

METHOD FOR SELECTING A PARTS KIT DETAIL

Most modern chemical processing facilities use numerous pressure transducers to determine pressure and flow rate of fluids being conveyed in pipe lines. In addition, such facilities use pressure transducers to determine pressure and level in process vessels.

Safety considerations require that the pressure transducers be installed using materials of construction and of a design which will safely withstand exposure to the material contained in the process pipe or vessel at the temperature and pressure of the material. Safety considerations also may require that the pressure transducers be installed using flush and drain flanges or other means that allow safe venting and flushing of the material before the transducer is disconnected for service or replacement.

When an instrument engineer needs to specify the kit of parts necessary to install a pressure transducer on a pipe line or vessel, the engineer will design and specify any necessary pipe manifold, block valves, flanges and other parts depending on the properties of the material, such as its pressure, temperature, toxicity as well as the tendency of the material for clogging or plugging passageways. In addition, the physical orientation of the pipe (horizontal or vertical) or vessel will be taken into account.

For a modern chemical processing facility, the instrument engineer will repeat this process for the many pressure transducers that will be installed in the facility. When the instrument engineer is finished, a number of parts kits will have been designed and specified which exactly, in theory, meet the needs of each application. However, since each application is custom designed, the overall process is relatively expensive.

It would be an advance in the art of designing and specifying such parts kits if a method could be developed which standardized the process, to at least some degree, and therefore reduced its cost and resulted in a limited number of standardized designs rather than an almost endless variety of custom designs.

The instant invention is a method for selecting a parts kit in a more standardized manner and at a reduced cost. More specifically, the instant invention is a method for selecting a parts kit detail for the installation of a pressure transducer on a container such as a pipe line or a vessel, the container for containing a fluid material, the method comprising the steps of: establishing at least two different installation categories, each such different installation category being defined by the properties of the fluid material;

and establishing at least two different parts kit details, at least two of such different parts kit details being applicable to a different installation category.

Fig. 1 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 1;

Fig. 2 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 2;

Fig. 3 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 3;

Fig. 4 shows a parts kit detail for a level measurement pressure transducer on a vessel for installation categories 2, 4 and 5;

Fig. 5 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 5A;

Fig. 6 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 5B;

Fig. 7 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 6A;

Fig. 8 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 6B;

Fig. 9 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 7;

Fig. 10 shows a parts kit detail for a pressure transducer on a pipe line or a vessel for installation category 8;

Fig. 11 shows a parts kit detail for a pressure transducer on a pipe line or a vessel for installation categories 2, 3, 4, 5A, 5B, 6A, 6B, 7 or 9;

Fig. 12 shows a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer on a horizontal pipe line for installation category 10; and

Fig. 13 shows a flow diagram for establishing twelve different installation categories.

The invention is a method for selecting a parts kit detail for the installation of a pressure transducer on a container such as a pipe line or a vessel, the container for containing a fluid material. The method comprises two steps. The first step is to establish at least two different installation categories, each such different installation category being defined by the properties of the fluid material. The second step is to establish at least two



different parts kit details, at least two of such different parts kit details being applicable to a different installation category.

Referring now to Fig. 13, therein is shown a flow diagram for establishing twelve different installation categories, that is, categories 1, 2, 3, 4, 5A, 5B, 6A, 6B, 7, 8, 9 and 10. Table I summarizes each category.

