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Data processing apparatus

The present invention relates to a data processing apparatus for performing input, update, and output processing operation for a file.

5 A conventional data processing apparatus including a computer stores files in a disk unit, for example, and updates the files in accordance with input record data. Companies in various industrial sectors are introducing computers, and the contents of files and input records are different depending on the industry sectors. Even
10 in a same industrial sector, a line of business generally differs depending on the specific nature of the particular business. Accordingly, the contents of files, and records to be input or to be output from the files, are variously different.

15 In order to deal with the situation described above, in a conventional data processing apparatus, a system is designed to correspond to various particular input records, files, and output records. Accordingly, programs are designed and prepared individually to deal
20 with the particular input records, files, and output records. In each case, the program is designed in a program language. More specifically, in response to data input from an input section, a data processor performs a set of processing operations such as reading
25 a record to be updated from a file, performing arithmetic and logical operations for the record, and

rewriting the record in the file. A program must be described in a program language so as to execute the set of processing operations each time a record is input.

5 As described above, in a conventional data processing apparatus, various programs must be prepared dedicated for each line of business of various industrial sectors. In designing a file management system for managing files, an update program for updating a
10 file must be designed. A structure of a record in a file and word positions in a record are fixedly allocated in a memory. Furthermore, the respective files have different record structures. For this reason, a program for updating a record in a file in accordance
15 with an input data, must be designed to be adapted for the particular record structure. Such program design is troublesome and time consuming. In addition, each firm or company generally requires a large number of different types of files, and therefore is obliged to
20 design, individually, a large number of programs corresponding to the respective files.

 Furthermore, each firm uses a large number of types of business slips or forms, including, for example, order-acceptance slips, sales slips, purchase slips,
25 and transfer slips of traveling-expense statement of accounts, credit slips, and the like. Throughout the following description, such slips, forms, records, etc. are referred to as "slips" for ease of designation. In general, each firm or company has its own input
30 record formats for the above various types of slips. Accordingly, an input processing program must be individually designed in correspondence with the various types of slips of the respective users. Therefore, a great deal of labor and time is required to design the individual system satisfying the requirements of each user.
35

 Furthermore, each program is described to have a set of procedures of inputting, updating, and outputting

of a file. Therefore, when the contents of files or input or output records are updated for a change of the line of business and the like, a large number of modifications are required for each program. Such
5 modifications for an entire system are not easily accomplished, and in some cases, a system must be redesigned.

An object of the present invention is to provide a data processing system which can uniformly and automati-
10 cally process all the data, and which can correspond to data processing operations of various industrial sectors and lines of business without requiring generating of individual user's specific programs.

The present invention includes various aspects,
15 some of which are summarized below.

According to a first aspect of the invention, a data processing apparatus comprises input record storage means for storing input record; update designation data storage means for storing designation data for
20 transforming an input record into an update record, the designation data comprising data for designating a record keyword, data for designating a data word, a file keyword and data for designating the contents of an update word; update record generating means, coupled
25 to said input record storage means and to said update record designation data storage means, for extracting words serving as the record keyword and the data word from the input record stored in said input record storage means, in accordance with the designation data
30 in said update designation data storage means, and for generating an update record comprising the extracted record keyword, the extracted data word, the file keyword, and the designated update word; update record storage means, coupled to said update record generating
35 means, for storing the generated update record; file storage means for storing a record comprising a record keyword and data word by file and in accordance with the

record keyword; update processing means, coupled to said file storage means and to said update record storage means, for reading out the generated update record from said update record storage means, and for performing
5 a processing of a type corresponding to data of the update word in the generated update record, on the records in the file stored in said file storage means and designated by the record keyword; and wherein the generated update record includes an update word designating the type of the processing.
10

According to a second aspect of the invention, a data processing method comprises inputting input record; designating designation data for transforming an input record into an update record, the designation
15 data comprising data for designating a record keyword, data for designating a data word, a file keyword and data for designating the contents of an update word; extracting words serving as the record keyword and the data word from the input record, in accordance with
20 the designated designation data, and generating an update record comprising the extracted record keyword, the extracted data word, the file keyword, and the designated update word; storing a record comprising a record keyword and data word by file and in accordance
25 with the record keyword; and performing a processing of a type corresponding to data of the update word in the generated update record, on the stored records designated by the record keyword.

According to a third aspect of the invention, a
30 data processing apparatus comprises file storage means for storing records with reference to a record keyword, each of the records comprising a record keyword and a data word; output record designating means for designating a record keyword for a record to be read out from
35 said file storage means; output record generating means, coupled to said file storage means and to said output record designating means, for reading out a record from

said file storage means in accordance with the designation by said output record designating means, and for generating an output record; output record storage means, coupled to said output record generating means, 5 for storing the generated output record; and wherein record keywords in respective records stored in said file storage means are weighted to form a code constituting the record keyword; and said output record designating means includes means for designating a 10 number of digits of the code, the code constituting the record keyword of the respective records stored in said file storage means; and said output record generating means includes means for generating a new output record from the output record read out from said file storage 15 means, a record keyword of the new output record being derived from the designated number of digits.

According to a fourth aspect of the invention, a data processing method comprises storing records with reference to a record keyword, each of the records 20 comprising a record keyword and a data word, and wherein record keywords in respective said stored records are weighted to form a code constituting the record keyword; designating a record keyword for a record to be read out from said stored records; reading out a record from said 25 stored records in accordance with said designated record keyword, and generating an output record; said step of designating includes designating a number of digits of the code, the code constituting the record keyword of the respective said stored records; and said step of 30 generating includes generating a new output record from said read out record, a record keyword of the new output record being derived from said designated number of digits.

As described above, according to the aspects of 35 the present invention, all the data are arranged and consolidated in such a manner that the data can be processed uniformly and automatically. The data

processing system according to the aspect of the present invention operates based on data itself, unlike a conventional data processing system wherein a location in which data are stored must be specified. The data

5 processing system according to the aspect of the present invention is so designed that the contents of data input processing, file updating processing and data output processing are analyzed and divided into a plurality of processing steps. The respective processing steps can
10 be executed independently in a uniform and automatic manner. More specifically, each processing step can be executed by a common program independent of a format of a slip. Further, the contents of data to be processed in each of the processing steps may comprise a data
15 designating data itself such as a record keyword and a word No. and the like. Thus, even if the data have various different formats, the designation data can permit all the necessary processings to be executed without requiring dedicated user's specific programs.

20 This invention can be more fully understood from the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a view showing an overall arrangement of a data processing apparatus according to the present
25 invention;

Fig. 2 is a view for explaining an operation of input processing unit 12;

Fig. 3 is a view for explaining an operation of basic record generating unit 13;

30 Fig. 4 is a view for explaining an operation of update record generating unit 14;

Figs. 5A and 5B are views showing storage statuses of update records in update record memory 23;

35 Figs. 6A and 6B are views showing storage statuses of files in file memory 24;

Fig. 7 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of file update processing unit 15;

Fig. 8 is a view showing a specific example of records in file memory 24;

Fig. 9 is a view explaining a code system of a commodity code;

5 Fig. 10 is a view showing an example of a designation data in output record designation memory 26;

 Figs. 11(a), 11(b), and 11(c) show storage statuses of output records in generated record memory 21, and Fig. 12 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of
10 output record generating unit 25;

 Fig. 13 is a view showing a specific example of records stored in generated record memory 21;

 Figs. 14A - 14C are views showing storage statuses of records stored in file memory 24;

15 Fig. 15 is a view showing an example of a designation data stored in output format designation memory 28, and Figs. 16A - 16E are views for explaining the contents of the respective designation data;

 Fig. 17 is a flowchart showing an operation of
20 output processing unit 27, and Figs. 18A - 18D show print statuses of output data;

 Fig. 19 shows a partially enlarged print status;

 Fig. 20 is a view showing another example of the designation data stored in output format designation
25 memory 28;

 Fig. 21 is a flowchart showing another operation of output processing unit 27;

 Figs. 22 and 23 are views showing print statuses of output data; and

30 Figs. 24 through 29C are views for explaining another embodiment wherein Fig. 24 is an arrangement of an overall system of the data processing apparatus according to the present invention, Fig. 25 is a view showing the designation data stored in record designation memory 33, Fig. 26 is a view showing the
35 designation data stored in file designation memory 37, Figs. 27A - 27D show details of the designation data

shown in Fig. 23, Fig. 28 is a flowchart for showing a file-updating operation, and Figs. 29A through 29C are views showing another example of a word arrangement constituting a basic record.

5 An embodiment of the present invention will now be described with reference to Figs. 1 through 20.

Fig. 1 shows an overall arrangement of a data processing apparatus according to the present invention. Input unit 11 inputs slip data and the like, and comprises setting keys for preliminarily setting various designation data, numeric keys for inputting data, and function keys and the like. Input processing unit 12, basic record generating unit 13, update record generating unit 14, and file update processing unit 15 are connected in tandem to input unit 11. Input record designation memory 16, basic record designation memory 17, update record designation memory 18, and update memory 19 are connected to input processing unit 12, basic record generating unit 13, update record generating unit 14, and file update record processing unit 15, respectively. Furthermore, generated record memory 21, basic record memory 22, update record memory 23, and file memory 24 are connected to input processing unit 12, basic record generating unit 13, update record generating unit 14, and file update processing unit 15, respectively. Predetermined data from input unit 11 are set in input record designation memory 16, basic record designation memory 17, and update record designation memory 18, respectively. The details of the respective designation data are described later. Input record designation memory 16 stores the correspondence between word Nos. and word contents of a record to be generated and the word contents. The word contents represents an "input word", an "index word", a "calculation word" and the like. Basic record designation memory 17 stores the correspondence between the respective word Nos. of a basic record to be described later and the respective

word Nos. of a record stored in generated record memory 21. Update record designation memory 18 stores data representing the correspondence between the respective words of an update record comprising a single or a plurality of record keywords and data words, and the respective words of a basic record. Furthermore, memory 18 stores a file keyword designating a file to be updated and data designating the contents of the update.

10 Input processing unit 12 processes the data input from input unit 11 in accordance with the word contents stored in input record designation memory 16, writes a record corresponding to the set word No. in generated record memory 21, and starts basic record generating unit 13 after one record has been written in memory 21. Basic record generating unit 13 transforms the generated record written in generated record memory 21 into a basic record in accordance with the contents stored in basic record designation memory 17, and writes the transformed record in basic record memory 22. Further, basic record generating unit 13 starts update record generating unit 14 after completing the writing, in basic record memory 22, of basic records corresponding to a single slip which amounts to a single or a plurality of records. Update record generating unit 14 generates an update record from a basic record in accordance with the contents set in update record designation memory 18, and writes the update record in update record memory 23. The update record to be written in update record memory 23 comprises a file keyword, a single or a plurality of record keywords, contents of update, and data words.

35 File update processing unit 15 is activated in response to an update-record-generating completion instruction from update record generating unit 14, or an update designation instruction from input device 11 when a batch processing is performed. Unit 15 updates

the records within a corresponding file stored in file memory 24, using update memory 19 and in accordance with the file keyword and the record keywords in the update record. Update memory 19 comprises a random access
5 memory (RAM), for example, and has areas of A, B, and C used as a work memory, respectively.

A group of records each comprising a single or a plurality of record keywords and data words are stored by file and in the order of the keyword, in file memory
10 24. The respective records stored in file memory 24 are read out by output record generating unit 25. Output record designation memory 26 is connected to output record generating unit 25. Output record designation memory 26 prestores designation data for generating the
15 output record, for example a file keyword, retrieval condition, generated word, word contents, and the like, from input unit 11. Output record generating unit 25 is activated in response to an output designation instruction from input unit 11, generates a record in
20 accordance with the contents set in output record designation memory 26, and writes the record in generated record memory 21. The record stored in generated record memory 21 is read out by output processing unit 27, output into a predetermined position with a predetermined format in accordance with the designation data
25 preliminarily set in output form designation memory 28, and then printed or displayed on an output unit such as a printer or a display unit.

An operation of the above-described embodiment will
30 now be described. The respective word data in an input record based on a slip and the like are input from input unit 11, and are then supplied to input processing unit 12. Upon receiving the data, input processing unit 12 refers to the designation data stored in input record
35 designation memory 16 as shown in Fig. 2, processes the input respective word data in the order of the word No., and in accordance with the word contents "W1, W2, ...,

Wn (input, index, calculation and the like)" corresponding to word No. "I1, I2, ..., In", and sequentially writes the processed results in generated record memory 21 as the word data "m1, m2, ..., mn". When the word contents is an "input word", unit 12 sets the input word data in a word position corresponding to the word No., in generated record memory 21. When the word content is an "index word", unit 12 refers to an incorporated index memory (not shown), transforms the input word data, e.g., a code data into a character data, and sets the character data in a position corresponding to the word No. of record memory 21. When the word contents is a "calculation word", unit 12 executes a calculation formula of the words and stores the calculation result in the corresponding word position in generated record memory 21. The calculation formula is defined by using the word Nos. For example, when the word contents "W3" is defined by "I1 x I2", unit 12 reads the word data "m1" and "m2" represented by word No. "I1" and "I2" from generated record memory 21 and multiplies them. Word data "m3" representing the multiplied value is stored in a position of input word No. "I3" in generated record memory 21.

As described above, input processing unit 12 performs processing operations corresponding to the respective word contents stored in input record designation memory 16, and upon completion of storing all the data in one record into generated record memory 12, it activates basic record generating unit 13.

Basic record generating unit 13 is activated in response to an instruction from input processing unit 12, and generates a basic record based on a record stored in generated record memory 12 in accordance with the designation data stored in basic record designation memory 17. More specifically, basic record designation memory 17 shown in Fig. 3 stores designation data

representing a correspondence between respective word
Nos. "I1, I2, ..., In" in generated record memory 21 and
respective word Nos. "S1, S2, ..., Sn" in basic record
memory 22. Basic record generating unit 13 arranges
5 the respective word data "m1, m2, ..., mn" in a record
stored in generated record memory 21 in the order
designated by the designation data stored in basic
record designation memory 17 and then stores them in
memory 17. Alternatively, unit 13 generates a specific
10 word defined by the type of the input record, and stores
the word in basic record memory 22. For example, as
shown in Fig. 3, when word Nos. "I2, I4, I5, ..., I7"
in the generated record are set to be correspond to the
word Nos. "S1, S2, S3, ..., Sn" in the basic record,
15 basic record generating unit 13 arranges the word data
in generated record memory 21 in the order of "m2, m4,
m5, ..., m7", and then stores the word data in basic
record memory 22 as a basic record. As described above,
basic record generating unit 13 generates the basic
20 records for a single slip each comprising a single
or a plurality of basic records, and then writes the
generated records in basic record memory 22. When
an input indication data indicating a completion of
inputting data for a single slip is input to basic
25 record generating unit 13 through input processing unit
12, unit 13 activates update record generating unit 14.

Update record generating unit 14 updates the basic
records stored in basic record memory 22 to generate
update records in accordance with the designation data
30 from update record designation memory 18, and then
writes the updated records in update record memory 23.
Update record designation memory 18 preliminarily
stores, as shown in Fig. 4, data designating word No.
of the basic record indicating a single or a plurality
35 of record keywords and data words, update contents, and
a file name to be updated. For example, designation
data 18-1 designates "total", "F2", "S2, S3", and "S5,

S6, S1, S4" as the update contents, the file keyword, the record keyword, and the data word, respectively. In this case, two record keywords are designated. Furthermore, designation data 18-2 designates "total",
5 "F3", "S1", and "S13, S14" as the update contents, file keyword, record keyword, and data word, respectively. In this case, a single record keyword is designated. The update contents in the designation
10 data designates any one of "addition", "deletion", "total", "correction", and "addition and total". Update record generating unit 14 generates the update record from the basic record stored in basic record memory 22 in accordance with the designation data. For example, unit 14 generates update record 23-1 having "total",
15 "F2", "m4, m5", and "m1, m9, m2, m6" as the update contents, file keyword, record keyword, and data word, respectively. Other update records are similarly generated and stored in update record memory 23. The respective words of the update record stored in update
20 record memory 23 are divided by delimiters "," and ";", and the respective update records are divided by delimiter "(". Each update record has a variable length. In each of the update records, record delimiter "(" is followed by words indicating the "update contents",
25 "file keyword", and "record keyword". The record keyword comprises a single or a plurality of words which are individually divided by delimiter ",". Further, delimiter ";" is followed by data words.

Fig. 5A shows an update record having the "update
30 contents" of one word. However, the update record may have the "update contents" as shown in Fig. 5B. More specifically, as shown in Fig. 5B, when the update content is total, a sign "+" or "-" indicating "addition" or "subtraction" is appended to the words to be totaled.
35 If the update contents is "correction", a sign "*" is appended to the data word to be corrected. If it is the "deletion", the update record may have only the record

keyword without appending the data words. If it is "addition", the record keyword and the data word to be added are added in the update record. In other words, if the update record comprises only a file keyword and the record keyword(s), the update contents means "deletion". Upon a file update processing, if file update processing unit 15 finds, in file memory 24, no record having a record keyword identical to the record keyword of the update record, the update processing means "addition". On the contrary, if unit 15 finds the record in file memory 24, it checks the data word whether "+", "-", or "*" is appended thereto. If "+" or "-" is appended to the data word, unit 15 determines that the update contents means "total". If "*" is appended to the data word, it determines that the update contents means "correction". Thus, unit 15 can perform the corresponding processing operation on a file to be updated.

File memory 24 stores, as shown in Fig. 6A, a number of records each comprising the record keywords and the data words in the order of the file keywords and the records in a file are arranged in the order of the record keywords. In Fig. 6A, " ", "(", ",", and ";" represent a file delimiter, a record delimiter, a word delimiter, and a delimiter indicating a record keyword and a data word. Further, "F1", "F2", ... represent file keywords, and "m" indicates a variable data comprising bytes corresponding to the length of an effective data. Each word and record in file memory 24 has only packed transaction data. In each file, the number of record keywords in the respective records are identical. Files F1 and F2 have three and two record keywords, respectively. In the example of Fig. 6A, delimiter ";" is used between a record keyword and a data word. However, a predetermined number of words from the beginning of a record may be defined as a keyword. In this case, file update processing unit 15

may be designed to recognize a predetermined number of words from the beginning of the record as the keyword. Further, each file may have a different number of record keywords by preliminarily storing in a memory the number of record keywords for every file. Fig. 6B shows another record format stored in file memory 24. A single or a plurality of words divided by a first delimiter "." from the beginning of a record represent a record keyword. For example, in file F1, "m, m, m." are the record keywords. The record keywords "m, m, m." are further divided individually by another delimiter ",", ". The words following the first delimiter "." represent data words. These data words are individually divided by delimiter ".". Although, a record keyword is normally displaced in the beginning of a record, it may be displaced in any position within the record unless it is preliminarily fixed.

File update processing unit 15 is activated in response to an instruction from update record generating unit 14 or an update designation instruction from input unit 11, and executes the file update processing shown in a flowchart of Fig. 7. More specifically, unit 15 sorts the update records in update record memory 23 in the order of the file keyword and in the order of the record keyword in the file. (step A1 in Fig. 7)

Unit 15 then reads out all the update records having an identical file keyword from memory 23, and writes them in area A of update memory 19. (step A2). Further, unit 15 reads out all file the records having the corresponding file keyword from file memory 24 and writes them in area B of update memory 19. (step A3) Unit 15 sequentially compares the record keywords of the records stored in areas A and B in update memory 19, and updates a record in area B corresponding to an update record in area A in accordance with the update contents of the update record. (step A4) The updated records or the records in area B which have not been updated are

written in area C in update memory 19 in the order of the keywords, for example with the keywords in ascending or descending numerical order, as desired. When the update processing for the records stored in areas A and B is completed, the updated records stored in area C of update memory 19 are written in a new area in file memory 24. (step A5) Then, it is determined whether the update processing of the update records corresponding to all the file keywords stored in update record memory 23 has been completed. (step A6) If the processing has not been completed, unit 15 returns to step A2 and performs the update processing for the update records corresponding to the remaining file keywords. When the update processing in steps A2 through A6 is repetitively performed for all the update records in memory 23, the file update processing is completed.

The update processing in step A4 wherein the update record is updated in accordance with the update contents will now be described.

If the update contents indicates the "addition", records to be added having record keywords and data words in the update record are inserted, in the order of the record keywords, in the records which are read out from file memory 24 and stored in area B of update memory 19. In case of "deletion", records in area B which are coincident with the record keyword in the update record are deleted. In this case, by designating only the upper word of the record keyword, or the upper digit of the record keyword, all the records in area B which are coincident with the designation can also be deleted. When the update contents is "total", among the data words of the respective records in area B which are coincide with the record keyword, the data designated by the data word of the update record is added to the corresponding word. If the data word in the update record is negative, the data is subtracted from the corresponding word. When the update contents is

"correction", among the words of the respective records in area B which coincide with the record keyword in the update record, the words corresponding to the data words in the update record are corrected to become the word data designated by the data word in the update record. When the update contents is "addition and total", if the records which coincide with the record keyword in the update record exist in area B, a similar operation as "total" is performed, and if no such records exist, a similar operation such as "addition" is performed.

As described above, the records input by input unit 11 are updated for each of the corresponding files in file memory 24. An example of a file stored in file memory 24 is shown in Fig. 8. In Fig. 8, the start word in each record designated by word No. "01" is a record keyword, and more specifically an item code is stored as the record keyword. Words designated by word No. "11", "12", ... in each of the records are data words in which "a unit price", "amount" and the like are stored. Each word comprises a variable length data. Each word is divided by a word delimiter code ",", and a record delimiter code "(" is inserted in the beginning of the record. The records are arranged in ascending order of the record keywords and are packed and stored in a memory without providing any space such as a leading zero. The item code used as a record keyword in each record has a code system shown in Fig. 9. For example, item codes "111", "112", ... denotes "watch A", "watch B", and the like. The item codes shown in Fig. 9 also represents "large classification" and "medium classification". The uppermost and the upper two digits in each item code represent the large classification and the medium classification, respectively. For example, "11" and "12" represent a "watch" and a "clock", respectively. Further, "1" and "2" of the uppermost digit in each item code represent a "watch" and a "pocket calculator", respectively. More specifically, the

codes used as the record keyword of the item codes and the like are weighted corresponding to the large classification, medium classification and the like in the order from the upper to lower digits in each code.

5 When a record has a plurality of record keywords, they are weighted sequentially from the first to the last digit. A code used as the record keyword comprises a variable length data. When an item code for a new item name "watch Ba" is set between item codes "112" and
10 "113", the item code for the new item may be set as "1121". Therefore, the addition of a new record can be facilitated. The record keywords can be weighted from the last to the first digit, or in any other desired order.

15 As described above, file memory 24 stores records corresponding to an item code, but stores no records regarding the large and medium classification. Further, each record has no word data corresponding to "a total amount". These records and word data are arbitrarily
20 generated by output record generating unit 25 as described below.

Fig. 10 shows an example of the designation data in output record designation memory 26. Fig. 12 is a flow chart showing an operation of output record generating
25 unit 25. In accordance with the designation data in output record designation memory 26, an output record as shown in Fig. 13 is generated from a record in file memory 24 and stored in generated record memory 21. An operation of generating the output record will now
30 be described.

Output record designation memory 26 stores a file keyword and a retrieval condition as a designation data for retrieving and reading a predetermined file and record from file memory 24. Furthermore, memory 26
35 stores output record generating words with its word contents. Furthermore, in order to generate the output record corresponding to the weight of the record

keyword, memory 26 (see Fig. 10) stores designation data of generating renit 3 (renit means a record unit), generating renit 2, and generating renit 1. The output record generating word can designate an arbitrary
5 number of words constituting an output record. In this example, word Nos. ".1", ".2", and ".3" of the output record generating word correspond to "a01 > 1", "a01 > 2", and "a01 < 3", respectively. The "a" of the word contents of "a01 > 1" represents a record (a source
10 record) retrieved and read out from file memory 24, and "a01" represents a word of word No. "01" of the source record. Output records can be collected or sorted at an arbitrary classification or totalizing level by using the upper record keyword portion (i.e., upper level
15 digits), and the output records having various levels can be collected and totaled. Fig. 10 shows an example of collecting the output records up to level three. Each sorting or collecting level is called a "renit" (an abbreviation of a record unit). Generation renit
20 3 designates an output record with a lowest level generated from the source record. Generation renit 2 designates output records collected at an upper level from the output records generated under the designation of generation renit 3. Generation renit 1 designates
25 output records collected at further upper level generated from the output records generated under the designation of generation renit 2. A record keyword of an output record of generation renit 3 comprises three words designated by the word contents corresponding to generation word ".1", ".2", and ".3". A
30 record keyword of an output record of generation renit 2 comprises two words designated by word contents ".1" and ".2". Similarly, a record keyword of an output record of generation renit 1 comprises one word designated by the word content ".1". For example, since
35 the record keyword of generation renit 3 comprises word contents "a01 > 1", "a01 > 2", and "a01 > 3"

corresponding to ".1", ".2", and ".3", the first word ".1" of the record keyword is set a first digit of the word data of word No. "01" of the source record. Similarly, the second word is set the second digit of the word data of word No. "01". Furthermore, the third word is set the remaining digits of the word data of word No. "01". The "b" of word contents "b.1/T" represents an output record, and "b.1" designates to read out the word data of word No. ".1" of the output record. Accordingly, word contents "b.1/T" set corresponding to generation word "11" is a designation data for reading out the word data of word No. ".1" of the output record, further reading out the corresponding data from table memory T (not shown) and sets the readout data as the word data of word No. "11" of the output record of generation renit 1. More specifically, an item name corresponding to an item code read out from word ".1" is read out from table memory T and written in an output record as the word data of word No. "11". Generation word 11 corresponding to generation renit 2 is set to have word content "b.1&b.2/T". This word content designates that respective word data of word Nos. ".1" and ".2" of the output record are combined, and a data corresponding to the combined data is read out from table memory T, and the read out data is used as the word data of word No. "11" of the output record of generation renit 2. The word No. "11" of the output record of generation renit 3 is set "a01/T" as the word content. In this case, a data corresponding to the word data of word No. "11" is read out from table memory T and the read out data is stored as the word data of word No. "11". As described above, when "1" is designated in the respective generation renits corresponding to generation words "12", "13", "14", and so on, the word data are generated in accordance with the respective word contents. Note that "C1" of the generation word is a console word which is used for temporarily storing

a generated word, and for performing a calculation between renits in accordance with the temporarily stored word.

