Claims

1. Nucleic acid sequence comprising or coding for

a) a coding region, encoding at least one peptide or protein;

b) at least one histone stem-loop, and

c) a poly(A) sequence or a polyadenylation signal;

wherein said peptide or protein comprises a pathogenic antigen or a fragment, variant or derivative thereof particularly an antigen from a pathogen associated with infectious disease.

2. The nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1, wherein the infectious disease is a bacterial infection, a viral infection, a protozoan infection, a fungal infection or the like.

3. The nucleic acid sequence according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the pathogenic antigen is derivable from a pathogen selected from the list of: Acinetobacter baumannii, Anaplasma genus, Anaplasma phagocytophilum, Ancylostoma braziliense, Ancylostoma duodenale, Arcanobacterium haemolyticum, Ascaris lumbricoides, Aspergillus genus, Astroviridae, Babesia genus, Bacillus anthracis, Bacillus cereus, Bartonella henselae, BK virus, Blastocystis hominis, Blastomyces dermatitidis, Bordetella pertussis, Borrelia burgdorferi, Borrelia genus, Borrelia spp, Brucella genus, Brugia malayi, Bunyaviridae family, Burkholderia cepacia and other Burkholderia species, Burkholderia mallei, Burkholderia pseudomallei, Caliciviridae family, Campylobacter genus, Candida albicans, Candida spp, Chlamydia trachomatis, Chlamydophila pneumoniae, Chlamydophila psittaci, CJD prion, Clonorchis sinensis, Clostridium botulinum, Clostridium difficile, Clostridium perfringens, Clostridium perfringens, Clostridium spp, Clostridium tetani, Coccidioides spp, coronaviruses, Corynebacterium diphtheriae, Coxiella burnetii, Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus, Cryptococcus neoformans, Cryptosporidium genus, Cytomegalovirus (CMV), Dengue viruses (DEN-1, DEN-2, DEN-3 and DEN-4), Dientamoeba fragilis, Ebolavirus (EBOV), Echinococcus genus, Ehrlichia chaffeensis, Ehrlichia ewingii, Ehrlichia genus, Entamoeba histolytica, Enterococcus genus, Enterovirus genus, Enteroviruses, mainly Coxsackie A virus and

Enterovirus 71 (EV71), Epidermophyton spp, Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV), Escherichia coli O157:H7, O111 and O104:H4, Fasciola hepatica and Fasciola gigantica, FFI prion, Filarioidea superfamily, Flaviviruses, Francisella tularensis, Fusobacterium genus, Geotrichum candidum, Giardia intestinalis, Gnathostoma spp, GSS prion, Guanarito virus, Haemophilus ducreyi, Haemophilus influenzae, Helicobacter pylori, Henipavirus (Hendra virus Nipah virus), Hepatitis A Virus, Hepatitis B Virus (HBV), Hepatitis C Virus (HCV), Hepatitis D Virus, Hepatitis E Virus, Herpes simplex virus 1 and 2 (HSV-1 and HSV-2), Histoplasma capsulatum, HIV (Human immunodeficiency virus), Hortaea werneckii, Human bocavirus (HBoV), Human herpesvirus 6 (HHV-6) and Human herpesvirus 7 (HHV-7), Human metapneumovirus (hMPV), Human papillomavirus (HPV), Human parainfluenza viruses (HPIV), Japanese encephalitis virus, JC virus, Junin virus, Kingella kingae, Klebsiella granulomatis, Kuru prion, Lassa virus, Legionella pneumophila, Leishmania genus, Leptospira genus, Listeria monocytogenes, Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus (LCMV), Machupo virus, Malassezia spp, Marburg virus, Measles virus, Metagonimus yokagawai, Microsporidia phylum, Molluscum contagiosum virus (MCV), Mumps virus, Mycobacterium leprae and Mycobacterium lepromatosis, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Mycobacterium ulcerans, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Naegleria fowleri, Necator americanus, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, Neisseria meningitidis, Nocardia asteroides, Nocardia spp, Onchocerca volvulus, Orientia tsutsugamushi, Orthomyxoviridae family (Influenza), Paracoccidioides brasiliensis, Paragonimus spp, Paragonimus westermani, Parvovirus B19, Pasteurella genus, Plasmodium genus, Pneumocystis jirovecii, Poliovirus, Rabies virus, Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), Rhinovirus, rhinoviruses, Rickettsia akari, Rickettsia genus, Rickettsia prowazekii, Rickettsia rickettsii, Rickettsia typhi, Rift Valley fever virus, Rotavirus, Rubella virus, Sabia virus, Salmonella genus, Sarcoptes scabiei, SARS coronavirus, Schistosoma genus, Shigella genus, Sin Nombre virus, Hantavirus, Sporothrix schenckii, Staphylococcus genus, Staphylococcus genus, Streptococcus agalactiae, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Streptococcus pyogenes, Strongyloides stercoralis, Taenia genus, Taenia solium, Tick-borne encephalitis virus (TBEV), Toxocara canis or Toxocara cati, Toxoplasma gondii, Treponema pallidum, Trichinella spiralis, Trichomonas vaginalis, Trichophyton spp, Trichuris trichiura, Trypanosoma brucei, Trypanosoma cruzi, Ureaplasma urealyticum, Varicella zoster

