CLAIMS:

1. Pharmaceutical combination comprising:

- a conjugate of an effector molecule and a ligand for asialoglycoprotein receptor (ASGPR), wherein the ligand for ASGPR comprises at least one *N*-acetylgalactosamine (GalNAc) moiety, preferably three or four GalNAc moieties, more preferably the ligand for ASGPR comprises or consists of $(GalNAc)_3$Tris and wherein the effector molecule comprises or consists of an oligonucleotide; and

- a saponin, wherein the saponin is a monodesmosidic triterpene glycoside or a bidesmosidic triterpene glycoside comprising an aglycone core structure selected from quillaic acid and gypsogenin, wherein, optionally, the aldehyde group at position C23 of the quillaic acid or gypsogenin has been derivatised, and optionally comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and/or pharmaceutically acceptable diluent.

2. Pharmaceutical combination of claim 1 in the form of at least two pharmaceutical compositions comprising:

- a first pharmaceutical composition comprising the conjugate and optionally comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and/or pharmaceutically acceptable diluent; and
- a second pharmaceutical composition comprising the saponin and optionally comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and/or pharmaceutically acceptable diluent.

3. Pharmaceutical combination of claim 1 in the form of a single pharmaceutical composition comprising the conjugate, the saponin and optionally a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and/or pharmaceutically acceptable diluent.

4. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the ligand for ASGPR and the effector molecule are conjugated via a covalent bond, preferably via at least one linker.

5. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the effector molecule is an oligonucleotide selected from any one or more of a(n): short interfering RNA (siRNA), short hairpin RNA (shRNA), anti-hairpin-shaped microRNA (miRNA), single-stranded RNA, aptamer RNA, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), anti-microRNA (anti-miRNA, anti-miR), antisense oligonucleotide (ASO), mRNA, DNA, antisense DNA, locked nucleic acid (LNA), bridged nucleic acid (BNA), 2'-O,4'-aminoethylene bridged nucleic Acid (BNA^{NC}), BNA-based siRNA, and BNA-based antisense oligonucleotide (BNA-AON).

6. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the effector molecule is an oligonucleotide selected from any one of an anti-miRNA, a BNA-AON or an siRNA, such as BNA-based siRNA, preferably selected from chemically modified siRNA, metabolically stable siRNA and chemically modified, metabolically stable siRNA.

7. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the effector molecule is an oligonucleotide that is capable of silencing any one of genes: HSP27, apolipoprotein B (apoB), transthyretin (TTR), proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9), delta-aminolevulinate synthase 1 (ALAS1), antithrombin 3 (AT3), glycolate oxidase (GO), complement component C5 (CC5), X gene of hepatitis B virus (HBV), S gene of HBV, alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT) and lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), and/or is capable of targeting an aberrant miRNA.

8. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the effector molecule is an oligonucleotide that, for example when present inside a mammalian cell, is capable of targeting an mRNA involved in expression of any one of proteins: HSP27, apoB, TTR, PCSK9, ALAS1, AT3, GO, CC5, expression product of X gene of HBV, expression product of S gene of HBV, AAT and LDH, or is capable of antagonizing or restoring an miRNA function such as inhibiting an oncogenic miRNA (onco-miR) or suppression of expression of an onco-miR, for example when present inside a mammalian cell.

9. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the saponin aglycone core structure is quillaic acid or a derivative thereof.

10. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein

- the saponin comprises a saccharide chain bound to the aglycone core structure, which is selected from group A:

GlcA-,
Glc-,
Gal-,
Rha-(1→2)-Ara-,
Gal-(1→2)-[Xyl-(1→3)]-GlcA-,
Glc-(1→2)-[Glc-(1→4)]-GlcA-,
Glc-(1→2)-Ara-(1→3)-[Gal-(1→2)]-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→2)-Ara-(1→3)-[Gal-(1→2)]-GlcA-,
Glc-(1→3)-Gal-(1→2)-[Xyl-(1→3)]-Glc-(1→4)-Gal-,
Rha-(1→2)-Gal-(1→3)-[Glc-(1→2)]-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Ara-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,