An operation of output record generating unit 25 will now be described with reference to the flowchart shown in Figs. 11(a) through 11(c) and 12. Prior to the processing shown in the flowchart, assume that records having a designated file keyword and retrieval condition (for example, a condition of a specified word having a specified value or more, and the like) are read out from file memory 24 and stored in generated record memory 21. In the following example, assume that all the records in the file shown in Fig. 8 are read into generated record memory 21. In step B1 of Fig. 12, output record generating unit 25 reads out from output record designation memory 26 a designation data of renit n having a lowest level, e.g., of renit 3 in the example of Fig. 10, and generates the respective word data of the output record in accordance with the designation data. For example, unit 25 generates an output record "1, 1, 1, watch A, 1000, 50, 500000, ," from a source record "111, 1000, 50," in file memory 24 shown in Fig. 8. At this time, the word of word No. "15" in the output record is not generated. Similarly, unit 25 generates, in accordance with the designation data of renit 3, the output records from all the source records, and then writes them in generated record memory 21. In step B2, unit 25 sorts the output records in the order of the record keyword. If unit 25 finds a plurality of output records having an identical record keyword, it totals up the respective data words in the output records to generate a single output record. Unit 25 thus generates an output record corresponding to renit 3 and stores it in generated record memory 21 as output record file f3 as shown in Fig. 11(a). In step B3, unit 25 determines the presence or absence of a designation data regarding next renit. If the presence of the designation data is

determined, unit 25 generates an output record in accordance with the designation data corresponding to renit 2 in output record designation memory 26. For example, in generation word No. "13" and "14", "1" indicating "totals up" to upper-level renit is designated, unit 25 totals up the word data of word Nos. 13 and 14 of the output record of renit 3, and sets the totaled word as the word data of word Nos. "13" and "14" of the output record of renit 2. In step B5, unit 25 performs a calculation within a renit. For example, unit 25 stores word data of word No. "14" generated in renit 2 in console word "C1". Unit 25 performs processings of steps B3 through B5 in accordance with the designations of the respective renits to generate and store in generated record memory 21 output record files f2 and f1 according to the respective renits, as shown in Figs. 11B and 11C. If absence of renit next to be designated is determined in step B3, unit 25 moves to step B6 to perform a calculation between renits. For example, unit 25 computes a ratio of a word generated in generation renit 2, e.g. console word "C1" to a word of word No. "15" of the output record of generation renit 3. This ratio may be a ratio of profit to sales. Unit 25 stores the computation result in generated record memory 21 as the corresponding word data of the respective records of generation renit 3. In step B7, unit 25 rearranges all the output records in generated record memory 21 in the order of the renits. More specifically, unit 25 rearranges all the output records in ascending order based on the record keywords within word ".1", ".2", and ".3" of the output record. The result of the rearrangement is shown in Fig. 12. In this example, output records are rearranged in ascending order of the renits. However, the output records may be rearranged in descending order or in a designated order of the renits.

In the example described above, the output records

of the upper level renits are generated in accordance with the designation data in output record designation memory 26. However, the records corresponding to the upper-level renits may be preliminarily stored in file memory 24. In this case, when the generation of the update record is designated in update record designation memory 18, a record keyword corresponding to the upper-level renit may be designated in memory 18. In accordance with the designated record keyword, update record generating unit 14 may generate the update record corresponding to the upper-level renit. In this case, records corresponding to the upper-level renit are generated in file memory 24 as shown in Fig. 14A due to the update processing of file update processing unit 15 to be described later. In Fig. 14A, each word of word Nos. "01", "02", and "03" is a record keyword. The respective records are arranged and stored in the order of the record keywords. Figs. 14B and 14C show another storage formats of the records shown in Fig. 14A. In Fig. 14B, a data designating a level of a renit is stored in word No. "01", and a keyword in the renit is stored in word No. "02". Fig. 14C shows an example wherein a plurality of types of record delimiters are provided corresponding to the respective renit levels. Figs. 13 and 14A - 14C are shown to include a space data in order to clarify the correspondence between a word No. and a word data. However, no space data is included when the word No. and the data word are actually stored in a memory. More specifically, word data having variable length data are divided by the delimiters and packed in a memory.

Each record generated in generated record memory 21 as described above is necessarily transformed into a basic record due to the processing of basic record generating unit 13 so that files in file memory 24 can be reupdated by update record generating unit 14 and file update processing unit 15. Further, each record

generated in generated record memory 21 is read out by output processing unit 27, and displayed or printed out by output unit 29 together with field-framing lines designating a form and the like, in accordance with the designation data in output from designation memory 28. An output processing of the form will now be described.

Fig. 15 shows an example of a designation data in output form designation memory 28. Word Nos. and field-framing lines to be output corresponding to the output records of the respective renits are designated. The beginning of the field-framing line is designated by X and Y coordinates corresponding to a screen of one page to be displayed or printed. The length of the line in a horizontal or vertical direction is designated by a length in X direction (in the right direction) and by a length in Y direction (in the left direction) from the beginning of the line, respectively. A line type is designated corresponding to each of top, bottom, left, and right edges. Line types of "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5",... denote a thick line, a medium thick line, a thin line, a dotted line, an alternate long and short dash line,..., respectively. For example, line type "1010" designates that the top edge is represented by the thick line; the bottom edge is not represented; the left edge is represented by a thick line; and the right edge is not represented, respectively.

Fig. 15 shows an example of the designation data. As shown in Fig. 15, a reference value Y2 of the respective output record is set in Y coordinate corresponding to "S" of column "renit". Reference value Y2 designates an output position of a first line in a page. In this case, each output record corresponds to each line in the page. A field-framing line form is set in portion "M" of column renit. Fig. 16A shows a field-framing line form of one line in a title portion wherein the top and left edges are output with a thin line in a position determined by the beginning point (X4, Y1) and length

(ℓ_4 , m) corresponding to an output of word data of word No. "1", the top, left, and right edges are output with a thin line in a position determined by the beginning point (X_5 , Y_1) and length (ℓ_5 , m), and these field-framing lines of word data of word Nos. "1" and "2" are combined. Fig. 16B shows a field-framing line form of one line of the output record of renit 1 wherein the top and left edges are output in a thick line in a position determined by the beginning (X_1 , Y_m) and length (ℓ_1 , m) corresponding to the output of the word data of word No. "11" of the output record, the top and left edges are output in thick and thin lines, respectively in a position determined by the beginning (X_4 , Y_m) and length (ℓ_4 , m) corresponding to the output of the word data of word No. "14", the top and right edges are output in a thick line and the left edges are output in a thin line, in a position determined by the beginning (X_5 , Y_m) and length (ℓ_5 , m) corresponding to the output of the word data of word No. "13", and the those field-framing lines are combined. Note that Y_n in Y coordinate represents a value which is successively updated by an amount of length m in Y direction based on reference value Y_2 of the field-framing line form of one line. For example, when data are printed on fifth line, Y_n is represented as $Y_n = Y_2 + 5 \times m$. Similarly, the field-framing line forms as shown in Figs. 16C through 16D are output in accordance with the designation data of the respective renits. The field-framing line form of Fig. 16E which is set corresponding to "R" in column renit represents a completion form which is output after no output records exist or immediately before changing to a new page. The field-framing line form of Fig. 16E is used to output a delimitation of the forms within a page. A word data output with the field-framing line is read out from an output record in generated record memory 21 corresponding to the designated word No. in output form designation memory 28. The read out word

data is arranged in a form determined by the output position of the field-framing line form of word unit which are set corresponding to the respective words. A word type designates a print form of a word data to
5 be printed in the field-framing line form of the word unit. For example, it designates whether word data are printed right or left justified with respect to the field-framing line form of word unit, or to print each character of word data with proportional justification
10 within the field-framing line form. The word type further designates a size of a character, and the like. The description of the contents of the word type is omitted in Fig. 15.

An operation of output processing unit 27 will now
15 be described with reference to a flowchart in Fig. 17. In step C1, output processing unit 27 prints, as shown in Fig. 18A, the field-framing line form of title M preliminarily designated in output form designation memory 28, and word data designated by word Nos. "1" and
20 "2", e.g., characters such as "amount", "quantity". Note that the word data of the title is preliminarily set. In step C2, unit 27 reads out the first output record from generated record memory 21, and in steps C3, reads out, from output form designation memory 28, the
25 designation data of the renit corresponding to the renit of the output record, generates an output record of word data designated by the respective word No. of the designation data, together with field-framing lines corresponding to the respective word Nos., and then
30 outputs the generated the output record of word data to output unit 29. Fig. 18B shows a print state of the output record. As shown in Fig. 18B, word data of word Nos. "11", "14", and "13" in the first record in generated record memory 21 in Fig. 13 are printed
35 together with the field-framing lines. Steps C2 and C3 are repeated until all the output records in generated record memory 21 are output. As a result, print outputs

as shown in Figs. 18C and 18D are obtained. In step C4, when unit 27 detects that no other output records exist, it reads out from output form designation memory 28 the field-framing lines of the completion form which has been preliminarily designated in memory 28, and prints field-framing lines. In this case, a thick line having a length corresponding to a horizontal field-framing line and line type of renit 1 is printed. In the designation of the print position of the field-framing line in output form memory 28, Y coordinates of the respective beginning points can be obtained only by designating as a reference value the output position Y2 of the first record. To obtain the Y coordinates of the respective beginning points, thereafter, unit 27 successively updates, in step C3 the reference value by an amount of length m in Y direction of a line. When unit 27 outputs the field-framing line in a new page, it resets the Y coordinate data to the reference value Y2, and updates the Y coordinate data each time one-line printing is completed. Similarly, the designation of the print position of the data can be performed only by designating the output position of the first output record as a reference value.

In the above example, the outputs of the respective word data and the field-framing lines surrounding the four edges of the respective word data has been described. However, the outputs of a record data for one line and the field-framing lines surrounding the four edges of the record data can also be designated in a lump, i.e., in a record unit. More specifically, the output position of the record data and the output position of the field-framing lines surrounding four edges of the record data are set in output form memory 28. Output processing unit 27 outputs the record data and the field-framing line data in positions designated by the designation data in memory 28. The output position of the respective data in Y direction

is automatically updated by an amount of length of one line in Y direction based on the output position of the first record in a page every time one line of data are printed. When vertical field-framing lines delimiting the respective words in a record for one line are necessarily output, the output position and the line types of the respective field-framing lines are designated. Further, by differentiating the output positions and the line types of the field-framing lines for every renits of the record data, the printed form is easy to see since the respective data are arranged in units of renit. In order to designate this, the output positions or the types of the field-framing lines of the records for every renit can be set in output form designation memory 28.

In step C3 of Fig. 17, unit 25 prints data and the field-framing lines. In this case, unit 27 prints word data corresponding to the field-framing lines of a word unit in a position in the neighborhood of the bottom field-framing line. Fig. 16 shows a partially enlarged view of printed result shown in Figs. 18A through 18D. In Fig. 19, gap H between word data and the top field-framing line and gap L between the word data and bottom field-framing line has a relation of $H : L = 2 : 1$. Although this ratio is most preferable for printing data, a relation of $H > L$ will be satisfactory. In order to print data in accordance with the above relation, unit 27 computes, in step C3, $H = (p-q) \times 2/3$, $L = (p-q)/3$ where p represents a length of field-framing line for one line in Y direction, and q represents a length of a character pattern of a word data in the longitudinal direction. The data p and q are set in a designation data in output form designation memory 28. Thus, unit 27 outputs data in accordance with the computed H and L.

In the print example shown in Fig. 18D, an operation of printing record data of a single page has

been described. An operation of printing a plurality of pages due to increased record data will now be described.

Fig. 20 shows a designation data in output form designation memory 28 when printing a plurality of pages. In place of completion form "R" shown in Fig. 15, "R1", "R2", and "R3" are provided. The remaining designation data are identical with those shown in Fig. 15, and therefore are omitted in Fig. 20. "R1" through "R3" are completion forms corresponding to renits 1 through 3, respectively.

Fig. 21 is a flow chart for explaining a processing operation of output processing unit 27. This processing operation comprises the flowchart shown in Fig. 15 and an operation of printing a plurality of pages. Steps C1 through C5 in Fig. 21 are identical to steps C1 through C5 in Fig. 17, except that in step C3 in Fig. 21, a type of renit of the record data to be printed is preliminarily stored in output processing unit 27. In step C5, output unit 27 prints a completion form corresponding to "R1" in output form designation memory 28. Output processing unit 27 determines whether a record data to be printed next exist. If it exists, unit 27 moves to step C6 and determines whether data can be printed in a predetermined print area of a sheet. More specifically, unit 27 determines whether a page change is required. If no page change is determined, unit 27 returns to step C2. If a page change is determined, unit 27 executes step C7. More specifically, unit 27 reads the next record data from generated record memory 21 in step C7. In step C8, unit 27 compares the renit of the record data which has been printed in step C3 with the renit of the record data to be printed next which has been read out in step C7. If the renit of the record data which has been printed is larger than the renit of the record data to be printed next, unit 27 executes step C9. On the other hand, if the renit of the printed record data

is smaller or equal to than the renit of the record data to be printed next, unit 27 executes step C10. In step C9, unit 27 reads out from output form designation memory 28 in Fig. 17 and prints the completion form
5 corresponding to the renit of the next record data. In step C10, unit 27 prints the completion form corresponding to the renit of the record data which has been printed in step C3. More specifically, if the renit of the next record data is smaller than the renit of the
10 previous printed record data, i.e., if the record data to be printed in the first line of the succeeding page is a record data designating an upper total level, unit 27 prints the completion form of the same renit as that of this record data. As a result, it can be clearly
15 shown that the record data of the lower total level which has been printed in the bottom line of the page are completed within this page. In step C11, unit 27 performs a processing operation of changing a page such as resetting Y coordinate data to a reference value Y2,
20 and then returns to step C1. In a processing of step C2 immediately after changing a page, the record data for the first line of the page have already been read out in step C7, and the record data are not read out again.

Figs. 22 and 23 show printed examples wherein
25 Fig. 22 shows a print example of a first page, and Fig. 23 shows a print example of a second page. A record data in the bottom line in page 1 is a record data of renit 3, and a record data in the top line in the second page is a record data of renit 2. As shown
30 in this example, the print format of the completion format clearly shows that the three lines from the bottom of the first page are the record data of renit 3, and the print of the record data is completed within the first page. A printed material spanned over a
35 plurality of pages can easily be recognized depending on lengths 7, 8, and 9 of the completion form to be printed on the bottom line in the first page shown in

Fig. 22. More specifically, it can easily be recognized whether the record data having a same collection level are printed over a next page, and the type of the renit of the record data for the top line of the next page.

5 In the examples described above, record data are printed for every other line. When the record data are displayed on a CRT and the like, or printed on a page printer which prints data in a page unit, the record data are written in a page memory of one page for every
10 other line. In this case, the changing of the length of the completion form is useful.

 Further, in the above embodiment a single slip is output for one page. When a plurality of slips are
15 parallelly output in a page, the changing of the length of the completion forms is also applied to outputting the field-framing line form for the record data in the bottom line of the slip and the record data, in the top position of the succeeding slip.

 Another embodiment of the present invention will
20 now be described with reference to Figs. 24 through 29C.

 Fig. 24 shows a system arrangement of a data processing unit. In Fig. 24, data input from input unit 31 are supplied to record processing unit 32. Record
25 processing unit 32 makes a correspondence between input words and basic words in accordance with a designation data in record designation memory 33, and generates a single basic record per transaction. Fig. 25 shows a designation data in record designation memory 33. As is
30 apparent from Fig. 25, a single basic record comprises 13 basic words. These basic words are necessary for updating the respective files to be described later. These basic words are "year/month/date", "slip No.", "amount", "debtor account", "debtor client", "debtor
35 details", "creditor account", "creditor client", "creditor details", "the person in charge", "item code", "quantity", and "unit price". These basic words are set in correspondence with the input words. The

correspondence between the input words and the basic words is set in basic word table 33 shown in Fig. 25. Note that the "debtor detail" may comprise "list of articles of a debtor", "quantity of a debtor", and "unit price of a debtor", and the "creditor details" may
5 comprise "list of articles of a creditor", "quantity of a creditor", and "unit price of a creditor". In this case, "list of articles", "quantity", and "unit price" of the 11th through 13th words can be omitted. When the
10 designation data are set in record designation memory 33, a word comprising "list of article of a debtor", "quantity of a debtor", and "unit price of a debtor" is set for a word of "debtor details", and a word comprising "list of articles of a creditor", "quantity of a
15 creditor", and "unit price of a creditor" is set for a word of "creditor details". More specifically, when data are input from input unit 31, a label of the input word is displayed on a display unit 34. A correspondence between the input data and the basic word data is
20 made in accordance with a designation data in record designation memory 33, to thereby generate a basic record. The basic records generated for every transaction by record processing unit 32 are sequentially stored in basic record file 35. The basic records
25 stored in basic record file 35 are read into update record generating unit 36 in response to an update instruction from input unit 31, and update records are generated by file in accordance with the designation data according to files which are set in file designation
30 memory 37. Fig. 26 shows a format of the designation data set in file designation memory 37. File names, contents of update, and correspondence between a file word and a basic word can be arbitrarily set. Input unit 31 sets data in file designation memory 37.
35 Input unit 31 further sets designation data to be set in record designation memory 33.

Figs. 27A through 27D show an example of the

respective data for four types of files set by input unit 31. For example, Fig. 27A shows an update of a total account file among files to be described later. More specifically, Fig. 27A shows that the contents of the update is "totalization", the word arrangement of the update record (this word arrangement is same as that of the corresponding file) comprises "our account", "year/month", "debt amount", and "credit amount". Among these words, "our account" and "year/month" serve as the file keyword. Each file word corresponds to the basic word of "debtor account", "year/month", "amount", and "/". A data corresponding to a word of "debtor account" in the basic record is processed as the word data of "our account" in the total account file. A data corresponding to a word of "year/month" is processed as the data of a word of "year/month" in the total account file. Furthermore, the data of word "amount" in the basic record is processed as the data of word "debt amount" in the total account file. Thus, the update record for updating the total account file is generated from the basic record. Figs. 27B, 27C, and 27D show designation data in file designation memory 37 for designating a general ledger file, item management file and a sales file among files 39.

As described above, update records are generated in a number of corresponding to the number of designation data set in file designation memory 37 for a single basic record. File processing unit 38 updates the corresponding file among files 39.

An operation of the above embodiment will now be described.

Before designing a system, it is determined what kind of data are stored and managed for a transaction processing. Files used for the transaction are set in files 39. The number of files to be set is not limited and may be set depending on an application. Files 39 includes an account ledger file, an item management

file, dealer management file, a sales client file, an item ledger file, an account management file, and the like. Corresponding to the set of the files, designation data for updating the respective files are set in
5 designation memory 37. Besides these settings, a designation data designating the correspondence between the input words and the basic words is set in record designation memory 33.

10 In order to input data in accordance with sales slips and the like, word data are sequentially input from input unit 31 in correspondence with the input word displayed on display unit 34. When data of one record are input, the respective word data are transformed into
15 a basic record by record processing unit 32 and then stored in basic record file 35. This processing is repeated for every input of one record data. As a result, a plurality of records are stored in basic record file 35. Thereafter, a file update instruction is input for updating the respective files at a prede-
20 termined time in a day, for example. In response to the file update instruction, update record generating unit 36 and file processing unit 38 execute processings shown in a flowchart in Fig. 28.

More specifically, in step S1, a single basic record
25 within the basic record file 35 are read out, and one of the designation data in file designation memory 37 is read out. (step S2) In accordance with the designation data, a correspondence between the basic words and the file words is obtained, so that individual update records
30 corresponding to a record arrangement of respective files are generated. (step S3) Then, files among files 39 corresponding to file names in the designation data are opened. (step S4) In step S5, the update contents in the designation data are selected. File processing unit
35 38 updates (such as addition and totalization) the corresponding files using the update record, and then close the files. In step S6, it is determined whether

other designation data exist in file designation memory 37. If the presence of other designation data is determined, the control returns to step S2, and then the above described steps are repetitively executed based on the basic record read out in step S1.

When the file update processing is completed in accordance with all of the predetermined designation data, the control moves to step S7. In step S7, it is determined whether the records exist in basic record file 35 which have not been read out yet. If the presence of the unread records exist, the control returns to step S1, the unread records are read out and the processings above described are repeated. As described above, the update processing for the preset files are performed in accordance with all the basic records stored in basic record file 35. Thus, the file update processing is completed.

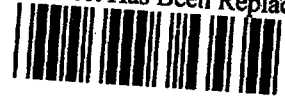
Figs. 29A - 29C show another example of the word arrangement in a basic record. The basic record comprises 36 basic words required for generating update records for updating all the files including "account ledger file", "item management file", "dealer management file", and "sales client file", which can be considered to be required for firm's activity. Figs. 29A - 29C show an example of a designation data designating the correspondence between the basic word and files. More specifically, Figs. 29A - 29C show designation data in file designation memory 37 for inputting records in accordance with the sale slips. The respective words included in the input records are rearranged so as to be adapted to the format of the basic records comprising 36 basic words shown in Figs. 29A - 29C. Update record generating unit 36 generates four update records in accordance with the designation data in file designation memory 37 shown in Figs. 29A - 29C. In order to add an update record to a ledger account file, basic words corresponding to RK1 1, RK1 2, and RK2 1 and RK2 2,

i.e., "debtor account", "debtor client", "creditor account" and "year/month/date" are used as the record keyword. Furthermore, the basic words corresponding to the words shown in Figs. 29A - 29C are used as the data words. These keywords and data words are arranged so as to be coincident with the record arrangement of the general ledger file, thereby generating the update record. In order to update the item management file, "item code" and "fiscal year/month" is used as the record keyword. Furthermore, the basic words corresponding to the words shown in Figs. 29A - 29C are used as the data words to thereby generate the update records. The data words are added and totalized to the record having the same record keywords in item management file. Similarly, dealer management file and sales client management file are updated by generating the update records whose record keywords are the basic words corresponding to RK1, RK2 1, and RK2 2.

Accordingly, by fixedly predetermining the word arrangement of the basic record, a file required for a firm can easily be created by only designating the words constituting the file. Therefore, the creation and update of a file can be facilitated.



This Sheet Has Been Replaced



- 1 -

Claims:

1. A data processing apparatus including input means for inputting a record comprising words, input record storage means for storing an input record, file storage means for storing a plurality of records, and
5 outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

update designation data storage means (18) for storing designation data for transforming an input record into an update record, the designation data
10 comprising data for designating a record keyword, data for designating a data word, a file keyword and data for designating the contents of an update word;

update record generating means (14, Fig. 4) for extracting words serving as the record keyword and the
15 data word from the input record stored in said input record storage means (21), in accordance with the designation data in said update designation data storage means, and for generating an update record comprising the extracted record keyword, the extracted data word,
20 the file keyword, and the designated update word;

update record storage means (23) for storing the generated update record;

update processing means (15, 19, Fig. 7) for reading out the generated update record from said update
25 record storage means, and for performing a processing of a type corresponding to data of the update word in the generated update record, on the records in the file stored in said file storage means (24) and designated by the record keyword; and

30 in that the generated update record includes an update word designating the type of the processing.

2. A data processing apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the update word stored in
said update record storage means includes any of addi-
35 tion, deletion, collection, and totalization of records,



in accordance with data designating the contents of the update word stored in said designation data storage means; and

5 said update processing means including means (15, 19, A4 of Fig. 7) for detecting the update word of the update record read out from said update record storage means, and for performing any of addition, deletion, correction and totalization on the records in said file storage means, in accordance with the detected update
10 word.

3. A data processing apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that said update processing means includes:

15 means (15, 19, A1 of Fig. 7) for sorting a plurality of update records stored in said update record storage means using, as a sort keyword, the file keyword, record keyword and update word; and

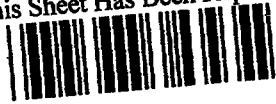
20 means (15, 19, A2-A5 of Fig. 7) for reading out the records in said file storage means and performing any of addition, deletion, correction, and totalization of records in accordance with data of the update word of the update record, in the sorted order, after the completion of the sorting by said sorting means.

25 4. A data processing apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that there are further provided:

30 output record designating means (26, Fig. 10) for designating a record to be read out from said file storage means, and for designating a word arrangement of the read-out record;

35 output record generating means (25, Fig. 12, Figs. 11(a)-11(c)) for reading out the designated record from said file storage means and for generating an output record from the respective words of the read-out designated record;

 output record storage means (21, Fig. 13) for storing the generated output record;



form storage means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for storing a form of the output records;

5 form control means (27, 29, Fig. 17, Figs. 18A-18D) for appending the form in said form storage means to the output record read out from said output record storage means and for supplying the output record to which the form is appended, to said output means; and

10 designation data input means (11) for inputting designation data to said update designation data storage means, to said output record designation means, and to said form storage means, respectively.

5. A data processing apparatus according to claim 4, characterized in that said update processing means (15, 19) further comprises means for arranging and
15 writing the respective records of a file, including the updated record into said file storage means, by files and in accordance with the record keywords, after the update record is updated.

6. A data processing apparatus including input
20 means for inputting a record comprising words, input record storage means for storing an input record, file storage means for storing a plurality of records, and outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

25 record designation data storage means (17, Fig. 3, 33, Fig. 25, Figs. 29A-29C) for storing record designation data for designating an input record and for rendering respective words in the input record to correspond to respective words in a basic record;

30 basic record generating means (13, Fig. 3, 32) for arranging the words in said designated input record, into corresponding words of a basic record, and for generating a basic record having a predetermined form;

35 basic record storage means (22, 35) for storing the generated basic record;

file designation data storage means (18, Fig. 4, 37, Figs. 27A-27D) for storing the designation data



for making correspondence between respective words in the generated basic record and respective words in a predetermined record in said file storage means, the designation data comprising data designating words used
5 as a record keyword and data words;

update record generating means (14, Fig. 4, 36, S1-S3 of Fig. 28) for extracting the words serving as the record keyword and data words, respectively, from the generated basic record stored in said basic record
10 storage means, and generating an update record corresponding to a record format of a record in said file storage means;

update processing means (15, Fig. 7, 38, S4-S5 of Fig. 28) for reading out the update record generated by said update record generating means, and for performing
15 a processing on the records stored in said file storage means and designated by a record keyword in the update record, in accordance with the contents of a data word in the update record.

20 7. A data processing apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that the basic record (Figs. 29A-29C) stored in said basic record storage means comprises predetermined words including at least date, slip number, amount, debtor account, debtor
25 customer, debtor details, creditor account, creditor customer, creditor details, person in charge, item code, quantity, and unit price.

