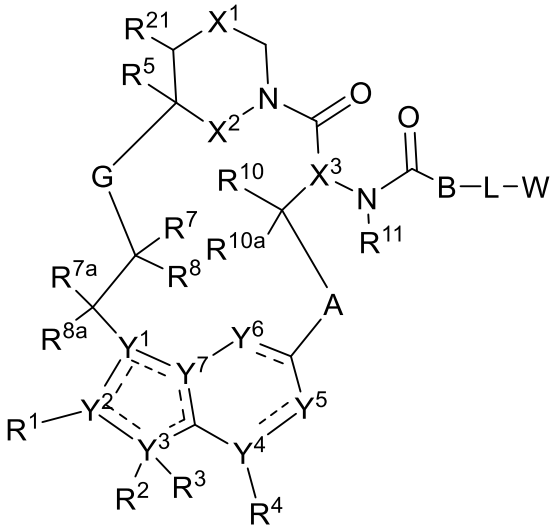
Claims

1. A compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the structure of Formula I:



Formula I

wherein the dotted lines represent zero, one, two, three, or four non-adjacent double bonds;

A is -N(H or CH_3)C(O)-(CH_2)- where the amino nitrogen is bound to the carbon atom of -CH(R^{10})-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroarylene;

B is absent, -CH(R^9)-, >C=C$R^9R^{9'}$, or >C$R^9R^{9'}$ where the carbon is bound to the carbonyl carbon of -N(R^{11})C(O)-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

G is optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkylene, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkenylene, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene, -C(O)O-**C**H(R^6)- where **C** is bound to -C(R^7R^8)-, -C(O)NH-**C**H(R^6)- where **C** is bound to -C(R^7R^8)-, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene, or 3 to 8-membered heteroarylene;

L is absent or a linker;

W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl ketone, a vinyl sulfone, an ynone, or an alkynyl sulfone;

X^1 is optionally substituted C_1-C_2 alkylene, NR, O, or S(O)$_n$;

X^2 is O or NH;

X^3 is N or CH;

n is 0, 1, or 2;

R is hydrogen, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkynyl, C(O)R', C(O)OR', C(O)N(R')$_2$, S(O)R', S(O)$_2$R', or S(O)$_2$N(R')$_2$;

each R' is, independently, H or optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl;

Y^1 is C, CH, or N;

Y^2, Y^3, Y^4, and Y^7 are, independently, C or N;

Y^5 is CH, CH_2, or N;

Y^6 is C(O), CH, CH_2, or N;

R^1 is cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or

R^1 and R^2 combine with the atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^2 is absent, hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6-membered aryl, optionally substituted 5 or 6-membered heteroaryl; R^3 is absent, or

R^2 and R^3 combine with the atom to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^4 is absent, hydrogen, halogen, cyano, or methyl optionally substituted with 1 to 3 halogens;

R^5 is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy, or C_1-C_4 alkoxy, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl;

R^6 is hydrogen or methyl; R^7 is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, or

R^6 and R^7 combine with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

R^7 and R^8 combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form $C=CR^{7'}R^{8'}$; C=N(OH), C=N(O-C_1-C_3 alkyl), C=O, C=S, C=NH, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^{7a} and R^{8a} are, independently, hydrogen, halo, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, or combine with the carbon to which they are attached to form a carbonyl;

$R^{7'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl; $R^{8'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

$R^{7'}$ and $R^{8'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^9 is H, F, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, or

R^9 and L combine with the atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

$R^{9'}$ is hydrogen or optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl; or

R^9 and $R^{9'}$, combined with the atoms to which they are attached, form a 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or a 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl;

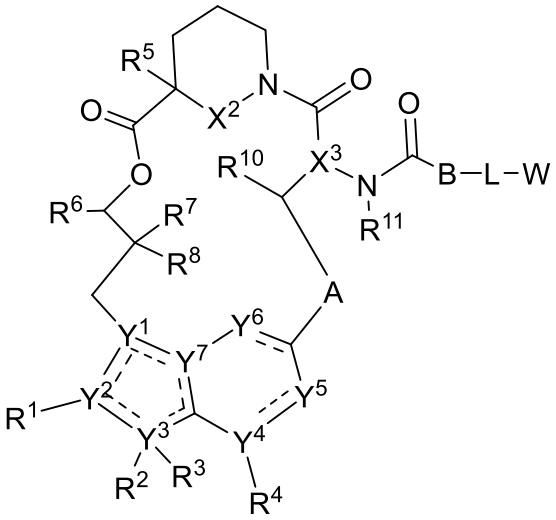
R^{10} is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C_1-C_3 alkoxy, or C_1-C_3 alkyl;

R^{10a} is hydrogen or halo;

R^{11} is hydrogen or C_1-C_3 alkyl; and

R^{21} is H or C_1-C_3 alkyl.

2. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 1, wherein the compound has the structure of Formula Ic:



Formula Ic

wherein the dotted lines represent zero, one, two, three, or four non-adjacent double bonds;

A is -N(H or CH_3)C(O)-(CH_2)- where the amino nitrogen is bound to the carbon atom of -CH(R^{10})-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

B is -CH(R^9)- where the carbon is bound to the carbonyl carbon of -N(R^{11})C(O)-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

L is absent or a linker;

W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl ketone, a vinyl sulfone, an ynone, or an alkynyl sulfone;

X^2 is O or NH;

X^3 is N or CH;

n is 0, 1, or 2;

R is hydrogen, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkynyl, C(O)R', C(O)OR', C(O)N(R')$_2$, S(O)R', S(O)$_2$R', or S(O)$_2$N(R')$_2$;

each R' is, independently, H or optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl;

Y^1 is C, CH, or N;

Y^2, Y^3, Y^4, and Y^7 are, independently, C or N;

Y^5 and Y^6 are, independently, CH or N;

R^1 is cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkenyl, optionally

substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl;

R^2 is hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6-membered aryl, optionally substituted 5 or 6-membered heteroaryl; R^3 is absent, or

R^2 and R^3 combine with the atom to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^4 is absent, hydrogen, halogen, cyano, or methyl optionally substituted with 1 to 3 halogens;

R^5 is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy, or C_1-C_4 alkoxy, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl;

R^6 is hydrogen or methyl; R^7 is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, or

R^6 and R^7 combine with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

R^7 and R^8 combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form $C=CR^{7'}R^{8'}$; C=N(OH), C=N(O-C_1-C_3 alkyl), C=O, C=S, C=NH, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

$R^{7'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl; $R^{8'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

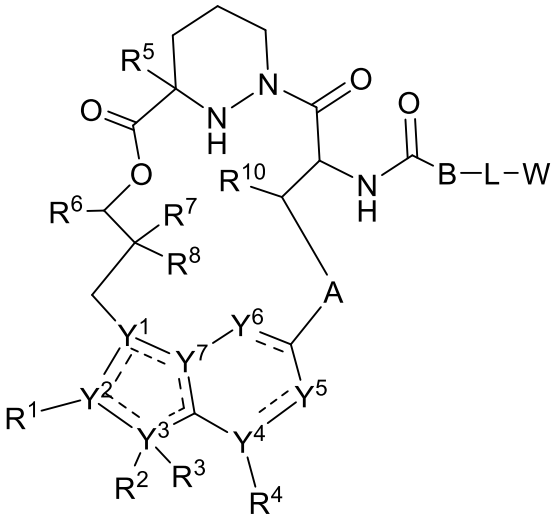
$R^{7'}$ and $R^{8'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^9 is optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^{10} is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_1-C_3 alkoxy, or C_1-C_3 alkyl; and

R^{11} is hydrogen or C_1-C_3 alkyl.

3. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claim 1 or 2, wherein the compound has the structure of Formula Id:



Formula Id

wherein the dotted lines represent zero, one, two, three, or four non-adjacent double bonds;

A is -N(H or CH_3)C(O)-(CH_2)- where the amino nitrogen is bound to the carbon atom of -CH(R^{10})-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

B is -CH(R^9)- where the carbon is bound to the carbonyl carbon of -NHC(O)-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

L is absent or a linker;

W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl ketone, a vinyl sulfone, an ynone, or an alkynyl sulfone;

n is 0, 1, or 2;

R is hydrogen, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkynyl, C(O)R', C(O)OR', C(O)N(R')$_2$, S(O)R', S(O)$_2$R', or S(O)$_2$N(R')$_2$;

each R' is, independently, H or optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl;

Y^1 is C, CH, or N;

Y^2, Y^3, Y^4, and Y^7 are, independently, C or N;

