

ABSTRACT

SURFACE TREATMENT METHOD AND

PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY

A method of treating the surface of a moulded cementitious body having a thin, smooth, outer layer consisting substantially of cement and water only and a matrix comprising a mix of cement and acrylic polymer. The thin, outer layer is substantially removed by the application of a dilute mineral acid thereby exposing the matrix of the moulded body which is not attacked by the acid and which preferably exhibits a roughened surface.