TABLE I

CATEGORIES OF MATERIALS	
CATEGORY 1	MATERIALS THAT CAN BE SAFELY VENTED TO THE ATMOSPHERE OR COLLECTED IN A CONTAINER. (FOR EXAMPLE WATER, AIR, NITROGEN)
CATEGORY 2	MATERIALS THAT MUST BE FLUSHED OUT OF THE INSTRUMENT SYSTEM AND COLLECTED FOR DISPOSAL IN A VENT COLLECTION SYSTEM OR INCINERATOR. (FOR EXAMPLE BENZENE)
CATEGORY 3	MATERIALS THAT CAN BE CLEARED BY EVACUATION, WITHOUT FLUSHING AND COLLECTED FOR DISPOSAL IN A VACUUM SYSTEM. (FOR EXAMPLE FREON)
CATEGORY 4	MATERIALS THAT ARE PRONE TO PLUGGING, FREEZING, POLYMERIZING. (FOR EXAMPLE STYRENE MONOMER, 50 PERCENT NaOH IN WATER)
CATEGORY 5A	HOT VAPORS (100-200 C) THAT CAN CONDENSE AT OPERATING TEMPERATURES ABOVE 100 C, AND MUST BE COLLECTED OR FLUSHED.
CATEGORY 5B	HOT VAPORS (100-200 C) THAT CAN CONDENSE AT OPERATING TEMPERATURES ABOVE 100 C, AND NEED NOT BE FLUSHED (FOR EXAMPLE STEAM)
CATEGORY 6A	HOT VAPORS (100-200 C) THAT CAN CONDENSE AT OPERATING TEMPERATURES ABOVE 100 C, AND MUST BE COLLECTED OR FLUSHED.

CATEGORY 6B	HOT VAPORS (>200 C) THAT CAN CONDENSE AT OPERATING TEMPERATURES ABOVE 100 C, AND NEED NOT BE FLUSHED. (FOR EXAMPLE STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF 80 ATMOSPHERES)
CATEGORY 7	CRYOGENIC LIQUIDS, TEMPERATURES <-40 C
CATEGORY 8	SYSTEMS THAT HAVE TO BE THOROUGHLY CLEANED BETWEEN RUNS. (FOR EXAMPLE PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMICALS)
CATEGORY 9	HIGH TEMPERATURE (>200 C), NON-CONDENSING LIQUIDS OR GASES (FOR EXAMPLE HOT NITROGEN)
CATEGORY 10	HIGH PRESSURE. (>130 ATMOSPHERES)

Each category is defined by the properties of the material in the pipe line or vessel such as its temperature, pressure, toxicity or other safety hazard, and its tendency to plug passageways through which it is flowed.

5 Of course, the scheme shown in Fig. 13 is but one example of any number of possible alternatives. What is critical in the instant invention is that at least two such categories must be defined by the properties of the material. The material can be any fluid such as a gas or a liquid. For example, the material can be steam or water. In its full scope, the material can be any of the myriad of chemicals and mixtures of chemicals of a modern
10 chemical process facility, including a refinery or a pipeline facility, including gases, liquids and slurries.

Referring now to Table II, therein are described in excess of one hundred and sixty parts kit details.

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TABLE II

DETAIL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
3351-00	CATEGORY 1: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, DIRECT MOUNT

3351-02	CATEGORY 2: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
3351-05	CATEGORY 3: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
3351-10	CATEGORY 1: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, SUPPORTED
3351-12	CATEGORY 2: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3351-15	CATEGORY 3: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
3351-20	CATEGORY 1: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, SUPPORTED
3351-22	CATEGORY 2: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3351-25	CATEGORY 3: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
3352-10	CATEGORY 5B: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF LESS THAN 17 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3352-20	CATEGORY 5B: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF LESS THAN 17 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3353-10	CATEGORY 6B: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF FROM 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED

3353-20	CATEGORY 6B: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF FROM 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3354-12	CATEGORY 5A: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPORS 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3354-22	CATEGORY 5A: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3355-12	CATEGORY 6A: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3355-22	CATEGORY 6A: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3358-12	CATEGORY 10: WEDGE METER, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, >130 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3361-00	CATEGORY 1: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, DIRECT MOUNT
3361-02	CATEGORY 2: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
3361-05	CATEGORY 3: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, SUPPORTED
3361-10	CATEGORY 1: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
3361-12	CATEGORY 2: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3361-15	CATEGORY 3: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
3361-20	CATEGORY 1: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, SUPPORTED

3361-22	CATEGORY 2: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3361-25	CATEGORY 3: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
3362-10	CATEGORY 5B: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3362-20	CATEGORY 5B: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3363-10	CATEGORY 6B: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3363-20	CATEGORY 6B: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3364-12	CATEGORY 5A: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-250C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3364-22	CATEGORY 5A: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-250C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3365-12	CATEGORY 6A: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3365-22	CATEGORY 6A: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED

