

6-AMINO ACID HETEROARYLDIHYDROPYRIMIDINES FOR THE TREATMENT AND
PROPHYLAXIS OF HEPATITIS B VIRUS INFECTION

The present invention relates to organic compounds useful for therapy and/or prophylaxis in a human, and in particular to Hepatitis B virus (HBV) inhibitors by targeting on HBV capsid for the treatment of HBV infection.

5 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

HBV is a species of the hepadnaviridae family of viruses. HBV is a serious public health problem worldwide, with more than 400 million people especially in Asia-Pacific regions chronically infected by this small enveloped DNA virus. Although most individuals seem to
10 resolve the infection following acute symptoms, 15-40% of HBV patients will finally develop clinical diseases during their lifespan, most notably, hepatitis, liver cirrhosis, and hepatocellular carcinoma. Every year 500,000 to 1 million people die from the end stage of liver diseases caused by HBV infection.

HBV lifecycle begins with the binding of the "Dane" particle with an unidentified receptor
15 on the surface of hepatocyte. Following entry, viral genome is delivered into nucleus where a covalently closed circular DNA (cccDNA) is formed through DNA repair of viral relaxed circular DNA. Unlike the mechanisms of most other DNA viruses, HBV cccDNA replicates through the retrotranscription of a 1.1-genome unit-length RNA copy (pregenomic RNA). Viral pregenomic RNA interacts with other two viral components, capsid protein and polymerase, as
20 well as some host factors, to form capsid particles where viral DNA replication occurs. Most copies of the encapsidated genome then efficiently associate with the envelope proteins for virion assembly and secretion; a minority of these genomes is shunted to the nucleus, where they are converted to cccDNA.

Currently, there are two types of anti-HBV agents on the market, nucleoside (tide) analogs
25 targeting viral polymerase (lamivudine, adefovir, tenofovir, telbivudine and entecavir) and interferon modulating host immune functions. Mutations in the primary sequence of the polymerase that confer resistance to lamivudine and adefovir have been identified clinically and underlie a rebound of serum virus titers that 70% of treated patients experience within 3 years of

the start of lamivudine therapy. Although resistance to telbivudine, adefovir, and entecavir occurs more rarely, it has been recorded. Interferon alpha is the other major therapy available for hepatitis B, but it is limited by a poor long-term response and debilitating side effects. Some viral genotypes do not show good responses to interferon therapy. Now, the standard of clinic
5 cure of HBV infection is the loss and/or seroconversion of HBsAg. The majority (around or more than 90%) of treated patients fail to achieve this goal. This drawback is mainly due to the presence of a stable pool of viral cccDNA in nucleus that doesn't replicate itself, therefore, shows no accessibility to nucleoside (tide) analogs.

Hence, there is certainly a medical need for treatments with improved characteristics and
10 for a diversity of approaches in the development of therapies for HBV infection.

HBV capsid protein plays essential roles in HBV replication. HBV has an icosahedral core comprising of 240 copies of the capsid (or core) protein. The predominant biological function of capsid protein is to act as a structural protein to encapsidate pre-genomic RNA and form immature capsid particles in the cytoplasm. This step is prerequisite for viral DNA replication.
15 The HBV capsid spontaneously self-assembles from many copies of core dimers present in the cytoplasm. It has been shown that the formation of a trimeric nucleus and the subsequent elongation reactions occur by adding one dimeric subunit at a time until it is complete. Besides this function, capsid protein regulates viral DNA synthesis through different phosphorylation status of its C-terminal phosphorylation sites. When a near full-length relaxed circular DNA is
20 formed through reverse-transcription of viral pregenomic RNA, an immature capsid becomes a mature capsid. On one hand, capsid protein might facilitate the nuclear translocation of viral relaxed circular genome by means of the nuclear localization signals located in the Arginine-rich domain of the C-terminal region of capsid protein. In nucleus, as a component of viral cccDNA minichromosome, capsid protein could play a structural and regulatory role in the functionality
25 of cccDNA minichromosomes. Capsid protein also interacts with viral large envelope protein in endoplasmic reticulum and triggers the release of intact viral particles from hepatocytes.

There has been a couple of capsid related anti-HBV inhibitors reported. For example, phenylpropenamide derivatives, including compounds named AT-61 and AT-130 (Feld J. et al. *Antiviral Research* **2007**, 168-177), and a class of thiazolidin-4-ones from Valeant R&D
30 (WO2006/033995), have been shown to inhibit pgRNA packaging. A recent study suggested that phenylpropenamides are, in fact, accelerators of HBV capsid assembly, and their actions result in the formation of empty capsids. These very interesting results illustrate the importance of the kinetic pathway in successful virus assembly.

Heteroaryldihydropyrimidines or HAP, including compounds named Bay 41-4109, Bay 38-7690 and Bay 39-5493, were discovered in a tissue culture-based screening (Deres K. et al. *Science* **2003**, 893). These HAP analogs act as synthetic allosteric activators and are able to induce aberrant capsid formation that leads to degradation of the core protein. HAP analogs also reorganized core protein from preassembled capsids into noncapsid polymers, presumably by interaction of HAP with dimers freed during capsid ‘breathing’, the transitory breaking of individual intersubunit bonds. Bay 41-4109 was administered to HBV infected transgenic mouse or humanized mouse models and demonstrated *in vivo* efficacy with HBV DNA reduction (Deres K. et al. *Science* **2003**, 893; Brezillon N. et al. *PLoS ONE* **2011**, e25096). It was also shown that bis-ANS, a small molecule that acts as a molecular ‘wedge’ and interferes with normal capsid-protein geometry and capsid formation (Zlotnick A. et al. *J. Virol.* **2002**, 4848-4854).

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Objects of the present invention are novel compounds of formula I, their manufacture, medicaments based on a compound in accordance with the invention and their production as well as the use of compounds of formula I as HBV inhibitors and for the treatment or prophylaxis of HBV infection. The compounds of formula I show superior anti-HBV activity. In addition, the compounds of formula I also show high selectivity index, better solubility and mouse SDPK profiles.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

DEFINITIONS

As used herein, the term “C₁₋₆alkyl” alone or in combination signifies a saturated, linear- or branched chain alkyl group containing 1 to 6, particularly 1 to 4 carbon atoms, for example methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, 1-butyl, 2-butyl, *tert*-butyl and the like. Particular “C₁₋₆alkyl” groups are methyl, ethyl, isopropyl and *tert*-butyl.

The term “-C_xH_{2x}-” alone or in combination signifies a saturated, linear or branched chain alkyl group containing from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, particularly from 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

The term “cycloalkyl”, alone or in combination, refers to a saturated carbon ring containing from 3 to 7 carbon atoms, particularly from 3 to 6 carbon atoms, for example,

cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl and the like. Particular “cycloalkyl” groups are cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl.

The term “carboxy” alone or in combination refers to the group -COOH.

The term “cyano” alone or in combination refers to the group -CN.

5 The term “halogen” means fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. Halogen is particularly fluorine, chlorine or bromine.

The term “sulfanyl” alone or in combination refers to the group -S-.

The term “enantiomer” denotes two stereoisomers of a compound which are non-superimposable mirror images of one another.

10 The term “diastereomer” denotes a stereoisomer with two or more centers of chirality and whose molecules are not mirror images of one another.

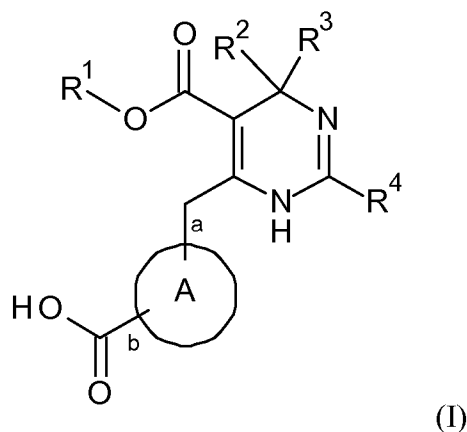
The compounds according to the present invention may exist in the form of their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. The term “pharmaceutically acceptable salt” refers to conventional acid-addition salts or base-addition salts that retain the biological effectiveness and properties of the compounds of formula I and are formed from suitable non-toxic organic or inorganic acids or organic or inorganic bases. Acid-addition salts include for example those
15 derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, hydroiodic acid, sulfuric acid, sulfamic acid, phosphoric acid and nitric acid, and those derived from organic acids such as *p*-toluenesulfonic acid, salicylic acid, methanesulfonic acid, oxalic acid, succinic acid, citric acid, malic acid, lactic acid, fumaric acid, and the like. Base-addition salts include those
20 derived from ammonium, potassium, sodium and, quaternary ammonium hydroxides, such as for example, tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide. The chemical modification of a pharmaceutical compound into a salt is a technique well known to pharmaceutical chemists in order to obtain improved physical and chemical stability, hygroscopicity, flowability and solubility of
25 compounds. It is for example described in Bastin R.J., *et al.*, Organic Process Research & Development 2000, 4, 427-435; or in Ansel, H., *et al.*, In: Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems, 6th ed. (1995), pp. 196 and 1456-1457. Particular are the sodium salts of the compounds of formula I.

Compounds of the general formula I which contain one or several chiral centers can either
30 be present as racemates, diastereomeric mixtures, or optically active single isomers. The racemates can be separated according to known methods into the enantiomers. Particularly, diastereomeric salts which can be separated by crystallization are formed from the racemic

mixtures by reaction with an optically active acid such as e.g. D- or L-tartaric acid, mandelic acid, malic acid, lactic acid or camphorsulfonic acid.

INHIBITORS OF HBV

5 The present invention provides (i) novel compounds having the general formula I:

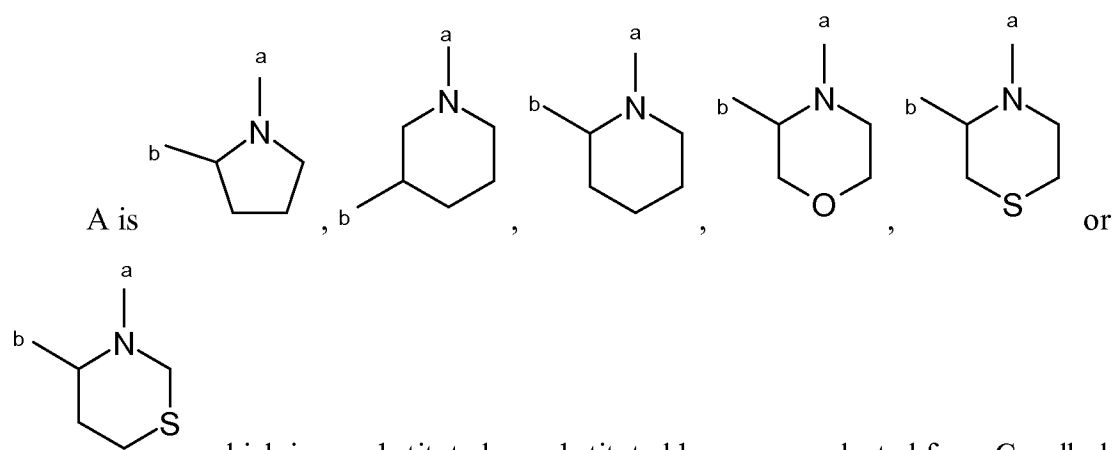


wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x-} , wherein x is 1-6;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl, halogen or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;



15 , which is unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, deuterium and halogen;

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

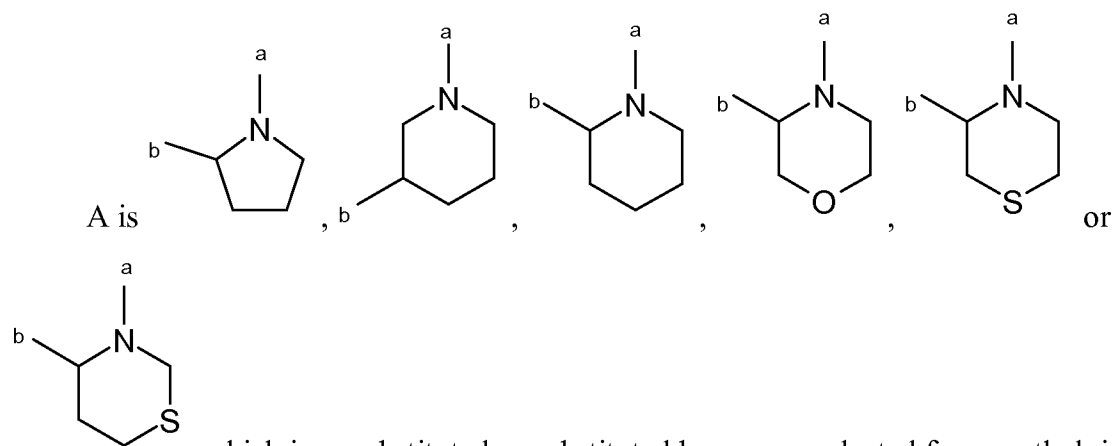
Further embodiment of present invention is (ii) a compound of formula I, wherein

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R^1 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl, or cyano; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, bifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methylsulfanyl, fluoro or chloro;



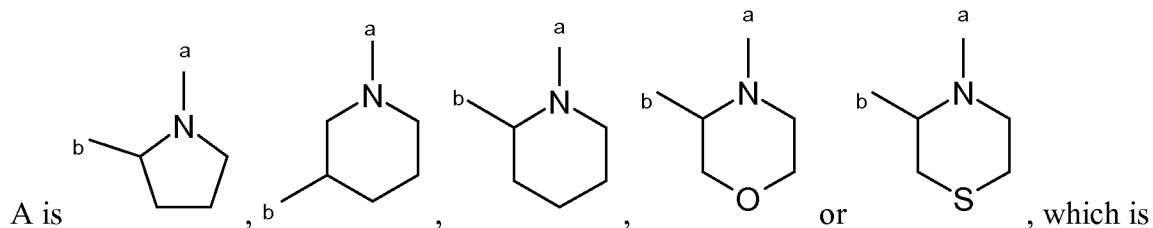
or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

Another embodiment of present invention is (iii) a compound of formula I, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x-} , wherein x is 1-6;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl, halogen or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;



unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, deuterium and halogen; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

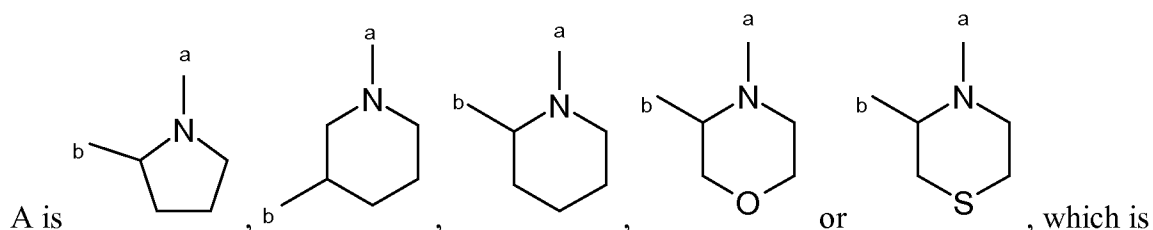
Further embodiment of present invention is (iv) a compound of formula I, wherein

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R^1 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl or cyano; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methylsulfanyl, fluoro or chloro;



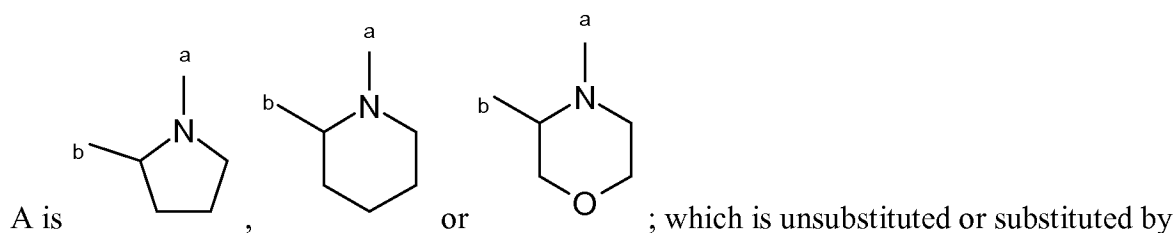
unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from methyl, isopropyl, deuterium and fluoro; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

10 Another embodiment of present invention is (v) a compound of formula I, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;



groups selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, deuterium and halogen;

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

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Further embodiment of present invention is (vi) a compound of formula I, wherein

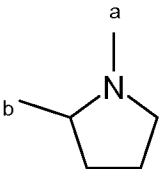
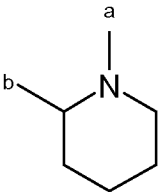
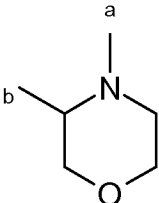
R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo or methyl; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl or fluoro;

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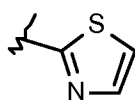
A is , , or , which is unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from methyl, isopropyl, deuterium and fluoro;

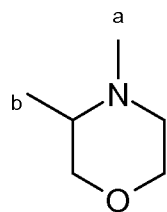
or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

Another embodiment of present invention is (vii) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

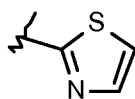
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen;

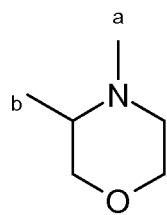
R^4 is  ;

A is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl.

A further embodiment of present invention is (viii) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other one is hydrogen;

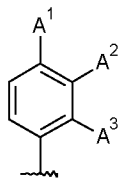
R^4 is  ;

A is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl.

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A further embodiment of present invention is (ix) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

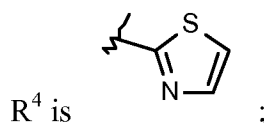
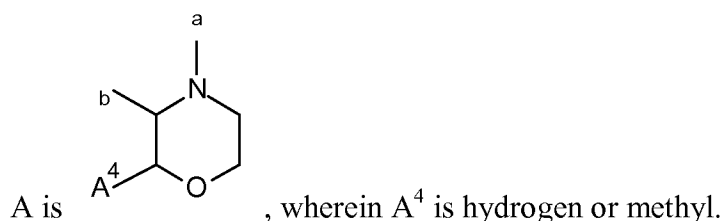


One of R^2 and R^3 is , and the other one is hydrogen, wherein

A^1 is hydrogen or fluoro;

A^2 is hydrogen or fluoro;

A^3 is fluoro, chloro or bromo; provided that at least one of A^1 and A^2 is hydrogen;

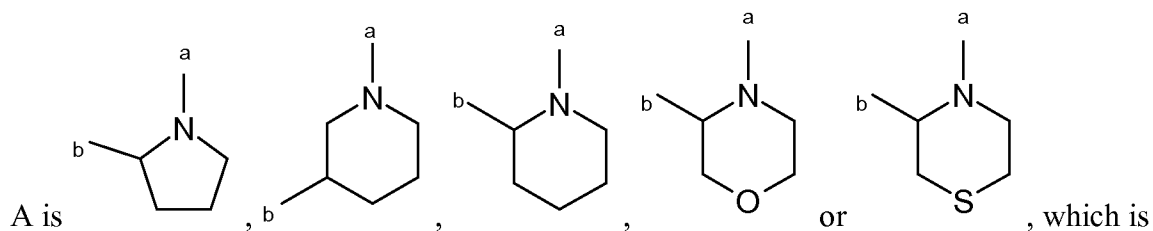


Another embodiment of present invention is (x) a compound of formula I, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x-} , wherein x is 1-6;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl, halogen or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;



unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, deuterium and halogen;

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

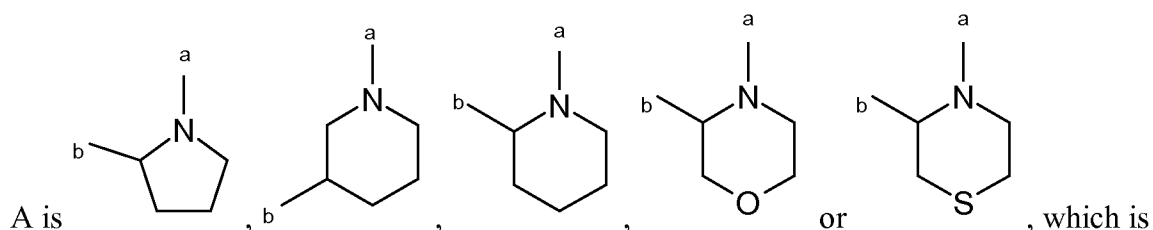
Further embodiment of present invention is (xi) a compound of formula I, wherein

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R^1 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, or cyano; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or
5 substituted by methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methylsulfanyl, fluoro or chloro;



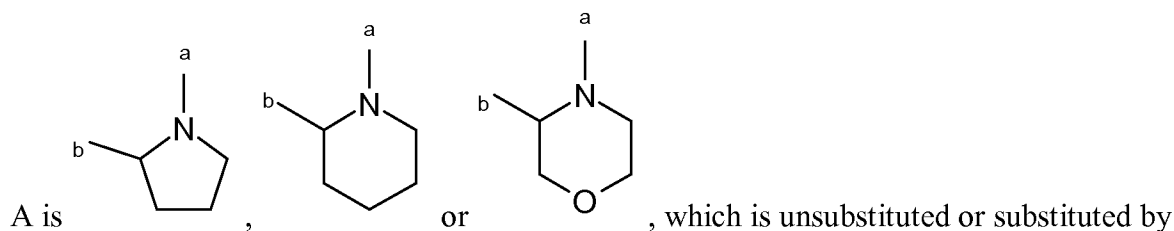
unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from methyl, deuterium and fluoro;
or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

10 Another embodiment of present invention is (xii) a compound of formula I, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x-} , wherein x is 1-6;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or
15 substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl, halogen or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;



groups selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, deuterium and halogen;

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

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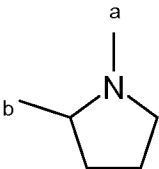
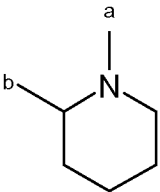
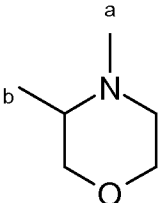
Further embodiment of present invention is (xiii) a compound of formula I, wherein

R^1 is methyl, ethyl, isopropyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo or methyl; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

25 R^4 is thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methylsulfanyl or fluoro;

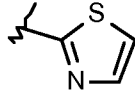
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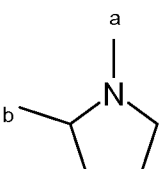
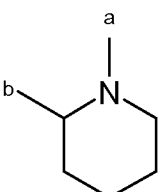
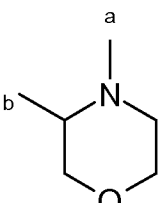
A is , , or , which is unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from methyl, isopropyl, deuterium and fluoro; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

5 Another embodiment of present invention is (xiv) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x} -, wherein x is 1-6;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

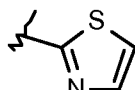
10 R^4 is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;

A is , , or , which is unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, deuterium and halogen.

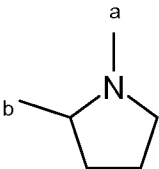
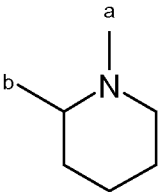
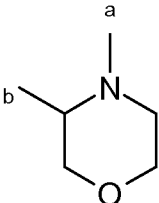
15 Further embodiment of present invention is (xv) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

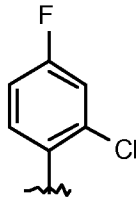
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

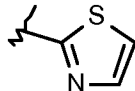
20 R^4 is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl or methylsulfanyl;

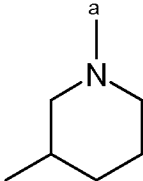
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A is , , or , which is unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from methyl, isopropyl, deuterium and fluoro.

Another embodiment of present invention is (xvi) a compound of formula I or
 5 pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein
 R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is , and the other one is hydrogen;

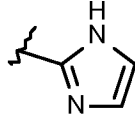
R^4 is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl;

A is , which is substituted by halogen.

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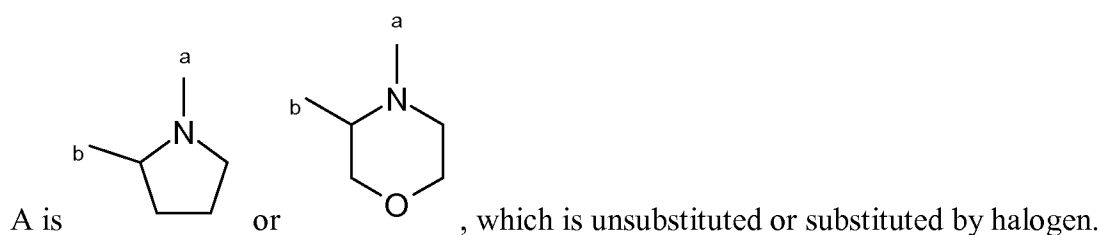
Another embodiment of present invention is (xvii) a compound of formula I or
 pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein
 R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen;

R^4 is , which is substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl;

15

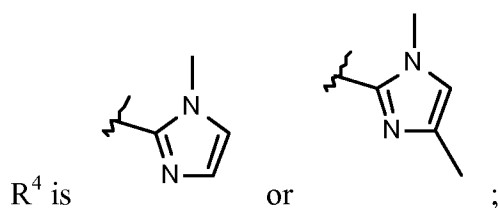
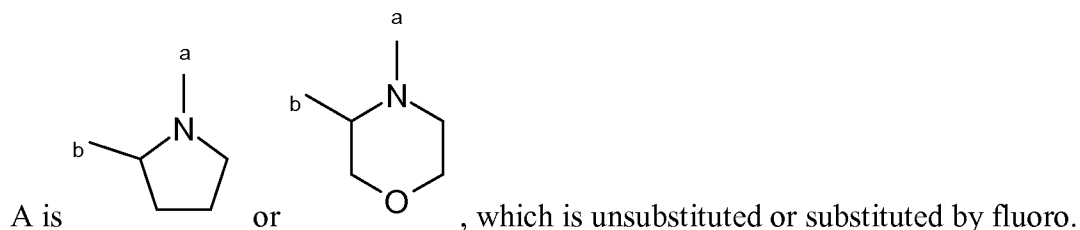
-13-



Further embodiment of present invention is (xviii) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

5 R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is substituted by fluoro or chloro; and the other one is hydrogen;

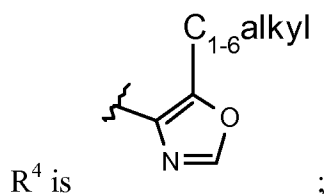


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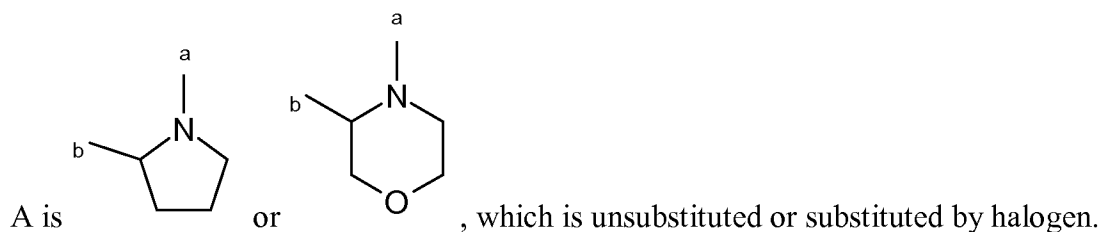
Another embodiment of present invention is (xix) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen;



15



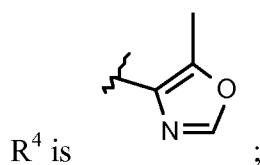
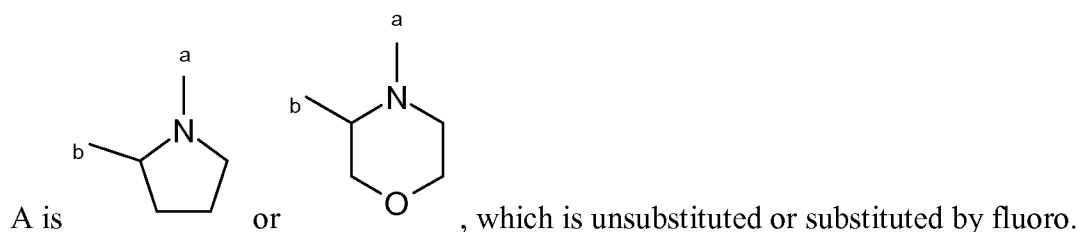
-14-

Further embodiment of present invention is (xx) a compound of formula I or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

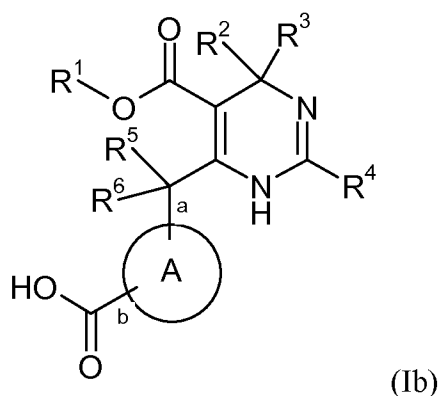
R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is substituted by fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other

5 one is hydrogen;



Another embodiment of present invention is (xxi) a compound of formula Ib or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof,



wherein

15 R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

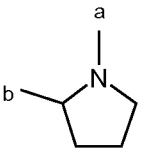
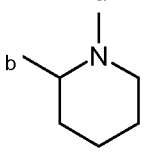
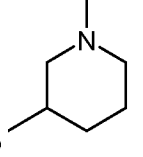
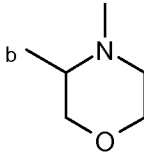
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, cycloalkyl or trifluoromethyl;

20 R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

-15-

A is , ,  or ; which is unsubstituted or twice or four times substituted by deuterium or halogen.

Further embodiment of present invention is (xxii) a compound of formula Ib or
5 pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

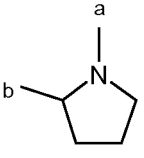
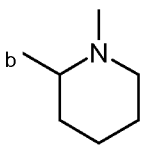
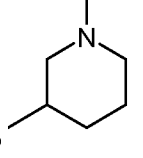
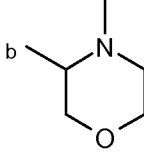
R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano, fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is unsubstituted or
10 once or twice substituted by methyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, fluoro, chloro, cyclopropyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

A is , ,  or ; which is unsubstituted or twice
15 or four times substituted by deuterium or fluoro.

Another embodiment of present invention is (xxiii) a compound of formula Ib or
pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

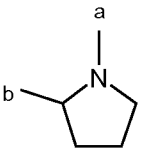
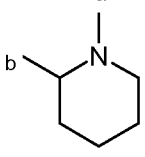
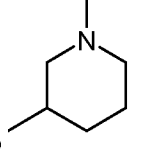
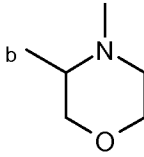
20 One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl or imidazolyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, cycloalkyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

25 R^6 is hydrogen;

-16-

A is , ,  or ; which is unsubstituted or twice or four times substituted by deuterium or halogen.

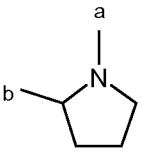
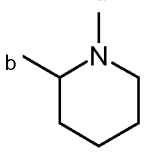
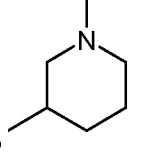
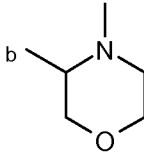
Further embodiment of present invention is (xxiv) a compound of formula Ib or
 5 pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein
 R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano, fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl or imidazolyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by methyl,
 10 isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, cyclopropyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

A is , ,  or ; which is unsubstituted or twice or four times substituted by deuterium or fluoro.

