

Description

This invention relates to display apparatus comprising display means for a combination of first and second symbols, displayed symbol value control means coupled to the display means for controlling said display means to display respective members of a set of values of said combination, and a manually actuable control device for said control means, said control means being arranged to respond to each new actuation of said control device by controlling the display means to display the next member (if present) of said set, taken in a specific order, to that member which is currently being displayed, said specific order being an order in which subsets of said set having respective values of said first symbol follow each other in a specific sequence and in which each subset includes only one reference value which is either the first or the last member of the subset.

Apparatuses of the above kind are known, for example, from GB-B-2 020 860 and GB-B-2 051 426. In these known apparatuses, which are primarily for inclusion in timepieces, the display is a numerical one, the displayed value being incremented by unity on each new actuation of the control device. In order to reduce the time required to set the display to a value considerably different from the current one it is arranged that prolongation of a given actuation results in the repeated incrementation of the displayed value by unity until one of a set of reference values is displayed, after which repeated incrementation continues to take place (so long as the actuation is continued) but now by values larger than unity. Thus, for example, if the "minutes" part of the display is currently "15" and it is desired to reset this to "44" the control means is newly actuated and this actuation is continued while the displayed values follow the sequence: 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 30, 40 (the relevant "reference value" being "20" in the present case). The control means is then released and newly actuated once again, this actuation being continued while the displayed values follow the sequence: 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, at which point the control means is released once again. The incrementations by values larger than unity result in a saving of time compared with that which would be entailed if only unity increments were carried out.

German Patent Application 2 552 366 describes a time correction circuit for electronic timepieces which responds to a switch being held closed for a longer interval by producing a rapid correction pulse train. The pulse train is applied to a counter of a watch or the like which quickly steps through every available value until the switch is released.

United States Patent No. 4,392,217 is concerned with controlling correction operations of a time display device. A short depression of a control button advances the display by one minute for each pressure while a long depression causes the display to be advanced by complete hours as long as the depression lasts. The device provides sixty pulses to advance the display by one hour and these pulses are provided at a first rate for the first hour and at a faster rate for subsequent hours.

European Patent Application 0 031 077 concerns the entry of data into an instrument of small volume, for example a timepiece. An hours and minutes correction mode is provided in which a fast application of a finger over a plurality of juxtaposed electrodes alters the display by one hour and a slow application of a finger over the electrodes alters the display by one or more minutes depending upon the position of the finger relative to the electrodes when the finger is removed.

United States Patent No. 4,232,384 concerns a timepiece in which the correcting of the display is effected in three different modes according to the cycle pattern applied to a single user accessible switch. The first mode adds a single unit count to the seconds display, the second mode blocks the display device and the third mode drives the display with a plurality of pulses at a higher than normal rate.

Another environment in which it is often required to set a display to a new value lies in the area of mobile radio communication equipment, in which the channel to which the equipment is currently tuned is indicated by a digital display, retuning being effected using the display to indicate the instantaneous tuning situation. If the equipment is installed, for example, in a road vehicle, and is operated by the driver thereof, it is obviously highly desirable that any retuning process be made as simple and as rapid as possible. It is an object of the present invention to provide display apparatus in which the displayed value can be set to a new one more rapidly in many cases than is possible with the known apparatuses described above.

According to the present invention, display apparatus of the kind defined in the first paragraph is characterised in that said control means is arranged to respond to prolongation of each actuation of the control device to cause to be displayed after the next member of the set, in direct succession and in an order corresponding to the specific order, the next reference value of the set (if present) and the reference value of each subset (if present) which succeeds that subset to which the said next reference value belongs.