3368-12	CATEGORY 10: VENTURI, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, >130 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3411-00	CATEGORY 1: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, DIRECT MOUNT
3411-02	CATEGORY 2: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
3411-05	CATEGORY 3: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
3411-10	CATEGORY 1: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, SUPPORTED
3411-12	CATEGORY 2: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3411-15	CATEGORY 3: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
3411-20	CATEGORY 1: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, VENTED, SUPPORTED
3411-22	CATEGORY 2: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3411-25	CATEGORY 3: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
3412-10	CATEGORY 5B: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, SUPPORTED
3412-20	CATEGORY 5B: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, SUPPORTED

3413-10	CATEGORY 6B: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3413-20	CATEGORY 6B: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, STEAM AT A PRESSURE OF 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
3414-12	CATEGORY 5A: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3414-22	CATEGORY 5A: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3415-12	CATEGORY 6A: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3415-22	CATEGORY 6A: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3417-12	CATEGORY 7: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, CRYOGENIC -130C TO -20C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3418-12	CATEGORY 10: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL PIPE, >130 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3421-00	CATEGORY 1: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, VERTICAL PIPE, VENTED DIRECT MOUNT
3421-05	CATEGORY 2: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, VERTICAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
3421-05	CATEGORY 3: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, VERTICAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT

3421-10	CATEGORY 1: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, VERTICAL PIPE, VENTED, SUPPORTED
3421-12	CATEGORY 2: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, VERTICAL PIPE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
3421-15	CATEGORY 3: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, VERTICAL PIPE, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
3428-12	CATEGORY 10: ORIFICE, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, VERTICAL PIPE, >130 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
4300-01	CATEGORY 1,2,3,5,6,7,9: ISOLATABLE POINT LEVEL INSTRUMENT INSTALLATION DETAIL
4401-00	CATEGORY 1: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, TRADITIONAL FLANGE, DIRECT MOUNT, ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SERVICE, VENTED
4402-02	CATEGORY 2,4: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, INTEGRAL FLANGE, ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4402-05	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, INTEGRAL FLANGE, ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4403-02	CATEGORY 1: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HTG FLANGE, ATMOSPHERIC/LOW PRESSURE SERVICE
4404-02	CATEGORY 2,4,5: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, "L" FLANGE, ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4404-05	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, "L" FLANGE, ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4414-12	CATEGORY 2,4,5: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, "L" FLANGE, FLANGE RELIEF SEAL, FLUSH/DRAIN
4414-15	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, "L" FLANGE, FLANGE RELIEF SEAL, FLUSH/DRAIN

4414-22	CATEGORY 2,4,5: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER "L" FLANGE, PANCAKE RELIEF SEAL, FLUSH/DRAIN
4414-25	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, "L" FLANGE, PANCAKE RELIEF SEAL, FLUSH/DRAIN
4415-12	CATEGORY 2,4,5,6,7,9: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLANGED REMOTE SEALS, POSITIVE PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4415-15	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLANGED REMOTE SEALS, POSITIVE PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4415-22	CATEGORY 2,4,5,6,7,9: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, PANCAKE REMOTE SEALS, POSITIVE PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4415-25	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, PANCAKE REMOTE SEAL, POSITIVE PRESSURE SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4416-12	CATEGORY 2,4,5,6,7,9: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLANGED REMOTE SEALS, VACUUM SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4416-15	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLANGED REMOTE SEALS, VACUUM SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4416-22	CATEGORY 2,4,5,6,7,9: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, PANCAKE REMOTE SEALS, VACUUM SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
4416-25	CATEGORY 3: LEVEL, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, PANCAKE REMOTE SEALS, VACUUM SERVICE, FLUSH/DRAIN
5201-12	CATEGORY 2: DIAPHRAGM PRESSURE GAUGE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5201-14	CATEGORY 3: DIAPHRAGM PRESSURE GAUGE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, COLLECT VENT, DIRECT MOUNT

