. In this way, it creates interference patterns, otherwise known as hologram. These patterns are three dimensional or higher. They carry instructions which are read by the DNA, enabling it to create and maintain the complex spatial structure of the body. The natural torsion field energy creates holographic patterns, too. These are responsible for harmonizing the subtle energy structures of the body, the Chakras, certain aspects of the acupuncture system, the subtle energy flow within the body, and layers of the aura. The importance of the right-handed handedness of the natural torsion field energy is that when molecules become stimulated by the natural torsion field energy, it is connected to the twist in acupuncture points. Such a twisting of tissue can act as a valve, allowing one polarity of torsion energy (subtle energy, or Qi/Chi) to pass through while stopping the other polarity, regulating the flow of Qi/Chi to strengthen vital Qi/Chi and eliminate pathogen.

[0004] The device is placed in contraposition to the sites of pain or pathologic changes when used, and the distance between body surface and the device is 0-50 cm, preferably 10-30 cm. One set of the floor-standing natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared can be used with the head facing to body. Alternatively, two sets of the

devices can also be used in pairs oppositely, between which the human body is in the middle, and thus can achieve better effects. The floor-standing natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with Infrared emits superimposed resonant amplified orderly torsion energy that can act on the body through clothing. The invention provides subtle energy with infrared, which can effectively treat diseases for human, especially can effectively ameliorate pain, such as cancerous pain, arthritis pain, injury pain, organ pain, arthritis, including nerve root-type cervical spondylosis, prolapse of lumber intervertebral disc, goneitis, closed tissue injuries, hepatitis, hepatocirrhosis, gynecological chronic diseases, diabetic foot and bedsore. It also can improve the brain waves of human being. The device can be used for post stroke rehabilitation, palliative care and rehabilitation of coronavirus infection sequelae.

Invention content

[0005] In order to achieve the purpose of the present invention, the present invention provides a natural torsion field energy device with infrared, including the head, the arm and the base. The arm is attached between the head and the base. The head is used to generate natural torsion field energy and emit infrared light. The head consisting of front and rear covers, anti-scald mesh in the front cover, there are three sets of 64 torsion filed energy columns generators arranged in a square/round array, which are arranged in a fixed front-to-back arrangement in the head of the device, two 64-pillar/column array generators facing forward and one 64-pillar/column array generator backwards, two parallel infrared light tubes mounted in front of the natural torsion field energy 64-pillar/column array generators and a temperature sensor mounted on the rear side corner of the infrared lamp holder. The natural torsion field energy generator consists of a base block and 64 natural torsion field energy columns (also known as Yijing columns) arranged in a square/round array (i.e., 8x8 array) on the base block, where the sum of the heights of the energy columns at the ends of one diagonal is equal to the sum of the heights of the energy columns at the ends of the other diagonal in a rectangle formed by any four natural torsion field energy columns. In this example, the specific heights of the 64 natural torsion field energy columns are shown in the following table.

16	11	10	15	14	9	12	17
11	6	5	10	9	4	7	12
10	5	4	9	8	3	6	11
15	10	9	14	13	8	11	16
13	9	8	13	12	7	10	15
9	4	3	8	7	2	5	9
12	7	6	11	10	5	8	13

17	12	11	16	15	10	13	18

The cross-sectional shape of the natural torsion field energy column is circular, and the natural torsion field energy column is provided with spiral-shaped grooves in order to increase the natural torsion field energy aggregation of the natural torsion field energy column. The arm includes a pivot device, a first spreading arm assembly, an articulation device and a second spreading arm assembly, fixed connection of the pivot unit to the device base. The first spreading arm assembly includes a first air spring. The first end of the first air spring is hanged to the pivot device. The second end of the first air spring is hanged to the first end of the articulation device. The second spreading arm assembly includes a second air spring. The first end of the second air spring is articulated with the second end of the articulating device. The second end of the second air spring is hinged to the head.

[0006] From the above scheme, it can be seen that by setting the pivot device on the arm, the first air spring, articulating device and the second air spring. The stability of the air spring provides good stability for the position adjustment of the arm, which makes the adjustment of the arm more convenient and stable, and provides good stability for the irradiation treatment of the head.

