

VOLTAGE-LIMITING AND REVERSE POLARITY SERIES TYPE LED DEVICE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 (a) Field of the invention

The present invention relates to a voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device composed of zener diodes and LEDs, and through a selection of connecting pins, is usable on direct current power or alternating current power as its characteristics.

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(b) Description of the Prior Art

Currently LEDs are divided into the direct current electric energy drive LED or the alternating current LED which is driven by alternating current through reverse polarity parallel connection of LEDs. Their
15 usages are relatively inflexible. Moreover, when the alternating current drives the alternating current LED, the working time of the individual reverse-poled parallel-connected LED are reduced to half which accounts for its shortcoming.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention of a voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is constituted of zener diodes and LEDs. It parallel-connects at least one or more LEDs in homo-polar parallel, series, or parallel-series connection and zener diodes of the same working
25 polarity to constitute the first LED and zener diode set, and parallel-connects another set constituting by at least one or more LEDs in homo-polar parallel, series, or parallel-series connection and zener diodes of the same working polarity to constitute the second LED and zener diode set. Through the reverse-polarity series connection of the first LED
30 and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set, a

voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is formed.

Moreover, in practical applications, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device can further connect the drive circuit constituted by the current-limiting impedance and/or the electricity storing and discharging device to produce the required operational characteristics.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied on the alternating current power source.

FIG. 3 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied on the direct current power source.

FIG. 4 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied on the alternating current power source and connected in series with the impedance elements.

FIG. 5 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied on the direct current power source and connected in series with the impedance elements.

FIG. 6 is the circuit diagram of the present invention wherein the LEDs are connected in series with the current-limiting impedance elements as well as connected in parallel with the power storing and discharging devices, and connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

FIG. 7 is the circuit diagram of the present invention in FIG. 6 wherein the LEDs are connected in series with the current-limiting impedance elements then connected in parallel with the power storing and

discharging device ,then connected in series again with the blocking diodes and finally connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

FIG. 8 is the operational circuit diagram of the present invention in FIG. 6 wherein impedance elements are not installed.

5 FIG. 9 is the operational circuit diagram of the present invention in FIG. 7 wherein impedance elements are not installed.

FIG. 10 is the operational circuit diagram illustrating that the LEDs in FIG. 6 are connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

10 FIG. 11 is the operational circuit diagram illustrating that the LEDs in FIG. 7 are connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

FIG. 12 is the operational circuit diagram illustrating that the LEDs in FIG. 9 are connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

15 FIG. 13 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention wherein the reverse polarity parallel-connected diodes being installed between terminal (a) and terminal (b) and between terminal (b) and terminal (c).

DESCRIPTION OF MAIN COMPONENT SYMBOLS

(101) 、(102) : LED

20 (203) 、(204) : Diodes

(301) 、(302) : Electricity storing and discharging device

(400) 、(401) 、(402) : Current-limiting impedance elements

(501) 、(502) : Zener diodes

(601) 、(602) : Diodes

25 Terminal (a): First LED and zener diode set connection terminal

Terminal (b): First LED and zener diode set and second LED and zener diode set reverse polarity series connection terminal

Terminal (c): Second LED and zener diode set connection terminal

30 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED

EMBODIMENTS

The LED referred to in the present invention is the abbreviation of light-emitting diode.

Currently LEDs are divided into the direct current electric energy drive LED or the alternating current LED which is driven by alternating current through reverse polarity parallel connection of LEDs. Their usages are relatively inflexible. Moreover, when the alternating current drives the alternating current LED, the working time of the individual reverse-poled parallel-connected LED are reduced to half which accounts for its shortcoming.

The present invention provides a voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device and that, through a selection of pins, is usable on direct current power or alternating current power for the convenience of users.

