

application;

Fig. 7 is a schematic diagram of a device provided in a further embodiment of the present application.

The same or similar reference numerals in the accompanying drawings indicate the same or similar components.

### **Detailed description**

Before discussing exemplary embodiments in more details, it should be noted that some exemplary embodiments are described to be the processing or method depicted in the flow charts. Although the flow charts describe various operations as sequential processing, many operations therein can be carried out in parallel, concurrently or simultaneously. Additionally, the order of the various operations can be rearranged. When operations are completed, the processing can be ended, but there can also be additional steps which are not included in the drawings. The processing can correspond to a method, a function, a procedure, a sub-routine, a sub-program, etc.

“Computer device”, also referred to as “computer”, refers to an intelligent electronic device that can execute pre-determined processing procedure such as numerical computation and/or logic computation by running a pre-determined program or instruction, which can comprise a processor and a memory; and the pre-determined processing procedure is executed by the processor executing instructions pre-stored in the memory, or executed by hardware such as ASIC, FPGA and DSP, or by a combination of the both. Computer devices include, but not limited to, servers, personal computers, notebook computers, tablet computers, smart phones, etc.

The computer devices include user equipment and network devices. Wherein, the user equipment includes, but not limited to, computers, smart phones, PDAs, etc.; the network devices include, but not limited to, a single network server, a server group composed of a plurality of