Y^5 and Y^6 are, independently, CH or N;

R^1 is cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl;

R^2 is hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6-membered aryl, optionally substituted 5 or 6-membered heteroaryl; R^3 is absent, or

R^2 and R^3 combine with the atom to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^4 is absent, hydrogen, halogen, cyano, or methyl optionally substituted with 1 to 3 halogens;

R^5 is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy, or C_1-C_4 alkoxy, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl;

R^6 is hydrogen or methyl; R^7 is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, or

R^6 and R^7 combine with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

R^7 and R^8 combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form $C=CR^{7'}R^{8'}$; C=N(OH), C=N(O-C_1-C_3 alkyl), C=O, C=S, C=NH, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

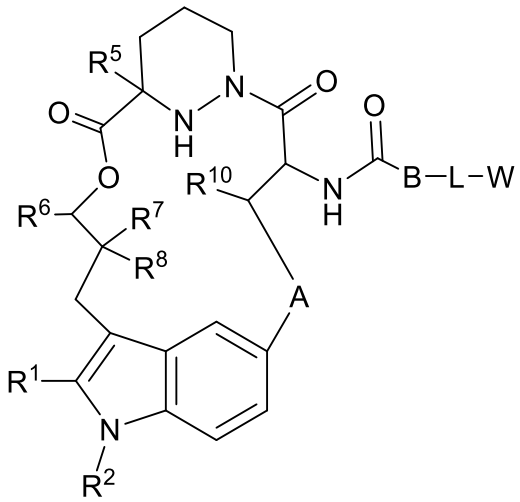
$R^{7'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl; $R^{8'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

$R^{7'}$ and $R^{8'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^9 is optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl; and

R^{10} is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_1-C_3 alkoxy, or C_1-C_3 alkyl.

4. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the compound has the structure of Formula Ie:



Formula Ie

wherein A is -N(H or CH_3)C(O)-(CH_2)- where the amino nitrogen is bound to the carbon atom of -CH(R^{10})-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-

membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

B is -CH(R^9)- where the carbon is bound to the carbonyl carbon of -NHC(O)-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

L is absent or a linker;

W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl ketone, a vinyl sulfone, an ynone, or an alkynyl sulfone;

R^1 is cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl;

R^2 is hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6-membered aryl, optionally substituted 5 or 6-membered heteroaryl; R^3 is absent, or

R^2 and R^3 combine with the atom to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^5 is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy, or C_1-C_4 alkoxy, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl;

R^6 is hydrogen or methyl; R^7 is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, or

R^6 and R^7 combine with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

R^7 and R^8 combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form $C=CR^{7'}R^{8'}$; C=N(OH), C=N(O-C_1-C_3 alkyl), C=O, C=S, C=NH, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

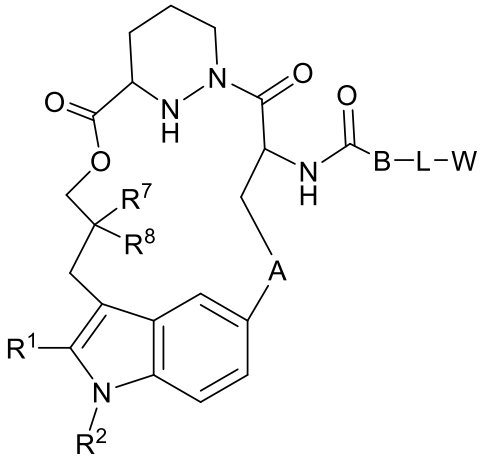
$R^{7'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl; $R^{8'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

$R^{7'}$ and $R^{8'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^9 is optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl; and

R^{10} is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_1-C_3 alkoxy, or C_1-C_3 alkyl.

5. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the compound has the structure of Formula If:



Formula If

wherein A is -N(H or CH_3)C(O)-(CH_2)- where the amino nitrogen is bound to the carbon atom of -CH(R^{10})-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

B is -CH(R^9)- where the carbon is bound to the carbonyl carbon of -NHC(O)-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

L is absent or a linker;

W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl ketone, a vinyl sulfone, an ynone, or an alkynyl sulfone;

R^1 is cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl;

R^2 is C_1-C_6 alkyl or 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl;

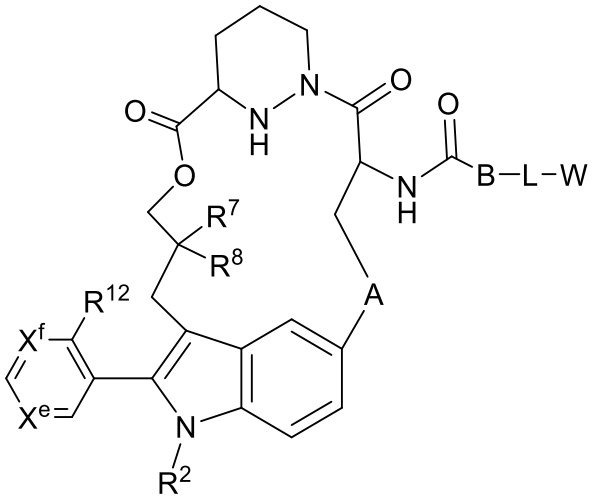
R^7 is C_1-C_3 alkyl;

R^8 is C_1-C_3 alkyl; and

R^9 is optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl.

6. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein R^1 is optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkenyl, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl.

7. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the compound has the structure of Formula Ig:



Formula Ig

wherein A is -N(H or CH_3)C(O)-(CH_2)- where the amino nitrogen is bound to the carbon atom of -CH(R^{10})-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

B is -CH(R^9)- where the carbon is bound to the carbonyl carbon of -NHC(O)-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

L is absent or a linker;

W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl ketone, a vinyl sulfone, an ynone, or an alkynyl sulfone;

R^2 is C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_1-C_6 fluoroalkyl, or 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl;

R^7 is C_1-C_3 alkyl;

R^8 is C_1-C_3 alkyl; and

R^9 is optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl

X^e and X^f are, independently, N or CH; and

R^{12} is optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl.

8. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein A is optionally substituted 6-membered arylene.

9. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein A is optionally substituted 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene.

10. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein A is optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene.

11. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein A is optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene.

12. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein B is -CHR^9-.

13. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 12, wherein R^9 is F, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl.

14. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein B is optionally substituted 6-membered arylene.

15. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 14, wherein B is 6-membered arylene.

16. The compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 15, wherein the linker is the structure of Formula II:

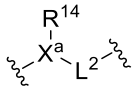
$$A^1\text{-}(B^1)_f\text{-}(C^1)_g\text{-}(B^2)_h\text{-}(D^1)\text{-}(B^3)_i\text{-}(C^2)_j\text{-}(B^4)_k\text{–}A^2$$

Formula II

where A^1 is a bond between the linker and B; A^2 is a bond between W and the linker; B^1, B^2, B^3, and B^4 each, independently, is selected from optionally substituted C_1-C_2 alkylene, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 heteroalkylene, O, S, and NR^N; R^N is hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1–C_4 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or optionally substituted C_1-C_7 heteroalkyl; C^1 and C^2 are each, independently, selected from carbonyl, thiocarbonyl, sulphonyl, or phosphoryl; f, g, h, i, j, and k are each, independently, 0 or 1; and D^1 is optionally substituted C_1-C_{10} alkylene, optionally substituted C_2-C_{10} alkenylene, optionally substituted C_2-C_{10} alkynylene, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroarylene, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered arylene, optionally substituted C_2-C_{10} polyethylene glycolene, or optionally substituted C_1-C_{10} heteroalkylene, or a chemical bond linking A^1-$(B^1)_f$-$(C^1)_g$-$(B^2)_h$- to -$(B^3)_i$-$(C^2)_j$-$(B^4)_k$–A^2.

17. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 16, wherein the linker is acyclic.

18. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 17, wherein the linker has the structure of Formula IIa:



Formula IIa

wherein X^a is absent or N;

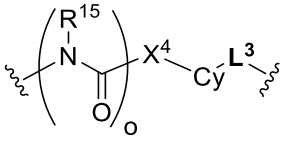
R^{14} is absent, hydrogen or optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl; and

L^2 is absent, -SO_2-, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkylene or optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene,

wherein at least one of X^a, R^{14}, or L^2 is present.

19. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 16, wherein the linker is or comprises a cyclic moiety.

20. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 19, wherein the linker has the structure of Formula IIb:



Formula IIb

wherein o is 0 or 1;

R^{15} is hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkylene, or optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered heterocycloalkylene;

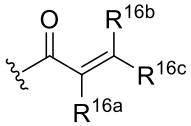
X^4 is absent, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkylene, O, NCH_3, or optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene;

Cy is optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-10 membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroarylene; and

L^3 is absent, -SO_2-, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkylene or optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene.

21. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 20, wherein W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl ketone.

22. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 21, wherein W has the structure of Formula IIIa:

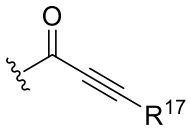


Formula IIIa

wherein R^{16a}, R^{16b}, and R^{16c} are, independently, hydrogen, -CN, halogen, or -C_1-C_3 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from -OH, -O-C_1-C_3 alkyl, -NH_2, -NH(C_1-C_3 alkyl), -N(C_1-C_3 alkyl)$_2$, or a 4 to 7-membered saturated heterocycloalkyl.

23. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 20, wherein W is a cross-linking group comprising an ynone.

24. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 23, wherein W has the structure of Formula IIIb:

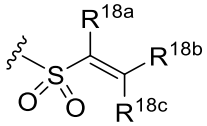


Formula IIIb

wherein R^{17} is hydrogen, -C_1-C_3 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from -OH, -O-C_1-C_3 alkyl, -NH_2, -NH(C_1-C_3 alkyl), -N(C_1-C_3 alkyl)$_2$, or a 4 to 7-membered saturated cycloalkyl, or a 4 to 7-membered saturated heterocycloalkyl.

25. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 20, wherein W is a cross-linking group comprising a vinyl sulfone.

26. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 25, wherein W has the structure of Formula IIIc:

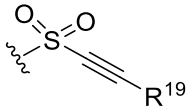


Formula IIIc

wherein R^{18a}, R^{18b}, and R^{18c} are, independently, hydrogen, -CN, or -C_1-C_3 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from -OH, -O-C_1-C_3 alkyl, -NH_2, -NH(C_1-C_3 alkyl), -N(C_1-C_3 alkyl)$_2$, or a 4 to 7-membered saturated heterocycloalkyl.

27. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 20, wherein W is a cross-linking group comprising an alkynyl sulfone.

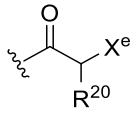
28. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of claim 27, wherein W has the structure of Formula IIId:



Formula IIId

wherein R^{19} is hydrogen, -C_1-C_3 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from -OH, -O-C_1-C_3 alkyl, -NH_2, -NH(C_1-C_3 alkyl), -N(C_1-C_3 alkyl)$_2$, or a 4 to 7-membered saturated heterocycloalkyl, or a 4 to 7-membered saturated heterocycloalkyl.

29. The compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1-20, wherein W has the structure of Formula IIIe:



Formula IIIe

wherein X^e is a halogen; and

R^{20} is hydrogen, -C_1-C_3 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from -OH, -O-C_1-C_3 alkyl, -NH_2, -NH(C_1-C_3 alkyl), -N(C_1-C_3 alkyl)$_2$, or a 4 to 7-membered saturated heterocycloalkyl.

30. A compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from Table 1 or Table 2.

31. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 30, and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

32. A conjugate, or salt thereof, comprising the structure of Formula IV:

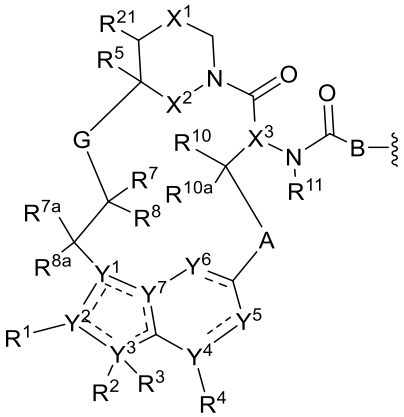
M-L-P

Formula IV

wherein L is a linker;

P is a monovalent organic moiety; and

M has the structure of Formula V:



Formula V

wherein the dotted lines represent zero, one, two, three, or four non-adjacent double bonds;

A is -N(H or CH_3)C(O)-(CH_2)- where the amino nitrogen is bound to the carbon atom of -CH(R^{10})-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or optionally substituted 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

B is absent, -CH(R^9)-, >C=C$R^9R^{9'}$, or >C$R^9R^{9'}$ where the carbon is bound to the carbonyl carbon of -N(R^{11})C(O)-, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkylene, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted 6-membered arylene, or 5 to 6-membered heteroarylene;