Xyl-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Rha-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Glc-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Fuc-(1→2)-Gal-(1→2)-Fuc-(1→2)-GlcA-, and
derivatives thereof,
or

- the saponin comprises a saccharide chain bound to the aglycone core structure, which is selected from group B:

Glc-,
Gal-,
Rha-(1→2)-[Xyl-(1→4)]-Rha-,
Rha-(1→2)-[Ara-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)]-Rha-,
Ara-,
Xyl-,
Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[R1-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R1 is 4E-Methoxycinnamic acid,
Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[R2-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R2 is 4Z-Methoxycinnamic acid,
Xyl-(1→4)-[Gal-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-4-OAc-Fuc-,
Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-3,4-di-OAc-Fuc-,
Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[R3-(→4)]-3-OAc-Fuc- wherein R3 is 4E-Methoxycinnamic acid,
Glc-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-4-OAc-Fuc-,
Glc-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-4-OAc-Fuc-,
(Ara- or Xyl-)(1→3)-(Ara- or Xyl-)(1→4)-(Rha- or Fuc-)(1→2)-[4-OAc-(Rha- or Fuc-)(1→4)]-(Rha- or Fuc-),
Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[Qui-(1→4)]-Fuc-,
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-Fuc-,
Xyl-(1→4)-[Gal-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-Fuc-,
Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-Fuc-,
Ara/Xyl-(1→4)-Rha/Fuc-(1→4)-[Glc/Gal-(1→2)]-Fuc-,
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[R4-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R4 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[R5-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R5 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[Rha-(1→3)]-4-OAc-Fuc-,
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[Rha-(1→3)]-4-OAc-Fuc-,
6-OAc-Glc-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[3-OAc-Rha-(1→3)]-Fuc-,
Glc-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[3-OAc--Rha-(1→3)]-Fuc-,
Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[Qui-(1→4)]-Fuc-,

Glc-(1→3)-[Xyl-(1→4)]-Rha-(1→2)-[Qui-(1→4)]-Fuc-,
Glc-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[Xyl-(1→3)-4-OAc-Qui-(1→4)]-Fuc-,
Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[3,4-di-OAc-Qui-(1→4)]-Fuc-,
Glc-(1→3)-[Xyl-(1→4)]-Rha-(1→2)-Fuc-,
6-OAc-Glc-(1→3)-[Xyl-(1→4)]-Rha-(1→2)-Fuc-,
Glc-(1→3)-[Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)]-Rha-(1→2)-Fuc-,
Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[Xyl-(1→3)-4-OAc-Qui-(1→4)]-Fuc-,
Api/Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[Rha-(1→3)]-4OAc-Fuc-,
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[Rha-(1→3)]-4OAc-Fuc-,
Api/Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[R6-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R6 is 5-O-[5-O-Rha-(1→2)-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Api/Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[R7-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R7 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Api/Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-[Glc-(1→3)]-Rha-(1→2)-[R8-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R8 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[R9-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R9 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[R10-(→4)]-Fuc- wherein R10 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Api-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[R11-(→3)]-Fuc- wherein R11 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid),
Xyl-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[R12-(→3)]-Fuc- wherein R12 is 5-O-[5-O-Ara/Api-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoyl]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-methyl-octanoic acid)
Glc-(1→3)-[Glc-(1→6)]-Gal-, and
derivatives thereof,
or

- the saponin is a bidesmosidic triterpene glycoside comprising a first saccharide chain selected from the group A bound to the aglycone core structure and comprising a second saccharide chain selected from the group B bound to the aglycone core structure.

11. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the saponin is selected from the group consisting of: *Quillaja* bark saponin, NP-017777, NP-017778, NP-017774, NP-018110, NP-017772, NP-018109, NP-017888, NP-017889, NP-018108, SA1641, AE X55, NP-017674, NP-017810, AG1, NP-003881, NP-017676, NP-017677, NP-017706, NP-017705, NP-017773, NP-017775, SA1657, AG2, SO1861, GE1741, SO1542, SO1584, SO1658, SO1674, SO1832, SO1862, SO1904, QS-7, QS1861, QS-7 api, QS1862, QS-17, QS-18, QS-21 A-apio, QS-21 A-xylo, QS-21 B-apio, QS-21 B-xylo, stereoisomers thereof, derivatives thereof, and combinations thereof, preferably the saponin is selected from the group consisting of QS-21, a QS-21 derivative, SO1861, a SO1861 derivative, SA1641, a SA1641 derivative, GE1741,a GE1741 derivative and combinations thereof, more preferably the

saponin is selected from the group consisting of a QS-21 derivative, a SO1861 derivative and combinations thereof, most preferably the saponin is a SO1861 derivative.

12. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the saponin is a saponin derivative wherein either:

i. the saponin derivative comprises an aglycone core structure comprising an aldehyde group which has been derivatised; or

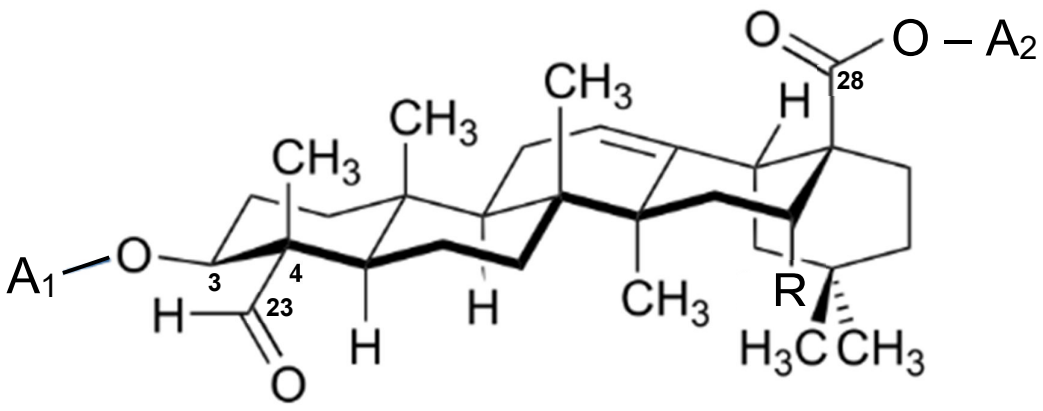
ii. the saponin derivative comprises a saccharide chain, preferably a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10, the saccharide chain comprising a carboxyl group which has been derivatised; or

iii. the saponin derivative comprises a saccharide chain, preferably a saccharide chain selected from group B as defined in claim 10, the saccharide chain comprising an acetoxy (Me(CO)O-) group which has been derivatised; or

iv. any combination of derivatisations i., ii. and iii. is present, optionally any combination of two derivatisations of derivatisations i., ii. and iii.

13. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the saponin is selected from the group consisting of: SO1861, SA1657, GE1741, SA1641, QS-21, QS-21A, QS-21 A-api, QS-21 A-xyl, QS-21B, QS-21 B-api, QS-21 B-xyl, QS-7-xyl, QS-7-api, QS-17-api, QS-17-xyl, QS1861, QS1862, Quillajasaponin, Saponinum album, QS-18, Quil-A, Gyp1, gypsoside A, AG1, AG2, SO1542, SO1584, SO1658, SO1674, SO1832, SO1904, stereoisomers thereof, derivatives thereof and combinations thereof, preferably the saponin is selected from the group consisting of QS-21, a QS-21 derivative, SO1861, a SO1861 derivative, SA1641, a SA1641 derivative, GE1741, a GE1741 derivative and combinations thereof, more preferably the saponin is selected from the group consisting of a QS-21 derivative, a SO1861 derivative and combinations thereof, most preferably the saponin is a SO1861 derivative.

14. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims, wherein the saponin represented by Molecule 1:



(Molecule 1)

wherein

A_1 represents hydrogen, a monosaccharide or a linear or branched oligosaccharide, preferably A_1 represents a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10, more preferably A_1 represents a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10 and A_1 comprises or consists of a glucuronic acid moiety;

A_2 represents hydrogen, a monosaccharide or a linear or branched oligosaccharide, preferably A_2 represents a saccharide chain selected from group B as defined in claim 10, more preferably A_2 represents a saccharide chain selected from group B as defined in claim 10 and A_2 comprises at least one acetoxy (Me(CO)O-) group, such as one, two, three or four acetoxy groups, wherein at least one of A_1 and A_2 is not hydrogen, preferably both A_1 and A_2 are an oligosaccharide chain;

and R is hydrogen in gypsogenin or hydroxyl in quillaic acid;

wherein the saponin derivative corresponds to the saponin represented by Molecule 1 wherein at least one of the following derivatisations is present:

i. the aldehyde group at position C_{23} of the quillaic acid or gypsogenin has been derivatised;
ii. the carboxyl group of a glucuronic acid moiety of A_1, when A_1 represents a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10 and A_1 comprises or consists of a glucuronic acid moiety, has been derivatised; and
iii. one or more, preferably all, of acetoxy group(s) of one saccharide moiety or of two or more saccharide moieties of A_2, when A_2 represents a saccharide chain selected from group B as defined in claim 10 and A_2 comprises at least one acetoxy group, has/have been derivatised.

15. Pharmaceutical combination of claim 14, wherein A_1 represents a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10 and comprises or consists of a glucuronic acid moiety and wherein the carboxyl group of a glucuronic acid moiety of A_1 has been derivatised and/or wherein A_2 represents a

saccharide chain selected from group B as defined in claim 10 and A_2 comprises at least one acetoxy group and wherein at least one acetoxy group of A_2 has been derivatised.

16. Pharmaceutical combination of claim 14 or 15, wherein the saponin represented by Molecule 1 is a bidesmosidic triterpene saponin.

17. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the claims 14-16, wherein the saponin derivative corresponds to the saponin represented by Molecule 1 wherein at least one of the following derivatisations is present:

i. the aldehyde group at position C_{23} of the quillaic acid or gypsogenin has been derivatised by;

- reduction to an alcohol; or
- transformation into a hydrazone bond through reaction with N-ε-maleimidocaproic acid hydrazide (EMCH), therewith providing a saponin-Ald-EMCH such as a SO1861-Ald-EMCH or a QS-21-Ald-EMCH, wherein the maleimide group of the EMCH is optionally derivatised by formation of a thioether bond with mercaptoethanol; or
- transformation into a hydrazone bond through reaction with N-[ß-maleimidopropionic acid] hydrazide (BMPH) wherein the maleimide group of the BMPH is optionally derivatised by formation of a thioether bond with mercaptoethanol; or
- transformation into a hydrazone bond through reaction with N-[κ-maleimidoundecanoic acid] hydrazide (KMUH) wherein the maleimide group of the KMUH is optionally derivatised by formation of a thioether bond with mercaptoethanol;

ii. the carboxyl group of a glucuronic acid moiety of A_1, when A_1 represents a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10 and A_1 comprises or consists of a glucuronic acid moiety, has been derivatised by transformation into an amide bond through reaction with 2-amino-2-methyl-1,3-propanediol (AMPD) or *N*-(2-aminoethyl)maleimide (AEM), therewith providing a saponin-Glu-AMPD such as a QS-21-Glu-AMPD or a SO1861-Glu-AMPD or a saponin-Glu-AEM such as a QS-21-Glu-AEM or a SO1861-Glu-AEM; and

iii. one or more, preferably all, of acetoxy group(s) of one saccharide moiety or of two or more saccharide moieties of A_2, when A_2 represents a saccharide chain selected from group B as defined in claim 10 and A_2 comprises at least one acetoxy group, has/have been derivatised by transformation into a hydroxyl group (HO-) by deacetylation.

18. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the claims 14-17, wherein A_1 is Gal-(1→2)-[Xyl-(1→3)]-GlcA and/or A_2 is Glc-(1→3)-Xyl-(1→4)-Rha-(1→2)-[Xyl-(1→3)-4-OAc-Qui-(1→4)]-Fuc, preferably the saponin represented by Molecule 1 is 3-O-beta-D-galactopyranosyl-(1→2)-[beta-D-xylopyranosyl-(1→3)]-beta-D-glucuronopyranosyl quillaic acid 28-O-beta-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→3)-beta-D-xylopyranosyl-(1→4)- alpha-L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1→2)-[beta-D-xylopyranosyl-(1→3)-4OAc-beta-D-quinovopyranosyl-(1→4)]-beta-D-fucopyranoside, more preferably SO1861, GE1741, SA1641 and/or QS-21, or a derivative thereof, most preferably SO1861 or a derivative thereof.

19. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the claims 12-18, wherein the saponin is a saponin derivative wherein either:

i. the saponin derivative comprises an aglycone core structure comprising an aldehyde group which has been derivatised by:

- reduction to an alcohol; or
- transformation into a hydrazone bond through reaction with N-ε-maleimidocaproic acid hydrazide (EMCH), therewith providing a saponin-Ald-EMCH such as a SO1861-Ald-EMCH or a QS-21-Ald-EMCH, wherein the maleimide group of the EMCH is optionally derivatised by formation of a thioether bond with mercaptoethanol; or
- transformation into a hydrazon bond through reaction with N-[ß-maleimidopropionic acid] hydrazide (BMPH) wherein the maleimide group of the BMPH is optionally derivatised by formation of a thioether bond with mercaptoethanol; or
- transformation into a hydrazon bond through reaction with N-[κ-maleimidoundecanoic acid] hydrazide (KMUH) wherein the maleimide group of the KMUH is optionally derivatised by formation of a thioether bond with mercaptoethanol; or

ii. the saponin derivative comprises a saccharide chain, preferably a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10, the saccharide chain comprising a carboxyl group, preferably a carboxyl group of a glucuronic acid moiety which has been derivatised by transformation into an amide bond through reaction with 2-amino-2-methyl-1,3-propanediol (AMPD) or *N*-(2-aminoethyl)maleimide (AEM), therewith providing a saponin-Glu-AMPD such as a QS-21-Glu- AMPD or a SO1861-Glu-AMPD or a saponin-Glu-AEM such as a QS-21-Glu-AEM or a SO1861-Glu-AEM; or

iii. the saponin derivative comprises a saccharide chain, preferably a saccharide chain selected from group B as defined in claim 10, the saccharide chain comprising an acetoxy (Me(CO)O-) group which has been derivatised by transformation into a hydroxyl group (HO-) by deacetylation; or

iv. the saponin derivative comprises any combination of derivatisations i., ii. and iii., optionally any combination of two derivatisations i., ii. and iii.;

preferably, the saponin derivative comprises an aglycone core structure wherein the aglycone core structure comprises an aldehyde group which has been derivatised by transformation into a hydrazone bond through reaction with EMCH wherein the maleimide group of the EMCH is optionally derivatised by formation of a thioether bond with mercaptoethanol.

20. Pharmaceutical combination of claim 19 wherein the saponin is a saponin derivative wherein either:

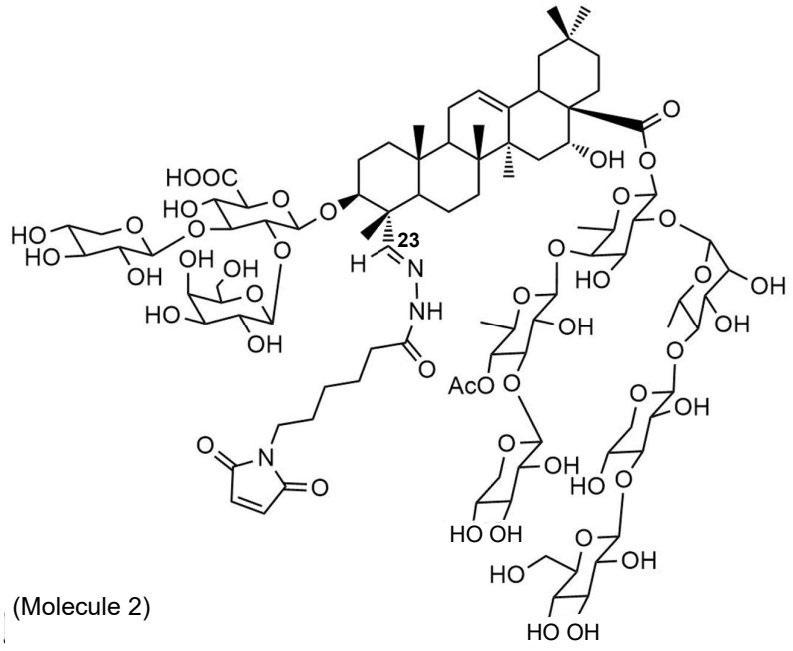
i. the saponin derivative comprises an aglycone core structure comprising an aldehyde group which has been derivatised by transformation into a hydrazone bond through reaction with N-ε-maleimidocaproic acid hydrazide (EMCH), therewith providing a saponin-Ald-EMCH such as a SO1861-Ald-EMCH or a QS-21-Ald-EMCH; or