15

Another embodiment of present invention is (xxv) a compound of formula Ib or
 pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

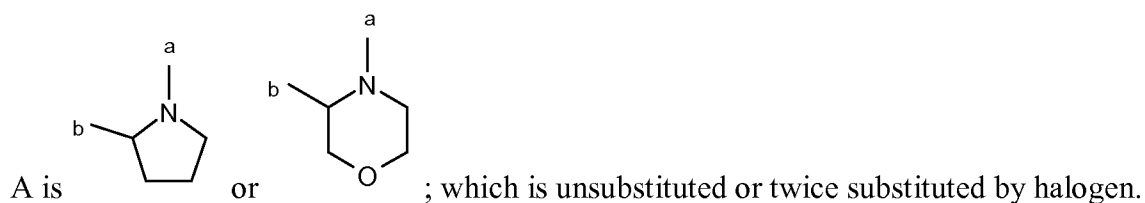
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice substituted by halogen; and the other one is
 20 hydrogen;

R^4 is phenyl, oxazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice
 substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, cycloalkyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

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Further embodiment of present invention is (xxvi) a compound of formula Ib or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

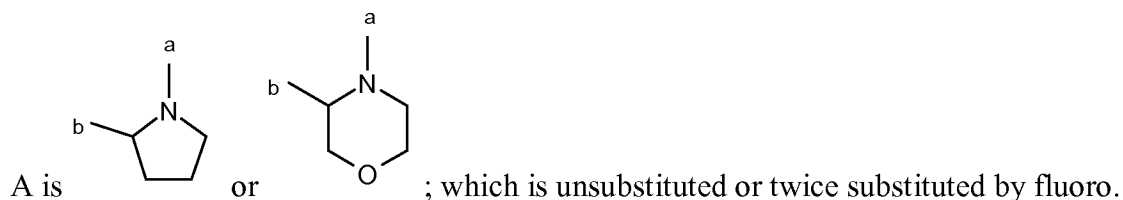
5 R^1 is methyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice substituted by fluoro or chloro; and the other one is hydrogen;

R^4 is phenyl, oxazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is once or twice substituted by methyl, fluoro or chloro;

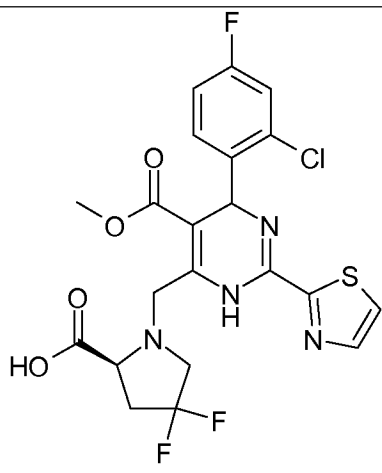
10 R^5 is hydrogen;

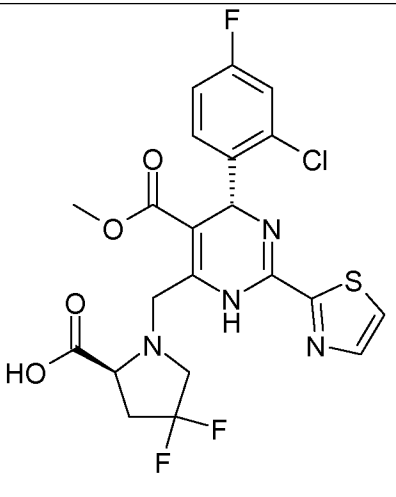
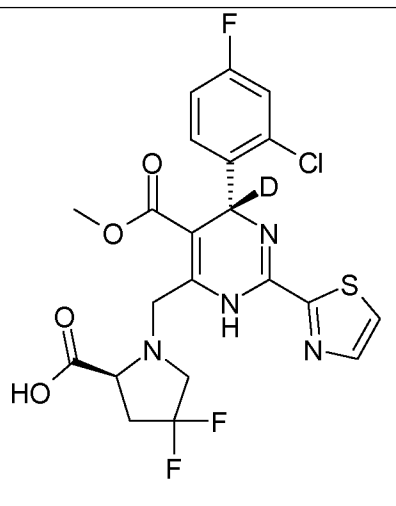
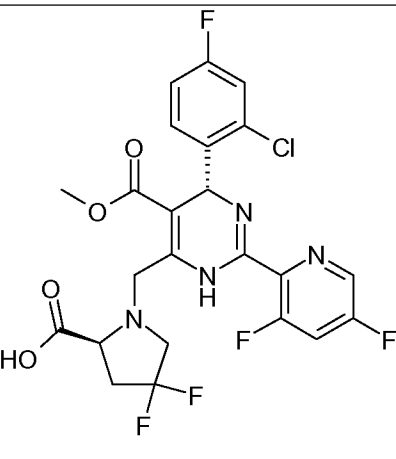
R^6 is hydrogen;

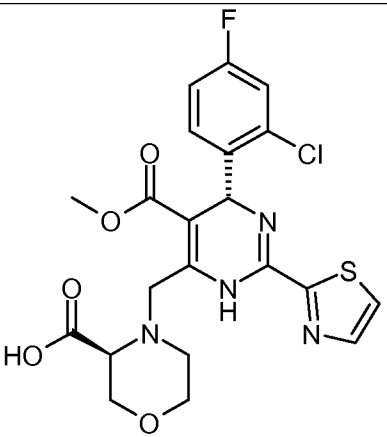
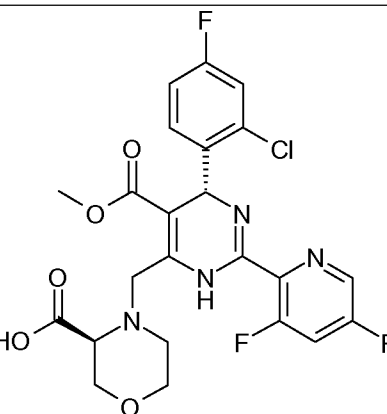
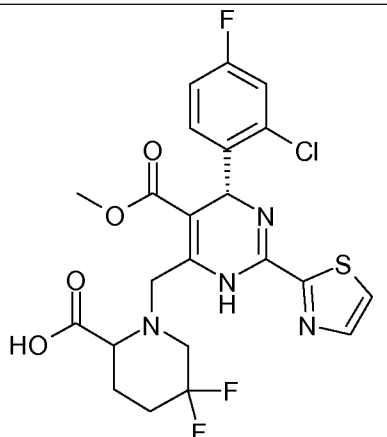
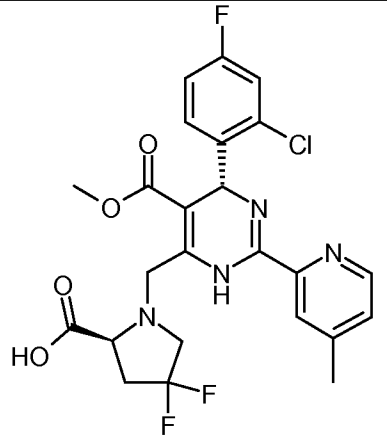


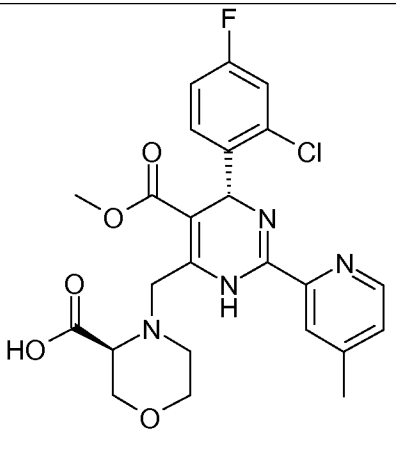
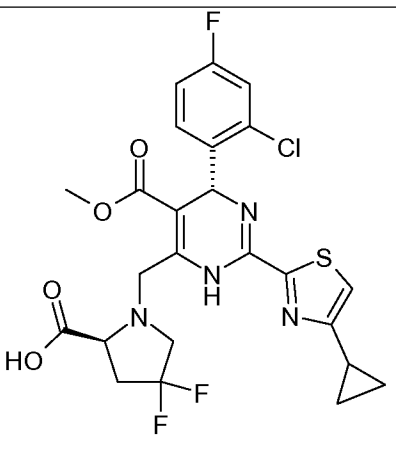
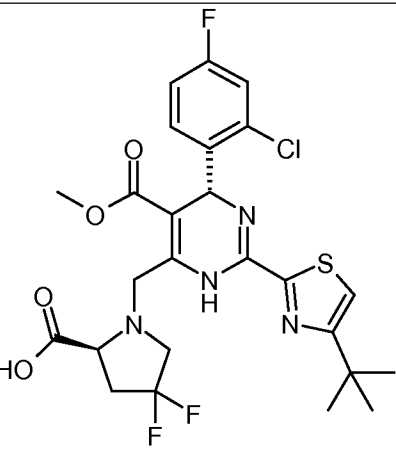
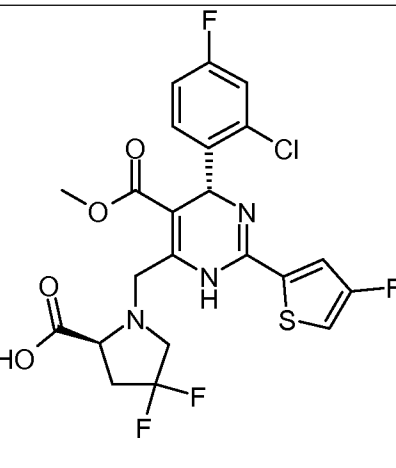
Particular compounds of formula I, including NMR data and MS data are summarized in the following Table 1 and 2.

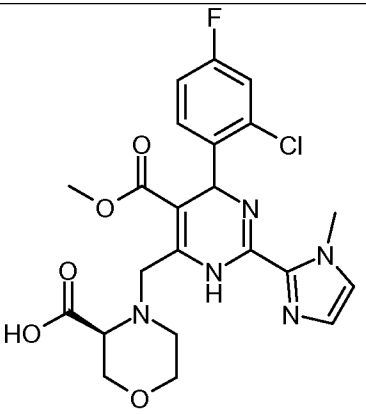
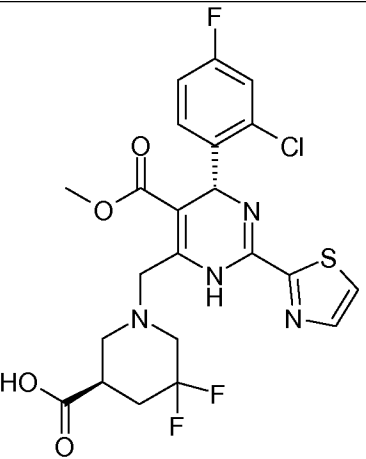
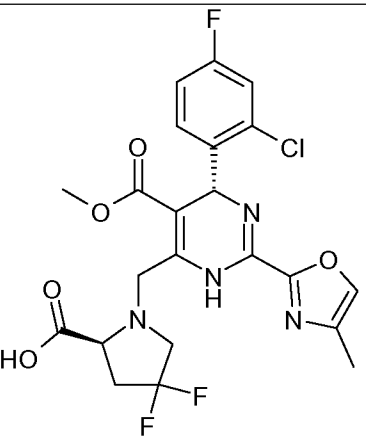
Table 1: Structure and name of particular compounds

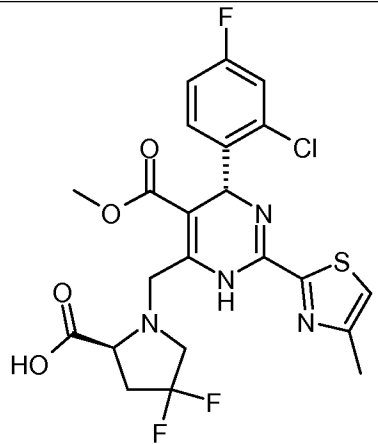
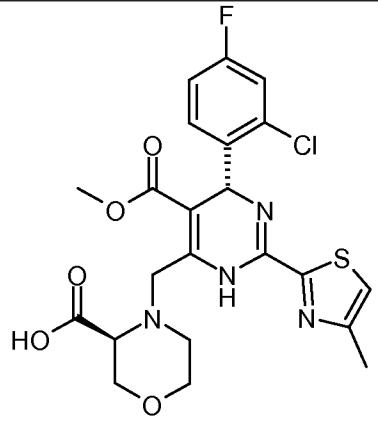
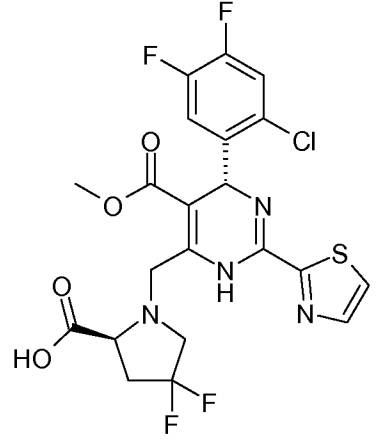
Example No.	Structure	Name
1		6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

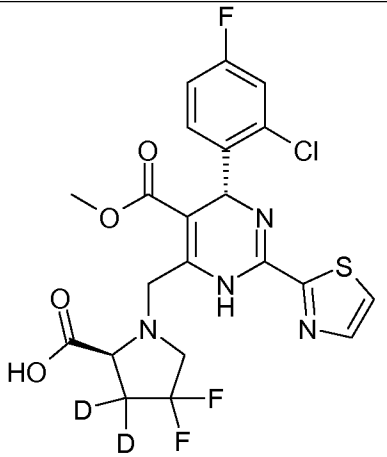
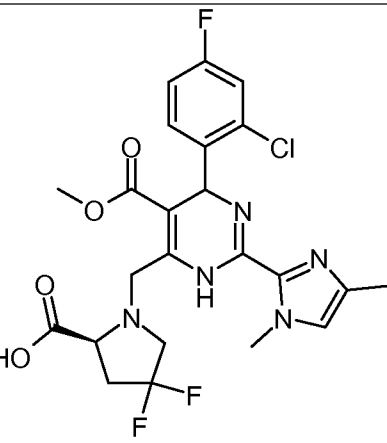
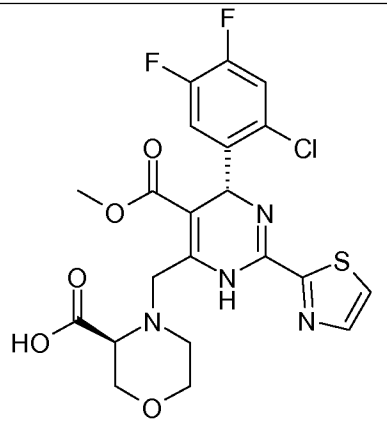
2		<p>(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester</p>
3		<p>(<i>S</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-[4-²H]-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester</p>
4		<p>(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester</p>

5		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
6		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
7		(R)-6-(2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
8		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

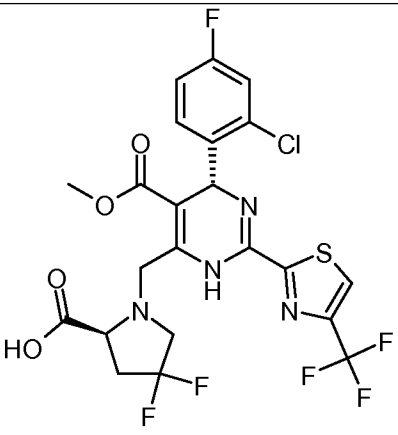
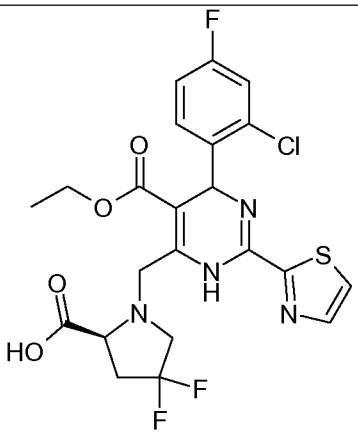
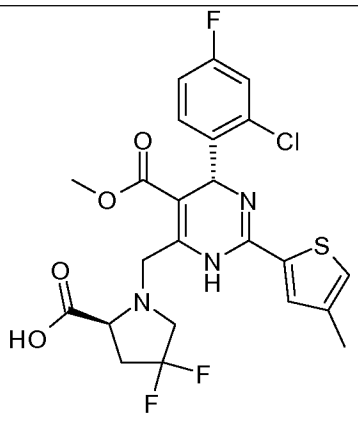
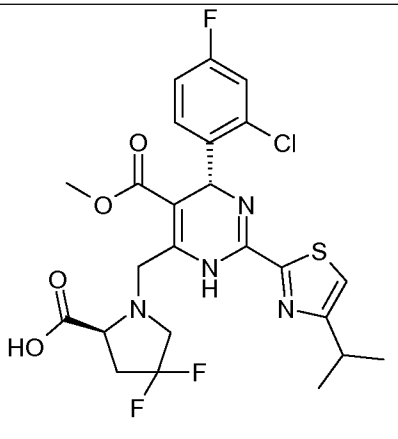
9		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
10		(R)-6-[(S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-cyclopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
11		(R)-2-(4-tert-Butyl-thiazol-2-yl)-6-[(S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
12		(R)-6-[(S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-fluoro-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

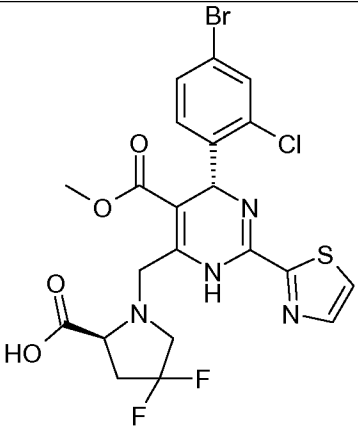
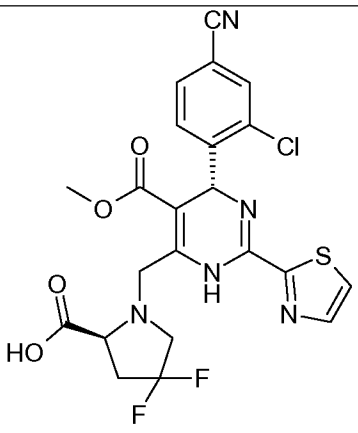
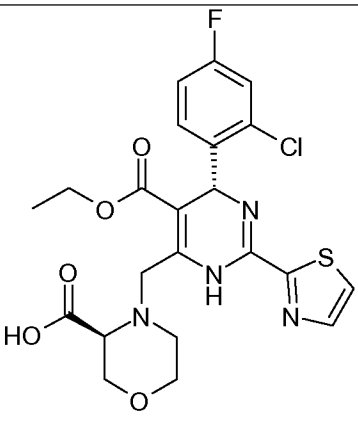
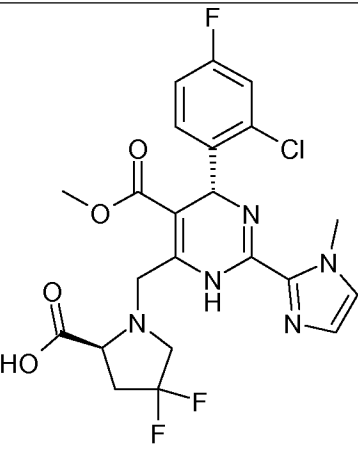
13		(S)-4-[6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
14		(R)-6-((R)-5-Carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
15		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-oxazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

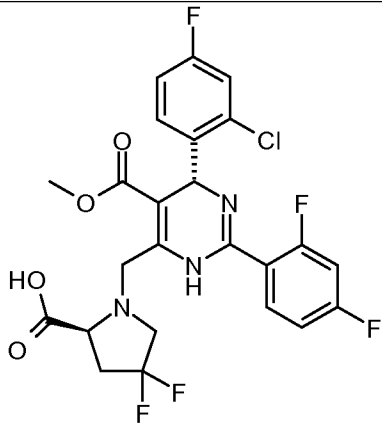
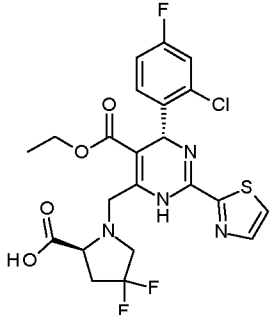
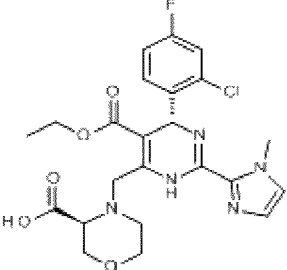
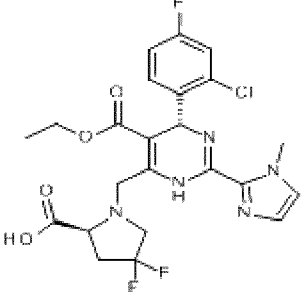
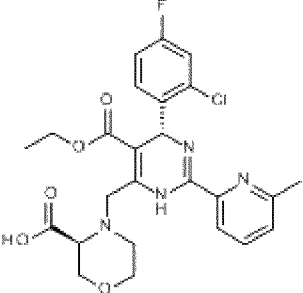
16		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
17		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
18		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4,5-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

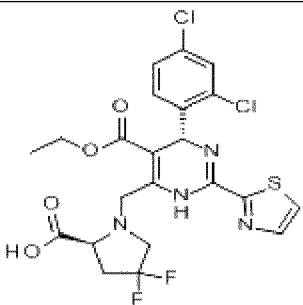
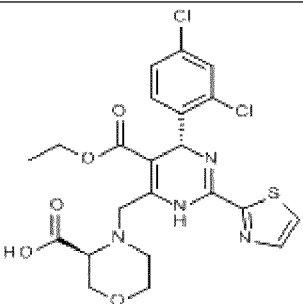
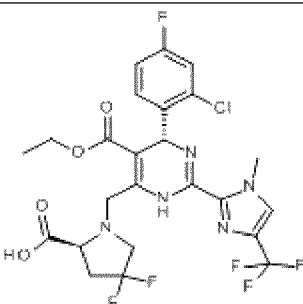
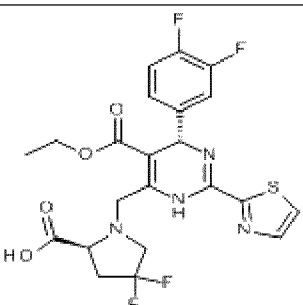
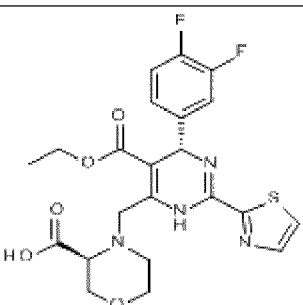
19		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-[3,3- ² H ₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
20		6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
21		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4,5-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

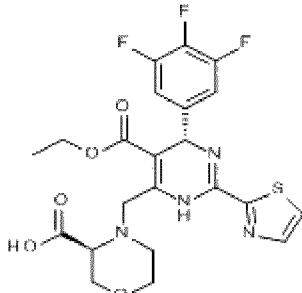
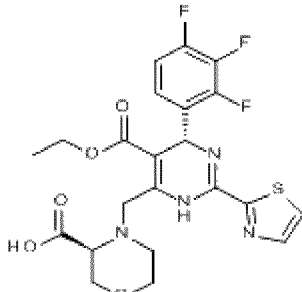
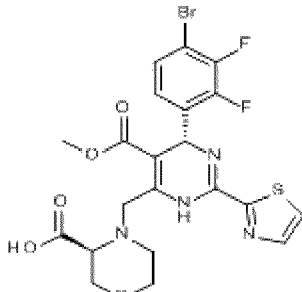
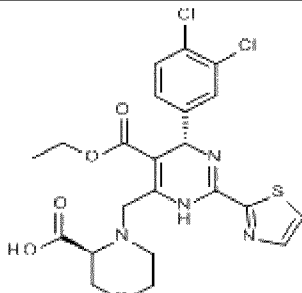
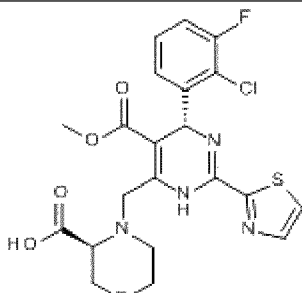
22		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3-fluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
23		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
24		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

25		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
26		6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
27		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
28		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-isopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

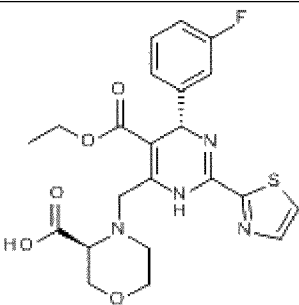
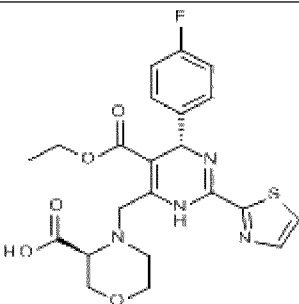
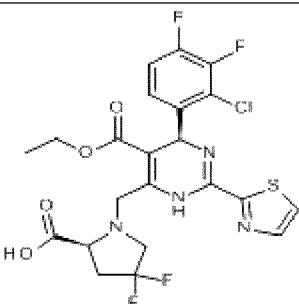
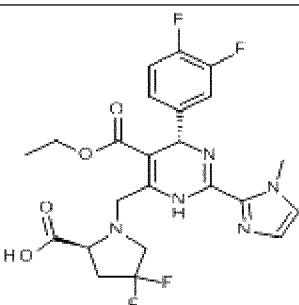
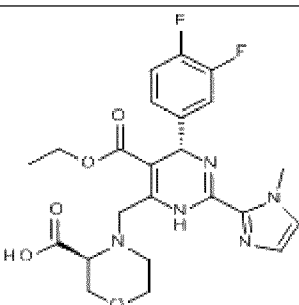
29		(R)-4-(4-Bromo-2-chloro-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
30		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-cyano-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
31		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
32		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

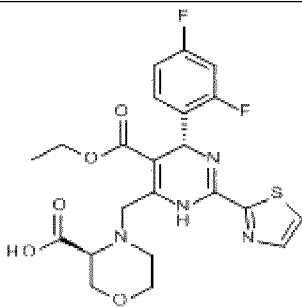
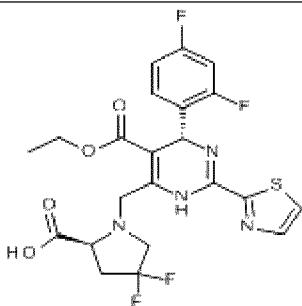
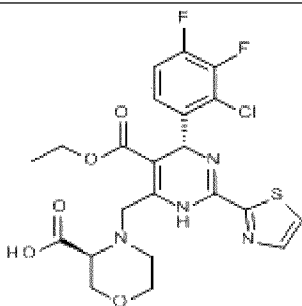
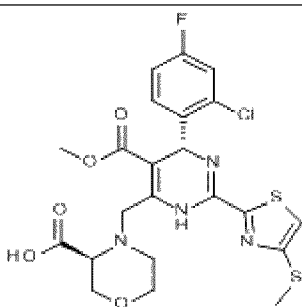
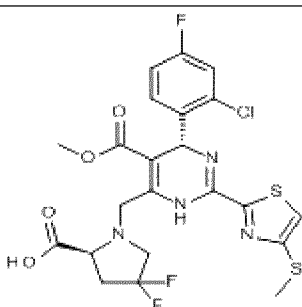
33		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
34		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
35		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
36		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
37		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

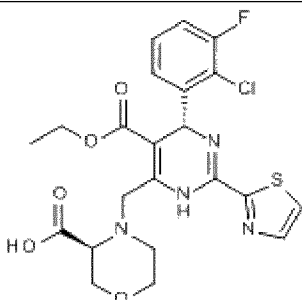
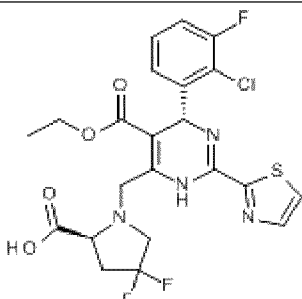
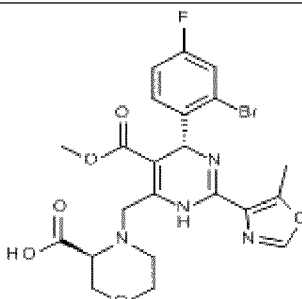
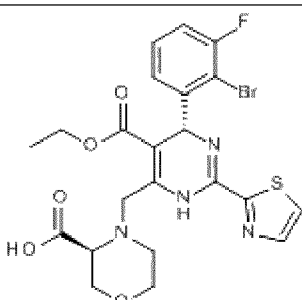
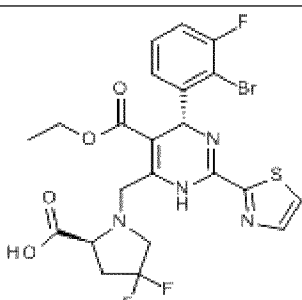
38		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
39		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
40		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
41		(S)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
42		(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

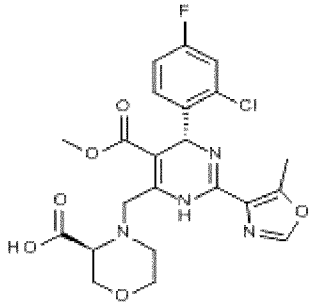
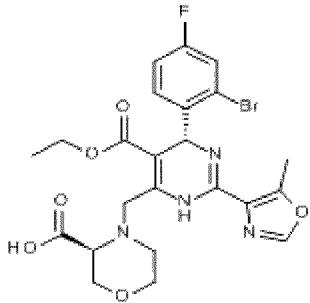
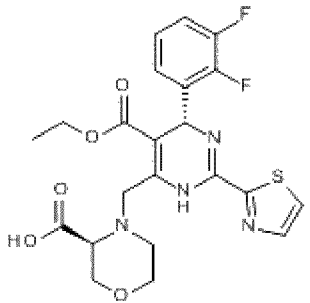
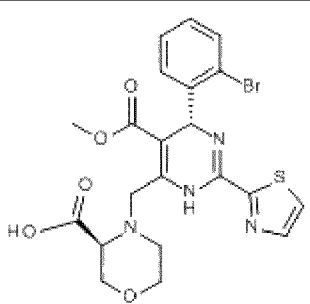
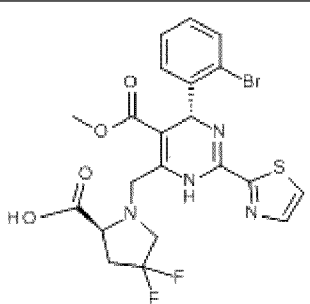
43		(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(3,4,5-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
44		(S)-4-[(R)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
45		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Bromo-2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
46		(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
47		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

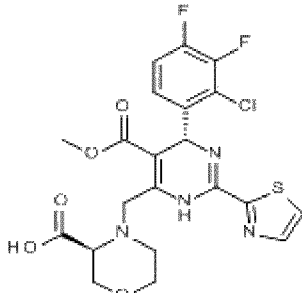
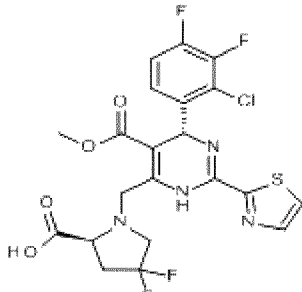
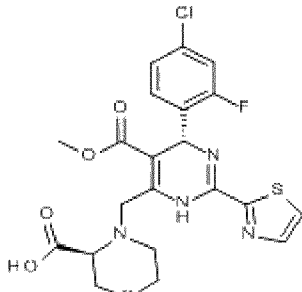
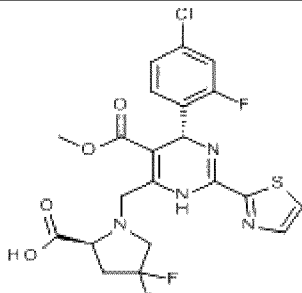
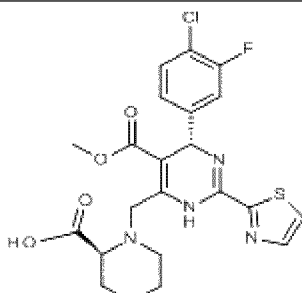
48		(<i>S</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(4-cyano-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
49		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
50		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
51		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-5-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethoxycarbonyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
52		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>S</i>)-6-(4-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

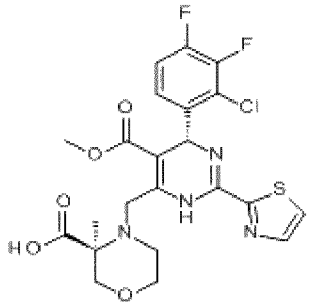
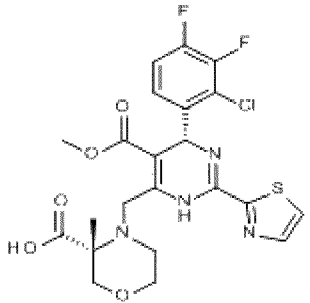
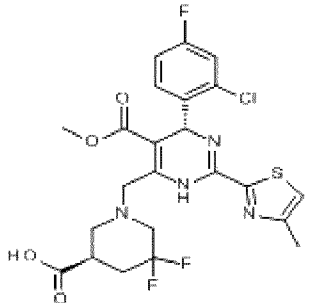
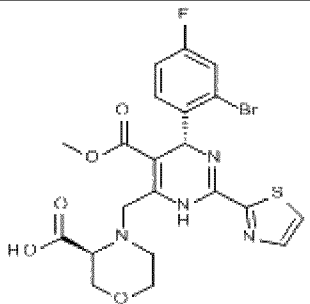
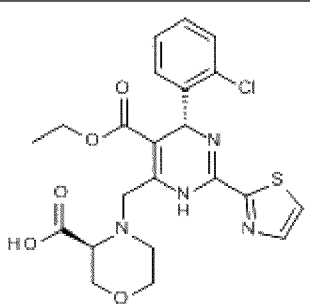
53		(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
54		(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
55		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
56		(S)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
57		(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

58		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
59		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
60		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
61		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[(4 <i>R</i>)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
62		(2 <i>S</i>)-1-[[(4 <i>R</i>)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

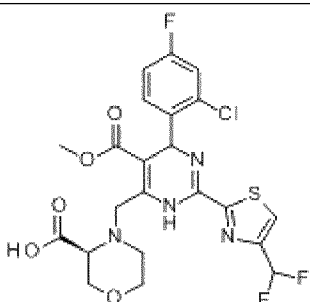
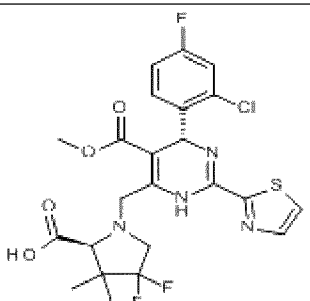
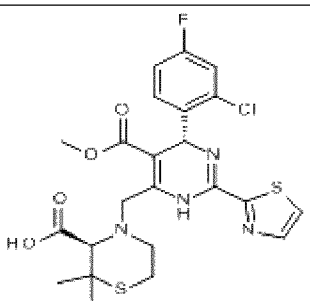
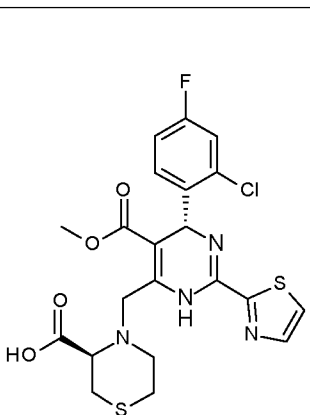
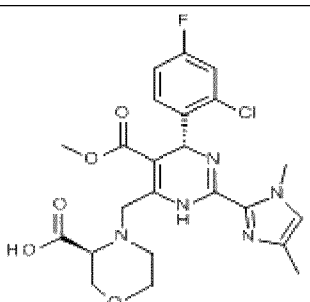
63		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
64		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
65		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
66		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
67		(<i>R</i>)-4-(2-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

