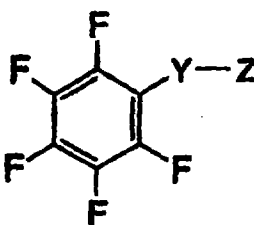


PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

IPOS COPY
9804 974-5


(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : A61K	A2	(11) International Publication Number: WO 97/30677 (43) International Publication Date: 28 August 1997 (28.08.97)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/02926 (22) International Filing Date: 22 February 1997 (22.02.97) (30) Priority Data: 08/605,431 22 February 1996 (22.02.96) US (71) Applicant: TULARIK, INC. [US/US]; Two Corporate Drive, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). (72) Inventors: CLARK, David; Two Corporate Drive, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). FLYGARE, John; Two Corporate Drive, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). MEDINA, Julio, C.; Two Corporate Drive, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). ROSEN, Terry; Two Corporate Drive, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). SHAN, Bei; Two Corporate Drive, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). (74) Agents: BREZNER, David, J. et al.; Flehr, Hohbach, Test, Albritton & Herbert, Suite 3400, 4 Embarcadero Center, San Francisco, CA 94111-4187 (US). (81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, ARIPO patent (KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i> REPLACED SHEETS SG ☐ Description : paged to paged ☒ Claim(s) : paged <u>72</u> to paged <u>92</u> ☐ Drawing(s) : paged to paged ☐ Abstract : paged to paged		
(54) Title: PENTAFLUOROBENZENESULFONAMIDES AND ANALOGS (57) Abstract The invention provides methods and compositions relating to novel pentafluorobenzenesulfonamide derivatives and analogs and their use as pharmacologically active agents. The compositions find particular use as pharmacological agents in the treatment of disease states, particularly atherosclerosis and hypercholesterolemia, or as lead compounds for the development of such agents. The compositions include compounds of general formula (I).  (I)		

Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamides and Analogs

Inventors: David Clark, John Flygare, Julio C. Medina, Terry Rosen, and Bei Shan.

5

INTRODUCTION

Field of the Invention

The field of the invention is pentafluorobenzenesulfonamide derivatives and analogs and their use as pharmacologically active agents.

10 Background

Atherosclerosis is a leading cause of death in the United States. The disease results from excess cholesterol accumulation in the arterial walls which forms plaques that inhibit blood flow and promote clot formation, ultimately causing heart attacks, stroke and claudication. The principal source of these cholesterol deposits are low-density lipoprotein (LDL) particles that are present in the blood. There is a direct correlation between LDL concentration and plaque formation in the arteries. LDL concentration is itself largely regulated by the supply of active LDL cell surface receptors which bind LDL particles and translocate them from the blood into the cell interior. Accordingly, the regulation of LDL receptor expression provides an important therapeutic target.

20 Lipoprotein disorders have been previously called the hyperlipoproteinemias and defined as elevation of a lipoprotein level above normal. The hyperlipoproteinemias result in elevations of cholesterol, triglycerides or both and are clinically important because of their contribution to atherosclerotic diseases and pancreatitis.

Lipoproteins are spherical macromolecular complexes of lipid and protein. The lipid constituents of lipoproteins are esterified and unesterified (free) cholesterol, triglycerides, and phospholipids. Lipoproteins transport cholesterol and triglycerides from sites of absorption and synthesis to sites of utilization. Cholesteryl ester and triglycerides are nonpolar and constitute the hydrophobic core of lipoproteins in varying proportions. The lipoprotein surface coat contains the polar constituents - free cholesterol, phospholipids, and apolipoproteins - that permit these particles to be miscible in plasma.

30

Cholesterol is used for the synthesis of bile acids in the liver, the manufacture and repair

of cell membranes, and the synthesis of steroid hormones. There are both exogenous and endogenous sources of cholesterol. The average American consumes about 450 mg of cholesterol each day and produces an additional 500 to 1,000 mg in the liver and other tissues. Another source is the 500 to 1,000 mg of biliary cholesterol that is secreted into the intestine daily; about 50 percent is reabsorbed (enterohepatic circulation). The rate-limiting enzyme in endogenous cholesterol synthesis is 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A (HMG-CoA) reductase. Triglycerides, which are nonpolar lipids consisting of a glycerol backbone and three fatty acids of varying length and degrees of saturation, are used for storage in adipose tissue and for energy.

Lipoproteins are classified into groups based upon size, density, electrophoretic mobility, and lipid and protein composition. Very low density lipoproteins (VLDL) are large, triglyceride-rich lipoproteins that are synthesized and secreted by hepatocytes. VLDL interacts with lipoprotein lipase in capillary endothelium, and the core triglycerides are hydrolyzed to provide fatty acids to adipose and muscle tissue. About half of the catabolized VLDL particles are taken up by hepatic LDL receptors and the other half remain in plasma, becoming intermediate-density lipoprotein. IDL is enriched in cholesteryl ester relative to triglyceride and is gradually converted by hepatic triglyceride lipase to the smaller, denser, cholesterol ester-rich LDL. As IDL is converted to LDL, apolipoprotein E becomes detached, and only one apolipoprotein remains, apo B-100.

LDL normally carries about 75 percent of the circulating cholesterol. Cellular LDL uptake is mediated by a glycoprotein receptor molecule that binds to apo B-100. Approximately 70 percent of LDL is cleared by receptor uptake, and the remainder is removed by a scavenger cell pathway using nonreceptor mechanisms. The LDL receptors span the thickness of the cell's plasma membrane and are clustered in specialized regions where the cell membrane is indented to form craters called coated pits. These pits invaginate to form coated vesicles, where LDL is separated from the receptor and delivered to a lysosome so that digestive enzymes can expose the cholesteryl ester and cleave the ester bond to form free cholesterol. The receptor is recycled to the cell surface.

As free cholesterol liberated from LDL accumulates within cells, there are three important metabolic consequences. First, there is a decrease in the synthesis of HMG-CoA reductase, the enzyme that controls the rate of *de novo* cholesterol synthesis by the cell. Second, there is activation of the enzyme acyl cholesterol acyltransferase (ACAT), which esterifies free

cholesterol into cholesterol ester, the cell's storage form of cholesterol. Third, accumulation of cholesterol suppresses the cell's synthesis of new LDL receptors. This feedback mechanism reduces the cell's uptake of LDL from the circulation.

Lipoproteins play a central role in atherogenesis. This association with the most common cause of death in the developed world defines the principal clinical importance of the hyperlipoproteinemias. Individuals with an elevated cholesterol level are at higher risk for atherosclerosis. Multiple lines of evidence, including epidemiological, autopsy, animal studies and clinical trials, have established that LDL is atherogenic and that the higher the LDL level, the greater the risk of atherosclerosis and its clinical manifestations. A certain level of LDL elevation appears to be a necessary factor in the development of atherosclerosis, although the process is modified by myriad other factors (e.g., blood pressure, tobacco use, blood glucose level, antioxidant level, and clotting factors). Acute pancreatitis is another major clinical manifestation of dyslipoproteinemia. It is associated with chylomicronemia and elevated VLDL levels. Most patients with acute pancreatitis have triglyceride levels above 2,000 mg/dL, but a 1983 NIH consensus development conference recommended that prophylactic treatment of hypertriglyceridemia should begin when fasting levels exceed 500 mg/dL. The mechanism by which chylomicronemia and elevated VLDL cause pancreatitis is unclear. Pancreatic lipase may act on triglyceride in pancreatic capillaries, resulting in the formation of toxic fatty acids that cause inflammation.

Abundant evidence indicates that treatment of hyperlipoproteinemia will diminish or prevent atherosclerotic complications. In addition to a diet that maintains a normal body weight and minimizes concentrations of lipids in plasma, therapeutic agents that lower plasma concentrations of lipoproteins, either by diminishing the production of lipoproteins or by enhancing the efficiency of their removal from plasma, are clinically important.

The most promising class of drugs currently available for the treatment of hyperlipoproteinemia or hypercholesterolemia acts by inhibiting HMG-CoA reductase, the rate-limiting enzyme in endogenous cholesterol synthesis. Drugs of this class competitively inhibit the activity of the enzyme. Eventually, this inhibition leads to a decrease in the endogenous synthesis of cholesterol and by normal homeostatic mechanisms, plasma cholesterol is taken up by LDL receptors to restore the intracellular cholesterol balance.

Through both the release of precursors of LDL and receptor-mediated LDL uptake from

the serum, liver cells play a critical role in maintaining serum cholesterol homeostasis. In both man and animal models, an inverse correlation appears to exist between liver LDL receptors and LDL-associated serum cholesterol levels. In general, higher hepatocyte receptor numbers result in lower LDL-associated serum cholesterol levels. Cholesterol released into hepatocytes can be stored as cholesteryl esters, converted into bile acids and released into the bile duct, or enter into an oxysterol pool. It is this oxysterol pool that is believed to be involved in end product repression of both the genes of the LDL receptor and enzymes involved in the cholesterol synthetic pathway.

Transcription of the LDL receptor gene is known to be repressed when cells have an excess supply of cholesterol, probably in the form of oxysterol. A DNA sequence in the LDL receptor promoter region, known as the sterol response element (SRE), appears to confer this sterol end product repression. This element has been extensively investigated (Brown, Goldstein and Russell, U.S. Patents 4,745,060 and 4,935,363). The SRE can be inserted into genes that normally do not respond to cholesterol, conferring sterol end product repression of the chimeric gene. The exact mechanism of the repression is not understood. Brown and Goldstein have disclosed methods for employing the SRE in a screen for drugs capable of stimulating cells to synthesize LDL receptors (U.S. Patent 4,935,363). It would be most desirable if the synthesis of LDL receptors could be upregulated at the level of gene expression. The upregulation of LDL receptor synthesis at this level offers the promise of resetting the level of serum cholesterol at a lower, and clinically more desirable, level. Presently, however, there are no cholesterol lowering drugs that are known to operate at the level of gene expression. The present invention describes methods and compounds that act to inhibit directly or indirectly the repression of the LDL receptor gene, resulting in induction of the LDL receptor on the surface of liver cells, facilitating LDL uptake, bile acid synthesis and secretion to remove cholesterol metabolites and hence the lowering of LDL-associated serum cholesterol levels.

Accordingly, it is one object of the present invention to provide compounds which directly or indirectly upregulate LDL receptor synthesis at the level of gene expression and are useful in the treatment of hypercholesterolemia or hyperlipoproteinemia.

A further object of the present invention is to provide therapeutic compositions for treating said conditions.

A further object of the invention is to provide therapeutic compositions for treating

pancreatitis.

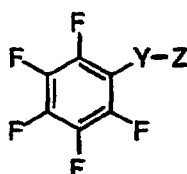
Still further objects are to provide methods for upregulating LDL receptor synthesis, for lowering serum LDL cholesterol levels, and for inhibiting atherosclerosis.

Other objects, features and advantages will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the following description and claims.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides methods and compositions relating to novel pentafluorobenzenesulfonamide derivatives and analogs and their use as pharmacologically active agents. The compositions find particular use as pharmacological agents in the treatment of disease states, particularly hypercholesterolemia and atherosclerosis, or as lead compounds for the development of such agents.

In one embodiment, the invention provides for the pharmaceutical use of compounds of the general formula I and for pharmaceutically acceptable compositions of compounds of formula I:



or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is -S(O)- or -S(O)₂;

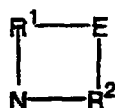
Z is -NR₁R₂ or -OR₃, where R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from hydrogen,

substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkoxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₆)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)heteroalkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkynyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



- substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkadienyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
 5 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
 10 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy,
 15 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl, and
 20 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
 wherein R¹ and R² may be connected by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula



- 25 wherein E represents a bond, (C1-C4) alkylene, or (C1-C4) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R¹, E, R² and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms, or preferably the R¹ and R² may be covalently joined in a moiety that forms a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic ring with the nitrogen atom of NR¹R²;
 and where R³ is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl or heteroaryl group.
 30 Substituents for the alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, heteroalkyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, and cycloalkadienyl radicals are selected

independently from

-H

-OH

-O-(C1-C10)alkyl

5 =O

-NH₂

-NH-(C1-C10)alkyl

-N[(C1-C10)alkyl]₂

-SH

10 -S-(C1-C10)alkyl

-halo

-Si[(C1-C10)alkyl]₃

in a number ranging from zero to (2N+1), where N is the total number of carbon atoms in such radical.

15 Substituents for the aryl and heteroaryl groups are selected independently from

-halo

-OH

-O-R'

-O-C(O)-R'

20 -NH₂

-NHR'

-NR'R''

-SH

-SR'

25 -R'

-CN

-NO₂

-CO₂H

-CO₂-R'

30 -CONH₂

- CONH-R'
- CONR'R''
- O-C(O)-NH-R'
- O-C(O)-NR'R''
- 5 -NH-C(O)-R'
- NR''-C(O)-R'
- NH-C(O)-OR'
- NR''-C(O)-R'
- NH-C(NH₂)=NH
- 10 -NR'-C(NH₂)=NH
- NH-C(NH₂)=NR'
- S(O)-R'
- S(O)₂-R'
- S(O)₂-NH-R'
- 15 -S(O)₂-NR'R''
- N₃
- CH(Ph)₂
- substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy
- substituted or unsubstituted arylamino
- 20 substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylamino
- substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
- substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
- perfluoro(C1-C4)alkoxy, and
- 25 perfluoro(C1-C4)alkyl,
- in a number ranging from zero to the total number of open valences on the aromatic ring system;
- and where R' and R'' are independently selected from :
- substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)heteroalkyl,
- 30 substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)alkenyl,

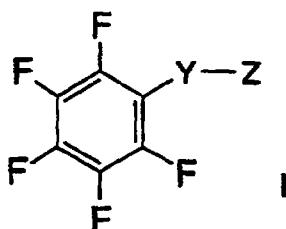
- substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)alkynyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C8)heterocycloalkyl,
- 5 substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C6)cycloalkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C6)cycloalkadienyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
- 10 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C2-C6)alkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl,
- substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
- 15 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C2-C6)alkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl, and
- substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl.

Two of the substituents on adjacent atoms of the aryl or heteroaryl ring may optionally
 20 be replaced with a substituent of the formula $-T-C(O)-(CH_2)_n-U-$, wherein T and U are
 independently selected from N, O, and C, and $n = 0-2$. Alternatively, two of the substituents on
 adjacent atoms of the aryl or heteroaryl ring may optionally be replaced with a substituent of the
 formula $-A-(CH_2)_p-B-$, wherein A and B are independently selected from C, O, N, S, SO, SO₂,
 and SO₂NR', and $p = 1-3$. One of the single bonds of the new ring so formed may optionally be
 25 replaced with a double bond. Alternatively, two of the substituents on adjacent atoms of the
 aryl or heteroaryl ring may optionally be replaced with a substituent of the formula $-(CH_2)_q-X-$
 $(CH_2)_r-$, where q and r are independently 1-3, and X is selected from O, N, S, SO, SO₂ and
 SO₂NR'. The substituent R' in SO₂NR' is selected from hydrogen or (C1-C6)alkyl.

In another embodiment, the invention provides novel methods for the use of
 30 pharmaceutical compositions containing compounds of the foregoing description of the general
 formula I. The invention provides novel methods for treating pathology such as

hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, pancreatitis, and hyperlipoproteinemia, including administering to a patient an effective formulation of one or more of the subject compositions.