virus (VZV), Varicella zoster virus (VZV), Variola major or Variola minor, vCJD prion, Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus, Vibrio cholerae, West Nile virus, Western equine encephalitis virus, Wuchereria bancrofti, Yellow fever virus, Yersinia enterocolitica, Yersinia pestis, and Yersinia pseudotuberculosis.

4. The nucleic acid sequence according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the pathogenic antigen is derivable from pathogens selected from Influenza virus, respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), Herpes simplex virus (HSV), human Papilloma virus (HPV), Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), Plasmodium, Staphylococcus aureus, Dengue virus, Chlamydia trachomatis, Cytomegalovirus (CMV), Hepatitis B virus (HBV), Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Rabies virus, and Yellow Fever Virus.

5. The nucleic acid sequence according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein the pathogenic antigen is selected from

- HIV p24 antigen, HIV envelope proteins (Gp120, Gp41, Gp160), polyprotein GAG, negative factor protein Nef, trans-activator of transcription Tat if the infectious disease is HIV, preferably an infection with Human immunodeficiency virus,
- major outer membrane protein MOMP, probable outer membrane protein PMPC, outer membrane complex protein B OmcB, heat shock proteins Hsp60 HSP10, protein IncA, proteins from the type III secretion system, ribonucleotide reductase small chain protein NrdB, plasmid protein Pgp3, chlamydial outer protein N CopN, antigen CT521, antigen CT425, antigen CT043, antigen TC0052, antigen TC0189, antigen TC0582, antigen TC0660, antigen TC0726, antigen TC0816, antigen TC0828 if the infectious disease is an infenction with *Chlamydia trachomatis*,
- pp65 antigen, membrane protein pp15, capsid-proximal tegument protein pp150, protein M45, DNA polymerase UL54, helicase UL105, glycoprotein gM, glycoprotein gN, glcoprotein H, glycoprotein B gB, protein UL83, protein UL94, protein UL99 if the infectious disease is Cytomegalovirus infection, preferably an infection with Cytomegalovirus (CMV);

- capsid protein C, premembrane protein prM, membrane protein M, envelope protein E (domain I, domain II, domain III), protein NS1, protein NS2A, protein NS2B, protein NS3, protein NS4A, protein 2K, protein NS4B, protein NS5 if the infectious disease is Dengue fever, preferably an infection with Dengue viruses (DEN-1, DEN-2, DEN-3 and DEN-4)–Flaviviruses;
- hepatitis B surface antigen HBsAg, Hepatitis B core antigen HbcAg, polymerase, protein Hbx, preS2 middle surface protein, surface protein L, large S protein, virus protein VP1, virus protein VP2, virus protein VP3, virus protein VP4 if the infectious disease is Hepatits B, preferably an infection with Hepatitis B Virus (HBV);
- replication protein E1, regulatory protein E2, protein E3, protein E4, protein E5, protein E6, protein E7, protein E8, major capsid protein L1, minor capsid protein L2 if the infectious disease is Human papillomavirus (HPV) infection, preferably an infection with Human papillomavirus (HPV);
- fusion protein F, hemagglutinin-neuramidase HN, glycoprotein G, matrix protein M, phosphoprotein P, nucleoprotein N, polymerase L if the infectious disease is Human parainfluenza virus infection, preferably an infection with Human parainfluenza viruses (HPIV);
- Hemagglutinin (HA), Neuraminidase (NA), Nucleoprotein (NP), M1 protein, M2 protein, NS1 protein, NS2 protein (NEP protein: nuclear export protein), PA protein, PB1 protein (polymerase basic 1 protein), PB1-F2 protein and PB2 protein (Orthomyxoviridae family, Influenza virus (flu)); nucleoprotein N, large structural protein L, phophoprotein P, matrix protein M, glycoprotein G if the infectious disease is Rabies, preferably an infection with Rabies virus;
- fusionprotein F, nucleoprotein N, matrix protein M, matrix protein M2-1, matrix protein M2-2, phophoprotein P, small hydrophobic protein SH, major surface glycoprotein G, polymerase L, non-structural protein 1 NS1, non-structural protein 2 NS2 if the infectious disease is Respiratory syncytial virus infection, preferably an infection with Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV);
- secretory antigen SssA (Staphylococcus genus, Staphylococcal food poisoning); secretory antigen SssA (Staphylococcus genus e.g. aureus, Staphylococcal infection); molecular chaperone DnaK, cell surface