[0007] A further embodiment is that the first spreading arm assembly comprises a first upper cover and a first lower cover, the first upper cover and the first lower cover being outside the first air spring: the pivot means having a first hinge point, a second hinge point and a third hinge point, the first hinge point being set between the second and third hinge points, the first end of the first air spring being hinged to the first hinge point, the first end of the first upper cover being hinged to the second hinge point, and the first end the first lower cover being hinged to the third hinge point; the first end of the hinge device being set with a fourth hinge, a fifth hinge point and a sixth hinge point. The fourth hinge point is set between the fifth hinge point and the sixth hinge point. The second end of the first air spring is articulated with the fourth hinge point, and the second end of the first upper cover is hinged to the fifth hinge point, and the second end of the first lower cover is hinged to the sixth hinge point.

[0008] Further, the pivot device comprises a first limit section, a second limit section and a first let-off section, the first let-off section is provided between the first limit section and the second limit section, the first upper cover is adjacent to the limit section, and the first lower cover is adjacent to the second limit section.

[0009] Further, the second spreading arm assembly comprises a second upper cover and a second lower cover, the second upper cover and the second lower cover being closed outside the second air spring. The second end of the articulating device is provided with a seventh hinge point, an eighth hinge point and a ninth hinge point. The seventh hinge point is set between the eighth and ninth hinge points. The first end of the second air spring is hinged to the seventh hinge point, the first end of the second upper cover is hinged to the eighth hinge point, and the first end of the

second lower cover is hinged to the ninth hinge point.

[0010] In a further embodiment, the articulating device further comprises a third limiting portion, a fourth limiting portion and a second letting portion, the second letting portion being provided between the third limiting portion and the fourth limiting portion, the second upper cover being adjacent to the third limit section and the second lower cover being adjacent to the fourth limit section.

[0011] As seen above, the upper cover and the lower cover are provided to protect the air spring so that the air spring is not exposed for use, and the upper cover and the lower cover are provided to rotate unaffectedly in the pivot device and the articulation device, respectively, and are limited to rotate within a certain range by the provision of the limiting part and the letting part.

[0012] Further, the first end of the first air spring is provided with a first articulation section and a first limit section, and the first limit section extends radially from the first articulation section toward the first air spring, and the first limit section can be adjacent to the pivot device; the first end of the second air spring is provided with a second articulation section and a second limit section, and the second limit section extends radially from the second articulation section toward the second air spring, and the second limit section can be adjacent to the articulation device.

[0013] Further, the pivot device is provided with a first through-slot through the first hinge point, the second hinge point and the third hinge point, and the first hinge part is hinged to the first hinge point in the first through-slot; the intersection device is provided with a second through-slot through the seventh hinge point, the eighth hinge point and the ninth hinge point, and the second hinge part is hinged to the seventh hinge point, the eighth hinge point and the ninth hinge point in the second through-slot, and the second hinge part is hinged to the seventh hinge point in the second through-slot.

[0014] Further, the second end of the first air spring is provided with a third articulation section and a third restriction section, and the third restriction section extends radially from the third articulation section toward the first air spring, and the third restriction section can be adjacent to the articulation device.

[0015] Further, the articulating device is provided with a third through-slot through the fourth hinge point, the fifth hinge point and the sixth hinge point, and the third intersection is hinge to the fourth hinge point within the third through-slot.

[0016] As can be seen from the above, the position of the articulated part and the limiting part of the air spring, and the setting of the through slot to limit the direction of rotation of the air spring, the arm in the air spring, the upper cover and the lower cover to limit, give way and fix each other, so that the whole natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared position adjustment is very convenient and stable.

[0017] A further embodiment is that the arm further comprises a rotation device the rotation device being hinged between the second end head of the second air spring, the rotation device comprising a horizontal rotation and a vertical rotation member hinged.

[0018] As seen above, the use of rotation device for the head of the rotation adjustment direction to provide horizontal and vertical direction, so that the head of the device can not only use the arm of his range of adjustment, but also use the rotation device to achieve multi-angle adjustment, for the irradiation angle and irradiation position of the treatment instrument to provide a variety of ways to facilitate the use of users.

Brief description of drawings

[0019] Fig. 1 is the structural diagram of the instrument embodiment of the invention of natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared.

[0020] Fig. 2 is the structural decomposition diagram of the instrument embodiment of the invention of natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared.