The present invention of a voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is constituted of zener diodes and LEDs. It parallel-connects at least one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or series and parallel-connected LEDs and zener diodes of the same working polarity to constitute the first LED and zener diode set, and parallel connects another set constituting by at least one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or parallel and series-connected LEDs and zener diodes of the same working polarity to constitute the second LED and zener diode set. Through the reverse-polarity series connection of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set, a voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is formed.

Moreover, in practical applications, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device can further connect the drive circuit constituted by the current-limiting impedance and/or the electricity storing and discharging device to produce the required operational characteristics.

The following are the main components of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention:

FIG. 1 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention.

5 The main components in FIG. 1 include:

LED (101): Composed of one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or series and parallel-connected light-emitting diodes.

10 LED (102): Composed of one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or series and parallel-connected light-emitting diodes.

Zener diodes (501), (502): Composed of one or more zener diodes or circuit devices of the same function, and during multiple installations, zener diodes are connected in parallel or in series or in series and parallel.

15 LED (101) and zener diode (501) of the same working polarity are connected in parallel to constitute the first LED and zener diode set; LED (102) and zener diode (502) of the same working polarity are connected in parallel to constitute the second LED and zener diode set.

20 The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is constituted by the reverse polarity series connection of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set.

The method of installation for the external conducting interface of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device includes:

25 In the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (a) and installed with the conducting interface device, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set in reverse polarity series connection is set as the terminal (b) and installed with the conducting
30 interface device, and the connection terminal of the second LED and

zener diode set is set as the terminal (c) and installed with the conducting interface device, for application on the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity or the direct current power;

Moreover, for the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (a) and installed with the conducting interface device, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set in reverse polarity series connection is not installed with the conducting interface device, and the connection terminal of the second LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (c) and installed with the conducting interface device, for application on the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity.

When the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity is delivered from the conducting interface device at the terminal (a) and the conducting interface device at the terminal (c), the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention is operated as the function of alternating current LED, and during various voltage polarities, the zener diode (501) and the zener diode (502) provide the voltage-limiting protection for the parallel-connected LED (101) and LED (102). When the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity is at the first polarity status that enables the LED (102) work, it relies on the reverse polarity diode function of the zener diode (501) to pass the electrical current through LED (102); and when the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity changes to the second polarity (opposite to the first polarity) status, it relies on the reverse polarity diode function of diode (502) to pass the electrical current through LED (101); FIG. 2 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as

applied on the alternating current power source, or

When the terminal (a) conducting interface device connects with the terminal (c) conducting interface device, their connection terminal and the terminal (b) commonly allow the direct current to pass through LED (101) and LED (102), and the zener diode (501) and zener diode (502) commonly provide voltage-limiting protection for LED (101) and LED (102) to enable the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention to operate as the direct current LED functions. FIG. 3 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied on the direct current power source.

When applied on the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention is series-connected with the current-limiting impedance element (400) between the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity and the conducting interface device at terminal (a) or the conducting interface device at terminal (c) of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device, and/or connect the current-limiting impedance element (401) in series with LED (101), and/or connect the current-limiting impedance element (402) in series with LED (102);

FIG. 4 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied on the alternating current power source and connected in series with the impedance elements;

As shown in FIG. 4, the impedance elements are constituted by one or more impedance elements which include 1) resistive impedance elements; 2) capacitive impedance elements; 3) inductive impedance elements; 4) linear transistor impedance elements; 5) chopped wave switch type elements composed of solid state switch type elements; 6)

chopped wave switch type elements composed of thyristors;

The series connection positions of the aforementioned impedance elements include 1) the impedance elements first connect with individual LEDs in series then connect in parallel with the zener diode; and/or 2) the
5 impedance element is series-connected between the power source and the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device; and/or 3) the LED and the zener diode first connect in parallel in the same working polarity and then connect in series with the impedance element.

