of (1) to (5), wherein the adhesive agent layer contains 40 mass% or more of polyhydric alcohol with respect to the adhesive agent layer.

[0013]

(7) A method of treating or preventing herpes zoster or postherpetic neuralgia in a patient, the method comprising a step of applying the hydrous adhesive skin patch described in any one of (1) to (6) onto the skin of the patient.

(8) Use of the hydrous adhesive skin patch described in any one of (1) to (6) in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing herpes zoster or postherpetic neuralgia in a patient, wherein the medicament is to be applied onto the skin of the patient.

Effects of the Invention

[0014]

According to the present invention, diethylene glycol or diethylene glycol monoalkyl ether is blended (contained) in an adhesive agent layer of a hydrous adhesive skin patch, and thus the adhesive agent is easily applied uniformly, and the elastic force of the adhesive agent decreases despite lidocaine being contained in the process of manufacturing the adhesive skin patch, and thus the load applied to the apparatus for manufacturing the adhesive skin patch is suppressed. Accordingly, a hydrous adhesive skin patch containing lidocaine can be provided that can be applied in a uniform thickness easily.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0015]

Fig. 1 is a graph that illustrates tanδ of an adhesive skin patch pertaining to an example of the present invention.

Fig. 2 is a graph that illustrates the strain to stress of

6. The hydrous adhesive skin patch according to any one of claims 1 to 5, which contains 40 mass% or more of polyhydric alcohol with respect to the adhesive agent layer in the adhesive agent layer.

7. ~~A method of treating or preventing herpes zoster or postherpetic neuralgia in a patient, the method comprising a step of applying~~ Use of the hydrous adhesive skin patch according to any one of claims 1 to 6 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing herpes zoster or postherpetic neuralgia in a patient, wherein the medicament is to be applied onto the skin of the patient.