G is optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkylene, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkenylene, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene, -C(O)O-**C**H(R^6)- where **C** is bound to -C(R^7R^8)-, -C(O)NH-**C**H(R^6)- where **C** is bound to -C(R^7R^8)-, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 heteroalkylene, or 3 to 8-membered heteroarylene;

X^1 is optionally substituted C_1-C_2 alkylene, NR, O, or $S(O)_n$;

X^2 is O or NH;

X^3 is N or CH;

n is 0, 1, or 2;

R is hydrogen, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_4 alkynyl, C(O)R', C(O)OR', C(O)N(R')$_2$, S(O)R', $S(O)_2$R', or $S(O)_2$N(R')$_2$;

each R' is, independently, H or optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl;

Y^1 is C, CH, or N;

Y^2, Y^3, Y^4, and Y^7 are, independently, C or N;

Y^5 is CH, CH_2, or N;

Y^6 is C(O), CH, CH_2, or N;

R^1 is cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or

R^1 and R^2 combine with the atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^2 is absent, hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 6-membered aryl, optionally substituted 5 or 6-membered heteroaryl; R^3 is absent, or

R^2 and R^3 combine with the atom to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^4 is absent, hydrogen, halogen, cyano, or methyl optionally substituted with 1 to 3 halogens;

R^5 is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy, or C_1-C_4 alkoxy, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl;

R^6 is hydrogen or methyl; R^7 is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, or

R^6 and R^7 combine with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^8 is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

R^7 and R^8 combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form $C=CR^{7'}R^{8'}$; C=N(OH), C=N(O-C_1-C_3 alkyl), C=O, C=S, C=NH, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^{7a} and R^{8a} are, independently, hydrogen, halo, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, or combine with the carbon to which they are attached to form a carbonyl;

$R^{7'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, or optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl; $R^{8'}$ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkoxy, optionally substituted C_1-C_3 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2-C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted 3 to 8-membered cycloalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted 5 to 10-membered heteroaryl, or optionally substituted 6 to 10-membered aryl, or

$R^{7'}$ and $R^{8'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are attached to form optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^9 is H, F, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted 3 to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, or

R^9 and L combine with the atoms to which they are attached to form an optionally substituted 3 to 14-membered heterocycloalkyl;

$R^{9'}$ is hydrogen or optionally substituted C_1-C_6 alkyl; or

R^9 and $R^{9'}$, combined with the atoms to which they are attached, form a 3 to 6-membered cycloalkyl or a 3 to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl;

R^{10} is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C_1-C_3 alkoxy, or C_1-C_3 alkyl;

R^{10a} is hydrogen or halo;

R^{11} is hydrogen or C_1-C_3 alkyl; and

R^{21} is H or C_1-C_3 alkyl.

33. A compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 30 or a pharmaceutical composition of claim 31 for use as a medicament.

34. Use of a compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 30 or a pharmaceutical composition of claim 31 in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of cancer.

35. The use of claim 34, wherein the cancer is pancreatic cancer, colorectal cancer, non-small cell lung cancer, or endometrial cancer.

36. The use of claim 34 or 35, wherein the cancer comprises a Ras mutation.

37. The use of claim 36, wherein the Ras mutation is K-Ras G12C, K-Ras G13C, H-Ras G12C, H-Ras G13C, N-Ras G12C, or N-Ras G13C.

38. Use of a compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of any one of claims 1 to 30 or a pharmaceutical composition of claim 31 in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a Ras protein related disorder.

39. The use of any one of claims 34 to 36, wherein an additional anti-cancer therapy is to be administered.

40. The use of claim 39, wherein the additional anti-cancer therapy is an EGFR inhibitor, a second Ras inhibitor, a SHP2 inhibitor, a SOS1 inhibitor, a Raf inhibitor, a MEK inhibitor, an ERK inhibitor, a PI3K inhibitor, a PTEN inhibitor, an AKT inhibitor, an mTORC1 inhibitor, a BRAF inhibitor, a PD-L1 inhibitor, a PD-1 inhibitor, a CDK4/6 inhibitor, a HER2 inhibitor, or a combination thereof.

41. The use of claim 39 or 40, wherein the additional anti-cancer therapy is a SHP2 inhibitor.