When applied on the direct current power, the voltage-limiting and
10 reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention in order to limit the electrical current passing through the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device, it further: 1) connects in series with the current-limiting impedance element (400) between the direct current power source and the connection terminal of terminal (a)
15 conducting interface device and terminal (c) conducting interface device of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device; and/or 2) connects in series with the current-limiting impedance element (400) between the direct current power source and the terminal (b) conducting interface device of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type
20 LED device; and/or 3) connects in series with the current-limiting impedance element (401) with the LED (101) first and then connects in parallel with the zener diode (501); and/or 4) connects in series with the current-limiting impedance element (402) with the LED (102) first and then connects in parallel with the zener diode (502);

25 FIG. 5 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied on the direct current power source and connected in series with the impedance elements;

As shown in FIG. 5, the impedance elements are constituted by one
30 or more impedance elements which include 1) resistive impedance

elements; 2) linear transistor impedance elements; 3) chopped wave switch type elements composed of solid state switch type elements; 4) chopped wave switch type elements composed of thyristors;

The series connection positions of the aforementioned impedance elements include 1) the impedance elements first connect with individual LEDs in series then connect in parallel with the zener diode; and/or 2) the impedance element is series-connected between the power source and the reverse polarity series connection type LED; and/or 3) the LED and the zener diode first connect in parallel in the same working polarity and then connect in series with the impedance element.

When applied on the alternating current power, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention further connects in series with a current-limiting impedance element (400) between the alternating current power source and the terminal (a) and/or the terminal (c) of the reverse polarity series connection type LED, and/or a current-limiting impedance element (401) is connected in series with LED (101), and/or a current-limiting impedance element (402) is connected in series with LED (102); the zener diode (501) is connected in parallel between terminal (a) and terminal (b), the zener diode (502) is connected in parallel between terminal (b) and terminal (c), and both terminals of the zener diode (501) are connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging device (301) and/or both terminals of the zener diode (502) are connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging device (302), and during the delivery of the alternating current power, when the polarity of the supplied alternating current power source is at the power supply status to the parallel-connected LED, and the power supply voltage is higher than the voltage of its parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device, the power source simultaneously supplies power to the LED and charges the parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device; while the

polarity of the alternating current power source is at the status of not supplying power to the parallel-connected LED or when the power supply voltage is lower than the voltage of the electricity storing and discharging device, the electricity storing and discharging device supplies power to the parallel-connected LED;

By means of the operation of the electricity storing and discharging device, the following partial or complete functions are attained: 1) enables two LEDs to deliver power and emit light without being affected by the polarity changes of the alternating current power source; 2) when the alternating current power source drives the LED, optical pulsation of the LED is reduced; 3) provides the delay electric energy for LED when power is cut off; 4) serves as the power supply to allow continuous lighting of LEDs during an emergency power shutdown. The electricity storing and discharging device is consisted of a rechargeable battery or a mono-polar or bipolar capacitor or super capacitor; FIG. 6 is the circuit diagram of the present invention wherein the LEDs are first connected in series with the current-limiting impedance elements and then connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging devices and the zener diodes.

When applied on the alternating current power, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention further series connects with a current-limiting impedance element (400) between the alternating current power source and the (a) or (c) terminals of the reverse polarity series connection type LED; and/or the LED (101) series connects with a current-limiting impedance element (401), and series connects with the diode (203) according to the direction of the light-emitting current of LED (101), and then the current input terminal of diode (203) and the current output terminal of LED (101) are parallel connected with the zener diode (501) in the same working current direction to protect LED (101). i.e., the zener diode (501) is parallel

