

**COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM PROVIDING ADAPTIVE POLLING BASED
UPON POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE POLLING EVENTS
AND RELATED METHODS**

Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to the field of communications systems, and, more particularly, to electronic messaging systems and related methods.

Background of the Invention

[0002] Electronic mailboxes are used to store electronic mail (e-mail) messages. Electronic mailboxes are connected to the Internet to enable users to send and receive incoming and outgoing e-mail messages. These mailboxes may also be extended to deliver e-mail to mobile wireless communication devices via wireless networks. In the case of a corporation, electronic mailboxes are typically located on mail servers at the corporation. On the other hand, mailboxes for small businesses or individuals are typically located on mail servers at an Internet service provider (ISP) location.

[0003] Mail user agents (MUAs) use a technique called polling to deliver messages from the mail server to the mail program at a user's computer or mobile

wireless communications device. A MUA is a program running either on a user's personal computing device (mobile or stationary), or on a shared server that checks for new mail on behalf of a multitude of such users. More particularly, polling is the retrieval of incoming messages from other users at the mail server and delivery of these messages to the user's mailbox.

[0004] Mailbox polling generally occurs at different intervals or rates. Furthermore, mailbox polling rates may be customized. That is, corporations and/or Internet service providers may change polling intervals to best meet their particular needs. For example, because e-mails used for business communications are often high priority communications, corporate mail servers may be polled fairly regularly, such as every one to two minutes. On the other hand, ISP mailboxes are typically polled less frequently, e.g., once every fifteen minutes.

[0005] Mailbox polling typically occurs synchronously at the mail server at a predetermined interval. Mailboxes on the server are polled to send or receive messages, regardless of whether the mailbox has any new incoming or outgoing messages. In large systems, this traditional polling method may consume large amounts of server resources and thus impact performance.

[0006] More particularly, such resource consumption may be split into two parts, namely resource consumption (RC) on a mail server (MS), and on the MUA. RC on MS increases with the frequency of polling, and is particularly demanding when the MUA is running on a mobile wireless device. Such a consumption of resources and associated performance impact is particularly acute

when mobile wireless communications devices are used. This is because of the bandwidth constraints associated with the wireless networks over which mobile wireless communications devices communicate with mail servers. For example, a mail server hosting a thousand or more mailboxes may need to communicate message data to several hundred or even thousands of mobile wireless communications devices after each polling interval. This may severely congest the wireless network and cause significant service delays. Furthermore, some mail servers may not be able to adequately support such usage models.

[0007] As a result, traditional mailbox polling does not perform particularly well when one or more of the following conditions are met: (1) a large number of mailboxes are being polled; (2) polling frequency is high; (3) MUA is on an network where connections to the MS are slow and/or expensive; and (4) the cumulative workload of polling can overwhelm the capacity of the network. One approach which has been used to address this problem is adaptive polling. Adaptive polling is a more intelligent method of polling mailboxes based upon a triggering event. More particularly, adaptive polling automatically changes the polling interval for a user based on the triggering event(s).

[0008] By way of example, U.S. Patent No. 6,557,026 describes a system for converting information from a text format to an audio format, in which the information is transmitted from a server to a client device via a wired or wireless communications link. In particular, the information relates to "stories" such as news headlines, stock quotes, etc. The server includes a data source monitor which periodically polls

data sources to check for new stories based upon polling schedules. The patent notes that the polling schedules may include an adaptive scheduler, which increases the polling frequency with the rate of arrival of new stories. Moreover, the adaptive scheduler reduces the polling rate as the rate of arrival of new stories decreases. Static schedulers are also included, for example, to provide hourly polling during business hours.

[0009] Despite such systems, further advancements in polling techniques are desirable to accommodate the ever-increasing usage of mobile wireless communications devices for accessing electronic messages.

Summary of the Invention

[0010] In view of the foregoing background, it is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a communications system providing enhanced adaptive polling techniques and related methods.

[0011] This and other objects, features, and advantages in accordance with the present invention are provided by a communications system which may include at least one data storage device for storing messages for respective users, and a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices each associated with a respective user for accessing the messages stored on the at least one data storage device. Moreover, the communications system may further include an adaptive polling engine for polling the at least one data storage device for stored messages and providing the polled messages to mobile wireless communications devices of respective users. The adaptive polling engine may advantageously learn respective user usage patterns for each mobile wireless communications

device, and change a respective rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based thereon.