ii. the saponin comprises a saccharide chain, preferably a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10, the saccharide chain comprising a carboxyl group, preferably a carboxyl group of a glucuronic acid moiety which has been derivatised by transformation into an amide bond through reaction with *N*-(2-aminoethyl)maleimide (AEM) , therewith providing a saponin-Glu-AEM such as a QS-21-Glu-AEM or a SO1861-Glu-AEM; or

iii. the saponin derivative comprises a combination of derivatisations i. and ii.

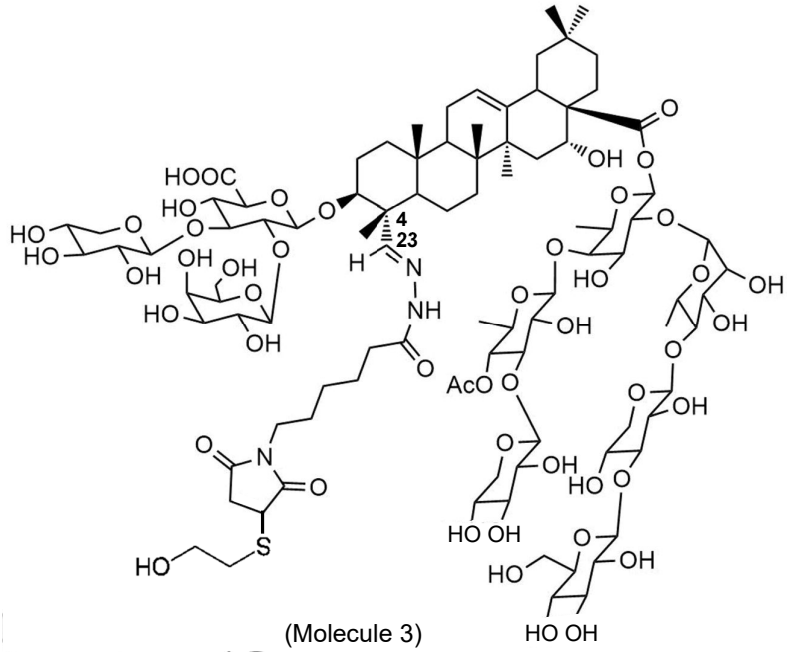
21. Pharmaceutical combination of claim 19, wherein the saponin derivative comprises an aglycone core structure wherein the aglycone core structure comprises an aldehyde group and wherein the saponin derivative comprises a saccharide chain, preferably a saccharide chain selected from group A as defined in claim 10, the saccharide chain comprising a carboxyl group, preferably a carboxyl group of a glucuronic acid moiety, which glucuronic acid moiety has been derivatised by transformation into an amide bond through reaction with *N*-(2-aminoethyl)maleimide (AEM).

22. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of claims 1-19, wherein the saponin is a saponin derivative represented by Molecule 2:



(Molecule 2)

or wherein the saponin derivative is the saponin derivative represented by Molecule 3



(Molecule 3)

.

23. Pharmaceutical combination of any one of the previous claims for use as a medicament.

24. Use of the pharmaceutical combination of any one of the claims 1-22, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease or health problem in which an expression product is involved of any one or more of genes: apoB, HSP27, TTR, PCSK9, ALAS1, AT3, GO, CC5, X gene of HBV, S gene of HBV, AAT and LDH.