connected with the terminal (a) and terminal (b); and/or the LED (102) series connects with a current-limiting impedance element (402), and series connects with the diode (204) according to the direction of light-emitting current of LED (102), and then the current input terminal of diode (204) and the current output terminal of LED (102) are parallel connected with the zener diode (502) in the same working current direction to protect LED (102) i.e., the zener diode (502) is parallel connected with the terminal (b) and terminal (c); and a electricity storing and discharging device (301) is connected in parallel between the connecting terminal of the diode (203) and the current-limiting impedance element (401) and the current output terminal of LED (101), and/or a electricity storing and discharging device (302) is connected in parallel between the connecting terminal of the diode (204) and current-limiting impedance element (402) and the current output terminal of LED (102), and during the delivery of the alternating current power, when the polarity of the supplied alternating current power source is at the power supply status to the parallel-connected LED, and the power supply voltage is higher than the voltage of its parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device, the power source simultaneously supplies power to the LED and charges the parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device; while the polarity of the alternating current power source is at the status of not supplying power to the parallel-connected LED or when the power supply voltage is lower than the voltage of the electricity storing and discharging device, the electricity storing and discharging device supplies power to the parallel-connected LED.

By means of the operation of the electricity storing and discharging device, the following partial or complete functions are attained: 1) enables two LEDs to deliver power and emit light without being affected by the polarity changes of the alternating current power source; 2) when the alternating current power source drives the LED, optical pulsation of the

LED is reduced; 3) provides the delay electric energy for LED when power is cut off; 4) serves as the power supply to allow continuous lighting of LEDs during an emergency power shutdown. The electricity storing and discharging device is consisted of a rechargeable battery or a
5 mono-polar or bipolar capacitor or super capacitor.

FIG.7 is the circuit diagram of the present invention in FIG. 6 wherein the LEDs are connected in series with the current-limiting impedance elements then are connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging devices, then are connected in series with
10 blocking diodes, and finally are connected in parallel with zener diodes.

In the operational diagrams of FIG. 6 and FIG. 7 wherein the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is applied on alternating current power and connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging devices, the current-limiting impedance element
15 (400) and/or the current-limiting impedance elements (401) and/or the current-limiting impedance element (402) can be not installed;

FIG. 8 is the operational circuit diagram of FIG. 6 wherein impedance elements are not installed.

FIG. 9 is the operational circuit diagram of FIG. 7 wherein impedance
20 elements are not installed.

The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention as applied in the operational circuits of aforementioned Figs. 6, 7, and 9, wherein the zener diode (501) connected in parallel between terminal (a) and terminal (b) of the voltage-limiting
25 and reverse polarity series type LED device, and/or the zener diode (502) connected in parallel with terminal (b) and terminal (c) of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device can changed to be installed in parallel with LED (101) and/or LED (102), or installed at both locations;

30 FIG. 10 is the operational circuit diagram illustrating that the LEDs

in FIG. 6 are connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

FIG. 11 is the operational circuit diagram illustrating that the LEDs in FIG. 7 are connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

FIG. 12 is the operational circuit diagram illustrating that the LEDs
5 in FIG. 9 are connected in parallel with the zener diodes.

In the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention, when the LED (101) and the LED (102), the Zener diode (501) and the Zener diode (502) are composed of plural LEDs and Zener diodes being connected in series, or in series and parallel, the
10 forward voltage (VF) of the parallel-connected Zener diodes is also formed in a series-connected state, so when the current of one set of the LEDs passes through the Zener diode parallel-connected to another set of the LEDs, a state of electric loss is formed due to the increasing voltage drop, to solve the problem, the circuit structure of reverse polarity
15 parallel-connected diodes can be established between terminal (a) and terminal (b) and between terminal (b) and terminal (c) in the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device, such that when the current of one set of the LEDs passes through the diode parallel-connected to another set of LEDs, the electric loss can be
20 reduced.

FIG. 13 is the circuit diagram of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention wherein the reverse polarity parallel-connected diodes being installed between terminal (a) and terminal (b) and between terminal (b) and terminal (c);

25 As shown in FIG. 13, it mainly consists of:

- LED (101): Composed of one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or series and parallel-connected light-emitting diodes.
- LED (102): Composed of one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or series and parallel-connected light-emitting diodes.
- 30 -- Zener diodes (501), (502): Composed of one or more zener diodes or

circuit devices of the same function, and during multiple installations, zener diodes are connected in parallel or in series or in series and parallel.