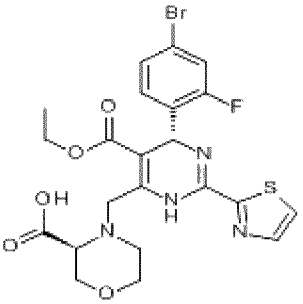
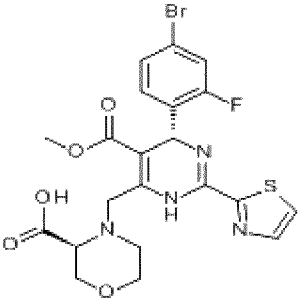
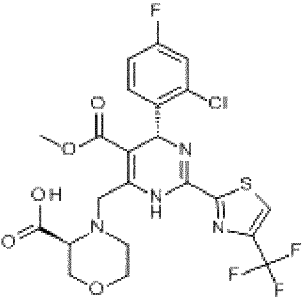
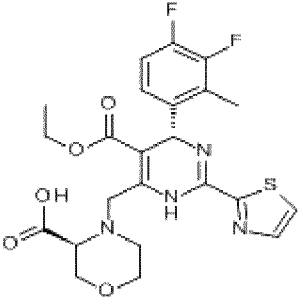
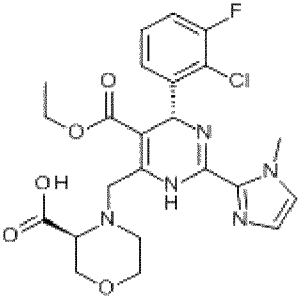
68		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
69		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
70		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2,3-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
71		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
72		(R)-4-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

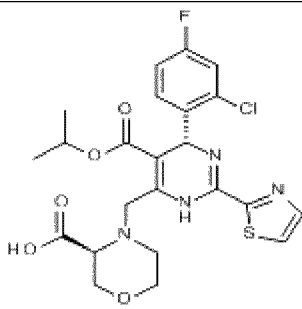
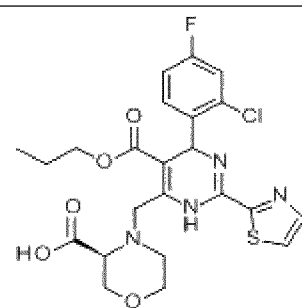
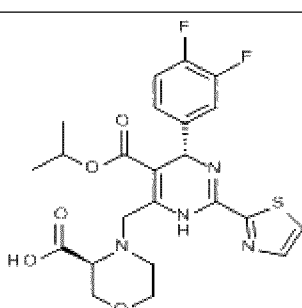
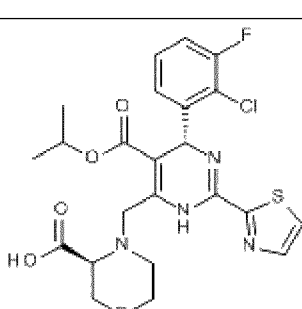
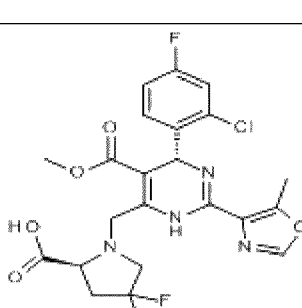
73		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
74		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
75		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
76		(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
77		(S)-4-[(S)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

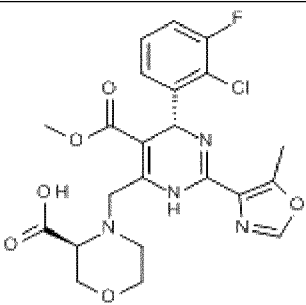
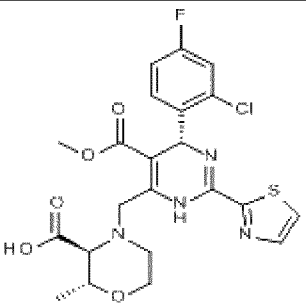
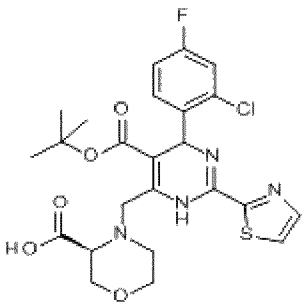
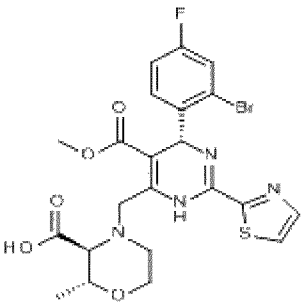
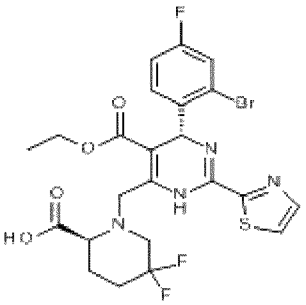
78		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
79		(R)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
80		(R)-6-((R)-5-Carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
81		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
82		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

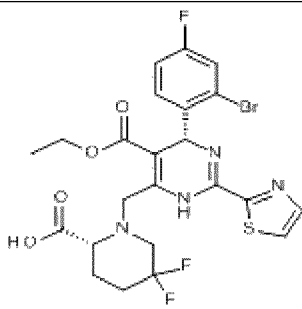
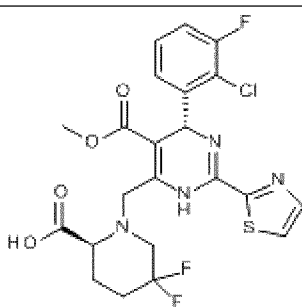
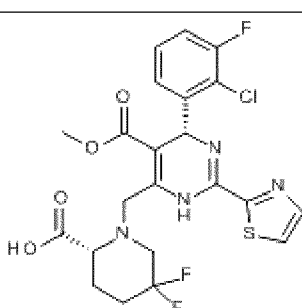
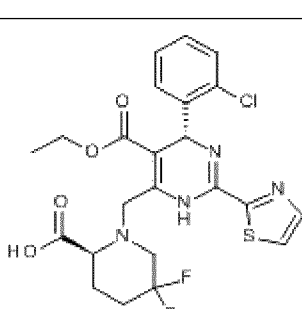
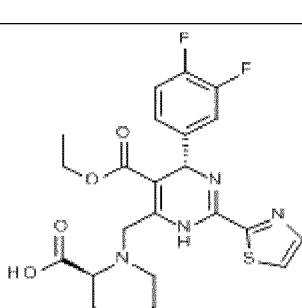
83		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>S</i>)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
84		(<i>R</i>)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
85		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
86		3-[[4(<i>R</i>)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-1,3-thiazinane-4-carboxylic acid
87		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[4(<i>R</i>)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-cyclopropylthiazol-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

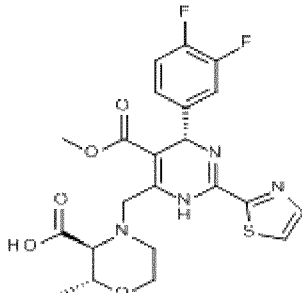
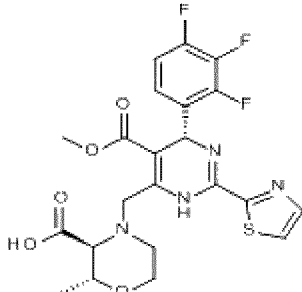
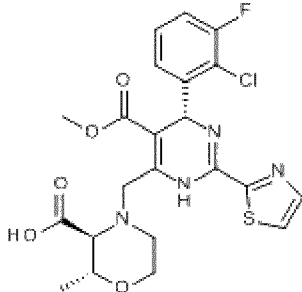
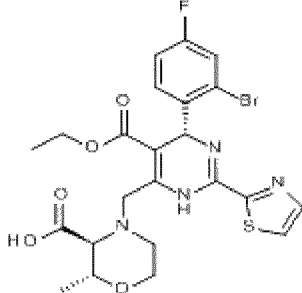
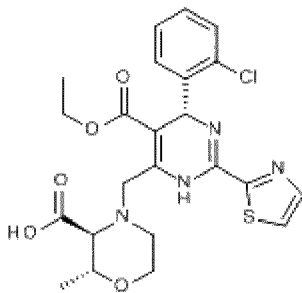
88		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>R</i>)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-[4-(difluoromethyl)thiazol-2-yl]-5-methoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
89		(R)-6-(((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-3,3-dimethylpyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
90		(3 <i>R</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>R</i>)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-2,2-dimethylthiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid
91		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>R</i>)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]thiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid
92		(S)-4-[(<i>S</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

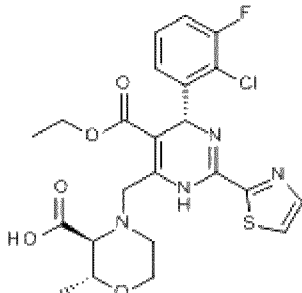
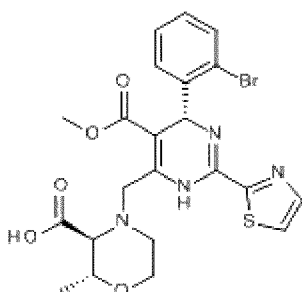
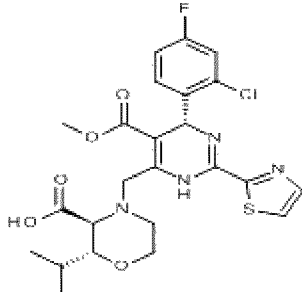
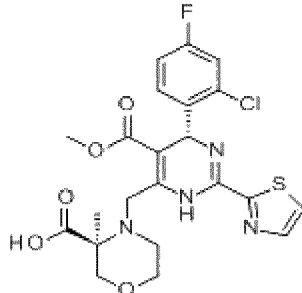
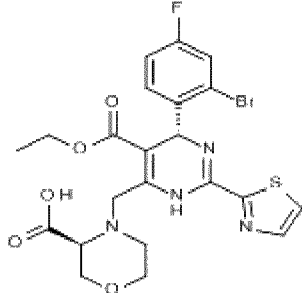
93		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
94		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
95		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
96		(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-2-methyl-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
97		(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

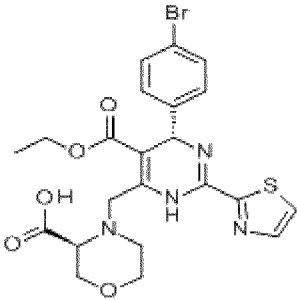
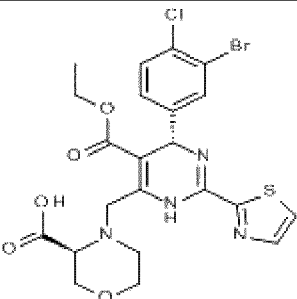
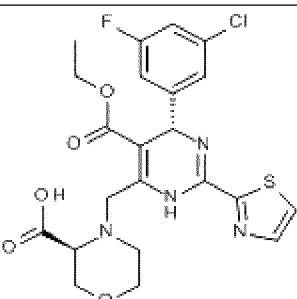
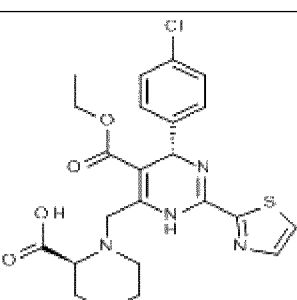
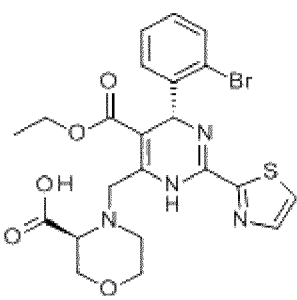
98		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
99		(<i>S</i>)-4-[6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-propoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
100		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>S</i>)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
101		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
102		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

103		(<i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
104		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
105		(<i>S</i>)-4-[5- <i>tert</i> -Butoxycarbonyl-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
106		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
107		(<i>R</i>)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

108		(<i>R</i>)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((<i>R</i>)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
109		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
110		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>R</i>)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
111		(<i>R</i>)-6-((<i>S</i>)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
112		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>S</i>)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

113		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>S</i>)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
114		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-5-Methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
115		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
116		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
117		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

118		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
119		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
120		(2 <i>R</i> ,3 <i>S</i>)-4-[(<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-isopropyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
121		(<i>S</i>)-4-(((<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)-3-methylmorpholine-3-carboxylic acid
122		(<i>S</i>)-4-(((<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

123		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>S</i>)-4-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
124		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>S</i>)-4-(3-Bromo-4-chlorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
125		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>S</i>)-4-(3-Chloro-5-fluorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
126		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>S</i>)-4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
127		(<i>S</i>)-4-(((<i>R</i>)-6-(2-Bromophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

128		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>R</i>)-4-(2-Bromo-3,4-difluorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
129		(3 <i>S</i>)-4-[[[(4 <i>R</i>)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-4-(2-iodophenyl)-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid
130		(2 <i>S</i>)-1-[[[(4 <i>S</i>)-4-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

Table 2: NMR and MS data of particular compounds

Example No.	¹ H NMR data	MW data
1	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.94-7.93 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.17 (s, 0.5H), 6.15 (s, 0.5H), 4.49-4.39 (m, 1H), 4.17-4.13 (m, 1H), 3.90-3.83 (m, 1H), 3.65-3.55 (m, 4H), 3.25-3.08 (m, 1H), 2.86-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.62-2.51 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 515, measured (MH ⁺) 515
2	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.21 (s, 2H), 7.63-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, 1H, <i>J</i> = 16 Hz), 4.13-4.08 (m, 2H), 3.70-3.67 (m, 4H), 3.33-3.28 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.82 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.56 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 515, measured (MH ⁺) 515
3	¹ H NMR (CDCl ₃ -d, 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.85 (br. s., 1H), 7.50-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.16 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 8.34, 5.96, 2.51	MS: calc'd 514 (MH ⁺), measured

	Hz, 1H), 6.93-7.02 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.69 (m, 1H), 3.91 (dd, $J = 11.80, 2.76$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 (d, $J = 14.81$ Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.46-3.59 (m, 1H), 3.06-3.29 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.86 (m, 1H), 2.49-2.64 (m, 1H)	514 (MH ⁻)
4	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.71 (d, $J = 2.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, $J = 2.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.80 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.33 (br. s., 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 4.65 (br. s., 1H), 4.37 (br. s., 1H), 4.12 (br. s., 1H), 3.74-3.90 (m, 4H), 3.31-3.50 (m, 1H), 2.92-3.09 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.86 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 545, measured (MH ⁺) 545
5	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 12.88 (br. s, 1H), 9.87 (s, 1H), 8.04 (d, 1H, $J = 4$ Hz), 7.95 (d, 1H, $J = 4$ Hz), 7.44-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 4.25 (d, 1H, $J = 20$ Hz), 4.07-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.61 (m, 4H), 3.51 (s, 3H), 3.12-3.07 (m, 1H), 2.45-2.39 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 495, measured (MH ⁺) 495
6	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 2H), 7.73-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 4.24 (d, 1H, $J = 16$ Hz), 4.12 (d, 1H, $J = 16$ Hz), 4.07-4.04 (m, 1H), 3.89-3.79 (m, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.47-3.44 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.19 (m, 1H), 2.67-2.65 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 525, measured (MH ⁺) 525
7	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, $J = 8.66, 6.15$ Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, $J = 8.78, 2.51$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (td, $J = 8.41, 2.51$ Hz, 1H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.13-4.39 (m, 2H), 3.66 (d, $J = 8.78$ Hz, 2H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 2.88 (d, $J = 10.04$ Hz, 1H), 2.23 (d, $J = 5.02$ Hz, 2H), 1.89-2.16 (m, 2H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 529, measured (MH ⁺) 529
8	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.30 (d, $J = 8.28$ Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, $J = 7.03$ Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, $J = 8.66, 5.90$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, $J = 8.66, 2.64$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 (td, $J = 8.34, 2.64$ Hz, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 4.59 (d, $J = 16.06$ Hz, 1H), 4.01 (t, $J = 8.41$ Hz, 1H), 3.94 (d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.49-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.21 (td, $J = 14.62, 11.17$ Hz, 1H), 2.76-2.93 (m, 1H), 2.43-2.61 (m, 4H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 523, measured (MH ⁺) 523

9	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.28 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.28 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.66, 5.90 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 2.51 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.28, 2.51 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 4.23-4.34 (m, 1H), 4.05-4.22 (m, 2H), 3.99 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.27 Hz, 1H), 3.85-3.93 (m, 1H), 3.74-3.83 (m, 1H), 3.64-3.73 (s, 3H), 3.11-3.27 (m, 2H), 2.64-2.76 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 503, measured (MH ⁺) 503
10	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.53-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.30-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.23 (m, 1H), 6.23-6.27 (m, 1H), 4.43-4.55 (m, 1H), 3.96-4.12 (m, 1H), 3.65 (s, 4H), 3.14-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.97 (m, 1H), 2.45-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.09-2.25 (m, 1H), 0.94-1.10 (m, 4H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 555, measured (MH ⁺) 555
11	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.67-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.22 (m, 1H), 6.22-6.28 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.52 (m, 1H), 4.08-4.18 (m, 1H), 3.99-4.07 (m, 1H), 3.65 (s, 4H), 3.16-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.77-2.95 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.64 (m, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 571, measured (MH ⁺) 571
12	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.67 (d, <i>J</i> = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.7, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.98-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.07 (s, 1H), 4.61 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.69 (m, 4H), 2.93-3.19 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.77 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.54 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 532, measured (MH ⁺) 532
13	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.39 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 14.18, 8.41, 6.02 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.66, 2.13 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.51 Hz, 1H), 6.99-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.17 (d, <i>J</i> = 1.76 Hz, 1H), 4.18-4.35 (m, 2H), 3.97-4.14 (m, 2H), 3.94 (s, 1.5H), 3.77-3.91 (m, 3.5H), 3.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.01 Hz, 3H), 3.44-3.53 (m, 0.5H), 3.39 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.65, 3.39 Hz, 0.5H), 3.21-3.30 (m, 0.5H), 3.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.30 Hz, 0.5H), 2.52-2.65 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 492, measured (MH ⁺) 492
14	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.94 (d, 1H, <i>J</i> = 4 Hz), 7.74 (d, 1H, <i>J</i> = 4 Hz), 7.46-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 4.11 (dd, 2H, <i>J</i> ₁ = 56 Hz, <i>J</i> ₂ = 16 Hz), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.21-3.01 (m, 3H), 2.79-2.43 (m, 3H),	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 529, measured (MH ⁺) 529

	2.11-1.98 (m, 1H)	
15	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.56-7.52(m, 1H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 4.47(d, 1H, <i>J</i> = 16 Hz), 4.05 (d, 1H, <i>J</i> = 16 Hz), 3.99 (t, 1H, <i>J</i> = 8 Hz), 3.64-3.58 (m, 4H), 3.27-3.15 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.68-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 513, measured (MH ⁺) 513
16	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.69 (d, <i>J</i> = 0.75 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.52-4.61 (m, 1H), 4.12-4.21 (m, 1H), 4.03-4.12 (m, 1H), 3.66 (s, 4H), 3.17-3.29 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.53 (d, <i>J</i> = 0.75 Hz, 4H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 529, measured (MH ⁺) 529
17	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.51-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.18 (m, 1H), 6.19-6.26 (m, 1H), 4.71-4.79 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.53 (m, 1H), 4.08-4.23 (m, 3H), 3.90-4.04 (m, 2H), 3.66 (s, 4H), 3.07-3.18 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 509, measured (MH ⁺) 509
18	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.10-8.19 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.60 (m, 2H), 6.22-6.26 (m, 1H), 4.53-4.60 (m, 1H), 4.09-4.23 (m, 2H), 3.68 (s, 4H), 3.27-3.38 (m, 1H), 2.80-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.66 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 533, measured (MH ⁺) 533
19	¹ H NMR (CDCl ₃ -d, 400 MHz): δ ppm 10.62 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.81 (br. s., 1H), 7.36 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 5.77 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.16, 2.38 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.09, 2.38 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 4.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.56 Hz, 1H), 3.93-4.00 (m, 1H), 3.88 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.56 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.57-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.16-3.29 (m, 1H), 2.49-2.63 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd 516 (MH ⁺), measured 516 (MH ⁺)
20	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.36-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.30-4.53 (m, 1H), 4.02-4.25 (m, 1H), 3.73-3.86 (m, 5H), 3.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.01 Hz, 3H), 2.95-3.24 (m, 1H), 2.71 (s, 1H), 2.45-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.28 (m, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 526, measured (MH ⁺) 526
21	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.02-8.07 (m, 1H), 7.91-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.54 (m, 2H), 6.16-6.23 (m, 1H), 4.81-4.85(m, 1H), 4.48-4.58 (m, 1H), 4.13-4.29 (m, 3H), 3.91-4.07	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 513, measured (MH ⁺) 513

	(m, 2H), 3.70-3.81 (m, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.12-3.25 (m, 1H)	
22	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.56 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.91 (m, 1H), 7.73 (dt, <i>J</i> = 8.5, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.25-6.35 (m, 1H), 4.52 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.54-3.73 (m, 4H), 3.13 (td, <i>J</i> = 14.7, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (t, <i>J</i> = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 2.42-2.63 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 527, measured (MH ⁺) 527
23	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.71 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.5, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.69 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 3.89-4.08 (m, 2H), 3.52-3.70 (m, 4H), 3.13-3.28 (m, 1H), 2.87 (dd, <i>J</i> = 14.4, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.43-2.64 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 548, measured (MH ⁺) 548
24	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.59 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.43 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (s, 1H), 4.44 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 3.89-4.01 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.77 (m, 3H), 3.51-3.63 (m, 1H), 3.16-3.28 (m, 1H), 2.70-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.57 (m, 4H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 523, measured (MH ⁺) 523
25	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.23 - 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.01 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 4.40 (s, 1H), 4.28 (s, 1H), 3.97-4.09 (m, 1H), 3.65-3.74 (m, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.37 (s, 2H), 2.73-2.91 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 583, measured (MH ⁺) 583
26	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 (br. s, 1H), 7.74 (br. s, 1H), 7.48 (dt, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 6.02 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dt, <i>J</i> = 8.66, 2.82 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (qd, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 2.26 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.28 Hz, 1H), 4.39-4.56 (m, 1H), 4.17 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.07 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.03 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.95 Hz, 1H), 3.52-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.08-3.29 (m, 1H), 2.71-2.89 (m, 1H), 2.48-2.68 (m, 1H), 1.15 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.15 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 529, measured (MH ⁺) 529
27	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.59 (dd, <i>J</i> = 5.90, 8.66 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, <i>J</i> = 2.51, 8.53 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dt, <i>J</i> = 2.51, 8.28 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 4.71 (d, <i>J</i>	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 528, measured (MH ⁺) 528

	= 17.32 Hz, 1H), 3.88-4.13 (m, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.45-3.63 (m, 2H), 3.08-3.26 (m, 1H), 2.90 (dd, $J = 9.66, 15.18$ Hz, 1H), 2.45-2.63 (m, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H)	
28	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.58 (dd, $J = 8.78, 6.02$ Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, $J = 8.78, 2.26$ Hz, 1H), 7.17 (td, $J = 8.34, 2.13$ Hz, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 4.50 (d, $J = 16.81$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d, $J = 16.81$ Hz, 1H), 4.04 (t, $J = 8.16$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 - 3.69 (m, 4H), 3.13 - 3.29 (m, 2H), 2.76 - 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.46 - 2.65 (m, 1H), 1.36 (d, $J = 6.78$ Hz, 6H)	MS: calc'd (MH^+) 557, measured (MH^+) 557
29	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.10 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J = 8.28$ Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, $J = 8.53$ Hz, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 4.52 (d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1H), 4.15 (d, $J = 16.06$ Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, $J = 8.16$ Hz, 1H), 3.61-3.73 (m, 4H), 3.21-3.31 (m, 1H) 2.78-2.94 (m, 1H), 2.48-2.66 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH^+) 557, measured (MH^+) 557
30	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.04 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.88-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.70 (s, 2H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 4.56 (d, $J = 17.07$ Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, $J = 16.81$ Hz, 1H), 4.04 (t, $J = 8.28$ Hz, 1H), 3.57-3.68 (m, 4H), 3.14-3.28 (m, 1H) 2.77-2.93 (m, 1H), 2.50-2.66 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH^+) 522, measured (MH^+) 522
31	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.08 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 8.53, 6.02$ Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, $J = 8.66, 2.38$ Hz, 1H), 7.15 (td, $J = 8.34, 2.38$ Hz, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 4.88 (d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, $J = 16.56$ Hz, 1H), 4.26-4.33 (m, 1H), 4.22 (d, $J = 4.02$ Hz, 2H), 4.11 (q, $J = 6.94$ Hz, 2H), 3.93-4.05 (m, 2H), 3.78 (ddd, $J = 12.42, 8.28, 3.64$ Hz, 1H), 3.27 (d, $J = 13.05$ Hz, 1H), 1.16 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH^+) 509, measured (MH^+) 509
32	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.51-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.38 (t, $J = 5.27$ Hz, 2H), 7.15-7.25 (m, 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 4.42 (d, $J = 15.81$ Hz, 1H), 4.24 (d, $J = 15.81$ Hz, 1H), 3.95-4.11 (m, 4H), 3.59-3.78 (m, 4H), 2.76-2.95 (m, 1H), 2.53 (td, $J = 17.63, 7.40$ Hz, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH^+) 512, measured (MH^+) 512

33	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.62 (dd, <i>J</i> = 5.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.29 (m, 3H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 4.49 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 2.79 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 544, measured (MH ⁺) 544
34	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.09 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.01 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.01 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.78, 6.02 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.78, 2.51 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.41, 2.51 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 4.53 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.06 Hz, 1H), 4.00 - 4.18 (m, 4H), 3.68 (q, <i>J</i> = 11.13 Hz, 1H), 3.20 - 3.30 (m, 1H), 2.77 - 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.49 - 2.65 (m, 1H), 1.17 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.15 Hz, 3 H)	MS: calc'd 529 (MH ⁺), exp 529 (MH ⁺).
35	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.44 (dd, <i>J</i> = 6.0, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 - 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.17 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 4.57 - 4.45 (m, 1H), 4.38 - 4.27 (m, 1H), 4.19 - 4.05 (m, 3H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.97 - 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.75 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.49 - 3.36 (m, 1H), 2.84 - 2.72 (m, 1H), 1.16 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H).	MS: calc'd 506 (MH ⁺), exp 506 (MH ⁺).
36	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.63 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.78, 5.77 Hz, 1 H), 7.57 (s, 1 H), 7.39 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 2.51 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (d, <i>J</i> = 1.00 Hz, 1 H), 7.20 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.41, 2.51 Hz, 1 H), 6.32 (s, 1 H), 4.63 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.32 Hz, 1 H), 4.14 (qd, <i>J</i> = 6.86, 3.01 Hz, 3 H), 4.01 - 4.07 (m, 1 H), 4.00 (s, 3 H), 3.67 (td, <i>J</i> = 11.54, 7.78 Hz, 1 H), 3.13 - 3.28 (m, 1 H), 2.88 (dd, <i>J</i> = 14.43, 9.41 Hz, 1 H), 2.45 - 2.61 (m, 1 H), 1.17 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.03 Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 526 (MH ⁺), exp 526 (MH ⁺).
37	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.09 - 8.28 (m, 1 H), 7.85 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.78 Hz, 1 H), 7.38 - 7.57 (m, 2 H), 7.27 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 2.51 Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.51 Hz, 1 H), 6.24 (s, 1 H), 4.36 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.52 Hz, 2 H), 3.99 - 4.20 (m, 4 H), 3.92 (br. s., 1 H), 3.86 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.76 Hz, 1 H), 3.63 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.39 Hz, 1 H), 3.35 (br. s., 1 H), 2.69 - 2.82 (m, 1 H), 2.63 (s, 3 H), 1.17 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.15 Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 517 (MH ⁺), exp 517 (MH ⁺).
38	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 - 8.06 (m, 1 H), 7.82 - 7.90 (m, 1 H), 7.43 - 7.57 (m, 2 H), 7.37 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 2.01 Hz, 1 H), 6.20 (s, 1 H), 4.48 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.31 Hz, 1 H), 4.18	MS: calc'd 545 (MH ⁺), exp 545 (MH ⁺).

	(d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1 H), 4.08 (q, $J = 7.11$ Hz, 2 H), 4.01 (t, $J = 8.16$ Hz, 1 H), 3.65 (s, 1 H), 3.18 - 3.29 (m, 2 H), 2.75 - 2.91 (m, 1 H), 2.50 - 2.67 (m, 1 H), 1.16 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3 H).	
39	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1 H), 7.78 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1 H), 7.49 (d, $J = 2.01$ Hz, 1 H), 7.44 (d, $J = 8.28$ Hz, 1 H), 7.32 (dd, $J = 8.28, 2.01$ Hz, 1 H), 6.18 (s, 1 H), 4.33 - 4.49 (m, 1 H), 4.17 - 4.30 (m, 1 H), 4.07 (d, $J = 7.03$ Hz, 5 H), 3.78 - 3.96 (m, 2 H), 3.61 (br. s., 1 H), 2.62 - 2.79 (m, 1 H), 1.16 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 525 (MH^+), exp 525 (MH^+).
40	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.66 (s, 1 H), 7.42 (dd, $J = 8.66, 6.15$ Hz, 1 H), 7.25 (dd, $J = 8.78, 2.51$ Hz, 1 H), 7.07 (td, $J = 8.41, 2.51$ Hz, 1 H), 6.20 (s, 1 H), 4.41 (d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1 H), 4.20 - 4.28 (m, 1 H), 4.06 (q, $J = 7.11$ Hz, 2 H), 3.97 (m, 4 H), 3.53 - 3.69 (m, 1 H), 3.16 - 3.32 (m, 1 H), 2.68 - 2.88 (m, 1 H), 2.47 - 2.65 (m, 1 H), 1.15 (t, $J = 7.03$ Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 594 (MH^+), exp 594 (MH^+).
41	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.15 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1 H), 8.10 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1 H), 7.24 - 7.46 (m, 3 H), 5.80 (s, 1 H), 4.52 (d, $J = 16.06$ Hz, 1 H), 4.13 - 4.25 (m, 3 H), 4.04 - 4.11 (m, 1 H), 3.67 (d, $J = 11.04$ Hz, 1 H), 3.22 - 3.31 (m, 1 H), 2.74 - 2.96 (m, 1 H), 2.45 - 2.69 (m, 1 H), 1.23 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 513 (MH^+), exp 513 (MH^+).
42	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.00 (d, $J = 3.26$ Hz, 1 H), 7.83 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1 H), 7.14 - 7.31 (m, 3 H), 5.71 (s, 1 H), 4.54 (d, $J = 17.07$ Hz, 1 H), 4.02 - 4.30 (m, 5 H), 3.78 - 3.98 (m, 2 H), 3.67 (t, $J = 3.89$ Hz, 1 H), 3.41 (br. s., 1 H), 2.70 - 2.86 (m, 1 H), 1.24 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 493 (MH^+), exp 493 (MH^+).
43	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.01 (d, $J = 3.26$ Hz, 1 H), 7.83 (d, $J = 3.26$ Hz, 1 H), 7.13 (dd, $J = 8.66, 6.65$ Hz, 2 H), 5.72 (s, 1 H), 4.55 (d, $J = 17.32$ Hz, 1 H), 4.01 - 4.26 (m, 5 H), 3.78 - 3.96 (m, 2 H), 3.67 (t, $J = 3.76$ Hz, 1 H), 3.35 - 3.47 (m, 1 H), 2.61 - 2.79 (m, 1 H), 1.25 (t, $J = 7.03$ Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 511 (MH^+), exp 511 (MH^+).
44	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 - 8.08 (m, 1 H), 7.76 - 7.90 (m, 1 H), 7.19 - 7.31 (m, 1 H), 7.04 - 7.16 (m, 1 H), 6.02 (br. s., 1 H), 4.35 - 4.54 (m, 1 H), 4.10 (d, $J = 4.77$ Hz, 4	MS: calc'd 511 (MH^+), exp 511 (MH^+).