[0021] Fig. 3 is the structural diagram of the instrument embodiment of the invention of natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared in another adjustment position.

[0022] Fig. 4 is the structural diagram of the arm in the instrument embodiment of the present invention of natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared.

[0023] Fig. 5 is the structure of the arm in another view in an embodiment of the therapeutic instrument of the present invention

[0024] Fig. 6 is the structure diagram of the pivot point device in the implementation of the therapeutic instrument of the present invention

[0025] Fig. 7 is a structural diagram of the articulation device in the implementation of the therapeutic instrument of the present invention

[0026] Fig. 8 shows the structure of the articulation device in another view of the therapeutic instrument implementation of the present invention

[0027] Fig. 9 shows the structure of the air spring in the implementation of the therapeutic instrument of the present invention

[0028] Fig. 10 shows the structure of the cover body and the function device in the implementation of the therapeutic instrument of the present invention

[0029] Fig. 11 shows the structure of the device base in the implementation of the treatment instrument of the present invention

[0030] Fig. 12 is a schematic diagram of the treatment instrument embodiment of the present invention in cross-section.

[0031] Fig. 13 is a schematic diagram of the therapeutic apparatus embodiment of the resent invention in the raised state in cross-section

[0032] The present invention is further described below in conjunction with the accompanying drawings and specific implementation

[0033] Referring to Fig. 1, Fig. 2 and Fig. 3 the treatment instrument includes Base-1, Arm-2, and Head-3, Arm-2 is connected between Head 3 and Base-1, Arm-2 has a telescopic adjustment function and then can adjust the fix the position of the Head 3. Head-3 is provided with three sets of natural torsion field energy 64-pillar/column array generators of front-to-back arrangement in the device head, two 64-pillar/column array generators facing forward and one 64-pillar/column array generator backwards, two parallel infrared light tubes mounted in front of the natural torsion field energy 64-pillar/column array generators and a temperature sensor mounted on the rear side corner of the infrared lamp-holder, which are used for therapy/treatment.

[0034] The arm includes a pivot device 53, a first spreading arm assembly, an articulation device 54, a second spreading arm assembly and a rotation device 56. The pivot device 53 is fixedly connected to the base 1, and the pivot device 53, the first spreading arm assembly, the intersection device 54, the second spreading arm assembly and the rotation device 56 are connected in sequence.

[00035] The first spreading arm assembly includes an air spring 5, an upper cover 41 and a lower cover 42. The upper cover 41 and the lower cover 42 are respectively set in an arch shape. And the upper cover 341 and the lower cover 42 are closed above and below the air spring 51, respectively, and then make the air spring 51 not exposed for use, the two ends of the upper cover 41 and the lower cover 42 are respectively provided with hinge points. The second spreading arm assembly includes air spring 52, an upper cover 43 and a lower cover 44, the upper cover 43 and the lower cover 44 are respectively provided in an arch shape and closed on the outside of the air spring. Preferably, the air springs 51 and 52 may be nitrogen springs.

[0036] Referring to Fig. 4 and Fig. 5, the air spring 51 is hanged between the pivot device 53 and the articulation device 54, the air spring 52 is hanged between the articulation device 54 and the rotation device 56, do that articulation device 54, rotation device 56, and head 3 fixedly attached to rotation device 56 are all rotatable in the direction of rotation of articulation to adjust position.

[0037] Referring to Fig. 6, the pivot device 53 has hinge point 531, hinge point 532, and hinge point 533 provided substantially from top to bottom near the end of the air spring 51, the hinge point 531 being provided between the

hinge point 532 and the hinge point 533, and the hinge points are all through holes provided through the hinge points, and the outer end of the hinge point 531 is provided with a finite part 5311, and a let-off section 5321 is provided on the outer end between the hinge point 531 and the hinge point 532, and a let-off 5331 is provided at the outer face of the hinge point 533, and the let-off portion 5321 and the let-off 5331 are recessed inwardly relative to the limit portion 53111, ie., the limit 5311 is raised outwardly. The pivot device 53 is also provided with a through slot 537 through the hinge point 531, the hinge point 532 and the hinge point 533 and along the radial direction of the hinge point. Steps are also provided on both sides of the hinge points 531, 532 and 533, and the side walls of the steps on both sides are provided with a limit section 534, a limit section 536 and a let-of section 535, the let-off section 535 being provided between the limit section 534 and the limit section 536, the let-off section 535 being recessed inwardly with respect to the limit section 534 and the limit section 536.