In another embodiment, the invention provides chemically-stable, pharmacologically active compounds of general formula I:



10 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is -S(O)- or -S(O₂)-; and

Z is NR¹R², wherein R² is an optionally substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, and R¹ is selected from:

- hydrogen,
- 15 substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkoxy,
substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)heteroalkenyl,
- 20 substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkynyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkadienyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl,
- 25 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
- 30 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,

- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl,
 5 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
 10 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl, and
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
 wherein R^1 and R^2 may be connected by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula



- wherein E represents a bond, (C1-C4) alkylene, or (C1-C4) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R^1 , E, R^2 and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms, or preferably the R^1 and R^2 may be covalently joined in a moiety that forms a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic ring with the nitrogen atom of NR^1R^2 ;
 20 provided that:
 in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$, and R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, then R^2 is substituted phenyl or heteroaryl group;
 in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$ and R^2 is a ring system chosen from 1-naphthyl, 5-quinolyl, or 4-pyridyl, then either R^1 is not hydrogen or R^2 is substituted by at least one substituent that
 25 is not hydrogen;
 in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$, R^2 is phenyl, and R^1 is a propylene unit attaching the nitrogen of $-NR^1R^2-$ to the 2- position of the phenyl ring in relation to the sulfonamido group to form a 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline system, one or more of the remaining valences on the bicyclic system so formed is substituted with at least one substituent that is not hydrogen;
 30 in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$ and R^2 is phenyl substituted with 3-(1-hydroxyethyl), 3-dimethylamino, 4-dimethylamino, 4-phenyl, 3-hydroxy, 3-hydroxy-4-diethylaminomethyl,

3,4-methylenedioxy, 3,4-ethylenedioxy, 2-(1-pyrrolyl), or 2-methoxy-4-(1-morpholino), then either R¹ is not hydrogen or when R¹ is hydrogen, one or more of the remaining valences on the phenyl ring of R² is substituted with a substituent that is not hydrogen;

in the case that Y is -S(O₂)- and R² is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl,

- 5 6-hydroxy-4-methyl-pyrimidin-2-yl, 3-carbomethoxypyrazin-2-yl,
5-carbomethoxypyrazin-2-yl, 4-carboethoxy-1-phenylpyrazol-5-yl, 3-methylpyrazol-5-yl,
4-chloro-2-methylthiopyrimidin-6-yl, 2-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-5-yl, 5,6,7,8-
tetrahydro-2-naphthyl, 4-methylthiazol-2-yl, 6,7-dihydroindan-5-yl, 7-chloro-5-methyl-1,8-
naphthyridin-2-yl, 5,7-dimethyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl, or 3-cyanopyrazol-4-yl, R¹ is a group
10 other than hydrogen.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The term "alkyl" by itself or as part of another substituent means, unless otherwise stated, a straight or branched chain hydrocarbon radical, including di- and multi-radicals, having
15 the number of carbon atoms designated (i.e. C1-C10 means one to ten carbons) and includes straight or branched chain groups such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, t-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, homologs and isomers of n-pentyl, n-hexyl, 2-methylpentyl, 1,5-dimethylhexyl, 1-methyl-4-isopropylhexyl and the like. The term "alkylene" by itself or as part of another substituent means a divalent radical derived from an alkane, as exemplified by
20 -CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂-. A "lower alkyl" is a shorter chain alkyl, generally having six or fewer carbon atoms.

The term "heteroalkyl" by itself or in combination with another term means, unless otherwise stated, a stable straight or branched chain radical consisting of the stated number of carbon atoms and one or two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of O, N, and S, and
25 wherein the nitrogen and sulfur atoms may optionally be oxidized and the nitrogen heteroatom may optionally be quaternized. The heteroatom(s) may be placed at any position of the heteroalkyl group, including between the rest of the heteroalkyl group and the fragment to which it is attached, as well as attached to the most distal carbon atom in the heteroalkyl group. Examples include -O-CH₂-CH₂-CH₃, -CH₂-CH₂-O-CH₃, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-OH,
30 -CH₂-CH₂-NH-CH₃, -CH₂-CH₂-N(CH₃)-CH₃, -CH₂-S-CH₂-CH₃, -CH₂-CH₂-S(O)-CH₃, -O-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-NH-CH₃, and -CH₂-CH₂-S(O)₂-CH₃. Up to two heteroatoms may be

consecutive, such as, for example, $-\text{CH}_2\text{-NH-OCH}_3$. The term "heteroalkylene" by itself or as part of another substituent means a divalent radical derived from heteroalkyl, as exemplified by $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-S-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ and $-\text{CH}_2\text{-S-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-}$.

The terms "cycloalkyl" and "heterocycloalkyl", by themselves or in combination with other terms, represent, unless otherwise stated, cyclic versions of "alkyl" and "heteroalkyl", respectively. Examples of cycloalkyl include cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, and the like. Examples of heterocycloalkyl include 1-piperidinyl, 2-piperidinyl, 3-piperidinyl, 4-morpholinyl, 3-morpholinyl, tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, tetrahydrothien-2-yl, tetrahydrothien-3-yl, 1-piperazinyl, 2-piperazinyl, and the like.

10 The term "alkenyl" employed alone or in combination with other terms, means, unless otherwise stated, a stable straight chain or branched monounsaturated or diunsaturated hydrocarbon group having the stated number of carbon atoms. Examples include vinyl, propenyl (allyl), crotyl, isopentenyl, butadienyl, 1,3-pentadienyl, 1,4-pentadienyl, and the higher homologs and isomers. A divalent radical derived from an alkene is exemplified by
15 $-\text{CH=CH-CH}_2\text{-}$.

The term "heteroalkenyl" by itself or in combination with another term means, unless otherwise stated, a stable straight or branched chain monounsaturated or diunsaturated hydrocarbon radical consisting of the stated number of carbon atoms and one or two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of O, N, and S, and wherein the nitrogen and sulfur atoms
20 may optionally be oxidized and the nitrogen heteroatom may optionally be quarternized. Up to two hetero atoms may be placed consecutively. Examples include $-\text{CH=CH-O-CH}_2\text{-}$, $-\text{CH=CH-CH}_2\text{-O-}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH=N-OCH}_3\text{-}$, $-\text{CH=CH-N(CH}_3\text{)-CH}_2\text{-}$, and $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH=CH-CH}_2\text{-SH}$.

The term "alkynyl" employed alone or in combination with other terms, means, unless
25 otherwise stated, a stable straight chain or branched hydrocarbon group having the stated number of carbon atoms, and containing one or two carbon-carbon triple bonds, such as ethynyl, 1- and 3-propynyl, 4-but-1-ynyl, and the higher homologs and isomers.

The term "alkoxy" employed alone or in combination with other terms, means, unless
30 otherwise stated, an alkyl group, as defined above, connected to the rest of the molecule via an oxygen atom, such as, for example, methoxy, ethoxy, 1-propoxy, 2-propoxy, isopropoxy, and the higher homologs and isomers.

The terms "halo" or "halogen" by themselves or as part of another substituent mean, unless otherwise stated, a fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine atom.

The term "aryl" employed alone or in combination with other terms, means, unless otherwise stated, a phenyl, 1-naphthyl, or 2-naphthyl group. The maximal number of substituents allowed on each one of these ring systems is five, seven, and seven, respectively. Substituents are selected from the group of acceptable substituents listed above.

The term "heteroaryl" by itself or as part of another substituent means, unless otherwise stated, an unsubstituted or substituted, stable, mono- or bicyclic heterocyclic aromatic ring system which consists of carbon atoms and from one to four heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S, and wherein the nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized, and the nitrogen atom may optionally be quaternized. The heterocyclic system may be attached, unless otherwise stated at any heteroatom or carbon atom which affords a stable structure. The heterocyclic system may be substituted or unsubstituted with one to four substituents independently selected from the list of acceptable aromatic substituents listed above. Examples of such heterocycles include 2-pyrrolyl, 3-pyrrolyl, 3-pyrazolyl, 2-imidazolyl, 4-imidazolyl, pyrazinyl, 2-oxazolyl, 4-oxazolyl, 5-oxazolyl, 3-isoxazolyl, 4-isoxazolyl, 5-isoxazolyl, 2-thiazolyl, 4-thiazolyl, 5-thiazolyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, 2-pyrimidyl, 4-pyrimidyl, 5-benzothiazolyl, purinyl, 2-benzimidazolyl, 5-indolyl, 1-isoquinoliny, 5-isoquinolyl, 2-quinoxaliny, 5-quinoxaliny, 3-quinoliny, and 6-quinoliny.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of Formula I include salts of these compounds with relatively nontoxic acids or bases, depending on the particular substituents found on specific compounds of Formula I. When compounds of Formula I contain relatively acidic functionalities, base addition salts can be obtained by contacting the neutral form of compound I with a sufficient amount of the desired base, either neat or in a suitable inert solvent. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable base addition salts include sodium, potassium, calcium, ammonium, organic amino, or magnesium salt, or a similar salt. When compounds of Formula I contain relatively basic functionalities, acid addition salts can be obtained by contacting the neutral form of compound I with a sufficient amount of the desired acid, either neat or in a suitable inert solvent. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts include those derived from inorganic acids like hydrochloric, hydrobromic, nitric, carbonic,

monohydrogencarbonic, phosphoric, monohydrogenphosphoric, dihydrogenphosphoric, sulfuric, monohydrogensulfuric, hydriodic, or phosphorous acids and the like, as well as the salts derived from relatively nontoxic organic acids like acetic, propionic, isobutyric, oxalic, maleic, malonic, benzoic, succinic, suberic, fumaric, mandelic, phthalic, benzenesulfonic, p-tolylsulfonic, citric, tartaric, methanesulfonic, and the like. Also included are salts of amino acids such as arginate and the like, and salts of organic acids like gluconic or galactunoric acids and the like (see, for example, Berge, S.M., et al, "Pharmaceutical Salts", *Journal of Pharmaceutical Science*, Vol. 66, pages 1-19 (1977)). Certain specific compounds of Formula I contain both basic and acidic functionalities that allow the compounds to be converted into either base or acid addition salts.

The free base form may be regenerated by contacting the salt with a base or acid and isolating the parent compound in the conventional manner. The parent form of the compound differs from the various salt forms in certain physical properties, such as solubility in polar solvents, but otherwise the salts are equivalent to the parent form of the compound for the purposes of the present invention.

Certain compounds of the present invention can exist in unsolvated forms as well as solvated forms, including hydrated forms. In general, the solvated forms are equivalent to unsolvated forms and are intended to be encompassed within the scope of the present invention.

Certain compounds of the present invention possess asymmetric carbon atoms (optical centers); the racemates, diastereomers, and individual isomers are all intended to be encompassed within the scope of the present invention.

The compounds of the present invention may also contain unnatural proportions of atomic isotopes at one or more of the atoms that constitute such compounds. For example, the compounds may be radiolabeled with radioactive isotopes, such as for example tritium (^3H) or carbon-14 (^{14}C). All isotopic variations of the compounds of the present invention, whether radioactive or not, are intended to be encompassed within the scope of the present invention.

In various preferred embodiments of the pharmaceutical compositions of compounds of formula I, Y is $\text{S}(\text{O}_2)$ and Z is NR^1R^2 , wherein R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, and R^2 is a substituted phenyl, preferably mono-, di-, or trisubstituted as follows. In one group of preferred compounds, Y is $\text{S}(\text{O}_2)$ and Z is NR^1R^2 , wherein R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, and R^2 is a phenyl group, preferably substituted in the para position by one of the following groups: hydroxy, amino, (C1-C10)alkoxy, (C1-C10)alkyl, (C1-C10)alkylamino, and [di(C1-C10)alkyl]amino, with

up to four additional substituents independently chosen from hydrogen, halogen, (C1-C10)alkoxy, (C1-C10)alkyl, and [di(C1-C10)alkyl]amino. Also preferred are compounds of formula I where there is no linking group E between R¹ and R².

Illustrative examples of pharmaceutical compositions and compounds of the subject

5 pharmaceutical methods include:

- 3-Fluoro-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfinamidobenzene;
- 4-Dimethylamino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfinamidobenzene;
- 4-Methyl-6-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyrimidine;
- 4,6-Dimethoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyrimidine;
- 10 2-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidothiophene;
- 3-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidothiophene;
- 3-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;
- 4-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;
- 4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-(*N*-ethylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene;
- 15 4-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Isopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Isopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 20 2-Isopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Methoxy-1,3-difluoro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Cyclopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Fluoro-4-cyclopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Hydroxy-4-cyclopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 25 1-Hydroxy-2,3-methylenedioxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1-Hydroxy-2,3-ethylenedioxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1-Hydroxy-2,3-carbodioxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1,3-Dihydroxy-2-ethoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonylindole;
- 30 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonyl(2,3-dihydro)indole;
- 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonyl(1,2-dihydro)quinoline;

- 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonyl(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro)quinoline;
3,4-Difluoro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Trifluoromethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Chloro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;
5 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-5-hydroxypent-1-yl]pentafluorophenyl-sulfonamido]benzene;
4-(1,1-Dimethyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
10 3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-Nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene;
4-Methoxy-1-[N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;
15 1-(N-(3-Butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
4-Methoxy-1-(N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
1-[N-(2,3-Dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxy-benzene;
1-(N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
1-(N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
20 1-(N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
4-Methoxy-1-(N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene;
3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-phenoxybenzene;
25 6-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoquinoline;
2,3-Dihydro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole;
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzo[a]thiophene;
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzo[a]furan;
3-Hydroxy-4-(1-propenyl)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
30 4-Benzoyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Methylmercapto-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

- 2-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Allyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-propoxybenzene;
4-(1-Methyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5 1,2-Methylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-(*N,N*-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
10 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole;
4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-(*N*-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene;
1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3,5-Dimethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
15 7-Hydroxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidonaphthalene;
3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-(1-Morpholino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene;
2-Hydroxy-1,3-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
20 1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene;
3-Hydroxy-5-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3,5-Dihydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-(*N*-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
25 4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, hydrochloride;
2-Methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;
2-Anilino-3-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine.

Examples of the most preferred pharmaceutical compositions and compounds of the subject pharmaceutical methods include:

- 30 4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

- 1,2-Ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt;
5 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt;
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt;
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt;
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
10 4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole;
4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
15 2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
20 4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene; and
3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

The invention provides for certain novel compounds of general Formula I that possess one or more valuable biological activities such as a pharmacologic, toxicologic, metabolic, etc.

Exemplary compounds of this embodiment of the invention include:

- 25 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfinamidobenzene;
4-Dimethylamino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfinamidobenzene;
4-Methyl-6-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyrimidine;
4,6-Dimethoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyrimidine;
2-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidothiophene;
30 3-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidothiophene;
3-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;

- 4-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;
4-(*N,N*, -Dimethylamino)-1-(*N*-ethylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido) benzene;
4-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5 2-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Isopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-Isopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Isopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Methoxy-1,3-difluoro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
10 1-Hydroxy-2,3-methylenedioxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Hydroxy-2,3-ethylenedioxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Hydroxy-2,3-carbodioxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1,3-Dihydroxy-2-ethoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonylindole;
15 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonyl(2,3-dihydro)indole;
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonyl(1,2-dihydro)quinoline;
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonyl(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro)quinoline;
3,4-Difluoro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Trifluoromethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
20 2-Chloro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[*N*-5-hydroxypent-1-yl]pentafluorophenyl-sulfonamido]benzene;
4-(1,1-Dimethyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
25 1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3-Nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene;
4-Methoxy-1-[*N*-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;
1-(*N*-(3-Butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;

- 4-Methoxy-1-(N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
1-[N-(2,3-Dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxy-benzene;
1-(N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
1-(N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
5 1-(N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
4-Methoxy-1-(N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene;
3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-phenoxybenzene;
10 4-Benzoyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Methylmercapto-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Allyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-propoxybenzene;
15 4-(1-Methyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1,2-Methylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-(N,N-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
20 Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole;
4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene;
1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
3,5-Dimethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
25 3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
7-Hydroxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidonaphthalene;
3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-(1-Morpholino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene;
30 2-Hydroxy-1,3-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

- 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene;
- 4-Cyclopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Fluoro-4-cyclopropoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 6-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoquinoline;
- 5 2,3-Dihydro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole;
- 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzo[a]thiophene;
- 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzo[a]furan;
- 3-Hydroxy-4-(1-propenyl)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Hydroxy-5-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 10 3,5-Dihydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-(*N*-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
- 4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, hydrochloride; and,
- 2-Analino-3-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine.