	H), 3.79 - 3.97 (m, 2 H), 3.56 - 3.70 (m, 1 H), 2.61 - 2.81 (m, 1 H), 1.09 - 1.30 (m, 3 H).	
45	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.26 Hz, 1 H), 7.80 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.76 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 - 7.45 (m, 1 H), 7.14 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.90 Hz, 1 H), 6.03 (s, 1 H), 4.39 (br. s., 1 H), 4.14 - 4.27 (m, 1 H), 4.08 (br. s., 3 H), 3.87 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.80 Hz, 3 H), 3.65 (s, 3 H), 2.68 (br. s., 1 H).	MS: calc'd 557 (MH ⁺), exp 557 (MH ⁺).
46	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.01 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.26 Hz, 1 H), 7.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.01 Hz, 1 H), 7.43 - 7.57 (m, 2 H), 7.32 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.41, 2.13 Hz, 1 H), 5.71 (s, 1 H), 4.44 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.81 Hz, 1 H), 4.02 - 4.31 (m, 5 H), 3.78 - 3.98 (m, 3 H), 3.60 (br. s., 1 H), 2.68 (br. s., 1 H), 1.25 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.15 Hz, 3 H).	MS: calc'd 525 (MH ⁺), exp 525 (MH ⁺).
47	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.76 Hz, 1 H), 7.78 (br. s., 1 H), 7.24 - 7.38 (m, 2 H), 7.10 - 7.21 (m, 1 H), 6.23 (s, 1 H), 4.40 (m, 1H), 4.25 (m, 1 H), 4.07 (m, 2 H), 3.87 (m, 2 H), 3.62 (m, 4 H), 2.70 (m, 2 H).	MS: calc'd 495 (MH ⁺), exp 495 (MH ⁺).
48	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 - 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.59 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.78 (s, 1H), 4.35 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.81 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.60 - 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.16 - 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.9, 13.2 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.9, 14.9 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 502 (MH ⁺), exp 502 (MH ⁺).
49	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26 - 7.15 (m, 2H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 4.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (dq, <i>J</i> = 2.3, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 3.96 - 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.65 (br. s., 1H), 3.36 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (br. s., 1H), 1.19 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 509 (MH ⁺), exp 509 (MH ⁺).
50	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.95 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 - 7.06 (m, 3H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 4.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 4.12 - 4.03 (m, 2H), 4.00 - 3.85 (m, 2H), 3.62 (q, <i>J</i> = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 3.28 - 3.13 (m, 2H), 2.87 - 2.73 (m, 1H), 2.65 - 2.50 (m, 1H), 1.17 (t, <i>J</i> =	MS: calc'd 513 (MH ⁺), exp 513 (MH ⁺).

	7.2 Hz, 3H)	
51	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.98 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, <i>J</i> = 6.0, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 2.6, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dt, <i>J</i> = 2.8, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (s, 1H), 4.62 - 4.46 (m, 2H), 4.35 (br. s., 1H), 4.20 (br. s., 1H), 4.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 3.98 - 3.79 (m, 3H), 3.60 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.8 Hz, 1H)	MS: calc'd 563 (MH ⁺), exp 563 (MH ⁺).
52	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.01 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, <i>J</i> = 7.3, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, <i>J</i> = 2.0, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, <i>J</i> = 2.0, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (s, 1H), 4.53 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 4.27 - 4.01 (m, 5H), 3.98 - 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.67 (br. s., 1H), 3.36 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (br. s., 1H), 1.24 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 553 (MH ⁺), exp 553 (MH ⁺).
53	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.01 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dt, <i>J</i> = 6.0, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (td, <i>J</i> = 2.0, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dt, <i>J</i> = 2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 4.53 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.1 Hz, 1H), 4.34 - 4.02 (m, 5H), 3.98 - 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.66 (br. s., 1H), 3.47 - 3.36 (m, 1H), 2.77 (br. s., 1H), 1.24 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 475 (MH ⁺), exp 475 (MH ⁺).
54	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.00 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, <i>J</i> = 5.4, 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.71 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (br. s., 1H), 4.21 - 4.03 (m, 4H), 3.98 - 3.81 (m, 2H), 3.71 (br. s., 1H), 3.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 1.6, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (br. s., 1H), 1.23 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 475 (MH ⁺), exp 475 (MH ⁺).
55	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 - 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.70 - 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.23 - 3.14 (m, 1H), 2.85 - 2.73 (m, 1H), 2.65 - 2.50 (m, 1H), 1.15 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 547 (MH ⁺), exp 547 (MH ⁺).
56	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.36 - 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (s, 1H), 4.29 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.8 Hz, 1H),	MS: calc'd 510 (MH ⁺), exp 510

	4.14 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.96 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.55 - 3.46 (m, 2H), 3.01 - 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.68 - 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.50 - 2.33 (m, 1H), 1.23 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	(MH ⁺).
57	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.33 - 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.06 (d, $J = 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 4.19 - 4.09 (m, 2H), 4.08 - 4.02 (m, 1H), 4.01 - 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.87 - 3.71 (m, 2H), 3.19 (dd, $J = 3.5, 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.05 - 2.97 (m, 1H), 2.43 (ddd, $J = 3.8, 8.3, 11.7$ Hz, 1H), 1.24 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 490 (MH ⁺), exp 490 (MH ⁺).
58	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.98 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 - 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.04 - 6.87 (m, 2H), 6.02 - 5.93 (m, 1H), 4.38 - 4.19 (m, 2H), 4.17 - 4.00 (m, 4H), 3.97 - 3.78 (m, 3H), 3.58 (br. s., 1H), 2.71 (br. s., 1H), 1.19 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 493 (MH ⁺), exp 493 (MH ⁺).
59	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.95 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.47 - 7.38 (m, 1H), 6.95 (t, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 5.96 (s, 1H), 4.36 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 - 3.99 (m, 3H), 3.68 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 (q, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.03 (dt, $J = 11.0, 15.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.76 - 2.62 (m, 1H), 2.56 - 2.41 (m, 1H), 1.18 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 513 (MH ⁺), exp 513 (MH ⁺).
60	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 - 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 4.48 (d, $J = 17.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.31 - 4.19 (m, 1H), 4.16 - 4.01 (m, 4H), 3.97 - 3.82 (m, 2H), 3.67 (br. s., 1H), 3.36 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.80 - 2.63 (m, 1H), 1.16 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 527 (MH ⁺), exp 527 (MH ⁺).
61	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.44 (dd, $J = 6.0, 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.24 (dd, $J = 2.5, 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.15 (s, 1H), 4.51 - 4.35 (m, 1H), 4.27 - 4.15 (m, 1H), 4.14 - 4.02 (m, 2H), 3.96 - 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.76 - 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.78 - 2.66 (m, 1H), 2.62 (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 541, measured (MH ⁺) 541
62	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.58 - 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.30 (dd, $J = 2.6, 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.16 - 7.07 (m, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, $J = 17.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.21 - 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.64 (s, 4H), 3.23	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 561, measured (MH ⁺) 561

	(s, 1H), 2.87 (dd, $J = 8.9, 12.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 2.57 - 2.44 (m, 1H)	
63	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.05 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, $J = 3.26$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 - 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.22 - 7.29 (m, 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 4.83 (d, $J = 16.56$ Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, $J = 16.56$ Hz, 1H), 4.15 - 4.27 (m, 3H), 4.10 (q, $J = 6.94$ Hz, 2H), 3.92 - 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.72 (ddd, $J = 12.55, 8.28, 4.02$ Hz, 1H), 3.11 - 3.21 (m, 1H), 1.15 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 509, measured (MH ⁺) 509
64	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.10 - 8.15 (m, 1H), 8.03 - 8.08 (m, 1H), 7.35 - 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.24 - 7.32 (m, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 4.55 (d, $J = 16.06$ Hz, 1H), 4.04 - 4.19 (m, 4H), 3.63 - 3.73 (m, 1H), 3.23 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.79 - 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.51 - 2.65 (m, 1H), 1.15 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 529, measured (MH ⁺) 529
65	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.35 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.12 (td, $J = 8.34, 2.64$ Hz, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 4.35 - 4.50 (m, 2H), 4.02 - 4.15 (m, 2H), 3.92 - 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.83 (ddd, $J = 12.05, 6.15, 3.14$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (br. s., 1H), 3.63 - 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.44 (br. s., 1H), 2.84 (d, $J = 11.80$ Hz, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 538, measured (MH ⁺) 537&539
66	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 - 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 3.26$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 - 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.25 - 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, $J = 8.22, 1.38$ Hz, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 4.50 (d, $J = 17.32$ Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, $J = 11.54$ Hz, 1H), 4.00 - 4.16 (m, 4H), 3.81 - 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.68 (br. s., 1H), 3.39 (br. s., 1H), 2.75 (br. s., 1H), 1.14 (t, $J = 7.03$ Hz, 3 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 554, measured (MH ⁺) 553&555
67	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.95 (d, $J = 3.26$ Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 3.26$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 - 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.26 - 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, $J = 8.28, 1.51$ Hz, 1H), 6.21 - 6.27 (m, 1H), 4.46 (d, $J = 16.56$ Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1H), 4.02 - 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.97 (t, $J = 8.03$ Hz, 1H), 3.65 (q, $J = 11.29$ Hz, 1H), 3.19 - 3.30 (m, 1H), 2.75 - 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.51 - 2.66 (m, 1H), 1.13 (t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 574, measured (MH ⁺) 573&575
68	^1H NMR (MeOD- d_4 , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺)

	= 8.66, 5.90 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, $J = 8.53, 2.51$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, $J = 8.34, 2.64$ Hz, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.18 - 4.29 (m, 2H), 4.07 (dd, $J = 11.42, 3.64$ Hz, 1H), 3.85 - 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.73 - 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.63 - 3.71 (m, 4H), 3.21 (ddd, $J = 11.98, 5.84, 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 2.67 - 2.79 (m, 4 H)	493, measured (MH ⁺) 493
69	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.40 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.13 (td, $J = 8.38, 2.57$ Hz, 1H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 4.34 - 4.50 (m, 2H), 4.03 - 4.13 (m, 4H), 3.91 - 4.00 (m, 1H), 3.83 (ddd, $J = 12.11, 6.15, 3.07$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (t, $J = 4.45$ Hz, 1H), 3.40 - 3.52 (m, 1H), 2.86 (br. s., 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 1.15 (t, $J = 7.09$ Hz, 3 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 552, measured (MH ⁺) 551&553
70	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.34 - 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.82 - 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.30 - 7.01 (m, 3H), 6.08 (s, 1H), 4.29 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 - 3.97 (m, 4H), 3.90 - 3.75 (m, 3H), 3.42 - 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.02 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.57 (ddd, $J = 4.0, 8.0, 11.9$ Hz, 1H), 1.21 (t, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 493, measured (MH ⁺) 493
71	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99-8.28 (m, 1H), 7.92-8.00 (m, 1H), 7.74-7.81 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 4.53 (d, 1H), 4.31 (d, 1H), 4.04-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.82-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.67-3.74 (m, 1H), 3.71 (br. s., 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.44 (d, 1H), 2.81 (br. s., 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 521 measured (MH ⁺) 521
72	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.90-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.72-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 4.45 (d, 1H), 4.20 (d, 1H), 3.98 (m, 1H), 3.63-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 3H), 3.20-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.82 (tm, 1H), 2.49-2.65 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 541 measured (MH ⁺) 541
73	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99-8.08 (m, 1H), 7.93 (d, 1H), 7.20-7.41 (m, 2H), 6.13-6.30 (m, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 4.84 (d, 2H), 4.77 (br. s., 2H), 4.51 (d, 1H), 4.11-4.27 (m, 3H), 3.89-4.07 (m, 2H), 3.72 (m, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.10-3.23 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 513 measured (MH ⁺) 513
74	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.09-8.16 (m, 1H), 7.99-8.09 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.43 (m, 2H), 6.19-6.30 (m, 1H), 4.54 (d, 1H), 4.18 (d, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H),	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 533 measured (MH ⁺) 533

	3.22-3.31 (m, 1H), 2.88 (tm, 1H), 2.48-2.66 (m, 1H)	
75	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.04-8.12 (m, 1H), 7.95-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 4.81 (d, 1H), 4.58 (d, 1H), 4.23-4.29 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.23 (m, 2H), 3.92-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.19-3.29 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 495 measured (MH ⁺) 495
76	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.14-8.17 (m, 1H), 8.12 (d, 1H), 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.35 (m, 2H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 4.54 (d, 1H), 4.04-4.16 (m, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.58-3.67 (m, 1H), 3.19-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.80-2.94 (m, 1H), 2.50-2.65 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 515 measured (MH ⁺) 515
77	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99-8.10 (m, 1H), 7.95 (d, 1H), 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.34 (m, 2H), 5.75 (s, 1H), 4.75-4.82 (m, 1H), 4.48 (d, 1H), 4.08-4.26 (m, 3H), 3.90-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.68 (d, 1H), 3.14 (d, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 495 measured (MH ⁺) 495
78	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.10 (d, 1H), 7.93-8.02 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.41 (m, 2H), 6.17-6.29 (m, 1H), 4.60 (d, 1H), 4.37 (d, 1H), 4.13 (d, 1H), 3.89-4.02 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.41 (m, 1H), 3.15 (m, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 527 measured (MH ⁺) 527
79	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.03-8.13 (m, 1H), 7.96 (d, 1H), 7.20-7.36 (m, 2H), 6.14-6.28 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.56 (m, 2H), 4.11-4.22 (m, 1H), 3.85-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.78 (d, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.39-3.46 (m, 1H), 3.00 (d, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 527 measured (MH ⁺) 527
80	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.56-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.10 (m, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 4.31 (dd, 2H, J ₁ = 32 Hz, J ₂ = 16 Hz), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.51-2.92 (m, 5H), 2.52-2.22(m, 5H).	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 543exp (MH ⁺) 543
81	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.01Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.01 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.09 (m, 1H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 4.52 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.31 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.06 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.16 Hz, 1H), 3.61 - 3.73 (m, 4H), 3.21 - 3.31 (m, 1 H)2.78 - 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.48 - 2.66 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 539 exp (MH ⁺) 539.
82	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 10.00(br, 1H), 8.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 - 7.35 (m, 2H),	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 491, measured

	7.28 (dt, $J = 2.0, 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.09 (s, 1H), 4.32 - 3.77 (m, 6H), 3.77 - 3.45 (m, 3H), 3.14 - 2.97 (m, 1H), 2.41 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	(MH ⁺) 491
83	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.06-8.04 (m, 1H), 7.97-7.95 (m, 1H), 7.46-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 2H), 5.73 (s, 1H), 4.25-4.09 (m, 5H), 3.95-3.81 (m, 3H), 3.75-3.61 (m, 3H), 1.25 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H).	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 509, measured (MH ⁺) 509
84	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1 H) 7.72(d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.10 (m, 1H), 6.13 (s, 1H), 4.42 (d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1H), 4.15 (d, $J = 16.06$ Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, $J = 8.16$ Hz, 1H), 3.61 - 3.73 (m, 4H), 3.21 - 3.31 (m, 1 H) 2.78 - 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.48 - 2.66 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 559 exp (MH ⁺) 559
85	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.05 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1 H) 7.93(d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.36 (m, 3H),) 6.20 (s, 1H), 4.48(d, $J = 16.31$ Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, $J = 16.06$ Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, $J = 8.16$ Hz, 1H), 3.61 - 3.73 (m, 4H), 3.21 - 3.31 (m, 1 H) 2.78 - 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.48 - 2.66 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 531 exp (MH ⁺) 531
86	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.01 - 8.18 (m, 2 H), 7.51 - 7.68 (m, 1 H), 7.26 - 7.40 (m, 1 H), 7.08 - 7.19 (m, 1 H), 6.28 (s, 1 H), 5.02 - 5.15 (m, 1 H), 4.92 - 4.99 (m, 1 H), 4.25 - 4.53 (m, 2 H), 4.05 - 4.25 (m, 1 H), 3.68 (s, 3 H), 2.81 - 3.09 (m, 2 H), 2.30 - 2.47 (m, 1 H), 2.08 - 2.28 (m, 1 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 511 exp (MH ⁺) 511.
87	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.61 - 7.64 (m, 1 H), 7.53 - 7.61 (m, 1 H), 7.29 - 7.34 (m, 1 H), 7.10 - 7.19 (m, 1 H), 6.24 (s, 1 H), 4.57 - 4.70 (m, 1 H), 4.39 - 4.52 (m, 1 H), 4.04 - 4.24 (m, 3 H), 3.83 - 4.04 (m, 2 H), 3.66 (s, 3 H), 3.51 - 3.63 (m, 1 H), 3.01 - 3.15 (m, 1 H), 2.12 - 2.27 (m, 1 H), 0.90 - 1.11 (m, 4 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 535 exp (MH ⁺) 535.
88	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.17 - 8.25 (m, 1 H), 7.47 - 7.61 (m, 1 H), 7.23 - 7.33 (m, 1 H), 7.02 - 7.16 (m, 1 H), 6.73 - 6.94 (m, 1 H), 6.21 (s, 1 H), 4.54 - 4.72 (m, 1 H), 4.42 - 4.54 (m, 1 H), 4.16 (s, 3 H), 3.88 - 4.07 (m, 2 H), 3.67 - 3.81 (m, 1 H), 3.65 (d, $J = 1.51$ Hz, 3 H), 3.10 - 3.24 (m, 1 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 545 exp (MH ⁺) 545.

89	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.03 - 8.18 (m, 2 H), 7.57 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.66, 5.90 Hz, 1 H), 7.34 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.53, 2.51 Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.41, 2.51 Hz, 1 H), 6.20 - 6.31 (m, 1 H), 4.58 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.31 Hz, 1 H), 3.69 - 3.93 (m, 3 H), 3.66 (s, 3 H), 3.20 - 3.31 (m, 1 H), 1.34 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.26 Hz, 3 H), 1.22 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.26 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 543 exp (MH ⁺) 543.
90	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.09 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.01 Hz, 1 H), 8.01 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.26 Hz, 1 H), 7.54 (s, 1 H), 7.31 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.78, 2.51 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 - 7.20 (m, 1 H), 6.24 (s, 1 H), 4.17 - 4.31 (m, 2 H), 3.92 (s, 1 H), 3.70 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 11.54, 6.15, 2.89 Hz, 1 H), 3.64 (s, 3 H), 2.85 - 3.12 (m, 3 H), 1.53 - 1.69 (m, 6 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 539 exp (MH ⁺) 539.
91	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.02 - 8.09 (m, 1 H), 7.86 - 8.00 (m, 1 H), 7.46 - 7.60 (m, 1 H), 7.24 - 7.36 (m, 1 H), 6.99 - 7.19 (m, 1 H), 6.12 - 6.31 (m, 1 H), 4.80 - 4.87 (m, 1 H), 4.38 - 4.52 (m, 2 H), 3.80 - 3.99 (m, 1 H), 3.66 (s, 3 H), 3.36 - 3.51 (m, 2 H), 3.10 - 3.29 (m, 2 H), 2.76 - 2.89 (m, 1 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 511 exp (MH ⁺) 511.
92	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.16 (br. s., 1H), 7.38 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.7, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.28-4.55 (m, 2H), 4.01-4.21 (m, 2H), 3.80-3.99 (m, 4H), 3.56-3.74 (m, 3H), 3.38-3.51 (m, 1H), 2.77 (br. s., 1H), 2.19 ppm (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd 507(MH ⁺) , measured 507(MH ⁺)
93	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.40 (m, 3H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 4.46 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (br. s., 1H), 4.03-4.16 (m, 4H), 3.79-3.99 (m, 2H), 3.67 (br. s., 1H), 3.35-3.51 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.84 (m, 1H), 1.19 ppm (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 554(MH ⁺) , measured 554(MH ⁺)
94	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.00 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.42 (m, 3H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 4.53 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.05-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.99 (m, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.39-3.55 (m, 1H), 2.83 ppm (br. s., 1H)	MS: calc'd 540(MH ⁺) , measured 540(MH ⁺)
95	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.46 (s, 1H), 7.53 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.5, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (td, <i>J</i> =	MS: calc'd 563(MH ⁺) ,

	8.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 4.48 (d, $J = 16.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.11-4.30 (m, 3H), 3.90-4.05 (m, 2H), 3.73 (ddd, $J = 12.7, 8.4, 3.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.07-3.23 ppm (m, 1H)	measured 563(MH ⁺)
96	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.79 (br. s., 1H), 6.97-7.24 (m, 2H), 5.93 (s, 1H), 4.21-4.60 (m, 3H), 4.09 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 3.87 (br. s., 2H), 3.66 (br. s., 1H), 2.79 (br. s., 2H), 2.56 (d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 3H), 1.16 ppm (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 507(MH ⁺) , measured 507(MH ⁺)
97	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.09-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.06 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 4.20-4.49 (m, 2H), 3.98-4.14 (m, 3H), 3.81-3.94 (m, 5H), 3.55 (br. s., 1H), 3.17-3.29 (m, 2H), 2.69 (br. s., 1H), 1.15 ppm (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd 506(MH ⁺) , measured 506(MH ⁺)
98	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, $J = 6.1, 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, $J = 2.6, 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dt, $J = 2.6, 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 4.96 - 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.51 (br. s., 1H), 4.39 - 4.19 (m, 1H), 4.19 - 4.04 (m, 2H), 3.88 (br. s., 2H), 3.70 (br. s., 1H), 3.36 - 3.34 (m, 1H), 2.72 (br. s., 1H), 1.24 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.99 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 523, measured (MH ⁺) 523
99	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (dd, $J = 1.6, 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.54 - 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.25 (td, $J = 2.5, 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.12 - 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 4.43 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.29 (br. s., 1H), 4.16 - 3.80 (m, 6H), 3.65 (d, $J = 19.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.35 (br. s., 1H), 2.78 (br. s., 1H), 1.62 - 1.51 (m, 2H), 0.84 - 0.76 (m, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 523, measured (MH ⁺) 523
100	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.06 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 - 7.21 (m, 3H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 5.02 (quin, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.27 - 4.08 (m, 3H), 4.05 - 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.76 - 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.19 - 3.09 (m, 1H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.11 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 507, measured (MH ⁺) 507
101	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.39 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 - 7.12 (m,	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 523, measured

	1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 4.92 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, $J = 17.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.10 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.95 - 3.81 (m, 2H), 3.64 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.39 (br. s., 1H), 2.74 (br. s., 1H), 1.23 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H)	(MH ⁺) 523
102	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.45 (dd, $J = 8.8, 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, $J = 8.8, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.11 (td, $J = 8.4, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 4.51 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.84 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.09-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.68-2.90 (m, 1H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.40-2.56 (m, 1H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 513, measured (MH ⁺) 513
103	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.22-7.59 (m, 3H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.08 (dd, $J = 11.5, 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.79 (m, 1H), 3.71 (m, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.23 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.72 (s, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 493, measured (MH ⁺) 493
104	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.03 (d, $J = 3.01$ Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.92 (m, 1H), 7.51 (dd, $J = 8.78$ Hz, 6.02Hz, 1H), 7.28(dd, $J = 8.78, 2.51$ Hz, 1H), 7.11(td, $J = 8.41$ Hz, 2.76Hz, 1H) 6.19 (s, 1H), 4.42-4.20 (m, 2H), 4.00-4.13 (m, 1H), 3.71-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.51 (d, $J = 8.78$ Hz, 1H) 3.06 (td, $J = 11.73, 3.64$ Hz, 2H), 1.30-1.44 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 3 H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 509, measured (MH ⁺) 509
105	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.79(s, 1H), 7.47 (m, 1H) 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 4.37-4.58 (m, 2 Hz), 3.99-4.23 (m, 2H), 3.80-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.68 (m, 1H), 3.45(m, 1H) 2.82 (m, 1H), 1.35 (s, 9H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 537, measured (MH ⁺) 537
106	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 6.13 (s, 1H), 4.33 (m, 1H), 3.95-4.23 (m, 2H), 3.68-3.95 (m, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.29-3.36 (m, 2H), 2.87 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.45(m, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 554, measured (MH ⁺) 554
107	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.30 (m, 2H), 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.70 (m, 2H), 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.24 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.16(t, $J = 7.15$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 588, measured (MH ⁺) 588
108	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s,	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺)

	1H), 7.39-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.30 (m, 2H), 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.63 (m, 2H), 2.95(m, 2H), 2.08-2.24(m, 3H), 1.16(t, $J = 7.03\text{Hz}$, 3H)	588, measured (MH ⁺) 588
109	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.92 (s, 2H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.25-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 4.19-4.34 (m, 2H), 3.70 (m, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.36-3.48 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.00-2.23 (m, 4H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 529, measured (MH ⁺) 529
110	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.94 (s, 2H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.24-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.06-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 4.21-4.38 (m, 2H), 3.63 (m, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.38-3.46 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.00-2.33 (m, 4H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 529, measured (MH ⁺) 529
111	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.14 (d, $J = 4.0\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 8.08 (d, $J = 4.0\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.57-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 2H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 4.27-4.26 (m, 2H), 4.10 - 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.37 (m, 1H), 2.98 - 2.96 (m, 1H), 2.27-2.06 (m, 4H), 1.15 (t, $J = 8.0\text{ Hz}$, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 525 measured (MH ⁺) 525
112	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.06 (d, $J = 3.26\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.94 (d, $J = 3.26\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.11-7.36 (m, 3H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 4.42 (d, $J = 16.5\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.27 (d, $J = 16.8\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.17 (m, 3H), 4.06 (d, $J = 12.5\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 3.73-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.58 (d, $J = 9.3\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 3.01-3.20 (m, 2H), 1.36(d, $J = 6.3\text{ Hz}$, 3H), 1.22 (t, $J = 7.1\text{ Hz}$, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 506, measured (MH ⁺) 507
113	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.02 (d, $J = 3.01\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.86 (brs, 1H), 7.15-7.30 (m, 3H), 5.69 (s, 1H), 4.34 (d, $J = 15.6\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.12(brs, 1H), 4.03 (d, $J = 12.5\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.77-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.70(s, 3H), 3.43-3.60 (m, 1H), 3.22 (brs, 1H), 3.08-3.19 (m, 1H), 1.35(d, $J = 6.3\text{ Hz}$, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 492, measured (MH ⁺) 493
114	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.04 (d, $J = 3.01\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.90 (d, $J = 3.01\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.24 (d, $J = 7.78\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.06-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.01 (s, 1H), 4.37-4.42 (d, $J = 16.3\text{Hz}$, 1H), 3.89-3.90 (d, $J = 11.0\text{Hz}$, 1H), 3.87-3.89 (m, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.52-3.54 (d, $J = 9.0\text{Hz}$, 1H), 3.02-3.08 (m, 1H), 1.36 (d, $J = 6.0\text{ Hz}$, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 511, measured (MH ⁺) 511

115	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.05 (d, J = 3.26Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 3.01Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.34 (m, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 4.43-4.47 (d, J = 16.0Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.34 (d, J = 16.0Hz, 1H), 4.08 (d, J = 12.4Hz, 1H), 3.78-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.61-3.69 (m, 4H), 3.42-3.45 (d, J = 12.3Hz, 1H), 3.15-3.19 (m, 1H), 1.36 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 508, measured (MH ⁺) 509
116	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99-8.00 (d, J = 3.01Hz, 1H), 7.83-7.84 (d, J = 3.01Hz, 1H), 7.43-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.15 (m, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 4.36-4.41 (d, J = 17.3Hz, 1H), 4.04-4.13 (m, 5H), 3.84-3.89 (m, 2H), 2.97-3.15 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.36 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.15(t, J = 7.15Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 567, measured (MH ⁺) 568
117	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.06-8.07 (d, J = 3.01Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.97(d, J = 3.01Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.29 (m, 2H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 4.26-4.49 (m, 2H), 4.06 (d, J = 12.5Hz, 1H), 3.78-3.97 (m, 4H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.65 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 3.37-3.44 (m, 2H), 1.36 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.11-1.14 (t, J = 6.0Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 505, measured (MH ⁺) 505
118	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.98 (d, J = 4.0Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 4.0Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 4.36-4.34 (m, 1H), 4.08-4.03 (m, 3H), 3.90-3.83 (m, 2H), 3.30-2.78 (m, 4H), 1.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (t, J = 8.0Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 523 measured (MH ⁺) 523
119	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.0 (d, J = 4.0Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 4.0Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.33(m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 4.41-4.38 (m, 2H), 4.06-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.92-3.84 (m, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.01-2.89 (m, 1h), 1.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (t, J = 8.0Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 536 measured (MH ⁺) 536
120	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.01-8.02 (d, J = 3.01Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.52 (dd, J = 8.7Hz, 6.0Hz 1H), 7.26-7.30 (dd, J = 8.7Hz, 2.7Hz, 1H), 7.10 (m, 1H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 4.20-4.35 (m, 1H), 4.11 (d, J = 12.3Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.84 (m, 3H), 3.01 (m, 2H), 2.01-2.10 (m, 1H), 1.06-1.09 (m, 6H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 537, measured (MH ⁺) 537
121	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.06 (d, J = 3.01 Hz,	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺)

	1H), 7.85 (d, $J = 2.76$ Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, $J = 8.66, 5.90$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd, $J = 8.28, 2.51$ Hz, 1H), 7.03 (td, $J = 8.16, 2.51$ Hz, 1H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 4.46 (d, $J = 17.07$ Hz, 1H), 4.21 (d, $J = 17.32$ Hz, 1H), 3.95 - 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.80 - 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.21 - 3.30 (m, 1H), 2.98 - 3.08 (m, 1H), 1.58 (s, 3 H)	509 measured (MH ⁺) 511
122	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.89 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.42 (m, 2H), 6.97-7.09 (m, 1H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 4.36 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.97-4.18 (m, 5H), 3.92 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.78-3.86 (m, 1H), 3.70 (br. s., 1H), 3.26 (br. s., 1H), 2.76 (br. s., 1H), 1.16 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 554, measured (MH ⁺) 555
123	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.64 (br. s., 1H), 7.46 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 5.87 (s, 1H), 4.37 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.14 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 4.01 (d, $J = 18.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.84 (d, $J = 19.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.62 (br. s., 1H), 3.11 (br. s., 1H), 2.66 (br. s., 1H), 1.21 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 536, measured (MH ⁺) 537
124	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.98 (br. s., 1H), 7.62-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.45 (m, 3H), 5.88 (br. s., 1H), 4.23-4.38 (m, 1H), 4.15 (br. s., 4H), 3.87 (br. s., 2H), 3.62 (br. s., 1H), 3.11 (br. s., 1H), 2.66 (br. s., 1H), 1.20-1.26 (m, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 568, measured (MH ⁺) 567
125	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.57 (br. s., 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 6.95-7.06 (m, 2H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 4.04-4.28 (m, 5H), 3.84 (br. s., 2H), 3.60 (br. s., 1H), 3.17 (br. s., 1H), 2.56 (br. s., 1H), 1.26 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 509, measured (MH ⁺) 509
126	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.83-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.47 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 6.16 (br. s., 1H), 3.73-4.53 (m, 11H), 1.22 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 491, measured (MH ⁺) 491
127	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.84-7.91 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.54 (d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.20-6.26 (m, 1H), 4.44 (d, $J = 14.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.03-4.18 (m, 3H), 3.83-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.72-3.82 (m, 2H), 3.61 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (d, $J = 11.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.03 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.98-2.08 (m, 1H), 1.13 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 536, measured (MH ⁺) 537

128	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 10.01 (br. s., 1H), 8.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.25 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 8.8, 5.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (s, 1H), 4.17-4.26 (m, 1H), 4.05 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.79-3.86 (m, 1H), 3.68 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.8, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (br. s., 1H), 3.02-3.12 (m, 1H), 2.36-2.45 (m, 1H), 1.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 571 measured (MH ⁺) 571
129	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.83-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.53 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 6.93-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (dd, <i>J</i> = 11.4, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.02-4.11 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.75-3.84 (m, 1H), 3.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.07-3.31 (m, 2H), 2.73 (br. s., 1H), 1.13 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 583 measured (MH ⁺) 583
130	¹ H NMR (MeOD-d ₄ , 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.98 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 4.59 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.78-3.94 (m, 2H), 3.54 (q, <i>J</i> = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.10-3.24 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.89 (m, 1H), 2.55 (qd, <i>J</i> = 14.7, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	MS: calc'd (MH ⁺) 555 measured (MH ⁺) 555

More particular compounds of formula I include the following:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

5 (*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-[4-2*H*]-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

10 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-cyclopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-fluoro-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

5 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-[3,3-*2H2*]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

10 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-isopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

20 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

25 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

30 (*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(3,4,5-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

5 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

10 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-5-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethoxycarbonyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(4-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (*S*)-4-[(*S*)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

20 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

25 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

30 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(3*S*)-4-[[4(*R*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(2*S*)-1-[[*(4R)*-4-(2-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

5 (*R*)-6-[(*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

10 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2,3-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

20 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-[(*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

25 (*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

30 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

5 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

10 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-2-methyl-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

20 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

25 (*2R,3S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*2R,3S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

30 (*R*)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*R*)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((*R*)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*R*)-6-(((*S*)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-(((*S*)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

5 (2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

10 (2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-5-Methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

20 (2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-isopropyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-(((*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)-3-methylmorpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

25 (*S*)-4-(((*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(3*S*)-4-[[4*S*)-4-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

30 (*S*)-4-(((*R*)-6-(2-Bromophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(3*S*)-4-[[4*R*)-4-(2-Bromo-3,4-difluorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(3*S*)-4-[[[(4*R*)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-4-(2-iodophenyl)-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid; and

(2*S*)-1-[[[(4*S*)-4-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

5

The compounds of the present invention have good anti- HBV activity, high selectivity index, superior solubility and mouse SDPK profiles compared to the previously reported capsid assembly effectors such as Bay 41-4109. As a reference, the in-house data of the Bayer compound which is Bay 41-4109, are also shown in Table 3, 4, 5 and 6.

