What is claimed is:

1. A medical-tube affixing device, comprising:

an adhesive portion, having an adhesive surface, a pivot post, and a retaining top; the adhesive surface being configured to be reusably adhered to a patient's nose bridge; the pivot post and the retaining top being integratedly formed as a unity and attached to a surface of the adhesive portion reverse to the adhesive surface; the pivot post having a diameter smaller than a diameter of the retaining top;

a connecting portion, having a yoke member, an arm, and a ball-like socket; the yoke member being centrally formed with a slot; the slot having an end near the arm formed as an assembling hole that accommodates the retaining top of the adhesive portion; the slot being configured to slidably receive the pivot post of the adhesive portion; the arm having one end connected to the end of the yoke member and an opposite end connected to the ball-like socket; the ball-like socket defining therein a chamber; and the chamber being communicated with the exterior through a notch formed at a free end of the ball-like socket; and

a clipping portion, having a link that is terminated with a ball-like end; the ball-like end being configured to be pivotally received in the chamber of the ball-like socket; the link having a pair of jaws defining an accommodating space at the end opposite to the ball-like end; and the jaws being configured to be operated to open or close by two handles.

2. The medical-tube affixing device of claim 1, wherein the adhesive portion is made of a medically acceptable material, like silicone.

3. The medical-tube affixing device of claim 1, wherein the connecting portion is a key-shaped member, and the yoke member of the connecting portion is elliptical in shape, in which the yoke member, the arm and the ball-like socket are integratedly formed as a unity.

4. The medical-tube affixing device of claim 1, wherein the clipping portion is a pendulum-like structure.

5. The medical-tube affixing device of claim 1, wherein in the clipping portion, the link, the jaws, and the handles are integratedly formed as a unity.

6. The medical-tube affixing device of claim 1, wherein the

link of the clipping portion has a round cross-section, and the accommodating space defined by the closed jaws is not shaped as a true round.

7. The medical-tube affixing device of claim 1, wherein the handles are each an elliptical piece.

8. A medical-tube affixing device, comprising:

an adhesive portion, having a pivot base raised therefrom; the pivot base being laterally formed with a notch which is communicated with a round chamber, the adhesive portion having adhesive surface that is reverse to pivot base and is configured to be adhesively affixed to a patient's body; and

a clipping portion, having a link and a pair of jaws; the link having a ball-like end configured to be pivotally received in the round chamber, so that the ball-like end is allowed to rotate in the round chamber with respect to the adhesive portion; and the clipping portion having two handles operatively connected to the jaws, so that when the two handles are drawn together, the jaws are opened for a medical tube to be placed into an accommodating space defined between the jaws, and when the handles are released, the medical tube is hold by the jaws,

wherein the ball-like end and the link of the clipping portion work together to allow the medical tube to be adjustably held in position with respect to the patient’s body.