5203-14	CATEGORY 5B: DIAPHRAGM PRESSURE GAUGE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, STEAM SERVICE, DIRECT MOUNT
5271-00	CATEGORY 1 (NON-FLAMMABLE): PRESSURE GAUGE, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BRANCH CONNECTION, VENTED
5271-01	CATEGORY 1 (FLAMMABLE): PRESSURE GAUGE, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BRANCH CONNECTION, VENTED
5271-02	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE GAUGE, VERTICAL BRANCH CONNECTION, FLUSH/DRAIN
5271-03	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE GAUGE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, FLUSH/DRAIN
5271-05	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE GAUGE, VERTICAL BRANCH CONNECTION, COLLECTABLE VENT
5271-06	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE GAUGE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, COLLECTABLE VENT
5301-02	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE SWITCH, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5301-04	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE SWITCH, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
5301-08	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE SWITCH, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, FRANGIBLE FAIL, NO ROOT VALVE, DIRECT MOUNT
5411-00	CATEGORY 1: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, VENTED, DIRECT MOUNT
5411-02	CATEGORY 2: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH CONNECTION, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5476-22	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLUSH RINGS AND PANCAKE REMOTE SEALS
5476-32	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLUSH RINGS AND PANCAKE REMOTE SEALS

5476-42	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLUSH RINGS AND PANCAKE REMOTE SEALS
5476-52	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5,6,7,9: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLUSH RINGS AND PANCAKE REMOTE SEALS
5476-62	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5,6,7,9: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLUSH RINGS AND NON-ANSI FLANGE REMOTE SEALS
5476-72	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5,6,7,9: DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, FLUSH RINGS AND ANSI FLANGE REMOTE SEALS
5501-00	CATEGORY 1: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BRANCH CONNECTION, VENTED, DIRECT MOUNT
5501-01	CATEGORY 1: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, RETROFIT APPLICATIONS FOR DETAIL NUMBER 5501-00
5501-03	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5501-04	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, RETROFIT APPLICATIONS FOR DETAIL NUMBER 5501-03
5501-05	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BRANCH CONNECTION, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
5501-06	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, RETROFIT APPLICATIONS FOR DETAIL NUMBER 5501-05
5502-00	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, DIRECT MOUNT
5504-03	CATEGORY 5A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, CONDENSING VAPOR 100-250C, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5511-10	CATEGORY 1: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, VENTED, SUPPORTED

5511-11	CATEGORY 1: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, RETROFIT APPLICATIONS FOR DETAIL NUMBER 5511-10
5511-13	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE BRANCH, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5511-15	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE/BRANCH, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
5511-16	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, RETROFIT APPLICATIONS FOR DETAIL NUMBER 5511-15
5511-86	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE/ BRANCH, FLUSHING ROOT VALVES, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5511-87	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE/BRANCH, ROOT VALVES WITH NO FLUSH/DRAIN VALVE, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5511-88	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE/BRANCH, FLUSH/DRAIN, NO ROOT VALVE, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5511-89	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE/ BRANCH, NO ROOT VALVE, NO FLUSH/DRAIN, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5512-10	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE/BRANCH, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, SUPPORTED
5512-11	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, RETROFIT APPLICATIONS FOR DETAIL NUMBER 5512-10
5513-10	CATEGORY 6B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE/BRANCH, STEAM 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
5514-13	CATEGORY 5A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE/BRANCH, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-250C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED

5515-13	CATEGORY 6A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE/BRANCH, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5517-13	CATEGORY 7: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE/BRANCH CRYOGENIC -130C TO -20C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5518-13	CATEGORY 10: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE/BRANCH, >130 ATMOSPHERES, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5521-10	CATEGORY 1: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, VENTED, SUPPORTED
5521-13	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5521-15	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, COLLECTABLE VENT, SUPPORTED
5522-10	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
5523-10	CATEGORY 6B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, STEAM 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
5524-13	CATEGORY 5A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5525-13	CATEGORY 6A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5527-13	CATEGORY 7A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, CRYOGENIC -130C TO -20C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5528-13	CATEGORY 10: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VERTICAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL BRANCH, >130 ATMOSPHERES, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED

5531-02	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BRANCH, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5531-05	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BRANCH, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
5538-02	CATEGORY 10: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, HORIZONTAL PIPE, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BRANCH, >130 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5541-00	CATEGORY 1: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, VENTED, DIRECT MOUNT
5541-02	CATEGORY 2: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5541-05	CATEGORY 3: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, COLLECTABLE VENT, DIRECT MOUNT
5548-02	CATEGORY 10: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, >130 ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5552-00	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL NOZZLE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES, DIRECT MOUNT
5552-10	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL NOZZLE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
5553-10	CATEGORY 6B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL NOZZLE, STEAM 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED

5554-03	CATEGORY 5A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL NOZZLE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT
5554-13	CATEGORY 5A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL NOZZLE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5561-86	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, FLUSH/DRAIN, ROOT VALVES, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5561-87	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, ROOT VALVE, NO FLUSH VALVES, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5561-88	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, FLUSH/DRAIN, NO ROOT VALVES, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5561-89	CATEGORY 8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL NOZZLE, NO ROOT VALVE, FLUSH/DRAIN, FDA/EPA CLEANING
5562-00	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, VERTICAL NOZZLE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES, DIRECT MOUNT
5562-10	CATEGORY 5B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, VERTICAL NOZZLE, STEAM <17 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
5563-10	CATEGORY 6B: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, VERTICAL NOZZLE, STEAM 17-100 ATMOSPHERES, SUPPORTED
5564-03	CATEGORY 5A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, VERTICAL NOZZLE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C, FLUSH/DRAIN, DIRECT MOUNT

5564-13	CATEGORY 5A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, VERTICAL NOZZLE, CONDENSED VAPOR 100-205C FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5565-13	CATEGORY 6A: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, VESSEL, VERTICAL NOZZLE, CONDENSED VAPOR 205-315C, FLUSH/DRAIN, SUPPORTED
5576-32	CATEGORY 2,3,4: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, INTEGRAL FLANGE, METAL FLUSH RING, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE OR VESSEL
5576-42	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, "L" FLANGE, METAL FLUSH RING, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE OR VESSEL
5576-49	CATEGORY 4,8: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, "L" FLANGE, DIRECT MOUNT, NO FLUSH RING, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE/VESSEL CONNECTION
5576-52	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5,6,7,9: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, METAL FLUSH RING, PANCAKE REMOTE SEAL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE/VESSEL
5576-62	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5,6,7,9: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, METAL FLUSH RING, NON-ANSI FLANGE, REMOTE SEAL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL CONNECTION
5576-72	CATEGORY 2,3,4,5,6,7,9: PRESSURE TRANSMITTER, METAL FLANGE RING, ANSI FLANGE, REMOTE SEAL, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL PIPE/VESSEL

Figs 1-12 show an exemplary sampling of these details. A parts kit detail is a drawing or a list of the primary parts needed to install a pressure responsive instrument on a pipe line or on a vessel according to a standardized design applicable to at least one installation category. Preferably, an individual parts kit detail is applicable to only one installation category. For example, parts kit detail number 3351-00 from Table II is applicable only to category 1. However, it will be noted that some parts kit details, such as 4300-01 from Table II, are applicable to more than one installation category.

When more than one parts kit detail is applicable to an installation category for a specific application, the selection of which detail should be used will depend on a number of factors. For example, on a horizontal pipe wherein the transducer will be supported, an orifice plate, venturi or wedge meter system can be used. Each such system has its advantages and disadvantages as is well known in the art. Thus, the instrument engineer selects the parts kit detail best suited to the application rather than custom designing a kit which theoretically perfectly meets the needs of the application. Almost every installation of a pressure transducer for flow, pressure and level measurement in a modern chemical process facility can be made by using the most appropriate parts kit detail for that installation. The result is a systematic approach that avoids a custom installation for each such application.