25. Use of the pharmaceutical combination of any one of the claims 1-22, or use of the pharmaceutical combination of claim 24, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of a cancer, an infectious disease, a viral infection, hypercholesterolemia, primary hyperoxaluria, haemophilia A, haemophilia B, AAT related liver disease, acute hepatic porphyria, TTR-mediated amyloidosis, hereditary TTR amyloidosis (hATTR), complement-mediated disease, hepatitis B infection, a disease or disorder relating to HSP27 expression, or an auto-immune disease.

26. Use of the pharmaceutical combination according to any one of the claims 23-25, wherein the pharmaceutical combination is as described in any one of the claims 17-22.

27. *In vitro* or *ex vivo* method for transferring the effector molecule of any one of the claims 1-8 from outside a cell to inside said cell, preferably into the cytosol of said cell, comprising the steps of:

a) providing a cell which expresses ASGPR, preferably ASGPR1, on its surface, preferably selected from a liver cell, a virally infected cell and a cancer cell;

b) providing the conjugate of any one of claims 1-22, the conjugate comprising the effector molecule to be transferred;
c) providing the saponin of any one of claims 1-22;
d) contacting the cell of step a) *in vitro* or *ex vivo* with the conjugate of step b) and the saponin of step c), therewith effecting the transfer of said conjugate comprising the effector molecule from outside the cell to inside said cell, and by effecting the transfer of said conjugate effecting the transfer of the effector molecule from outside the cell to inside said cell, preferably into the cytosol of said cell.

28. *In vitro* or *ex vivo* method for transferring the conjugate of any one of the claims 1-22 from outside a cell to inside said cell, preferably into the cytosol of said cell, comprising the steps of:
a) providing a cell which expresses ASGPR, preferably ASGPR1, on its surface, preferably selected from a liver cell, a virally infected cell and a cancer cell;
b) providing the conjugate of any one of claims 1-22;
c) providing the saponin of any one of claims 1-22;
d) contacting the cell of step a) *in vitro* or *ex vivo* with the conjugate of step b) and the saponin of step c), therewith effecting the transfer of the conjugate from outside the cell inside said cell.

29. The method of claim 27 or 28, wherein the ligand for ASGPR comprises at least one *N*-acetylgalactosamine (GalNAc) moiety, preferably three or four GalNAc moieties, more preferably the ligand for ASGPR comprises or consists of $(GalNAc)_3$Tris and/or wherein the effector molecule is an oligonucleotide selected from any one of an anti-miRNA, a BNA-AON or an siRNA, such as BNA-based siRNA, preferably selected from chemically modified siRNA, metabolically stable siRNA and chemically modified, metabolically stable siRNA.

30. The method of any one of the claims 27-29, wherein the saponin is derivatised SO1861 and/or derivatised QS-21, preferably SO1861-Glu-AEM or SO1861-Ald-EMCH or QS-21-Glu-AEM or QS-21-Ald-EMCH according to claim 19.

31. The method of any one of the claims 27-30, wherein the effector molecule is an oligonucleotide which, for example when present inside a mammalian cell, is capable of silencing any one of genes: apolipoprotein B (apoB), HSP27, transthyretin (TTR), proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9), delta-aminolevulinate synthase 1 (ALAS1), antithrombin 3 (AT3), glycolate oxidase (GO), complement component C5 (CC5), X gene of hepatitis B virus (HBV), S gene of HBV, alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT) and lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), and/or, for example when present inside a mammalian cell, is capable of targeting an aberrant miRNA and/or, for example when present inside a mammalian cell, wherein the oligonucleotide is capable of targeting an mRNA involved in expression of any one of proteins: HSP27, apoB, TTR, PCSK9, ALAS1, AT3, GO, CC5, expression product of X gene of HBV, expression product of S gene of HBV, AAT and LDH, or, for example when present inside a mammalian

cell, is capable of antagonizing or restoring an miRNA function such as inhibiting an oncogenic miRNA (onco-miR) or suppression of expression of an onco-miR.

32. Kit of parts, comprising the pharmaceutical combination of any one of the claims 1-22 or the second pharmaceutical composition of claim 2, and instructions for use of said pharmaceutical combination or second pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 25-28 or for use in a method according to any one of claims 29-31.