[0038] Referring to Fig. 7 and Fig. 8, the articulation device 54 is provided with a hinge point 541, a hinge point 542, and a hinge point 543 substantially from top to bottom toward the first end of the air spring 51, and the hinge point 541 is provided between the hinge point 542 and the hinge point 543, and the hinge points are all through holes provided through the hinge points. The hinge device 54 is also provided with a through slot 544 through the hinge point 541, hinge point 542 and hinge point 543 and along the radial direction of the hinge point, and a positioning slot 545 is located at the position opposite the hinge point 541, and a step 546 is provided on both sides of the hinge point.

[0039] The articulation device 54 is provided with a hinge point 551, a hinge point 552 and a hinge point 553 substantially from top to bottom toward the second end of the air spring 52, the hinge point 551 is provided between the hinge point 552 and the hinge point 553, a limit section 5511 is provided on the outer end face of the hinge point 551, a let-off section 5521 is provided on the outer section face between the hinge point 551 and the hinge point 552, and a let-off section 5531 is provided on the outer end face of the hinge point 553, the let-off section 5521 and the let-off section 5531 are recessed inwardly relative to the limit section 5511, i.e., the limit section 5511 is raised outwardly. The hinge device 54 is also provided with a through slot 554 through the hinge point 551, the hinge point 552 and the hinge point 553 and along the radial direction of the hinge point. Steps are also provided on both sides of the hinge point 551, the hinge point 552 and the hinge point 553, and the side walls of the steps on both sides are provided with a limit section 554, a limit section 556 and a let-off section 555, and the let-off section 555 is provided between the limit section 554 and the limit section 556, and the let-off portion 555 is provided between the limit portion 554 and the limit portion 556, and the let portion 555 is recessed inwardly relative to the limit portion 554 and the limit portion 556.

[0040] Referring to Fig. 9, since the air spring 51 and the air spring 52 have the same structure, the following is an

example of the air spring 51. The end of the air spring 51 is provided with an articulated portion 511, a limit portion 512 and a limit projection 515, the limit projection 515 is located at the outermost end and extends outward, the limit portion 512 is more inward relative to the articulated portion 511, the limit portion extends radially from the articulated portion toward the air spring 51, and the second end of the air spring 51 is provided with an articulated portion 513 and a limit portion 514, the limit portion 514 extends radially from the articulated portion 513 toward the air spring 51.

[0041] Referring to Fig. 4 and Fig. 5, when the air spring 51, the air spring 52, the pivot device 53 and the articulation device 54 are connected, the articulation portion 511 of the air spring 51 is located in the through slot 537 inland and articulated with the hinge point 531, which allows the limit portion 512 to wind around outside the limit portion 5311 when the air spring 51 is rotated and can be adjacent to the let-off portion 5331 and the let-off portion 5321 and steering limit. The articulated portion 513 of the air spring 51 is located in the through slot 544 inland and articulated with the hinge point 541, and the limit portion 512 is adjacent to the positioning slot 545 and steering limit when the articulating device 54 is rotated. Referring to Fig. 10, the limiting projection 515 is located in the through slot 537, and the limiting projection 515 is limited by the rotation pin that passes between the hinge points 532, and then the rotation angle is limited, and similarly, the limiting projection 515 of the air spring 52 is limited by the rotation pin between the hinge points 553.

[0042] The first end of the air spring 52 is hinged in the through slot 554 inland to the hinge point 551, which allows the limit section to wind around outside of the limit section 5511 when the air spring 52 is rotated, and can be adjacent to and steering limit with the let-off section 5531 and let-off section 5521.

[0043] Referring to Fig. 10, the principle of connecting upper cover 41 and lower cover 42 with pivot device 53 is the same as the principle of connecting upper cover 43 and lower cover 44 with hinge device 54, so the upper cover 41 and lower cover 42 are hinged with pivot device 53 as an example for illustration. The first end of the upper cover 41 is hinged to the hinge point 532, and the first end of the lower cover 42 is hinged to the hinge point 533, and the upper cover 41 can be adjacent to the limit part 534, and the lower cover 42 can be adjacent to the limit part 536, and then realize the rotation limit of the upper cover and the lower cover by using the limit part. The second end of the upper cover 41 is hinged to the hinge point 542, and the second end of the lower cover 42 is hinged to the hinge point 543. Similarly, the first end of the upper cover 43 is hinged to the hinge point 553 and the first end of the lower cover 44 is hinged to the hinge point 552. The upper cover 43 may be adjacent to the limiting portion 554 and the lower cover 44 may be adjacent to the limiting portion 556.