8. A data processing apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that there are provided:

30 input means (11, 31) for inputting respective designation data to said record designation data storage means and to said file designation data storage means; and

means for arbitrarily making correspondence between
35 respective words in an input record and respective words in a basic record, and a correspondence between respective words in the basic record and respective words in



a record in said file.

9. A data processing apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that there are further provided:

5 output record designating means (26, Fig. 10) for designating a record to be read out from said file storage means, and for designating a word arrangement of the read-out record;

10 output record generating means (25, Fig. 12, Figs. 11A-11C) for reading out the designated record from said file storage means and for generating an output record from the respective words of the read-out designated record;

15 output record storage means (21, Fig. 13) for storing the generated output record;

 form storage means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for storing a form of the output records;

20 form control means (27, 29, Fig. 17, Figs. 18A-18D) for appending the form in said form storage means to the output record read out from said output record storage means and for supplying the output record to which the form is appended, to said output means; and

25 designation data input means (11) for inputting designation data to said update designation data storage means, to said output record designation means, and to said form storage means, respectively.

30 10. A data processing apparatus including input means for inputting a record comprising words, input record storage means for storing an input record, file storage means for storing a plurality of records, and outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

35 output record designating means (26, Fig. 10) for designating a record keyword for a record to be read out from said file storage means (24, Fig. 8);

 output record generating means (25, Fig. 12, Figs. 11A-11C) for reading out a record from said file



storage means in accordance with the designation by said output record designating means, and for generating an output record;

5 output record storage means (21, Fig. 13) for storing the generated output record; and in that

record keywords in respective records stored in said file storage means are weighted to form a code constituting the record keyword; and said output record designating means includes means for designating a
10 number of digits of the code, the code constituting the record keyword of the respective records stored in said file storage means; and

said output record generating means includes means for generating a new output record from the output
15 record read out from said file storage means, a record keyword of the new output record being derived from the designated number of digits.

11. A data processing apparatus according to claim 10, characterized in that said record keywords are
20 successively weighted from the upper digit thereof, and said output record designating means designates an upper digit code comprising a number of digits of the code beginning from its upper digit.

12. A data processing apparatus, according to
25 claim 11, characterized in that there is further provided totalized record generating means for selecting the upper digit code as the record keyword, for totalizing output records having identical record keywords, and for generating a single totalized record, whereby
30 various totalized records of various types are obtained by selectively designating upper digits of the code constituting the upper digit code to form a record keyword.

13. A data processing apparatus including input
35 means for inputting a record comprising words, input record storage means for storing an input record, file storage means for storing a plurality of records, and



outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

storage means (21, Fig. 13) for storing a plurality of output data;

5 designating means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for designating framing data for framing at least one of the output data, and a reference output position for the framing data; and

10 from control means (27, 29, Fig 17, Figs. 18A-18C) for outputting, in response to outputting said at least one of said stored output data, said designated framing data, at a position based on the reference output position so as to surround said at least one of said reference output position each time said at least one
15 of the output data is output, thereby outputting a number of frame data corresponding to a number of output data.

14. A data processing apparatus according to claim 13, characterized in that said designating means
20 comprises means (28, Fig. 15) for designating field-framing lines of four sides for surrounding the output data, and for designating a presence/absence of the respective field-framing lines of four sides.

15. A data processing apparatus according to claim 13, characterized in that:
25

said designating means comprises means for designating field-framing lines (28, Fig. 15) of four sides surrounding the output data; and

30 said form control means includes means (27, 29, Fig. 19) for arranging the output data at a position closer to a lower field-framing line among the four-side field framing lines surrounding the output data.

16. A data processing apparatus according to claim 13, characterized in that:

35 said storage means includes means (21, Fig. 13) for storing a plurality of different types of record data;



said designating means includes means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for designating framing data corresponding to the types of the respective record data;

5 said form control means includes means (27, C3 of Fig. 17) for determining a type of the record data, and for outputting, together with the record data, the designated framing data whose type corresponds to the discriminated type, thereby outputting framing data
10 corresponding to the type of the record data.

17. A data processing apparatus according to claim 16, characterized in that said designating means includes means for designating a line type corresponding to the types of the respective record data.

15 18. A data processing apparatus according to claim 16, characterized in that:

detecting means for detecting the types of the record data to be output at a start position of a succeeding framing format; and wherein

20 said form control means includes means for outputting framing data for framing a record data to be output at a final position of the first framing format and a completing data designating the types of the record data to be output at the start position of the
25 next succeeding framing format corresponding to the detection result of said detecting means, in the case where a record data and a framing data framing the record data are output at the final position within the first framing format.

30 19. A data processing apparatus according to claim 13, characterized in that:

said storage means includes for storing record data corresponding to totalizing levels;

35 said designating means includes means for designating field-framing lines corresponding to the totalizing levels of the respective record data;

comparing means for comparing a totalizing level of



the record data output in a final position of a form, with a totalizing level of the record data output at a start position of a succeeding form; and wherein

5 said form control means includes means for outputting field-framing lines framing a record data output at a final position of a form, and a completing line corresponding to the types of the record data output at the start position of the next succeeding form, when
10 said comparing means designates that the totalizing level of the record data output at the start position of the succeeding form is higher than the totalizing level of the record data to be output at the final position of the form, in the case where the field-framing lines framing the record data, and the record
15 data are output at the final position within the form.

20. A data processing method including inputting a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records by file, and outputting a record, characterized by comprising the steps of:

20 forming each record in said files from a record keyword and a data word, and said records being classified by files, each record being stored according to its record keyword;

25 storing at least one update record each comprising a file keyword designating one of said files, a record keyword designating a record of said designated file, data words to be processed, and an update word designating a type of an update processing operation to be performed,

30 reading out said stored update record; and performing a processing operation corresponding to the contents of the update word in the read out update record, on a record in a given file designated by the file keyword and the record keyword of the read out
35 update record.

21. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized in that:



the update word in an update record comprises any of an addition of a record, a deletion of a record, a correction of a record, and a totalization of a record;

5 and said step of performing said processing operation includes detecting the update word in said read out update record, and performing on the record of said given file any of addition, deletion, correction, and totalization operations, in accordance with said detected update word.

10 22. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized in that said step of performing said processing operation includes:

15 sorting said stored update records in the order of the file keyword, in the order of the record keyword, and in the order of the update word; and continuously updating, in the sorted order, records of respective files.

23. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized in that:

20 said stored update records and said records of respective files are divided by a record delimiter; and each word of said stored update records and said records of respective files comprises variable-length data divided by a word delimiter.

25 24. A data processing method according to claim 23, characterized in that one of said stored update record and said records of respective files, includes one of a keyword delimiter and a given number of words from the beginning of the record, discriminating the record keyword and data word.

30 25. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized by further comprising:

35 designating designation data for transforming an input record into an update record, the designation data comprising data for designating a record keyword of an input record, data for designating a data word of an input record, data for designating a file keyword, and



an update data designating the contents of an update word;

5 extracting from said input record, a word serving as a record keyword, and a word serving as a data word, in accordance with said designated designation data; and generating an update record including the extracted keyword, the extracted data word, the contents of the update data and the designated file keyword.

10 26. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized by further comprising:

designating a record to be extracted from said stored records, and designating a correspondence between respective words in the extracted record and respective words in an output record;

15 reading out from said stored records, the record designated to be extracted;

generating an output record having a new word structure from the words in the read-out record, in accordance with said designated correspondence; and

20 storing the generated output record.

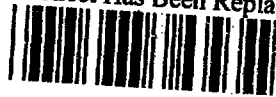
27. A data processing method according to claim 26, characterized by further comprising:

25 designating framing data for framing at least one of the output record, and a reference output position for the framing data; and

30 outputting, in response to outputting said at least one of said stored output record, said designated frame data, at a position based on the reference output position so as to surround said at least one of the output records, and updating said reference output position each time said at least one of the output records is output, thereby outputting a number of frame data corresponding to a number of output records.

35 28. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized by further comprising:

designating designation data for transforming an input record into an update record, the designation data



comprising data for designating a record keyword of an input record, data for designating a data word of an input record, data for designating a file keyword, and an update data designating the contents of an update word;

extracting from said input record, a word serving as a record keyword, and a word serving as a data word, in accordance with said designated designation data;

generating an update record including the extracted keyword, the extended data word, the contents of the update data and the designated file keyword; and

said data processing method updating a file from an input record by said update record in accordance with the designation of the designation data.

29. A data processing method according to claim 28, characterized in that the contents of the update data in said generated update record designates any of addition, deletion, correction, and totalization of the record.

30. A data processing method according to claim 28, characterized in that each word in said generated update record comprises variable-length data divided by a word delimiter, and each update record is individually divided by a record delimiter.

31. A data processing method according to claim 30, characterized in that said generated update record includes an identifier for discriminating a record keyword and a data word by one of a keyword delimiter and a number of words from the beginning of the record.

32. A data processing method according to claim 28, characterized by further comprising:

storing records comprising a first set of records each of which comprises a record keyword and a data word, and a second set of records obtained by totaling records of the first set of records having a common record keyword portion, the second set of records having



record keywords corresponding to said common record keyword portion; and

5 said step of generating an update record includes generating an update record having record keyword corresponding to said common record keyword portion when the designation data in said update designation data includes a designation data designating the common record keyword portion.

10 33. A data processing method according to claim 32, characterized in that said record keywords have a plurality of digits, and said common record keyword portion comprises at least one upper significant digit.

15 34. A data processing method including inputting a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records in a file, and outputting a record, characterized by comprising:

20 designating basic record designation data for indicating a correspondence between respective words in an input record and respective words in a basic record;

25 generating basic record by arranging words in the input record, in corresponding word positions in the basic record, whereby an input record comprising an arbitrary word structure is transformed into the basic record of a predetermined word structure, in accordance with said designated basic record designation data; and

30 storing the generated basic record.

35 35. A data processing method according to claim 34, characterized in that each word in said generated basic record comprises variable-length data divided by a word delimiter, and each record is divided by a record delimiter.

36. A data processing method according to claim 34, characterized by further comprising: designating file designation data for making



correspondence between respective words in the generated basic record and respective words in a predetermined record in a file, the file designation data comprising data designating words used as a record keyword and data words, and data designating a file to be updated;

5 extracting the words serving as the record keyword and data words, respectively, from said generated basic record, and generating an update record corresponding to a record format of a file;

10 performing a processing on the records in the file designated by a record keyword in said generated update record, in accordance with the contents of a data word in said generated update record.

37. A data processing method according to
15 claim 36, characterized in that the basic record comprises predetermined words including at least date, slip number, amount, debtor account, debtor customer, debtor details, creditor account, creditor customer, creditor details, person in charge, item code, quantity, and unit
20 price.

38. A data processing method according to claim 36, wherein:

inputting the record designation data and the file designation data, and arbitrarily making correspondence
25 between respective words in an input record and respective words in a basic record, and a correspondence between respective words in the basic record and respective words in a record in said file.

39. A data processing method including inputting
30 a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records in a file, and outputting a record characterized by further comprising the steps of:

forming each record in said file from a record keyword and a data word, the records being stored in an
35 order based on the record keyword;

designating a record to be extracted from said stored records, and designating a correspondence between



respective words in the extracted record and respective words in an output record;

reading out from said stored records the record designated to be extracted;

5 generating an output record having a new word structure from the words in the read-out record, in accordance with said designated correspondence; and storing the generated output record.

10 40. A data processing method according to claim 38, characterized by further comprising:

storing respective output records in accordance with the contents of a keyword in the respective generated output records; and

15 totalizing output records having the same keyword and generating a signal output record after the completion of the storing performed by said sorting step.

41. A data processing method according to claim 39, characterized in that:

20 said step of designating includes designating a keyword portion of output records for totaling the words of output records having the designated keyword; and

said step of generating includes generating a total record obtained by totaling the output records in accordance with said designated keyword portion.

25 42. A data processing method according to claim 41, characterized by further comprising:

arranging output records and total records in accordance with record keywords.

30 43. A data processing method according to claim 39, characterized in that said generated output records are individually divided by a record delimiter, and words in each output record are individually divided by a word delimiter, each word comprising variable-length data, and a keyword and a data word in each output record by one of a keyword delimiter and a number of
35 words from a beginning of an output record.

44. A data processing method includes inputting



a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records in a file, and outputting a record, characterized by comprising:

storing a plurality of output data;

5 designating framing data for framing at least one of the output data, and a reference output position for the framing data; and

10 outputting, in response to outputting said at least one of said stored output data, said designed framing data, at a position based on the reference output position so as to surround said at least one of the output data, and updating said reference output position each time said at least one of the output data is output, thereby outputting a number of frame data corresponding to a number of output data.

15 45. A data processing method according to claim 44, characterized in that the framing data includes data designating field-framing lines of four sides for surrounding the output data, and designating a presence/absence of the respective field-framing lines of four sides.

20 46. A data processing method according to claim 44, characterized by further comprising the framing data in said designating means comprising designating field-framing lines of four sides surrounding the output data, and arranging the output data at a position closer to a lower field-framing line among the four-side field framing lines surrounding the output data.

25 47. A data processing method according to claim 44, characterized in that:

30 said step of storing includes storing a plurality of different types of record data;

35 said step of designating includes designating framing data for framing a record data to be output and an output position of the record data to be framed, the framing data corresponding to the types of the



respective record data;

discriminating a type of said read-out record data;
and

5 said step of outputting includes outputting,
together with the read-out record data, the designated
framing data whose type corresponds to the discriminated
type, thereby outputting framing data corresponding to
the type of the read-out record data.

10 48. A data processing method according to
claim 47, wherein said framing data defines a line type
corresponding to the types of the respective record
data.

49. A data processing method according to
claim 44, characterized in that:

15 said step of storing includes storing record data
corresponding to totalizing levels;

20 said step of designating includes designating
field-framing lines for framing a record data to be out-
put and designating an output position, corresponding to
the totalizing levels of the respective record data;

comparing a totalizing level of the record data
output in a final position of a form, with a totalizing
level of the record data output at a start position of a
succeeding form; and

25 said step of outputting includes outputting field-
framing lines framing a record data output at a final
position of a form, and a completing line corresponding
to the types of the record data output at the start
position of the next succeeding form, when said step of
30 comparing designates that the totalizing level of the
record data output at the start position of the suc-
ceeding form is higher than the totalizing level of the
record data to be output at the final position of the
form, in the case where the field-framing lines framing
35 the record data, and the record data are output at the
final position within the form.

50. A data processing method according to



claim 47, characterized by further comprising detecting the types of the record data to be output at a start position of a succeeding framing format; and characterized in that

- 5 said step of outputting further includes outputting framing data for framing a record data to be output at a final position of the first framing format and a completing data designating the types of the record data to be output at the start position of the next succeeding
- 10 framing format corresponding to the detected type, in the case where a record data and a framing data framing the record data are output at the final position within the first framing format.

Abstract: (Fig. 1)

"DATA PROCESSING APPARATUS"

5 All data are uniformly and automatically processed
in a data processing system. An input record is trans-
formed into a record having a uniform format. All file
formats are unified. A desired record is read out from
10 a file and transformed into a arbitrary format. Data
input processing, a file update processing, and data
output processing are designed to process data indepen-
dently, uniformly, and automatically. A process content
to be performed by each of the data input, file update,
and data output processings is designated by a simple
data item such as a record keyword and a data word.

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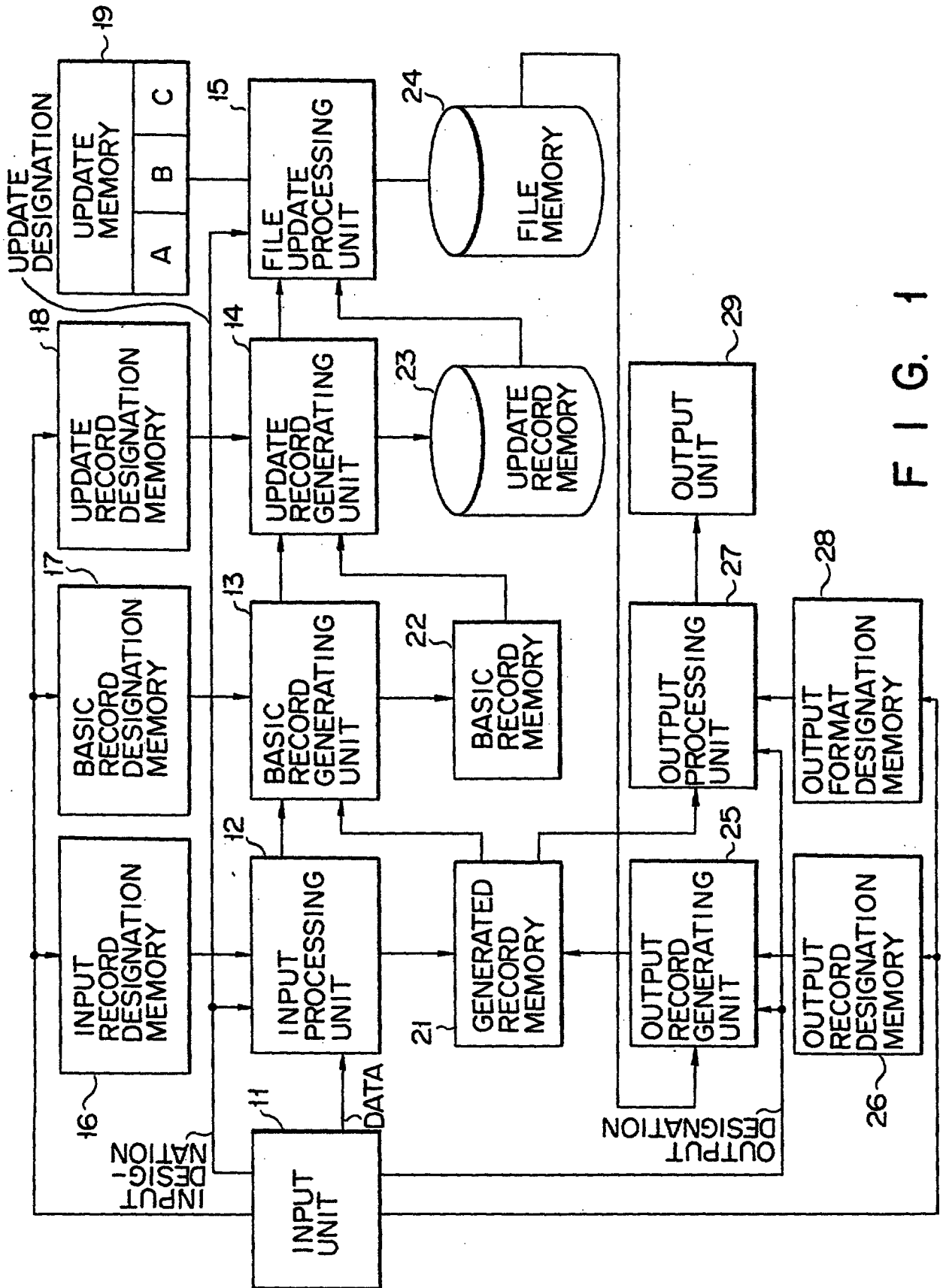