Preferred compounds of this embodiment of the invention have specific
 15 pharmacological properties. Examples of the most preferred compounds of this embodiment of the invention include:

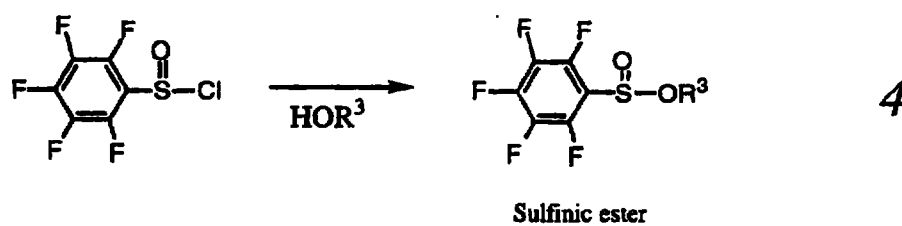
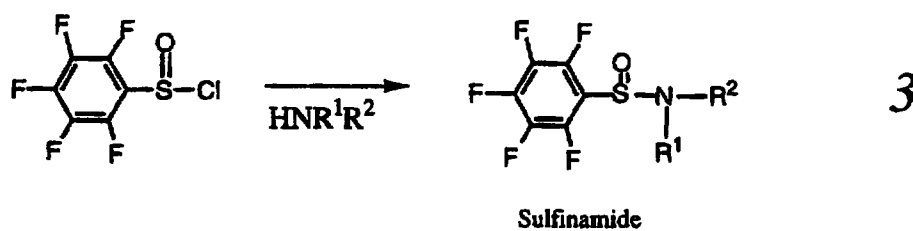
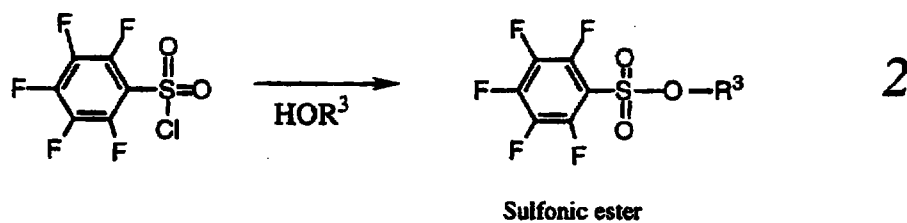
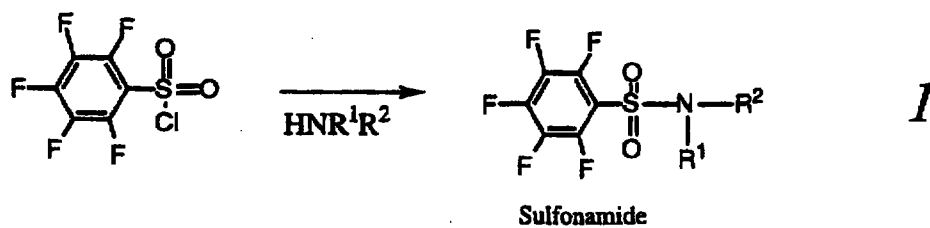
- 4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1,2-Ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 20 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt;
- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt;
- 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt;
- 25 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt;
- 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 30 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole;
- 4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

- 3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
2-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
5 2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene; and
3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

SYNTHESIS

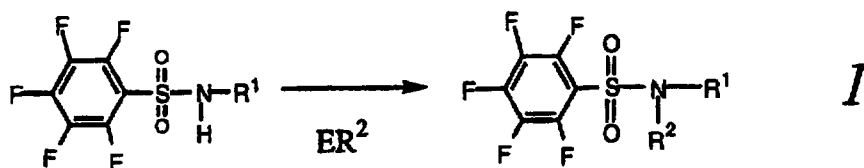
Scheme I

Syntheses of pentafluorophenylsulfonamides, sulfonic esters, sulfinamides, and sulfinic esters



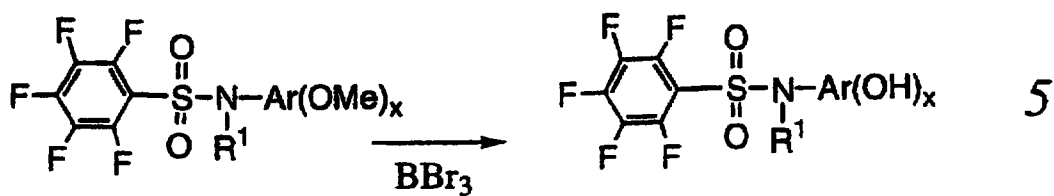
Scheme II

5 Alternative synthesis of *N,N*-disubstituted pentafluorophenylsulfonamides.



Scheme III

15 Syntheses of phenols



x=1-3

The invention provides methods of making the subject compounds and compositions. In one general embodiment, the methods involve combining pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride with an amine having the general formula R^1R^2NH under conditions whereby the pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride and amine react to form the desired compound, and
5 isolating the compound.

Compounds with the generic structure 1 or 3 (Scheme I) may be prepared by reacting the appropriate starting amine in a solvent such as tetrahydrofuran (THF), dimethylformamide (DMF), ether, toluene or benzene in the presence of a base such as pyridine, *p*-dimethylaminopyridine, triethylamine, sodium carbonate or potassium carbonate
10 and pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride or pentafluorophenylsulfinyl chloride, respectively. Pyridine itself may also be used as the solvent. Preferred solvents are pyridine and DMF and preferred bases are pyridine, triethylamine, and potassium carbonate. This reaction can be carried out at a temperature range of 0 °C to 100 °C, conveniently at ambient temperature.

Compounds of the generic structure 1 can also be obtained by treating the starting
15 sulfonamide (Scheme II) with a base such as LDA, NaH, dimsyl salt, alkyl lithium, potassium carbonate, under an inert atmosphere such as argon or nitrogen, in a solvent such as benzene, toluene, DMF or THF with an alkylating group containing a leaving group such a Cl, Br, I, MsO-, TsO-, TFAO-, represented by E in Scheme II. A preferred solvent for this reaction is THF and the preferred base is lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide. This reaction can
20 be carried out at a temperature range of 0 °C to 100 °C, conveniently at ambient temperature.

Sulfonic esters (2) and sulfinic esters (4) may be prepared by reacting the appropriate starting phenol in a solvent such as THF, DMF, toluene or benzene in the presence of a base such as pyridine, triethylamine, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate or 4-
25 dimethylaminopyridine with pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride or pentafluorophenylsulfinyl chloride, respectively. Pyridine itself may also be used as the solvent. Preferred solvents are pyridine and DMF and preferred bases are sodium carbonate and potassium carbonate. This reaction can be carried out at a temperature range of 0 °C to 100 °C, conveniently at ambient temperature.

30 Compounds of the general structure 5, in which Ar is an aromatic group and x is from one to three, can be obtained from the corresponding methyl ethers (Scheme III) by reaction

with boron tribromide in a solvent of low polarity such as hexanes or CH_2Cl_2 under an inert atmosphere at a temperature ranging from -45° to 30°C . In a preferred embodiment, the reaction is carried out in CH_2Cl_2 at about 30°C .

Occasionally, the substrates for the transformations shown in Schemes I-III may contain functional groups (for example, amino, hydroxy or carboxy) which are not immediately compatible with the conditions of the given reaction. In such cases, these groups may be protected with a suitable protective group, and this protective group removed subsequent to the transformation to give the original functionality using well known procedures such as those illustrated in T.W. Greene and P.G. M. Wuts, *Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis*, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1991.

The compounds used as initial starting materials in this invention may be purchased from commercial sources or alternatively are readily synthesized by standard procedures which are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Some of the compounds of formula I may exist as stereoisomers, and the invention includes all active stereoisomeric forms of these compounds. In the case of optically active isomers, such compounds may be obtained from corresponding optically active precursors using the procedures described above or by resolving racemic mixtures. The resolution may be carried out using various techniques such as chromatography, repeated recrystallization of derived asymmetric salts, or derivatization, which techniques are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

The compounds of formula I which are acidic or basic in nature can form a wide variety of salts with various inorganic and organic bases or acids, respectively. These salts must be pharmacologically acceptable for administration to mammals. Salts of the acidic compounds of this invention are readily prepared by treating the acid compound with an appropriate molar quantity of the chosen inorganic or organic base in an aqueous or suitable organic solvent and then evaporating the solvent to obtain the salt. Acid addition salts of the basic compounds of this invention can be obtained similarly by treatment with the desired inorganic or organic acid and subsequent solvent evaporation and isolation.

The compounds of the invention may be labeled in a variety of ways. For example, the compounds may be provided as radioactive isotopes; for example, tritium and the ^{14}C -isotopes. Similarly, the compounds may be advantageously joined, covalently or

noncovalently, to a wide variety of joined compounds which may provide pro-drugs or function as carriers, labels, adjuvants, coactivators, stabilizers, etc. Hence, compounds having the requisite structural limitations encompass such compounds joined directly or indirectly (e.g. through a linker molecule), to such joined compounds.

5 ANALYSIS

The subject compositions were demonstrated to have pharmacological activity in *in vitro* and *in vivo* assays, e.g. are capable of specifically modulating a cellular physiology to reduce an associated pathology or provide or enhance a prophylaxis. Preferred compounds are capable of specifically regulating LDL receptor gene expression. Compounds may be
10 evaluated *in vitro* for their ability to increase LDL receptor expression using western-blot analysis, for example, as described in Tam et al. (1991) J. Biol. Chem. 266, 16764. Established animal models to evaluate hypocholesterolemic effects of compounds are known in the art. For example, compounds disclosed herein are shown to lower cholesterol levels in hamsters fed a high-cholesterol diet, using a protocol similar to that described in Spady et al.
15 (1988) J. Clin. Invest. 81, 300; Evans et al. (1994) J. Lipid Res. 35, 1634; Lin et al (1995) J. Med. Chem. 38, 277.

FORMULATION AND ADMINISTRATION

The invention provides methods of using the subject compounds and compositions to treat disease or provide medicinal prophylaxis, to upregulate LDL receptor gene expression in
20 a cell, to reduce blood cholesterol concentration in a host, etc. These methods generally involve contacting the cell with or administering to the host an effective amount of the subject compounds or pharmaceutically acceptable compositions.

The compositions and compounds of the invention and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof can be administered in any effective way such as via oral, parenteral
25 or topical routes. Generally, the compounds are administered in dosages ranging from about 2 mg up to about 2,000 mg per day, although variations will necessarily occur depending on the disease target, the patient, and the route of administration. Preferred dosages are administered orally in the range of about 0.05 mg/kg to about 20 mg/kg, more preferably in the range of about 0.05 mg/kg to about 2 mg/kg, most preferably in the range of about 0.05 mg/kg to about
30 0.2 mg per kg of body weight per day.

In one embodiment, the invention provides the subject compounds combined with a

pharmaceutically acceptable excipient such as sterile saline or other medium, water, gelatin, an oil, etc. to form pharmaceutically acceptable compositions. The compositions and/or compounds may be administered alone or in combination with any convenient carrier, diluent, etc. and such administration may be provided in single or multiple dosages. Useful carriers
5 include solid, semi-solid or liquid media including water and non-toxic organic solvents.

In another embodiment, the invention provides the subject compounds in the form of a pro-drug, which can be metabolically converted to the subject compound by the recipient host. A wide variety of pro-drug formulations are known in the art.

The compositions may be provided in any convenient form including tablets,
10 capsules, lozenges, troches, hard candies, powders, sprays, creams, suppositories, etc. As such the compositions, in pharmaceutically acceptable dosage units or in bulk, may be incorporated into a wide variety of containers. For example, dosage units may be included in a variety of containers including capsules, pills, etc.

The compositions may be advantageously combined and/or used in combination with
15 other hypocholesterolemic and/or hypolipemic therapeutic or prophylactic agents, different from the subject compounds. In many instances, administration in conjunction with the subject compositions enhances the efficacy of such agents. Exemplary hypocholesterolemic and/or hypolipemic agents include: bile acid sequestrants such as quaternary amines (e.g. cholestyramine and colestipol); nicotinic acid and its derivatives; HMG-CoA reductase
20 inhibitors such as mevastatin, pravastatin, and simvastatin; gemfibrozil and other fibric acids, such as gemfibrozil, clofibrate, fenofibrate, benzaifibrate and cipofibrate; probucol; raloxifene and its derivatives; and mixtures thereof.

The compounds and compositions also find use in a variety of in vitro and in vivo assays, including diagnostic assays. For example, various allotypic LDL receptor gene
25 expression processes may be distinguished in sensitivity assays with the subject compounds and compositions, or panels thereof. In certain assays and in in vivo distribution studies, it is desirable to use labeled versions of the subject compounds and compositions, e.g. radioligand displacement assays. Accordingly, the invention provides the subject compounds and compositions comprising a detectable label, which may be spectroscopic (e.g. fluorescent),
30 radioactive, etc.

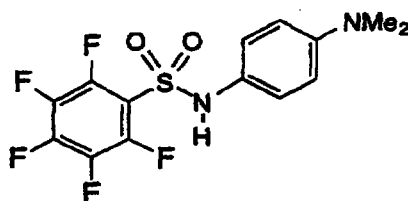
The following examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of

limitation.

EXAMPLES

¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Gemini 400MHz NMR spectrometer. Significant peaks are tabulated in the order: multiplicity (s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet), coupling constant(s) in Hertz, number of protons. Electron Ionization (EI) mass spectra were recorded on a Hewlett Packard 5989A mass spectrometer. Fast Atom Bombardment (FAB) mass spectroscopy was carried out in a VG analytical ZAB 2-SE high field mass spectrometer. Mass spectroscopy results are reported as the ratio of mass over charge, and the relative abundance of the ion is reported in parentheses.

Example 1



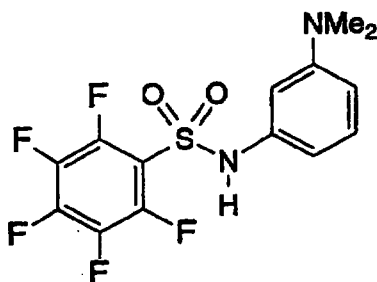
4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. To

N,N-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride (3g, 14.6mmol) suspended in pyridine (50mL) at 0 °C under argon was added dropwise pentafluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride

(2.38mL, 16mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at 0 °C and allowed to warm to ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3h. The volume of the mixture was then reduced to 10 mL under reduced pressure. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and the reaction quenched with water. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined and washed with brine and dried with MgSO₄. The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by chromatography on silica, eluting with CH₂Cl₂. The title product was obtained as

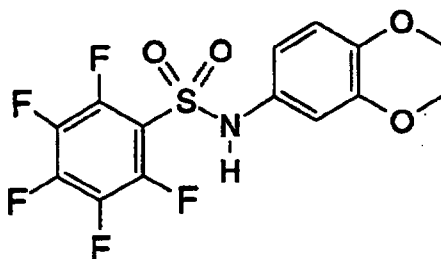
a white solid in 63% yield (3.4g). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.01(d, *J*=8.9Hz, 2H), 6.77(s, 1H), 6.59(d, *J*=8.3Hz, 2H), 2.92ppm(s, 6H). FAB *m/z* (relative abundance): 367(100%, M+H⁺), 135(30%), 121(25%). Anal. calcd. for C₁₄H₁₁F₅N₂O₂S: C 45.95, H 3.03, N 7.65. Found C

45.83, H 2.99, N 7.62

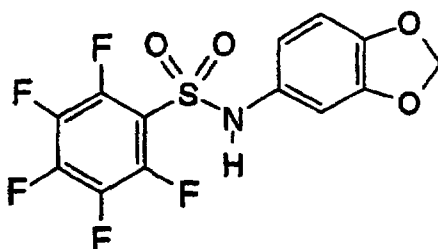
Example 2

3-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3):

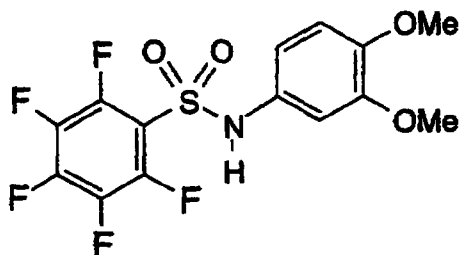
7.12(t, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.05(s, 1H), 6.57(s, 1H) 6.53(d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.40(d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 2.94ppm (s, 6H). FAB m/z : 366 (100%, M^+). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)aniline.

Example 3

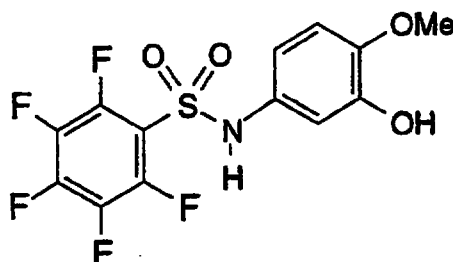
1,2-Ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 6.97(s, 1H), 6.76(d, $J=8.6\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.72(d, $J=2.6\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.62(dd, $J=8.6$, 2.6Hz, 1H), 4.21ppm (s, 4H). FAB m/z : 381(100%, $\text{M}+\text{H}^+$). Anal calcd. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_8\text{F}_5\text{NO}_4\text{S}$: C 44.09, H 2.12, N 3.68, S 8.39. Found: C 43.83, H 2.19, N 3.62, S 8.20. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3,4-ethylenedioxyaniline.

Example 4

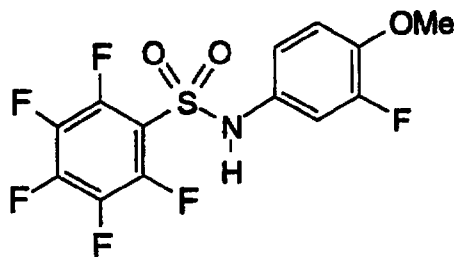
1,2-Methylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 6.85(s, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.70(d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.57(d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 5.97ppm(s, 2H). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3,4-methylenedioxyaniline.

Example 5

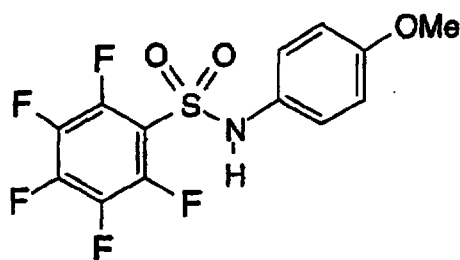
1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 6.98(s, 1H), 6.85(d, 1H), 6.74(d, 1H), 6.60(dd, 1H), 3.85(s, 3H), 3.83ppm (s, 3H). EI, m/z : 383(50, M^+), 152(100). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3,4-dimethoxyaniline.

