WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A device for injecting a medicament, the device comprising:

a housing having a proximal end, the housing having a container disposed within the housing, the container configured to hold a medicament, the container having a needle at a proximal end, and a stopper disposed within the container;

a plunger having a distal end and a proximal end, the proximal end of the plunger configured to engage the stopper, the distal end of the plunger configured to engage a first resilient member and move the stopper within the container to inject the medicament from the container and out of the needle;

a carriage having at least a portion of the container disposed therein, the carriage rotatable relative to the housing;

a collar having a distal end and a proximal end, the distal end of the collar configured to engage the carriage and cause rotation of the carriage, the rotation of the carriage is configured to cause the first resilient member to move the plunger to inject the medicament from the container, the proximal end of the collar configured to engage a second resilient member;

a skin sensor having a distal end and a proximal end, the distal end of the skin sensor configured to engage the second resilient member, and the proximal end of the skin sensor configured to contact an injection site; and

a cap configured to engage the proximal end of the housing to reduce movement of the skin sensor.

2. The device of claim 1, wherein when the cap is removed from the housing, and an injection force is applied to the skin sensor, the second resilient member is compressed and engages the collar and causes the collar to rotate the carriage, on rotation of the carriage, the first resilient member engages the plunger to inject the medicament from the container and out of the needle.

3. The device of claim 1, wherein the device is disposable and comprises a single dose of medicament.

4. The device of claim 1, wherein skin sensor is configured to retract when the needle is injected and extend to surround the needle after the medicament is injected.

5. The device of claim 1, wherein first resilient member is in a compressed state before an injection force is applied to the skin sensor.

6. The device of claim 2, wherein the distal end of the plunger comprises a restraining member, the restraining member configured to reduce or prevent movement of the plunger and is configured to hold the first resilient member in a compressed state.

7. The device of claim 6, wherein the rotation of the carriage causes the rotation of the restraining member of the plunger to cause the first resilient member to decompress and allow the plunger to move the stopper within the container to inject the medicament from the container and out of the needle.

8. The device of claim 1, further comprising a needle shield covering the needle at the proximal end.

9. The device of claim 8, wherein the needle shield comprises a flexible material relative to the housing and/or a rigid material relative to the first or second resilient member.

10. The device of claim 8, further comprising a cap insert coupled to the cap, the cap insert having a capture member for the needle shield, the needle shield protecting the needle at the proximal end, the capture member configured for removing the needle shield of the needle when the cap is removed from the housing.

11. The device of claim 10, further comprising a skin sensor insert coupled to the skin sensor, the skin sensor insert configured to couple with the cap insert.

12. The device of claim 11, wherein the skin sensor insert comprises a locking surface configured to lock with a locking surface of the cap before the cap is removed.

13. The device of claim 12, wherein the locking surface of the skin sensor insert is a W shaped cam.

14. The device of claim 13, wherein the locking surface of the cap is a triangular shaped cam which couples to the W shaped cam of the skin sensor insert.

15. The device of claim 1, further comprising a housing top coupled to the housing and a housing top insert coupled to the housing top.

16. The device of claim 15, wherein the first resilient member is a spring configured to couple the housing top insert to the plunger.

17. The device of claim 1, wherein the second resilient member is a spring which when compressed exerts a torque on the carriage causing the carriage to turn.

18. The device of claim 1, wherein the medicament comprises an analgesic agent, an anti-inflammatory agent, a hormone, a beta agonist agent, an alpha agonist agent, a beta antagonist agent, an alpha antagonist agent, a benzodiazepine, a glucose modulator, a narcotic, a narcotic antagonist, a cholinergic agent, an anti-cholinergic agent, a muscarinic agonist agent, a muscarinic antagonist agent, a steroid, a chloride salt, an iodide salt, a cholinesterase reactivator agent, a cholinesterase agonist, an antimicrobial agent, an anti-arrhythmic agent, a vasodilator agent, a vasoconstrictor agent, an anti-coagulant agent, a cardiovascular agent, an anti-parkinsonian agent, an anti-psychotic agent, an immunosuppressant agent, an antihistamine, or a combination thereof.

19. A device for injecting a medicament, the device comprising:

a housing having a proximal end, the housing having a container disposed within the housing, the container configured to hold a medicament, the container having a needle at a proximal end, the needle being protected by a needle shield at the proximal end and a stopper disposed within the container;

a plunger having a distal end and a proximal end, the proximal end of the plunger configured to engage the stopper, the distal end of the plunger configured to engage a first resilient member and move the stopper within the container to inject the medicament from the container and out of the needle;

a carriage having at least a portion of the container disposed therein, the carriage rotatable relative to the housing;

a collar having a distal end and a proximal end, the distal end of the collar configured to engage the carriage and cause rotation of the carriage, the rotation of the carriage is configured to cause the first resilient member to move the plunger to inject the medicament from the container, the proximal end of the collar configured to engage a second resilient member;

a skin sensor having a distal end and a proximal end, the distal end of the skin sensor configured to engage the second resilient member, and the proximal end of the skin sensor configured to contact an injection site;

a cap configured to engage the proximal end of the housing to reduce movement of the skin sensor; and

a cap insert coupled to the cap, the cap insert having a capture member for the needle shield, the capture member configured for removing the needle shield by removing the cap from the proximal end of the housing.