FIG. 1



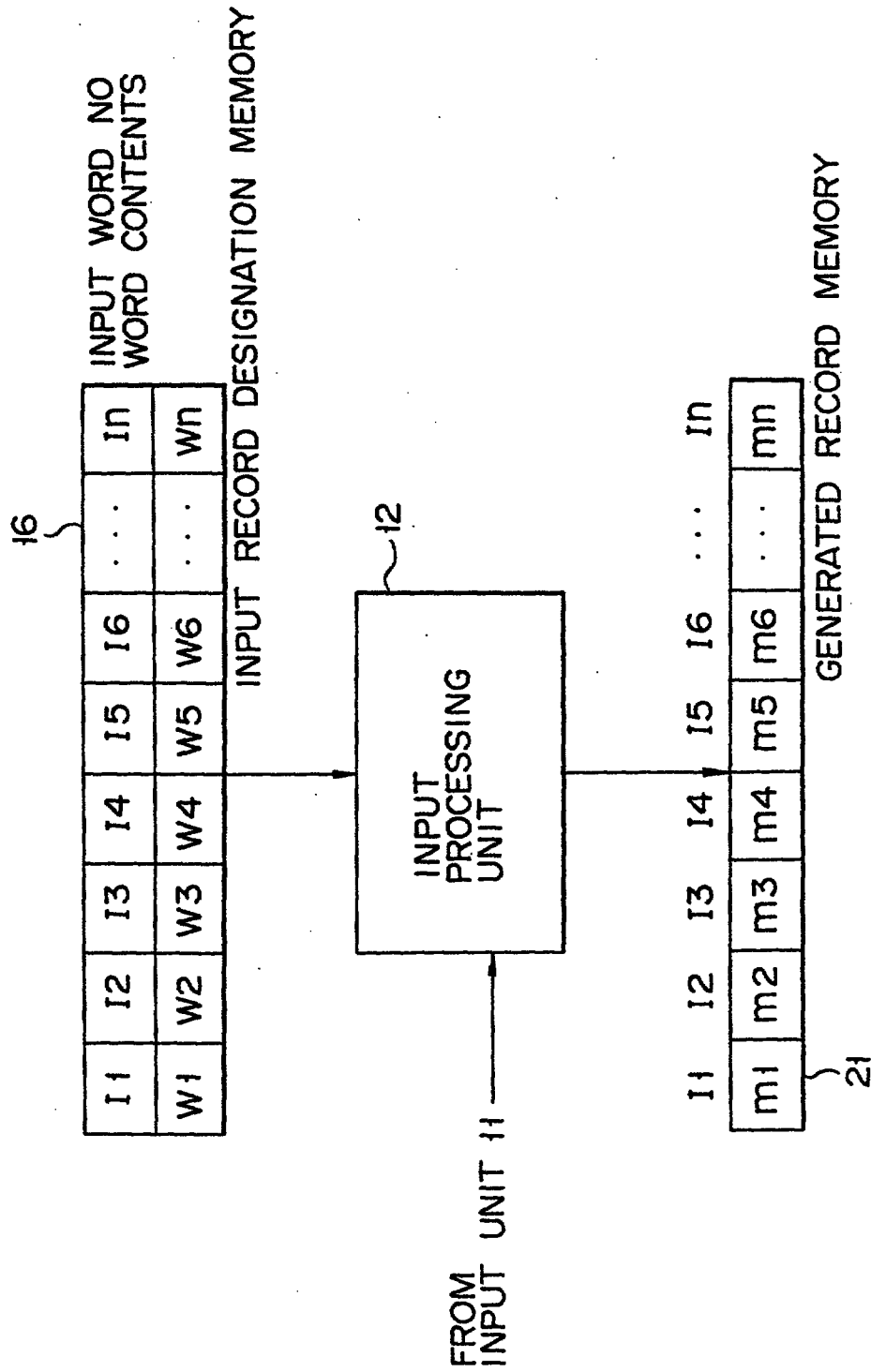


FIG. 2



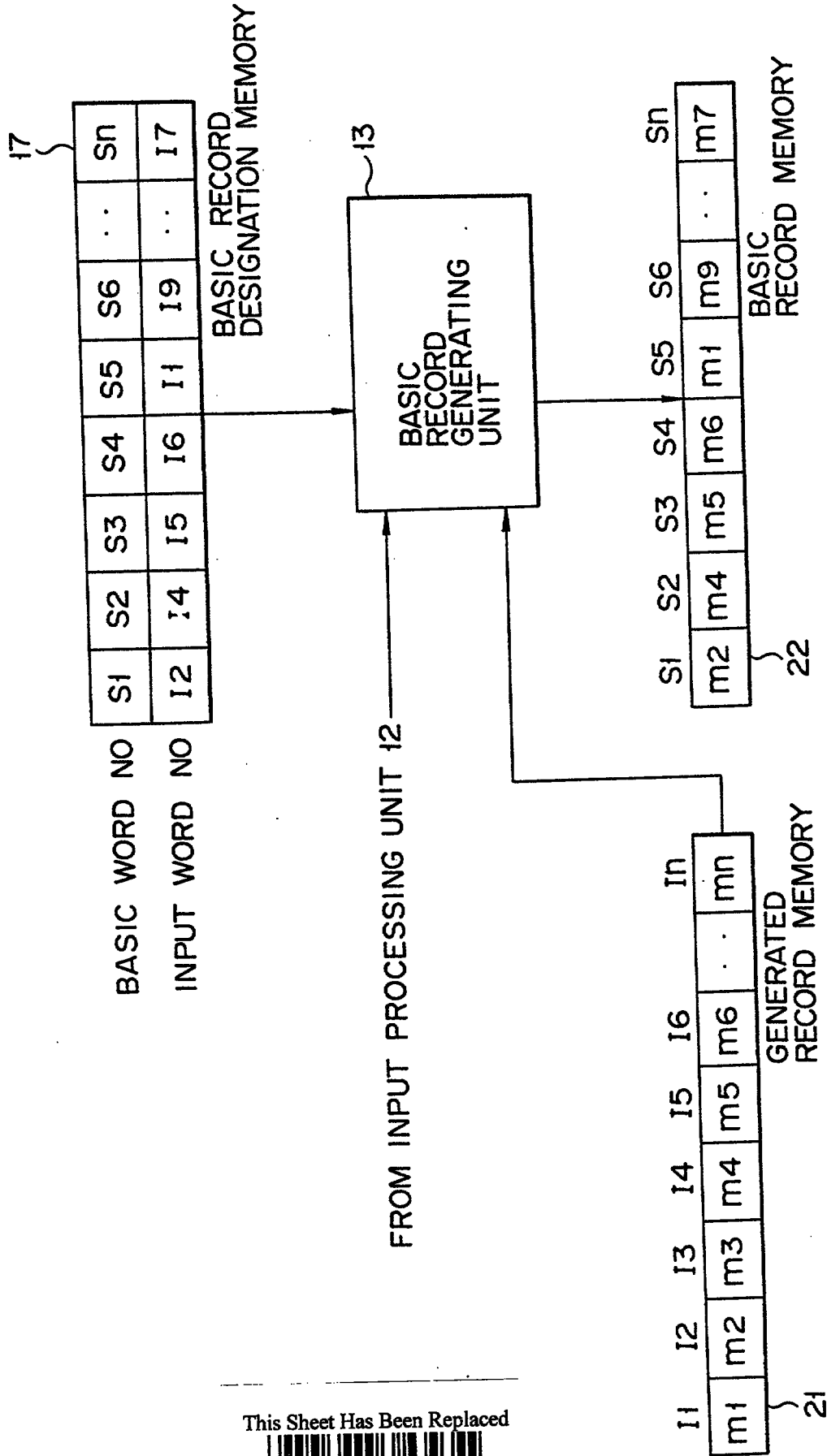


FIG. 3



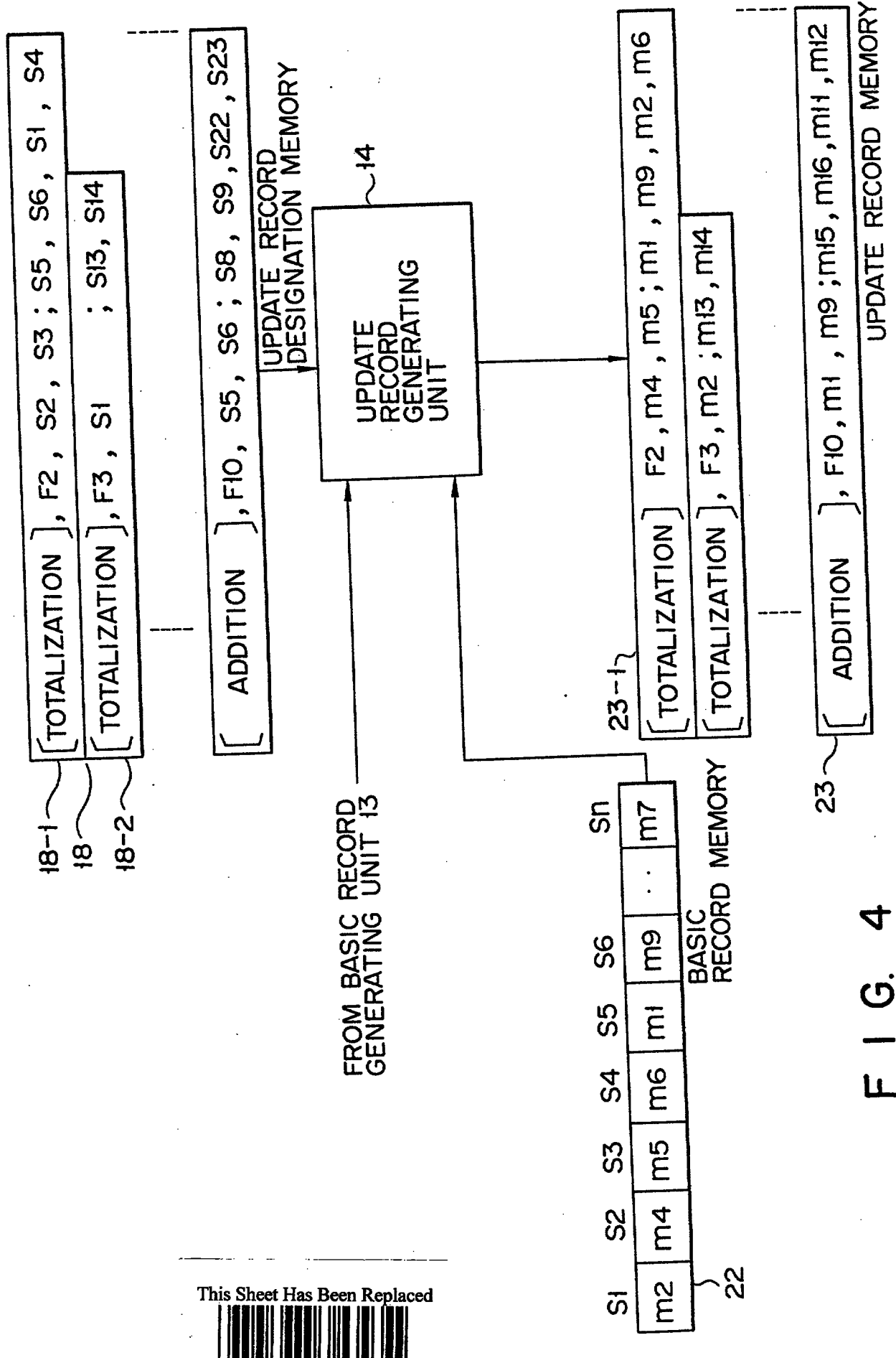
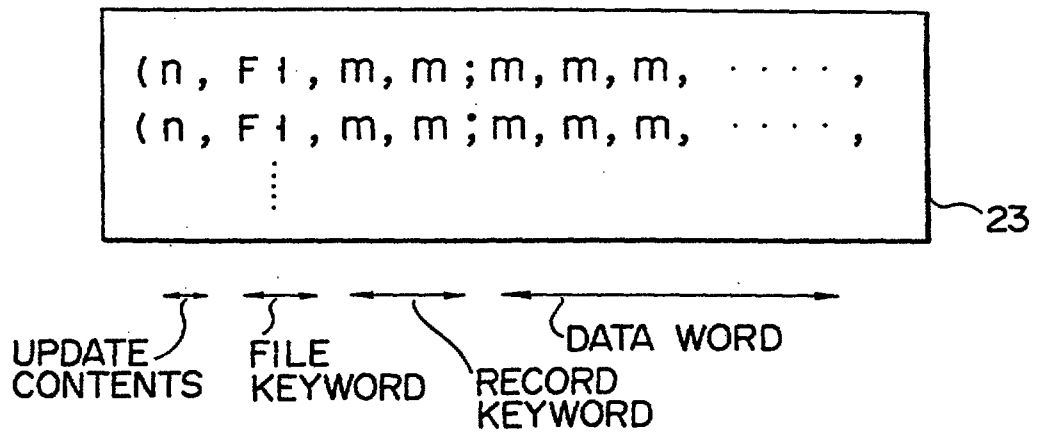
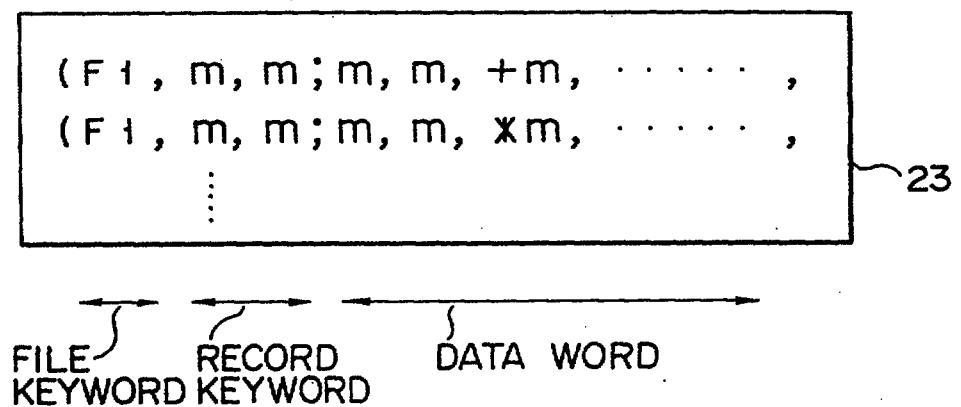


FIG. 4





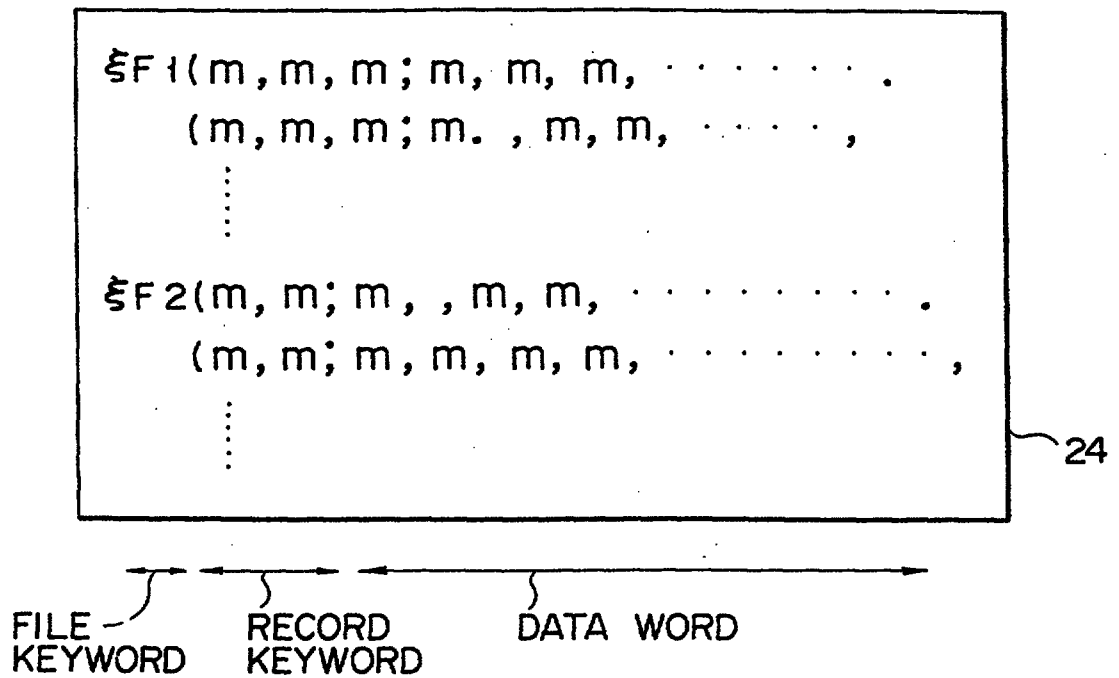
F I G. 5A



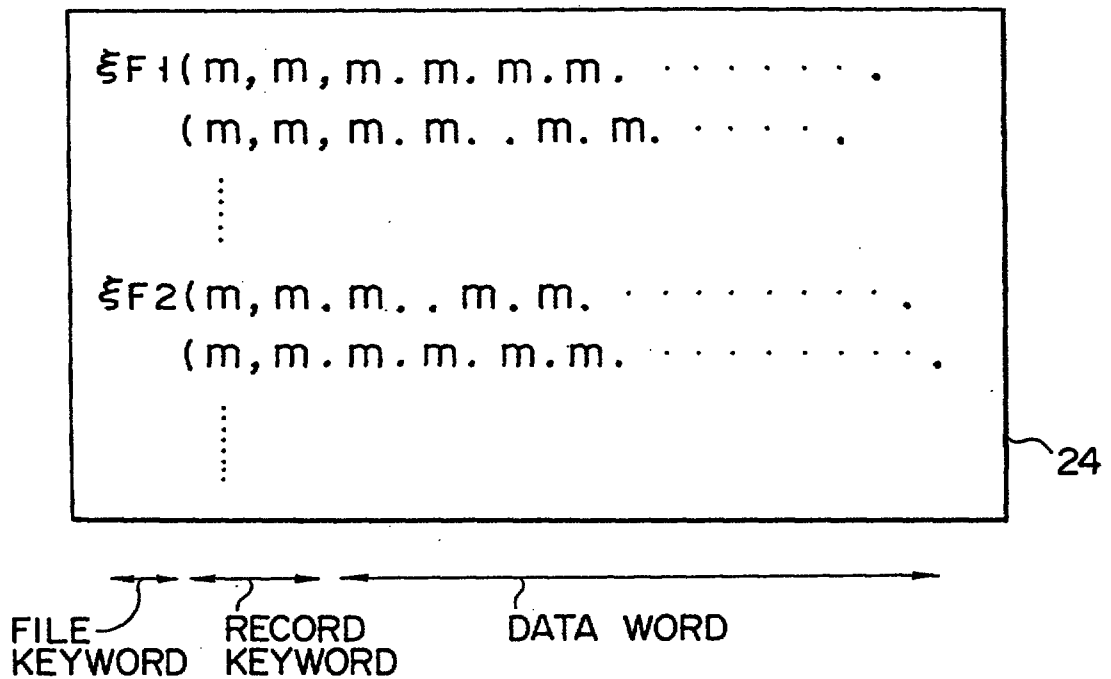
F I G. 5B

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F I G. 6A



F I G. 6B



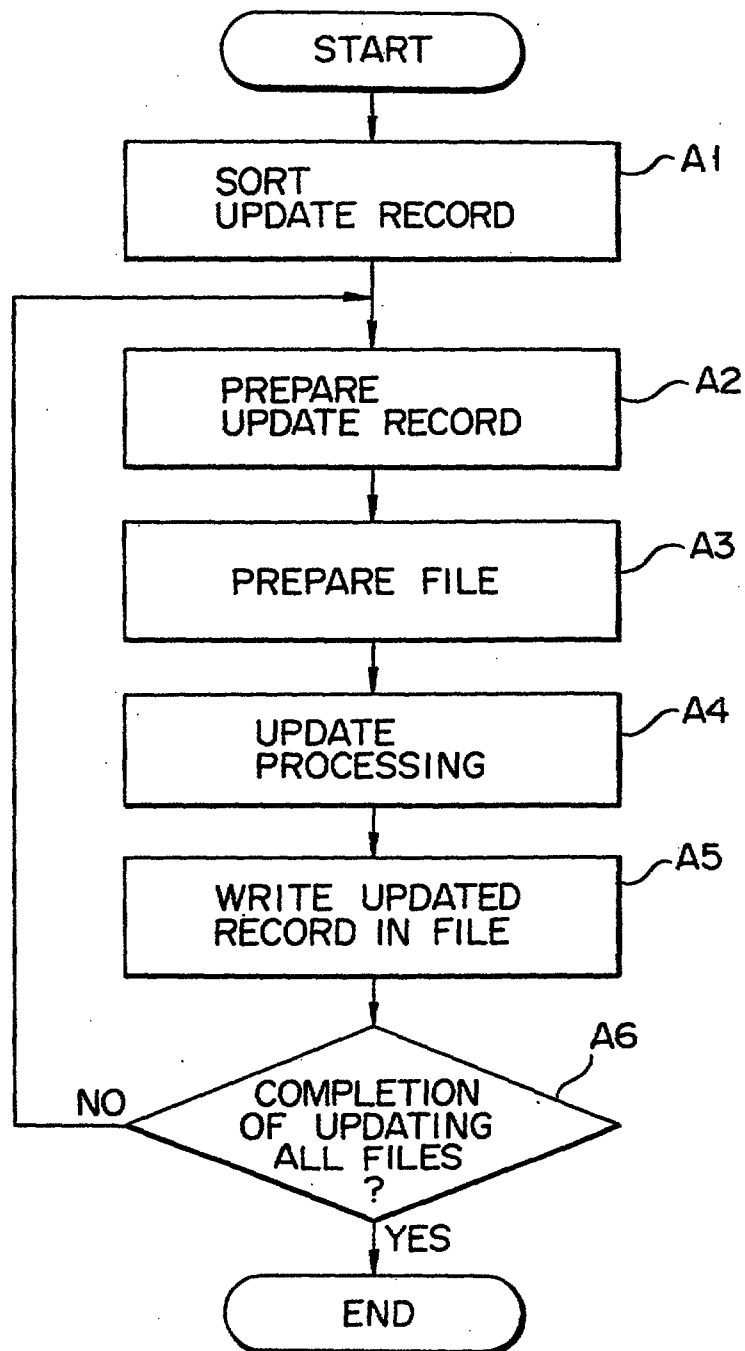


FIG. 7

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FIG. 8

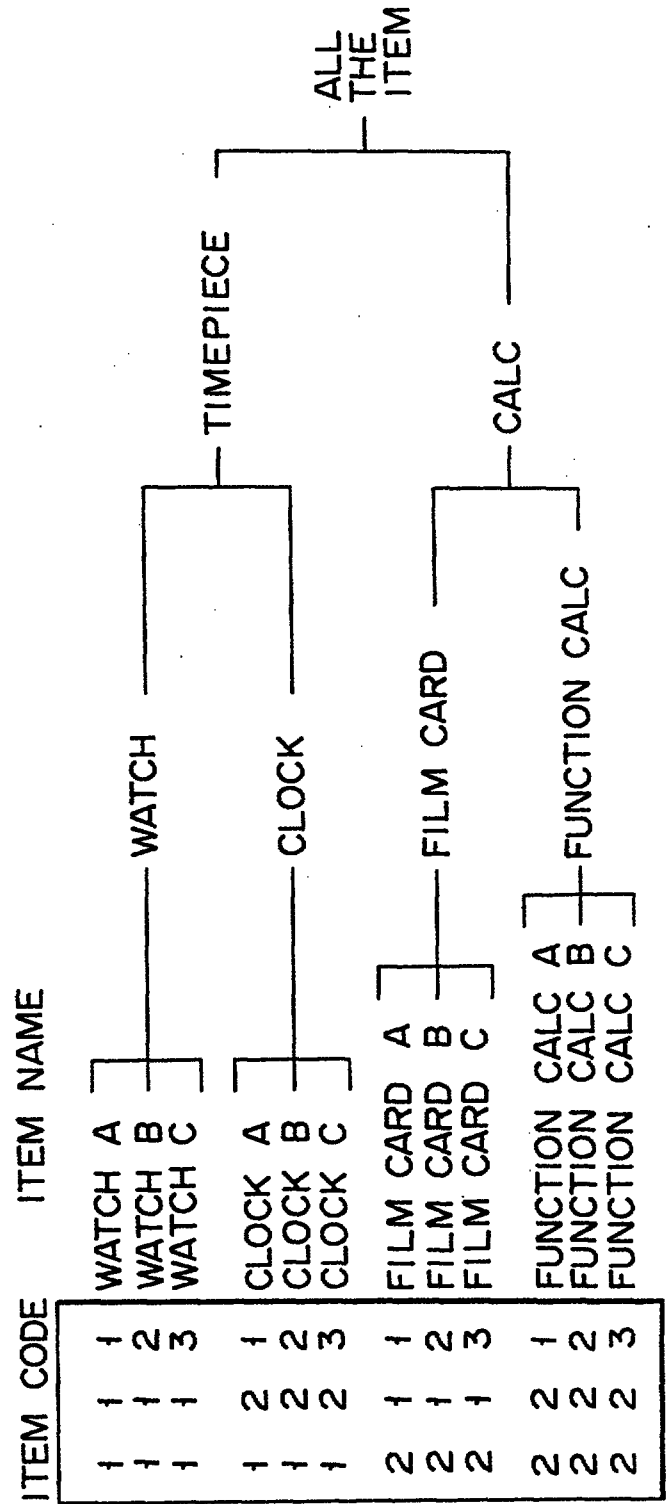
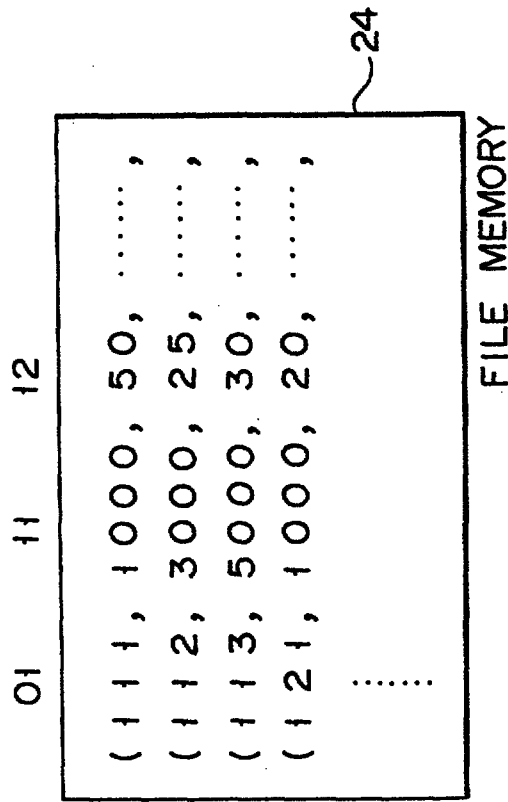
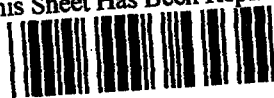


FIG. 9

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GENERATING WORD ----
WORD CONTENTS ----
GENERATING RENIT 3
GENERATING RENIT 2
GENERATING RENIT 1

.1	.2	.3	.11	.12	.13	.14	.15
a01>1	a01>2	a01<3	b.1/T	b.1 & b.2/T	a01/T	a12	a13
/	/	/	0	0	1	1	1
/	/	/	0	1	0	0	1
/	/	/	1	0	0	0	1

26

FIG. 10

OUTPUT RECORD
DESIGNATION MEMORY

FIG. 13

.1	.2	.3	.11	.12	.13	.14	.15
(1, , , TIMEPIECE , , 150, 360000, ,	(1, 1, , WATCH , , 105, 275000, ,	(1, 1, 1, WATCH A , 1000, 50, 50000, 0.18,	(1, 1, 2, WATCH B , 3000, 25, 75000, 0.27,	(1, 1, 3, WATCH C , 5000, 30, 150000, 0.58,	(1, 2, , CLOCK , , 45, 85000, ,	(1, 2, 1, CLOCK A , 1000, 20, 20000, 0.24,	...

21

GENERATED RECORD MEMORY



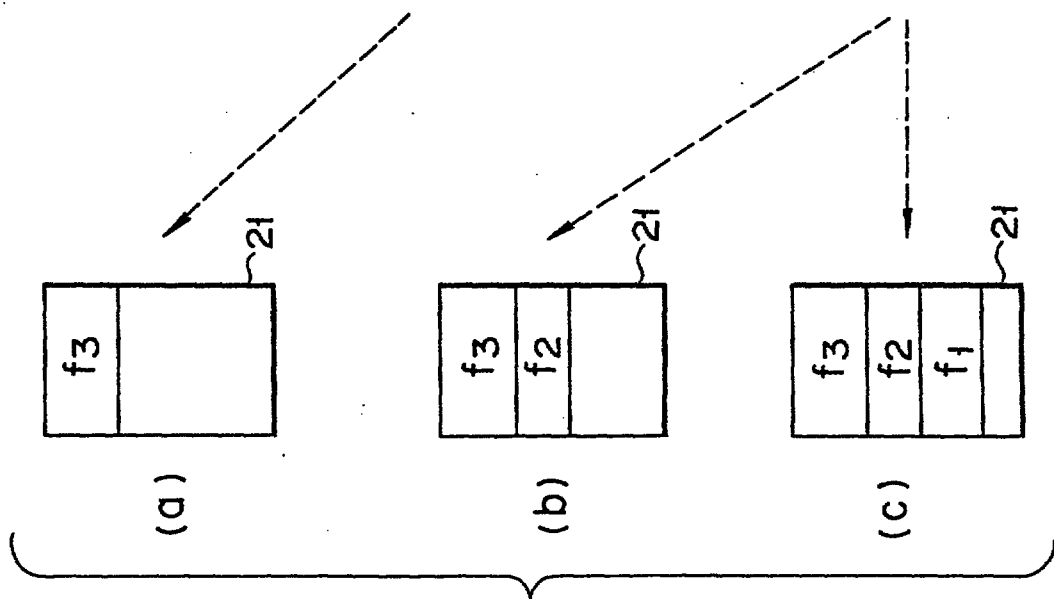
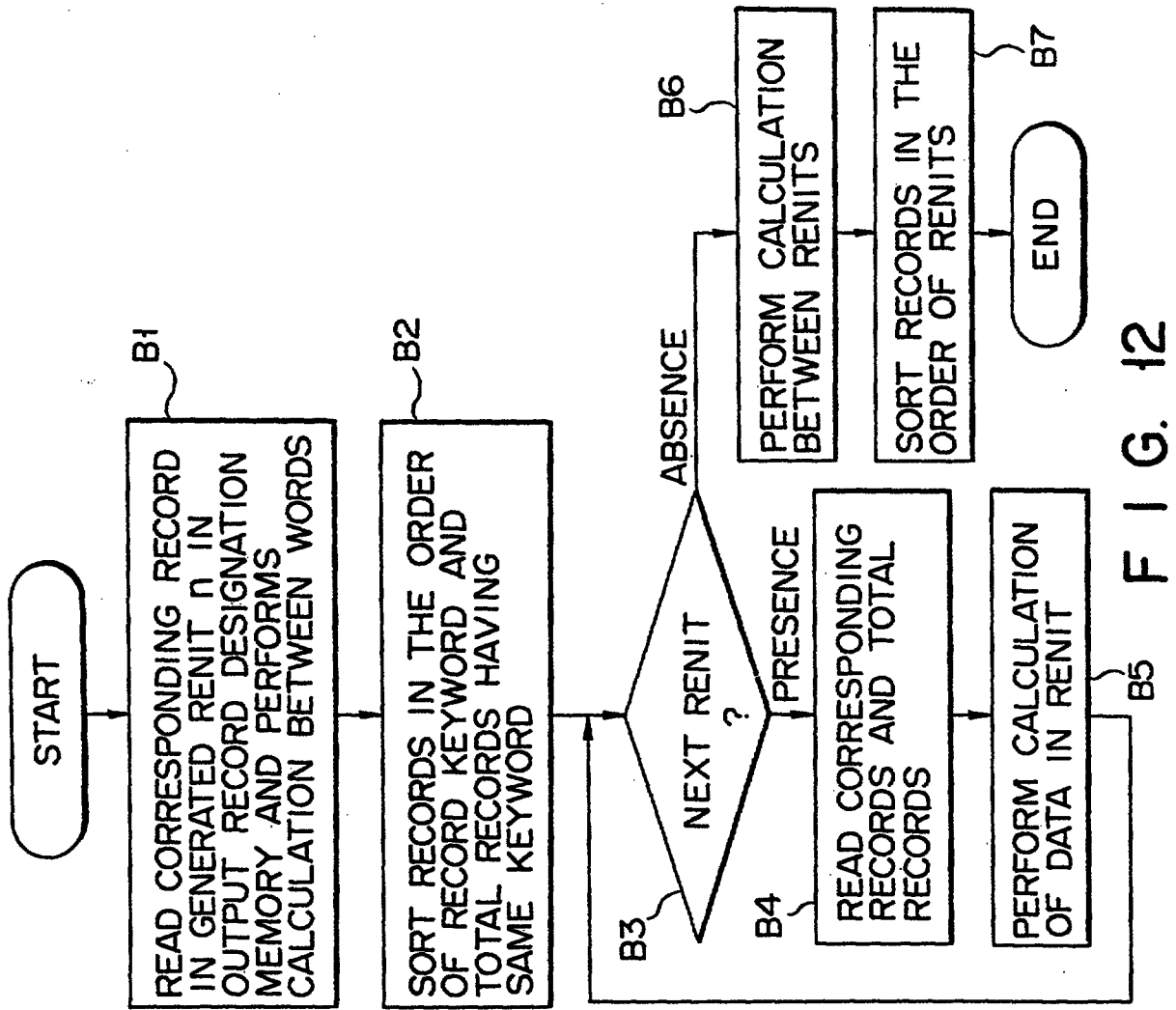


FIG. 11

FIG. 12



F I G. 14A

01 02 03 12 13

(1,	,	,		, 150,		,
(1,	1,	,		, 105,		,
(1,	1,	1,	1000,	50,		,
(1,	1,	2,	3000,	25,		,
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(1,	2,	,		, 45,		,
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⋮						