Example 6

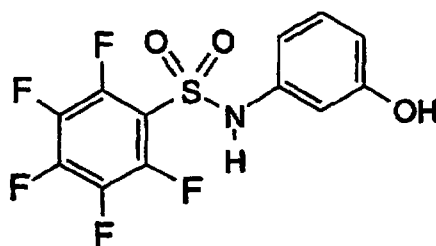
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 6.93(s, 1H), 6.7-6.8(m, 3H), 5.68(bs, 1H), 3.85ppm(s, 3H). EI, m/z: 333(20, M⁺), 138(100). mp 118-120 °C. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3-hydroxy-4-methoxyaniline.

Example 7

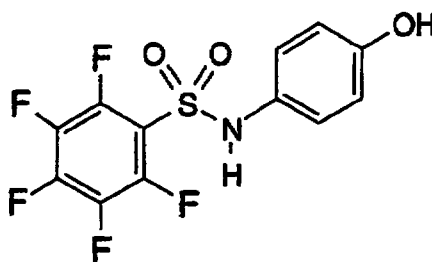
3-Fluoro-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorosulfonamidobenzene. ¹H NMR (DMSO) 11.15 (broad s, 1H), 7.13 (t, *J*=9Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, *J*=9.5 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.94ppm (dd, *J*=8.8 1.5Hz, 1H), 3.79ppm (s, 3H). EI, m/z: 371 (20, M⁺), 140 (100). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₇HF₆N₁O₃S₁: C 42.06, H 1.90, N 3.77, S 8.64. Found: C 42.19, H 1.83, N 3.70, S 8.60. Mp 118-119°C. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3-fluoro-*p*-anisidine.

Example 8

4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.96(d, $J=4\text{Hz}$, 2H), 6.88 (d, $J=4\text{Hz}$, 2H), 3.83ppm(s, 3H). EI, m/z: 353 (60, M^+), 122 (100). M.p. 102-103 °C. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 4-methoxyaniline.

Example 9

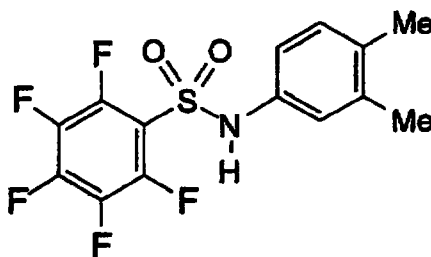
3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): 7.15(t, $J=8.1\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.67(t, $J=2.2\text{Hz}$, 1H) 6.60(dd, $J=1.3\text{Hz}$, 7.8Hz, 1H), 6.52ppm (dd, $J=2.4\text{Hz}$ 8.3Hz, 1H). EI, m/z: 339 (80, M^+), 256 (50), 81 (100). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3-hydroxyaniline.

Example 10

5

4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorosulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): 6.95(d, $J=8.9\text{Hz}$, 2H), 6.65ppm (d, $J=8.9\text{Hz}$, 2H). EI, m/z : 339 (30, M^+). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 4-hydroxyaniline.

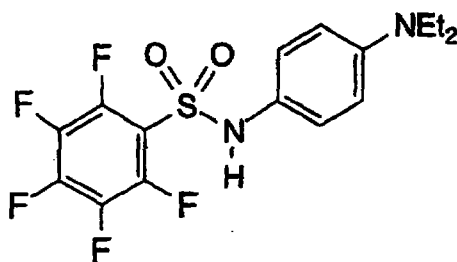
10

Example 11

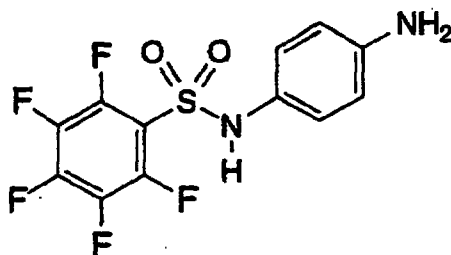
15

1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.03(d, $J=7.9\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.92(s, 1H), 6.85-6.82(m, 2H), 2.18(s, 3H), 2.16ppm(s, 3H). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3,4-dimethylaniline.

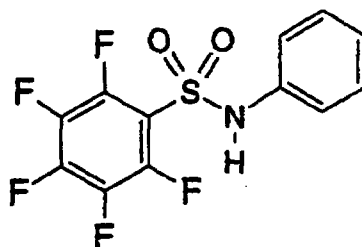
20

Example 12

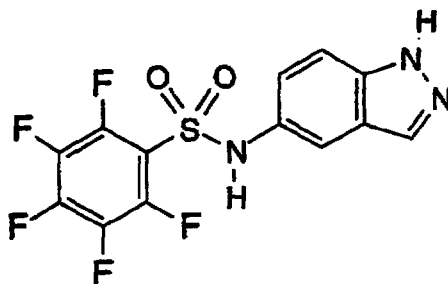
4-(*N,N*-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 6.93(d, $J=8.8\text{Hz}$, 2H), 6.78(s, 1), 6.45(d, $J=8.7\text{Hz}$, 2H), 3.25(dd, $J=7.0\text{Hz}$, 7.3Hz, 4H), 1.10ppm (t, $J=7.2\text{Hz}$, 6H). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 4-(*N,N*-diethylamino)aniline.

Example 13

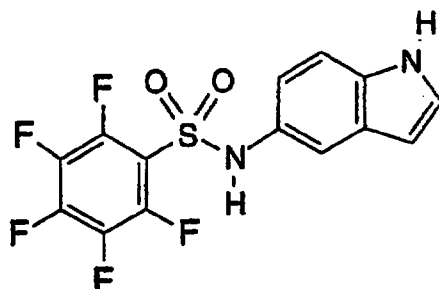
4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 6.82(d, $J=8.7\text{Hz}$, 2H), 6.49ppm(d, $J=8.7\text{Hz}$, 2H). EI, m/z : 338(7, M^+), 107(100), 80(40). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 1,4-diaminobenzene.

Example 14

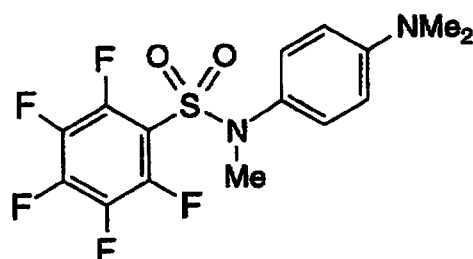
Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.30(d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 2H), 7.13-7.2(m, 3H), 7.0ppm(s, 1H). EI, m/z : 323(90, M^+), 92(100). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with aniline.

Example 15

5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole. ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): 7.98(s, 1H), 7.69(s, 1H), 7.47(d, $J=8.3\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.23ppm(d, $J=8.3\text{Hz}$, 1H). EI m/z : 364(50, $\text{M}+\text{H}^+$), 133(100). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 5-aminoindazole.

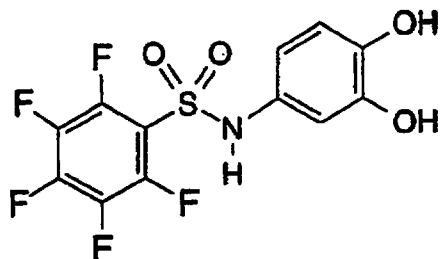
Example 16

5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 8.2(s, 1H), 7.43(s, 1H), 7.3(d, $J=8$ Hz, 1H), 7.22(s, 1H), 6.98 (d, $J=8$ Hz, 1H), 6.92ppm (s, 1H), 6.50ppm(s, 1H). EI m/z: 362(M^+), 131(100). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 5-aminoindole.

Example 17

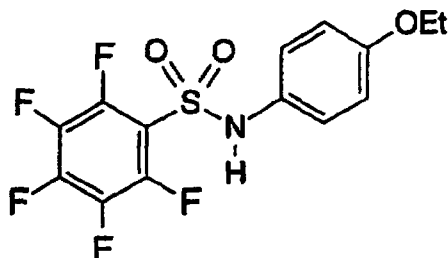
4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-(*N*-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene.

4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-(pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene (100mg, 0.273mmol) was dissolved in dry THF (2.5mL) and to the system was added under N_2 at room temperature a 1M solution of lithium *bis*(trimethylsilyl)amide (0.274mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min followed by addition of MeI (65mg, 0.028mL). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude product purified by HPLC using silica as the stationary phase and eluting with 20%EtOAc/Hex (v/v) to afford the product as a white solid in 60% yield (62mg). EI m/z: 380(35, M^+), 149(100). ^1H NMR (CD_3OD) 7.05(d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 2H), 6.68(d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 2H), 3.33(s, 3H) 2.93(s, 6H). Anal. calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{F}_5\text{SO}_2\text{N}_2$: C 47.37, H 3.45, N 7.37. Found: C 47.37, H 3.49, N 7.32.

Example 18

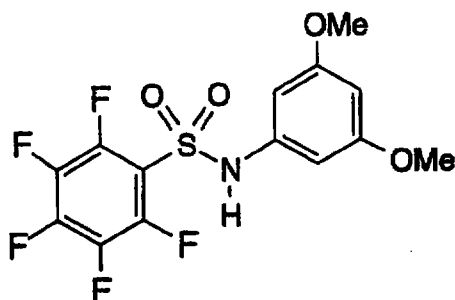
1,2-Dihydroxy-4-(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamidobenzene.

- 10 1-Hydroxy-2-methoxy-4-(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamidobenzene (250mg, 0.678mmol) was suspended in dry CH_2Cl_2 (5mL) at 0°C under nitrogen. To the mixture was added BBr_3 as a 1M solution in CH_2Cl_2 (0.746mmol, 1.1eq.). The mixture was warmed to ambient temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was poured over ice (75mL) and extracted 3 times with 30 mL portions of CH_2Cl_2 . The organic layer was dried with MgSO_4 ,
15 and the solvent was evaporated. The crude product was purified by chromatography over silica eluting with 30% (v/v) EtOAc/Hex to afford the product as a white solid in 41% yield (98mg). ^1H NMR (DMSO): 10.63(s, 1H), 9.15(s, 1H), 8.91(s, 1H), 6.61(d, $J=9\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.58(d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.39ppm(dd, $J=9\text{Hz}$ 3Hz, 1H).

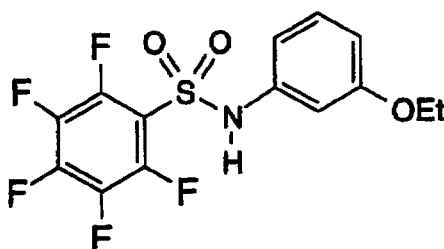
Example 19

4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. To a stirred solution of *p*-phenetidine (0.100g, 0.729mmol) in dimethylformamide (3.65 mL) at 25 °C was added pentafluorobenzene sulfonyl chloride (0.135mL, 0.911mmol), followed by sodium carbonate (0.116g, 1.09mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50mL) and washed with 20% ammonium chloride (2 x 20mL) and saturated sodium chloride (2 x 20mL). The organic layer was dried (sodium sulfite), and the ethyl acetate was removed under reduced pressure to yield a reddish-brown oil. Column chromatography (3:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) yielded the title compound (0.222g, 83%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.08 (d, *J* = 9Hz, 2H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 9Hz, 2H), 3.96 (q, *J* = 7Hz, 2H), 1.37 ppm (t, *J* = 7Hz, 2H). IR (neat) 3000-3600, 1750 cm⁻¹. EI *m/z* : 367(M⁺), 154, 136.

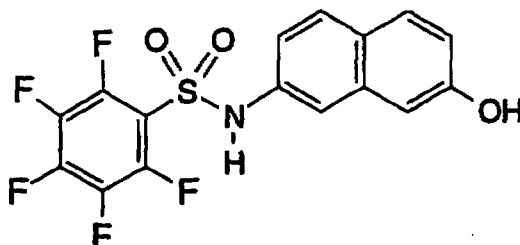
The compounds of Examples 20 through 26 were prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with the appropriate amine.

Example 20

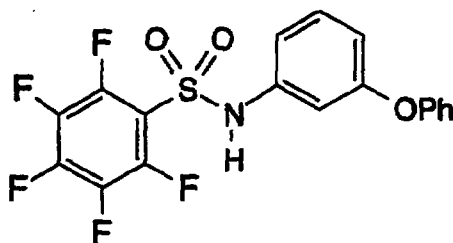
3,5-Dimethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene . The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with 3,5-dimethoxyaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 6.91(s, 1H), 6.32(s, 2H), 6.25(s, 1H), 3.72ppm(s, 6H).

Example 21

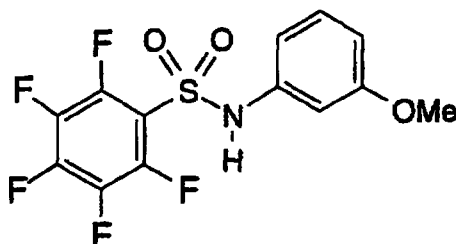
3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene . The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with 3-ethoxyaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.35 (t, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 7.21(s, 1H), 6.92(s, 1H), 6.86(d, *J*=8Hz, 1H), 6.83(d, *J*=8Hz, 1H), 4.15(q, *J*=6Hz, 2H), 1.56ppm (t, *J*=6Hz, 3H).

Example 22

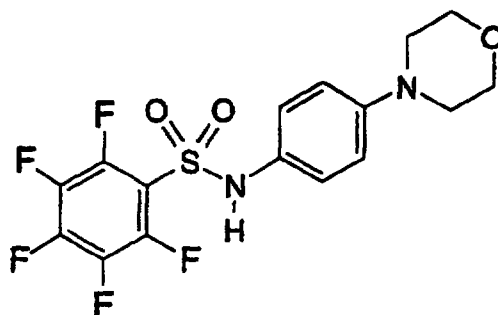
7-Hydroxy-2-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidonaphthalene. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with 2-amino-7-hydroxynaphthalene. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 8.15 (t, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 6.88 ppm (q, *J* = 8Hz, 1H).

Example 23

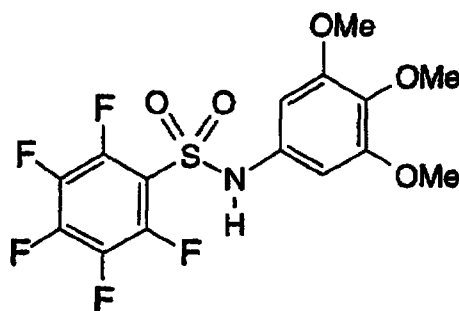
3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfamidobenzene. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with 3-phenoxyaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.34 (t, *J* = 8Hz, 2H), 7.26 (t, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8Hz, 1H), 6.74 (s, 1H).

Example 24

3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with 3-methoxyaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.20 (d, *J* = 8Hz, 1H,), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.78 (d, *J*=8Hz, 1H,), 6.70 (t, *J*=8Hz, 1H), 3.79 ppm (s, 1H).

Example 25

4-(1-Morpholino)-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with 4-(1-morpholino)aniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.09 (d, *J* = 8Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, *J*=8Hz, 2H), 3.85 (t, *J*=8Hz, 4H), 3.15ppm (t, *J*=8Hz, 4H).

Example 26

5-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene. The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of Example 19 by replacing *p*-phenetidine with 3,4,5-trimethoxyaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 8.14 (s, 1H), 6.46 (s, 2H), 3.69 (s, 6H), 3.59 (s, 3H).

Example 27

1,3-Dimethoxy-2-hydroxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene .

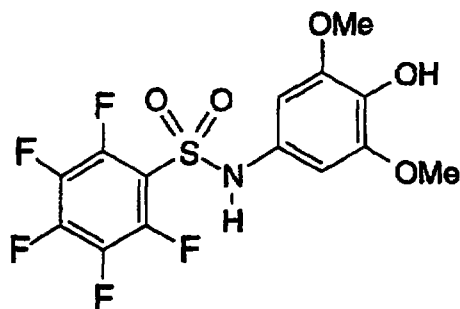
1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene.

5-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene.

1,2,3-Methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene (269mg, 0.65mmol) was suspended in dry CH₂Cl₂ (5mL) at 0 °C under nitrogen. To the mixture was added BBr₃ as a 1M solution in CH₂Cl₂ (3.26mmol, 5eq.). The mixture was warmed to ambient temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was poured over ice (75mL) and extracted 3 times with 30 mL portions of CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was dried with MgSO₄, evaporated, and the residue was subjected to chromatography over silica eluting with 30% (v/v) EtOAc/Hex to afford the three products. The compounds of Examples 28 and 29 were prepared in a manner similar to that described above beginning with the product of Example 20 and treating it with BBr₃.