[0044] Referring to Fig. 3, the rotation device 56 is described below. The rotation device 56 includes a horizontal

rotation member 562 and a vertical rotation member 561, and the vertical rotation member 561 is provided with three hinge points near the end of the air spring 52, which are hinged to the second end of the air spring 52, hinged to the second end of the upper cover 43, and hinged to the second end of the lower cover 44, and the vertical rotation member 561 is provided with a through slot along the horizontal direction on the end of the head 3. The first end of the horizontal rotating member 562 is inserted into the slot of the vertical rotating member 561 and is hinged to the vertical rotating member 561, so that the horizontal rotating member 562 can rotate in the horizontal direction, and the vertical rotating member 561 rotates vertically upward under the intersection of the air spring 52, and the machine head 3 is hinged to the horizontal rotating member 562, and the machine head 3 can rotate in the vertical direction relative to the horizontal rotating member 562.

[0045] Referring to Fig. 11 and Fig. 12, the device base 1 includes a base 11, a housing 13, a control panel 14, a protective cover 15, a rotation switch 16, an air spring 17 and a support member 18, the base 11 is set in the shape of a disc or trapezoid, a counterweight block 19 is set in the center of the bottom surface of the base 11, a plurality of rollers 12 are set in the outer circumference of the counterweight block evenly distributed, and the housing 13 is set on the base 11. The housing 13 is provided with a rotation switch 16, a air spring 17, and a support member 18 from top to bottom, and the rotation switch 16 is hinged above the base, and the rotation switch 16 includes an operation end for operation and a working end located inside, and the air spring 17 is provided above the rotation switch 16 in a vertical direction, and the working end of the rotation switch 16 is adjacent to the release mechanism of the air spring 17 through the column 161, so that the lifting position of the air spring 17 can be adjusted by operating the rotation switch 16. The lower end of the support member 18 is connected to the air spring 17, and the upper end of the support member 18 is fixedly connected to the fixed part 538 of the fulcrum device 53 deep in the housing 14, and the protective cover 15 is closed outside the fulcrum device 53. The control panel 14 is set on the outer wall of the shell 13, and the control panel 14 has timing function, temperature adjustment and counting function, etc.

[0046] Referring to Fig. 13, when the height of the head 3 and the arm 2 is adjusted, the rotation switch 16 can be operated to make the air spring 17 extend, and then the support member 18 can be raised to realize the height adjustment of the head 3 and the arm 2.

[0047] As seen above, by setting the fulcrum device, the first air spring, the crossover device and the second air spring on the arm, the stability of the air spring provides good stability for the position adjustment of the arm, which makes the adjustment of the arm more convenient and stable, and provides good stability for the natural deflection field and infrared irradiation of the head. By setting the air spring along the vertical direction in the base, not only can achieve convenient height adjustment, its position is fixed and stable, the head of the untreated instrument provides good

support, through the support member as an extension of the height adjustment, effectively increase the adjustment height, and use the rotation switch for convenient adjustment of the air spring, as well as the counterweight block and roller set to effectively increase the stability and convenience of the natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared, while the control panel is set to facilitate the user's operation of the natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared. Following that, the head of the natural torsion field energy device with infrared can be adjusted and fixed in any position and any angle, which is convenient for users.

[0048] Referring to Fig. 14, the head 3 includes a rear cover 31 and a front cover 32, and the head is hinged to 562.

[0049] Referring to Fig. 15 and Fig. 16, the rear cover includes Yijing/Changes 64-pillar/column array and Hetu Luoshu divination generator assembly 311 of natural torsion field energy, which is mounted on the back of infrared assembly 312 and infrared assembly 312 is mounted on the front 311.

