

Description

The present invention relates generally to a slider for a slide fastener attached to a bag or the like article, and more particularly to a pull tab for such slide fastener slider.

A typical pull tab for slide fastener sliders of the type described is disclosed in Japanese Utility Model Laid-open Publication No. 62-102407. The disclosed pull tab includes, as reillustrated here in Figure 5, a pull tab body 11 formed of a highly flexible and elastic material such as soft synthetic rubber, soft synthetic resin, etc. and having a grip portion 12 on which a plurality of parallel spaced transverse ridges 13 are formed at equal intervals.

As is well known in the art, the pull tab is a part of a slider which is used to open and close a slide fastener, the grippability or "easy-to-grip" capability is an important characteristic required for the slider pull tab to ensure a smooth opening and closing operation of the slide fastener.

The slider pull tab disclosed in the above-mentioned Japanese publication is soft and elastic due to its material used, however, it is still unsatisfactory in terms of the grippability. This is because the ridges 13 on the grip portion 12 in fact provide an increased resistance to slip but concurrently give an unpleasant rugged touch or feeling onto the user's fingers.

With the foregoing difficulties in view, the present invention seeks to provide a pull tab for a slide fastener slider, which has an improved easy-to-grip capability while retaining the necessary non-slip characteristic.

According to the present invention, there is provided a pull tab for slide fastener sliders which includes at least one soft elastic grip mound provided on the grip portion of a pull tab body and raising from one of front and rear surfaces of the pull tab body. The grip mound has a roughened outer surface and is elastically deformable to fit the shape of the user's finger when the grip portion is gripped.

With this construction, when the user grips the grip portion of the pull tab for moving the slider to open and close a slide fastener, the grip mound is elastically flexed or deformed into a shape complementary in contour to the shape of the user's finger. In this instance, the roughened outer surface of the grip mound provides an increased resistance to slip and gives a pleasant touch or feeling to the user's finger.

Many other advantages and features of the present invention will become manifest to those versed in the art upon making reference to the detailed description and the accompanying sheets of drawings in which preferred structural embodiments incorporating the principles of the present invention are shown by way of illustrative example.

Figure 1 is a front elevational view of a slide fastener slider incorporating a pull tab according to

the present invention;

Figure 2 is a side view of the pull tab;

Figure 3 is a bottom view of the pull tab;

Figure 4 is a view similar to Figure 3, but showing a modified form of the pull tab; and

Figure 5 is a perspective view, with part shown in cross section, of a slide fastener slider having a prior art pull tab.

Figures 1 through 3 show a slider pull tab embodying the present invention. The slider pull tab includes an elongate body 21 formed of a soft elastic material such as soft synthetic rubber or soft synthetic resin and is connected at its proximal end to a connector 22 by means of which the pull tab body 21 is pivotally connected to a support lug 24 on a slider body 23 in a manner known per se. The pull tab body 21 includes a grip portion 25 constituting a major part of the pull tab body 21 and extending from an intermediate portion near the proximal end to the distal end of the pull tab body 21. The grip portion 25 includes a pair of substantially rectangular grip mounds 27, 27 raised from front and rear surfaces 26, 26 of the pull tab body 21. The grip mounds 27 have respective peripheral walls 27a (Figure 1) spaced inwardly or offset from the peripheral edge 26a of the pull tab body 21 and extending substantially parallel to the peripheral edge 26a of the pull tab body 21. The grip mounds 27 are formed integrally with the pull tab body 21 and hence possess an adequate degree of elasticity. The grip mounds 27 have roughened outer surfaces 27b (Figure 1) bearing on their entire areas a suitable design pattern such as a wrinkle finish pattern, a satin-like finish pattern, or a ribbed pattern.

With the grip mounds 27 thus provided, the grip portion 25 is thicker than the pull tab body 21 and has an adequate degree of elasticity. When gripped by the user's fingers, the grip mounds 27 are elastically deformed to conform to the shape of the user's fingers. In this instance, the respective roughened outer surfaces of the grip mounds 27 provide an increased resistance to slip and give a pleasant touch or feeling to the user's fingers, thus ensuring a stable and reliable gripping of the pull tab which leads to a smooth opening and closing operation of a slide fastener (not shown). The design pattern formed on the roughened surfaces 27b provides a leather-like appearance and hence the aesthetic appearance of the pull tab is improved as a whole.

In the embodiment described above, the grip portion 25 has a mound 27 provided on each surface of the pull tab body 21. The present invention is not limited to this embodiment but rather includes another embodiment shown in Figure 4 in which the grip portion has a single grip mound 27 provided on only one surface of the pull tab body. The single grip mound 27 preferably is disposed on the front surface of the pull tab body, mainly from the aesthetic viewpoint.

Claims

1. A pull tab for slide fastener sliders of the type having a pull tab body (21) formed of a soft elastic material such as soft synthetic rubber or soft synthetic resin, and pivotally connected to a support lug (24) on a slider body (23) by means of a connector (22), said pull tab body (21) having a grip portion (25) for being gripped by the user's fingers and constituting a major part of said pull tab body (21), wherein the improvement comprises: at least one soft elastic grip mound (27) provided on said grip portion and raising from one of front and rear surfaces (26, 26) of said pull tab body (21), said grip mound (27) having a roughened outer surface (27b) and elastically deformable to fit the shape of the user's finger when said grip portion (25) is gripped.