45

5

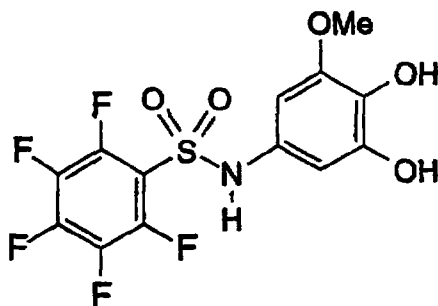


1,3-Dimethoxy-2-hydroxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) 10.85 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 3.66 ppm (s, 6H).

10

15

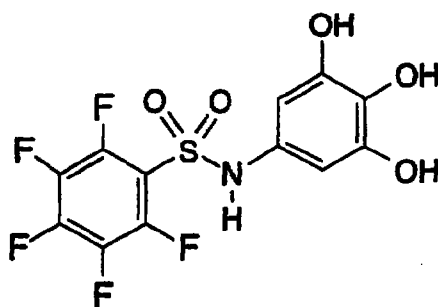


1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3)

10.73 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 3.66 ppm (s, 3H).

20

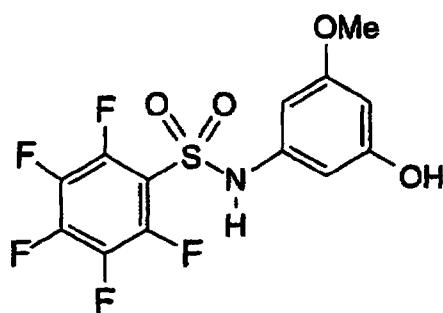
25



5-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) 11.0 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 2H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 6.13 ppm (s, 2H).

Example 28

5

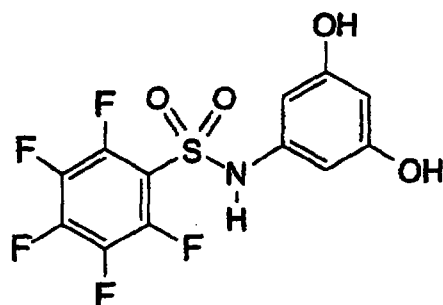


3-Hydroxy-5-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) 11.2 (s, 1H), 9.63 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 6.08 (s, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H).

10

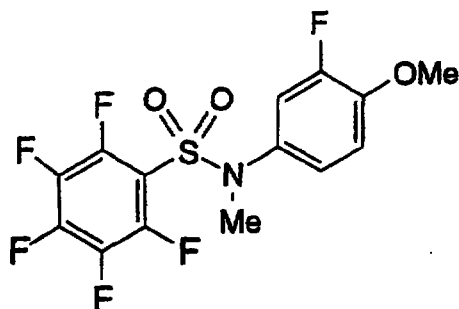
Example 29

15

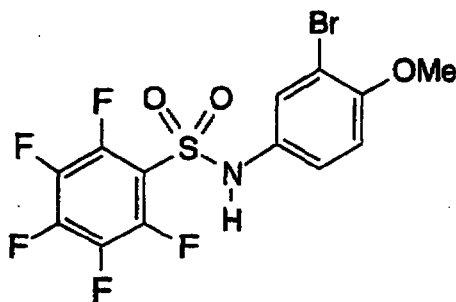


3,5-Dihydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) 7.15 (s, 1H), 6.25 (s, 2H), 6.15 (s, 1H), 5.31 (s, 2H).

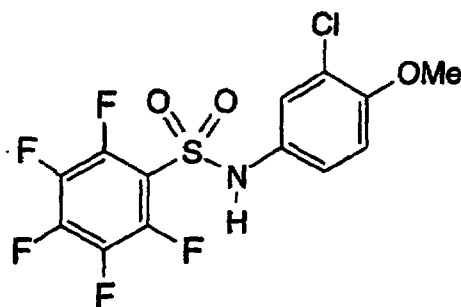
20

Example 30

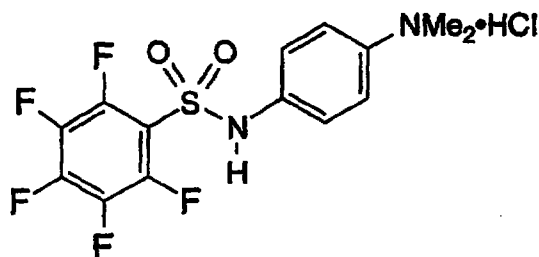
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-(*N*-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene. Prepared using a procedure similar to that of Example 18 replacing 4-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene with the appropriate non-substituted sulfonamide (product of Example 7). ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 6.97-6.94(m, 2H), 6.89(t, $J=9\text{Hz}$, 1H), 3.87(s, 3H), 3.35ppm (t, $J=1\text{Hz}$). EI m/z: 385(20, M^+), 154(100). Anal. calcd. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{F}_6\text{NO}_3$: C 43.64, H 2.35, N 3.64. Found C 43.55, H 2.38, N 3.65.

Example 31

2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.35(d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.15(dd, $J=9\text{Hz}$, 3Hz, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.81(d, $J=9\text{Hz}$, 1H), 3.88 ppm (s, 3H). EI m/z: 433(35, M^+), 202(100). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3-bromo-4-methoxyaniline.

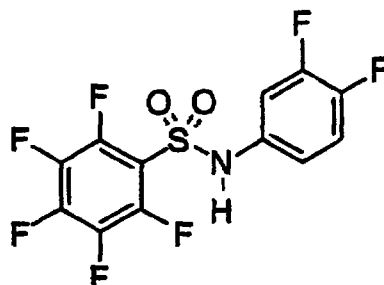
Example 32

2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamidobenzene. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.19(d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.08(dd, $J=9\text{Hz}$, 3Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.84(d, $J=9\text{Hz}$, 1H), 3.85 ppm (s, 3H). EI m/z(rel. abundance): 387(10, M^+), 156(100). The compound was prepared by a protocol similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3-chloro-4-methoxyaniline.

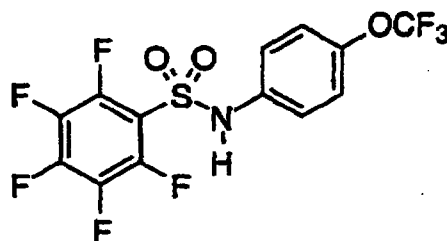
Example 33

4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamidobenzene hydrochloride.

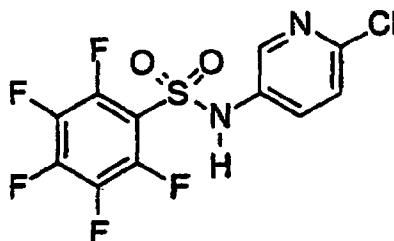
4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamidobenzene (2g, 5.5mmol) was dissolved in 15mL of diethyl ether at ambient temperature under nitrogen. Gaseous HCl was bubbled into the reaction mixture for 5 min. The mixture was filtered and the resulting solid washed twice with 15mL portions of ice cold diethyl ether to afford the product as a white solid (1.89g, 86% yield). ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): 7.62(dd, $J=9.0\text{Hz}$, 1.6Hz, 2H), 7.44(dd, $J=9.0\text{Hz}$, 1.6Hz, 2H), 3.28ppm(s, 6H). FAB m/z: 367(100%, $\text{M}+\text{H}^+$), 135(90%), 121(45%). Anal. calcd. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClF}_5\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$: C 41.79, H 3.01, N 6.97, S 7.95. Found C 41.71, H 3.05, N 7.01, S 7.96.

Example 34

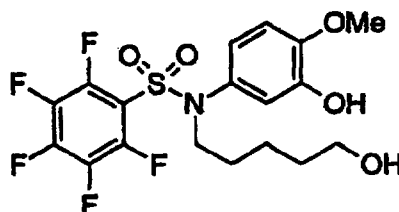
3,4-Difluoro-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 3,4-difluoroaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.13 (m, 3H), 6.91ppm (m, 1H). EI, m/z (relative abundance) : 359 (20), 128 (100). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₄F₇N₁O₂S₁: C 40.12, H 1.12, N 3.90. Found: C 40.23, H 1.17, N 3.89.

Example 35

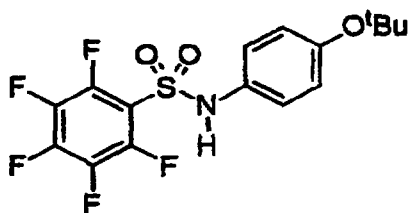
4-Trifluoromethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 4-(trifluoromethoxy)aniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.18ppm (m, 4H). EI, m/z (relative abundance) : 407 (20), 176 (100). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₅F₈N₁O₃S₁: C 38.34, H 1.24, N 3.44. Found: C 38.33, H 1.30, N 3.43.

Example 36

2-Chloro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with 5-amino-2-chloropyridine. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): 8.18 (d, *J*=2.68 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, *J*=8.75, 2.89 Hz, 1H), 7.50ppm (d, *J*=8.75 Hz, 1H). EI *m/z* 358 (20, *M*⁺), 127 (100). Anal. calcd. for C₁₁H₄ClF₅N₂O₂S: C 36.83, H 1.12, N 7.81, S 8.94, Cl 9.90. Found: C 37.00, H 1.16, N 7.78, S 8.98, Cl 10.01. White crystals with M.P.=144-145 °C.

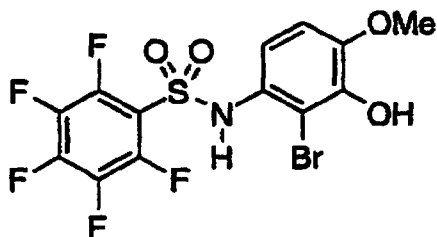
Example 37

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-(*N*-(5-hydroxypentyl)-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido) benzene. *N*-(5-hydroxypentyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-aminobenzene as prepared by reductive amination of 5-amino-2-methoxy phenol with glutaric dialdehyde with NaBH₄ in MeOH. 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-(*N*-pentane-5-ol-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido) benzene was prepared in a manner similar to that of example 1 by replacing *N,N*-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine dihydrochloride with *N*-(5-hydroxypentyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-aminobenzene. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 6.78(d, *J*=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.71(dd, *J*=8.59, 2.48 Hz, 1H), 6.63(d, *J*=2.48 Hz, 1H), 3.88(s, 3H), 3.7(t, *J*=6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.6(t, *J*=6.39 Hz, 2H), 1.5ppm (m, 6H). Anal. calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈F₅NO₅S: C 47.47, H 3.98, N 3.08, S 7.04. Found: C 47.47, H 4.04, N 3.11, S 6.97. White crystals with M.P.=118°.

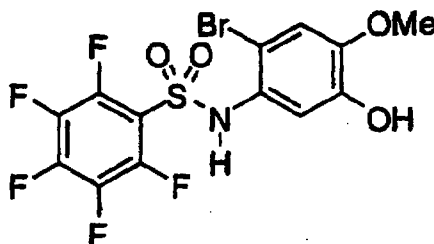
Example 38

4-(1,1-Dimethylethoxy)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-benzene.

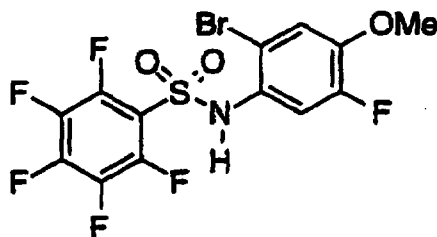
The compound was prepared in a manner similar to example 46 by replacing 3-chloroaniline with 4-*t*-butoxyaniline. 4-*t*-Butoxyaniline was prepared by the method of Day (*J. Med. Chem.* 1975, 18, 1065). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 7.07 (m, 2), 6.92 (m, 2), 6.88 (m, 1), 1.31 (s, 9). MS (EI): *m/z* 395 (1, M⁺), 339 (28), 108 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄F₅NO₃S: C, 48.61; H, 3.57; N, 3.54; S, 8.11. Found: C, 48.53; H, 3.60; N, 3.50; S, 8.02.

Example 39

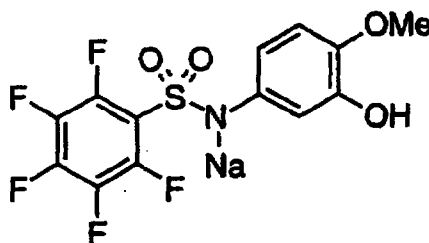
1-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared by bromination of the compound of example 6 with *N*-bromosuccinamide in dichloromethane. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) 7.28 (br s, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J*=9Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J*=9Hz, 1H), 6.05 (s, 1H), 3.89ppm (s, 3H). EI, *m/z* (relative abundance) : 449 (25), 447 (25), 218 (100), 216 (100). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₈BrF₅N₁O₄S₁: C 34.84, H 1.57, N 3.13, S 7.15. Found: C 34.75, H 1.60, N 3.07, S 7.08.

Example 40

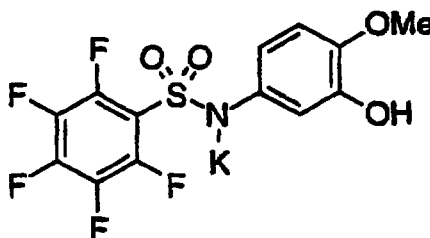
2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared by bromination of the compound of example 6 with *N*-bromosuccinamide in dichloromethane. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.16 (br s, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 3.85 ppm (s, 3H). EI, m/z (relative abundance) : 449 (25), 447 (25), 218 (100), 216 (100). Anal. calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_8\text{BrF}_5\text{NO}_4\text{S}$: C 34.84, H 1.57, N 3.13, S 7.15. Found: C 34.84, H 1.57, N 3.05, S 7.06.

Example 41

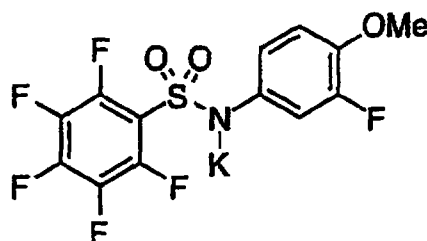
1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared by bromination of the compound of example 7 with bromine water. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.49 (d, $J=11.72$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, $J=8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.84 ppm (s, 3H). EI m/z : 449 (20, M^+), 451 (20), 228 (100), 230 (100). Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_6\text{BrF}_6\text{NO}_3\text{S}$: C 34.69, H 1.34, N 3.11, S 7.12, Br 17.75. Found: C 34.76, H 1.29, N 3.05, S 7.12, Br 17.68. White crystals with M.P. = 109 $^\circ\text{C}$.

Example 42

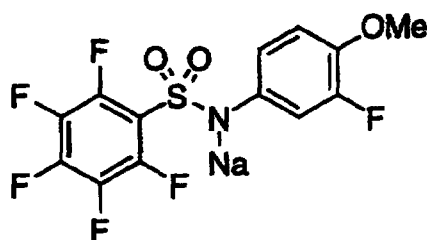
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene sodium salt. The compound was prepared by treating the compound of example 6 with an equimolar amount of 1N NaOH_(aq). The mixture was then lyophilized and the residue recrystallized from ethyl acetate/ ether. ¹H NMR (DMSO) 8.40 (s, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J*=9Hz, 1H), 6.39 (d, *J*=2Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, *J*=9, 2Hz, 1H), 3.62ppm (s, 3H). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₇F₅N₁Na₁O₄S₁: C 39.91, H 1.80, N 3.58, Na 5.88, S 8.19. Found: C 39.79, H 1.86, N 3.50, Na 5.78, S 8.07.

Example 43

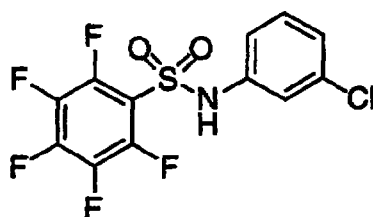
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene potassium salt. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that of example 42 by replacing 1N NaOH with 1N KOH. ¹H NMR (DMSO) 8.30 (br s, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J*=9Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, *J*=2Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, *J*=9, 2Hz, 1H), 3.61ppm (s, 3H). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₇F₅K₁N₁O₄S₁: C 38.33, H 1.73, N 3.44, S 7.87. Found: C 38.09, H 1.79, N 3.39, S 7.97.

Example 44

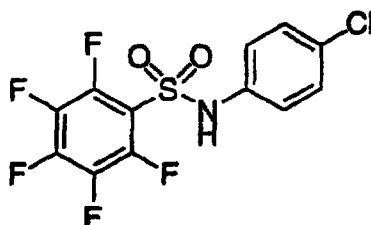
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene potassium salt. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that of example 43 by replacing the compound from example 6 with example 7. ¹H NMR (DMSO) 6.80 (t, *J*=10Hz, 1H), 6.72 (dd, *J*=9, 2Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, *J*=9, 2Hz, 1H), 3.68ppm (s, 3H). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₆F₆K₁N₁O₃S₁: C 38.15, H 1.48, N 3.42, S 7.83. Found: C 38.09, H 1.51, N 3.35, S 7.73. M.P.=202-205 °C.

