The invention further provides a formulation comprising a solid dispersion product comprising

(a) an active agent having at least one moiety selected from ~~of a~~ hydrogen bond donor moieties~~y~~ and ~~a~~ proton donor moieties~~y~~,

(b) a pharmaceutically acceptable polyvinyllactam polyvinylacetate poly(alkylene glycol) graft copolymer, and

(c) a pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier;

wherein the active agent is selected from pharmaceutically active agents, cosmetically active agents and nutritional supplements, and is a compound with a solubility in water at 25°C and pH 7.0 of 0.01 g/100 ml or less.

The invention further provides a ~~formulation comprising a solid dispersion product comprising a~~ method for producing the formulation ~~of any one of claims 1-15~~as defined herein comprising a solid dispersion product, wherein the active agent having at least one moiety selected from hydrogen bond donor moieties~~y~~ ~~or~~and proton donor moieties~~y~~, the pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier and the pharmaceutically acceptable polyvinyllactam polyvinylacetate poly(alkylene glycol) graft copolymer are intimately blended so as to obtain the solid dispersion product.

The invention further provides use of a pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier for increasing the dispersion rate of a solid dispersion product in an aqueous medium relative to the dispersion rate of a comparative product in the aqueous medium and

for increasing the release rate of an active agent from the solid dispersion product into the aqueous medium relative to the release rate of the active agent from the comparative product into the aqueous medium;

wherein the active agent has at least one moiety selected from ~~of a~~ hydrogen bond donor moieties~~y~~ and ~~a~~ proton donor moieties~~y~~, is selected from pharmaceutically active agents, cosmetically active agents and nutritional supplements, and is a compound with a solubility in water at 25°C and pH 7.0 of 0.01 g/100 ml or less;

the solid dispersion product comprises

(a) the active agent,

CLAIMS

1. A formulation comprising a solid dispersion product comprising
   (a) an active agent having at least one ~~of a~~ moiety selected from hydrogen bond donor moiet~~y~~ies and ~~a~~ proton donor moiet~~y~~ies,
   (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable polyvinyllactam polyvinylacetate poly(alkylene glycol) graft copolymer, and
   (c) a pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier;
   wherein the active agent is selected from pharmaceutically active agents, cosmetically active agents and nutritional supplements, and is a compound with a solubility in water at 25°C and pH 7.0 of 0.01 g/100 ml or less.

2. The formulation of claim 1, wherein the active agent has at least one hydrogen bond donor moiety.

3. The formulation of claim 2, wherein the hydrogen bond donor moiety is selected from primary amino, secondary amino, hydroxy, carbamoyl, thiocarbamoyl, sulfamoyl, sulfinamoyl and ureido.

4. The formulation of claim 1, wherein the active agent has at least one proton donor moiety.

5. The formulation of claim 4, wherein the proton donor moiety is selected from organic acid moieties and CH-acidic moieties.

6. The formulation of any one of claims 1-5, wherein the active agent is non-ionic.

7. The formulation of claim 1, wherein the active agent is selected from (*RS*)-2-(4-(2-methylpropyl)phenyl)propanoic acid, 2-{4-[(4-chlorophenyl)carbonyl]phenoxy}-2-methylpropanoic acid and (2*S*)-2-(6-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl) propanoic acid.

8. The formulation of any one of claims 1-7, wherein the graft copolymer comprises
   (i) 10 to 50 wt% poly(alkylene glycol) moieties,
   (ii) 30 to 80 wt% N-vinyllactam moieties, and
   (iii) 10 to 50 wt% vinyl acetate moieties.

9. The formulation of claim 8, wherein the N-vinyllactam moieties are N-vinylcaprolactam moieties.

10. The formulation of any one of claims 1-9, wherein the pH modifier is an alkaline pH modifier.

11. The formulation of claim 10, wherein the alkaline pH modifier is selected from basic salts of organic acids and inorganic acids, basic amino acids, metal oxides and metal hydroxides.

12. The formulation of any one of claims 1-9, wherein the pH modifier is an acidic pH modifier.

13. The formulation of claim 12, wherein the acidic pH modifier is selected from mono-, di- and polybasic carboxylic acids, mono-, di- and poly-sulfonic acids, and acidic salts thereof.

14. The formulation of any one of claims 1-13, comprising 0.5 to 20 wt% of the pH modifier relative to the weight of the solid dispersion product.

15. The formulation of any one of claims 1-14, wherein the sum of components (a), (b) and (c) makes up at least 80% of the solid dispersion product.

16. A method for producing the formulation of any one of claims 1-15 comprising a solid dispersion product, wherein the active agent having at least one moiety selected from hydrogen bond donor moietyies ander proton donor moietiesy, the pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier and the pharmaceutically acceptable polyvinyllactam polyvinylacetate poly(alkylene glycol) graft copolymer are intimately blended so as to obtain the solid dispersion product.

17. The method of claim 16, comprising the steps of

(a) blending the active agent, the pH modifier and the graft copolymer;

(b) heating the blend to obtain a homogeneous melt;

(c) forcing the thus obtained melt through one or more nozzles; and

(d) allowing the melt to solidify to obtain a solid dispersion product.

18. The method of claim 17, wherein step (b) is carried out in an extruder and the blend is subjected to a mixing action in a mixing section of the extruder.

19. Use of a pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier for increasing the dispersion rate of a solid dispersion product in an aqueous medium relative to the dispersion rate of a comparative product in the aqueous medium and
for increasing the release rate of an active agent from the solid dispersion product into the aqueous medium relative to the release rate of the active agent from the comparative product into the aqueous medium;
wherein the active agent has at least one moiety selected from ~~of a~~ hydrogen bond donor moiet~~y~~ies and ~~a~~ proton donor moieties~~y~~, is selected from pharmaceutically active agents, cosmetically active agents and nutritional supplements, and is a compound with a solubility in water at 25°C and pH 7.0 of 0.01 g/100 ml or less;
the solid dispersion product comprises
(a) the active agent,
(b) a pharmaceutically acceptable polyvinyllactam polyvinylacetate poly(alkylene glycol) graft copolymer, and
(c) the pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier; and
the comparative product differs from the solid dispersion product in lacking the pharmaceutically acceptable pH modifier.