[0012] By way of example, the user usage patterns may be based upon a time of day and/or a day of the week. In addition, the adaptive polling engine may also change the rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based upon at least one positive polling event and at least one negative polling event. For example, the at least one negative polling event may be a lack of authorized communications with the adaptive polling engine, as may be the case when a given mobile wireless communications device is outside a wireless coverage area, or an invalid user login is provided.

[0013] Furthermore, the at least one negative polling event may be a decrease in storage of messages for the respective user at the at least one data storage device. Similarly, the at least one positive polling event may be an increase in storage of messages for the respective user at the at least one data storage device, as well as an increase in message access requests from a given mobile wireless communications device.

[0014] In particular, the messages may be electronic mail (e-mail) messages, for example. The communications system may also include a wireless network for interfacing the mobile wireless communications devices with the adaptive polling engine. A wide area network (WAN), such as the Internet, may also be used for interfacing the mobile wireless communications devices with the adaptive polling engine, for example.

[0015] A method aspect of the invention is for interfacing a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices, each associated with a respective user, with at least one data storage device. The at least one data storage device may be for storing messages for respective users. The method may include polling the at least one data storage device for stored messages and providing the polled messages to mobile wireless communications devices of respective users. Furthermore, the method may also include learning respective user usage patterns for each mobile wireless communications device, and changing a respective rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based thereon.

[0016] An adaptive polling engine in accordance with the present invention may be for interfacing a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices each associated with a respective user with at least one data storage device. The at least one data storage device may be for storing messages for respective users. The adaptive polling engine may include an interface module for interfacing the adaptive polling engine with the mobile wireless communications devices, and an adaptive polling engine module coupled to the interface device. The adaptive polling engine may be for polling the at least one data storage device for stored messages and providing the polled messages to mobile wireless communications devices of respective users. Moreover, the adaptive polling engine module may learn respective user usage patterns for each mobile wireless communications device and change a respective rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based thereon.

[0017] A computer-readable medium in accordance with the invention may similarly include an interface module and adaptive polling module, such as those described briefly above.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0018] FIG. 1 is a schematic block diagram of a communications system in accordance with the present invention.

[0019] FIG. 2 is a flow diagram illustrating an adaptive polling method in accordance with the present invention.

[0020] FIG. 3 is a schematic block diagram of an exemplary mobile wireless communications device for use with the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

[0021] The present invention will now be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which preferred embodiments of the invention are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

[0022] Referring initially to FIG. 1, a communications system **100** illustratively includes a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices **101**, and a wireless network **102** and a wide area network **104** (e.g., the Internet) for interfacing the mobile wireless communications devices with an adaptive polling engine or server **105**. The adaptive polling

engine **105** communicates with a plurality of data servers **110**, such as a mail server **112**, an application server **112**, and a Web server **114**, for example. Of course, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that numerous data servers **110** and types thereof may be used, although only the three servers **112**, **114**, and **116** are shown in the illustrated example for clarity of illustration.

The mobile wireless communications devices **101** illustratively communicate bi-directionally over the wireless network **102** and the Internet **104** with the adaptive polling engine **108**, as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art. It will also be appreciated that the mobile wireless communications devices **101** may not require the Internet **104** to communicate with the adaptive polling engine **108** in all embodiments. By way of example, the mobile wireless communications devices may be personal data assistants (PDAs), cellular telephones, laptop computers with wireless modems, etc. An exemplary mobile wireless communications device **101** suitable for use with the present invention is described in the example provided below with reference to FIG. 3.

[0023] The adaptive polling engine **108** illustratively includes an interface module, such as the firewall module **106**, to provide secure communications between the mobile wireless communications devices **101** and the data servers **110**. The adaptive polling engine also illustratively includes an adaptive polling engine module for performing the adaptive polling operations, as will be discussed further below. By way of example, the adaptive polling engine **105** may be implemented as one

or more corporate or ISP servers, and the firewall module **106** and adaptive polling engine module **108** implemented as software modules thereon (i.e., the modules could be on different servers), as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

[0024] The adaptive polling engine module **108** determines different adaptive polling rates for different users based upon respective user usage profiles thereof. The adaptive polling engine module **108** initially monitors the mail polling interval of the mail server **110**. The adaptive polling engine module **108** may also be configured to poll for services and events from other data servers, such as the application server **114** and the Web server **116**, as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

[0025] The adaptive polling engine module **108** uses adaptive polling to automatically poll user mailboxes, which are located on the mail server **112**, for new mail. By way of example, the system **100** may be configured to poll the mailboxes at least once every fifteen minutes, although other starting intervals may also be used. However, if the adaptive polling engine module **108** detects recent activity in an end-user's mailbox, the polling interval is preferably shortened to provide new e-mail to the user in a near real-time fashion.