Pressure transducers are available from many suppliers, such as the Models 1151 and 3051 pressure and differential pressure transmitters from the Rosemount Measurement Division of Fisher-Rosemount, Eden Prairie, USA, which read absolute pressure (AP) or differential pressure (DP) in most any pressure range encountered in a modern chemical processing facility, including a refinery and a pipeline facility.

Referring now to Fig. 1, therein is shown a parts kit detail for an orifice plate differential pressure transducer 21 on a horizontal pipe line 22 for installation category 1. The orifice plate 20 is positioned between a pair of pipe line flanges 23. The pipe line flanges 23 are bored therethrough by passageways 24. Eccentric adapters 25 are to be socket welded into the passageways 24. Rotation of the eccentric adapters 25 about the dotted line axis shown provides a fifty four millimeter spacing between the mouths of the adapters 25 even if the spacing between the passageways 24 varies somewhat from this spacing. Tailpieces 26 are to be socket welded into the adapters 25. Root valves 27 are to be bolted to the tailpieces 26. A bypass manifold 28 is positioned between the valves 27 and the transducer 21. The bypass manifold 28 contains an internal flow control valve, not shown, which is actuated by a handle 29 to zero the transducer 21 when it is installed as indicated in Fig. 1. The transducer 21 has vent ports 30, used to de-pressure the transmitter 21 to the atmosphere, which are shown plugged.

It should be understood that the use of the above described eccentric adapters is not critical in the instant invention. However, reference is made to International Application No. PCT/US 96/20387, since this application relates to such adapters and other hardware described this application.

Referring now to Fig. 2, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar to that shown in Fig. 1 but for installation category 2. The elements shown in Fig. 2 which are the same as Fig. 1 have the same reference numbers. A rear mounted manifold 31 is added to the kit. The rear mounted manifold contains two shut off valves, not shown, which are actuated by a handle 32 and a handle 33. The rear mounted manifold 31 has flushing ports 34 which are shown plugged. However, when the rear mounted manifold is installed as indicated in Fig. 2, it is intended that vent collection tubes, not shown, will be connected to the flushing ports 34 so that actuation of the handles 29, 32 and 33 (and closing valves 27) will facilitate flushing and de-pressuring the transducer 21 before it is removed for service or replacement.

Referring now to Fig. 3, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar to that shown in Fig. 1 but for installation category 3. The elements shown in Fig. 3 which are the same as Fig. 1 have the same reference numbers. No bypass manifold 28 is used. Instead, a rear mounted three-valve manifold 35 is used. The rear mounted three-valve manifold 35 contains an internal flow control valve, not shown, which is actuated by handle 36 to zero the transducer 21. The bypass rear mounted manifold 35 has flushing ports 37 which are shown plugged. However, when the bypass rear mounted manifold 35 is installed as indicated in Fig. 3, it is intended that vent collection tubes, not shown, will be connected to the flushing ports 37 so that actuation of handles 38 and 39 (and closing valves 27) will facilitate clearing the transducer 21 before it is removed for service or replacement.

Referring now to Fig. 4, therein is shown a parts kit detail for a level measurement pressure transducer 41 on a vessel 40 for installation category 2, 4 and 5. A process isolation valve 42 is shown connected to a nozzle 43 of the vessel 40. A flushing flange 44 is positioned between the transducer 41 and the valve 42. Flushing valves 45 facilitate the flushing away of solids that may have plugged the valve 42, the flange 44 or the transducer 41.

Referring now to Fig. 5, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar, in some respects, to that shown in Fig. 1 but for installation category 5A. The elements shown in Fig. 5 which are the same as Fig. 1 have the same reference numbers. A pipe manifold assembly 46 is positioned between the manifold 28 and the transducer 21. A support assembly 47 supports one end of the pipe manifold assembly 46. The pipes of the pipe manifold assembly 46 dip downward toward the supported end 48 of the pipe manifold assembly 46 so that the hot vapors of the material can condense and collect near the supported end 48 of the pipe manifold assembly 46 to help keep the transducer 21 cooler

than if it were exposed directly to the hot vapors of the material. A rear mounted three-valve manifold 35 has the same function and reference number as the rear mounted three-valve manifold of Fig. 3.