Example 45

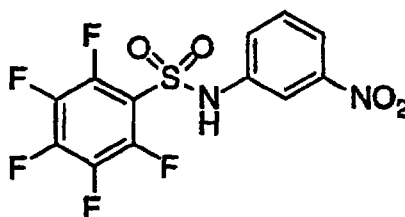
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene sodium salt. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that of example 44 by replacing 1N KOH with 1N NaOH. ¹H NMR (DMSO) 6.80 (t, *J*=10Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, *J*=9, 2Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J*=9, 2Hz, 1H), 3.69ppm (s, 3H). Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₆F₆N₁Na₁O₃S₁: C 39.71, H 1.54, N 3.56, Na 5.85, S 8.15. Found: C 39.56, H 1.62, N 3.49, Na 5.88, S 8.08.

Example 46

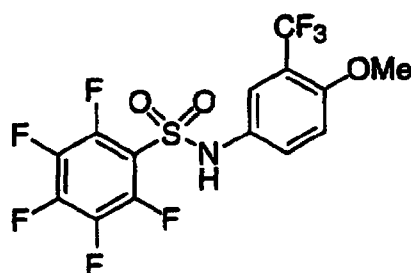
5
10
15
3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. To a solution of pentafluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (0.15 mL, 1.00 mmol) in MeOH (4 mL) was added 3-chloroaniline (260 mg, 2.04 mmol). After stirring at rt for 1 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was taken up in EtOAc and then filtered through a plug of silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated to give a yellow oil that upon chromatography provided 265 mg (74%) of product. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.08 (m, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H). MS (EI): *m/z* 357 (42, M⁺), 258 (76), 126 (87), 99 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₂H₅ClF₅NO₂S: C, 40.30; H, 1.41; N, 3.92; S, 8.96. Found: C, 40.18; H, 1.35; N, 3.84; S, 8.90.

Example 47

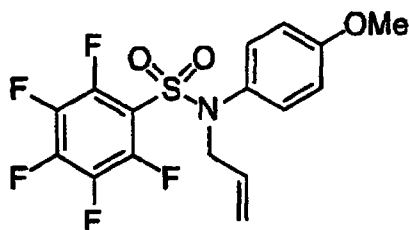
20
25
4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 46 by replacing 3-chloroaniline with 4-chloroaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.14 (m, 2H). MS (EI): *m/z* 357 (27, M⁺), 258 (38), 126 (100), 99 (85). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₂H₅ClF₅NO₂S: C, 40.30; H, 1.41; N, 3.92; S, 8.96. Found: C, 40.19; H, 1.37; N, 3.87; S, 8.88.

Example 48

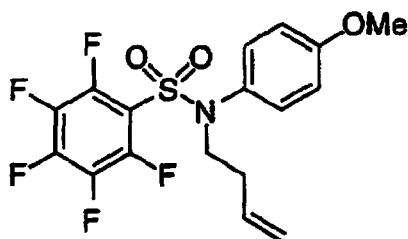
3-Nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 46 by replacing 3-chloroaniline with 3-nitroaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.06-8.03 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H). MS (EI): *m/z* 368 (54, M⁺), 137 (70), 91 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₂H₅F₅N₂O₄S: C, 39.14; H, 1.37; N, 7.61; S, 8.71. Found: C, 39.39; H, 1.45; N, 7.46; S, 8.58.

Example 49

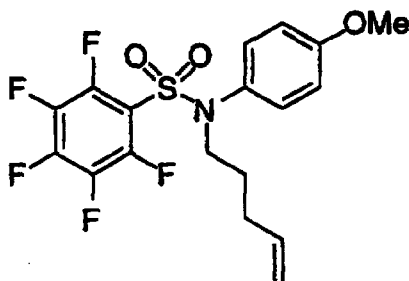
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-3-trifluoromethyl benzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 46 by replacing 3-chloroaniline with 4-methoxy-3-trifluoromethylaniline which was obtained by the hydrogenation of the corresponding nitro compound. White solid, mp 121-123 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 7.43-7.37 (m, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 8.8, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H). MS (EI): *m/z* 421 (16, M⁺), 190 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₄H₇F₈NO₃S: C, 39.92; H, 1.67; N, 3.32; S, 7.61. Found: C, 40.17; H, 1.68; N, 3.28; S, 7.67.

Example 50

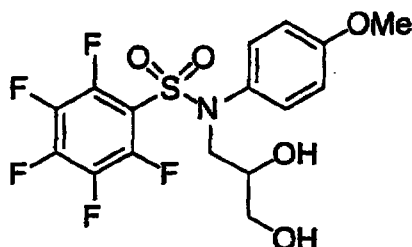
- 5
- 4-Methoxy-1-(*N*-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene. To a solution of 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene (448 mg, 1.27 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (333 mg, 1.27 mmol) and allyl alcohol (0.09 mL, 1.27 mmol). Diethylazodicarboxylate (0.20 mL, 1.27 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at rt. After 1 h, the reaction mixture was poured onto saturated NaCl (10 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and dried (MgSO₄). Concentration followed by flash chromatography
- 15 (25:25:1/hexanes:CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc) provided 451 mg (90%) of product as a white solid, mp 59-60 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.85 (m, 2H), 5.79 (m, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 5.11 (m, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 6.3, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H). MS (EI): *m/z* 393 (33, M⁺), 162 (100), 134 (66). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₁F₅NO₃S: C, 48.98; H, 2.83; N, 3.57; S, 8.17. Found: C, 49.13; H, 3.15; N, 3.63; S, 8.15.

Example 51

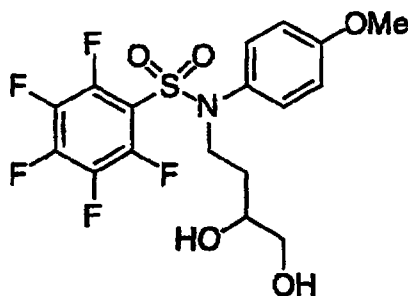
1-(*N*-(3-Butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 50 by replacing allyl alcohol with 3-buten-1-ol. White solid, mp 64-66 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.86 (m, 2H), 5.74 (m, 1H), 5.10-5.04 (m, 2H), 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.25 (q, *J* = 6.9, 2H). MS (EI): *m/z* 407 (13, M⁺), 366 (24), 135 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₄F₅NO₃S: C, 50.13; H, 3.46; N, 3.44; S, 7.87. Found: C, 50.25; H, 3.51; N, 3.43; S, 7.81.

Example 52

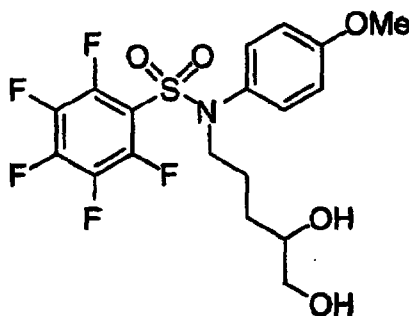
4-Methoxy-1-(*N*-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 50 by replacing allyl alcohol with 4-penten-1-ol. Low melting semi-solid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.87 (m, 2H), 5.74 (m, 1H), 5.02-4.96 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 7.04, 2H), 2.11 (q, *J* = 6.9, 2H), 1.60 (pentet, *J* = 7.3, 2H). MS (EI): *m/z* 421 (30, M⁺), 190 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₆F₅NO₃S: C, 51.31; H, 3.83; N, 3.32; S, 7.61. Found: C, 51.44; H, 3.89; N, 3.38; S, 7.54.

Example 53

5 1-(*N*-(2,3-Dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene. To a solution of 4-methoxy-1-(*N*-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene (101 mg, 10 0.26 mmol) in acetone:water (8:1, 1 mL) at rt was added *N*-methylmorpholine *N*-oxide (34.0 mg, 0.29 mmol) and OsO₄ (0.10 mL of 0.16 *M* solution in H₂O, 1.60 x 10⁻² mmol). After stirring at rt for 18 h, the reaction mixture was treated with saturated NaHSO₃ (5 mL) and allowed to stir at rt. After 1 h, the reaction mixture was poured onto saturated NaHSO₃ (5 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried 15 (MgSO₄) and concentrated. Flash chromatography (1:1, 1:2/hexanes:EtOAc) afforded 90 mg (83%) of product as a white solid, mp 130-131 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.85 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.90-3.65 (m, 5H). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₃F₅NO₅S: C, 45.08; H, 3.07; N, 3.29; S, 7.52. Found: C, 45.09; H, 3.33; N, 3.27; S, 7.46.

Example 54

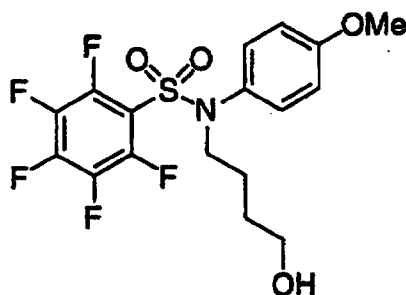
1-(*N*-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 53 by replacing 4-methoxy-1-(*N*-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene with 1-(*N*-(3-butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene. White solid, mp 126-128 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.88 (m, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.96 (m, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.78-3.73 (m, 1H), 3.64 (dd, 1, *J* = 2.9, 10.7, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 11.2; 1H), 2.67 (bs, 1H), 1.92 (bs, 1H), 1.62 (m, 2H).

Example 55

1-(*N*-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 53 by replacing 4-methoxy-1-(*N*-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene with 4-methoxy-1-(*N*-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene. White solid, mp 116-118 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d 7.07 (m, 2H), 6.86 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.71-3.62 (m, 2H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 10.8; 1H), 1.90 (bs, 2H), 1.66-1.49 (m, 4H). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈F₅NO₃S: C, 47.48; H, 3.98; N, 3.08; S, 7.04. Found: C, 47.58; H, 3.95; N,

3.06; S, 6.95.

Example 56



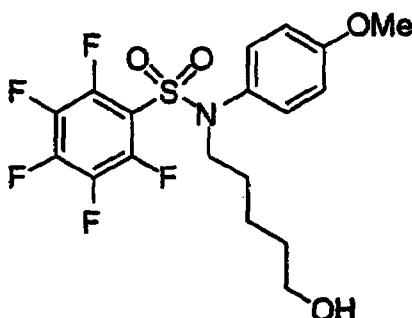
1-(N-(4-hydroxybutyl)

1)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene. To a solution of

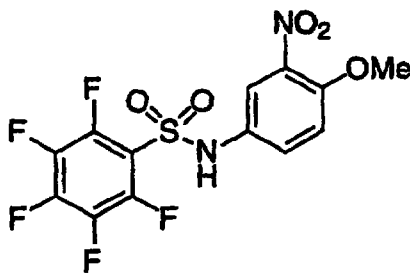
1-(N-(3-butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene (410 mg, 1.01 mmol) in THF (6.5 mL) at -78 °C was added $\text{BH}_3 \cdot \text{THF}$ (1.00 mL of a 1 M solution in THF, 1.00

mmol). After stirring at -78 °C for 1 h and at 0 °C for 1 h, the reaction mixture was treated with H_2O (20 mL) and sodium perborate (513 mg, 5.14 mmol). After stirring at rt for 2 h, the mixture was poured onto H_2O (20 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with sat. NaCl (20 mL) and dried (MgSO_4).

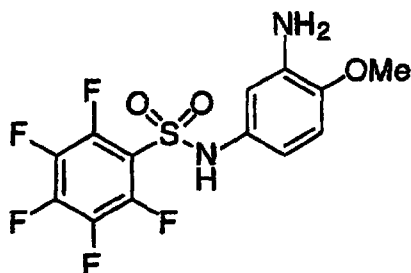
Concentration followed by chromatography (2:1/hexanes:EtOAc) afforded 270 mg (64%) of product as a white solid, mp 88-90 °C. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.85 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.77 (m, 2H), 3.64 (t, $J = 6.0$; 2H), 1.63-1.55 (m, 5H), 1.50 (bs, 1H). Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_5\text{NO}_4\text{S}$: C, 48.00; H, 3.79; N, 3.29; S, 7.54. Found: C, 48.08; H, 3.76; N, 3.34; S, 7.46.

Example 57

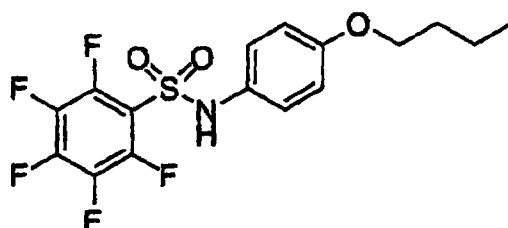
5
10
15
4-Methoxy-1-(N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 56 by replacing 1-(N-(3-butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene with 4-methoxy-1-(N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene. White solid, mp 96-97 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.86 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 6.8, 2H), 3.62 (t, *J* = 6.4; 2H), 1.58-1.43 (m, 6H). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈F₅NO₄S: C, 49.20; H, 4.13; N, 3.19; S, 7.30. Found: C, 49.11; H, 4.09; N, 3.14; S, 7.19.

Example 58

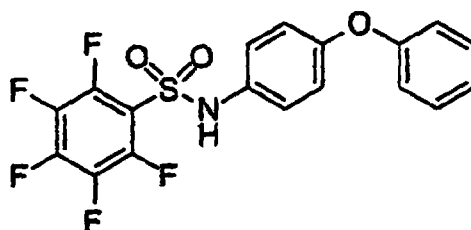
20
25
30
4-Methoxy-3-nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to example 46 by replacing 3-chloroaniline with 4-methoxy-3-nitroaniline which was prepared by the method of Norris (*Aust. J. Chem.* 1971, 24, 1449). Orange-yellow solid, mp 95-97 °C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d 7.64 (d, *J* = 2.7; 1H), 7.51 (dd, *J* = 2.7, 9.0; 1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 9.0; 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H). Anal. Calcd. For C₁₃H₇F₅N₂O₅S: C, 39.21; H, 1.77; N, 7.03; S, 8.05. Found: C, 39.19; H, 1.73; N, 6.97; S, 7.95.

Example 59

5 3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. To a solution of
4-methoxy-3-nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene (627 mg, 1.58 mmol) in ethanol
10 (10 mL) was added 10% Pd/C (51 mg). The resulting mixture was stirred under an
atmosphere of hydrogen gas at 1 atm pressure. After 14 h, the mixture was passed through a
pad of celite and the filtrate was concentrated to give a solid residue. Silica gel
chromatography (2:1, 1:1/hexanes:EtOAc) yielded 542 mg (93%) of product as a white solid,
mp 142-143 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): 10.64 (s, 1), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.4; 1H), 6.44 (d, *J* = 2.1;
15 1H), 6.30 (d, *J* = 2.1, 8.4; 1H), 4.88 (bs, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₃H₉F₅N₂O₃S:
C, 42.40; H, 2.46; N, 7.61; S, 8.71. Found: C, 42.29; H, 2.36; N, 7.52; S, 8.60.

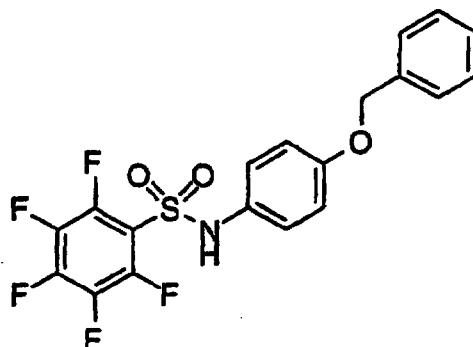
Example 60

5 4-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. To a solution of pentafluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (203 mg, 0.763 mmol) in MeOH (4 mL) was added 10 4-butoxyaniline (0.26 mL, 1.53 mmol). After stirring at rt for 1 h, the reaction mixture was poured onto 1 M HCl (15 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated NaCl (10 mL) and dried (MgSO₄). Concentration followed by flash chromatography (25:25:1/hexanes: CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc) provided 189 mg (63%) of product. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 7.07 (m, 2H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 6.80 (m, 2H), 3.89 (t, *J* = 6.5; 15 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.46 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.5; 2H). MS (EI): *m/z* 395 (30, M⁺), 164 (35), 108 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄F₅NO₃S: C, 48.61; H, 3.57; N, 3.54; S, 8.11. Found: C, 48.54; H, 3.53; N, 3.50; S, 8.02.