It has now been recognised that although the known apparatuses exploit different modes of response by the control means to prolonged actuation of the control device as compared to repeated comparatively short actuations thereof, they do not exploit the possible differences between these modes as much as they might. In particular the unity increments to a reference value given by the known apparatuses on prolongation of the

activation of the control device can be obtained in any case by repeated short actuations of the control device. Thus, although in the context of the timepiece applications of the known apparatus a single unity increment is necessary on each new actuation of the control device, a reduction in the time required to set the display to a new value can be obtained in many cases if larger increments are employed substantially immediately thereafter, if the current actuation of the control device is maintained. Considering once again the resetting of a "minutes" display from "15" to "44" as discussed in the preamble, this can be achieved more rapidly if a single prolonged actuation of the control device results in the succession of numbers 15, 16, 20, 30, 40 being displayed, after which the progression 41, 42, 43, 44 can be obtained by four subsequent short actuations. In this example the control means is arranged to respond to a new prolonged actuation of the control device by first causing the displayed value to be incremented by unity and then the first number in each succeeding decade to be displayed.

Rather than resetting a displayed numerical value to a new one by an incrementation process it is, of course, alternatively possible to achieve this, where appropriate, by a decrementation process; indeed both incrementation and decrementation facilities may be provided if desired. If the reverse of the example discussed above is considered in this respect, i.e. a resetting of the minutes display from "44" to "15", it may be arranged that a single prolonged actuation of the control device results in the succession of numbers 44, 43, 40, 30, 20 being displayed, after which the progression 19, 18, 17, 16, 15 can be obtained by five subsequent short actuations. In this example the control means is arranged to respond to a new prolonged actuation of the control device by first causing the display value to be decremented by unity, then the first number in the current decade to be displayed, and then the first number of each decade of successively lower rank to be displayed. (If the unity decrement had resulted already in the first number of the current decade being displayed then obviously the display of the number in each decade of successively lower rank would be commenced immediately).

The display may of course include at least one further digit the displayed value of which is settable by means of the control device. If this is the case, as a modification, the aforesaid first digit may be replaced by a pair of digits. Alternatively, according to another aspect, the invention provides display apparatus for a combination of first, second and third digits. Displayed digit value control means coupled to said display means control said display means to display respective members of a set of values of the combination, and a manually actuable control device is provided for said control means. The control means is arranged to respond to each new actuation of said control device by controlling the display means to display the next member (if present) of said set, taken in a specific order, to that member which is currently being displayed. The specific order is one in which first subsets of said set having respective values of said first digit follow each other in a specific sequence and further subsets (if present) of the first subsets having respective values of said second digit follow each other within the corresponding first subset in a specific sequence. The control means is arranged to respond to prolongation of each said actuation of said control device for respective periods of time after the display of the next member of the set by controlling the display means to next display, in direct succession and in an order corresponding to said specific order, (a) the first member, taken in said specific order, of each said further subset (if present) which succeeds, in said specific order in the first subset to which the member currently displayed belongs, that further subset to which the member currently displayed belongs, and (b) the first member, taken in said specific order, of each said first subset (if present) which succeeds, in said specific order, the first subset to which the member currently displayed belongs.

According to another aspect the invention provides for such a display apparatus in which the control means is arranged to display, in response to prolongation of each said actuation of the control device, (a) the last member, taken in said specific order, of the further subset to which the member currently displayed belongs if this member is not already being displayed, (b) the last member, taken in said specific order, of each said further subset (if present) which succeeds, in said specific order in the first subset to which the member currently displayed belongs, that further subset to which the member currently displayed belongs and (c) the last member, taken in said specific order, of each said first subset (if present) which succeeds, in said specific order, that first subset to which the member currently displayed belongs.

An embodiment of the invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying diagrammatic drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a block diagram of display apparatus and

Figure 2 is a flow chart showing operations which a microcontroller included in the apparatus of Figure 1 is programmed to perform.

In Figure 1 display apparatus comprises display means 1 in the form of a display unit 2 for displaying, inter alia, a two-digit number, and a pair of driver circuits 3A and 3B for the unit 2. If the unit 2 is of the liquid crystal type (LCD) the driver circuits 3 may, for example, each be integrated circuits of the kind available under the type number PCF2112T. The driver circuits 3, and hence the display unit 2, are controlled by control means 4