10 Table 3: Anti-HBV activity data of particular compounds in HepG2.2.15 cells

Example No.	EC ₅₀ (μM)	Example No.	EC ₅₀ (μM)
Bay 41-4109	0.087 (0.050) [*]		
2	0.0027	3	0.0011
4	0.0015	5	0.0031
6	0.0075	10	0.0073
12	0.0093	14	0.041
16	0.0020	17	0.0070
19	0.0057	23	0.025
24	0.026	25	0.0050
28	0.0044	29	0.028
31	0.002	32	0.013
33	0.023	34	0.010
35	0.0077	36	0.018
38	0.0033	39	0.0011
41	0.017	42	0.0100
43	0.018	44	0.0046
45	0.028	46	0.016
47	0.0044	48	0.028
49	0.0047	50	0.014
51	0.013	52	0.0030
53	0.014	54	0.014
55	0.0010	56	0.015

57	0.015	58	0.014
59	0.013	60	0.0006
61	0.018	62	0.014
63	0.0008	64	0.0030
65	0.0076	66	0.0007
68	0.014	69	0.0060
70	0.0089	71	0.0048
73	0.0012	74	0.0021
75	0.0180	77	0.0070
78	0.026	79	0.0045
80	0.027	81	0.0060
82	0.014	83	0.0015
84	0.0024	85	0.0062
87	0.022	91	0.038
92	0.014	93	0.0043
94	0.020	95	0.0025
96	0.0006	97	0.0050
98	0.017	99	0.012
100	0.035	101	0.014
102	0.0090	103	0.015
104	0.0070	106	0.0021
107	0.0015	108	0.018
109	0.0044	110	0.042
111	0.0058	112	0.0052
113	0.016	114	0.0093
115	0.0023	116	0.0018
117	0.0015	118	0.0005
119	0.0030	120	0.0048
121	0.020	122	0.0013
123	0.0028	124	0.029
125	0.030	127	0.0067
128	0.0006	129	0.0076

130	0.0060		
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* Literature data, see: Deres K. *et al. Science* **2003**, 893-896

Compound with favorable pharmacokinetics is more likely to be efficacious and safe. It is very important for a drug to have a moderate or low clearance and a reasonable half-life, as this often leads to a good oral bioavailability and high systemic exposure. Reducing the clearance of a compound or drug could reduce the daily dose required for efficacy and therefore give a better efficacy and safety profile. It is also very important for HBV infection treatment compound to show good liver exposure since this is the targeted organ. As shown in Table 4, compounds of the present invention exhibit good mouse SDPK profiles: low to moderate clearance, good exposure at low dose in both plasma and liver, and good bioavailability. As shown in Table 5, compounds of the present invention also exhibit low clearance in *in vitro* human hepatic microsome stability assay.

The single dose PK parameters of Bay 41-4109, Example 2, Example 5 and Example 16 in mouse plasma and liver are shown in Table 4.

Table 4: Pharmacokinetics of particular compounds in male ICR mice

Example		Bay 41-4109	Example 2	Example 5	Example 16
Dose (mg/kg)		5 (IV) 30 (PO)	1 (IV) 3 (PO)	1 (IV) 3 (PO)	1 (IV) 3 (PO)
Plasma	Cl (IV) (mL/min/kg)	60 (67 ¹)	17	19	57
	AUC _(0-∞) (IV, µg/L*hr)	1380	995	878	290
	Normalized AUC _(0-∞) (IV, µg/L*hr)	276	995	878	290
	AUC _(0-∞) (PO, µg/L*hr)	1740	2790	962	598
	Normalized AUC _(0-∞) (PO, µg/L*hr)	58	930	321	199
	F (%)	21 (31 ¹)	94	37	69
Liver	AUC _(0-∞)	ND ²	18000	11800	35200

	(PO, $\mu\text{g/L}\cdot\text{hr}$)				
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¹ Literature data, please see Deres K. *et al. Science* **2003**, 893-896

² Not detectable in liver.

Cl: clearance;

AUC_(0-∞): area under the curve from the time of dosing to infinity

5 Normalized AUC_(0-∞) = AUC_(0-∞)/Dose

F: bioavailability.

Table 5 Metabolic stability in human microsome

Example number	Human Hepatic Clearance (mL/min/kg)	Example number	Human Hepatic Clearance (mL/min/kg)	Example number	Human Hepatic Clearance (mL/min/kg)
1	7.51	2	3.65	3	9.21
4	5.11	5	2.7	6	6.28
7	6.12	8	6.33	9	10.07
10	8.76	12	5.55	13	2.33
14	1.41	15	3.53	16	6.35
17	0.74	18	3.38	19	3.65
20	10.74	21	3.08	22	4.82
23	8.8	24	3.19	25	9.34
26	10.02	27	8.79	29	7.65
30	6.56	31	4.68	32	5.04
33	4.15	34	7.46	35	8.86
36	6.22	37	7	38	9.3
39	7.18	40	8.45	41	6.83
42	5.56	43	1.2	44	4.46
45	4.69	46	0	47	1.46
48	3.12	49	0	50	0
51	0	52	4.03	53	0
54	0	56	2.44	57	0
58	1.26	59	3.5	60	4.8
62	9.06	63	1.71	64	0
65	1.67	66	1.64	67	6.42
68	0.23	69	0	70	2.22
71	2.81	72	5.16	73	0
74	0.51	75	0	76	1.72
77	1.43	78	3.22	79	2.18
80	4.27	81	5.33	82	0
83	1.77	84	9.3	85	6.91
86	6.8	87	6.86	88	6.46
89	6.13	90	5.52	91	1.62
92	1.26	93	1.24	94	0.61

95	3.04	96	4.8	97	1.63
98	0	99	2.13	100	0.1
101	4.18	102	0.97	103	2.81
104	5.42	105	8.13	106	6.32
107	1.89	108	4.88	109	1.25
110	2.41	111	5.31	112	1.95
113	0	114	0	115	1.55
116	0	117	0	118	0.1
119	0.85	120	2.58	121	1.42
122	1.58	123	3.14	124	2.17
125	1.32	126	0	127	2.44
128	0.26	129	4.25	130	3.92

The aqueous solubility is an important physico-chemical property that plays a significant role in various physical and biological processes. It is desirable to have good solubility which enables good permeability and gastric and intestinal absorption, linear dose proportionality, less PK variability, and easy formulation for PD/PK studies. At different stages of the drug discovery/development process solubility has to be determined and especially in the early phases (lead generation to lead optimization) high throughput methods are needed. Lyophilisation solubility assay (Lysa) is a well adopted high throughput assay to measure compound solubility in industry.

Results of Lysa are given in Table 6.

Table 6: Solubility data of particular compounds

Example No.	Lysa (µg/mL)	Example No.	Lysa (µg/mL)	Example No.	Lysa (µg/mL)
Bay 41-4109	38.0				
2	>698	3	>644	4	>700
5	>660	6	>100	7	398
8	>620	9	>645	10	246
12	488	13	594	14	>644
15	>627	16	>622	17	>673
18	>659	19	>654	20	683
21	828	22	630	23	172
24	656	25	546	26	668
28	247	29	420	30	667
31	630	32	632	34	531
35	>599	36	>637	37	>593

38	291	39	>654	40	409
41	>630	42	>613.0	43	>606
44	>626	45	>695	46	>655
47	>660	48	>635	49	>679
50	>580	51	>695	52	>665
53	>621	54	>606	55	>670
56	>645	57	>613	58	>638
59	>630	60	>703	61	495
63	>679	64	>620	65	>678
66	>669	67	590	68	>627
69	>658	70	>611	71	>642
72	>670	73	>656	74	>655
75	>632	76	>630	77	>631
78	>653	79	>660	80	518
81	>691	82	>618	83	>652
84	>668	85	>599	86	>596
87	>600	88	>665	89	>525
90	>610	91	584	92	>602
93	>690	94	>677	95	>705
96	>628	97	>640	98	>650
99	>677	100	>656	101	>571
102	>635	103	>643	104	>667
106	>730	107	510	108	410
109	>657	110	>661	111	>620
113	>615	114	>617	115	>642
116	>735	117	>628	118	>630
121	600	122	>722	123	>666
124	>655	125	>636	127	>672
128	>710	130	>625		

Based on FDA guidance, in order to support clinical testing in humans, the assessment of acceptable risk-benefit has to be achieved by providing clear evidence of in vitro antiviral activity (EC₅₀) and cytotoxicity (CC₅₀). It is important to establish that an investigational product

has antiviral activity at concentrations that can be achieved in vivo without inducing toxic effects to cells. Furthermore, in a cell culture model, apparent antiviral activity of an investigational product can be the result of host cell death after exposure to the product. The relative effectiveness of the compound in inhibiting viral replication compared to inducing cell death is defined as the selectivity index (CC_{50} value/ EC_{50} value). It is desirable to have a high selectivity index giving maximum antiviral activity with minimal cell toxicity.

Results of CC_{50} and the corresponding selectivity index are given in Table 7.

Table 7: CC_{50} and selectivity index of particular compounds

Example No.	CC_{50} (μ M)	Selectivity index (CC_{50}/EC_{50})	Example No.	CC_{50} (μ M)	Selectivity index (CC_{50}/EC_{50})
Bay 41-4109	13	149			
2	85	31481	3	97	88182
5	>100	>32258	6	27	3600
10	39	5342	12	>100	>10753
16	30	15000	17	>100	>14286
19	89	15614	25	>100	>20000
28	31	7045	31	>100	>50000
32	40	3125	34	>100	>10000
35	>100	12987	36	23	1251
38	21	6315	39	44	40227
41	40	2372	42	>100	>10000
43	>100	>5556	44	49	10748
46	36	2212	47	>100	>2273
49	42	8936	50	26	1905
51	27	2117	52	14	4693
53	69	4769	54	62	4293
57	35	2384	58	>100	>7353
59	52	3935	60	29	47783
61	56	3133	63	>100	>125000
64	47	15667	65	>100	>13157
66	95	135714	68	>100	>7407
69	57	9500	70	>100	>11236

71	>100	>20833	73	>100	>83333
74	72	34286	75	>100	5556
77	>100	14286	79	76	16889
81	>100	>16667	82	>100	>7194
83	25	16440	84	>100	>41667
85	66	10694	87	100	>4545
93	30	6977	94	92	4600
95	>100	40000	96	97	161667
97	44	8800	98	72	4224
101	91	6741	102	23	2599
103	>100	>6803	104	>100	>14286
106	>100	>47619	107	24	16000
108	33	1784	109	55	12500
111	>100	17241	112	73	14123
113	>100	>6061	114	>100	>10753
115	>100	>43478	116	77	42739
117	>100	66667	118	>100	>200000
119	>100	>33333	120	81	16875
121	>100	>5000	122	73	55769
123	56	19900	127	>100	>14925
128	51	85000	129	>100	>13158
130	17	2833			

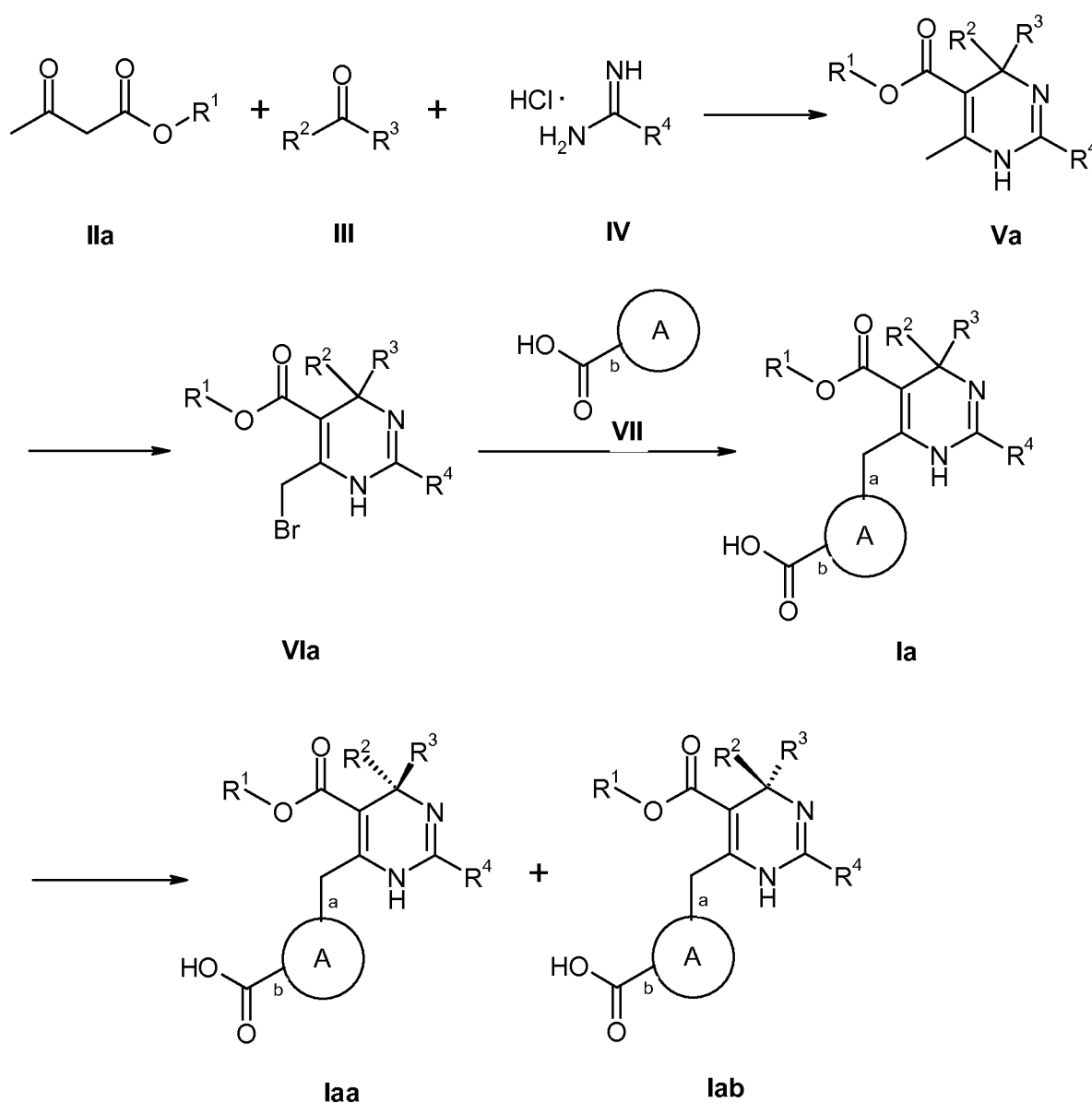
SYNTHESIS

The compounds of the present invention can be prepared by any conventional means. Suitable processes for synthesizing these compounds as well as their starting materials are provided in the schemes below and in the examples. All substituents, in particular, R¹ to R⁴, and A are as defined above unless otherwise indicated. Furthermore, and unless explicitly otherwise stated, all reactions, reaction conditions, abbreviations and symbols have the meanings well known to a person of ordinary skill in organic chemistry.

10 A. General synthetic route for Compound **Ia**, **Iaa**, and **Iab** (Scheme 1)

Scheme 1

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Compounds of interest **Ia**, **laa** and **lab** can be prepared according to Scheme 1. Starting with acetyl acetate **IIa**, aldehyde **III** and amidine **IV**, dihydropyrimidine **Va** can be synthesized through a one-pot condensation reaction. Bromination of Compound **Va** provides bromide **VIa**.

- 5 Coupling bromide **VIa** with cyclic amino acid **VII** generates compound of interest **Ia**. Further chiral separation of **Ia** affords two enantiomerically pure compounds of interest **laa** and **lab**.

Dihydropyrimidine **Va** can be prepared from condensation and cyclization sequence of acetyl acetate **II**, aldehyde **III** and amidine **IV**. The reaction can be carried out in a suitable alcoholic solvent such as trifluoroethanol in the presence of a base like potassium acetate under a heating condition over several hours.

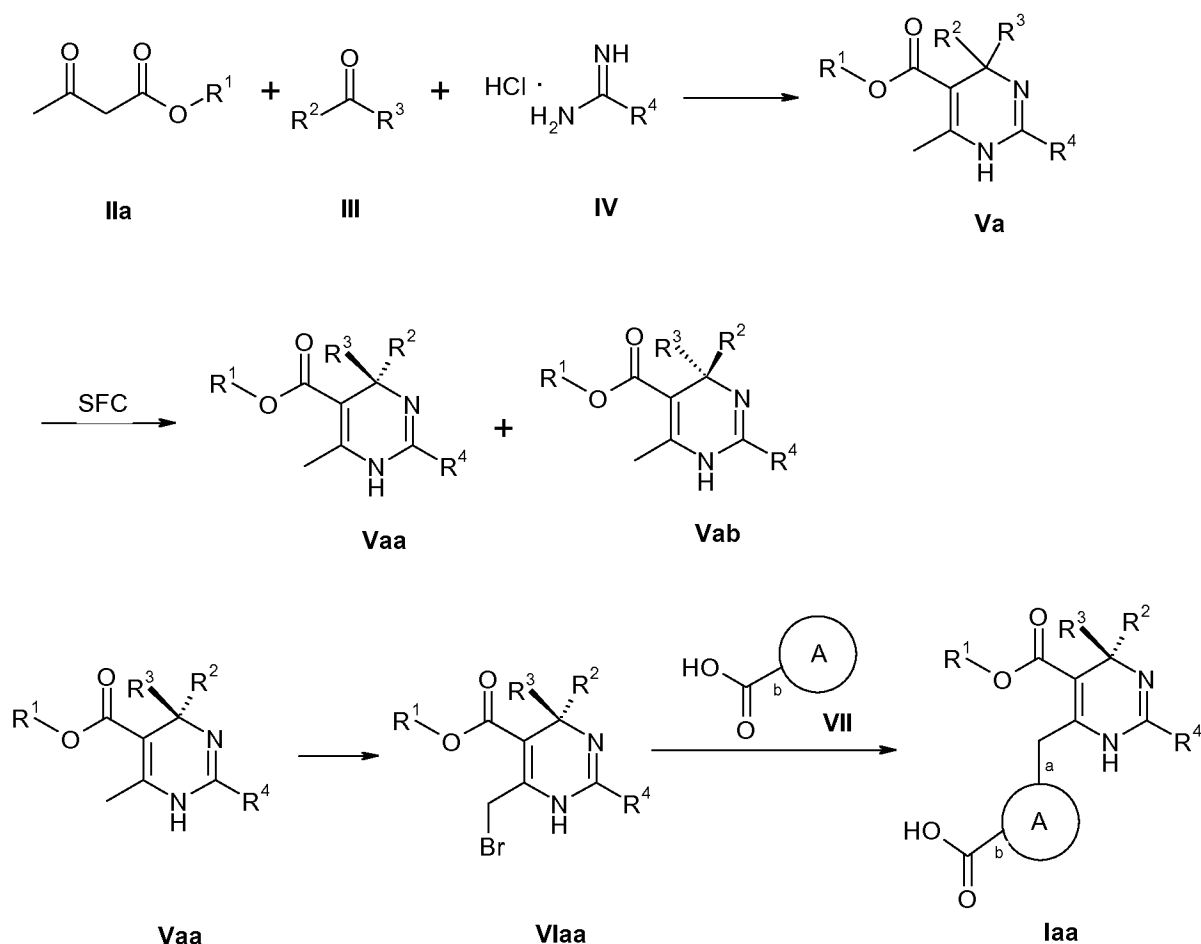
Bromide **VIa** can be prepared by reaction of **Va** with a bromination reagent, such as *N*-bromosuccinimide, in a suitable inert solvent such as carbon tetrachloride at 80-100 degrees Celsius for about 1 hour.

Compound of interest **Ia** can be obtained by coupling bromide **VIa** with cyclic amino acid **VII**. The reaction is typically performed in a suitable solvent like 1,2-dichloroethane at room temperature over several hours in the presence of an organic base such as *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine.

Compounds of further interest **Iaa** and **Iab** are obtained by preparative HPLC separation of diastereomeric mixture **Ia**. The stereochemistry of **Iaa** is determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and SFC retention time with the same compound made by synthetic route B.

B. An alternative general synthetic route for Compound **Iaa** (Scheme 2)

Scheme 2



R^3 is hydrogen or deuterium.

Alternatively, compound of interest **Iaa** can be prepared according to Scheme 2. A one-pot reaction between acetyl acetate **II**, aldehyde **III** and amidine **IV** gives dihydropyrimidine **Va**. (-)-

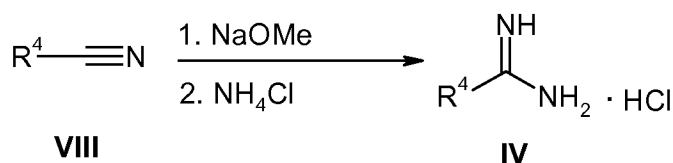
Enantiomer **Vaa** is then obtained by SFC chiral separation of **Va** and its stereochemistry is determined by comparing its SFC retention time with one of its particular Compound **E** which stereochemistry is determined by X-ray diffraction study (Figure 1).

Bromination of **Vaa** then affords **VIaa**. Coupling **VIaa** with a suitable cyclic amino acid **VII** gives the compound of interest **Iaa**.

The synthetic procedure from **Vaa** to **Iaa** is identical to what is described in Scheme 1 except that chiral intermediate **Vaa** is used instead of racemic **Va**.

C. General synthetic route for Compound **IV** (Scheme 3)

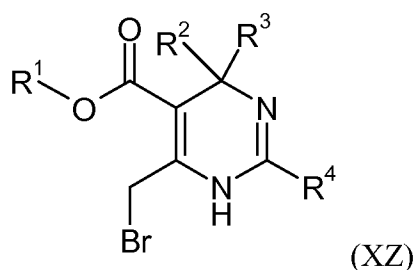
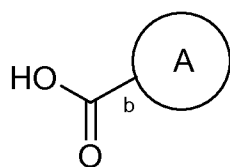
Scheme 3



Any commercial unavailable amidine building block **IV** can be prepared from the corresponding nitrile **VIII** by first reacting with sodium methoxide followed by treatment with ammonium chloride as described in Scheme 3.

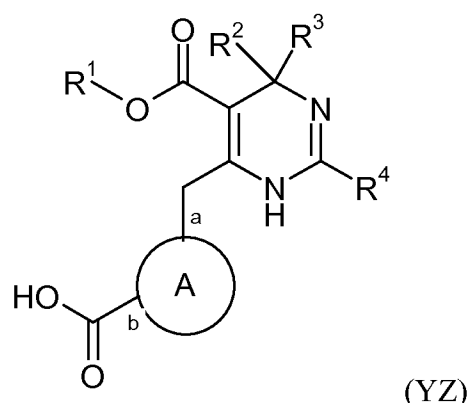
This invention also relates to a process for the preparation of a compound of formula I comprising the reaction of

(a) a compound of formula (XZ)



with in the presence of a base;

(b) a compound of formula (YZ)



under chiral separation condition;

wherein R^1 to R^4 and A are defined above unless otherwise indicated.

5 In step (a), the base can be for example *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine.

A compound of formula I when manufactured according to the above process is also an object of the invention.

10 PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

The invention also relates to a compound of formula I for use as therapeutically active substance.

Another embodiment provides pharmaceutical compositions or medicaments containing
 15 the compounds of the invention and a therapeutically inert carrier, diluent or excipient, as well as methods of using the compounds of the invention to prepare such compositions and medicaments. In one example, compounds of formula I may be formulated by mixing at ambient temperature at the appropriate pH, and at the desired degree of purity, with physiologically acceptable carriers, i.e., carriers that are non-toxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed into a
 20 galenical administration form. The pH of the formulation depends mainly on the particular use and the concentration of compound, but preferably ranges anywhere from about 3 to about 8. In one example, a compound of formula I is formulated in an acetate buffer, at pH 5. In another embodiment, the compounds of formula I are sterile. The compound may be stored, for example, as a solid or amorphous composition, as a lyophilized formulation or as an aqueous solution.

25

Compositions are formulated, dosed, and administered in a fashion consistent with good medical practice. Factors for consideration in this context include the particular disorder being

treated, the particular human being treated, the clinical condition of the individual patient, the cause of the disorder, the site of delivery of the agent, the method of administration, the scheduling of administration, and other factors known to medical practitioners. The “effective amount” of the compound to be administered will be governed by such considerations, and is the minimum amount necessary to the suppression of serum HBV DNA levels, or HBeAg seroconversion to HBeAb, or HBsAg loss, or normalization of alanine aminotransferase levels and improvement in liver histology. For example, such amount may be below the amount that is toxic to normal cells, or the human as a whole.

In one example, the pharmaceutically effective amount of the compound of the invention administered parenterally per dose will be in the range of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg, alternatively about 0.1 to 20 mg/kg of patient body weight per day, with the typical initial range of compound used being 0.3 to 15 mg/kg/day. In another embodiment, oral unit dosage forms, such as tablets and capsules, contain from about 0.1 to about 1000 mg of the compound of the invention.

The compounds of the invention may be administered by any suitable means, including oral, topical (including buccal and sublingual), rectal, vaginal, transdermal, parenteral, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, intrapulmonary, intradermal, intrathecal and epidural and intranasal, and, if desired for local treatment, intralesional administration. Parenteral infusions include intramuscular, intravenous, intraarterial, intraperitoneal, or subcutaneous administration.

The compounds of the present invention may be administered in any convenient administrative form, e.g., tablets, powders, capsules, solutions, dispersions, suspensions, syrups, sprays, suppositories, gels, emulsions, patches, etc. Such compositions may contain components conventional in pharmaceutical preparations, e.g., diluents, carriers, pH modifiers, sweeteners, bulking agents, and further active agents.

A typical formulation is prepared by mixing a compound of the present invention and a carrier or excipient. Suitable carriers and excipients are well known to those skilled in the art and are described in detail in, e.g., Ansel, Howard C., et al., Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. Philadelphia: Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins, 2004; Gennaro, Alfonso R., et al. Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy. Philadelphia: Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins, 2000; and Rowe, Raymond C. Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients.

Chicago, Pharmaceutical Press, 2005. The formulations may also include one or more buffers, stabilizing agents, surfactants, wetting agents, lubricating agents, emulsifiers, suspending agents, preservatives, antioxidants, opaquing agents, glidants, processing aids, colorants, sweeteners, perfuming agents, flavoring agents, diluents and other known additives to provide an elegant presentation of the drug (i.e., a compound of the present invention or pharmaceutical composition thereof) or aid in the manufacturing of the pharmaceutical product (i.e., medicament).

An example of a suitable oral dosage form is a tablet containing about 0.1 mg to 1000 mg of the compound of the invention compounded with about 90 mg to 30 mg anhydrous lactose, about 5 mg to 40 mg sodium croscarmellose, about 5 mg to 30 mg polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP) K30, and about 1 mg to 10 mg magnesium stearate. The powdered ingredients are first mixed together and then mixed with a solution of the PVP. The resulting composition can be dried, granulated, mixed with the magnesium stearate and compressed to tablet form using conventional equipment. An example of an aerosol formulation can be prepared by dissolving the compound, for example 5 mg to 400 mg, of the invention in a suitable buffer solution, e.g. a phosphate buffer, adding a tonicifier, e.g. a salt such sodium chloride, if desired. The solution may be filtered, e.g., using a 0.2 micron filter, to remove impurities and contaminants.

An embodiment, therefore, includes a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula I, or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. In a further embodiment includes a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula I, or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

INDICATIONS AND METHODS OF TREATMENT

The compounds of the invention can inhibit HBV's de novo DNA synthesis and reduce HBV DNA levels. Accordingly, the compounds of the invention are useful for the treatment or prophylaxis of HBV infection.

The compounds of inventions are useful as inhibitors of HBV.

The invention relates to the use of a compound of formula I for the treatment or prophylaxis of HBV infection.

The use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of medicaments useful in the treatment or prophylaxis diseases that are related to HBV infection is an object of the invention.

The invention relates in particular to the use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of HBV infection.

- 5 Another embodiment includes a method of treating or prophylaxising HBV infection in a human in need of such treatment, wherein the method comprises administering to said human a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I, a stereoisomer, tautomer, prodrug or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

10 COMBINATION THERAPY

The compounds of the invention can be used together with interferon, pegylated interferons, Lamivudine, Adefovir dipivoxil, Entecavir, Telbivudine, and Tenofovir disoproxil for the treatment or prophylaxis of HBV.

15 EXAMPLES

The invention will be more fully understood by reference to the following examples. They should not, however, be construed as limiting the scope of the invention.

Abbreviations used herein are as follows:

- 20 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: optical rotation at 20 degrees Celsius
calc'd: calculated
CC₅₀: concentration results in the death of 50 percent of the cells
CCK-8: cell counting kit-8
CCl₄: carbon tetrachloride
25 CDCl₃-d: deuterated chloroform
CLh: hepatic clearance
CMV: cytomegalovirus
CuOAc: copper acetate
d: day
30 DIG: digoxigenin
DIPEA: *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine
DCM: dichloromethylene
DMAc: dimethylacetamide

	D ₂ O:	deuterium water
	FDA:	Food and Drug Administration
	PE:	petroleum ether
	DMSO:	dimethylsulfoxide
5	DMSO-d ₆ :	deuterated dimethylsulfoxide
	DNA:	deoxyribonucleic acid
	EDTA:	ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
	EtOH:	ethanol
	EtOAc or EA:	ethyl acetate
10	g:	gram
	EC ₅₀ :	concentration required for 50% induction of acetylated tubulin
	h or hr:	hour
	hrs:	hours
	HAP:	heteroaryldihydropyrimidine
15	HBeAb:	hepatitis B e antibody
	HBeAg:	hepatitis B e antigen
	HBsAg:	hepatitis B surface antigen
	HCl:	hydrogen chloride
	HPLC:	high performance liquid chromatography
20	HPLC-UV:	high performance liquid chromatography with ultraviolet detector
	Hz:	hertz
	IPA:	isopropanol
	KCN:	potassium cyanide
	MeOD-d ₄ :	deuterated methanol
25	MeOH:	methanol
	mg:	milligram
	MHz:	megahertz
	min:	minute
	mins:	minutes
30	mL:	milliliter
	mm:	millimeter
	mM:	milliliter
	mmol:	millimole

	MS:	mass spectrometry
	MW:	molecular weight
	NaCl:	sodium chloride
	Na ₂ SO ₄ :	sodium sulfate
5	NaOH:	sodium hydroxide
	NBS:	<i>N</i> -bromosuccinimide
	NMR:	nuclear magnetic resonance
	PBS:	phosphate buffered saline
	PD:	pharmacodynamic
10	PK:	pharmacokinetic
	prep-HPLC:	preparative high performance liquid chromatography
	Prep-TLC:	preparative thin layer chromatography
	rpm:	round per minute
	rt:	room temperature
15	sat.	saturated
	SDPK:	single dose pharmacokinetics
	SFC:	supercritical fluid chromatography
	SSC:	saline-sodium citrate buffer
	TEA:	triethylamine
20	Tet:	tetracycline
	TFA:	trifluoroacetic acid
	THF:	tetrahydrofuran
	Tris:	tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane
	μg:	microgram
25	μL:	microliter
	μM:	micromole
	UV:	ultraviolet detector
	ETV:	entecavir
	mpk:	mg/kg
30	OD:	optical density
	pgRNA:	pre-genom RNA
	qPCR:	quantitative polymerase chain reaction

General Experimental Conditions

Intermediates and final compounds were purified by flash chromatography using one of the following instruments: i) Biotage SP1 system and the Quad 12/25 Cartridge module. ii) ISCO combi-flash chromatography instrument. Silica gel brand and pore size: i) KP-SIL 60 Å, particle size: 40-60 µm; ii) CAS registry NO: Silica Gel: 63231-67-4, particle size: 47-60 micron silica gel; iii) ZCX from Qingdao Haiyang Chemical Co., Ltd, pore: 200-300 or 300-400.

Intermediates and final compounds were purified by preparative HPLC on reversed phase column using XBridge™ Prep-C18 (5 µm, OBDTM 30 × 100 mm) column or SunFire™ Prep-C18 (5 µm, OBDTM 30 × 100 mm) column. Waters AutoP purification System (Column: XBridge™ Prep-C18, 30 × 100 mm, Sample Manager 2767, Pump 2525, Detector: Micromass ZQ and UV 2487, solvent system: acetonitrile and 0.1% ammonium hydroxide in water). For SFC chiral separation, intermediates were separated by chiral column (Daicel chiralpak IC, 5 µm, 30 × 250 mm) column using Mettler Toledo SFC-Multigram III system, solvent system: 95% CO₂ and 5% IPA (0.5% TEA in IPA), back pressure 100bar, detection UV@ 254nm.

LC/MS spectra of compounds were obtained using a LC/MS (Waters™ Alliance 2795-Micromass ZQ), LC/MS conditions were as follows (running time 6 min):

Acidic condition: A: 0.1% formic acid in H₂O; B: 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile;

Basic condition: A: 0.01% NH₃·H₂O in H₂O; B: acetonitrile;

Neutral condition: A: H₂O; B: acetonitrile.

Mass spectra (MS): generally only ions which indicate the parent mass are reported, and unless otherwise stated the mass ion quoted is the positive mass ion (MH)⁺.

NMR Spectra were obtained using Bruker Avance 400 MHz.

The microwave assisted reactions were carried out in a Biotage Initiator Sixty microwave synthesizer.

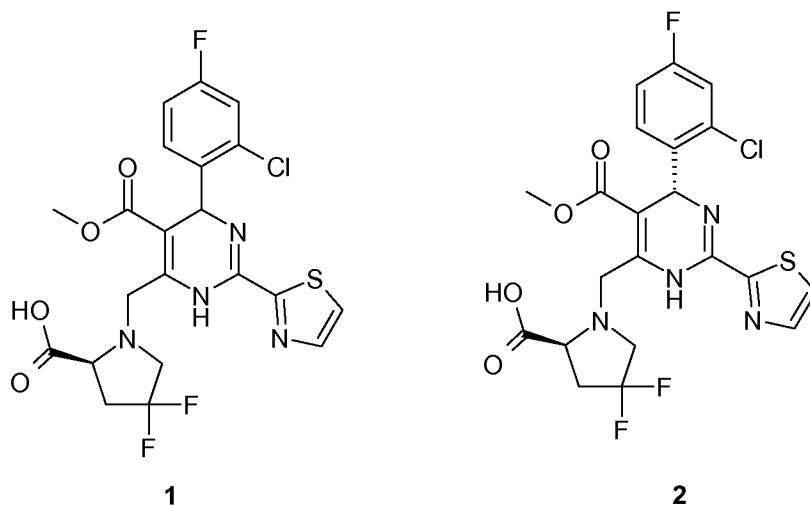
All reactions involving air-sensitive reagents were performed under an argon atmosphere. Reagents were used as received from commercial suppliers without further purification unless otherwise noted.