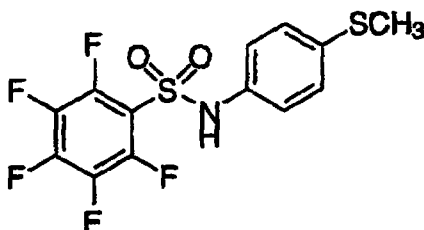
Example 61

20 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-phenoxybenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 60 by replacing 4-butoxyaniline with 4-phenoxyaniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.36-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.10 (m, 3H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.98-6.90 (m, 4H). MS (EI): *m/z* 415 (32, M⁺), 184 (100), 77 (66). Anal. Calcd. for 25 C₁₈H₁₀F₅NO₃S: C, 52.05; H, 2.43; N, 3.27; S, 7.72. Found: C, 51.78; H, 2.45; N, 3.25; S, 30 C, 51.78; H, 2.45; N, 3.25; S, 7.72.

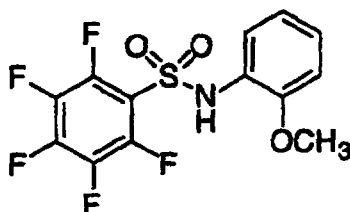
7.53.

Example 62

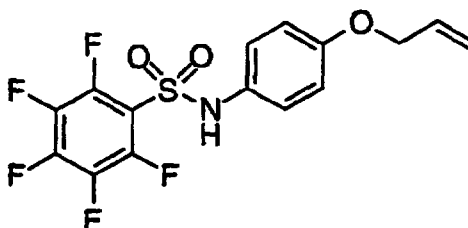
4-Benzyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 60 by replacing 4-butoxyaniline with 4-benzyloxyaniline. 4-Benzyloxyaniline was obtained from the commercially available hydrochloride salt by treatment with aqueous NaOH. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.38-7.37 (m, 4H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.08 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.88 (m, 2H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H). MS (EI): *m/z* 429 (19, M⁺), 91 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₂F₅NO₃S: C, 53.14; H, 2.82; N, 3.26; S, 7.45. Found: C, 53.07; H, 2.78; N, 3.21; S, 7.35.

Example 63

4-Methylmercapto-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 60 by replacing 4-butoxyaniline with 4-(methylmercapto)aniline. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.09 (m, 2H), 6.89 (m, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). MS (EI): *m/z* 369 (24, M⁺), 138 (100), 77 (66). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₃H₈F₅NO₂S₂: C, 42.28; H, 2.18; N, 3.79; S, 17.36. Found: C, 42.20; H, 2.21; N, 3.72; S, 17.28.

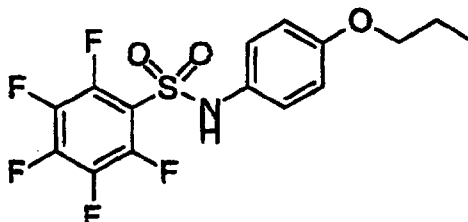
Example 64

2-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 60 by replacing 4-butoxyaniline with *o*-anisidine. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): d 7.54 (dd, *J* = 1.5, 8.0; 1H), 7.13 (dt, *J* = 1.5, 8.0; 1H), 6.94 (dt, *J* = 1.2, 8.0; 1H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 8.0; 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H). MS (EI): *m/z* 353 (82, M⁺), 122 (100), 94 (95). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₃H₈F₅NO₃S: C, 44.19; H, 2.28; N, 3.97; S, 9.06. Found: C, 44.10; H, 2.26; N, 3.92; S, 9.03.

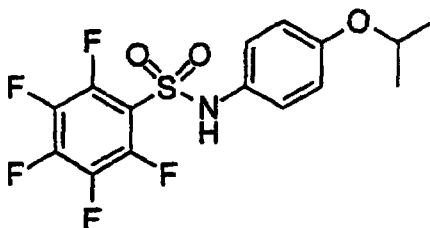
Example 65

5
10
15
20
25
30
35
40
45
50
55
60
65
70
75
80
85
90
95
100
105
110
115
120
125
130
135
140
145
150
155
160
165
170
175
180
185
190
195
200
205
210
215
220
225
230
235
240
245
250
255
260
265
270
275
280
285
290
295
300
305
310
315
320
325
330
335
340
345
350
355
360
365
370
375
380
385
390
395
400
405
410
415
420
425
430
435
440
445
450
455
460
465
470
475
480
485
490
495
500
505
510
515
520
525
530
535
540
545
550
555
560
565
570
575
580
585
590
595
600
605
610
615
620
625
630
635
640
645
650
655
660
665
670
675
680
685
690
695
700
705
710
715
720
725
730
735
740
745
750
755
760
765
770
775
780
785
790
795
800
805
810
815
820
825
830
835
840
845
850
855
860
865
870
875
880
885
890
895
900
905
910
915
920
925
930
935
940
945
950
955
960
965
970
975
980
985
990
995

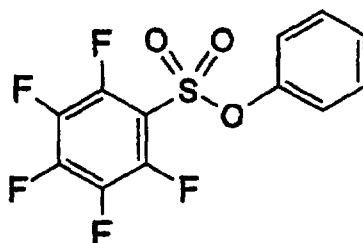
4-Allyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 60 by replacing 4-butoxyaniline with 4-allyloxyaniline. 4-Allyloxyaniline was prepared by the method of Butera (*J. Med. Chem.* 1991, 34, 3212). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.87 (m, 1H), 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.39-5.34 (m, 1H), 5.29-5.25 (m, 1H), 4.48-4.46 (m, 2H). MS (EI): *m/z* 379 (11, M⁺), 148 (32), 41 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₀F₅NO₃S: C, 47.50; H, 2.66; N, 3.96; S, 8.45. Found: C, 47.53; H, 2.68; N, 3.62; S, 8.37.

Example 66

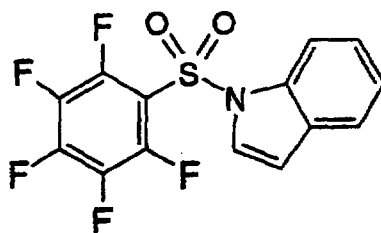
1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-propoxybenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 60 by replacing 4-butoxyaniline with 4-propoxyaniline. 4-Propoxyaniline was obtained by catalytic hydrogenation of 4-allyloxynitrobenzene. 4-Allyloxynitrobenzene was prepared by the method of Butera (*J. Med. Chem.* 1991, 34, 3212). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.09 (m, 2H), 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 3.87 (t, *J* = 6.5; 2H), 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.4; 3H). MS (EI): *m/z* 381 (20, M⁺), 150 (40), 108 (100). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₂F₅NO₃S: C, 47.25; H, 3.17; N, 3.67; S, 8.41. Found: C, 47.01; H, 3.20; N, 3.61; S, 8.31.

Example 67

4-(1-Methyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene. The compound was prepared in a manner similar to that described in example 60 by replacing 4-butoxyaniline with 4-isopropoxyaniline. 4-Isopropoxyaniline was prepared from 4-fluoronitrobenzene in analogy to the method of Day (*J. Med. Chem.* 1975, 18, 1065). ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.81 (m, 2H), 4.48 (heptet, $J = 6.1$; 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.04$; 6H). MS (EI): m/z 381 (7, M^+), 339 (8), 108 (100). Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_5\text{NO}_3\text{S}$: C, 47.25; H, 3.17; N, 3.67; S, 8.41. Found: C, 47.08; H, 3.18; N, 3.60; S, 8.34.

Example 68

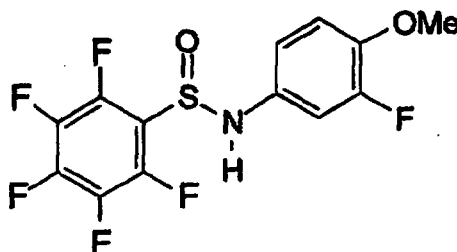
1-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonyloxybenzene. To a stirred solution of phenol (0.068g, 0.729mmol) in dimethylformamide (3.65 mL) at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ is added pentafluorobenzene sulfonyl chloride (0.135mL, 0.911mmol), followed by sodium carbonate (0.116g, 1.09mmol), and the reaction mixture is stirred for 18 hours. The reaction mixture is diluted with ethyl acetate (50mL), washed with 20% ammonium chloride (2 x 20mL), and saturated sodium chloride (2 x 20mL). The organic layer is dried (sodium sulfite), and the ethyl acetate removed under vacuum. Column chromatography (3/1 ethyl acetate/hexane) yields the title compound.

Example 69

5

1-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonylindole. To a stirred solution of indole (0.085g, 0.729mmol) in dimethylformamide (3.65 mL) at 25 °C is added pentafluorobenzene sulfonyl chloride (0.135mL, 0.911mmol), followed by sodium carbonate (0.116g, 1.09mmol), and the reaction mixture is stirred for 18 hours. The reaction mixture is diluted with ethyl acetate (50mL), washed with 20% ammonium chloride (2 x 20mL), and saturated sodium chloride (2 x 20mL). The organic layer is dried (sodium sulfite), and the ethyl acetate removed under vacuum. Column chromatography (3/1 ethyl acetate/hexane) yields the title compound.

15

Example 70

20

2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamide. To 3-fluoro-*p*-anisidine (3g, 21.2mmol) suspended in THF (50mL) with pyridine (1.84g, 23.3mmol) at 0 °C under argon is added dropwise pentafluorobenzenesulfinyl chloride (5.3g, 21.2mmol). The reaction mixture is stirred for 30 min. at 0 °C and allowed to warm to ambient temperature. The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature and followed by TLC. After the reaction is completed the mixture is diluted with ethyl acetate and the reaction quenched with water. The layers are separated and the aqueous layer extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layers are combined and dried with brine and with Na₂SO₄. The solvent is evaporated and the residue purified by chromatography on silica to give the title compound.

30

Example 71

2-Analino-3-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine. To a solution of pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride (863 mg, 3.24 mmol) in pyridine (9 mL) at rt was added
 5 3-amino-2-analinopyridine (600 mg, 3.24 mmol). After stirring at rt overnight the reaction mixture was concentrated at reduced pressure and the residue partitioned between 1 M HCl (50 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). The organic extract was dried and concentrated to give an oil which was purified by MPLC to give 377 mg (28%) of product as an orange solid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 8.50 (bs, 1H), 7.80 (d, J=5.1, 1H), 7.61 (d, J=8.0, 1H), 7.32 (t, J=8.0, 2H), 7.25 (d,
 10 J=8.0, 2H), 7.11 (t, J=7.3, 1H), 6.80 (dd, J=5.6, 7.7, 1H), 4.20 (bs, 1H). MS (FAB): *m/z* 438 (M⁺Na), 416 (M+H).

Example 72

Compounds were evaluated for their ability to increase LDL receptor expression in Hep G2
 15 cells using western-blot analysis as described in Tam et al., J. Biol. Chem., 266, 16764 (1991). The data presented (EC_{max}) reflect the minimum concentration at which a maximal induction of LDL receptor was observed for each compound. In all cases, the level of induction was greater than that observed under lipid-free conditions (activated system).

	<u>Compound</u>	<u>EC_{max} (μm)</u>
20	Example 1	0.5
	Example 2	5
	Example 3	5
	Example 4	≤ 5
	Example 6	0.15
25	Example 7	0.5
	Example 8	0.5
	Example 9	5
	Example 12	5
	Example 15	15
30	Example 17	5
	Example 24	15

Example 25	15
Example 30	15
Example 31	≤5
Example 32	1.5

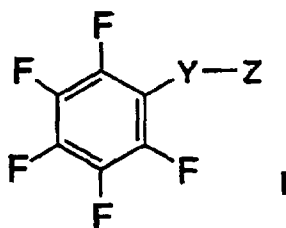
5

All publications and patent applications cited in this specification are herein incorporated by reference as if each individual publication or patent application were specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. Although the foregoing invention has been described in some detail by way of illustration and example for purposes of clarity of understanding, it will be readily apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art in light of the teachings of this invention that certain changes and modifications may be made thereto without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims.

10

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a compound of formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is -S(O)- or -S(O)₂-; and

Z is -NR¹R² or -OR³; wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrogen,

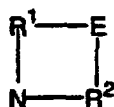
- 15 substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkoxy,
substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)heteroalkenyl,
20 substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkynyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,
substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkadienyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl,
25 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
30 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced 7





- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl,
 5 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
 10 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl, and
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
 wherein R¹ and R² may be connected by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula



- 15 wherein E represents a bond, (C1-C4) alkylene, or (C1-C4) heteroalkylene, and the ring
 formed by R¹, E, R² and the nitrogen atom contains no more than 8 atoms;
 and where R³ is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl or heteroaryl group, wherein said
 compound I has pharmacological activity.

20

2. The composition of claim 1, wherein, in the compound of formula I,
 Y is SO₂ and
 Z is NR¹R²; wherein R² is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted
 heteroaryl.

25

3. The composition of claim 2, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or lower alkyl, R² is optionally
 substituted phenyl or optionally substituted pyridyl, and there is no linking group E between
 R¹ and R².

30

4. The composition of claim 3, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or methyl and R² is substituted
 phenyl, wherein the substituents on R², ranging in number from one to four, are





independently chosen from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.

- 5 5. The composition of claim 4, wherein R^1 is hydrogen and R^2 is substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents on R^2 are independently chosen from amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino, and are located at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.
- 10 6. The composition of claim 5, wherein the compound is
4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-(*N,N*-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or
15 4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene hydrochloride.
7. The composition of claim 6, wherein the compound is
4-(*N,N*-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.
- 20 8. The composition of claim 2, wherein the compound is
Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.
9. The composition of claim 3, wherein R^1 is hydrogen, and R^2 is phenyl substituted at positions 3- and 4-, in relation to the sulfonamido group, with a divalent moiety that forms a
25 5- or 6- membered ring together with carbons 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring.
10. The composition of claim 9, wherein the divalent moiety is: $-OCH_2CH_2O-$,
 $-OCH_2O-$, $-C=CNH-$, or $-C=NNH-$.
- 30 11. The composition of claim 10, wherein the compound is
1,2-Ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



1,2-Methylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole, or
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole.



5 12. The composition of claim 4, wherein R^1 is hydrogen, and the substituents on R^2 are independently selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino.

13. The composition of claim 12, wherein the substituents on R^2 are independently
10 selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, amino, and dimethylamino.

14. The composition of claim 13, wherein the substituents on R^2 are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, and ethoxy.

15 15. The composition of claim 12, wherein the substituents on R^2 are at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

16. The composition of claim 15, wherein R^2 is monosubstituted phenyl.

20 17. The composition of claim 16, wherein the compound is

4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
25 3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or
4-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



30 18. The composition of claim 16, wherein the compound is
3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or



4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

19. The composition of claim 15, wherein R² is disubstituted phenyl.

- 5 20. The composition of claim 19, wherein the compound is
1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt, or
10 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monopotassium salt.

21. The composition of claim 19, wherein the compound is
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
15 2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt, or
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.

22. The composition of claim 20, wherein the compound is
20 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

23. The composition of claim 20, wherein the compound is
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt.

- 25 24. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



25. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.
30
26. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is

2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.



27. The composition of claim 12, wherein R^2 is a trisubstituted phenyl.

5 28. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is
2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or
2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

29. The composition of claim 12, wherein the compound is
10 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



30. The composition of claim 1, wherein in the compound of formula I,
Y is SO_2 and

Z is NR^1R^2 , where R^1 is hydrogen or lower alkyl, and R^2 is an unsubstituted or
15 optionally substituted naphthyl group.

31. The composition of claim 30, wherein the compound is
7-Hydroxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidonaphthalene.

20 32. The composition of claim 4, wherein R^2 is a phenyl group substituted by phenoxy or
optionally substituted phenoxy.

33. The composition of claim 32, wherein the compound is
3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

25

34. The composition of claim 3, wherein R^2 is a phenyl ring substituted by a heterocyclic
group at the 4- position, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

35. The composition of claim 17, wherein the compound is
30 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.



36. The composition of claim 2, wherein R^1 and R^2 are covalently joined in a moiety that forms a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring with the nitrogen atom of NR^1R^2 .

37. The composition of claim 36, wherein R^1 is a $-CH=CH-$ group linked to the 2- position of the R^2 phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally substituted indole.

38. The composition of claim 37, wherein the compound is 1-pentafluorophenylsulfonylindole.

39. The composition of claim 36, wherein R^1 is a $-(CH_2)_3-$ group linked to the 2- position of the R^2 phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.

40. The composition of claim 39, wherein the compound is 1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.

41. The composition of claim 2, wherein R^1 is an optionally substituted (C2-C10)alkyl or optionally substituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl.