[0026] In particular, the adaptive polling engine module **108** queries the mail server **112** for a list of current messages, and it compares this list to prior polling results stored in a database (not shown). If a new message is located, a copy is retrieved from the given server or customer network (e.g., America Online (AOL)). The new updated list of messages is then stored in the database.

[0027] An adaptive polling procedure in accordance with the present invention is illustrated in FIG. 2. The process begins (Block **200**) with the adaptive polling engine module **108** functioning in its initial polling state **201** (i.e., using the default polling interval), at Block **201**. The adaptive polling engine module **108** triggers a poll (Block **202**) of the mail server **112**, which checks for incoming and outgoing mail. The result triggers an event, at Block **204**, which is classified as either a positive or negative polling event, at Block **206**. The event state is broadcast to the adaptive polling engine module **108** from a given mobile wireless communications device **101**, across the wireless network **102** and the Internet **104**.

[0028] In particular, a positive event increases the polling interval, at Block **208**, and a negative event decreases the polling interval, at Block **210**. Once the event type is determined, the adaptive polling engine module **108** will operate in its new polling state. If there is further activity, a new poll is triggered (Block **202**) and the process flow repeats itself.

[0029] A positive polling event is any action that increases the polling interval, i.e., the polling engine **108** will poll the mail server **112** more frequently due to a positive event. Examples of positive events include a new message arriving in the mailbox, and the user checking messages on his mobile wireless communications device. A negative polling event is any action that will decrease the polling interval. That is, the adaptive polling engine module **108** will poll the mail server **112** less frequently (i.e., decrease the polling rate) based upon a negative event.

[0030] By way of example, negative polling events may include a lack of authorized communications with the adaptive polling engine module **108** (i.e., a failure to authenticate), such as from an invalid login or password confirmation to connect to the mailbox at the mail server **112** or a given mobile wireless communications device **101** device being outside of a wireless coverage area.

[0031] One significant advantage of using the adaptive polling engine module **108** with respect to mobile wireless communications devices is that it conserves bandwidth. More particularly, based upon a positive or negative polling event, the adaptive polling engine module **108** will increase or decrease the polling rate accordingly. If a mobile wireless communications device **101** receives several negative events, the adaptive polling engine module **108** will decrease the polling interval and poll the mail server **112** less frequently, resulting in reduced wireless network **102** utilization. Once a positive event is received, the adaptive polling engine module **108** will revert back to an increased polling interval.

[0032] An additional benefit of the communications system **100** is that it may provide the user with a perception of better performance. That is, e-mail messages will appear to arrive more quickly at a mobile wireless communications device **101**. For example, if the default polling interval is once every fifteen minutes and a user receives frequent new messages (a positive event), the adaptive polling engine module **108** may increase the polling interval to once every one to two minutes. With this increased polling rate, messages will be transferred more quickly to the user's device,

thus giving an impression of better and faster performance.

[0033] Based on the specific users and their usage patterns, the adaptive polling engine module **108** may include a module that can learn and adapt to a user's usage pattern based on the time of day, day of the week, and/or a heuristic comparison of previous usage activities at that time. The adaptive polling engine module **108** can learn the user's routine and automatically configure polls for his mobile device. For example, a busy user may have the adaptive polling engine module **108** set a positive event (i.e., increasing the rate of polling) first thing in the morning to download all his incoming messages, another positive event before he leaves for the end of the day, and set negative events (i.e., decreasing the rate of polling) after work until sunrise.

EXAMPLE

[0034] An exemplary hand-held mobile wireless communications device **1000** that can be used in the present invention is further described in the example below with reference to FIG. 18. The device **1000** includes a housing **1200**, a keyboard **1400** and an output device **1600**. The output device shown is a display **1600**, which is preferably a full graphic LCD. Other types of output devices may alternatively be utilized. A processing device **1800** is contained within the housing **1200** and is coupled between the keyboard **1400** and the display **1600**. The processing device **1800** controls the operation of the display **1600**, as well as the overall operation of the mobile device **1000**, in response to actuation of keys on the keyboard **1400** by the user.

[0035] The housing **1200** may be elongated vertically, or may take on other sizes and shapes (including clamshell housing structures). The keyboard may include a mode selection key, or other hardware or software for switching between text entry and telephony entry.