2. A pull tab according to claim 1, said grip mound (27) being integral with said pull tab body (21).

3. A pull tab according to claim 1 or 2, said grip mound (27) being offset from an outer peripheral edge (26a) of said pull tab body (21).

4. A pull tab according to claim 3, said grip mound (27) having an outer peripheral wall (27a) extending substantially parallel to said outer peripheral edge (26a) of said pull tab body (21).

5. A pull tab according to one of the claims 1 to 4, said grip mound (27) being disposed on the front surface (26) of said pull tab body (21).

6. A pull tab according to one of the claims 1 to 4, the number of said grip mound (27) being two, said two grip mounds (27, 27) being disposed on front and rear surfaces (26, 26) of said pull tab body (21).

7. A pull tab according to one of the preceding claims, said roughened outer surface (27b) having a design pattern comprising one of a wrinkle-finish pattern, a satin-like finish pattern and a ribbed pattern.

Patentansprüche

1. Griff für einen Reißverschlußschieber mit einem Griffkörper (21) aus einem weichen, elastischen Material, wie z.B. weicher Synthetikgummi oder weiches Kunstharz, der durch ein Verbindungsteil (22) mit einem Bügel (24) des Schieberkörpers (23) schwenkbar verbunden ist, wobei der Griffkörper (21) einen Griffbereich (25) aufweist, der vom Benutzer mit den Fingern erfaßt werden kann und einen Hauptteil des Griffkörpers (21) bildet, gekennzeichnet durch mindestens eine weiche, elastische Grifferrhebung (27), die an dem Griffbereich ausgebildet ist und sich von der Vorder- und/oder Rückseite (26, 26) des Griffkörpers (21) erhebt, wobei die Grifferrhebung (27) eine raue Oberfläche (27b) hat und elastisch verformbar ist, so daß sie sich beim Erfassen des Griffbereichs (25) der Fingerform des Benutzers anpaßt.

2. Griff nach Anspruch 1, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Grifferrhebung (27) mit dem Griffkörper (21) einstückig ist.

3. Griff nach Anspruch 1 oder 2, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Grifferrhebung (27) gegen einen äußeren Umfangsrand (26a) des Griffkörpers (21) versetzt ist.

4. Griff nach Anspruch 3, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Grifferrhebung (27) eine äußere Umfangswand (27a) hat, die sich zum Umfangsrand (26a) des Griffkörpers (21) im wesentlichen parallel erstreckt.

5. Griff nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 4, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Grifferrhebung (27) an der Vorderseite (26a) des Griffkörpers (21) angeordnet ist.

6. Griff nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 4, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß zwei Grifferrhebungen (27) vorhanden sind, die an der Vorder- und Rückseite (26, 26) des Griffkörpers (21) angeordnet sind.

7. Griff nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die raue Außenfläche (27b) ein Fischgrätmuster, ein satinartiges Muster oder ein Rippenmuster hat.

Revendications

1. Tirette pour curseur de fermeture à glissière du type comportant un corps (21) de tirette formé d'une matière élastique molle, telle que du caoutchouc synthétique mou ou une résine synthétique molle, et articulé à une oreille de support (24) présente sur le corps (23) du curseur au moyen d'un élément de raccordement (22), ledit corps (21) de tirette comportant une partie de préhension (25) destinée à être saisie par l'utilisateur et constituant une partie principale du corps (21) de la tirette, cette tirette comprenant: au moins une partie en surélévation ou protubérance de préhension élastique et molle (27) formée sur la partie de préhension précitée et faisant saillie d'une des faces avant et arrière (26, 26) du corps (21) de la tirette, ladite protubérance de préhension (27) comportant une surface extérieure (27b) rendue rugueuse et pouvant être déformée élastiquement pour épouser la forme du doigt de l'utilisateur quand celui-ci saisit ladite partie de préhension (25).

2. Tirette selon la revendication 1, dans laquelle la protubérance de préhension (27) fait partie intégrante du corps (21) de la tirette.

3. Tirette selon la revendication 1 ou 2, dans laquelle la protubérance de préhension (27) est dégaagée du bord périphérique extérieur (26a) du corps (21) de la tirette.

4. Tirette selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle la protubérance (27) de préhension comporte une paroi périphérique extérieure (27a) s'étendant de façon sensiblement parallèle au bord périphérique



extérieur (26a) du corps (21) de la tirette.

5. Tirette selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 4, caractérisée en ce que la protubérance de préhension (27) est disposée sur la face avant (26) du corps (21) de la tirette.

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6. Tirette selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 4, dans laquelle le nombre de protubérances de préhension (27) est égal à deux, ces deux protubérances de préhension (27, 27) étant disposées sur les faces avant et arrière (26, 26) du corps (21) de la tirette.

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7. Tirette selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans laquelle la surface extérieure (27b) rendue rugueuse comporte un motif comprenant un motif de finition ondulé, un motif de finition analogue à du satin ou un motif nervuré.

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