which in the present example is in the form of a suitably programmed microcontroller integrated circuit, for example of the kind available under the type number PCF80C51, provided with a clock pulse generator frequency controlling crystal 61. Two manually actuatable control devices in the form of push-button switches 5 and 6 are connected to first and second (inverting) interrupt signal inputs 7 and 8 respectively of the microcontroller 4, switch 5 being connected between a resistor 9 and ground (logic "0" level) and switch 6 being connected between a resistor 10 and ground. The other ends of the resistors 9 and 10 are connected to logic "1" level (+). Switches 5 and 6 are normally open, so that the interrupt signal inputs 7 and 8 of microcontroller 4 are normally at logic "1" level. Communication between the microcontroller 4 and the display drivers 3A and 3B utilises the so-called "CBUS" principle, for which reference may be made to the PCF2112T data sheet, and microcontroller 4 generates the requisite signals on outputs 11, 12, 13 and 14 thereof when data has to be transmitted to the driver circuits 3A and 3B. Outputs 11 and 12 are connected to the data line enable (DLEN) inputs 15 and 16 of the driver circuits 3A and 3B respectively, output 13 is connected to the data line (DATA) inputs 17 and 18 of the driver circuits 3A and 3B respectively, and output 14 is connected to the clock burst inputs 19 and 20 of the driver circuits 3A and 3B respectively. Output 13 may be the serial data input/output port of the microcontroller 4, and outputs 11, 12 and 14 may be respective bit lines of a parallel input/output port thereof. When the microcontroller transfers data (32 bits each time) to the driver circuit 3A or 3B it is programmed to raise its output 11 or 12 respectively to logic "1", generate the thirty-two bits, framed by framing bits, serially on its output 13, and generate a corresponding burst of clock pulses on its output 14. The thirty-two bit data word becomes stored in latches in the relevant driver circuit and thereafter governs the display accordingly until a new 32-bit word is loaded.

Microcontroller 4 includes, in addition to the usual central processing unit and program and data memories (not shown), a register 21 for storing a representation of the two-digit number a coded version of which was last transmitted to the driver circuits 3 from the output 13, i.e. for storing a representation of the two-digit number N currently being displayed by unit 2, a pair of timers 22 and 23, and a memory location 26 for a flag bit F. It is programmed to carry out the operations indicated in the flow-chart of Figure 2 in response to actuation (closure) of the switch 5 or 6, i.e. in response to the presentation of an interrupt signal to its input 7 or 8. The content of register 21 is set to zero in the course of the initialisation process carried out on power-up.

In Figure 2 reference numerals 24 and 25 denote the starting points of the interrupt routines carried out in response to closure of the switches 5 and 6 respectively, i.e. in response to a transition from logic "1" to logic "0" at the interrupt signal inputs 7 and 8 respectively. The further blocks in Figure 2 have the following significances.

- 27 - Set flag bit F in location 26 to "1".
- 28 - Is the number N stored in location 21, i.e. the number currently displayed, "99"?
- 29 - Return.
- 30 - Increment the number N stored in location 21 by unity.
- 31 - Start timer 22.
- 32 - Write the number N stored in location 21 to the display means 1.
- 33 - Is flag bit F in location 26 "1"?
- 34 - Is logic level at input 7 "1"?
- 35 - Stop and reset timer 22.
- 36 - Return.
- 37 - Has timer 22 expired?
- 38 - Is the tens digit of the number N stored in location 21 "9"?
- 39 - Return.
- 40 - Increment the tens digit of the number N stored in location 21 by unity and set the units digit of the number N to zero.
- 41 - Reset and restart timer 22.
- 42 - Set flag bit F in location 26 to "0".
- 43 - Is the number N stored in location 21 "0"?
- 44 - Return.
- 45 - Decrement the number N stored in location 21 by unity.
- 46 - Start timer 23.
- 47 - Is logic level at input 8 "1"?
- 48 - Stop and reset timer 23.
- 49 - Return.
- 50 - Has timer 23 expired?
- 51 - Is the number N stored in location 21 "0"?
- 52 - Return.

- 53 - Is the units digit of the number N stored in location 21 zero?
- 54 - Set the units digit of the number N to zero.
- 55 - Reset and restart timer 23.
- 56 - Decrement the tens digit of the number N stored in location 21 by unity.