F I G. 14B

01 02 12 13

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(III,	1,	1000,		50,		,
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(II,	2,			, 45,		,
(III,	1,	1000,		20,		,
⋮						

F I G. 14C

01 12 13

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(2,	3000,	25,		,
(3,	5000,	30,		,
(2,		, 45,		,
(1,	1000,	20,		,
⋮				



START POINT		X COOR- DINATE		Y COOR- DINATE		LENGTH		WORD NO	WORD TYPE	
RENIT						HORI- ZONTAL	VERT- ICAL	LINE TYPE		
S				Y2		04	m	3030	1	→ TO FIG. 16A
M	X4			Y1		05	m	3033	2	
	X5			Y1		01	m	1010	11	→ TO FIG. 16B
1	X1			Yn		04	m	1030	14	
	X4			Yn		05	m	1031	13	
	X5			Yn		0	m	0010		
2	X1			Yn		02	m	2020	11	→ TO FIG. 16C
	X2			Yn		04	m	2030	14	
	X4			Yn		05	m	2031	13	
	X5			Yn		06	m	0012		
3	X1			Yn		03	m	3030	11	→ TO FIG. 16D
	X3			Yn		04	m	3030	14	
	X4			Yn		05	m	3031	13	
R	X5			Yn		07	m	1000		→ TO FIG. 16E
	X1			Yn						

FIG. 15



FIG. 16A

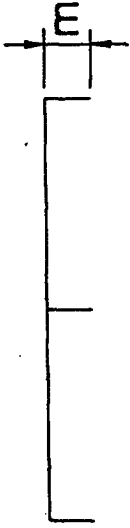


FIG. 16B



FIG. 16C

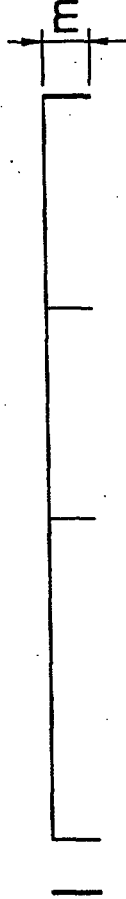
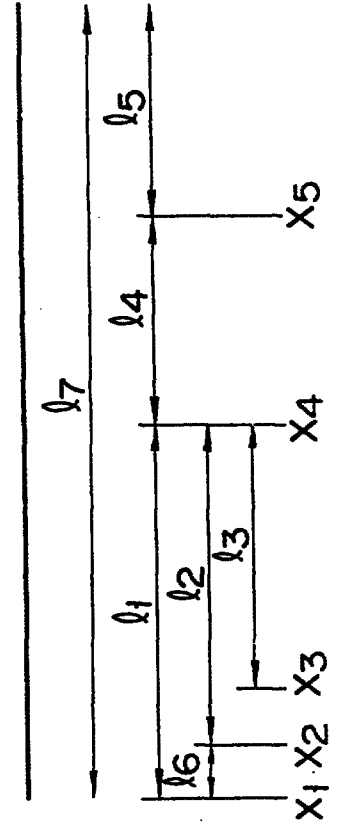


FIG. 16D



FIG. 16E



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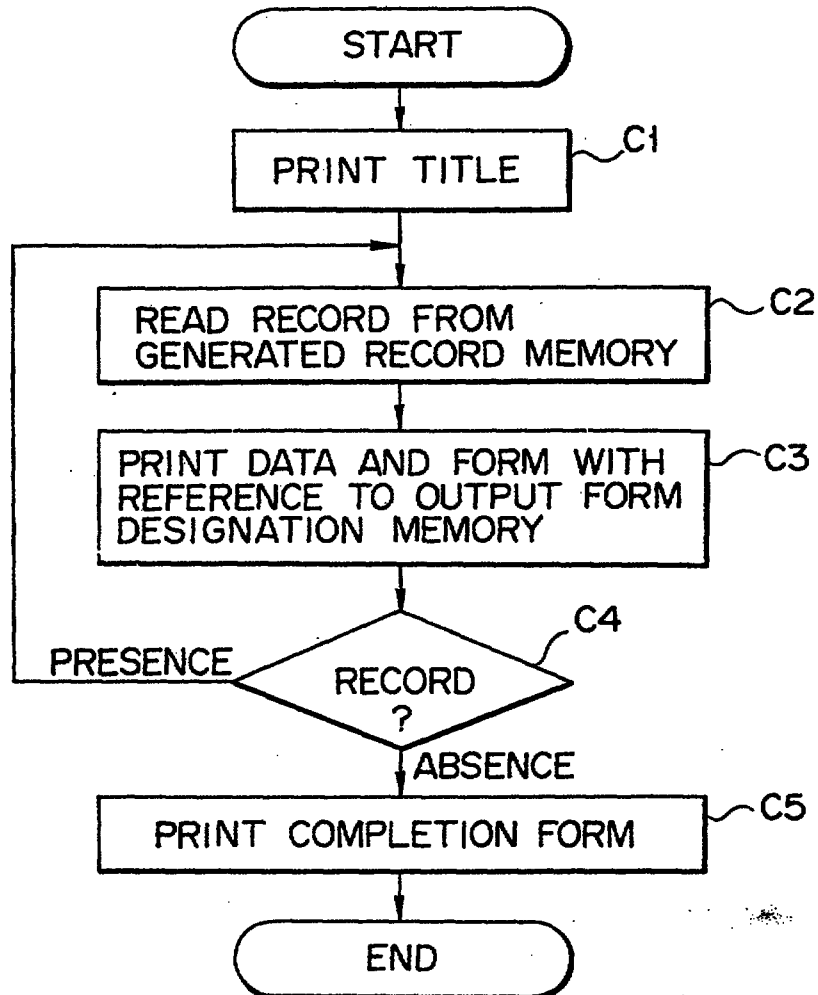


FIG. 17

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F I G. 18A

AMOUNT	QUANTITY
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F I G. 18B

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150

F I G. 18C

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150
WATCH	257,000	105

F I G. 18D

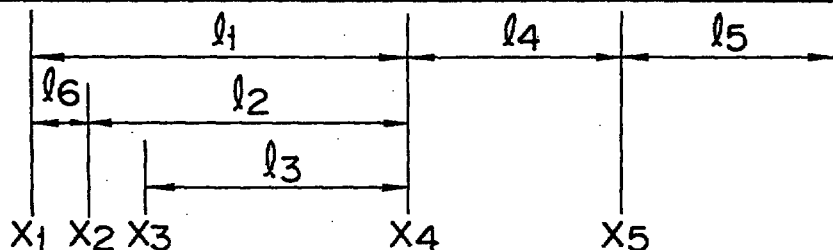
Y₁ →

Y₂ →

m

m

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150
WATCH	257,000	105
WATCH A	50,000	50
WATCH B	75,000	25
WATCH C	150,000	30
CLOCK	85,000	45
CLOCK A	20,000	20



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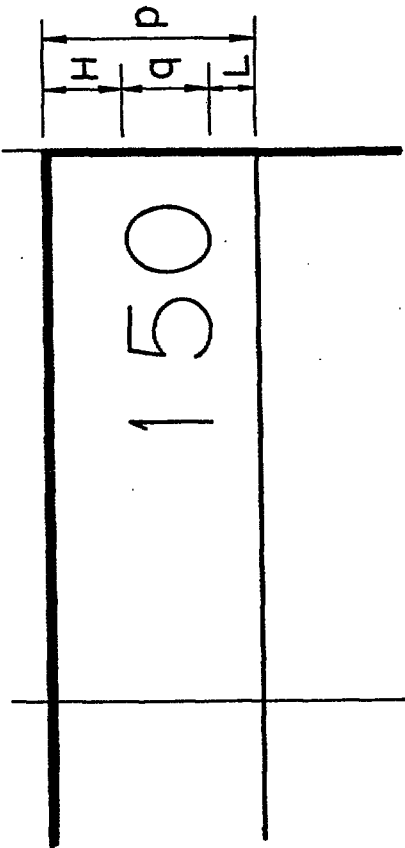


FIG. 19

RENIT	START POINT		LENGTH			WORD NO.	WORD TYPE
	X COOR-DINATE	Y COOR-DINATE	HORI-ZONTAL	VERT-ICAL	LINE TYPE		
R1	X1	Yn	l7	m	1000		
R2	X2	Yn	l8	m	2000		
R3	X3	Yn	l9	m	3000		

$l_8 = l_2 + l_4 + l_5, \quad l_9 = l_3 + l_4 + l_5$

FIG. 20



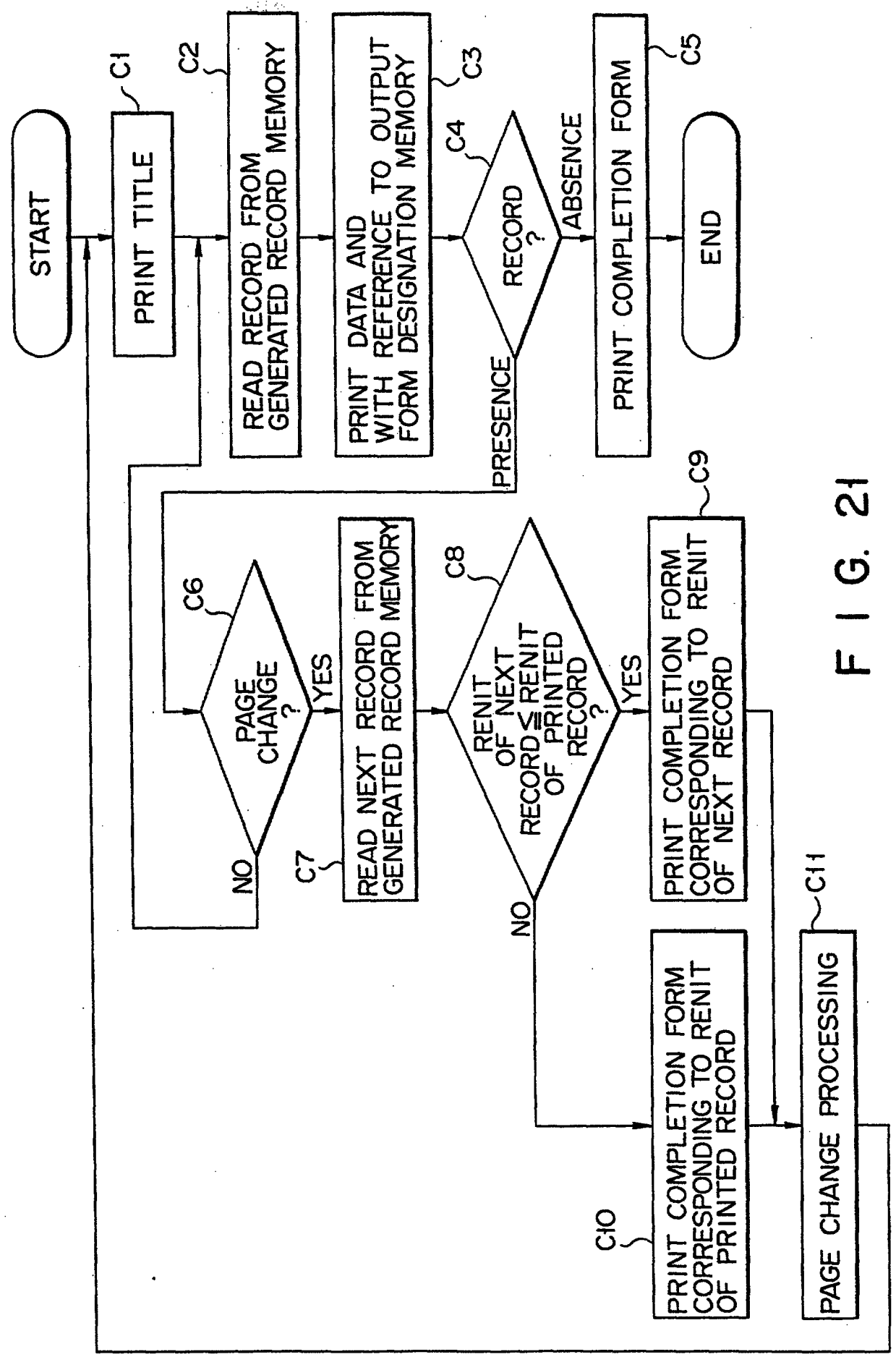


FIG. 21

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150
WATCH	275,000	105
WATCH A	50,000	50
WATCH B	75,000	25
WATCH C	150,000	30
CLOCK	85,000	45
CLOCK A	20,000	20
CLOCK B	20,000	10
CLOCK C	45,000	15
CALCULATOR	300,000	250
FILM CARD	90,000	40
FILM CARD A	15,000	10
FILM CARD B	30,000	15
FILM CARD C	45,000	15

F I G. 22

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
FUNCTION CALC.	290,000	100
FUNC. CALC. A	130,000	65
FUNC. CALC. B	10,000	5
FUNC. CALC. C	150,000	30
COMPLEXED CALC.	5,000	45
COMP. CALC. A	2,000	0
COMP. CALC. B	3,000	0

F I G. 23



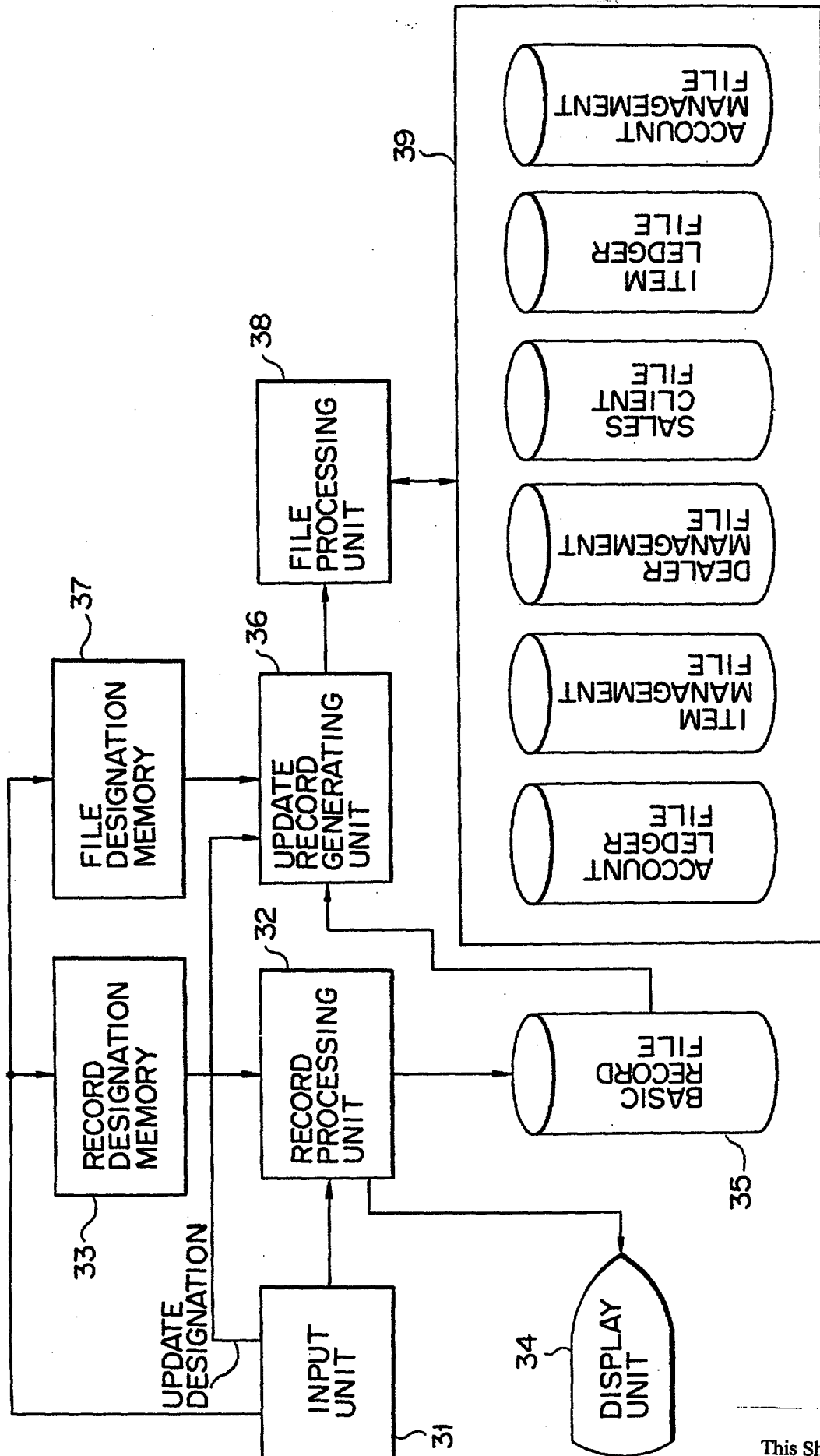


FIG. 24



	BASIC WORD	INPUT WORD
1	YEAR/MONTH/DATE	
2	SLIP NO.	
3	AMOUNT	
4	DEBTOR'S ACCOUNT	
5	DEBTOR'S CLIENT	
6	DEBTOR'S DETAIL	
7	CREDITOR'S ACCOUNT	
8	CREDITOR'S CLIENT	
9	CREDITOR'S DETAIL	
10	PERSON IN CHARGE	
11	ITEM	
12	QUANTITY	
13	UNIT PRICE	

F I G. 25

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FILE NAME		
UPDATE CONTENTS		
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD	

F I G. 26

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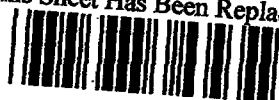
F I G. 27A

FILE NAME	TOTAL ACCOUNT
UPDATE CONTENTS	BASIC WORD
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
OUR ACCOUNT	DEBTOR ACCOUNT
YEAR MONTH	YEAR MONTH
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	

F I G. 27B

FILE NAME	TOTAL ACCOUNT
UPDATE CONTENTS	ADDITION
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
OUR ACCOUNT	DEBTOR ACCOUNT
DATE	YEAR / MONTH / DATE
CLIENT'S ACCOUNT	CREDITOR ACCOUNT
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	
OUR ACCOUNT DETAIL	DEBIT ACCOUNT DETAIL

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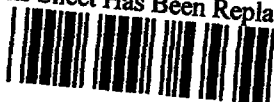
F I G. 27C

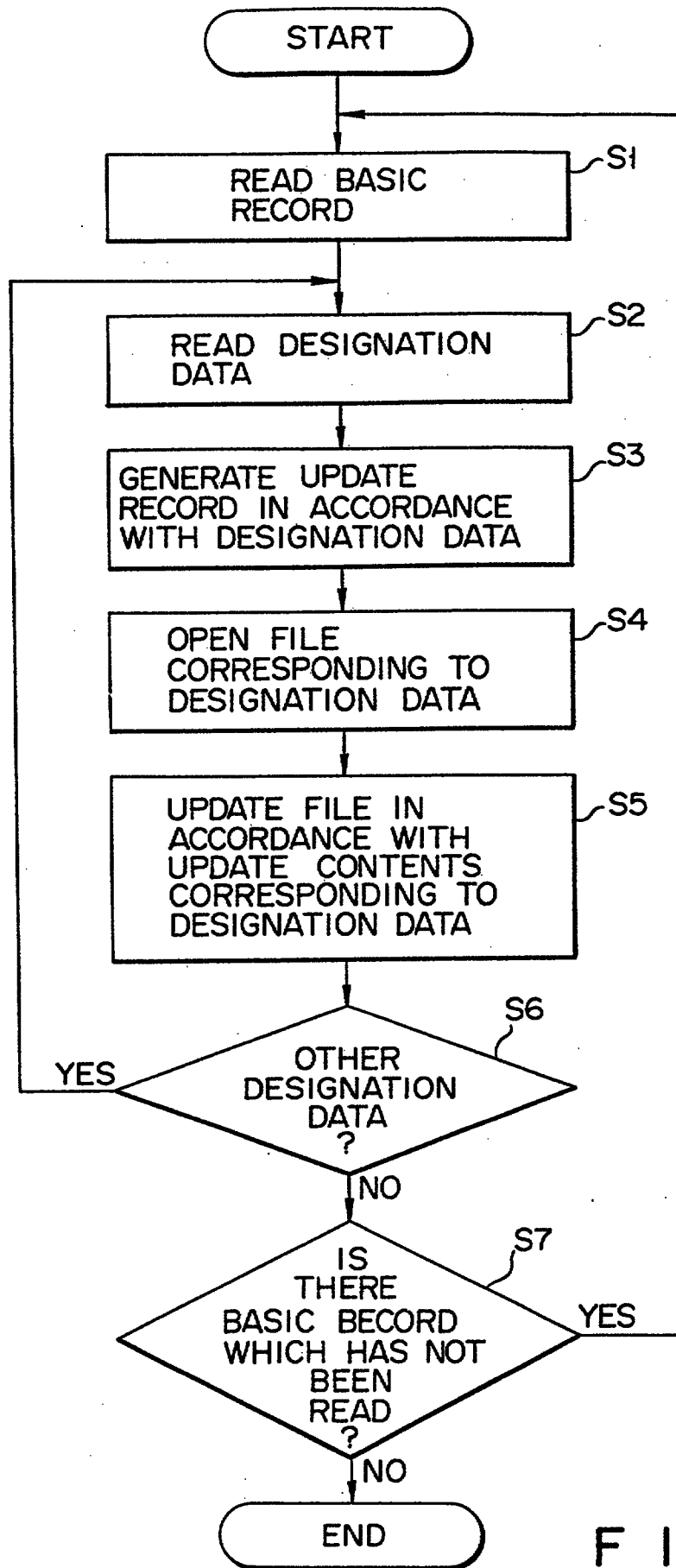
FILE NAME	ITEM MANAGEMENT
UPDATE CONTENTS	TOTAL
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
ITEM	ITEM
YEAR / MONTH	YEAR / MONTH
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	
NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT	QUANTITY
NUMBER OF SHIPMENT	

F I G. 27D

FILE NAME	DEALER MANAGEMENT
UPDATE CONTENTS	TOTAL
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
PERSON IN CHARGE	PERSON IN CHARGE
ITEM	ITEM
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	
NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT	QUANTITY
NUMBER OF SHIPMENT	

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F I G. 28

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FILE NAME	ACCOUNT LEDGER	ITEM MANAGEMENT	DEALER MANAGEMENT	SALES CLIENT
UPDATE CONTENTS	ADDITION	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
1 YEAR/MONTH/ DATE	RK2 ②			
2 SLIP NO				
3 AMOUNT	DEBIT BALANCE	SALES AMOUNT	SALES AMOUNT	SALES AMOUNT
4 DEBTOR ACCOUNT	RK1 ①			
5 DEBTOR ACCOUNT DIVISION	OUR ACCOUNT DIVISION			
6 DEBTOR'S CLIENT	RK1 ②			RK1
7 DEBTOR'S OBJECT DIVISION				
8 DEBTOR'S PERSON IN CHARGE				
9 CREDITOR ACCOUNT	RK2, CLIENT'S ACCOUNT ①			
10 CREDITOR ACCOUNT DIVISION	CLIENT'S ACCOUNT DIVISION			
11 CREDITOR'S CLIENT				

F I G. 29A



CREDITOR'S OBJECT DIVISION	12	CLIENT'S ACCOUNT OBJECT DIVISION			
CREDITOR'S PERSON IN CHARGE	13	CLIENT'S ACCOUNT PERSON IN CHARGE			
TRANSACTION DETAIL	14	TRANSACTION DETAIL			
USER SLIP NO.	15	USER SLIP NO.			
TOTAL DIVISION	16				
FISCAL YEAR	17	RK 2	RK 2 ②	RK 2 ②	RX 2 ②
ARRANGEMENT NO.	18				
CLIENT ARRANGEMENT NO.	19	CLIENT ARRANGEMENT NO.			
ITEM CODE	20	ITEM CODE	RK 1	RK 2 ①	RK 2 ①
PERSON IN CHARGE CODE	21	PERSON IN CHARGE CODE		RK 1	
TRANSACTION DIVISION NO	22	TRANSACTION DIVISION NO.			
QUANTITY OF SUPPLEMENT	23	QUANTITY OF SUPPLEMENT			
UNIT OF SUPPLEMENT	24	UNIT OF SUPPLEMENT			

F I G. 29B



F I G. 29C

NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT	25	NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT	SALES QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY
QUANTITY	26	QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY
STOCK CONTROL UNIT	27	STOCK CONTROL UNIT			
UNIT PRICE	28	UNIT PRICE			
GROSS PROFIT	29	GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT
SALES	30	SALES	SALES	SALES	SALES
DATE SLIP NO. LINE NO. DEBITS AND CREDITS BROUGHT FORWARD TO NEXT PERIOD	31	DATE SLIP NO. LINE NO. DEBITS AND CREDITS BROUGHT FORWARD TO NEXT PERIOD			
EXPECTED DATE OF LENDING RETURN	32				
OUR WAREHOUSE	33				
WAREHOUSE TO WHICH ARTICLES ARE CONVEYED	34				
WAREHOUSE NAME TO WHICH ARTICLES ARE CONVEYED	35				
OUR WAREHOUSE DIVISION	36				
BASIC WORD		FILE WORD			

REPLACEMENT SHEETS		SG
☐ Description	: paged ... to paged ...	
☒ Claim(s)	: paged 33 to paged 54	
☒ Drawing(s)	: paged 129 to paged 271	
☒ Abstract	: paged 55 to paged ...	
DATE OF RECEIPT		27/9/96

Claims:

1. A data processing apparatus including input means for inputting a record comprising words, input record storage means for storing an input record, file storage means for storing a plurality of records, and outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

update designation data storage means (18) for storing designation data for transforming an input record into an update record, the designation data comprising data for designating a record keyword, data for designating a data word, a file keyword and data for designating the contents of an update word;

update record generating means (14, Fig. 4) for extracting words serving as the record keyword and the data word from the input record stored in said input record storage means (21), in accordance with the designation data in said update designation data storage means, and for generating an update record comprising the extracted record keyword, the extracted data word, the file keyword, and the designated update word;

update record storage means (23) for storing the generated update record;

update processing means (15, 19, Fig. 7) for reading out the generated update record from said update record storage means, and for performing a processing of a type corresponding to data of the update word in the generated update record, on the records in the file stored in said file storage means (24) and designated by the record keyword; and

in that the generated update record includes an update word designating the type of the processing.

2. A data processing apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the update word stored in said update record storage means includes any of addition, deletion, collection, and totalization of records,

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in accordance with data designating the contents of the update word stored in said designation data storage means; and

5 said update processing means including means (15, 19, A4 of Fig. 7) for detecting the update word of the update record read out from said update record storage means, and for performing any of addition, deletion, correction and totalization on the records in said file storage means, in accordance with the detected update
10 word.

