

to measure the signal quality. When a specific reference signal is not configured at the network side, the UE uses a reference signal (RS) indicated in a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a physical downlink control channel (PDCCH) configured at the network side for radio link monitoring (RLM). At most two RSs may be indicated in the TCI state, since there are multiple active TCI states for the UE at the same time, if the UE detects all RSs in these multiple TCI states, a lot of problems related to measurement complexity and power consumption will be brought. In addition, some RSs are not suitable for the UE to perform the RLM. Therefore, how to choose a suitable RS for the UE to perform the RLM is an urgent problem to be solved.

10 SUMMARY

Examples of the present disclosure provide a method and apparatus for selecting a resource for at least solving a lot of problems related to measurement complexity and power consumption brought to the UE in the related art when detecting all RSs in multiple TCI states because a suitable RS cannot be selected for the RLM.

15 According to a first aspect of the present disclosure, a method for selecting a resource is provided. The method includes steps described below. A user equipment (UE) receives a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission, where the TCI state includes Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information comprises a plurality of correspondences each between a respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type of a plurality of QCL types. The UE selects an RS of the plurality of RSs according to a target QCL type among the plurality of QCL types and the correspondences, the RS located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active BWP indicated in the QCL information; and performs radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according to the target QCL type.

25 According to a second aspect of the present disclosure, a method for selecting a resource is provided. The method includes steps described below. A user equipment (UE) receives a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission, where the TCI state includes Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information includes a plurality of correspondences each between a

respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type of a plurality of QCL types. The plurality of QCL types includes: a first QCL type carrying Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay and delay spread; a second QCL type carrying Doppler shift and Doppler spread; a third QCL type carrying average delay and Doppler shift; and a fourth QCL type carrying a Spatial Receive (Rx) parameter. The UE selects an RS of the plurality of RSs according to the fourth QCL type, the RS located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active BWP indicated in the QCL information, and performs radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according to the corresponding fourth QCL type.

According to a third aspect of the present disclosure, an apparatus comprising at least one processor is provided. The processor is configured to receive a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission, wherein the TCI state comprises Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information comprises a plurality of correspondences, each correspondence of the plurality of correspondence being between a respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type of a plurality of QCL types; select an RS of the plurality of RSs according to a target QCL type among the plurality of QCL types and correspondences, the RS located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active BWP indicated in the QCL information; and perform radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according to the target QCL type.

According to a fourth aspect of the present disclosure, an apparatus comprising at least one processor is provided. The processor is configured to receive a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission, wherein the TCI state comprises Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information comprises a plurality of correspondences, each correspondence of the correspondences being between a respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type of a plurality of QCL types; wherein the plurality of QCL types comprise: a first QCL type carrying Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay and delay spread; a second QCL type carrying Doppler shift and Doppler spread; a third QCL type carrying average delay and Doppler shift; and a fourth QCL type carrying a Spatial Receive (Rx) parameter; select a RS of the plurality of RSs according to the fourth QCL type, the RS located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active BWP indicated in the QCL information,

and perform radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according to the corresponding fourth QCL type.

According to another example of the present disclosure, an apparatus for selecting a resource is further provided. The apparatus includes a first receiving module and a selecting module. The
5 first receiving module is configured to receive a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink configured by a network side device; where the TCI state at least includes: multiple pieces of Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the multiple pieces of QCL information at least includes: a reference signal (RS) and a QCL type corresponding to the RS. The selecting
module is configured to select an RS to perform radio link monitoring (RLM) according to at
10 least one of the RS or the QCL type.

Claims

1. A method for selecting a resource, comprising:

receiving, by a user equipment (UE), a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission, wherein the TCI state comprises Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information comprises a plurality of correspondences each between a respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type of a plurality of QCL types;

selecting, by the UE, an RS of the plurality of RSs according to a target QCL type among the plurality of QCL types and the correspondences, the RS located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active BWP indicated in the QCL information; and

performing, by the UE, radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according to the target QCL type.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the RS comprises at least one of:

a synchronization signal and physical broadcast channel block (SS/PBCH block) or a channel state information reference signal (CSI-RS).

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the wherein the QCL types comprise:

a first QCL type carrying Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay and delay spread;

a second QCL type carrying Doppler shift and Doppler spread;

a third QCL type carrying average delay and Doppler shift; and

a fourth QCL type carrying a Spatial Receive (Rx) parameter.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the downlink transmission comprises a physical downlink control channel (PDCCH).

5. A method for selecting a resource, comprising:

receiving, by a user equipment (UE), a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission, wherein the TCI state comprises Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information comprises a plurality of correspondences each between a respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type of a plurality of QCL types;

wherein the plurality of QCL types comprise:

a first QCL type carrying Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay and delay spread;

a second QCL type carrying Doppler shift and Doppler spread;
a third QCL type carrying average delay and Doppler shift; and
a fourth QCL type carrying a Spatial Receive (Rx) parameter;

5 selecting, by the UE, an RS of the plurality of RSs according to the fourth QCL type, the RS
located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active BWP indicated in the QCL information;
and
performing, by the UE, radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according
to the corresponding fourth QCL type.

10 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the RS comprises at least one of:
a synchronization signal and physical broadcast channel block (SS/PBCH block) or a channel
state information reference signal (CSI-RS).

15 7. The method of claim 5, wherein the downlink transmission comprises a physical downlink
control channel (PDCCH).

8. An apparatus, comprising at least one processor, configured to:
receive a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission,
wherein the TCI state comprises Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information
20 comprises a plurality of correspondences, each correspondence of the plurality of correspondence
between a respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type
of a plurality of QCL types;

select an RS of the plurality of RSs according to a target QCL type among the plurality of
QCL types and correspondences, the RS located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active
25 BWP indicated in the QCL information; and
perform radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according to the target
QCL type.

9. The apparatus, of claim 8, wherein the RS comprises at least one of:
30 a synchronization signal and physical broadcast channel block (SS/PBCH block) or a channel
state information reference signal (CSI-RS).

10. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the QCL type comprises:
a first QCL type carrying Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay and delay spread;

a second QCL type carrying Doppler shift and Doppler spread;
a third QCL type carrying average delay and Doppler shift; and
a fourth QCL type carrying a Spatial Receive (Rx) parameter.

5 11. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the downlink transmission comprises a physical downlink control channel (PDCCH).

12. An apparatus comprising at least one processor configured to:

10 receive a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state of a downlink transmission, wherein the TCI state comprises Quasi co-location (QCL) information, and the QCL information comprises a plurality of correspondences, each correspondence of the correspondences being between a respective reference signal (RS) of a plurality of RSs and a corresponding QCL type of a plurality of QCL types;

wherein the plurality of QCL types comprise:

15 a first QCL type carrying Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay and delay spread;
a second QCL type carrying Doppler shift and Doppler spread;
a third QCL type carrying average delay and Doppler shift; and
a fourth QCL type carrying a Spatial Receive (Rx) parameter;

20 select an RS of the plurality of RSs according to the fourth QCL type, the RS located in an active bandwidth part (BWP), the active BWP indicated in the QCL information; and

perform radio link monitoring (RLM) according to the RS selected according to the corresponding fourth QCL type.

13. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the RS comprises at least one of:

25 a synchronization signal and physical broadcast channel block (SS/PBCH block) or a channel state information reference signal (CSI-RS).

14. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the downlink transmission comprises a physical downlink control channel (PDCCH).

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