LED (101) and zener diode (501) of the same working polarity are connected in parallel to constitute the first LED and zener diode set; LED
5 (102) and zener diode (502) of the same working polarity are connected in parallel to constitute the second LED and zener diode set.

The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is constituted by the reverse polarity series connection of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set.

10 -- diode (601, 602): composed of rectifying diodes, wherein the diode (601) is served to be parallel connected in reverse polarity to two ends of the plural series-connected or series-parallel connected LEDs (101), the diode (602) is served to be parallel connected in reverse polarity to two ends of the plural series-connected or series-parallel connected LEDs
15 (102);

-- the installation of exterior conducting interface device including:

In the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (a) and installed with the conducting
20 interface device, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set in reverse polarity series connection is set as the terminal (b) and installed with the conducting interface device, and the connection terminal of the second LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (c) and installed with the conducting
25 interface device, for application on the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity or the direct current power.

The zener diode which provides the voltage-limiting protection for the LED of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention are replaceable with circuit devices which
30 include semiconducting elements and devices and machine electronics

with voltage-limiting effects and reverse polarity conduction.

During practical applications, the following options are available for pertinent elements of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention:

- 5 1) The specifications for the power, voltages, currents and numbers as well as the series or parallel or series-parallel connections of LED (101) and LED (102) are the same with or different from each other;
- 2) The colors of lights emitted by the energized LED (101) and LED (102) are the same with or different from each other;
- 10 3) The types and specifications of the current-limiting element (400) and/or current-limiting element (401) and/or current-limiting element (402) are the same with or different from each other;
- 4) The current-limiting impedance element (400) and/or the current-limiting impedance element (401) and/or the current-limiting
15 impedance (402) are fixed impedances and adjustable impedance values or chopper controlled or linear controlled in order to control LED light adjustments. This includes simultaneous or separate control of LED (101) and LED (102);
- 5) The types and specifications of the electricity storing and discharging
20 device (301) and/or the electricity storing and discharging device (302) are the same with or different from each other;
- 6) The types and specifications of the zener diode (501) and the zener diode (502) are the same with or different from each other.

25 In the practical applications, the frequently-used structural modes of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention are include:

- 1) The individual elements that constitute the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device are independent structures, and the external connections and individual elements rely on conducting
30 interface devices such as conduction terminals, and/or conducting wire,

- and/or electrical conductors, and/or plugs, and/or sockets to connect or solder or lock for connections; and/or
- 2) Two or more individual elements form an integrated package and conducting interface devices are installed, and the external connections and individual elements of other parts rely on conducting interface devices such as conduction terminals, and/or conducting wire, and/or electrical conductors, and/or plugs, and/or sockets to connect or solder or lock for connections; and/or
- 3) The first LED and zener diode set is an integrated package and conducting interface devices are installed, and the second LED and zener diode set is an integrated package and conducting interface devices are installed. Between them, conducting interface devices such as conduction terminals, and/or conducting wire, and/or electrical conductors, and/or plugs, and/or sockets make connections or solder or lock for connections; and/or
- 4) The whole voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is integrated into a single package, and conducting interface devices such as conduction terminals, and/or conducting wire, and/or electrical conductors, and/or plugs, and/or sockets are installed to make external connections or methods such as soldering or locking are used for external connections.

In practical applications, the formation of hardware structures between the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device and its peripheral devices or circuit elements can be configured to requirements under the principle of invariable circuit.