[0050] Referring to Fig. 17, the Yijing/Changes 64-pillar/column array and Hetu Luoshu divination generator assembly of natural torsion field energy includes natural torsion field energy reflective gathering pate 3111, natural torsion field energy array assembly mounting bracket 3112 and the three sets of Yijing/Changes 64-pillar/column array and Hetu Luoshu divination generators 3113 of natural torsion field energy, which are arranged in a fixed front-to-back arrangement in the rear cover of the head of the device, two sets of Yijing/Changes 64-pillar/column array and Hetu Luoshu divination generators facing forward and one set of Yijing/Changes 64-pillar/column array and Hetu Luoshu divination generator facing forward or backward.

[0051] Referring to Fig 18, infrared assembly 312 includes infrared lamp trapezoidal metal reflector 3121, lamp holders 3122 and infrared lamps 3123.

[0052] Referring to Fig. 19, the front cover 32 includes front cover ring sleeve seat 321 and protective anti-bun net 322.

[0053] Referring to Fig. 20, each of the Yijing/Changes 64-pillar/column array and Hetu Luoshu divination generators 3113 of natural torsion field energy consists a base block and 64 hollow round cake pillars/columns

Yijing/Changes array and Hetu Luoshu divination hollow round cake pillars/columns (also known as natural torsion field energy pillars/columns) arranged in a square/round array (i.e., 8 x 8 array) on the base block, where the sum of the heights of the energy pillars/columns at the ends of one diagonal is equal to the sum of the heights of the energy pillars/columns at the ends of the other diagonal in a rectangle formed by any four natural torsion field energy pillars/columns. The natural torsion field energy pillars/columns are cylindrical in shape, and each of the natural torsion field energy pillars/columns is provided with spiral-shape grooves in order to increase the natural torsion field energy aggregation of the natural torsion field energy pillars/columns.

Claims

1. The present invention provides a natural torsion field energy device with infrared, including the head, the arm and the base.

2. The present invention of a floor-standing natural torsion field energy therapeutic device with infrared

3. The natural torsion field device creates interference patterns as natural torsion fields in holographic

4. The head is used to generate natural torsion field energy and emit infrared light.

5. According to Claim 4, the head consisting of front and rear covers, anti-scald mesh in the front cover.

6. Inside the head, there are three sets of 64 torsion filed energy columns generators

7. According to Claim 6, the natural torsion field energy generator consists of a base block and 64 natural torsion field energy columns as Yijing columns, arranged in a square/round array

8. According to Claim 6, the cross-sectional shape of the natural torsion field energy column is circular.

9. According to Claim 6, each of the natural torsion field energy pillars/columns is provided with spiral-shape grooves in order to increase the natural torsion field energy aggregation of the natural torsion field energy pillars/columns.

10. According to Claim 6, the sum of the heights of the energy columns at the ends of one diagonal is equal to the sum of the heights of the energy columns at the ends of the other diagonal in a rectangle formed by any four natural torsion field energy columns.

11. According to Claim 6, energy columns generators arranged in a square/round array,

12. According to Claim 6, three sets of 64 torsion filed energy columns generators arranged in a fixed front-to-back arrangement in the head of the device,

13. According to Claim 12, two 64-pillar/column array generators facing forward and one 64-pillar/column array generator backwards,

14. In the front of the head, two parallel infrared light tubes mounted in front of the natural torsion field energy 64-pillar/column array generators and a temperature sensor mounted on the rear side corner of the infrared lamp holder.

15. The arm is attached between the head and the base.

16. The arm includes a pivot device, a first spreading arm assembly, an articulation device and a second spreading arm assembly, fixed connection of the pivot unit to the device base.

17. According to Claim 16, the first spreading arm assembly includes a first air spring. The first end of the first air spring is hanged to the pivot device.

18. According to Claim 16, the second end of the first air spring is hanged to the first end of the articulation device. The second spreading arm assembly includes a second air spring.

19. According to Claim 16, the first end of the second air spring is articulated with the second end of the articulating device.

20. According to Claim 16, the second end of the second air spring is hinged to the head.

21. The air spring provides stability for the position adjustment of the arm, and provides stability for the irradiation treatment of the head.

22. The base with rectangular column, control panel include digital screen with on/off switch, setting of temperature and time.

23. Inside the base, the internal hydraulic bar connects the arm to the weighted base

24. According to Claim 23, the foot-operated hydraulic control fixed at the bottom of the base

25. The weighted base with wheels for easy movement can be round, square and trapezoidal.