The following examples were prepared by the general methods outlined in the schemes above. They are intended to illustrate the meaning of the present invention but should by no means represent a limitation within the meaning of the present invention:

PREPARATIVE EXAMPLES

Example 1 and 2:

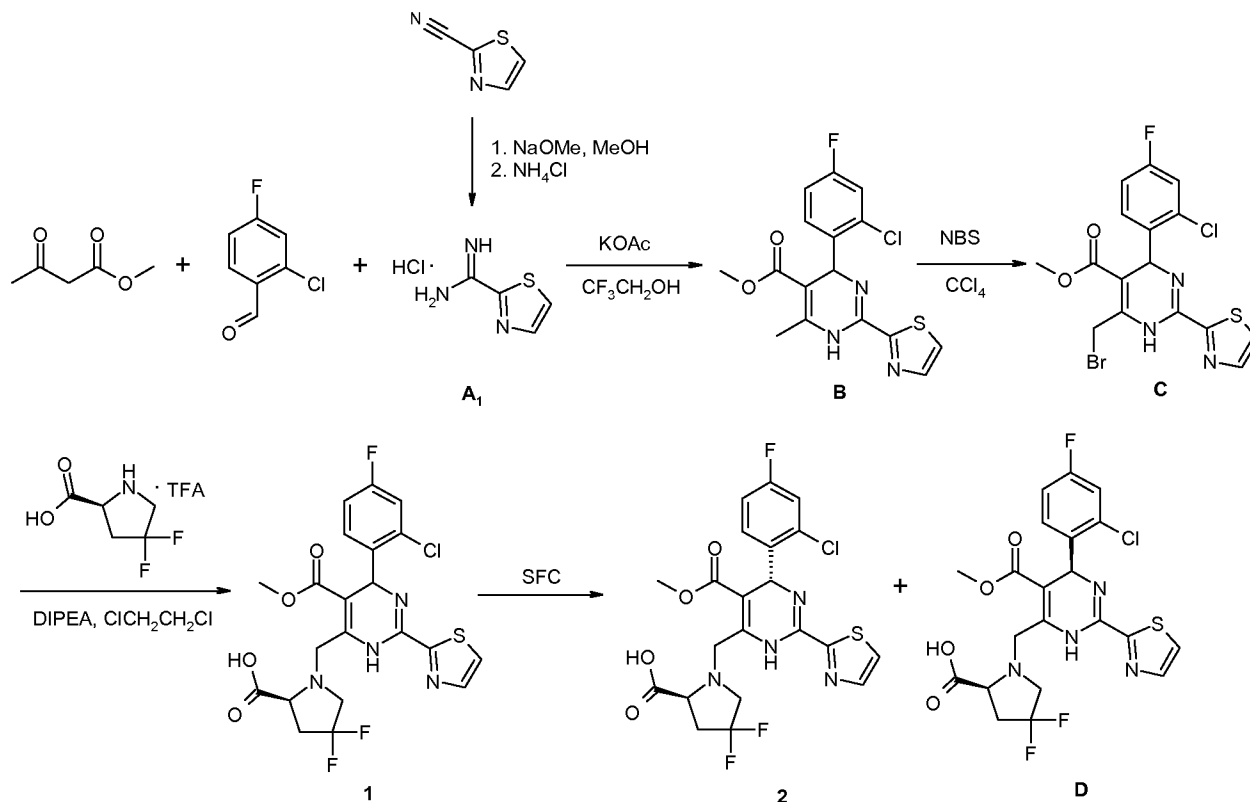
6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example 1) and (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example 2)



5

Procedure A:

The title compounds were prepared according to the general synthetic routes shown in Scheme 1 and Scheme 3. A detailed synthetic route is provided in Scheme 4.



10

Scheme 4

Preparation of Compound A₁:

To a stirred solution of thiazole-2-carbonitrile (1.5 g, 14 mmol) in 5 mL of dry MeOH was added dropwise a solution of sodium methoxide (0.74 g, 14 mmol) in 10 mL of dry methanol. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until the disappearance of starting material which was checked by LC/MS. After that, ammonium chloride (1.5 g, 28 mmol) was added in one portion and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The undissolved material was removed by filtration and the filtrate was concentrated to afford thiazole-2-carboxamidine hydrochloride (Compound A₁) as a grey solid which was used directly in the next step without further purification. MS: calc'd 128 (MH⁺), measured 128 (MH⁺).

Preparation of Compound B:

To a stirred solution of thiazole-2-carboxamidine hydrochloride (0.13 g, 1.0 mmol), methyl acetoacetate (0.12 g, 1.0 mmol) and 2-chloro-5-fluorobenzaldehyde (0.16 g, 1.0 mmol) in CF₃CH₂OH (8 mL) was added potassium acetate (0.20 g, 2.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was either refluxed for 16 hrs or heated at 150 °C in microwave oven for 2 hours. After it was cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether is from 1/4 to 1/2) to afford 4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-methyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound B) as a yellow solid. MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 366, measured (MH⁺) 366. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): δ ppm 9.98 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (td, *J* = 8.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (s, 1H), 3.53 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H).

Preparation of Compound C:

To a stirred solution of 4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-methyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (0.37 g, 1.0 mmol) in CCl₄ (5 mL) was added NBS (0.20 g, 1.1 mmol) in portions. After the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by column chromatography to give 6-bromomethyl-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound C) as a yellow solid. MS: calc'd 429 (MH⁺), measured 429 (MH⁺).

Preparation of Example 1:

To a stirred solution of 6-bromomethyl-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (0.049 g, 0.11 mmol) and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-

pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (0.044 g, 0.17 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (5 mL) was added dropwise DIPEA (0.078 mL, 0.45 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until the disappearance of starting material which was checked by LC/MS. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and washed successively with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and brine. The organic layer was separated and dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by prep-HPLC to give 6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example 1).

Preparation of Example 2:

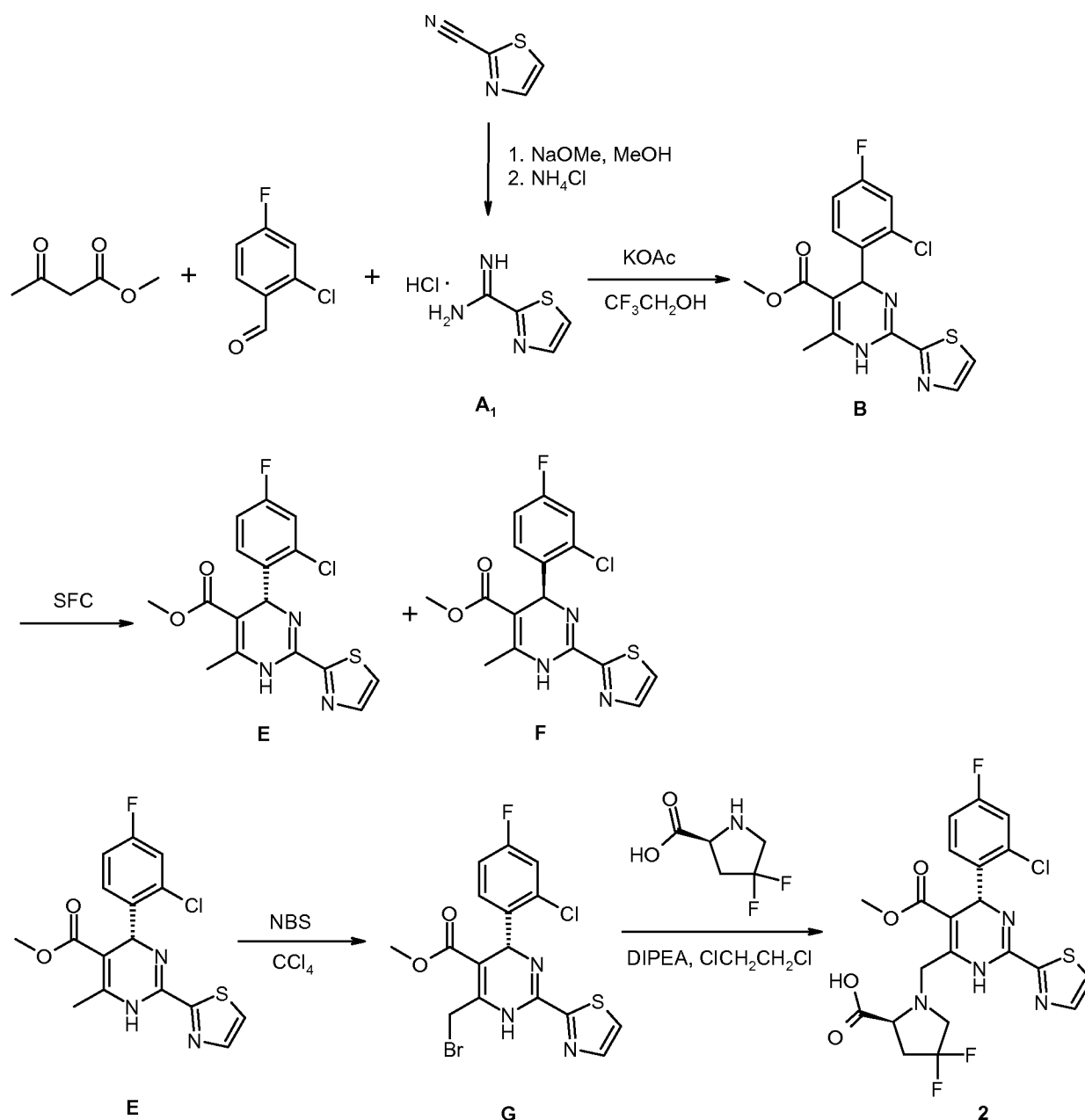
The enantiopure (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example 2) was obtained through the separation of diastereomeric mixture of 6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example 1) by reverse preparative HPLC (Waters, SunFireTM Prep-C18) eluting with a mixed solvent of 15%-35% acetonitrile in water plus 0.1% TFA at 40 mL/min eluting rate. (+)-Compound **D** was separated as a diastereomer of Example 2.

Procedure B:

Preparation of Example 2:

In an alternative synthetic route, Example 2 was synthesized by using chiral intermediate **E**, which was obtained through SFC chiral separation of the stereomixture of dihydropyrimidine **B**. A detailed synthetic route is provided in Scheme 5.

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Scheme 5

Preparation of Compound E:

- 5 The enantiopure (*R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **E**) was obtained through SFC (SFC-
- 10 Multigram; IC: 5 x 250 mm, 5μ) chiral separation of the stereomixture of 4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-oxazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **B**) eluting with a mixed solvent of 85% supercritical CO₂ / 15% EtOH at 100
- 10 mL/min rate. The desired (-)-enantiomer **E** has a relatively short retention time. The absolute stereochemistry of (-)-enantiomer **E** was determined by X-ray diffraction study (Figure 1).

Compound E: $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -55.0 (c 0.845, MeOH).

Compound F: $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +44.6 (c 0.175, MeOH).

Preparation of Compound G:

To a stirred solution of (*R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-methyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (0.37 g, 1.0 mmol) in CCl₄ (5 mL) was added NBS (0.20 g, 1.1 mmol) in portions. After the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by column chromatography to give (*R*)-6-bromomethyl-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **G**) as a yellow solid. MS: calc'd 445 (MH⁺), measured 445 (MH⁺).

Preparation of Example 2:

To a stirred solution of (*R*)-6-bromomethyl-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (0.049 g, 0.11 mmol) and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (0.044 g, 0.17 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (5 mL) was added dropwise DIPEA (0.078 mL, 0.45 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until the disappearance of starting material which was checked by LC/MS. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and washed successively with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and brine. The organic layer was separated and dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by prep-HPLC to give (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example **2**) as a light yellow solid.

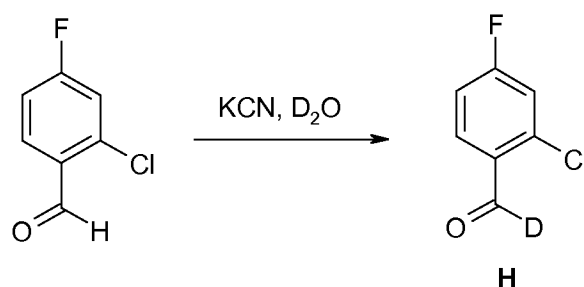
Example 3:

(*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-[4-2H]-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-chloro-4-fluoro-[²H1]-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **3** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Preparation of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-[²H1]-benzaldehyde (Compound H):

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2-Chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde (1.6 g, 4.2 mL, 10 mmol,) in diethyl ether (4 mL) was added to a stirred solution of KCN (0.70 g, 11 mmol) in D₂O (4.0 mL) at room temperature. After the reaction mixture was vigorously stirred for 3 days, it was extracted twice with diethyl ether (50 mL). The aqueous layer was back-extracted with diethyl ether (1 x 20 mL). The organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 2-chloro-4-fluoro-[²H1]-benzaldehyde as a yellow solid (1.7 g) which was used as is for the next step. Isotopical purity is determined as 90% by ¹H NMR. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃-d, 400 MHz): δ ppm 7.99 (dd, *J* = 8.78, 6.27 Hz, 1H), 7.1-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.13 (td, *J* = 8.16, 2.26 Hz, 1H).

Example 4:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3,5-difluoro-pyridine-2-carboxamidine (for its synthesis, please see: Stoltz, J. et al. *PCT Int. Appl.* **2000**, WO 2000058302 A1 20001005) instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine. The stereochemistry of Example 4 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 5:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Aldrich, CAS: 106825-79-0) instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

Example 6:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3,5-difluoro-pyridine-2-carboxamidine and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 6 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 7:

(R)-6-(2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

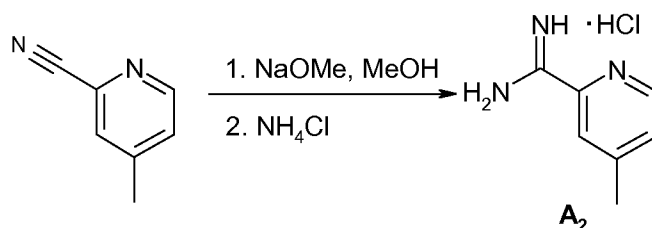
The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-2-carboxylic acid (for its synthesis, please see: Golubev, A. et al. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2004**, 45, 1445-1447) instead of (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

Example 8:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine. The stereochemistry of Example 8 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Preparation of 4-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine (Compound A₂):



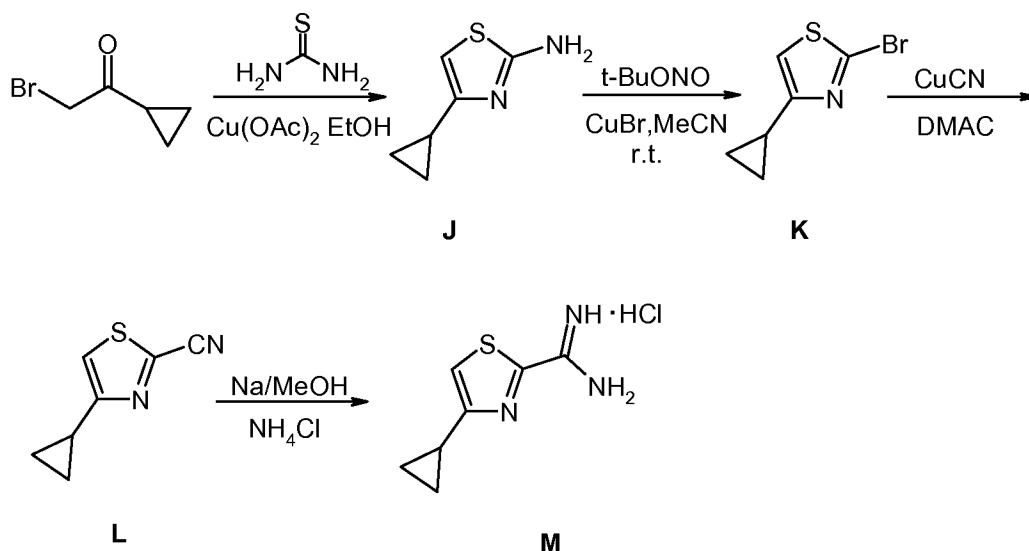
4-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine (Compound A₂) was prepared in analogy to compound thiazole-2-carboxamidine with the procedure shown in Scheme 5 by using 4-methyl-pyridine-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 136, measured (MH⁺) 136.

Example 9:**(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamide and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carboxamide and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 9 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 10:**(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-cyclopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-cyclopropyl-thiazole-2-carboxamide (Compound M) instead of thiazole-2-carboxamide. The stereochemistry of Example 10 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Preparation of 4-cyclopropyl-thiazole-2-carboxamide (Compound M):

To a stirred solution of 2-bromo-1-cyclopropyl-ethanone (16 g, 100 mmol) in EtOH (150 mL) was added successively thiourea (8.0 g, 105 mmol) and $\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$ (0.90 g, 5.0 mmol) at room temperature. After the mixture was heated at 80 °C for 1 hour, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was neutralized with saturated NaHCO_3 (100 mL) to pH = 8-9, and then DCM (200 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer

was further extracted with DCM (200 mL x 2). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ (100 mL), brine (100 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After filtration and concentration, the residue was purified by column chromatography (eluent: EA: PE = 1:4) to afford the desired product **J** (11 g) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃-d, 400 MHz): δ ppm 6.06 (s, 1H), 4.86 (br s, 2H), 1.85-1.79 (m, 1H), 0.84-0.74 (m, 4H).

To a stirred solution of Compound **J** (5.6 g, 40 mmol) and CuBr (8.5 g, 60 mmol) in CH₃CN (100 mL) was added dropwise t-BuONO (6.2 g, 7.2 mL, 60 mmol) at 0 °C. Then the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and further stirred for additional 30 mins. After that, the precipitate was filtered and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (eluent: 100% petroleum ether) to afford the desired product **K** (3.5 g, 43 %) as a light yellow oil containing small amount of petroleum ether. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.77 (s, 1H), 2.00-1.95 (m, 1H), 0.94-0.85 (m, 4H).

A mixture of Compound **K** (3.3 g, 16 mmol) and CuCN (4.3 g, 49 mmol) in DMAc (15 mL) was heated to 135 °C for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was extracted with PE and dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to afford the crude product **L** (0.9 g, 38%) as a yellow oil, which was used as it in the next step.

Compound **M** was prepared in analogy to thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound **A**₁) with the procedure shown in Scheme 5 by using 4-cyclopropyl-thiazole-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃-d, 400 MHz): δ 9.68 (br, 1H), 9.56 (br, 1H), 2.23-2.19 (m, 1H), 1.01-0.92 (m, 4H).

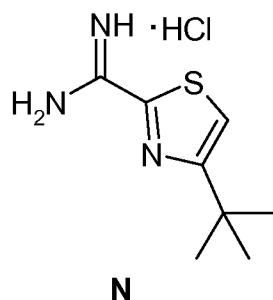
Example 11:

(*R*)-2-(4-*tert*-Butyl-thiazol-2-yl)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-*tert*-butyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine. The stereochemistry of Example 11 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Preparation of 4-*tert*-butyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound N):

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4-*tert*-Butyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound **N**) was prepared in analogy to Compound **M** with procedure shown in Example **10** by using 1-bromo-3,3-dimethyl-butan-2-one instead of 2-bromo-1-cyclopropyl-ethanone. MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 184, measured (MH⁺) 184.

5

Example 12:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-fluoro-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-fluoro-thiophene-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example **12** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 13:

(*S*)-4-[6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

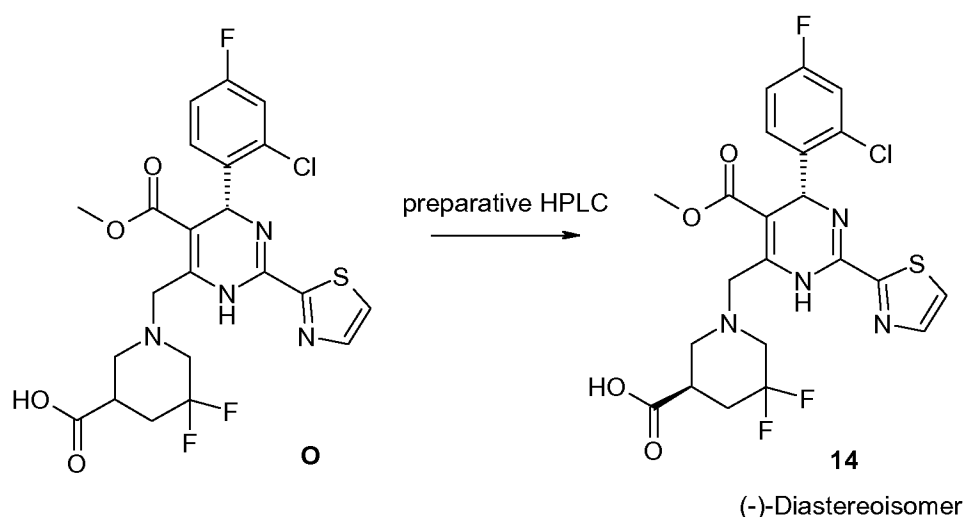
The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **1** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

20

Example 14:

(*R*)-6-((*R*)-5-Carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

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Scheme 6

The title compound was prepared from the diastereomeric mixture of *(R)*-6-(5-carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **O**) through preparative HPLC separation. $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -26.9 (c 0.110, MeOH).

Preparation of *(R)*-6-(5-carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **O)**

Compound **O** was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme 5 by using 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid (Shanghai AQ BioPharma Co. Ltd., CAS: 1255666-96-6) instead of *(S)*-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

Example 15:

***(R)*-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-oxazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-methyl-oxazole-2-carbonitrile and instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example 15 was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 16:

***(R)*-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-methyl-thiazole-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example 16 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

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Example 17:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-methyl-thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 17 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

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Example 18:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4,5-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-chloro-4,5-difluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example 18 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

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Example 19:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-[3,3-²H₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

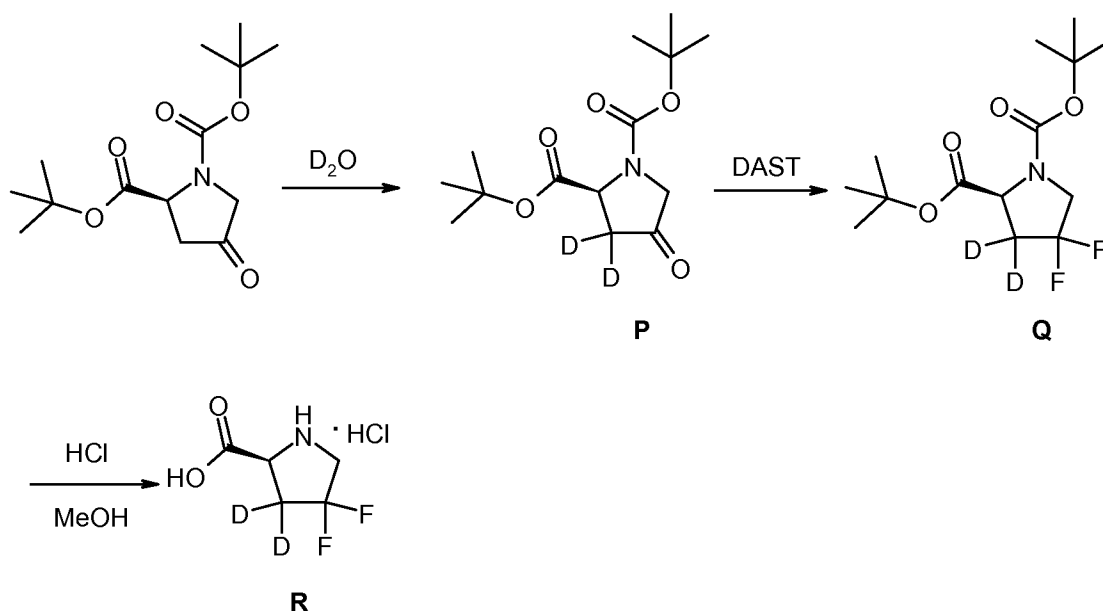
25

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (R)-[3,3-²H₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid hydrochloric acid salt instead of (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

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Preparation of (R)-[3,3-²H₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid hydrochloric acid salt (Compound R):

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D₂O (10 mL) and prewashed (with D₂O) silica gel (4 g) were added to a solution of (*S*)-di-*tert*-butyl 4-oxopyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylate (4.0 g, 14 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL). After the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 8 days, the silica gel was removed by
 5 filtration. The filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic phase was concentrated to give (*R*)-[3,3-²H₂]-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-*tert*-butyl ester (Compound **P**) as a light yellow oil (4.0 g). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃-d, 400 MHz): δ ppm 4.55-4.70 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.92 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.48 (s, 9H).

Diethylaminosulfur trifluoride (DAST) (1.4 g, 1.2 mL, 8.7 mmol) was added to a solution
 10 of (*R*)-[3,3-²H₂]-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-*tert*-butyl ester (1.0 g, 3.5 mmol) in anhydrous dichloromethane (15 mL) under ice cooling, and the resultant mixture was stirred 20 hrs at room temperature. Then the resulting mixture was poured onto ice and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution followed by brine and dried over sodium sulfate. It was filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to
 15 give (*R*)-[3,3-²H₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-*tert*-butyl ester (Compound **Q**) as a yellow oil (0.94 g). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃-d, 400 MHz): δ ppm 4.32-4.47 (m, 1H), 3.74-3.90 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.52 (m, 18H).

To a 5 mL microwave vial was added (*R*)-[3,3-²H₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-*tert*-butyl ester (0.30 g) in 1,1,3,3-hexafluoroisopropanol (2 mL). The vial
 20 was capped and heated in the microwave at 135 °C for 40 mins. The light yellow reaction mixture turned red. The reaction mixture was concentrated. The residue was dissolved in methanol and treated with 10 *N* HCl solution (0.10 mL) and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give (*R*)-[3,3-²H₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

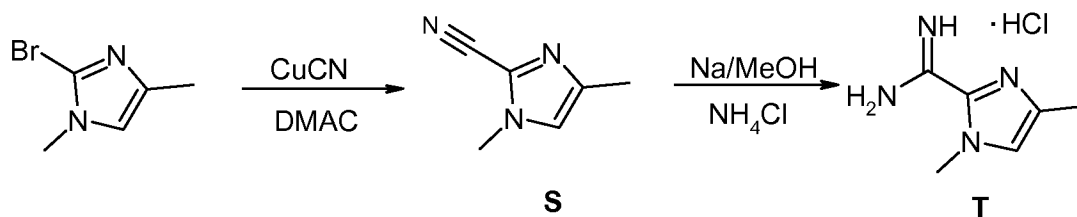
hydrochloric acid salt (Compound **R**) as a black amorphous solid (0.40 g) which was used as is without further purification for the next step.

Example 20:

6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 1 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 1,4-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboxamide instead of thiazole-2-carboxamide.

Preparation of 1,4-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carboxamide (Compound **T**):



Compound **T** was prepared in analogy to Compound **M** with procedure shown in Example 10 by using 2-bromo-1,4-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazole directly instead of 2-bromo-1-cyclopropylethanone. MS: calc'd (MH^+) 139, measured (MH^+) 139.

Example 21:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4,5-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl]-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-chloro-4,5-difluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 21 was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 22:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3-fluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-fluoro-pyridine-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The

stereochemistry of Example **22** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 23:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-chloro-thiophene-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example **23** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 24:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-methyl-pyridine-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example **24** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

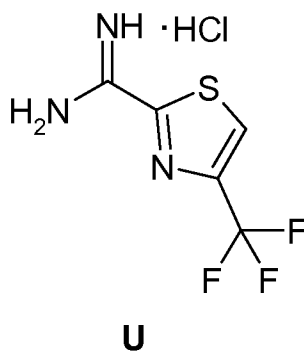
Example 25:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-trifluoromethyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine. The stereochemistry of Example **25** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Preparation of 4-trifluoromethyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound U):

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4-Trifluoromethyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound **U**) was prepared in analogy to Compound **M** with procedure shown in Example **10** by using 2-bromo-4-trifluoromethyl-thiazole (CAS: 41731-39-9) instead of 2-bromo-4-cyclopropyl-thiazole which is made from 2-bromo-1-cyclopropyl-ethanone in Example **10**. MS: calc'd (MH^+) 196, measured (MH^+) 196.

Example 26:

6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **1** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate.

Example 27:

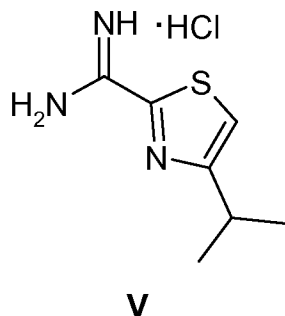
(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-methyl-thiophene-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example **27** was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 28:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-isopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-isopropyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine. The stereochemistry of Example **28** was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Preparation of 4-isopropyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound V):

4-Isopropyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound **V**) was prepared in analogy to Compound **M** with procedure shown in Example **10** by using 1-bromo-3-methyl-butan-2-one instead of 2-bromo-1-cyclopropyl-ethanone. MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 170, measured (MH⁺) 170.

Example 29:

(R)-4-(4-Bromo-2-chloro-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-bromo-2-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 4-fluoro-2-chloro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **29** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 30:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-cyano-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-cyano-2-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 4-fluoro-2-chloro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **30** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 31:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **1** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl

acetoacetate and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 31 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 32:

5 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 1 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carbonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example 32 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC
10 retention time with Example 2.

Example 33:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

15 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 1 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2,4-difluoro-benzonitrile instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example 33 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 34:

20 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate. The stereochemistry of
25 Example 34 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 35:

30 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-3, 6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-4,4-

difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **35** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 36:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carbonitrile instead of methyl acetoacetate and thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example **36** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 37:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 6-methyl-pyridine-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **37** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 38:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 2,4-dichloro-benzaldehyde instead of methyl acetoacetate and 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **38** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 39:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 2,4-dichloro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **39** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 40:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 1-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carbonitrile instead of methyl acetoacetate and thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example **40** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 41:

(*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde instead of methyl acetoacetate and 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **41** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 42:

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **42** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 43:**(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(3,4,5-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 3,4,5-trifluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **43** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 44:**(S)-4-[(R)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 2,3,4-trifluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **44** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 45:**(S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Bromo-2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-bromo-2,3-difluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **45** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 46:**(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 3,4-dichloro-benzaldehyde and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-4,4-

difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 46 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 47:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-chloro-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

The stereochemistry of Example 47 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 48:

((*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(4-cyano-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 4-formyl-benzonitrile instead of methyl acetoacetate and 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example 48 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 49:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 4-chloro-2-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 49 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 50:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 2,3-difluoro-benzaldehyde instead of methyl acetoacetate and 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **50** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

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Example 51:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-5-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethoxycarbonyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-oxo-butyric acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **51** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

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Example 52:

(S)-4-[(R)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 4-bromo-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **52** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

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Example 53:

(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

25

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 3-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **53** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

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Example 54:

(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **54** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 55:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde instead of methyl acetoacetate and 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **55** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 56:

(S)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde and 1-methyl-1H-imidazole-2-carbonitrile instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example **56** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 57:

(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde, 1-methyl-1H-imidazole-2-carbonitrile and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

The stereochemistry of Example **57** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 58:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 2,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **58** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 59:

(*R*)-6-[(*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate and 2,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde instead of methyl acetoacetate and 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **59** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 60:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

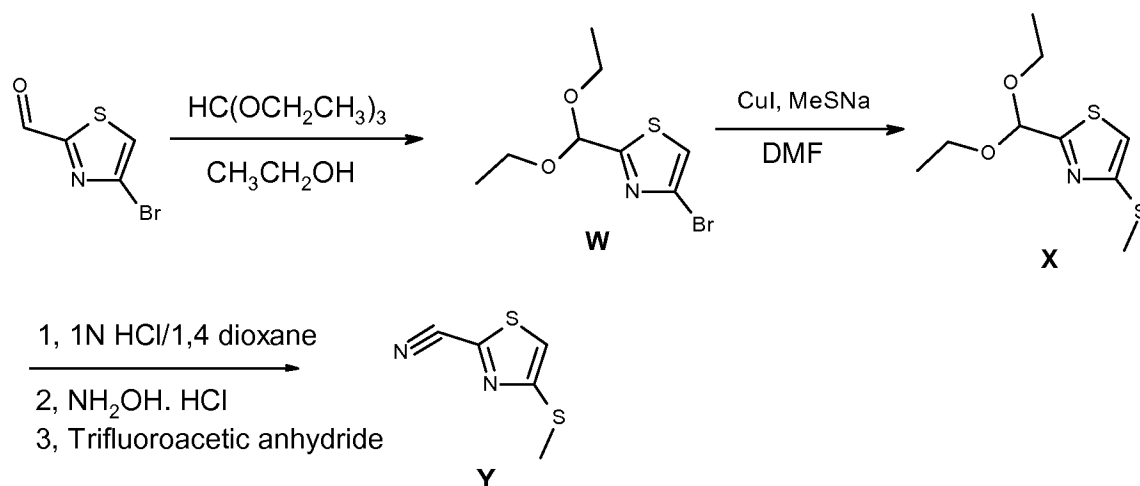
The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using ethyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of methyl acetoacetate, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **60** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 61:

(2*S*)-1-[[4(*R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 4-methylsulfanyl-thiazole-2-carbonitrile (Compound Y) instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile. The stereochemistry of Example 61 was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

5 **Preparation of 4-methylsulfanyl-thiazole-2-carbonitrile (Compound Y):**



To a stirred solution of 4-bromo-thiazole-2-carbaldehyde (5.0 g, 26 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added successively diethoxymethoxy-ethane (14 mL) at room temperature. After the mixture was heated at 80 °C for 24 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The DCM (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was further extracted with DCM (50 mL x 2). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO_3 (30 mL), brine (30 mL) and then dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to afford the crude product **W** (7.0 g) as an oil, which was used in the next step.