5 Thus when a switch 5 or 6 is newly actuated flag F is set to "0" or "1" respectively to identify the actuated switch. If the "increment" switch 5 is actuated a test 28 is then made to determine whether incrementation of the displayed number is in fact possible. If it is (Y), incrementation is carried out and the "increment" timer 22 is started (steps 30 and 31) and the incremented number is displayed (step 32). If the switch 5 has by then been released ("N" from test 34) the timer 22 is merely stopped and reset (step 35). Conversely, if the actuation is continuing and this is maintained until timer 22 expires (tests 34 and 37) a test is made (38) to determine if incrementation of the tens digit of the displayed number N is possible. If it is, the tens digit is incremented by unity and the units digit is set to zero (if it is not already zero) in step 40 and the timer 22 is reset and restarted (step 41). The new number is then displayed, after which the operations 32-34 and 37-41 are repeated for as long as the switch 5 remains actuated or until test 38 gives a positive result. Thus each new actuation of switch 15 5 results in incrementation of the displayed number by unity (if possible), and provided the actuation is maintained for a subsequent period or periods of time corresponding to the time-out period of timer 22, the displayed number is changed (if possible) to the start of the next higher decade, the start of the decade which is next higher still, and so on until switch 5 is released.

Similarly, if the "decrement" switch 6 is actuated the displayed number is decremented by unity (if possible) in steps 45 and 32 and the "decrement" timer 23 is started. If the actuation of switch 6 is maintained for one or more periods corresponding to the time-out period of timer 23 (tests 47 and 50) the displayed number is then replaced (if possible) by the number at the bottom of the current decade if it is not already there (tests 51 and 53 and steps 54 and 32) and timer 23 is reset and restarted. If the displayed number is already at the bottom of a decade, however, it is replaced (if possible) by the number at the bottom of the next lower decade 25 in steps 56 and 32, and timer 23 is reset and restarted. After this the operations 32, 33, 47 and 50-55 are repeated for as long as the switch 6 remains actuated or until test 51 gives a positive result. Thus each new actuation results in decrementation of the displayed number by unity (if possible), and provided the actuation is maintained for a subsequent period or periods of time corresponding to the time-out period of timer 23, the displayed number is changed (if possible) to the bottom of the current decade, the bottom of the next lower decade, the bottom of the decade which is next lower still, and so on until switch 6 is released. 30

The time-out periods of the timers 22 and 23 may be the same or different; a suitable value is one second.

Although as described the apparatus ceases to respond to new actuations of the increment switch 5 if the display is currently "99" or to prolongation of an actuation of switch 5 if the displayed number already lies in the "nineties" decade it will be appreciated that this is not necessarily the case. The programme may be easily 35 modified so that in these circumstances the displayed number "overflows" back to zero. Similarly the programme can be modified so that a new actuation of switch 6 when the display is currently zero results in the display of "99" and a prolonged actuation of switch 6 when the display is currently zero results in the display of "90".

Although as described the set of two-digit numbers which can be displayed upon actuation of the switch 40 5 and/or the switch 6 comprises all numbers from zero to ninety-nine, it will be appreciated that this is not necessarily the case. For example, if the apparatus is used to display broadcast channel numbers in a mobile radio it may be that only a few specific channels are available to the user. Thus, for example, the available channels may be those numbered 00, 15, 19, 24, 27, 40, 55, 56, 57, 58 and 99. In this particular case repeated short actuations of the switch 5 and/or the switch 6 may be arranged to step the display through these numbers only, 45 whereas prolonged actuation of the switch 5 may be arranged to step the display to the first channel number in the next higher decade containing such a channel number. Similarly, prolonged actuation of the switch 6 may be arranged to step the display to the first channel number in the current decade (if this is not already being displayed) and subsequently in succession to the first channel number in each decade of successively lower rank. In the present example, therefore, if the currently displayed number is "00", it may be arranged that a sufficiently prolonged actuation of switch 5 results in the display of the number sequence 15, 24, 40, 50 55, 99. Similarly, if the currently displayed number is "99" it may be arranged that a sufficiently prolonged actuation of switch 6 results in the display of the number sequence 58, 55, 40, 24, 15, 00.