lipoprotein Mpt83, lipoprotein P23, phosphate transport system permease protein pstA, 14 kDa antigen, fibronectin-binding protein C FbpC1, Alanine dehydrogenase TB43, Glutamine synthetase 1, ESX-1 protein, protein CFP10, TB10.4 protein, protein MPT83, protein MTB12, protein MTB8, Rpf-like proteins, protein MTB32, protein MTB39, crystallin, heat-shock protein HSP65, protein PST-S if the infectious disease is Tuberculosis, preferably an infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis;

- genome polyprotein, protein E, protein M, capsid protein C, protease NS3, protein NS1, protein NS2A, protein AS2B, protein NS4A, protein NS4B, protein NS5 if the infectious disease is Yellow fever, perferably an infection with Yellow fever virus.

6. The nucleic acid according to claims 1 to 5, wherein the at least one histone stem loop is heterologous to the coding region encoding the at least one peptide or protein, preferably, wherein the coding region does not encode a histone protein or fragment, derivate of variant thereof having histone or histone-like function.

7. The nucleic acid according to claims 1 to 6, wherein the peptide or protein encoded by the coding region comprises an antigenic protein or a fragment, variant or derivative thereof, the fragment, variant or derivative of the antigenic protein or peptide retaining at least 50% of the biological activity of the naturally occuring full-length antigenic protein ot peptide.

8. The nucleic acid of any of claims 1 to 7, wherein its coding region does not encode a reporter protein or a marker or selection protein.

9. Nucleic acid sequence according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein the nucleic acid is an RNA, preferably an mRNA.

10. Nucleic acid sequence according to any of claims 1 to 9, wherein the at least one histone stem-loop is selected from following formulae (I) or (II):

formula (I) (stem-loop sequence without stem bordering elements):

$$\underbrace{[N_{0-2}GN_{3-5}]}_{\text{stem1}}\ \underbrace{[N_{0-4}(U/T)N_{0-4}]}_{\text{loop}}\ \underbrace{[N_{3-5}CN_{0-2}]}_{\text{stem2}}$$

formula (II) (stem-loop sequence with stem bordering elements):

$$\underbrace{N_{1-6}}_{\text{stem1 bordering element}}\ \underbrace{[N_{0-2}GN_{3-5}]}_{\text{stem1}}\ \underbrace{[N_{0-4}(U/T)N_{0-4}]}_{\text{loop}}\ \underbrace{[N_{3-5}CN_{0-2}]}_{\text{stem2}}\ \underbrace{N_{1-6}}_{\text{stem2 bordering element}}$$

wherein:

stem1 or stem2 bordering elements N_{1-6} is a consecutive sequence of 1 to 6, preferably of 2 to 6, more preferably of 2 to 5, even more preferably of 3 to 5, most preferably of 4 to 5 or 5 N, wherein each N is independently from another selected from a nucleotide selected from A, U, T, G and C, or a nucleotide analogue thereof;

stem1 $[N_{0-2}GN_{3-5}]$ is reverse complementary or partially reverse complementary with element stem2, and is a consecutive sequence between of 5 to 7 nucleotides;

wherein N_{0-2} is a consecutive sequence of 0 to 2, preferably of 0 to 1, more preferably of 1 N, wherein each N is independently from another selected from a

nucleotide selected from A, U, T, G and C or a nucleotide analogue thereof;

wherein N_{3-5} is a consecutive sequence of 3 to 5, preferably of 4 to 5, more preferably of 4 N, wherein each N is independently from another selected from a nucleotide selected from A, U, T, G and C or a nucleotide analogue thereof, and

wherein G is guanosine or an analogue thereof, and may be optionally replaced by a cytidine or an analogue thereof, provided that its complementary nucleotide cytidine in stem2 is replaced by guanosine;

loop sequence $[N_{0-4}(U/T)N_{0-4}]$ is located between elements stem1 and stem2, and is a consecutive sequence of 3 to 5 nucleotides, more preferably of 4 nucleotides;

wherein each N_{0-4} is independent from another a consecutive sequence of 0 to 4, preferably of 1 to 3, more preferably of 1 to 2 N, wherein each N is independently from another selected from a nucleotide selected from A, U, T, G and C or a nucleotide analogue thereof; and