Referring now to Fig. 6, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar, in some
5 respects, to that shown in Fig. 1 but for installation category 5B. The elements shown in Fig. 6 which are the same as Fig. 1 have the same reference numbers. It will be noted that the valves 27 are welded into a valve pipe manifold assembly 49 which includes vent valves 50 and a supported end 51. A support assembly 52 supports the supported end 51 of the valve pipe manifold assembly 49. A bypass manifold 53 is positioned between the transducer 21
10 and the bypass manifold 53. The bypass manifold 53 contains an internal flow control valve, not shown, which is actuated by handle 54 used to zero the transducer 21. The pipes of the valve pipe manifold assembly 49 dip downward toward the supported end 51 of the valve pipe manifold assembly 49 so that the hot vapors of the material can condense and collect near the supported end 51 of the valve pipe manifold assembly 49 to keep the transducer 21
15 cooler than if it were exposed directly to the hot vapors of the material.

Referring now to Fig. 7, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar to that shown in Fig. 5 but for installation category 6A. The elements shown in Fig. 7 which are the same as Fig. 5 have the same reference numbers. The kit shown in Fig. 7 has a pipe manifold assembly 46a and a supported end 48a. The pipe manifold assembly 46a is similar
20 to the pipe manifold assembly 46 of Fig. 5 except that the pipes of the pipe manifold assembly 46a are longer than the pipes of the pipe manifold assembly 46 of Fig. 5. This longer length helps to better isolate the transducer 21 from the hot vapors of material.

Referring now to Fig. 8, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar to that shown in Fig. 6 but for installation category 6B. The elements shown in Fig. 8 which are the same as Fig. 6 have the same reference numbers. The kit shown in Fig. 8 has a pipe
25 manifold assembly 49a and a supported end 51a. The pipe manifold assembly 49a is similar to the pipe manifold assembly 49 of Fig. 5 except that the pipes of the pipe manifold assembly 49a are longer than the pipes of the pipe manifold assembly 49 of Fig. 6. This longer length helps to better isolate the transducer 21 from the hot vapors of material.

Referring now to Fig. 9, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar to that shown in Fig. 7 but for installation category 7. The elements shown in Fig. 9 which are the same as Fig. 7 have the same reference numbers. The kit shown in Fig. 9 has a pipe manifold assembly 46b and a supported end 48b. The pipe manifold assembly 46b is similar
30 to the pipe manifold assembly 46a of Fig. 7 except that the supported end 48b is elevated

relative to the supported end 48a of Fig. 7. The elevation of the supported end 48b helps to keep cryogenic liquids of the material away from the transducer 21 to better protect it from the cold. Instead, the transducer 21 tends to be exposed to vapors of the material which have less heat capacity.

5 Referring now to Fig. 10, therein is shown a parts kit detail for measuring pressure in a pipe line or in a vessel for installation category 8, which includes a pressure transducer 50. A root valve 51 is positioned between the transducer 50 and a flange 52. A flush valve 53 is positioned on the other side of the transducer 50. The arrangement shown in Fig. 10, including the type of valves and welding connections used, facilitates rigorous
10 cleaning of the system and reduces crevasses and pockets where contamination may collect.

Referring now to Fig. 11, therein is shown a parts kit detail for measuring pressure in a vessel 54 for installation categories 2, 3, 4, 5A, 5B, 6A, 6B, 7 and 9. The parts kit detail shown in Fig. 11 is similar in some respects to the parts kit detail shown in Fig. 4. A
15 process isolation valve 55 is shown mounted on a nozzle 56 of the vessel 54. A flushing flange 57 is positioned between a remote pressure sensor assembly 58 and the valve 55. A support assembly 59 supports a pressure transducer 60. A capillary tube 61 connects the remote pressure sensor assembly 58 and the transducer 60 and helps to isolate the transducer 60 from the high temperature of the material. Flush valves 62 have the same
20 function as the flush valves 45 of Fig. 4.