As described so far, actuation of the switches 5 and 6 adjusts the display at just two digit positions. If desired it can be arranged that the display is adjustable at more than two digit positions. For example, it may be 55 the case that the channel numbers required in the mobile radio application quoted run into the hundreds. If this is so then it may be arranged that continuation of a prolonged actuation of switch 5 which results in the displayed number being incremented in the sequence ... 70, 80, 90 results in further incrementation in the sequence 100, 110, 120, ... until the required decade is reached, after which the units digit can be adjusted to

the desired value by further short actuations. Alternatively, it may be arranged that, once a new "century" has been reached, for example 100, prolongation of the current actuation of switch 5 (but not of subsequent actuations unless another new century is reached via that actuation) results in the displayed sequence 200, 300, 400, Analogous displayed sequences may similarly be arranged to occur in response to prolonged actuation of switch 6. For example, if the displayed number is currently 426, a prolonged actuation of switch 6 may be arranged to result in the display of the sequence 425, 420, 410, 400, 390, 380, ... or in the display of the sequence 420, 410, 400, 300, 200, Which alternative of each pair of alternatives is preferable in a given case will in general depend upon the actual range of displayed numbers to be covered in total. For comparatively small ranges, e.g. maximum value in the single hundreds, the first alternative of each pair will be preferred, whereas for comparatively large ranges, e.g. maximum value in the several hundreds, the second alternative of each pair will be preferred.

Although the invention has been described in the context of the display of numerals, it will be evident that it is also applicable to the display of other symbols, for example alphabetic characters.

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Claims

1. Display apparatus comprising display means (1) for a combination of first and second symbols, displayed symbol value control means (4) coupled to the display means for controlling said display means to display respective members of a set of values of said combination, and a manually actuatable control device (5,6) for said control means, said control means being arranged to respond to each new actuation of said control device by controlling the display means (1) to display the next member (if present) of said set, taken in a specific order, to that member which is currently being displayed, said specific order being an order in which subsets of said set having respective values of said first symbol follow each other in a specific sequence and in which each subset includes only one reference value which is either the first or the last member of the subset, characterised in that said control means (4) is arranged to respond to prolongation of each actuation of the control device (5,6) to cause to be displayed after the next member of the set, in direct succession and in an order corresponding to the specific order, the next reference value of the set (if present) and the reference value of each subset (if present) which succeeds that subset to which the said next reference value belongs.
2. Display apparatus as claimed in Claim 1, characterised in that the display means is arranged to display at least one further symbol.
3. Display apparatus as claimed in Claim 2, characterised in that the set further comprises subsets having a respective value of said further symbol, which subsets are arranged in a specified sequence and include only one reference value having a respective value of said further symbol, and in that the control means (4) is arranged to display, in direct succession and in a sequence corresponding to the specified sequence, after the reference value of the last subset, taken in said specific order, having a respective value of the first symbol, the next reference value having a respective value of said further symbol (if present) and the reference value having a respective value of said further symbol of each subset having a respective value of said further symbol (if present) which succeeds the said next reference value of a subset having a respective value of said further symbol.

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Patentansprüche

1. Anzeigegerät mit einem Mittel (1) zum Anzeigen einer Kombination aus ersten und zweiten Zeichen, einem Mittel zum Steuern des Werts des angezeigten Zeichens (4), das mit dem Anzeigemittel gekoppelt sind, um dieses so zu steuern, daß entsprechende Glieder einer Wertemenge dieser Kombination angezeigt werden, und einem von Hand betätigbaren Betätigungsorgan (5,6) für das Steuermittel, wobei das Steuermittel so angeordnet ist, daß es auf jede neue Betätigung des Betätigungsorgans hin das Anzeigemittel (1) veranlaßt, das nächste Glied (falls vorhanden) der Menge in einer spezifischen Reihenfolge nach dem aktuell angezeigten Glied anzuzeigen, wobei die spezifische Reihenfolge darin besteht, daß Untermengen dieser Menge mit entsprechenden Werten des ersten Zeichens in einer spezifischen Folge aufeinanderfolgen und jede Untermenge nur einen Referenzwert enthält, der entweder das erste oder das letzte Glied der Untermenge ist, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß das Steuermittel (4) so angeordnet ist, daß es auf jede längere Betätigung des Betätigungsorgans (5,6) so reagiert, daß direkt nach dem nächsten