CLAIMS

1. A voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device
parallel-connects one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or
series-connected or series and parallel-connected LEDs and zener
5 diodes of the same working polarity to constitute the first LED and
zener diode set, and parallel connects another set constituting by at
least one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or
series-connected or parallel and series-connected LEDs zener
diodes of the same working polarity to constitute the second LED
10 and zener diode set; through the reverse-polarity series connection
of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener
diode set, a voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED
device is formed; wherein its main composition includes:
LED (101): composed of one or more homo-polar
15 parallel-connected or series-connected or series and
parallel-connected light-emitting diodes;
LED (102): composed of one or more homo-polar
parallel-connected or series-connected or series and
parallel-connected light-emitting diodes;
20 Zener diodes (501), (502): composed of one or more zener diodes
or circuit devices of the same function, during multiple installations,
zener diodes are connected in parallel or in series or in series and
parallel;
LED (101) and zener diode (501) of the same working polarity are
25 connected in parallel to constitute the first LED and zener diode set;
LED (102) and zener diode (502) of the same working polarity are
connected in parallel to constitute the second LED and zener diode
set;
the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is
30 constituted by the reverse polarity series connection of the first

LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set;
the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is
an integrated package composed of the two aforementioned sets of
LED and zener diodes, or composed by the two aforementioned sets
of LED and zener diodes in individual structures with external
conductors to make reverse polarity series connection.

2. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as
claimed in Claim 1, wherein the installation methods for its external
conducting interface devices include:

the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set is
set as the terminal (a) and installed with the conducting interface
device, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set
and the second LED and zener diode set in reverse polarity series
connection is set as the terminal (b) and installed with the
conducting interface device, and the connection terminal of the
second LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (c) and
installed with the conducting interface device, for application on the
alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating
polarity or the direct current power.

3. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as
claimed in Claim 1, wherein the installation methods for its external
conducting interface devices include:

the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set is set
as the terminal (a) and installed with the conducting interface
device, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode
set and the second LED and zener diode set in reverse polarity
series connection is not installed with the conducting interface
device, and the connection terminal of the second LED and zener
diode set is set as the terminal (c) and installed with the conducting
interface device, for application on the alternating current power or

the direct current power of alternating polarity.

4. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claim 2 or 3, wherein when the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity is delivered from the conducting interface device at the terminal (a) and the conducting interface device at the terminal (c), the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention is operated as the function of alternating current LED, and during various voltage polarities, the zener diode (501) and the zener diode (502) provide the voltage-limiting protection for the parallel-connected LED (101) and LED (102); when the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity is at the first polarity status that enables the LED (102) work, it relies on the reverse polarity diode function of the zener diode (501) to pass the electrical current through LED (102); and when the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity changes to the second polarity (opposite to the first polarity) status, it relies on the reverse polarity diode function of diode (502) to pass the electrical current through LED (101).
5. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claim 2, wherein when the terminal (a) conducting interface device connects with the terminal (c) conducting interface device, their connection terminal and the terminal (b) commonly allow the direct current to pass through LED (101) and LED (102), and the zener diode (501) and zener diode (502) commonly provide voltage-limiting protection for LED (101) and LED (102) to enable the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention to operate as the direct current LED functions.
6. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claim 2 or 3, wherein when applied on the alternating

current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention is series-connected with the current-limiting impedance element (400) between the alternating current power or
5 the direct current power of alternating polarity and the conducting interface device at terminal (a) or the conducting interface device at terminal (c) of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device, and/or connect the current-limiting impedance element (401) in series with LED (101), and/or connect the current-limiting
10 impedance element (402) in series with LED (102);

the impedance elements are constituted by one or more impedance elements which include 1) resistive impedance elements 2) capacitive impedance elements 3) inductive impedance elements 4) linear transistor impedance elements 5) chopped wave switch
15 type elements composed of solid state switch type elements 6) chopped wave switch type elements composed of thyristors;

the series connection positions of the aforementioned impedance elements include 1) the impedance elements first connect with individual LEDs in series then connect in parallel with
20 the zener diode; and/or 2) the impedance element is series-connected between the power source and the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device; and/or 3) the LED and the zener diode first connect in parallel in the same working polarity and then connect in series with the impedance element.