3. A data processing apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that said update processing means includes:

15 means (15, 19, A1 of Fig. 7) for sorting a plurality of update records stored in said update record storage means using, as a sort keyword, the file keyword, record keyword and update word; and

20 means (15, 19, A2-A5 of Fig. 7) for reading out the records in said file storage means and performing any of addition, deletion, correction, and totalization of records in accordance with data of the update word of the update record, in the sorted order, after the completion of the sorting by said sorting means.

25 4. A data processing apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that there are further provided:

30 output record designating means (26, Fig. 10) for designating a record to be read out from said file storage means, and for designating a word arrangement of the read-out record;

35 output record generating means (25, Fig. 12, Figs. 11(a)-11(c)) for reading out the designated record from said file storage means and for generating an output record from the respective words of the read-out designated record;

 output record storage means (21, Fig. 13) for storing the generated output record;

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form storage means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for storing a form of the output records;

form control means (27, 29, Fig. 17, Figs. 18A-18D) for appending the form in said form storage means to the
5 output record read out from said output record storage means and for supplying the output record to which the form is appended, to said output means; and

designation data input means (11) for inputting designation data to said update designation data storage
10 means, to said output record designation means, and to said form storage means, respectively.

5. A data processing apparatus according to claim 4, characterized in that said update processing means (15, 19) further comprises means for arranging and
15 writing the respective records of a file, including the updated record into said file storage means, by files and in accordance with the record keywords, after the update record is updated.

6. A data processing apparatus including input
20 means for inputting a record comprising words, input record storage means for storing an input record, file storage means for storing a plurality of records, and outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

25 record designation data storage means (17, Fig. 3, 33, Fig. 25, Figs. 29A-29C) for storing record designation data for designating an input record and for rendering respective words in the input record to correspond to respective words in a basic record;

30 basic record generating means (13, Fig. 3, 32) for arranging the words in said designated input record, into corresponding words of a basic record, and for generating a basic record having a predetermined form;

35 basic record storage means (22, 35) for storing the generated basic record;

file designation data storage means (18, Fig. 4, 37, Figs. 27A-27D) for storing the designation data



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for making correspondence between respective words in the generated basic record and respective words in a predetermined record in said file storage means, the designation data comprising data designating words used
5 as a record keyword and data words;

update record generating means (14, Fig. 4, 36, S1-S3 of Fig. 28) for extracting the words serving as the record keyword and data words, respectively, from the generated basic record stored in said basic record
10 storage means, and generating an update record corresponding to a record format of a record in said file storage means;

update processing means (15, Fig. 7, 38, S4-S5 of Fig. 28) for reading out the update record generated by
15 said update record generating means, and for performing a processing on the records stored in said file storage means and designated by a record keyword in the update record, in accordance with the contents of a data word in the update record.

20 7. A data processing apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that the basic record (Figs. 29A-29C) stored in said basic record storage means comprises predetermined words including at least date, slip number, amount, debtor account, debtor
25 customer, debtor details, creditor account, creditor customer, creditor details, person in charge, item code, quantity, and unit price.

8. A data processing apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that there are provided:

30 input means (11, 31) for inputting respective designation data to said record designation data storage means and to said file designation data storage means; and

means for arbitrarily making correspondence between
35 respective words in an input record and respective words in a basic record, and a correspondence between respective words in the basic record and respective words in



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a record in said file.

9. A data processing apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that there are further provided:

5 output record designating means (26, Fig. 10) for designating a record to be read out from said file storage means, and for designating a word arrangement of the read-out record;

10 output record generating means (25, Fig. 12, Figs. 11A-11C) for reading out the designated record from said file storage means and for generating an output record from the respective words of the read-out designated record;

15 output record storage means (21, Fig. 13) for storing the generated output record;

 form storage means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for storing a form of the output records;

20 form control means (27, 29, Fig. 17, Figs. 18A-18D) for appending the form in said form storage means to the output record read out from said output record storage means and for supplying the output record to which the form is appended, to said output means; and

25 designation data input means (11) for inputting designation data to said update designation data storage means, to said output record designation means, and to said form storage means, respectively.

30 10. A data processing apparatus including input means for inputting a record comprising words, input record storage means for storing an input record, file storage means for storing a plurality of records, and outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

35 output record designating means (26, Fig. 10) for designating a record keyword for a record to be read out from said file storage means (24, Fig. 8);

 output record generating means (25, Fig. 12, Figs. 11A-11C) for reading out a record from said file



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storage means in accordance with the designation by said output record designating means, and for generating an output record;

5 output record storage means (21, Fig. 13) for
storing the generated output record; and in that
 record keywords in respective records stored in
said file storage means are weighted to form a code
constituting the record keyword; and said output record
designating means includes means for designating a
10 number of digits of the code, the code constituting the
 record keyword of the respective records stored in said
 file storage means; and

 said output record generating means includes means
for generating a new output record from the output
15 record read out from said file storage means, a record
 keyword of the new output record being derived from the
 designated number of digits.

11. A data processing apparatus according to
claim 10, characterized in that said record keywords are
20 successively weighted from the upper digit thereof, and
 said output record designating means designates an upper
 digit code comprising a number of digits of the code
 beginning from its upper digit.

12. A data processing apparatus, according to
25 claim 11, characterized in that there is further pro-
 vided totalized record generating means for selecting
 the upper digit code as the record keyword, for tota-
 lizing output records having identical record keywords,
 and for generating a single totalized record, whereby
30 various totalized records of various types are obtained
 by selectively designating upper digits of the code
 constituting the upper digit code to form a record
 keyword.

13. A data processing apparatus including input
35 means for inputting a record comprising words, input
 record storage means for storing an input record, file
 storage means for storing a plurality of records, and



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outputting means for outputting a record, characterized in that there are provided:

storage means (21, Fig. 13) for storing a plurality of output data;

5 designating means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for designating framing data for framing at least one of the output data, and a reference output position for the framing data; and

10 from control means (27, 29, Fig 17, Figs. 18A-18C) for outputting, in response to outputting said at least one of said stored output data, said designated framing data, at a position based on the reference output position so as to surround said at least one of said reference output position each time said at least one
15 of the output data is output, thereby outputting a number of frame data corresponding to a number of output data.

14. A data processing apparatus according to claim 13, characterized in that said designating means
20 comprises means (28, Fig. 15) for designating field-framing lines of four sides for surrounding the output data, and for designating a presence/absence of the respective field-framing lines of four sides.

15. A data processing apparatus according to
25 claim 13, characterized in that:

said designating means comprises means for designating field-framing lines (28, Fig. 15) of four sides surrounding the output data; and

30 said form control means includes means (27, 29, Fig. 19) for arranging the output data at a position closer to a lower field-framing line among the four-side field framing lines surrounding the output data.

16. A data processing apparatus according to claim 13, characterized in that:

35 said storage means includes means (21, Fig. 13) for storing a plurality of different types of record data;

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said designating means includes means (28, Fig. 15, Figs. 16A-16E) for designating framing data corresponding to the types of the respective record data;

5 said form control means includes means (27, C3 of Fig. 17) for determining a type of the record data, and for outputting, together with the record data, the designated framing data whose type corresponds to the discriminated type, thereby outputting framing data
10 corresponding to the type of the record data.

17. A data processing apparatus according to claim 16, characterized in that said designating means includes means for designating a line type corresponding to the types of the respective record data.

15 18. A data processing apparatus according to claim 16, characterized in that:

detecting means for detecting the types of the record data to be output at a start position of a succeeding framing format; and wherein

20 said form control means includes means for outputting framing data for framing a record data to be output at a final position of the first framing format and a completing data designating the types of the record data to be output at the start position of the
25 next succeeding framing format corresponding to the detection result of said detecting means, in the case where a record data and a framing data framing the record data are output at the final position within the first framing format.

30 19. A data processing apparatus according to claim 13, characterized in that:

said storage means includes for storing record data corresponding to totalizing levels;

35 said designating means includes means for designating field-framing lines corresponding to the totalizing levels of the respective record data;

comparing means for comparing a totalizing level of

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the record data output in a final position of a form, with a totalizing level of the record data output at a start position of a succeeding form; and wherein

5 said form control means includes means for outputting field-framing lines framing a record data output at a final position of a form, and a completing line corresponding to the types of the record data output at the start position of the next succeeding form, when
10 said comparing means designates that the totalizing level of the record data output at the start position of the succeeding form is higher than the totalizing level of the record data to be output at the final position of the form, in the case where the field-framing lines framing the record data, and the record
15 data are output at the final position within the form.

20. A data processing method including inputting a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records by file, and outputting a record, characterized by comprising the steps of:

20 forming each record in said files from a record keyword and a data word, and said records being classified by files, each record being stored according to its record keyword;

25 storing at least one update record each comprising a file keyword designating one of said files, a record keyword designating a record of said designated file, data words to be processed, and an update word designating a type of an update processing operation to be performed,

30 reading out said stored update record; and performing a processing operation corresponding to the contents of the update word in the read out update record, on a record in a given file designated by the file keyword and the record keyword of the read out
35 update record.

21. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized in that:

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the update word in an update record comprises any of an addition of a record, a deletion of a record, a correction of a record, and a totalization of a record;

5 and said step of performing said processing operation includes detecting the update word in said read out update record, and performing on the record of said given file any of addition, deletion, correction, and totalization operations, in accordance with said detected update word.

10 22. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized in that said step of performing said processing operation includes:

15 sorting said stored update records in the order of the file keyword, in the order of the record keyword, and in the order of the update word; and continuously updating, in the sorted order, records of respective files.

23. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized in that:

20 said stored update records and said records of respective files are divided by a record delimiter; and each word of said stored update records and said records of respective files comprises variable-length data divided by a word delimiter.

25 24. A data processing method according to claim 23, characterized in that one of said stored update record and said records of respective files, includes one of a keyword delimiter and a given number of words from the beginning of the record, discrimi-
30 nating the record keyword and data word.

25. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized by further comprising:

35 designating designation data for transforming an input record into an update record, the designation data comprising data for designating a record keyword of an input record, data for designating a data word of an input record, data for designating a file keyword, and

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an update data designating the contents of an update word;

5 extracting from said input record, a word serving as a record keyword, and a word serving as a data word, in accordance with said designated designation data; and generating an update record including the extracted keyword, the extracted data word, the contents of the update data and the designated file keyword.

10 26. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized by further comprising:

designating a record to be extracted from said stored records, and designating a correspondence between respective words in the extracted record and respective words in an output record;

15 reading out from said stored records, the record designated to be extracted;

generating an output record having a new word structure from the words in the read-out record, in accordance with said designated correspondence; and
20 storing the generated output record.

27. A data processing method according to claim 26, characterized by further comprising:

25 designating framing data for framing at least one of the output record, and a reference output position for the framing data; and

outputting, in response to outputting said at least one of said stored output record, said designated frame data, at a position based on the reference output position so as to surround said at least one of the output records, and updating said reference output position each time said at least one of the output records is output, thereby outputting a number of frame data corresponding to a number of output records.

35 28. A data processing method according to claim 20, characterized by further comprising:

designating designation data for transforming an input record into an update record, the designation data

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comprising data for designating a record keyword of an input record, data for designating a data word of an input record, data for designating a file keyword, and an update data designating the contents of an update word;

extracting from said input record, a word serving as a record keyword, and a word serving as a data word, in accordance with said designated designation data;

generating an update record including the extracted keyword, the extended data word, the contents of the update data and the designated file keyword; and

said data processing method updating a file from an input record by said update record in accordance with the designation of the designation data.

29. A data processing method according to claim 28, characterized in that the contents of the update data in said generated update record designates any of addition, deletion, correction, and totalization of the record.

30. A data processing method according to claim 28, characterized in that each word in said generated update record comprises variable-length data divided by a word delimiter, and each update record is individually divided by a record delimiter.

31. A data processing method according to claim 30, characterized in that said generated update record includes an identifier for discriminating a record keyword and a data word by one of a keyword delimiter and a number of words from the beginning of the record.

32. A data processing method according to claim 28, characterized by further comprising:

storing records comprising a first set of records each of which comprises a record keyword and a data word, and a second set of records obtained by totaling records of the first set of records having a common record keyword portion, the second set of records having



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record keywords corresponding to said common record keyword portion; and

5 said step of generating an update record includes generating an update record having record keyword corresponding to said common record keyword portion when the designation data in said update designation data includes a designation data designating the common record keyword portion.

10 33. A data processing method according to claim 32, characterized in that said record keywords have a plurality of digits, and said common record keyword portion comprises at least one upper significant digit.

15 34. A data processing method including inputting a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records in a file, and outputting a record, characterized by comprising:

20 designating basic record designation data for indicating a correspondence between respective words in an input record and respective words in a basic record;

25 generating basic record by arranging words in the input record, in corresponding word positions in the basic record, whereby an input record comprising an arbitrary word structure is transformed into the basic record of a predetermined word structure, in accordance with said designated basic record designation data; and

30 storing the generated basic record.
35 35. A data processing method according to claim 34, characterized in that each word in said generated basic record comprises variable-length data divided by a word delimiter, and each record is divided by a record delimiter.

36. A data processing method according to claim 34, characterized by further comprising:
designating file designation data for making



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correspondence between respective words in the generated basic record and respective words in a predetermined record in a file, the file designation data comprising data designating words used as a record keyword and data words, and data designating a file to be updated;

extracting the words serving as the record keyword and data words, respectively, from said generated basic record, and generating an update record corresponding to a record format of a file;

performing a processing on the records in the file designated by a record keyword in said generated update record, in accordance with the contents of a data word in said generated update record.

37. A data processing method according to claim 36, characterized in that the basic record comprises predetermined words including at least date, slip number, amount, debtor account, debtor customer, debtor details, creditor account, creditor customer, creditor details, person in charge, item code, quantity, and unit price.

38. A data processing method according to claim 36, wherein:

inputting the record designation data and the file designation data, and arbitrarily making correspondence between respective words in an input record and respective words in a basic record, and a correspondence between respective words in the basic record and respective words in a record in said file.

39. A data processing method including inputting a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records in a file, and outputting a record characterized by further comprising the steps of:

forming each record in said file from a record keyword and a data word, the records being stored in an order based on the record keyword;

designating a record to be extracted from said stored records, and designating a correspondence between



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respective words in the extracted record and respective words in an output record;

reading out from said stored records the record designated to be extracted;

5 generating an output record having a new word structure from the words in the read-out record, in accordance with said designated correspondence; and storing the generated output record.

40. A data processing method according to
10 claim 38, characterized by further comprising:

storing respective output records in accordance with the contents of a keyword in the respective generated output records; and

15 totalizing output records having the same keyword and generating a signal output record after the completion of the storing performed by said sorting step.

41. A data processing method according to claim 39, characterized in that:

20 said step of designating includes designating a keyword portion of output records for totaling the words of output records having the designated keyword; and

said step of generating includes generating a total record obtained by totaling the output records in accordance with said designated keyword portion.

25 42. A data processing method according to claim 41, characterized by further comprising:

arranging output records and total records in accordance with record keywords.

30 43. A data processing method according to claim 39, characterized in that said generated output records are individually divided by a record delimiter, and words in each output record are individually divided by a word delimiter, each word comprising variable-length data, and a keyword and a data word in each output record by one of a keyword delimiter and a number of
35 words from a beginning of an output record.

44. A data processing method includes inputting



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a record comprising words, storing an input record, storing records in a file, and outputting a record, characterized by comprising:

storing a plurality of output data;

5 designating framing data for framing at least one of the output data, and a reference output position for the framing data; and

outputting, in response to outputting said at least one of said stored output data, said designed framing data, at a position based on the reference output position so as to surround said at least one of the output data, and updating said reference output position each time said at least one of the output data is output, thereby outputting a number of frame data corresponding to a number of output data.

15 45. A data processing method according to claim 44, characterized in that the framing data includes data designating field-framing lines of four sides for surrounding the output data, and designating a presence/absence of the respective field-framing lines of four sides.

20 46. A data processing method according to claim 44, characterized by further comprising the framing data in said designating means comprising designating field-framing lines of four sides surrounding the output data, and arranging the output data at a position closer to a lower field-framing line among the four-side field framing lines surrounding the output data.

25 47. A data processing method according to claim 44, characterized in that:

said step of storing includes storing a plurality of different types of record data;

said step of designating includes designating framing data for framing a record data to be output and an output position of the record data to be framed, the framing data corresponding to the types of the

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respective record data;

discriminating a type of said read-out record data;
and

5 said step of outputting includes outputting,
together with the read-out record data, the designated
framing data whose type corresponds to the discriminated
type, thereby outputting framing data corresponding to
the type of the read-out record data.

10 48. A data processing method according to
claim 47, wherein said framing data defines a line type
corresponding to the types of the respective record
data.

15 49. A data processing method according to
claim 44, characterized in that:

 said step of storing includes storing record data
corresponding to totalizing levels;

 said step of designating includes designating
field-framing lines for framing a record data to be out-
put and designating an output position, corresponding to
20 the totalizing levels of the respective record data;

 comparing a totalizing level of the record data
output in a final position of a form, with a totalizing
level of the record data output at a start position of a
succeeding form; and

25 said step of outputting includes outputting field-
framing lines framing a record data output at a final
position of a form, and a completing line corresponding
to the types of the record data output at the start
position of the next succeeding form, when said step of
30 comparing designates that the totalizing level of the
record data output at the start position of the suc-
ceeding form is higher than the totalizing level of the
record data to be output at the final position of the
form, in the case where the field-framing lines framing
35 the record data, and the record data are output at the
final position within the form.

50. A data processing method according to



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claim 47, characterized by further comprising detecting the types of the record data to be output at a start position of a succeeding framing format; and characterized in that

- 5 said step of outputting further includes outputting framing data for framing a record data to be output at a final position of the first framing format and a completing data designating the types of the record data to be output at the start position of the next succeeding
- 10 framing format corresponding to the detected type, in the case where a record data and a framing data framing the record data are output at the final position within the first framing format.



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Abstract: (Fig. 1)

"DATA PROCESSING APPARATUS"

5 All data are uniformly and automatically processed
in a data processing system. An input record is trans-
formed into a record having a uniform format. All file
formats are unified. A desired record is read out from
10 a file and transformed into a arbitrary format. Data
input processing, a file update processing, and data
output processing are designed to process data indepen-
dently, uniformly, and automatically. A process content
to be performed by each of the data input, file update,
10 and data output processings is designated by a simple
data item such as a record keyword and a data word.

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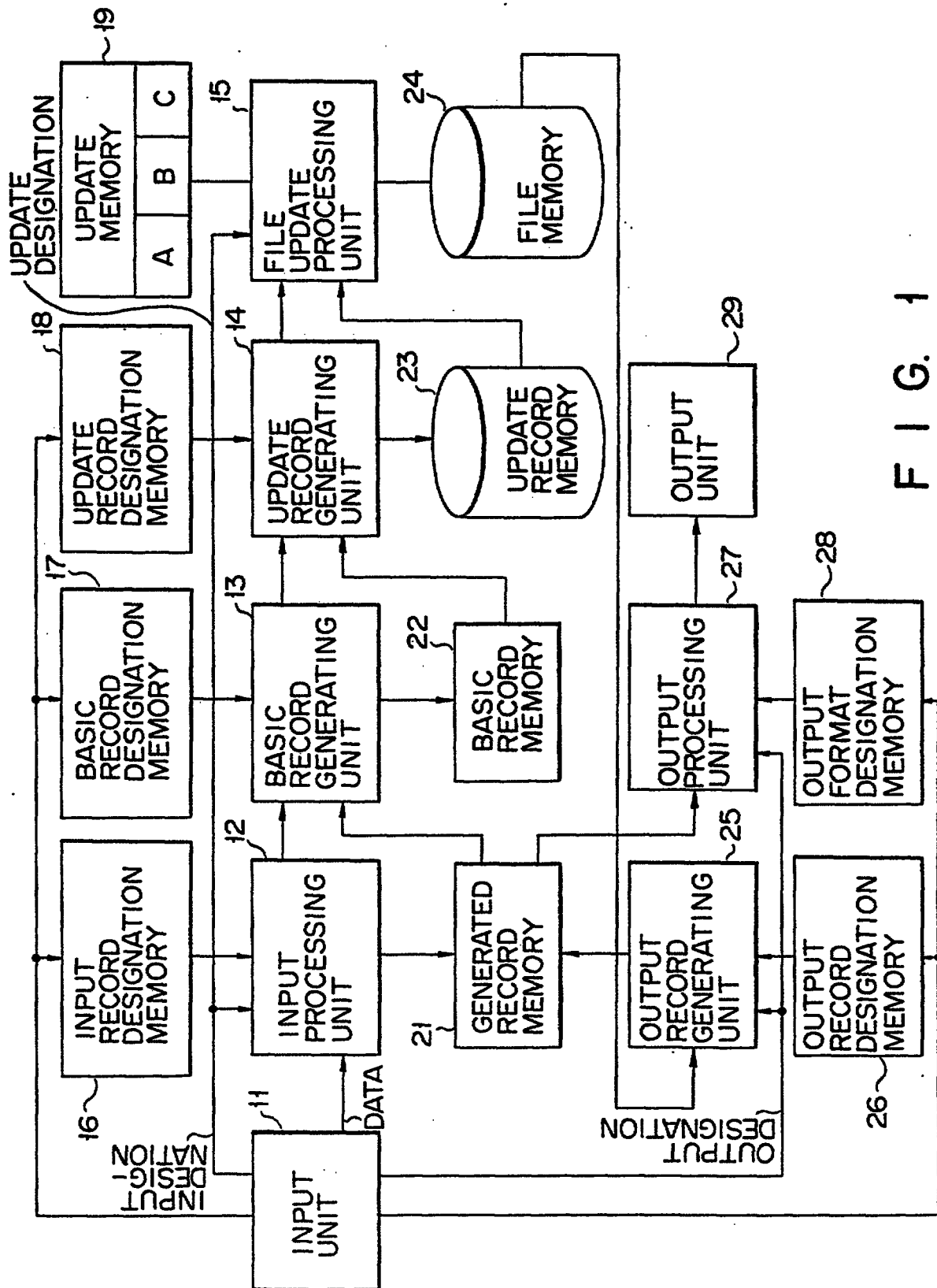