To a stirred solution of Compound **W** (0.50g, 1.9 mmol) and CuI (0.36 g, 1.9 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added MeSNa (0.53 g, 7.5 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was heated to 130 °C for 13 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The DCM (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was further extracted with DCM (50 mL x 2). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO_3 (30 mL), brine (30 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . After filtration and concentration, the residue was purified by column chromatography (eluent: EA:PE = 1:20) to afford the desired product **X** (250 mg) as an oil. MS: calc'd (MH^+) 234, measured (MH^+) 234.

The mixture of Compound **X** (2.0 g, 7.5 mmol) was added 1,4-dioxane (5mL) and HCl (1N, 5 mL) at room temperature. After the mixture was stirred for 24 hour, The DCM (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was further extracted with DCM (50 mL x 2). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO_3 (30 mL), brine (30

mL) and then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in DCM (50 mL) with the addition of NH₂OH.HCl and pyridine at 0 °C, and then the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. After that, more DCM (100 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was further
5 extracted with DCM (50 mL x 2). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ (100 mL), brine (100 mL) and then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to afford an oil. To this oil compound was added 1,4-dioxane, trifluoroacetic anhydride and triethyl amine at 0 °C. After the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, more DCM (100 mL) was added. The organic layer was
10 separated and the aqueous layer was further extracted with DCM (50 mL x 2). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ (100 mL), brine (100 mL) and then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After filtration and concentration, the residue was purified by column chromatography (eluent: EA: PE = 1:20) to afford the desired product **D** (1.2 mg) as an oil. MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 157, measured (MH⁺) 157.

Example 62:

(3S)-4-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in
20 Scheme 5 by using 4-methylsulfanyl-thiazole-2-carbonitrile (Compound Y) and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 62 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 63:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

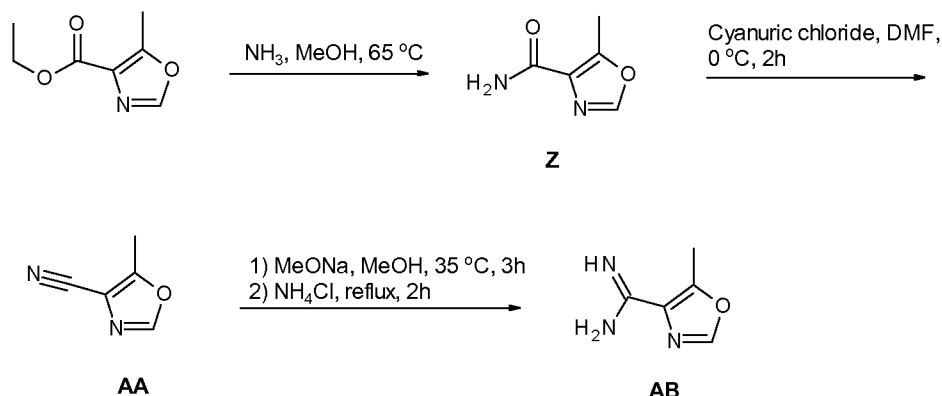
The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in
30 Scheme 5 by using 2-chloro-3-fluorobenzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde, methyl acetoacetate and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 63 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 64:**(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-chloro-3-fluorobenzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate. The stereochemistry of Example 64 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 65:**(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-bromo-4-fluorobenzaldehyde, 5-methyl-oxazole-4-carboxamidine (Compound AB) and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde, thiazole-2-carboxamidine and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 65 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Preparation of 5-methyloxazole-4-carboxamidine (Compound AB):

A mixture of ethyl 5-methyloxazole-4-carboxylate (CAS: 32968-44-8) (2.5 g, 16 mmol) and ammonia (100 mL, 7M in MeOH) was stirred at 65 °C for 48 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give Compound Z (1.94 g, 98%). ¹H NMR (DMSO- d₆, 400 MHz) δ ppm: 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.47 (s, 2H), 2.55 (s, 3H). MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 127, measured (MH⁺) 127.

To a white suspension of 5-methyloxazole-4-carboxamide Z (1.3 g, 10 mmol) in dry DMF (10 mL) was added cyanuric chloride (3.8 g, 21 mmol) at 0 °C, the reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with ice water (20 mL) carefully, and then basified with 2N

NaOH solution to pH 10. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (50 mL × 3), the combined organic layer was washed with water (30 mL × 2), brine (30 mL × 1), and then dried over Na₂SO₄, then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Biotage, 40 g silica gel, EtOAc in PE 30%~100%) to afford colorless oil **AA** (0.89 g, 79%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz) δ ppm: 8.55 (s, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H).

To a solution of 5-methyloxazole-4-carbonitrile **AA** (0.76 g, 7.0 mmol) in anhydrous MeOH (30 mL) was added MeONa (0.57 g, 10 mmol), after stirred at 35 °C under nitrogen for 3h, NH₄Cl (0.75 g, 14 mmol) was added, refluxed for 2 h. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (Biotage, 40 g silica gel, MeOH in DCM 5%~35%) to afford brown solid **AB** (587 mg, 67%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz) δ ppm: 9.11-9.19 (m, 3H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 2.59 (s, 3H). MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 126, measured (MH⁺) 126.

Example 66:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl]-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-bromo-3-fluorobenzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde, methyl acetoacetate and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 66 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 67:

(R)-4-(2-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-bromo-3-fluorobenzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate. The stereochemistry of Example 67 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 68:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 1 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 5-methyl-oxazole-4-carboxamidine (Compound AB) and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 68 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 69:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 1 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-bromo-4-fluorobenzaldehyde, 5-methyl-oxazole-4-carboxamidine (Compound AB), ethyl acetoacetate and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde, thiazole-2-carboxamidine, methyl acetoacetate and (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 69 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 70:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2,3-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (S)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate, and 2,3-difluoro benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example 70 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 71:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (S)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, 2-bromobenzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example 70 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 73:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

5 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, and 2-chloro-3,4-difluorobenzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example 73 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 74:

(*R*)-6-[(*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

15 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-chloro-3,4-difluorobenzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example 74 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 75:

20 **(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid and 2-fluoro-4-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde.
25 The stereochemistry of Example 75 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 77:

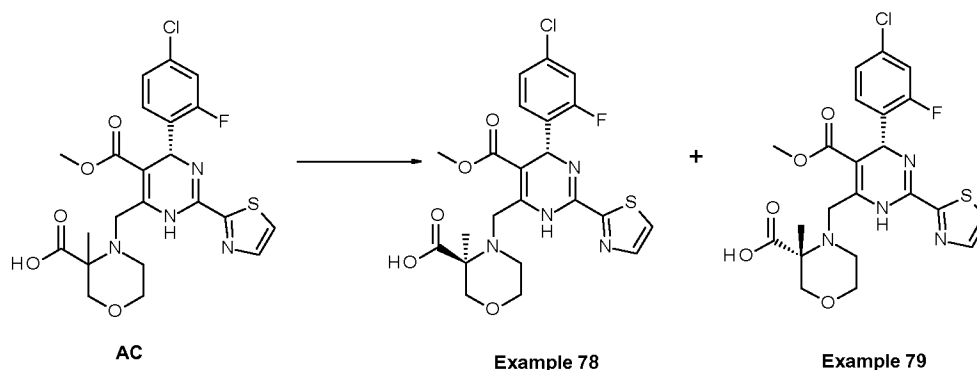
30 **(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid and 3-fluoro-4-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde.

The stereochemistry of Example 77 was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 78 and 79:

- 5 **(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Example 78) and (*R*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Example 79)**

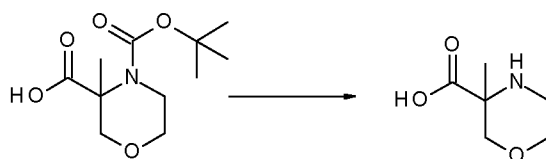


- 10 The title compounds was prepared from the diastereomeric mixture of 4-[(*R*)-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Compound AC) through preparative HPLC separation. The absolute stereochemistry was tentatively assigned based on SAR knowledge.

- 15 **Preparation of 4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Compound AC)**

- 20 Compound AC was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 3-methylmorpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Compound AD) instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, 2-fluoro-4-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde.

Preparation of 3-methylmorpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Compound AD):



- 25 To a solution of 3-methyl-4-[(2-methylpropan-2-yl)oxycarbonyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid (Accela ChemBio Co., Ltd., CAS: 1052680-53-1, 50 mg, 0.20 mmol) in DCM (1 ml) was added trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL) dropwise at room temperature. The resulting mixture was

stirred at room temperature for one hour and then concentrated under the vacuum. The residue was used directly in next step without further purification.

Example 80:

5 **(*R*)-6-((*R*)-5-Carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 14 shown in Scheme 6 by using 4-methyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine.

10 **Example 81:**

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 81 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 82:

20 **(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 82 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 83:

30 **(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-chloro-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic

acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **83** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 84:

(*R*)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme **4** by using 2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **84** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 85:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme **4** by using 2,4-dichloro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde. The stereochemistry of Example **85** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 86:

3-[[(*4R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-1,3-thiazinane-4-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme **5** by using 1,3-thiazinane-4-carboxylic acid (WuXi AppTec (Wuhan) Co., Ltd, CAS: 60175-95-3) instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

Example 87:

(*3S*)-4-[[(*4R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-cyclopropylthiazol-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **A** shown in Scheme **4** by using 4-cyclopropyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound **M**) instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-

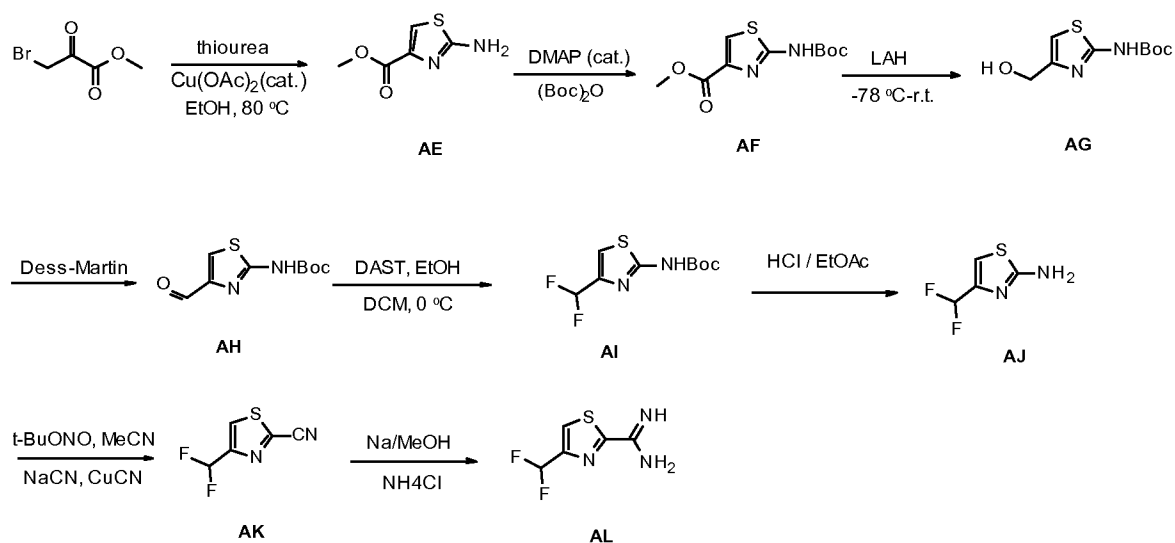
carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 87 was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 88:

(3*S*)-4-[[[(4*R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-[4-(difluoromethyl)thiazol-2-yl]-5-methoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (3*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid and 4-(difluoromethyl)thiazole-2-carboxamide (Compound AL) instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid and thiazole-2-carboxamide.

Preparation of 4-(difluoromethyl)thiazole-2-carboxamide (Compound AL):



Scheme 7

A solution of methyl 3-bromo-2-oxopropanoate (10 g, 51 mmol) and thiourea (4.0 g, 552 mmol) in EtOH (200 mL) was added CuOAc (0.3 g, 2.62 mmol), then stirred at room temperature for 10 h. The mixture was concentrated to give the crude product (16 g). The crude product was basified with NaHCO_3 to pH=8, then extracted with EtOAc (200 mL x 3). The organic layer was washed with H_2O (100 mL), brine (100 mL), and then dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , and then concentrated to give the product Compound AE (8.0 g) as a yellow solid.

To a mixture of Compound AE (15g, 87 mmol) in DCM (200 mL) was added $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O}$ (28.48 g, 130.65 mmol) and DMAP (0.37 g). The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After diluted with EA (200 mL), the mixture was washed with water, aq. NaHCO_3 (100 mL). The organic layer was dried and then concentrated to afford light yellow oil. The

residue was purified by column chromatography in silica gel (PE:EA=10:1) to give Compound **AF** (20.0 g) as light yellow oil.

To a mixture of Compound **AF** (18 g, 66 mmol) in THF (300 mL) was added LAH (3.0 g, 79 mmol) at -78 °C. The mixture was kept for 2 hrs. After the addition of aq. NaOH (3.0 mL 15% in water), the mixture was diluted with EA (100 mL), and then filtrated. The filtrate was concentrated to afford light yellow oil. The residue was purified by column chromatography in silica gel (PE: EA =30:1) to give Compound **AG**(14.0 g) as light yellow oil.

To a mixture of Compound **AG** (14 g, 60.79 mmol) in DCM (200 mL) was added Dess-Martin (30.9 g, 72.95 mmol) at rt. The mixture was kept for 2 hrs. Na₂ S₂O₃ was added then the mixture was washed with water, aq. NaHCO₃. The organic layer was dried and concentrated to afford light yellow oil. The residue was purified by column chromatography in silica gel (PE: EA =10:1) to give Compound **AH** (7.0 g) as light yellow oil.

To a solution of Compound **AH** (7.0 g, 31 mmol) in DCM (200 mL) and EtOH (100 mL) was added DAST (7.4 g, 46.05 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was poured into water and diluted with DCM (200 mL), and then washed with water (100 mL), sat. NaHCO₃ (100 mL). The organic layer was dried and concentrated to afford light yellow oil. The residue was purified by column chromatography in silica gel (PE: EA =30:1) to give the Compound **AI** (5.8 g) as a light yellow solid.

A solution of Compound **AI** (6.0 g, 24 mmol) in HCl/ EtOAc (60 mL) was stirred at room temperature overnight. After removal of solvent, aq. sat NaHCO₃ (100 mL) was added and the mixture was diluted with DCM (100 mL), then washed with water (50mL), brine (50mL). The organic layer was dried and concentrated to afford light yellow oil. The residue was purified by column chromatography in silica gel (PE: EA =30:1) to give Compound **AJ** (3.0 g) as light yellow oil.

To a mixture of CuCN (3.6 g, 40 mmol), NaCN (1.7 g, 35 mmol) and t-BuONO (4.1 g, 40 mmol) in MeCN (100 mL) was added Compound **AJ** (3.0 g, 20 mmol) at 0°C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After it was diluted with petroleum ether (100 mL), the mixture was washed with water, aq. NaHCO₃ (100 mL), and the organic layer was dried and concentrated to afford light yellow oil (1.0 g). The crude **AK** was used in next step directly without further purification.

To a flask charged with 60 mL MeOH was added Na (16 mg, 0.69 mmol, 0.11 eq) at rt. Then the above Compound **AK** (1.0 g, 6.3 mmol) was added into the resulting NaOMe solution. The reaction was stirred at rt for 24 hrs under N₂. Then NH₄Cl (230 mg, 4.3 mmol) was added.

The reaction was stirred at 30 °C for 24 hrs. The reaction was concentrated and then 1.0 mL of isopropanol and 10 mL of *t*-butylmethylether were added with stirring. The precipitate was collected and dried under vacuum to give the desired product **AL** (490 mg) as a white solid.

Example 89:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-3,3-dimethyl-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (*2S*)-4,4-difluoro-3,3-dimethyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (CAS:

1408278-20-5, for synthesis, see: Hu, Shanghui; Martinez, Carlos A.; Kline, Billie; Yazbeck, Daniel; Tao, Junhua; Kucera, David J. *Organic Process Research & Development*, **2006**, *10*, 650-654) instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

Example 90:

(*3R*)-4-[[(*4R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-2,2-dimethyl-thiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using (*3R*)-2,2-dimethylthiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid (WuXi AppTec (Wuhan) Co., Ltd, CAS:774243-35-5) instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

Example 91:

(*3S*)-4-[[(*4R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]thiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 14 shown in Scheme 6 by using thiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid (PharmaBlock (Nanjing) R & D Co., Ltd. CAS:20960-92-3) instead of 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid.

Example 92:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 1,4-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The

stereochemistry of Example **92** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 93:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme **5** by using 4-bromo-2-fluoro-benzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, methyl acetoacetate, and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **93** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 94:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme **5** by using 4-bromo-2-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **94** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 95:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme **5** by using 4-trifluoromethyl-thiazole-2-carboxamidine (Compound **U**) and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example **95** was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 96:

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-2-methyl-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 3,4-difluoro-2-methyl-benzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, methyl acetoacetate, and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 96 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 97:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-chloro-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate, 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, methyl acetoacetate, thiazole-2-carbonitrile and (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 97 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 98:

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-oxo-butyric acid isopropyl ester instead of methyl acetoacetate and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 98 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 99:

(*S*)-4-[6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-propoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 1 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-oxo-butyric acid propyl ester instead of methyl acetoacetate and (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

Example 100:

(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, 3-oxo-butyr-
5 ic acid isopropyl ester instead of methyl acetoacetate and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 100 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 101:

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-chloro-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, 3-oxo-butyr-
15 ic acid isopropyl ester instead of methyl acetoacetate and (S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (S)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 101 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 102:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 5-methyl-oxazole-4-carboxamidine (Compound AB) instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine. The stereochemistry of Example 102 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR
25 data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 103:

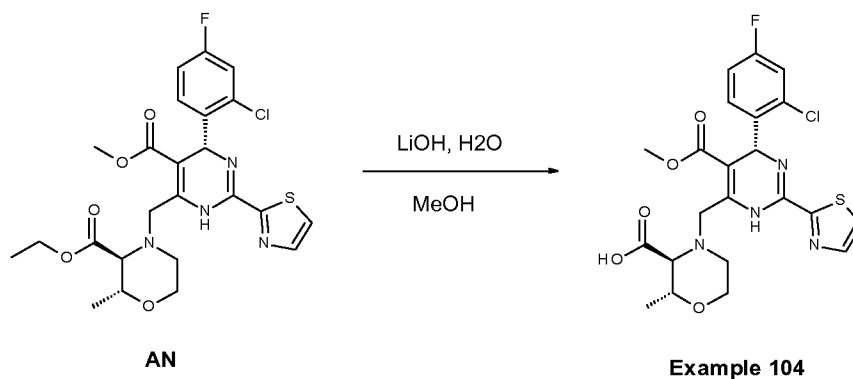
(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 5-methyloxazole-4-carboxamidine (Compound AB) instead of thiazole-2-carboxamidine, 2-chloro-3-fluorobenzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde and (3S)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (2S)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

The stereochemistry of Example **103** was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example **2**.

Example 104:

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid



Scheme 8

The title compounds was prepared from (2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (ester Compound **AN**) through saponification reaction and preparative HPLC separation.

A mixture of (2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (Compound **AN**) (100mg, 0.19mmol), lithium hydroxide monohydrate (78.4 mg, 1.9mmol), water (0.5 mL) in methanol (2 mL) was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Then the mixture was treated with hydrochloric acid (10%) to adjust pH ~4. After filtration, the filtrate was purified by preparative HPLC separation to afford Example **104** as yellow solid. Yield: 60%.

Preparation of (2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (ester Compound **AN)**

Compound **AN** was prepared in analogy to Example **2** with Procedure **B** shown in Scheme 5 by using (2*R*,3*S*)-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (for its synthesis, see: WO2011025889) instead of (2*S*)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

(S)-4-[5-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 1 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-oxo-butyric acid *tert*-butyl ester instead of methyl acetoacetate and (3*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (2*S*)-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

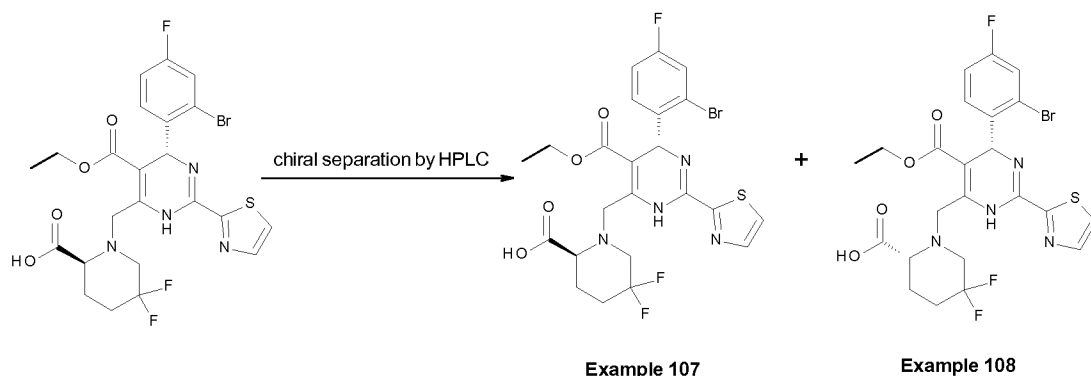
Example 106:

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 104 with the same procedure shown in Scheme 8 by using 2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde.

Example 107 and 108:

(*R*)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (Example 107) and (*R*)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((*R*)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (Example 108)

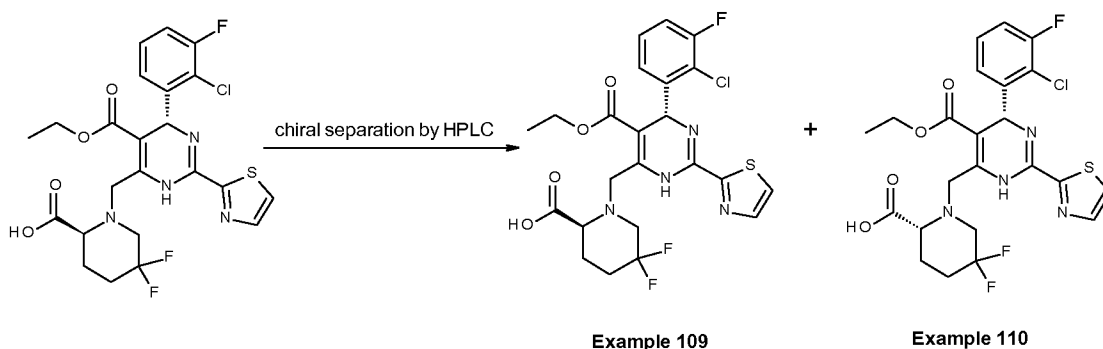


The title compounds were prepared in analogy to Example 14 with Procedure C shown in Scheme 6 by using 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-2-carboxylic acid (Nanjing Pharmablock Co. Ltd. CAS : 1255663-89-8), 2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate.

Example 109 and 110:

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example 109) and

(R)-6-((R)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Example 110)



The title compounds was prepared in analogy to Example **14** with Procedure **C** shown in Scheme **6** by using 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-2-carboxylic acid (Nanjing Pharmablock Co. Ltd. CAS : 1255663-89-8) and 2-chloro-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid and 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde.

Example 111:

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **14** with Procedure **C** shown in Scheme **6** by using 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-2-carboxylic acid (Nanjing Pharmablock Co. Ltd. CAS : 1255663-89-8), 2-chloro-benzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 5,5-difluoro-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate.

Example 112:

(2R,3S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate.

Example 113:

(2R,3S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde

Example 114:

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-5-Methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

5 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 2,3,4-trifluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde.

Example 115:

10 **(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 2-chloro-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde.

Example 116:

15 **(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate.

20

Example 117:

(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

25 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 2-chloro-benzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate.

Example 118:

30 **(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 2-chloro-3-fluoro-benzaldehyde and ethyl acetoacetate instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde and methyl acetoacetate.

Example 119:**(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

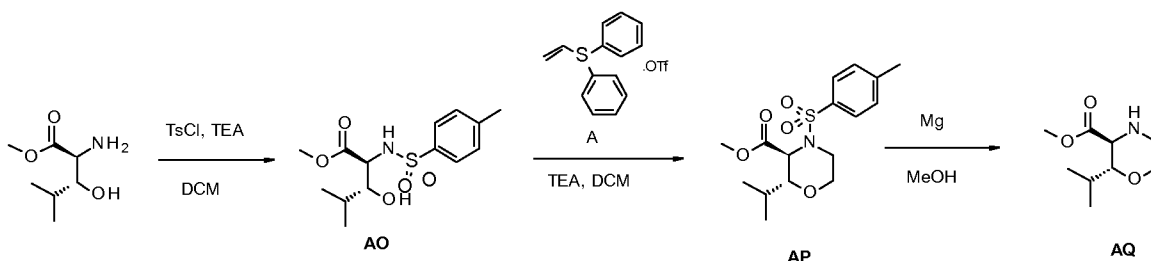
5 The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using 2-bromo-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde.

Example 120:

10 **(2*R*,3*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-isopropyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example **104** with the procedure shown in Scheme **8** by using (2*R*,3*S*)-2-isopropyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **AO**) instead of (2*R*,3*S*)-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester.

15 **Preparation of (2*R*,3*S*)-2-Isopropyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **AQ**):**



Preparation of (2*S*,3*R*)-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-2-(toluene-4-sulfonylamino)-pentanoic acid methyl ester (Compound **AO):**

20 A mixture of (2*S*,3*R*)-2-amino-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-pentanoic acid methyl ester (0.50 g, 3.4 mmol) and triethylamine (0.69 g, 6.8 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added 4-methyl-benzenesulfonyl chloride (0.71g, 3.7 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirring for 2 hours at room temperature, the mixture was washed with water and the organic layer was separated and then dried over sodium sulfate. After removal of solvent, the residue was used in next step without purification. MS: calc'd (MH⁺) 316, measured (MH⁺) 316.

25 **Preparation of (2*R*,3*S*)-2-isopropyl-4-(toluene-4-sulfonyl)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester (Compound **AP**):**

A mixture of (2*S*,3*R*)-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-2-(toluene-4-sulfonylamino)-pentanoic acid methyl ester (0.4 g, 1.27 mmol) and diphenylvinylsulfonium triflate (0.5g, 1.4 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added triethylamine dropwise at 0 °C. After stirring for 12 hours,

the mixture was diluted with water, and then extracted with ethyl acetate, then dried over sodium sulfate. After removal of solvent, the residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluted with ethyl acetate/hexane = 1:4) to afford the product as a white solid. MS: calc'd (MH^+) 342, measured (MH^+) 342.

5 **Preparation of (2*R*,3*S*)-2-isopropyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester(Compound AQ):**

A mixture of (2*R*,3*S*)-2-isopropyl-4-(toluene-4-sulfonyl)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester (0.20 g, 0.59 mmol) and magnesium powder (70 mg, 2.9 mmol) in anhydrous methanol (5 mL) was stirred for 3 hours at 60 °C. The solid was removed by filtration, and the
10 filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue as crude product was used in next step without purification. MS: calc'd (MH^+) 188, measured (MH^+) 188.

Example 121:

15 **(*S*)-4-(((*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)-3-methylmorpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 78 with the procedure by using 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro,3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyde.

Example 122:

20 **(*S*)-4-(((*R*)-6-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic
25 acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 122 was determined by comparing its ^1H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 123:

30 **(3*S*)-4-[[[(4*S*)-4-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid**

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-bromo-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 123 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 124:

(3*S*)-4-[[*(4S)*-4-(3-Bromo-4-chlorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-bromo-4-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 124 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 125:

(3*S*)-4-[[*(4S)*-4-(3-Chloro-5-fluorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 3-chloro-5-fluoro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 125 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 126:

(3*S*)-4-[[*(4S)*-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-chloro-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 126 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 127:

(*S*)-4-(((*R*)-6-(2-bromophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

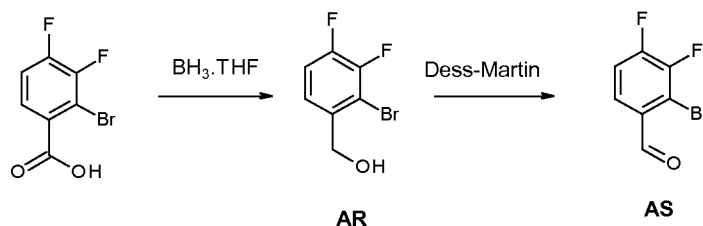
The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-bromo-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 127 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Example 128:

(3*S*)-4-[[[(4*R*)-4-(2-bromo-3,4-difluorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure B shown in Scheme 5 by using 2-bromo-3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyd (Compound AR) instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 128 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

Preparation of 2-bromo-3,4-difluoro-benzaldehyd (Compound AS):



2-Bromo-3,4-difluorobenzoic acid (3.7 g, 16 mmol, Eq: 1.00) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (20 ml) and the solution was cooled to 0 °C. $\text{BH}_3 \cdot \text{THF}$ (62.6 ml, 62.6 mmol, Eq: 4) was added dropwise. The resulting solution was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred overnight. The solution was cooled with an ice bath, and then 10% aqueous Na_2CO_3 (30mL) was added slowly. The suspension was concentrated in vacuo to give a white solid. The residue was acidified with 3M aqueous HCl solution (100 mL), diluted with dichloromethane (50 mL), and the mixture was filtered through Celite. The organic layers was separated and dried over sodium sulfate, and then followed by a filtration. Resulting filtrate was concentrated in vacuum to give an off-white solid AR (2.5 g). ¹H NMR (DMSO) δ 7.46-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.41 (m, 1H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 4.44-4.58 (m, 2H)

(2-Bromo-3,4-difluorophenyl)methanol (Compound AR) (2.55 g, 11.4 mmol, Eq: 1.00) was dissolved in dichloromethane (15ml). Dess-Martin periodinane (4.85 g, 11.4 mmol, Eq: 1.00) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hrs at room temperature. The reaction mixture

was filtered over a plug of celite and washed with DCM (30ml). Filtrate was concentrated to give a semi solid. Crude product was dissolved in EtOAc/DCM and loaded into a silica gel column (4g). Silica gel column was flushed with EtOAc to give a light yellow solid (3g). ¹H NMR (DMSO) δ 10.13 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.82 (m, 1H), 7.70 (ddd, *J* = 9.5, 7.3, 0.8 Hz, 1H).

5

Example 129:

(3*S*)-4-[[[(4*R*)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-4-(2-iodophenyl)-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 2-iodo-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate and using (*S*)-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid instead of (*S*)-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid. The stereochemistry of Example 129 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

15

Example 130:

(2*S*)-1-[[[(4*S*)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

The title compound was prepared in analogy to Example 2 with Procedure A shown in Scheme 4 by using 4-bromo-benzaldehyde instead of 2-chloro-4-fluoro-benzaldehyde, using ethyl acetoacetate instead of methyl acetoacetate. The stereochemistry of Example 130 was determined by comparing its ¹H NMR data and HPLC retention time with Example 2.

20

Example 131: HBV inhibition assays**Cells and culture conditions:**

HepG2.2.15 and HepDE19 are stably-transfected cell lines containing the HBV genome. Both cell lines are derived from the hepatoblastoma cell line Hep G2 (American Type Culture Collection, ATCC® HB-8065™) by the published procedures described in references: MA Selles *et al.* Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 1987, 84, 1005-1009 and H Guo *et al.* Journal of Virology 2007, 81, 12472-12484, respectively. Both cell lines were maintained in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (DMEM)-F12 medium supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum, 100 U/mL penicillin, 100 µg/mL streptomycin, and 0.5 mg/mL of G418.

30

While HepG2.2.15 cells constitutively support HBV replication and production of virus particles, HepDE19 cells are inducible by tetracycline. Addition of 1 µg/mL tetracycline in

culture medium suppresses HBV replication in HepDE19 cells, whereas switching to tetracycline-free medium resumes this process.

Anti-HBV activity in vitro:

HepG2.2.15 cells were seeded into 96-well plates (3×10^4 cells in 100 μ L media per well) and incubated overnight at 37 °C. The test compounds were serially half-log diluted in DMSO, then diluted 100 times in culture media. 100 μ L diluted compounds were added into the plates to reach 0.5% final concentration of DMSO in every well. Five days after compound treatment, culture supernatant was collected for further analysis.

For quantitative PCR detection of extracellular HBV DNA, 100 μ L culture supernatant was collected and processed in MagNA Pure 96 Nucleic Acid Purification System (Roche Applied Science) for viral DNA extraction. The extracted samples were subjected to HBV DNA quantification by qPCR. The effective compound concentration at which HBV replication is inhibited by 50% (EC_{50}) was determined.

The compounds of the present invention were tested for their capacity to inhibit a HBV activity and activation as described herein. The Examples were tested in the above assays as described herein and found to have $EC_{50} < 0.10 \mu$ M in HepG2.2.15 assay. Particular compounds of formula I were found to have $EC_{50} < 0.02 \mu$ M in HepG2.2.15 assay (See Table 3).