25 7. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claim 3, 4, 5 or 6, wherein when applied on the direct current power, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention in order to limit the electrical current passing through the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity
30 series type LED device, it further: 1) connects in series with the

current-limiting impedance element (400) between the direct current power source and the connection terminal of terminal (a) conducting interface device and terminal (c) conducting interface device of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device; and/or 2) connects in series with the current-limiting impedance element (400) between the direct current power source and the terminal (b) conducting interface device of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device; and/or 3) connects in series with the current-limiting impedance element (401) with the LED (101) first and then connects in parallel with the zener diode (501); and/or 4) connects in series with the current-limiting impedance element (402) with the LED (102) first and then connects in parallel with the zener diode (502);

the impedance elements are constituted by one or more impedance elements which include 1) resistive impedance elements; 2) linear transistor impedance elements; 3) chopped wave switch type elements composed of solid state switch type elements; 4) chopped wave switch type elements composed of thyristors;

the series connection positions of the aforementioned impedance elements include 1) the impedance elements first connect with individual LEDs in series then connect in parallel with the zener diode; and/or 2) the impedance element is series-connected between the power source and the reverse polarity series connection type LED; and/or 3) the LED and the zener diode first connect in parallel in the same working polarity and then connect in series with the impedance element.

8. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claim 2 or Claim 3, wherein when applied on the alternating current power, the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention further connects in

series with a current-limiting impedance element (400) between the alternating current power source and the terminal (a) and/or the terminal (c) of the reverse polarity series connection type LED, and/or a current-limiting impedance element (401) is connected in series with LED (101), and/or a current-limiting impedance element (402) is connected in series with LED (102); the zener diode (501) is connected in parallel between terminal (a) and terminal (b), the zener diode (502) is connected in parallel between terminal (b) and terminal (c), and both terminals of the zener diode (501) are connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging device (301) and/or both terminals of the zener diode (502) are connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging device (302), and during the delivery of the alternating current power, when the polarity of the supplied alternating current power source is at the power supply status to the parallel-connected LED, and the power supply voltage is higher than the voltage of its parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device, the power source simultaneously supplies power to the LED and charges the parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device; while the polarity of the alternating current power source is at the status of not supplying power to the parallel-connected LED or when the power supply voltage is lower than the voltage of the electricity storing and discharging device, the electricity storing and discharging device supplies power to the parallel-connected LED;

by means of the operation of the electricity storing and discharging device, the following partial or complete functions are attained: 1) enables two LEDs to deliver power and emit light without being affected by the polarity changes of the alternating current power source; 2) when the alternating current power source drives the LED, optical pulsation of the LED is reduced; 3)

provides the delay electric energy for LED when power is cut off; 4) serves as the power supply to allow continuous lighting of LEDs during an emergency power shutdown; the electricity storing and discharging device is consisted of a rechargeable battery or a mono-polar or bipolar capacitor or super capacitor.

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9. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claim 8, wherein when applied on the alternating current power, it further series connects with a current-limiting impedance element (400) between the alternating current power source and the

10 (a) or (c) terminals of the reverse polarity series connection type LED; and/or the LED (101) series connects with a current-limiting impedance element (401), and series connects with the diode (203) according to the direction of the light-emitting current of LED (101), and then the current input terminal of diode (203) and the current

15 output terminal of LED (101) are parallel connected with the zener diode (501) in the same working current direction to protect LED (101); i.e., the zener diode (501) is parallel connected with the terminal (a) and terminal (b); and/or the LED (102) series connects with a current-limiting impedance element (402), and series

20 connects with the diode (204) according to the direction of light-emitting current of LED (102), and then the current input terminal of diode (204) and the current output terminal of LED (102) are parallel connected with the zener diode (502) in the same working current direction to protect LED (102) i.e., the zener diode

25 (502) is parallel connected with the terminal (b) and terminal (c); and a electricity storing and discharging device (301) is connected in parallel between the connecting terminal of the diode (203) and the current-limiting impedance element (401) and the current output terminal of LED (101), and/or a electricity storing and discharging