the desired value by further short actuations. Alternatively, it may be arranged that, once a new "century" has been reached, for example 100, prolongation of the current actuation of switch 5 (but not of subsequent actuations unless another new century is reached via that actuation) results in the displayed sequence 200, 300, 400, Analogous displayed sequences may similarly be arranged to occur in response to prolonged actuation of switch 6. For example, if the displayed number is currently 426, a prolonged actuation of switch 6 may be arranged to result in the display of the sequence 425, 420, 410, 400, 390, 380, ... or in the display of the sequence 420, 410, 400, 300, 200, Which alternative of each pair of alternatives is preferable in a given case will in general depend upon the actual range of displayed numbers to be covered in total. For comparatively small ranges, e.g. maximum value in the single hundreds, the first alternative of each pair will be preferred, whereas for comparatively large ranges, e.g. maximum value in the several hundreds, the second alternative of each pair will be preferred.

Although the invention has been described in the context of the display of numerals, it will be evident that it is also applicable to the display of other symbols, for example alphabetic characters.

Claims

1. Display apparatus comprising display means (1) for a combination of first and second symbols, displayed symbol value control means (4) coupled to the display means for controlling said display means to display respective members of a set of values of said combination, and a manually actuable control device (5,6) for said control means, said control means being arranged to respond to each new actuation of said control device by controlling the display means (1) to display the next member (if present) of said set, taken in a specific order, to that member which is currently being displayed, said specific order being an order in which subsets of said set having respective values of said first symbol follow each other in a specific sequence and in which each subset includes only one reference value which is either the first or the last member of the subset, characterised in that said control means (4) is arranged to respond to prolongation of each actuation of the control device (5,6) to cause to be displayed after the next member of the set, in direct succession and in an order corresponding to the specific order, the next reference value of the set (if present) and the reference value of each subset (if present) which succeeds that subset to which the said next reference value belongs.
2. Display apparatus as claimed in Claim 1, characterised in that the display means is arranged to display at least one further symbol.
3. Display apparatus as claimed in Claim 2, characterised in that the set further comprises subsets having a respective value of said further symbol, which subsets are arranged in a specified sequence and include only one reference value having a respective value of said further symbol, and in that the control means (4) is arranged to display, in direct succession and in a sequence corresponding to the specified sequence, after the reference value of the last subset, taken in said specific order, having a respective value of the first symbol, the next reference value having a respective value of said further symbol (if present) and the reference value having a respective value of said further symbol of each subset having a respective value of said further symbol (if present) which succeeds the said next reference value of a subset having a respective value of said further symbol.

Patentansprüche

1. Anzeigegerät mit einem Mittel (1) zum Anzeigen einer Kombination aus ersten und zweiten Zeichen, einem Mittel zum Steuern des Werts des angezeigten Zeichens (4), das mit dem Anzeigemittel gekoppelt sind, um dieses so zu steuern, daß entsprechende Glieder einer Wertemenge dieser Kombination angezeigt werden, und einem von Hand betätigbaren Betätigungsorgan (5,6) für das Steuermittel, wobei das Steuermittel so angeordnet ist, daß es auf jede neue Betätigung des Betätigungsorgans hin das Anzeigemittel (1) veranlaßt, das nächste Glied (falls vorhanden) der Menge in einer spezifischen Reihenfolge nach dem aktuell angezeigten Glied anzuzeigen, wobei die spezifische Reihenfolge darin besteht, daß Untermengen dieser Menge mit entsprechenden Werten des ersten Zeichens in einer spezifischen Folge aufeinanderfolgen und jede Untermenge nur einen Referenzwert enthält, der entweder das erste oder das letzte Glied der Untermenge ist, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß das Steuermittel (4) so angeordnet ist, daß es auf jede längere Betätigung des Betätigungsorgans (5,6) so reagiert, daß direkt nach dem nächsten



Glied der Menge in einer der spezifischen Reihenfolge entsprechenden Reihenfolge der nächste Referenzwert der Menge (falls vorhanden) und der Referenzwert jeder Untermenge (falls vorhanden), die auf die Untermenge folgt, zu der der nächste Referenzwert gehört, angezeigt wird.