Cytotoxicity and selectivity index:

In a cell culture model, apparent antiviral activity of a compound can be the result of host cell death after exposure to the compound. To determine whether the anti-HBV effect of a test compound is due to cytotoxicity, HepDE19 cells were seeded into 96-well plates (5×10^3 cells per well) and treated with compounds as described above for EC_{50} determination. Five days after treatment, cell viability was measured by addition of 20 μ L of CCK-8 reagent. Two hours after incubation at 37°C, the absorbance at wavelengths of 450 nm and 630 nm (OD_{450} and OD_{630}) was recorded by a plate reader. The concentration results in the death of 50% of the host cells (CC_{50}) of each compound was determined (See Table 6).

The relative effectiveness of the compound in inhibiting viral replication compared to inducing cell death is defined as the selectivity index (CC_{50} value/ EC_{50} value). It is desirable to have a high selectivity index giving maximum antiviral activity with minimal cell toxicity. Based on CC_{50} and EC_{50} data, selectivity indexes were determined as shown in Table 7.

Based on CC_{50} and EC_{50} data, selectivity indexes were determined as shown in Table 7.

Example 132: mouse SDPK description: The single dose PK in male ICR mouse was performed to assess their pharmacokinetic properties. Two groups of animals were dosed via either bolus intravenous (IV) or oral gavage (PO) of the respective compound. The animals for oral administration were fasted overnight prior to dosing and food was resumed 4 hours postdose. Blood samples (approximately 400 μ L) were collected via cardiac puncture after euthanasia by carbon dioxide inhalation at 2 mins, 5 mins, 15 mins, 30 mins, 1 h, 2 hrs, 4 hrs, 6 hrs, 8 hrs, and 24 hrs postdose for IV group, and at 5 mins, 15 mins, 30 mins, 1 h, 2 hrs, 4 hrs, 6 hrs, 8 hrs, and 24 hrs postdose for PO group. Blood samples were placed into tubes containing sodium heparin and centrifuged at 8000 rpm for 6 minutes at 4°C to separate plasma from the samples.

Following centrifugation, the resulting plasma was transferred to clean tubes for bioanalysis on LC/MS/MS. The pharmacokinetic parameters were calculated using non-compartmental module of WinNonlin® Professional 5.2.

Results of SDPK are given in Table 4.

Example 133: description of metabolic stability study: Human Microsomes were preincubated with test compound for 10 min at 37°C in 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4. The reactions were initiated by adding NADPH or NADPH regenerating system to give a final incubation volume of 400 μ L. For NADPH system, the final incubations contained 1 μ M test compound, 0.5 mg/mL liver microsomal protein, 1 mM NADPH in 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4. For the NADPH regenerating system, the final incubations contained 1 μ M test compound, 0.5 mg/mL liver microsomal protein, 3 mM glucose 6-phosphate, 1 mM NADP, 3 mM $MgCl_2$ and 0.05 mg/mL glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase in 100 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4. After incubation times of 0, 3, 6, 9, 15 and 30 minutes at 37°C, 50 μ L samples was removed and transferred to 150 μ L methanol solution which was maintained at 4 °C containing 2 μ M tolbutamide (internal standard) to terminating the reaction. Following precipitation and centrifugation, the amount of compound remaining in the samples were determined by LC-MS/MS. Controls of no NADPH or NADPH regenerating system at zero and 30min were also prepared and analyzed.

Results of metabolic stability study in human microsome are given in Table 5.

Example 134: LYSA description: Samples are prepared in duplicate from 10 mM DMSO stock solutions. After evaporation of DMSO with a centrifugal vacuum evaporator, the residue is solved in 0.05 M phosphate buffer (pH 6.5), stirred for one hour and shaken for two hours. After

one night, the solutions is filtered using a microtiter filter plate and the filtrate and its 1/10 dilution are then analyzed by direct UV measurement or by HPLC-UV. In addition a four-point calibration curve is prepared from the 10 mM stock solutions and used for the solubility determination of the compounds. The results are in µg/mL. In case the percentage of sample measured in solution after evaporation divided by the calculated maximum of sample amount is bigger than 80% the solubility is reported as bigger than this value.

Results of Lysa are given in Table 6.

Example A

- 10 A compound of formula I can be used in a manner known per se as the active ingredient for the production of tablets of the following composition:

	<u>Per tablet</u>
Active ingredient	200 mg
Microcrystalline cellulose	155 mg
15 Corn starch	25 mg
Talc	25 mg
Hydroxypropylmethylcellulose	<u>20 mg</u>
	425 mg

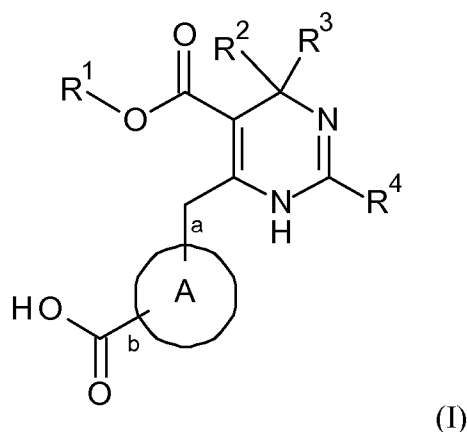
Example B

- 20 A compound of formula I can be used in a manner known per se as the active ingredient for the production of capsules of the following composition:

	<u>Per capsule</u>
Active ingredient	100.0 mg
Corn starch	20.0 mg
25 Lactose	95.0 mg
Talc	4.5 mg
Magnesium stearate	<u>0.5 mg</u>
	220.0 mg

Claims

1. Compounds of formula (I)

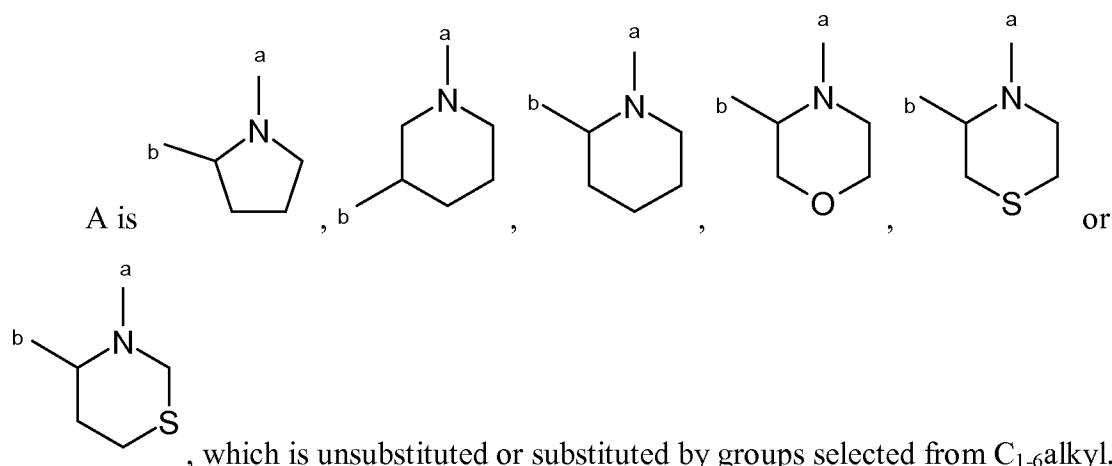


5 wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x-} , wherein x is 1-6;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or
 10 substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl, halogen or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;



15 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

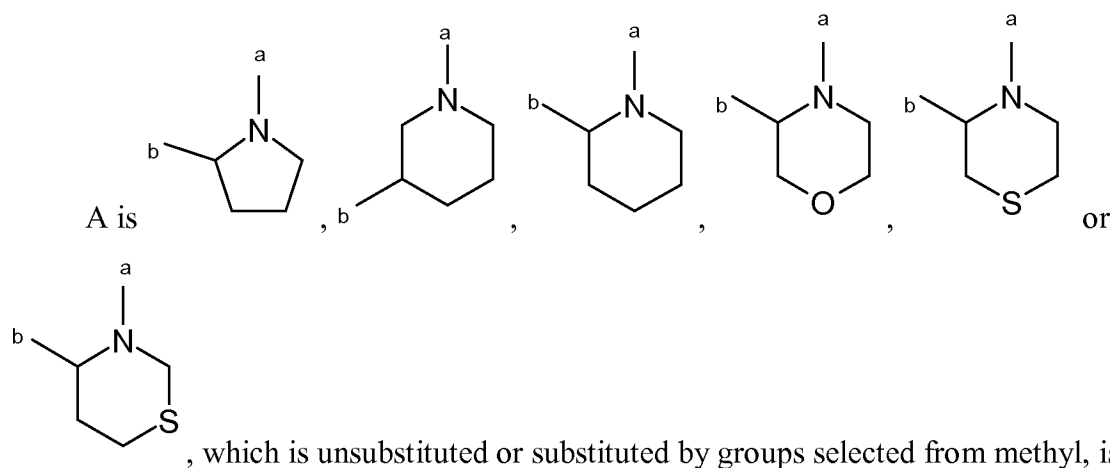
2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein

R^1 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

-144-

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl or cyano; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, bifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methylsulfanyl, fluoro or chloro;



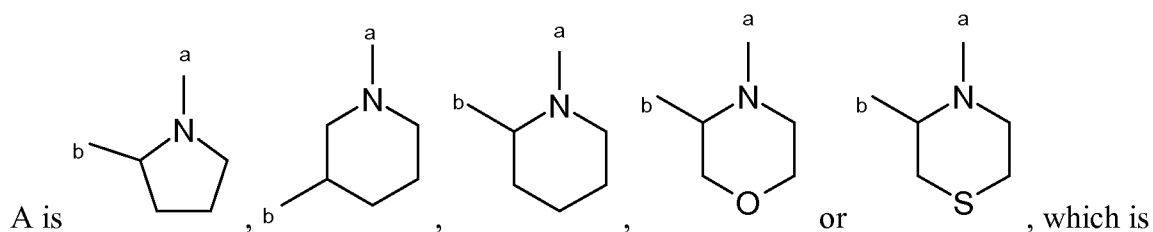
or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

3. A compound according to claim 1, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x-} , wherein x is 1-6;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfanyl, halogen or cycloalkyl, where said C_{1-6} alkyl can be further optionally substituted with halogen;



unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, deuterium and halogen;

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

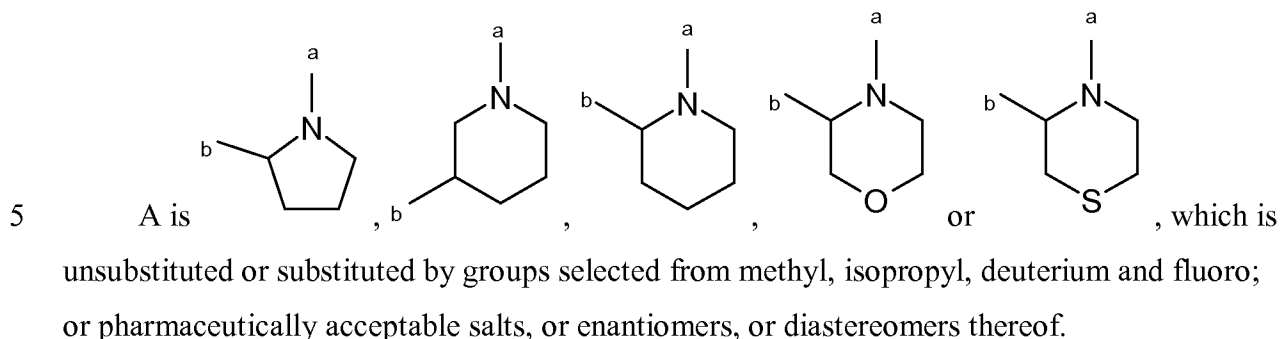
4. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein

R^1 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

-145-

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl or cyano; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

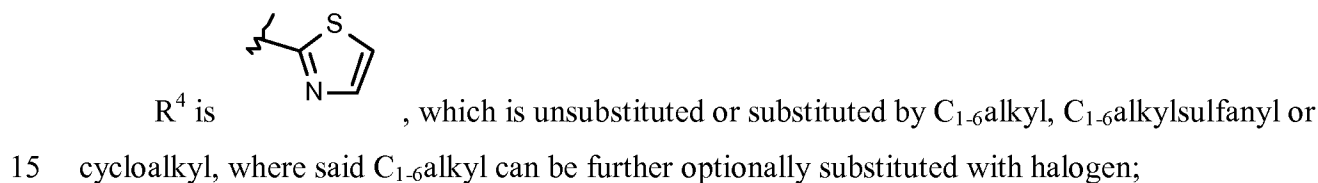
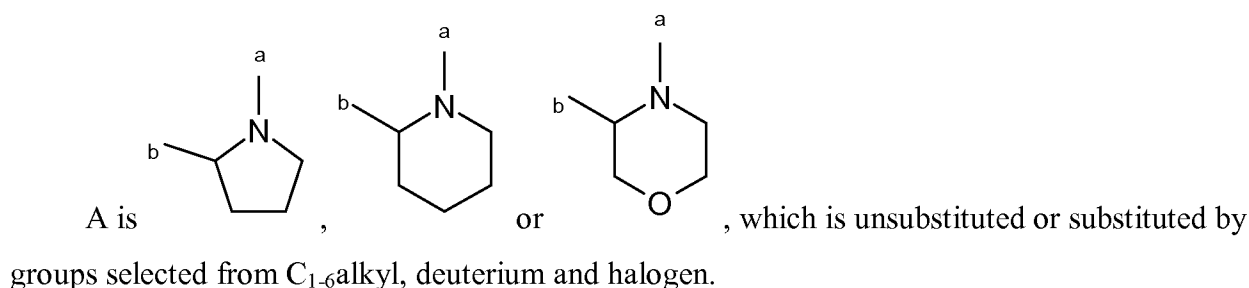
R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methylsulfanyl, fluoro or chloro;



5. A compound according to claim 1 or 3 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or
10 enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl or trifluoromethyl- C_xH_{2x} -, wherein x is 1-6;

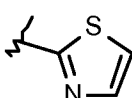
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

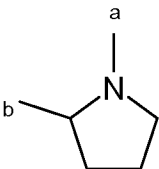
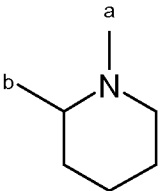
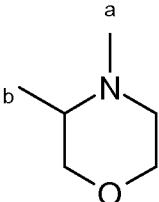


6. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or
20 enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl or trifluoromethylmethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl or methylsulfanyl;

A is , , or , which is unsubstituted or substituted by groups selected from methyl, isopropyl, deuterium and fluoro.

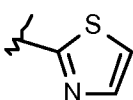
5

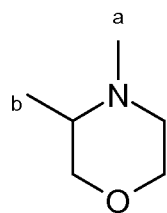
7. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by halogen;

10 and the other one is hydrogen;

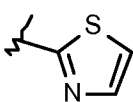
R^4 is  ;

A is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl.

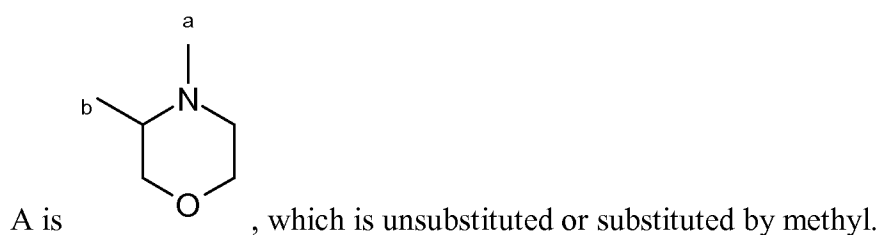
8. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is once or twice or three times substituted by fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other one is hydrogen;

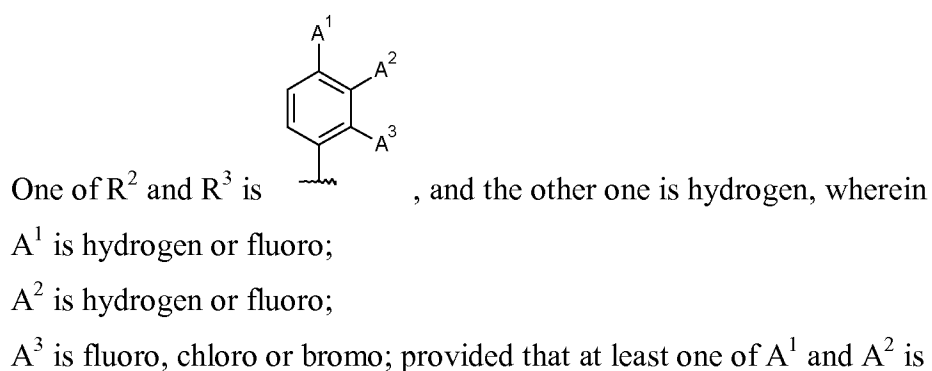
R^4 is  ;

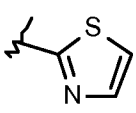
-147-

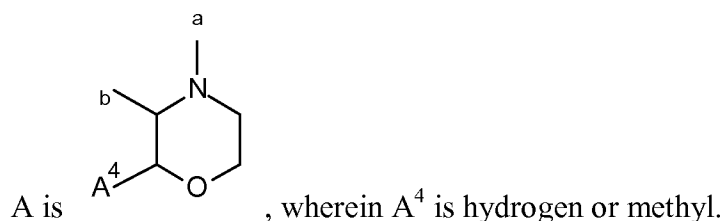


9. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 8 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

5 R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

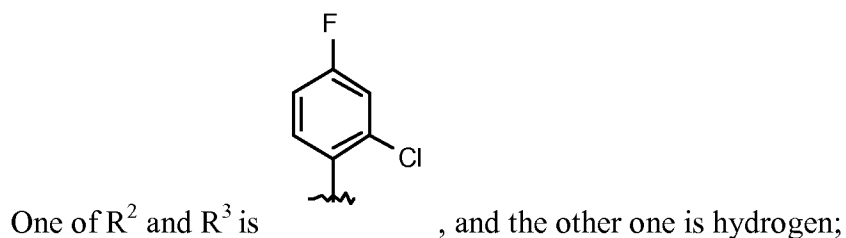


10 R^4 is ;

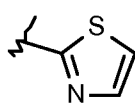


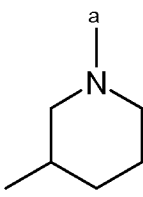
10. A compound according to claim 1 or 3 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

15 R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;



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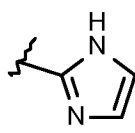
R⁴ is , which is unsubstituted or substituted by C₁₋₆alkyl;

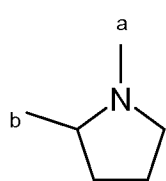
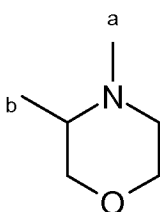
A is , which is substituted by halogen.

11. A compound according to claim 1 or 3 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

R¹ is C₁₋₆alkyl;

One of R² and R³ is phenyl, which is substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen;

R⁴ is , which is substituted by C₁₋₆alkyl;

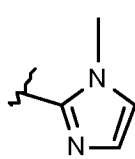
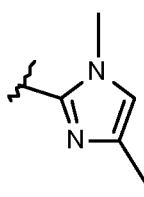
A is  or , which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

12. A compound according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4 or 11 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

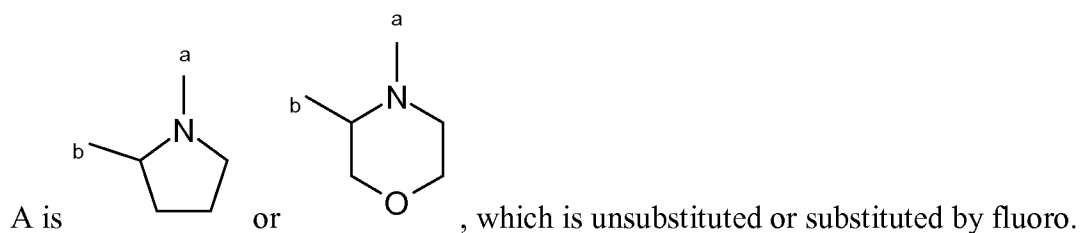
R¹ is methyl or ethyl;

One of R² and R³ is phenyl, which is substituted by fluoro or chloro; and the other one is

hydrogen;

R⁴ is  or  ;

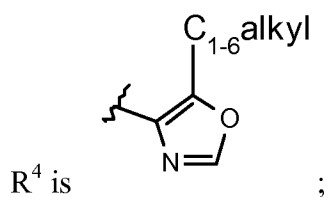
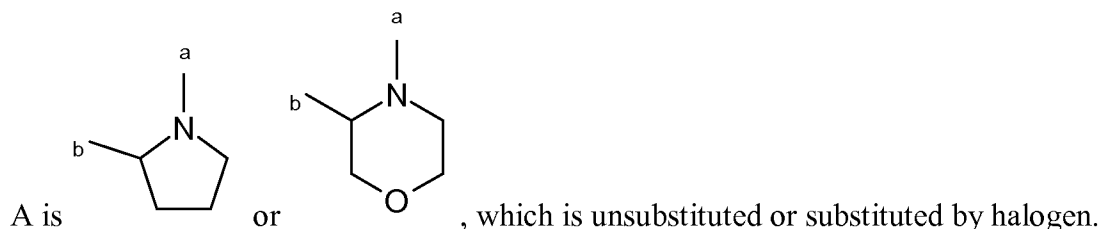
-149-



13. A compound according to claim 1 or 3 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

5 R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

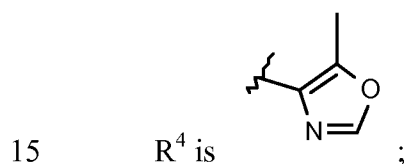
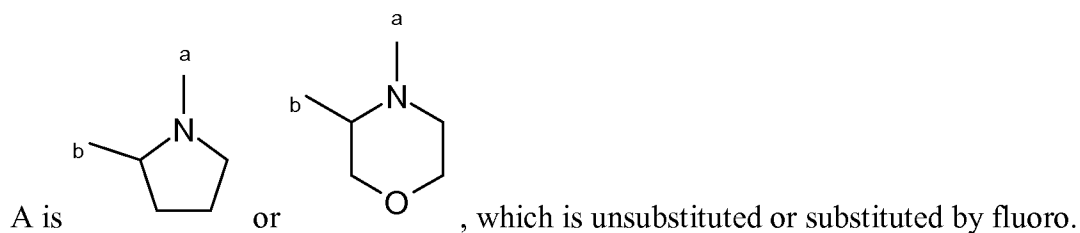
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen;



- 10 14. A compound according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4 or 13 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof, wherein

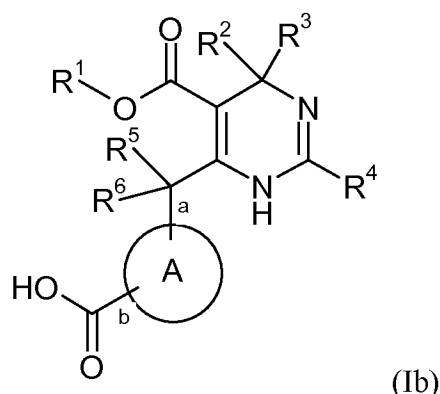
R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is substituted by fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other one is hydrogen;



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15. A compound according to claim 1 of formula (Ib)



wherein

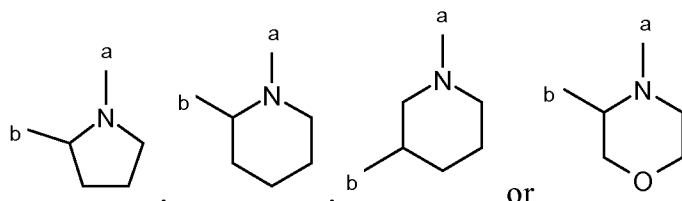
R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

5 One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, cycloalkyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

10 R^6 is hydrogen;

A is ; which is unsubstituted or twice or four times substituted by deuterium or halogen; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

15 16. A compound according to claim 15, wherein

R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

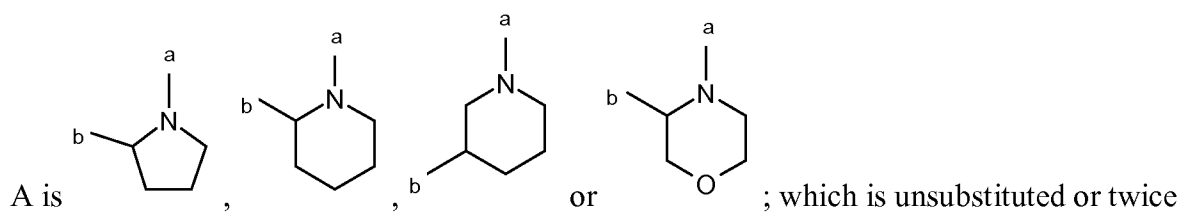
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano, fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

20 R^4 is phenyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by methyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, fluoro, chloro, cyclopropyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

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or four times substituted by deuterium or fluoro;

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or enantiomers, or diastereomers thereof.

- 5 17. A compound according to claim 15, wherein

R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

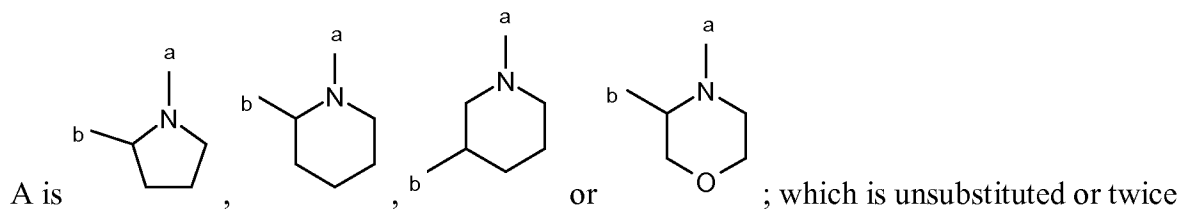
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano or halogen; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

R^4 is thiazolyl or imidazolyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by C_{1-6}

- 10 $alkyl$, halogen, cycloalkyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;



or four times substituted by deuterium or halogen.

15

18. A compound according to claim 15 or 17, wherein

R^1 is methyl or ethyl;

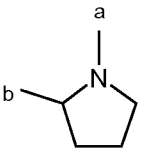
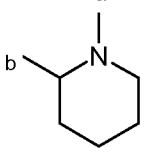
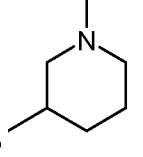
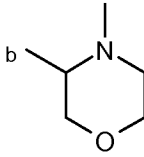
One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice or thrice substituted by cyano, fluoro, chloro or bromo; and the other one is hydrogen or deuterium;

- 20 R^4 is thiazolyl or imidazolyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by methyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, cyclopropyl or trifluoromethyl;

R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

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A is , ,  or ; which is unsubstituted or twice or four times substituted by deuterium or fluoro.

19. A compound according to claim 15, wherein

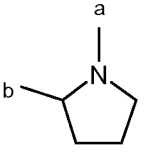
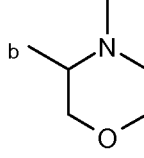
5 R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice substituted by halogen; and the other one is hydrogen;

R^4 is phenyl, oxazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is unsubstituted or once or twice substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, cycloalkyl or trifluoromethyl;

10 R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

A is  or ; which is unsubstituted or twice substituted by halogen.

20. A compound according to claim 15 or 19, wherein

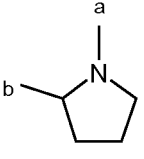
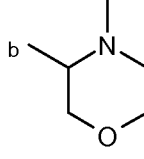
15 R^1 is methyl;

One of R^2 and R^3 is phenyl, which is twice substituted by fluoro or chloro; and the other one is hydrogen;

R^4 is phenyl, oxazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl; which is once or twice substituted by methyl, fluoro or chloro;

20 R^5 is hydrogen;

R^6 is hydrogen;

A is  or ; which is unsubstituted or twice substituted by fluoro.

21. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 20, selected from

- 6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- 5 (*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-[4-2H]-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-
- 10 pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3,5-difluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
(*R*)-6-(2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- 15 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-
- 20 cyclopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
(*R*)-2-(4-tert-butyl-thiazol-2-yl)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-fluoro-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- 25 (*S*)-4-[6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
(*R*)-6-((*R*)-5-carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-
- 30 methyl-oxazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4,5-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- 5 (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-[3,3-2H₂]-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- 6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-chloro-4,5-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-
- 10 pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3-fluoro-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- 15 (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- 6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-
- 20 yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-isopropyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester
- 25 (R)-4-(4-bromo-2-chloro-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-cyano-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-
- 30 4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

5 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

10 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (*R*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

20 (*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(3,4,5-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

25 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(4-Bromo-2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-4-[(*S*)-6-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

30 (*S*)-4-[(*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(*S*)-6-((*S*)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(4-cyano-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

5 (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-5-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethoxycarbonyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(S)-6-(4-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

10

(S)-4-[(S)-5-Ethoxycarbonyl-6-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

15 (S)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

20

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

25 (3S)-4-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(2S)-1-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-methylsulfanyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

30

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 5 (R)-4-(2-Bromo-3-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-
- 10 dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2,3-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 15 (R)-4-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-2-
- 20 thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-phenyl)-2-
- 25 thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;
- (S)-4-[(S)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (R)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-
- 30 pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-3-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (R)-6-((R)-5-Carboxy-3,3-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

5 (S)-4-[(S)-6-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(R)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

10 3-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-1,3-thiazinane-4-carboxylic acid;

(3S)-4-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(4-cyclopropylthiazol-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (3S)-4-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-[4-(difluoromethyl)thiazol-2-yl]-5-methoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-3,3-dimethyl-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(3R)-4-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-

20 dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-2,2-dimethyl-thiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(3S)-4-[[[(4R)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]thiomorpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(S)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

25 (S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

30 3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-2-methyl-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

5 (S)-4-[6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-propoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

10 (S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-isopropoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-4,4-difluoro-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-(5-methyl-oxazol-4-yl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

15 (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(S)-4-[5-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-6-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

20 (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

(R)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((S)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(R)-4-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-((R)-2-carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

25 (R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

(R)-6-((R)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

30 (R)-6-((S)-2-Carboxy-5,5-difluoro-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-4-(2-chloro-phenyl)-2-thiazol-2-yl-1,4-dihydro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;

(2R,3S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

- (2R,3S)-4-[(S)-6-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-5-Methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-6-(2,3,4-trifluoro-phenyl)-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 5 (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 10 (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Bromo-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-methyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 15 (2R,3S)-4-[(R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-5-methoxycarbonyl-2-thiazol-2-yl-3,6-dihydro-pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl]-2-isopropyl-morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-(((R)-6-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)-3-methylmorpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-(((R)-6-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 20 (3S)-4-(((4S)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (3S)-4-(((4S)-4-(3-bromo-4-chlorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 25 (3S)-4-(((4S)-4-(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (3S)-4-(((4S)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- (S)-4-(((R)-6-(2-bromophenyl)-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-(thiazol-2-yl)-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 30 (3S)-4-(((4R)-4-(2-bromo-3,4-difluorophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl)methyl)morpholine-3-carboxylic acid;

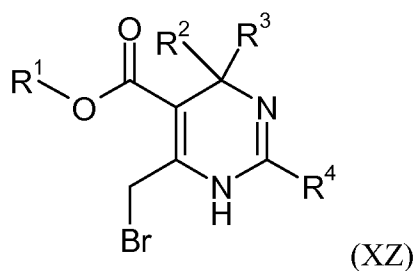
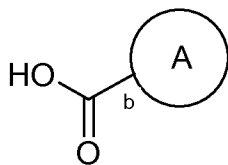
(3S)-4-[[[(4R)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-4-(2-iodophenyl)-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]morpholine-3-carboxylic acid; and

(2S)-1-[[[(4S)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1,4-dihydropyrimidin-6-yl]methyl]-4,4-difluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid.

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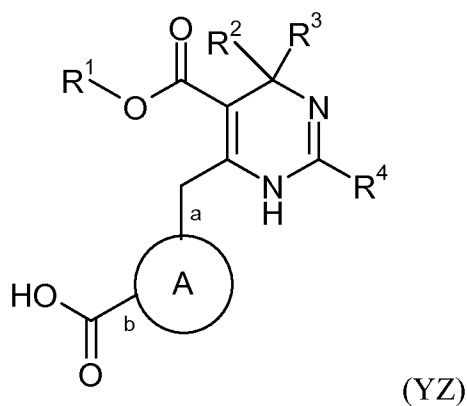
22. A process for the preparation of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 21 comprising the reaction of

(a) a compound of formula (XZ)



10 with in the presence of a base;

(b) a compound of formula (YZ)



under chiral separation condition;

wherein R¹ to R⁴ and A are defined as in any one of claims 1 to 20.

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23. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 21 for use as therapeutically active substance.

24. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound in accordance with any one of claims 1 to 21 and a therapeutically inert carrier.

20

25. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 21 for the treatment or prophylaxis of hepatitis B virus infection.
- 5 26. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 21 for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of hepatitis B virus infection.
27. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 21 for the treatment or prophylaxis of hepatitis B virus infection.
- 10 28. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 21 as inhibitors of hepatitis B virus.
29. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 21, when manufactured according to a process of claim 18.
- 15 30. A method for the treatment or prophylaxis of hepatitis B virus infection, which method comprises administering an effective amount of a compound as defined in any one of claims 1 to 21.
- 20 31. The invention as hereinbefore described.