wherein U/T represents uridine, or optionally thymidine;

stem2 $[N_{3-5}CN_{0-2}]$ is reverse complementary or partially reverse complementary with element stem1, and is a consecutive sequence between of 5 to 7 nucleotides;

wherein N_{3-5} is a consecutive sequence of 3 to 5, preferably of 4 to 5, more preferably of 4 N, wherein each N is independently from another selected from a nucleotide selected from A, U, T, G and C or a nucleotide analogue thereof;

wherein N_{0-2} is a consecutive sequence of 0 to 2, preferably of 0 to 1, more preferably of 1 N, wherein each N is independently from another selected from a nucleotide selected from A, U, T, G and C or a nucleotide analogue thereof; and

wherein C is cytidine or an analogue thereof, and may be optionally replaced by a guanosine or an analogue thereof provided that its complementary nucleotide guanosine in stem1 is replaced by cytidine;

wherein

stem1 and stem2 are capable of base pairing with each other

forming a reverse complementary sequence, wherein base pairing may occur between stem1 and stem2, or

forming a partially reverse complementary sequence, wherein an incomplete base pairing may occur between stem1 and stem2.

11. Nucleic acid sequence according to claim 10, wherein the at least one histone stem-loop is selected from at least one of following formulae (Ia) or (IIa):

$$\underbrace{[N_{0-1}GN_{3-5}]}_{\text{stem1}}\ \underbrace{[N_{1-3}(U/T)N_{0-2}]}_{\text{loop}}\ \underbrace{[N_{3-5}CN_{0-1}]}_{\text{stem2}}$$

formula (Ia) (stem-loop sequence without stem bordering elements)

$$\underbrace{N_{2-5}}_{\text{stem1}}\ \underbrace{[N_{0-1}GN_{3-5}]}_{\text{stem1}}\ \underbrace{[N_{1-3}(U/T)N_{0-2}]}_{\text{loop}}\ \underbrace{[N_{3-5}CN_{0-1}]}_{\text{stem2}}\ \underbrace{N_{2-5}}_{\text{stem2}}$$

bordering element bordering element

formula (IIa) (stem-loop sequence with stem bordering elements)

12. Nucleic acid sequence according to any of claims 1 to 11, wherein the poly(A) sequence comprises a sequence of about 25 to about 400 adenosine nucleotides, preferably a sequence of about 50 to about 400 adenosine nucleotides, more preferably a sequence of about 50 to about 300 adenosine nucleotides, even more preferably a sequence of about 50 to about 250 adenosine nucleotides, most preferably a sequence of about 60 to about 250 adenosine nucleotides.

13. Nucleic acid sequence according to any of claims 1 to 12, wherein the polyadenylation signal comprises the consensus sequence NN(U/T)ANA, preferably AA(U/T)AAA or A(U/T)(U/T)AAA.

14. Nucleic acid sequence according to any of claims 1 to 13, wherein the nucleic acid sequence is a modified nucleic acid, in particular a stabilized nucleic acid.

15. Nucleic acid sequence according to claim 14, wherein the G/C content of the coding region encoding at least one peptide or protein of said modified nucleic acid is increased compared with the G/C content of the coding region of the wild-type nucleic acid, the coded amino acid sequence of said modified nucleic acid preferably not being modified compared with the coded amino acid sequence of the wild-type nucleic acid.

16. A composition or kit or kit of parts comprising a plurality or more than one of nucleic acid sequences each according to any of claims 1 to 15.

17. Nucleic acid sequence as defined according to any of claims 1 to 15 or composition or kit or kit of parts as defined according to claim 16 for use as a medicament.

18. Nucleic acid sequence as defined according to any of claims 1 to 15 or composition or kit or kit of parts as defined according to claim 16 for use in the treatment of infectious diseases.

19. Pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid sequence as defined according to any of claims 1 to 15 or a composition as defined according to claim 16 and optionally a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

20. Use of a nucleic acid sequence as defined according to any of claims 1 to 15 or a composition or kit or kit of parts as defined according to claim 16 for increasing the expression of said encoded peptide or protein.

21. Use of a nucleic acid sequence as defined according to any of claims 1 to 15 or composition or kit or kit of parts as defined according to claim 16 for increasing the expression of said encoded peptide or protein in the treatment of infectious diseases.

22. A method for increasing the expression of an encoded peptide or protein comprising the steps:

a) providing the nucleic acid sequence as defined according to any of claims 1 to 15 or the composition as defined according to claim 16,

b) applying or administering the nucleic acid sequence or the composition to a cell-free expression system, a cell, a tissue or an organism.

What is claimed is:

1. An invention not claimed in any divisional application.