[0036] In addition to the processing device **1800**, other parts of the mobile device **1000** are shown schematically in FIG. 18. These include a communications subsystem **1001**; a short-range communications subsystem **1020**; the keyboard **1400** and the display **1600**, along with other input/output devices **1060**, **1080**, **1100** and **1120**; as well as memory devices **1160**, **1180** and various other device subsystems **1201**. The mobile device **1000** is preferably a two-way RF communications device having voice and data communications capabilities. In addition, the mobile device **1000** preferably has the capability to communicate with other computer systems via the Internet.

[0037] Operating system software executed by the processing device **1800** is preferably stored in a persistent store, such as the flash memory **1160**, but may be stored in other types of memory devices, such as a read only memory (ROM) or similar storage element. In addition, system software, specific device applications, or parts thereof, may be temporarily loaded into a volatile store, such as the random access memory (RAM) **1180**. Communications signals received by the mobile device may also be stored in the RAM **1180**.

[0038] The processing device **1800**, in addition to its operating system functions, enables execution of software applications **1300A-1300N** on the device **1000**. A predetermined set of applications that control basic

device operations, such as data and voice communications **1300A** and **1300B**, may be installed on the device **1000** during manufacture. In addition, a personal information manager (PIM) application may be installed during manufacture. The PIM is preferably capable of organizing and managing data items, such as e-mail, calendar events, voice mails, appointments, and task items. The PIM application is also preferably capable of sending and receiving data items via a wireless network **1401**. Preferably, the PIM data items are seamlessly integrated, synchronized and updated via the wireless network **1401** with the device user's corresponding data items stored or associated with a host computer system.

[0039] Communication functions, including data and voice communications, are performed through the communications subsystem **1001**, and possibly through the short-range communications subsystem. The communications subsystem **1001** includes a receiver **1500**, a transmitter **1520**, and one or more antennas **1540** and **1560**. In addition, the communications subsystem **1001** also includes a processing module, such as a digital signal processor (DSP) **1580**, and local oscillators (LOs) **1601**. The specific design and implementation of the communications subsystem **1001** is dependent upon the communications network in which the mobile device **1000** is intended to operate. For example, a mobile device **1000** may include a communications subsystem **1001** designed to operate with the Mobitex™, Data TAC™ or General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) mobile data communications networks, and also designed to operate with any of a variety of voice communications networks, such as AMPS, TDMA, CDMA, PCS, GSM, etc. Other types of

data and voice networks, both separate and integrated, may also be utilized with the mobile device **1000**.

[0040] Network access requirements vary depending upon the type of communication system. For example, in the Mobitex and DataTAC networks, mobile devices are registered on the network using a unique personal identification number or PIN associated with each device. In GPRS networks, however, network access is associated with a subscriber or user of a device. A GPRS device therefore requires a subscriber identity module, commonly referred to as a SIM card, in order to operate on a GPRS network.

[0041] When required network registration or activation procedures have been completed, the mobile device **1000** may send and receive communications signals over the communication network **1401**. Signals received from the communications network **1401** by the antenna **1540** are routed to the receiver **1500**, which provides for signal amplification, frequency down conversion, filtering, channel selection, etc., and may also provide analog to digital conversion. Analog-to-digital conversion of the received signal allows the DSP **1580** to perform more complex communications functions, such as demodulation and decoding. In a similar manner, signals to be transmitted to the network **1401** are processed (e.g. modulated and encoded) by the DSP **1580** and are then provided to the transmitter **1520** for digital to analog conversion, frequency up conversion, filtering, amplification and transmission to the communication network **1401** (or networks) via the antenna **1560**.

[0042] In addition to processing communications signals, the DSP **1580** provides for control of the

receiver **1500** and the transmitter **1520**. For example, gains applied to communications signals in the receiver **1500** and transmitter **1520** may be adaptively controlled through automatic gain control algorithms implemented in the DSP **1580**.

[0043] In a data communications mode, a received signal, such as a text message or web page download, is processed by the communications subsystem **1001** and is input to the processing device **1800**. The received signal is then further processed by the processing device **1800** for an output to the display **1600**, or alternatively to some other auxiliary I/O device **1060**. A device user may also compose data items, such as e-mail messages, using the keyboard **1400** and/or some other auxiliary I/O device **1060**, such as a touchpad, a rocker switch, a thumb-wheel, or some other type of input device. The composed data items may then be transmitted over the communications network **1401** via the communications subsystem **1001**.