FIG. 1

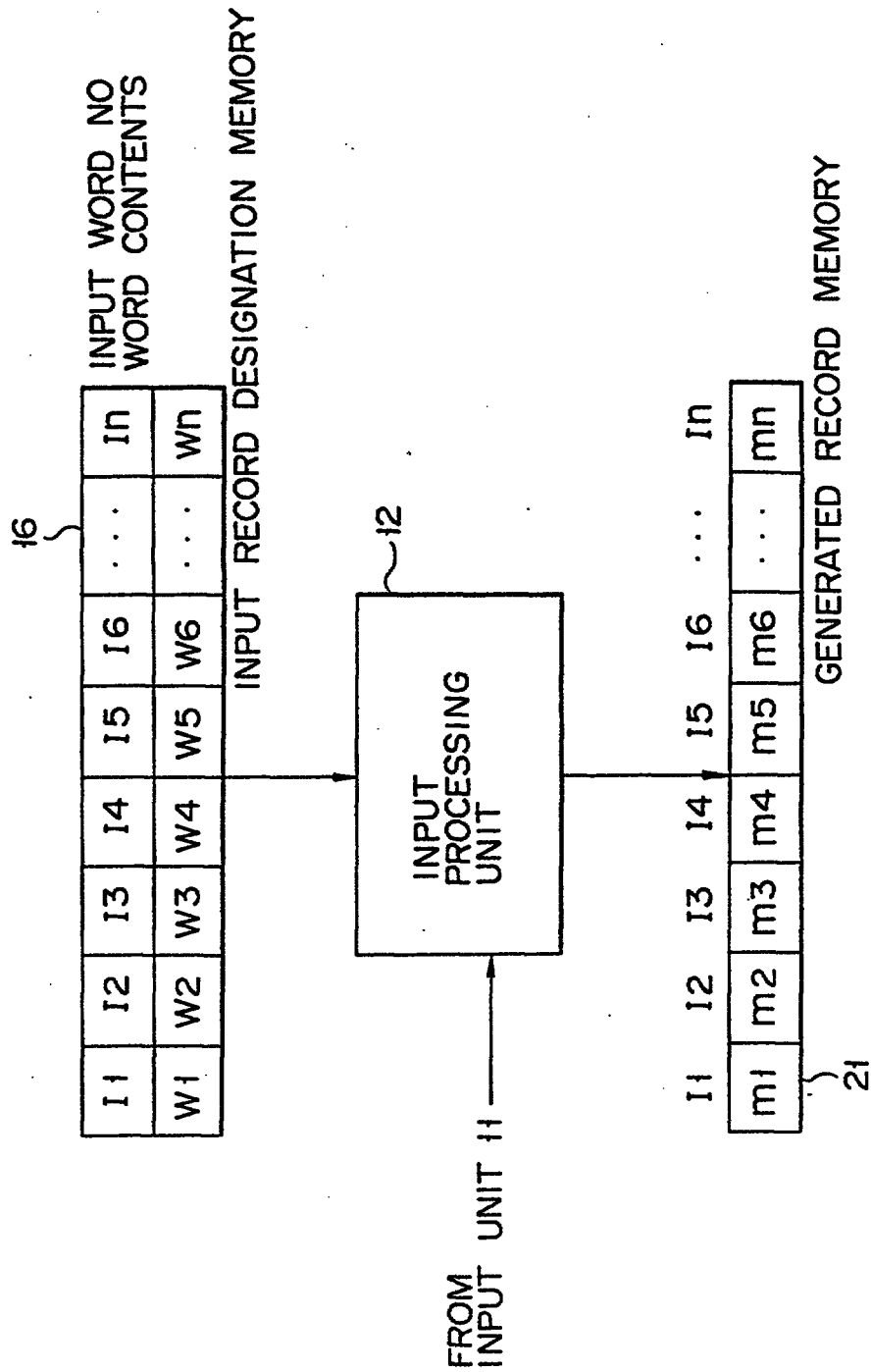


FIG. 2

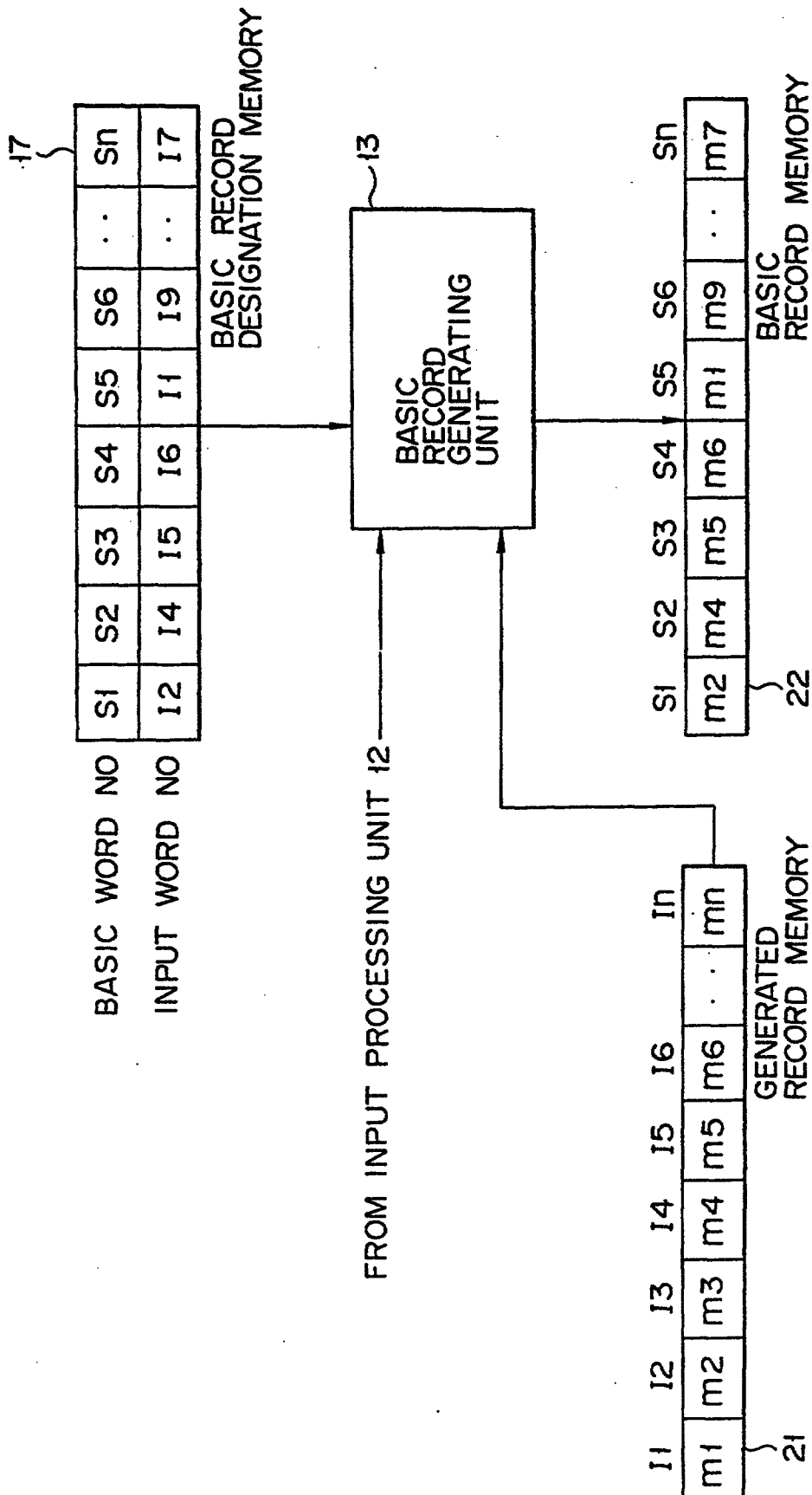


FIG. 3

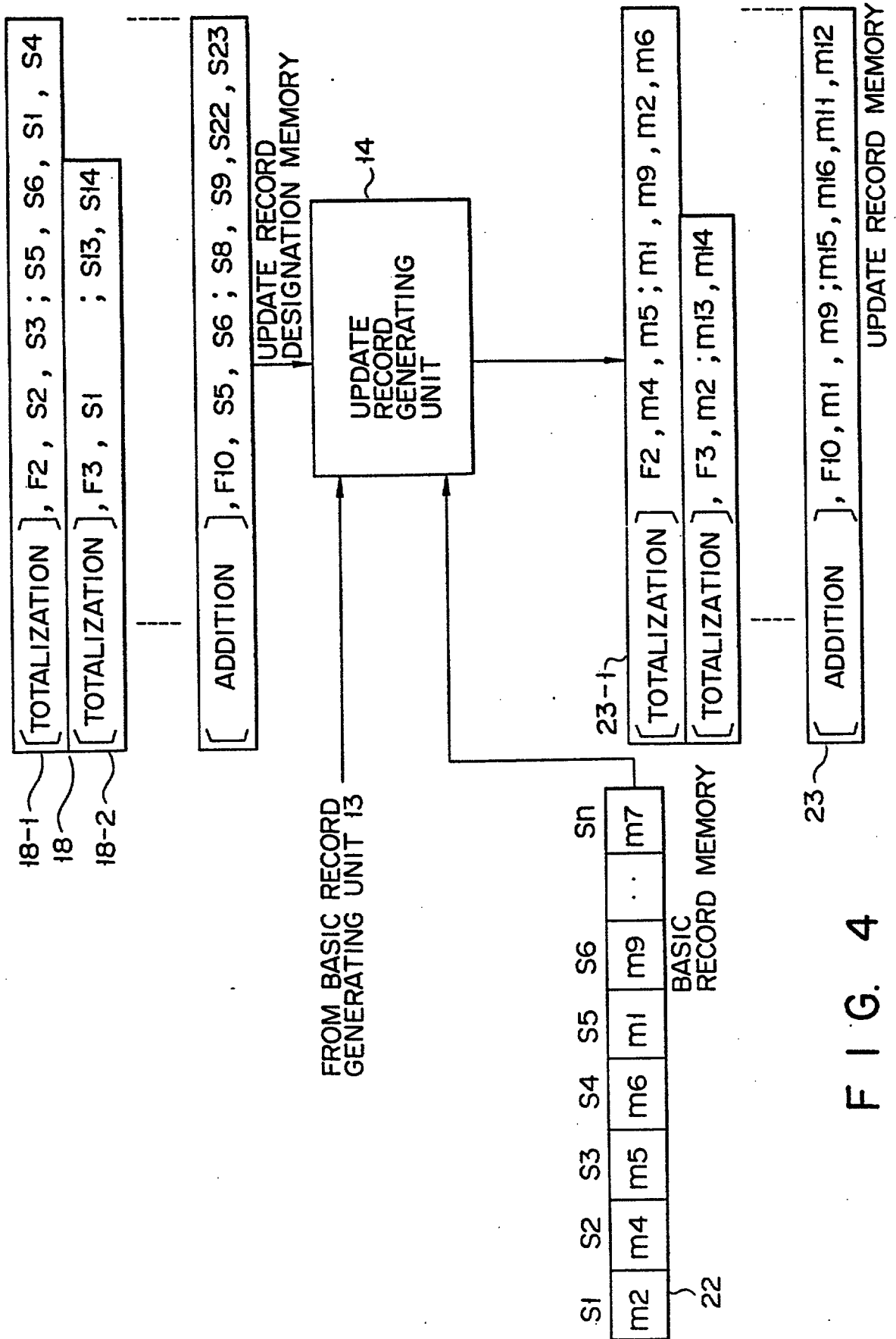
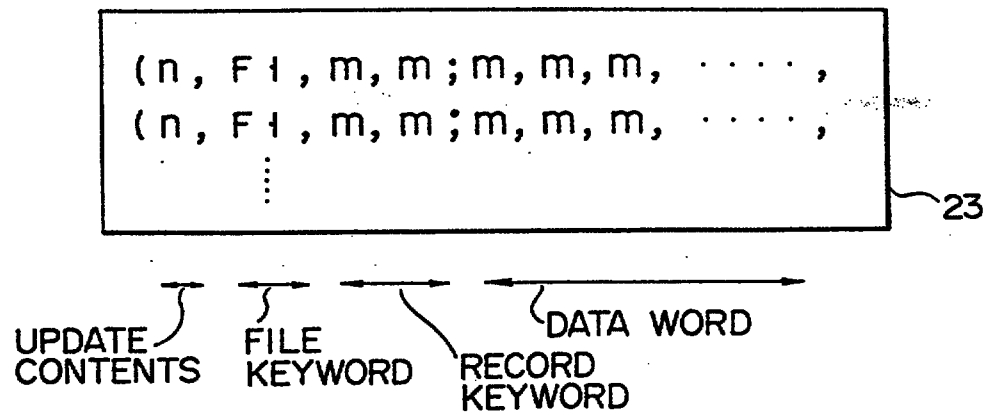


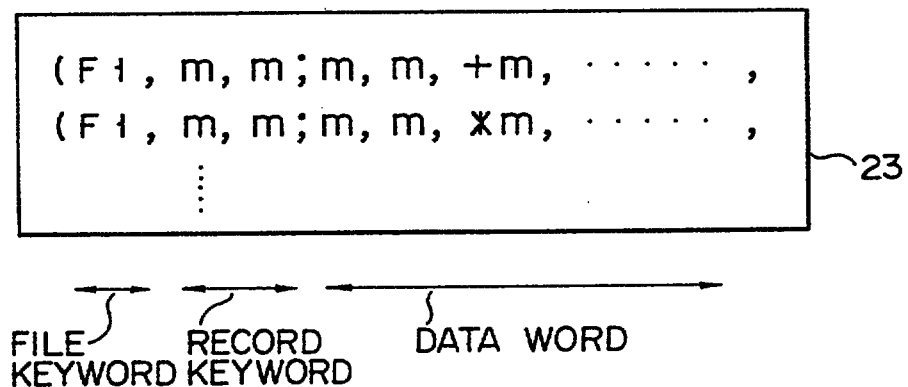
FIG. 4

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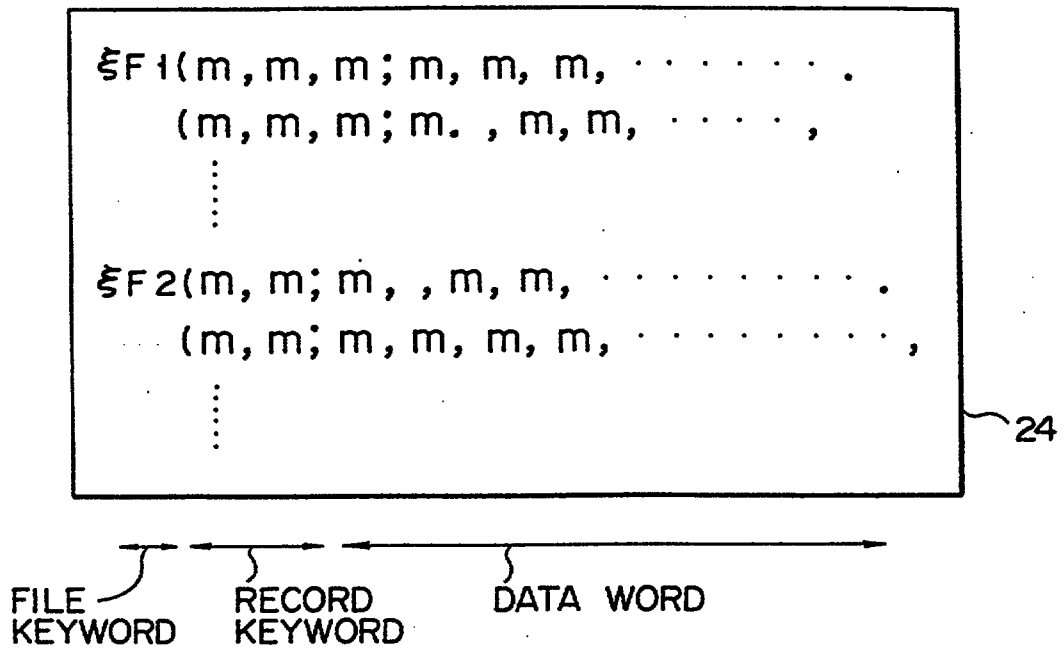
F I G. 5A



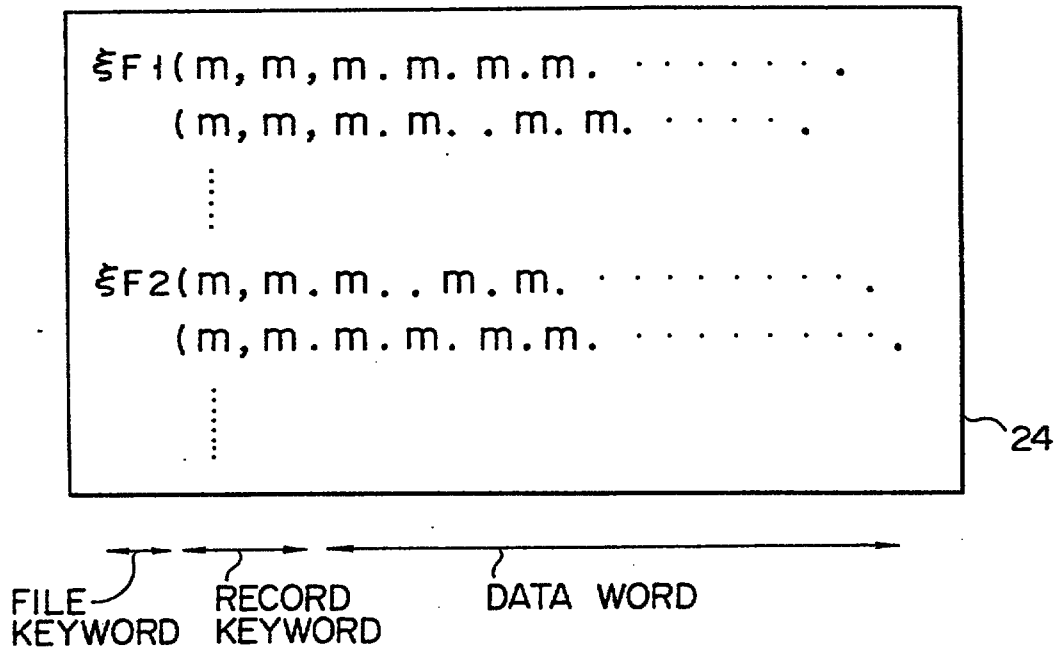
F I G. 5B

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F I G. 6A



F I G. 6B

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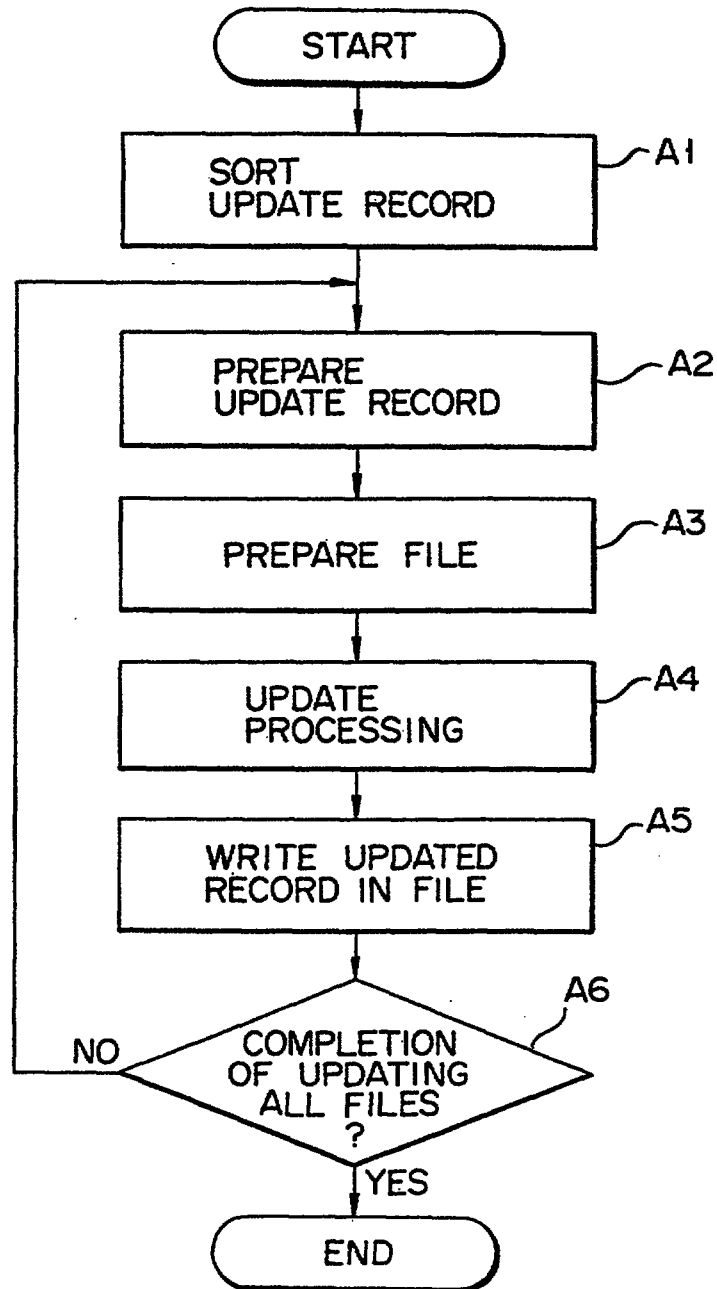


FIG. 7

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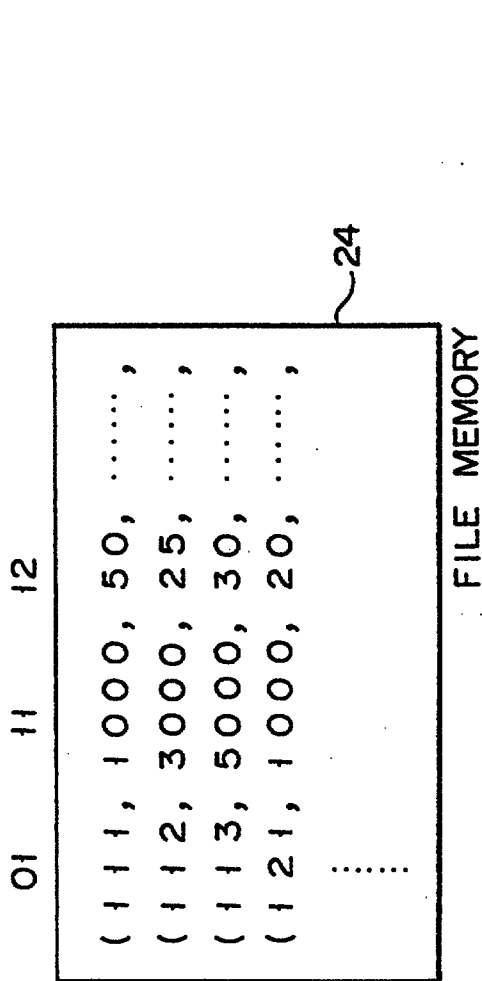


FIG. 8

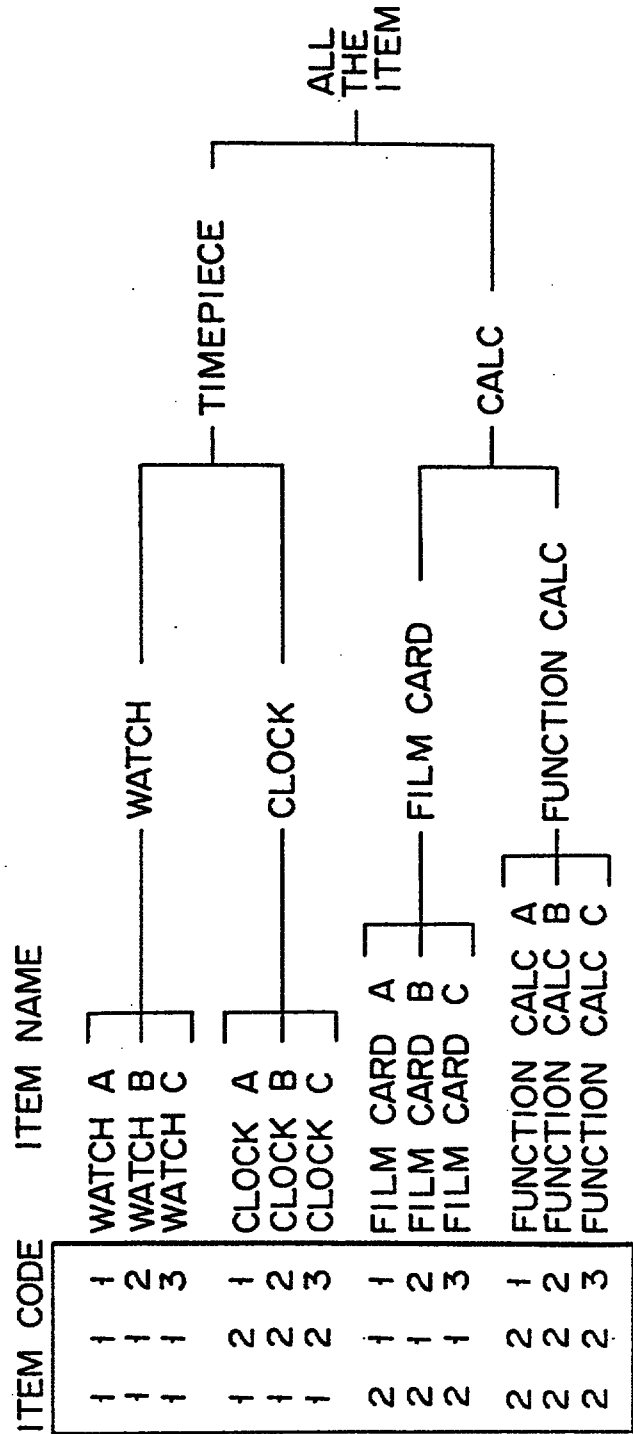


FIG. 9

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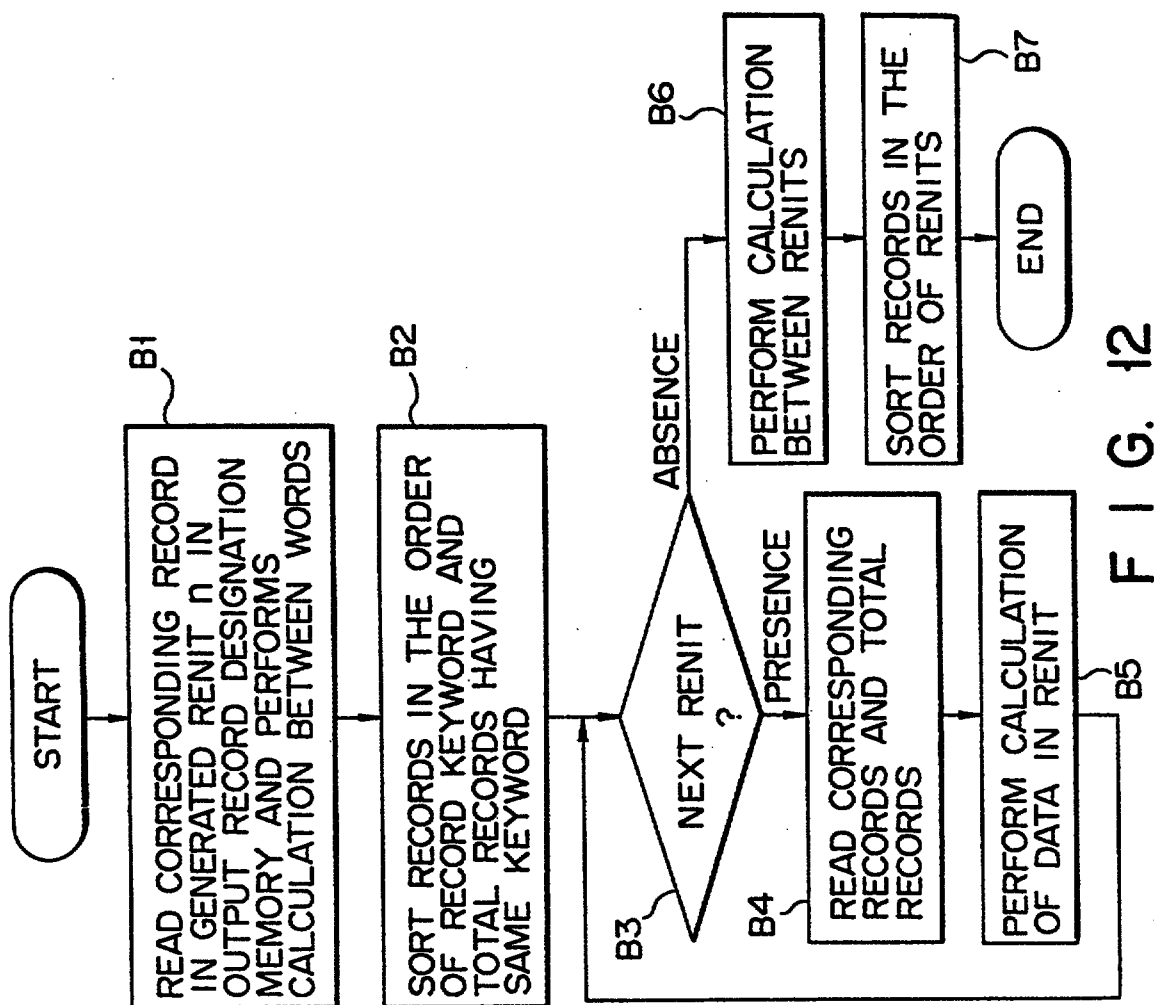


FIG. 12

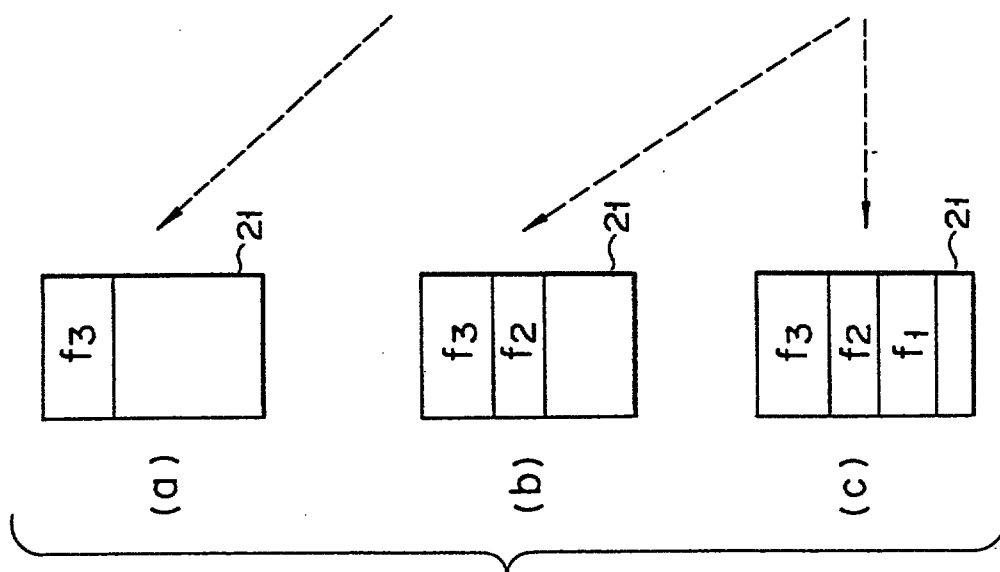


FIG. 11

GENERATING WORD ----
 WORD CONTENTS ----
 GENERATING RENIT 3
 GENERATING RENIT 2
 GENERATING RENIT 1

.1	.2	.3	.11	.11	.11	.12	.13	.14	.C1	.15
$a01 > 1$	$a01 > 2$	$a01 < 3$	$b.1/T$	$b.1 \& b.2/T$	$a01/T$	$a12$	$a13$	$b12 \times b13$	$b14$	$b12/C1$
/	/	/	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
/	/	/	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
/	/	/	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0

