Method for the autostereoscopic representation of a stereoscopic image original which is displayed on a display means

Abstract

The invention relates to a method for the autostereoscopic representation of a stereoscopic image original which is displayed on a display means. The method is characterised in that on the basis of an intrinsic, perspective-dependent luminance (L) which is caused by the display means and measured by an image analysis unit of a number of activated display elements, in particular, individual pixels (P), sub-pixels (SP), pixel groups (PG) and/or similar further perspective-dependent display patterns, a selective assignment of individual perspective view of the stereoscopic image original to the perspective-dependent display patterns is performed and an autostereoscopic image representation is generated.

Figure no. 3 is suggested for publication.