[0044] In a voice communications mode, overall operation of the device is substantially similar to the data communications mode, except that received signals are output to a speaker **1100**, and signals for transmission are generated by a microphone **1120**. Alternative voice or audio I/O subsystems, such as a voice message recording subsystem, may also be implemented on the device **1000**. In addition, the display **1600** may also be utilized in voice communications mode, for example to display the identity of a calling party, the duration of a voice call, or other voice call related information. The short-range communications subsystem enables communication between the mobile device **1000** and other

proximate systems or devices, which need not necessarily be similar devices. For example, the short-range communications subsystem may include an infrared device and associated circuits and components, or a Bluetooth™ communications module to provide for communication with similarly-enabled systems and devices.

[0045] Many modifications and other embodiments of the invention will come to the mind of one skilled in the art having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is understood that the invention is not to be limited to the specific embodiments disclosed, and that modifications and embodiments are intended to be included within the scope of the appended claims.

THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A communications system comprising:
at least one data storage device for storing messages for respective users;
a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices each associated with a respective user for accessing the messages stored on said at least one data storage device; and
an adaptive polling engine for polling said at least one data storage device for stored messages and providing the polled messages to mobile wireless communications devices of respective users;
said adaptive polling engine changing a respective rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based upon at least one positive polling event and at least one negative polling event, the least one negative polling event comprising a lack of authorized communications.
2. The communications system of Claim 1 wherein the lack of authorized communications with said adaptive polling engine is based upon a given mobile wireless communications device being outside a wireless coverage area.
3. The communications system of Claim 1 wherein the lack of authorized communications with said adaptive polling engine is based upon an invalid user login.
4. The communications system of Claim 1 wherein the at least one negative polling event further comprises a decrease in storage of messages for the respective user at the at least one data storage device.

5. The communications system of Claim 1 wherein the at least one positive polling event comprises an increase in storage of messages for the respective user at the at least one data storage device.

6. The communications system of Claim 1 wherein the at least one positive polling event comprises an increase in message access requests from a given mobile wireless communications device.

7. An adaptive polling engine for interfacing a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices each associated with a respective user with at least one data storage device, the at least one data storage device for storing messages for respective users, the adaptive polling engine comprising:

an interface module for communicating with the mobile wireless communications devices; and

an adaptive polling engine module coupled to said interface module for polling the at least one data storage device for stored messages and providing the polled messages to mobile wireless communications devices of respective users;

said adaptive polling engine module changing a respective rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based upon at least one positive polling event and at least one negative polling event, the least one negative polling event comprising a lack of authorized communications.

8. The adaptive polling engine of Claim 7 wherein the lack of authorized communications with said adaptive polling engine is based upon a given mobile

wireless communications device being outside a wireless coverage area.

9. The adaptive polling engine of Claim 7 wherein the lack of authorized communications with said adaptive polling engine is based upon an invalid user login.

10. The adaptive polling engine of Claim 7 wherein the at least one positive polling event comprises an increase in message access requests from a given mobile wireless communications device.

11. A method for interfacing a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices each associated with a respective user with at least one data storage device, the at least one data storage device for storing messages for respective users, the method comprising:

polling the at least one data storage device for stored messages and providing the polled messages to mobile wireless communications devices of respective users; and

changing a respective rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based upon at least one positive polling event and at least one negative polling event, the least one negative polling event comprising a lack of authorized communications with a given mobile wireless communications device.

12. The method of Claim 11 wherein the lack of authorized communications is based upon a given mobile wireless communications device being outside a wireless coverage area.

13. The method of Claim 11 wherein the lack of authorized communications is based upon an invalid user login.

14. The method of Claim 11 wherein the at least one positive polling event comprises an increase in message access requests from a given mobile wireless communications device.

15. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable modules for interfacing a plurality of mobile wireless communications devices each associated with a respective user with at least one data storage device, the at least one data storage device for storing messages for respective users, the computer-readable medium comprising:

an interface module for communicating with the mobile wireless communications devices; and

an adaptive polling engine module coupled to said interface module for polling the at least one data storage device for stored messages and providing the polled messages to mobile wireless communications devices of respective users;

said adaptive polling engine module changing a respective rate of polling for each mobile wireless communications device based upon at least one positive polling event and at least one negative polling event, the least one negative polling event comprising a lack of authorized communications with the adaptive polling engine module.

16. The computer-readable medium of Claim 15 wherein the lack of authorized communications with the adaptive polling engine module is based upon a given mobile wireless communications device being outside a wireless coverage area.

17. The computer-readable medium of Claim 15 wherein the lack of authorized communications with the adaptive polling engine module is based upon an invalid user login.

18. The computer-readable medium of Claim 15 wherein the at least one positive polling event comprises an increase in message access requests from a given mobile wireless communications device.