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 F I G. 10
 OUTPUT RECORD
 DESIGNATION MEMORY

.1 .2 .3 .11 .12 .13 .14 .15

(1, , , TIMEPIECE , , 150, 360000, ,
 (1, 1, , WATCH , , 105, 275000, ,
 (1, 1, 1, WATCH A , 1000, 50, 50000, 0.18,
 (1, 1, 2, WATCH B , 3000, 25, 75000, 0.27,
 (1, 1, 3, WATCH C , 5000, 30, 150000, 0.58,
 (1, 2, , CLOCK , , 45, 85000, ,
 (1, 2, 1, CLOCK A , 1000, 20, 20000, 0.24,
 : : : : :
 : : : : :

21
 GENERATED RECORD MEMORY

F I G. 13

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F I G. 14A

01	02	03	12	13	
(1,	,	,		150,	 ,
(1, 1,	,			105,	 ,
(1, 1, 1,	1000,	50,			 ,
(1, 1, 2,	3000,	25,			 ,
(1, 1, 3,	5000,	30,			 ,
(1, 2,	,			45,	 ,
(1, 2, 1,	1000,	20,			 ,
					 ,

F I G. 14B

01	02	12	13	
(I, 1,			150,	 ,
(II, 1,			105,	 ,
(III, 1,	1000,	50,		 ,
(III, 2,	3000,	25,		 ,
(III, 3,	5000,	30,		 ,
(II, 2,			45,	 ,
(III, 1,	1000,	20,		 ,
				 ,

F I G. 14C

01	12	13	
(1,		150,	 ,
(1,		105,	 ,
(1, 1000,	50,		 ,
(2, 3000,	25,		 ,
(3, 5000,	30,		 ,
(2,		45,	 ,
(1, 1000,	20,		 ,
			 ,

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RENIT	START POINT { X COOR- DINATE Y COOR- DINATE }		LENGTH { HORI- ZONTAL VERT- ICAL }		LINE TYPE	WORD NO	WORD TYPE	
S		Y2						
M	X4	Y1	l4	m	3030	1		→ TO FIG. 16A
	X5	Y1	l5	m	3033	2		
1	X1	Yn	l1	m	1010	11		→ TO FIG. 16B
	X4	Yn	l4	m	1030	14		
	X5	Yn	l5	m	1031	13		
2	X1	Yn	0	m	0010			→ TO FIG. 16C
	X2	Yn	l2	m	2020	11		
	X4	Yn	l4	m	2030	14		
	X5	Yn	l5	m	2031	13		
3	X1	Yn	l6	m	0012			→ TO FIG. 16D
	X3	Yn	l3	m	3030	11		
	X4	Yn	l4	m	3030	14		
	X5	Yn	l5	m	3031	13		→ TO FIG. 16E
R	X1	Yn	l7	m	1000			

FIG. 15

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FIG. 16A

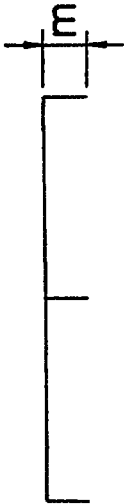


FIG. 16B



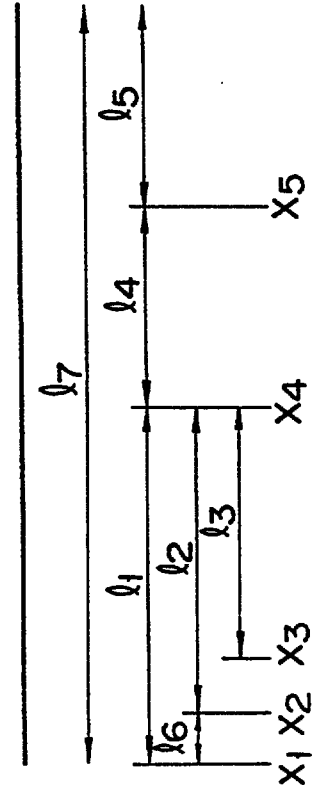
FIG. 16C



FIG. 16D



FIG. 16E



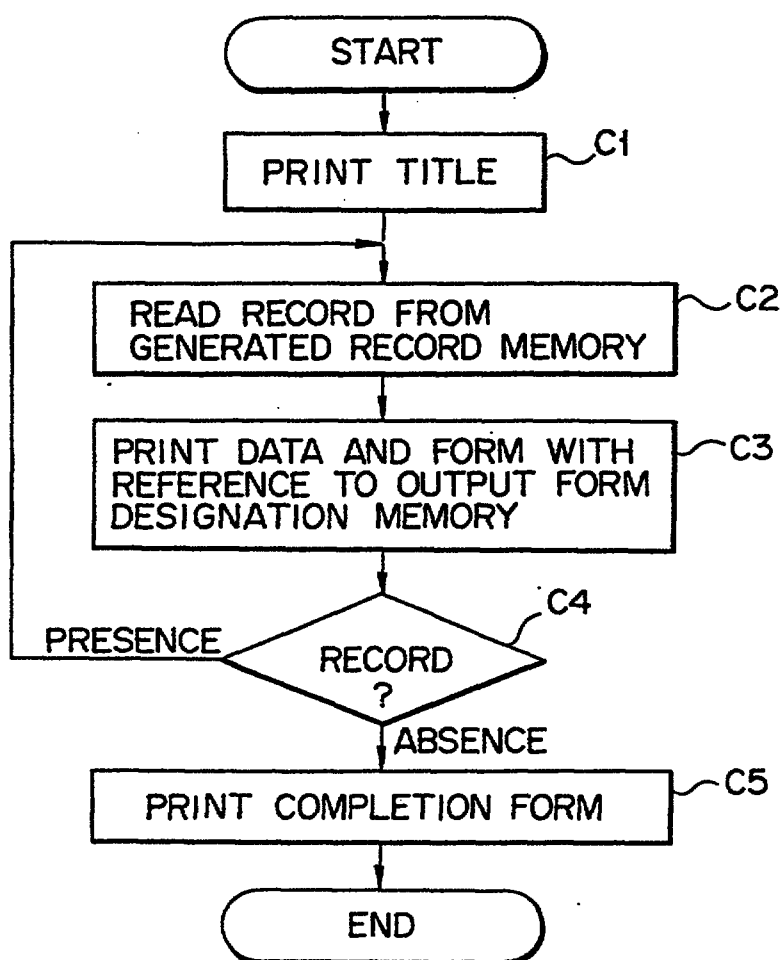


FIG. 17

F I G. 18A

AMOUNT	QUANTITY
--------	----------

F I G. 18B

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150

F I G. 18C

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150
WATCH	257,000	105

F I G. 18D

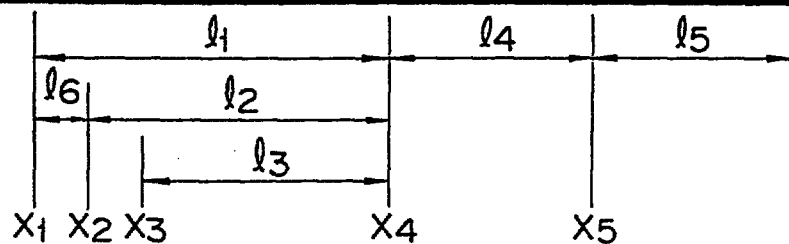
Y₁ →

Y₂ →

m

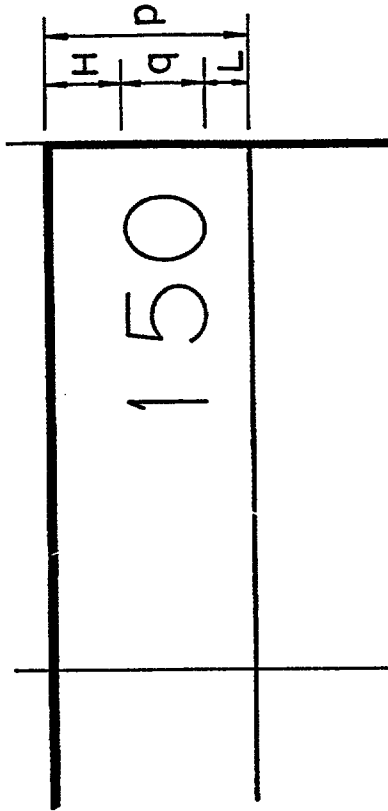
m

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150
WATCH	257,000	105
WATCH A	50,000	50
WATCH B	75,000	25
WATCH C	150,000	30
CLOCK	85,000	45
CLOCK A	20,000	20



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F I G. 19

RENIT	START POINT		LENGTH			WORD NO.	WORD TYPE
	X COOR-DINATE	Y COOR-DINATE	HORI-ZONTAL	VERT-ICAL	LINE TYPE		
R1	X ₁	Y _n	l ₇	m	1000		
R2	X ₂	Y _n	l ₈	m	2000		
R3	X ₃	Y _n	l ₉	m	3000		

$l_8 = l_2 + l_4 + l_5, \quad l_9 = l_3 + l_4 + l_5$

F I G. 20

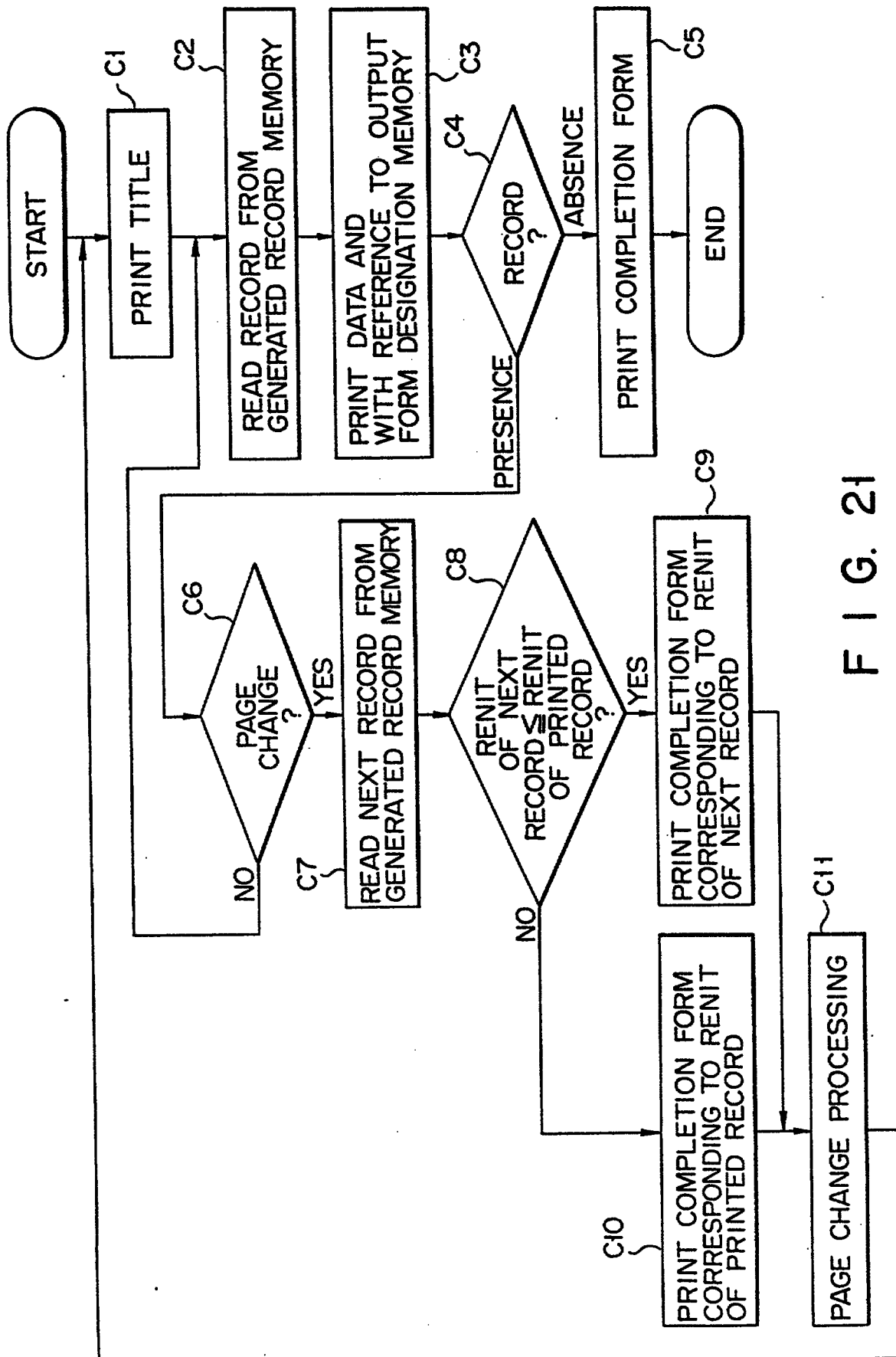


FIG. 21

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
TIMEPIECE	360,000	150
WATCH	275,000	105
WATCH A	50,000	50
WATCH B	75,000	25
WATCH C	150,000	30
CLOCK	85,000	45
CLOCK A	20,000	20
CLOCK B	20,000	10
CLOCK C	45,000	15
CALCULATOR	300,000	250
FILM CARD	90,000	40
FILM CARD A	15,000	10
FILM CARD B	30,000	15
FILM CARD C	45,000	15

F I G. 22

	AMOUNT	QUANTITY
FUNCTION CALC.	290,000	100
FUNC. CALC. A	130,000	65
FUNC. CALC. B	10,000	5
FUNC. CALC. C	150,000	30
COMPLEXED CALC.	5,000	45
COMP. CALC. A	2,000	0
COMP. CALC. B	0,000	0

F I G. 23

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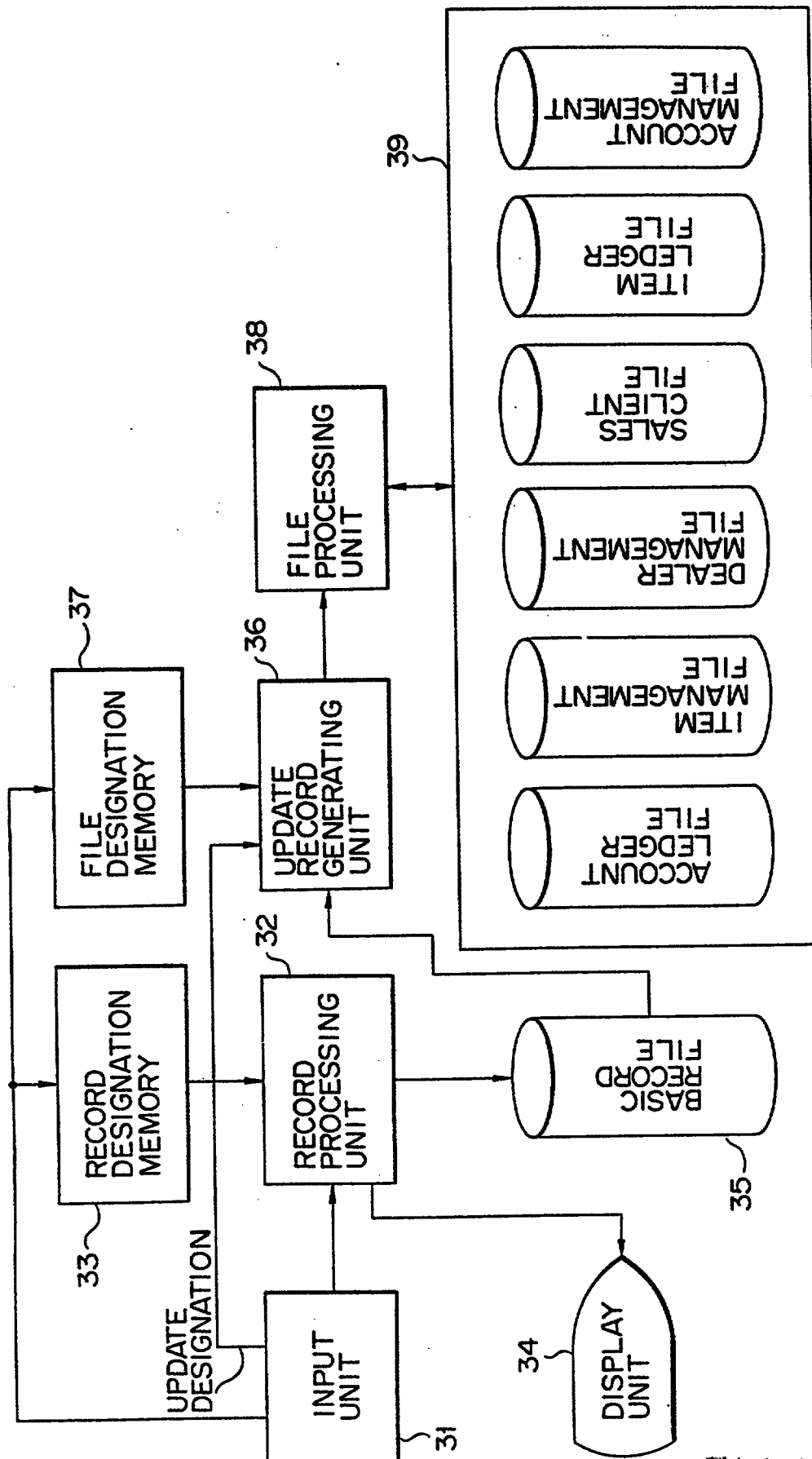


FIG. 24

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	BASIC WORD	INPUT WORD
1	YEAR/MONTH/DATE	
2	SLIP NO.	
3	AMOUNT	
4	DEBTOR'S ACCOUNT	
5	DEBTOR'S CLIENT	
6	DEBTOR'S DETAIL	
7	CREDITOR'S ACCOUNT	
8	CREDITOR'S CLIENT	
9	CREDITOR'S DETAIL	
10	PERSON IN CHARGE	
11	ITEM	
12	QUANTITY	
13	UNIT PRICE	

F I G. 25

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FILE NAME		
UPDATE CONTENTS		
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD	

F I G. 26

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F I G. 27A

FILE NAME	TOTAL ACCOUNT
UPDATE CONTENTS	BASIC WORD
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
OUR ACCOUNT	DEBTOR ACCOUNT
YEAR MONTH	YEAR MONTH
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	

F I G. 27B

FILE NAME	TOTAL ACCOUNT
UPDATE CONTENTS	ADDITION
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
OUR ACCOUNT	DEBTOR ACCOUNT
DATE	YEAR / MONTH / DATE
CLIENT'S ACCOUNT	CREDITOR ACCOUNT
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	
OUR ACCOUNT DETAIL	DEBIT ACCOUNT DETAIL

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F I G. 27C

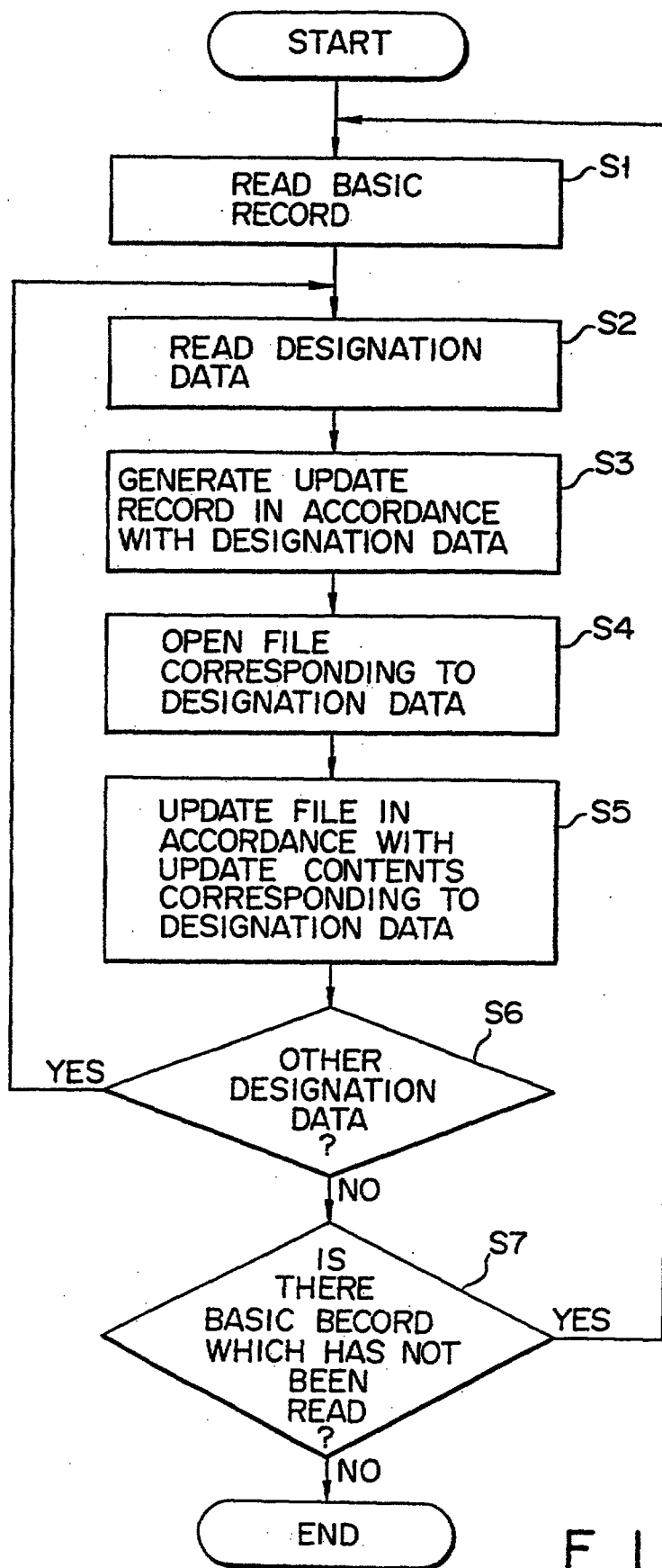
FILE NAME	ITEM MANAGEMENT
UPDATE CONTENTS	TOTAL
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
ITEM	ITEM
YEAR / MONTH	YEAR / MONTH
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	
NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT	QUANTITY
NUMBER OF SHIPMENT	

F I G. 27D

FILE NAME	DEALER MANAGEMENT
UPDATE CONTENTS	TOTAL
FILE WORD	BASIC WORD
PERSON IN CHARGE	PERSON IN CHARGE
ITEM	ITEM
DEBIT BALANCE	AMOUNT
CREDIT BALANCE	
NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT	QUANTITY
NUMBER OF SHIPMENT	

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F I G. 28

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FILE NAME	ACCOUNT LEDGER	ITEM MANAGEMENT	DEALER MANAGEMENT	SALES CLIENT
UPDATE CONTENTS	ADDITION	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
YEAR/MONTH/ DATE	1 RK2 ②			
SLIP NO	2			
AMOUNT	3 DEBIT BALANCE	SALES AMOUNT	SALES AMOUNT	SALES AMOUNT
DEBTOR ACCOUNT	4 RK1 ①			
DEBTOR ACCOUNT DIVISION	5 OUR ACCOUNT DIVISION			
DEBTOR'S CLIENT	6 RK1 ②			RK1
DEBTOR'S OBJECT DIVISION	7			
DEBTOR'S PERSON IN CHARGE	8			
CREDITOR ACCOUNT	9 RK2, CLIENT'S ACCOUNT ①			
CREDITOR ACCOUNT DIVISION	10 CLIENT'S ACCOUNT DIVISION			
CREDITOR'S CLIENT	11			

F I G. 29A

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CREDITOR'S OBJECT DIVISION	12	CLIENT'S ACCOUNT OBJECT DIVISION			
CREDITOR'S PERSON IN CHARGE	13	CLIENT'S ACCOUNT PERSON IN CHARGE			
TRANSACTION DETAIL	14	TRANSACTION DETAIL			
USER SLIP NO.	15	USER SLIP NO.			
TOTAL DIVISION	16				
FISCAL YEAR	17	RK 2	RK 2 ②	RX 2 ②	
ARRANGEMENT NO.	18				
CLIENT ARRANGEMENT NO.	19	CLIENT ARRANGEMENT NO.			
ITEM CODE	20	ITEM CODE	RK 1	RK 2 ①	RK 2 ①
PERSON IN CHARGE CODE	21	PERSON IN CHARGE CODE		RK 1	
TRANSACTION DIVISION NO	22	TRANSACTION DIVISION NO.			
QUANTITY OF SUPPLEMENT	23	QUANTITY OF SUPPLEMENT			
UNIT OF SUPPLEMENT	24	UNIT OF SUPPLEMENT			

F I G. 29B

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F I G. 29C

NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT	25	NUMBER OF SUPPLEMENT				
QUANTITY	26	QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY	SALES QUANTITY
STOCK CONTROL UNIT	27	STOCK CONTROL UNIT				
UNIT PRICE	28	UNIT PRICE				
GROSS PROFIT	29	GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT
SALES	30	SALES	SALES	SALES	SALES	SALES
DATE SLIP NO. LINE NO. DEBITS AND CREDITS BROUGHT FORWARD TO NEXT PERIOD	31	DATE SLIP NO. LINE NO. DEBITS AND CREDITS BROUGHT FORWARD TO NEXT PERIOD				
EXPECTED DATE OF LENDING RETURN	32					
OUR WAREHOUSE	33					
WAREHOUSE TO WHICH ARTICLES ARE CONVEYED	34					
WAREHOUSE NAME TO WHICH ARTICLES ARE CONVEYED	35					
OUR WAREHOUSE DIVISION	36					

BASIC WORD

FILE WORD

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