- 5 2. Anzeigegerät nach Anspruch 1, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß das Anzeigemittel so angeordnet ist, daß es mindestens ein weiteres Zeichen anzeigt.
- 10 3. Anzeigegerät nach Anspruch 2, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Menge des weiteren Untermengen mit einem entsprechenden Wert des weiteren Zeichens umfaßt, die in einer bestimmten Folge angeordnet sind und nur einen einzigen Referenzwert mit einem entsprechenden Wert des weiteren Zeichens enthalten, und daß das Steuermittel (4) so angeordnet ist, daß es direkt nacheinander und in einer der spezifischen Reihenfolge entsprechenden Reihenfolge nach dem Referenzwert der letzten Untermenge in der spezifischen Reihenfolge mit einem entsprechenden Wert des ersten Zeichens den nächsten Referenzwert mit einem entsprechenden Wert des weiteren Zeichens jeder Untermenge mit einem entsprechenden Wert des weiteren Zeichens (falls vorhanden), das auf den nächsten Referenzwert einer Untermenge mit einem entsprechenden Wert des weiteren Zeichens folgt, anzeigt.
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Revendications

- 20 1. Appareil d'affichage comprenant des moyens d'affichage (1) pour une combinaison d'un premier et d'un deuxième symboles, des moyens (4) de commande de la valeur des symboles affichés couplés aux moyens d'affichage pour commander lesdits moyens d'affichage afin d'afficher les éléments respectifs d'un ensemble de valeurs de ladite combinaison, et un dispositif de commande manuel (5, 6) pour lesdits moyens de commande, lesdits moyens de commande étant agencés de manière à réagir à chaque nouvel actionnement du dispositif de commande en commandant les moyens d'affichage (1) pour afficher l'élément (s'il est présent) dudit ensemble, pris dans un ordre spécifique, qui suit l'élément qui est présentement affiché, ledit ordre spécifique étant un ordre dans lequel des sous-jeux dudit ensemble ayant des valeurs respectives dudit premier symbole se suivent l'un l'autre selon une séquence spécifique et chaque sous-jeu ne comprenant qu'une valeur de référence qui est soit le premier, soit le dernier élément du sous-jeu, caractérisé en ce que lesdits moyens de commande (4) sont agencés pour réagir au prolongement de chaque actionnement du dispositif de commande (5, 6) pour provoquer l'affichage après l'élément suivant de l'ensemble, en succession directe et dans l'ordre correspondant à l'ordre spécifique, de la valeur de référence suivante de l'ensemble (si elle est présente) et la valeur de référence de chaque sous-jeu (si elle est présente) qui succède au sous-jeu auquel ladite valeur de référence suivante appartient.
- 25 2. Appareil d'affichage selon la revendication 1, caractérisé en ce que les moyens d'affichage sont agencés pour afficher au moins un autre symbole.
- 30 3. Appareil d'affichage selon la revendication 2, caractérisé en ce que l'ensemble comprend, en outre, des sous-jeux ayant une valeur respective dudit autre symbole, les sous-jeux étant agencés dans une séquence spécifiée et ne comprenant qu'une valeur de référence ayant une valeur respective dudit autre symbole, et en ce que les moyens de commande (4) sont conçus pour afficher, en succession directe et selon une séquence correspondant à la séquence spécifiée, après la valeur de référence du dernier sous-jeu, prise dans ledit ordre spécifique, ayant une valeur respective du premier symbole, la valeur de référence suivante ayant une valeur respective dudit autre symbole (si elle est présente) et la valeur de référence ayant une valeur respective dudit autre symbole de chaque sous-jeu ayant une valeur respective dudit autre symbole (s'il est présent) qui succède à ladite valeur de référence suivante d'un sous-jeu ayant une valeur respective dudit autre symbole.
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