Referring now to Fig. 12, therein is shown a parts kit detail similar to that shown in Fig. 2 but for installation category 10. The elements shown in Fig. 12 which are the same as Fig. 2 have the same reference numbers. High pressure shut off valves 61 are used as well as a high pressure rated pressure transducer 62. A high pressure rated pipe
25 manifold 63 is positioned between the bypass manifold 28 and the transducer 62. A support assembly 64 supports one end of the pipe manifold 63 as shown.

The method of this invention can be implemented by establishing a book of parts kit details, such as are described in Table II, and a means for establishing the different installation categories, such as is shown in Fig. 13 and summarized in Table I. When the
30 installation category is determined, then flow, pressure or level measurement can be selected. For most all applications there will be at least one parts kit detail that is applicable for the installation and which can be selected. However, it is preferable to incorporate the above described information in computer program for a general purpose digital computer and to add a number of enhancements to such a computer program.

The enhancements include the selection of the piping material, assuming a pipe manifold is used. Materials can include carbon steel and various stainless steels such as 316 type stainless steel or HASTELLOY C brand steel. In addition, the weld type, valve selection, bracket selection, flush ring selection, venturi or wedge connection dimensions, bolt selection, valve options, manifold material, alternate impulse line orientation, certification, the material of the eccentric adapters, testing, process flange and connection configuration, special cleaning, flange options for diaphragm seal pressure gauge installation details, painting, winterizing enclosures, additional blind flanges, direct weld valves and mounting bracket sizes for remote seal flush ring pressure details can be specified.

When the invention is implemented using a computer as discussed above, then when the instrument engineer has finished answering all of the prompts of the computer program, the program can be written to provide an order number for the kit which will allow a kit supplier to provide all of the parts for the kit, including optional enhancements such as winter enclosures and special painting. In addition, the computer program preferably prints a specification sheet including the price of the kit and the possibility for placing an order for the kit automatically by MODEM over telephone lines.

EXAMPLE 1

A parts kit detail was to be selected for the measurement of flow rate for a fifty millimeter diameter horizontal pipe containing flowing nitrogen. Applying the scheme of Fig. 13, this was determined to be a category 1 application. A direct mount orifice plate differential pressure system was selected. The parts kit detail which was applicable to this application was detail number 3411-00 as shown in Fig. 1.

EXAMPLE 2

A parts kit detail was to be selected for the measurement of level in a vessel containing fifty weight percent sodium hydroxide in water. The vessel was vented to the atmosphere at the top of the vessel. Applying the scheme of Fig. 13, this was determined to be a category 4 application. A pressure transducer was selected with flush and drain capability. The parts kit detail which was applicable to this application was detail number 4404-02 as shown in Fig. 4. The flange 44 is a model AFW flush ring available from Rosemount, supra.

EXAMPLE 3

A parts kit detail was to be selected for the measurement of pressure in a vessel containing nitrogen at two hundred and twenty degrees centigrade. Applying the scheme of Fig. 13, this was determined to be a category 9 application. A pressure
5 transducer with pancake type remote seal was selected. The parts kit detail with is applicable to this application was detail number 5576-52 as shown in Fig. 11. The flange 57 was a model AFW flush ring available from Rosemount, supra.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for selecting a parts kit detail for the installation of a pressure transducer on a container such as a pipe line or a vessel, the container for containing a fluid material, the method comprising the steps of:
- 5 (a) establishing at least two different installation categories, each such different installation category being defined by the properties of the fluid material; and
- (b) establishing at least two different parts kit details, at least two of such different parts kit details being applicable to a different installation category.
- 10 2. The method of Claim 1, further comprising the step of determining the installation category for the fluid material so that at least one parts kit detail can be selected for the installation.
3. The method of Claim 2, performed using a general purpose digital computer.
- 15 4. The method of Claim 3, further comprising the step of generating an order number for the selected parts kit detail.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



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REPLACED