30 device (302) is connected in parallel between the connecting

terminal of the diode (204) and current-limiting impedance element (402) and the current output terminal of LED (102), and during the delivery of the alternating current power, when the polarity of the supplied alternating current power source is at the power supply status to the parallel-connected LED, and the power supply voltage is higher than the voltage of its parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device, the power source simultaneously supplies power to the LED and charges the parallel-connected electricity storing and discharging device; while the polarity of the alternating current power source is at the status of not supplying power to the parallel-connected LED or when the power supply voltage is lower than the voltage of the electricity storing and discharging device, the electricity storing and discharging device supplies power to the parallel-connected LED;

by means of the operation of the electricity storing and discharging device, the following partial or complete functions are attained: 1) enables two LEDs to deliver power and emit light without being affected by the polarity changes of the alternating current power source; 2) when the alternating current power source drives the LED, optical pulsation of the LED is reduced; 3) provides the delay electric energy for LED when power is cut off; 4) serves as the power supply to allow continuous lighting of LEDs during an emergency power shutdown; the electricity storing and discharging device is consisted of a rechargeable battery or a mono-polar or bipolar capacitor or super capacitor.

10. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claims 8 or 9, wherein when it is applied on alternating current power and connected in parallel with the electricity storing and discharging devices, the current-limiting impedance element (400) and/or the current-limiting impedance elements (401) and/or

the current-limiting impedance element (402) can be not installed.

11. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claims 8, 9 or 10, wherein the zener diode (501) connected in parallel between terminal (a) and terminal (b) of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device, and/or the zener diode (502) connected in parallel with terminal (b) and terminal (c) of the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device can be changed to be installed in parallel with LED (101) and/or LED (102), or installed at both locations.
12. The voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device as claimed in Claim 1, wherein when the LED (101) and the LED (102), the Zener diode (501) and the Zener diode (502) are composed of plural LEDs and Zener diodes being connected in series, or in series and parallel, the forward voltage (VF) of the parallel-connected Zener diodes is also formed in a series-connected state, so when the current of one set of the LEDs passes through the Zener diode parallel-connected to another set of the LEDs, a state of electric loss is formed due to the increasing voltage drop, to solve the problem, the circuit structure of reverse polarity parallel-connected diodes can be established between terminal (a) and terminal (b) and between terminal (b) and terminal (c) in the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device, such that when the current of one set of the LEDs passes through the diode parallel-connected to another set of LEDs, the electric loss can be reduced; it mainly consists of:
 - LED (101): Composed of one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or series and parallel-connected light-emitting diodes;
 - LED (102): Composed of one or more homo-polar parallel-connected or series-connected or series and

parallel-connected light-emitting diodes;

-- Zener diodes (501), (502): Composed of one or more zener diodes or circuit devices of the same function, and during multiple installations, zener diodes are connected in parallel or in series or in series and parallel;

LED (101) and zener diode (501) of the same working polarity are connected in parallel to constitute the first LED and zener diode set; LED (102) and zener diode (502) of the same working polarity are connected in parallel to constitute the second LED and zener diode set;

the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device is constituted by the reverse polarity series connection of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set;

-- diode (601, 602): composed of rectifying diodes, wherein the diode (601) is served to be parallel connected in reverse polarity to two ends of the plural series-connected or series-parallel connected LEDs (101), the diode (602) is served to be parallel connected in reverse polarity to two ends of the plural series-connected or series-parallel connected LEDs (102);

-- the installation of exterior conducting interface device including:

In the voltage-limiting and reverse polarity series type LED device of the present invention, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (a) and installed with the conducting interface device, the connection terminal of the first LED and zener diode set and the second LED and zener diode set in reverse polarity series connection is set as the terminal (b) and installed with the conducting interface device, and the connection terminal of the second LED and zener diode set is set as the terminal (c) and installed with the conducting interface device, for

application on the alternating current power or the direct current power of alternating polarity or the direct current power.