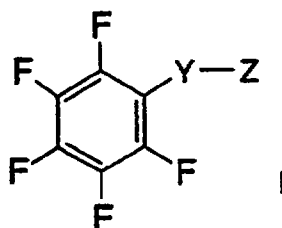
42. The composition of claim 41, wherein the compound is
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypent-1-yl)pentafluorophenyl-sulfonamido]benzene,
4-Methoxy-1-[N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene,
4-Methoxy-1-[N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene,
1-[N-(2,3-Dihydroxypropyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]- 4-methoxybenzene,
1-[N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]- 4-methoxybenzene,
1-[N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]- 4-methoxybenzene,
1-[N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, or
4-Methoxy-1-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene.

43. A method of treating or preventing a disease state characterized by abnormally high



levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood, which method comprises administering to a mammalian subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition containing a compound of formula I

5



10 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is -S(O)- or -S(O)₂-;

Z is -NR¹R² or -OR³; where R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrogen,

- substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl,
- 15 substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkoxy,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)heteroalkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkynyl,
- 20 substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkadienyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy,
- 25 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
- 30 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
- substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





- substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl,
substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy,
5 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl, and
10 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
wherein R¹ and R² may be connected by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula



- 15 wherein E represents a bond, (C1-C4) alkylene, or (C1-C4) heteroalkylene, and the
ring formed by R¹, E, R² and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms;
and where R³ is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl.

44. The method of claim 43 wherein, in the compound of formula I,
20 Y is SO₂ and
Z is NR¹R²; where R² is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted
heteroaryl.

45. The method of claim 44, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or lower alkyl, R² is optionally
25 substituted phenyl, and there is no linking group E between R¹ and R².

46. The method of claim 45, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or methyl, and the substituents on
R² are independently chosen from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, amino
optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino,
30 optionally substituted heteroarylamino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.





47. The method of claim 46, wherein the compound is chosen from:
- 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
1,2-Ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
5 1,2-Methylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
10 3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-(N,N-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
15 Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole,
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole,
4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene,
4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-(pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene,
20 1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
3,5-Dimethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
7-Hydroxy-2-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidonaphthalene,
25 3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
4(1-Morpholino)-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
5-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1,3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
30 1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
5-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





- 1,3-Dimethoxy-2-hydroxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
5-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene,
3-Hydroxy-5-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
5 3,5-Dihydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene,
2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene hydrochloride,
10 3,4-Difluoro-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
4-Trifluoromethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
2-Chloro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene,
4-(1,1-Dimethyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
15 2-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene,
2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene,
1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt,
20 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt,
3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-Nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
25 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-3-trifluoromethyl benzene,
4-Methoxy-1-(N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene,
1-(N-(3-Butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene,
4-Methoxy-1-(N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene,
1-(N-(2,3-Dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene,
30 1-(N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene,
1-(N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



- 1-(N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene,
 4-Methoxy-1-(N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene,
 4-Methoxy-3-nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 5 4-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-phenoxybenzene,
 4-Benzylloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 4-Methylmercapto-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 2-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 10 4-Allyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-propoxybenzene,
 4-(1-Methyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 1-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonyloxybenzene,
 1-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonylindole,
 15 1-Pentafluorobenzenesulfonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline,
 2-Methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine,
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfinamide,
 4-*tert*-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, and
 2-Anilino-3-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine.

20

48. The method of claim 47, wherein the compound is chosen from:

- 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 3-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 1,2-Ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 25 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorosulfonamidobenzene,
 30 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole,



This Sheet Has Been Replaced





- 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene,
4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
5 2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene,
2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene,
1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monosodium salt,
10 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monopotassium salt,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt,
4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, and
3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

15

49. The method of claim 48, wherein the compound is:

- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
20 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole,
4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene,
2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
25 2-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene,
2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene,
1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monosodium salt,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monopotassium salt,
30 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt, or

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.



50. The method of claim 49, wherein the compound is

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,

5 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monosodium salt, or

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monopotassium salt.

51. The method of claim 49, wherein the compound is

2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene.

10

52. The method of claim 49, wherein the compound is

2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.

53. The method of claim 49, wherein the compound is

15 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.

54. The method of claim 43 wherein the disease state is atherosclerosis.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced

55. The method of claim 43 wherein the disease state is pancreatitis.



20

56. The method of claim 43 wherein the disease state is hypercholesterolemia.

57. The method of claim 43 wherein the disease state is hyperlipoproteinemia.

25 58. The method of claim 43 wherein the composition is administered orally.

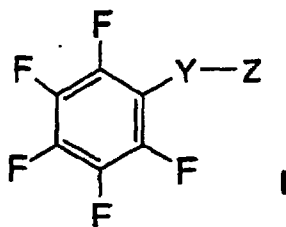
59. The method of claim 43 wherein the subject is human.

60. The method of claim 43 wherein the composition is administered in combination with
30 a therapeutically effective amount of a hypolipemic agent or a hypocholesterolemic agent that
is not represented by formula I.



61. A compound having the formula I:

5



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

10 Y is -S(O)- or -S(O₂)-; and

Z is NR¹R², wherein R² is an optionally substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, and R¹ is selected from

hydrogen,

substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl,

15 substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkoxy,

substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl,

substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl,

substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)heteroalkenyl,

substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkynyl,

20 substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C8)cycloalkyl,

substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,

substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkadienyl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy,

25 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C3-C8)cycloalkyl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,

30 substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy,

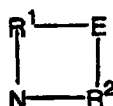


- 5 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)alkoxy,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C1-C4)heteroalkyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C3-C6)alkenyl,
 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C1-C4)alkyl, and
 10 substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C2-C4)heteroalkyl,

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



wherein R^1 and R^2 may be connected by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula



- 15 wherein E represents a bond, (C1-C4) alkylene, or (C1-C4) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R^1 , E, R^2 and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms;
 provided that:

in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$, and R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, then R^2 is substituted phenyl or heteroaryl group;

- 20 in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$ and R^2 is a ring system chosen from 1-naphthyl, 5-quinolyl, or 4-pyridyl, then either R^1 is not hydrogen or R^2 is substituted by at least one substituent that is not hydrogen;

- in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$, R^2 is phenyl, and R^1 is a propylene unit attaching the nitrogen of $-NR^1R^2-$ to the 2- position of the phenyl ring in relation to the sulfonamido group
 25 to form a 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline system, and one or more of the remaining valences on the bicyclic system so formed is substituted with at least one substituent that is not hydrogen;

- in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$ and R^2 is phenyl substituted with 3-(1-hydroxyethyl), 3-dimethylamino, 4-dimethylamino, 4-phenyl, 3-hydroxy, 3-hydroxy-4-diethylaminomethyl, 30 3,4-methylenedioxy, 3,4-ethylenedioxy, 2-(1-pyrrolyl), or 2-methoxy-4-(1-morpholino), then either R^1 is not hydrogen or when R^1 is hydrogen, one or more of the remaining valences



on the phenyl ring of R^2 is substituted with a substituent that is not hydrogen;

in the case that Y is $-S(O_2)-$ and R^2 is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, 6-hydroxy-4-methyl-pyrimidin-2-yl, 3-carbomethoxypyrazin-2-yl, 5-carbomethoxypyrazin-2-yl, 4-carboethoxy-1-phenylpyrazol-5-yl, 3-methylpyrazol-5-yl, 4-chloro-2-methylthiopyrimidin-6-yl, 2-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-5-yl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl, 4-methylthiazol-2-yl, 6,7-dihydroindan-5-yl, 7-chloro-5-methyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl, 5,7-dimethyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl, or 3-cyanopyrazol-4-yl, then R^1 is a group other than hydrogen;

wherein said compound has pharmacological activity.

10

62. The compound of claim 61, wherein R^1 is hydrogen or lower alkyl, Y is $S(O_2)$, and there is no linking group E between R^1 and R^2 .

63. The compound of claim 62, wherein R^1 is hydrogen or methyl and R^2 is substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents on R^2 , ranging in number from one to four, are independently chosen from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.

64. The compound of claim 63, wherein R^1 is hydrogen and R^2 is substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents on R^2 are independently chosen from amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino, and are located at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

65. The compound of claim 64, wherein the compound is 4-(*N,N*-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

66. The compound of claim 62, wherein R^1 is hydrogen, and R^2 is phenyl substituted at positions 3- and 4-, in relation to the sulfonamido group, with a divalent moiety that forms a 5- or 6- membered ring together with carbons 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





67. The compound of claim 66, wherein the divalent moiety is: $-C=CNH-$, or $-C=NNH-$.
68. The compound of claim 67, wherein the compound is 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole or 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole.
69. The compound of claim 63, wherein R^1 is hydrogen, and the substituents on R^2 are independently selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino.
70. The compound of claim 69, wherein the substituents on R^2 are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, amino, or dimethylamino.
71. The compound of claim 70, wherein the substituents on R^2 are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, and ethoxy.
72. The compound of claim 71, wherein the substituents on R^2 are at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.
73. The compound of claim 72, wherein R^2 is monosubstituted phenyl.
74. The compound of claim 73, wherein the compound is
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or
3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.
75. The compound of claim 73, wherein the compound is
3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

76. The compound of claim 72, wherein R² is disubstituted phenyl.

- 5 77. The compound of claim 76, wherein the compound is
1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt, or
10 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monopotassium salt.

78. The compound of claim 76, wherein the compound is
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
15 2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt, or
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.

79. The compound of claim 77, wherein the compound is
20 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or
2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt.

80. The compound of claim 78, wherein the compound is
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or
25 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.

81. The compound of claim 80, wherein the compound is
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

- 30 82. The compound of claim 80, wherein the compound is
2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





This Sheet Has Been Replaced



83. The compound of claim 72, wherein R² is trisubstituted phenyl.
84. The compound of claim 78, wherein the compound is
5 2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or
2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.
85. The compound of claim 69, wherein the compound is
1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.
- 10 86. The compound of claim 63, wherein the compound is
3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.
87. The compound of claim 62, wherein R² is a phenyl ring substituted by a heterocyclic
15 group at the 4- position, in relation to the sulfonamido group.
88. The compound of claim 74, wherein the compound is
4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.
- 20 89. The compound of claim 61, wherein R¹ and R² are covalently joined in a moiety that
forms a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring with the nitrogen atom of NR¹R².
90. The compound of claim 89, wherein R¹ is a -CH=CH- group linked to the 2- position
of the R² phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally
25 substituted indole.
91. The compound of claim 90, wherein the compound is
1-(Pentafluorophenylsulfonyl)indole.
- 30 92. The compound of claim 89, wherein R¹ is a -(CH₂)₃- group linked to the 2- position
of the R² phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally

substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.



93. The compound of claim 61, wherein the compound is
- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypent-1-yl)pentafluorophenyl-sulfonamido]benzene,
- 5 4-Methoxy-1-[N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene,
- 4-Methoxy-1-[N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene,
- 1-[N-(2,3-Dihydroxypropyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]- 4-methoxybenzene,
- 1-[N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]- 4-methoxybenzene,
- 1-[N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]- 4-methoxybenzene,
- 10 1-[N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, or
- 4-Methoxy-1-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene.
94. The composition of any of claim 1-42, or a method of any of claim 43-60, or a
- compound of any of claim 61-93, wherein the compound regulates LDL receptor gene
- 15 expression.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced

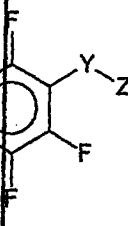




The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a compound of formula I:

REPLACED SHEETS	SG
☐ Description : paged to paged	
☒ Claim(s) : paged <u>72</u> to paged <u>84</u>	
☐ Drawing(s) : paged to paged	
☐ Abstract : paged to paged	



REPLACEMENT SHEETS		SG
☐ Description : paged to paged		
☒ Claim(s) : paged <u>72</u> to paged <u>84</u>		
☐ Drawing(s) : paged to paged		
☐ Abstract : paged to paged		
DATE OF RECEIPT <u>12/9/98</u>		

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein: Y is -S(O)- or -S(O)₂-; and Z is -NR¹R² or -OR³ wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₆)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)heteroalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkadienyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, wherein R¹ and R² may be connected



by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula $\begin{matrix} R^1-E \\ | \\ N-R^2 \end{matrix}$ wherein E represents a bond, (C₁-C₄)alkylene, or (C₁-C₄) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R¹, E, R² and the nitrogen atom contains no more than 8 atoms; and where R³ is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl or heteroaryl group, wherein said compound I has pharmacological activity.

2. The composition of claim 1, wherein, in the compound of formula I, Y is SO₂ and Z is NR¹R² wherein R² is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl.

3. The composition of claim 2, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or lower alkyl, R² is optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted pyridyl, and there is no linking group B between R¹ and R².

4. The composition of claim 3, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or methyl and R² is substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents on R², ranging in number from one to four, are independently chosen from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.

5. The composition of claim 4, wherein R¹ is hydrogen and R² is substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents on R² are independently chosen from amino, (lower)alkylamino, and

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998



* C L M S *

REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998

73

di(lower)alkylamino, and are located at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

6. The composition of claim 5, wherein the compound is 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-(N,N-diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene hydrochloride.

7. The composition of claim 6, wherein the compound is 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

8. The composition of claim 2, wherein the compound is pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

9. The composition of claim 3, wherein R¹ is hydrogen, and R² is phenyl substituted at positions 3- and 4-, in relation to the sulfonamido group, with a divalent moiety that forms a 5- or 6-membered ring together with carbons 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring.

10. The composition of claim 9, wherein the divalent moiety is: -OCH₂CH₂O-, -OCH₂O-, -C=CNH-, or -C=NNH-.

11. The composition of claim 10, wherein the compound is 1,2-ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-methylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole, or 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole.

12. The composition of claim 4, wherein R¹ is hydrogen, and the substituents on R² are independently selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino.

13. The composition of claim 12, wherein the substituents on R² are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, amino, and dimethylamino.

14. The composition of claim 13, wherein the substituents on R² are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, and ethoxy.

15. The composition of claim 12, wherein the substituents on R² are at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

16. The composition of claim 15, wherein R² is monosubstituted phenyl.

17. The composition of claim 16, wherein the compound is 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 4-tert-butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

18. The composition of claim 16, wherein the compound is 3-chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 4-chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

19. The composition of claim 15, wherein R² is disubstituted phenyl.

20. The composition of claim 19, wherein the compound is 1,2-dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





benzene, 1,2-dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt, or 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monopotassium salt.

21. The composition of claim 19, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt, or 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.

22. The composition of claim 20, wherein the compound is 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

23. The composition of claim 20, wherein the compound is 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt.

24. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

25. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.

26. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.

27. The composition of claim 12, wherein R^2 is a trisubstituted phenyl.

28. The composition of claim 21, wherein the compound is 2-bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 2-chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

29. The composition of claim 12, wherein the compound is 1,2-dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

30. The composition of claim 1, wherein in the compound of formula I, Y is SO_2 and Z is NR^1R^2 , where R^1 is hydrogen or lower alkyl, and R^2 is an unsubstituted or optionally substituted naphthyl group.

31. The composition of claim 30, wherein the compound is 7-hydroxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidonaphthalene.

32. The composition of claim 4, wherein R^2 is a phenyl group substituted by phenoxy or optionally substituted phenoxy.

33. The composition of claim 32, wherein the compound is 3-phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

34. The composition of claim 3, wherein R^2 is a phenyl ring substituted by a heterocyclic group at the 4- position, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

35. The composition of claim 17, wherein the compound is 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

36. The composition of claim 2, wherein R^1 and R^2 are covalently joined in a moiety that forms a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring with the nitrogen atom of NR^1R^2 .

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998



18 SEP 1998

37. The composition of claim 36, wherein R¹ is a -CH=CH- group linked to the 2-position of the R² phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally substituted indole.

38. The composition of claim 37, wherein the compound is 1-pentafluorophenylsulfonylindole.

39. The composition of claim 36, wherein R¹ is a -(CH₂)₃- group linked to the 2- position of the R² phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.

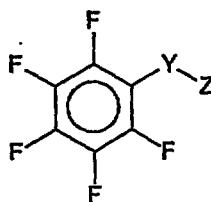
40. The composition of claim 39, wherein the compound is 1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.

41. The composition of claim 2, wherein R¹ is an optionally substituted (C₂-C₁₀)alkyl or optionally substituted (C₂-C₆)heteroalkyl.

42. The composition of claim 41, wherein the compound is 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypent-1-yl)pentafluorophenyl-sulfonamido] benzene, 4-methoxy-1-[N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene, 4-methoxy-1-[N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene, 1-[N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, 1-[N-(3,4-dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, 1-[N-(4,5-dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, 1-[N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene or 4-methoxy-1-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene.

43. A pharmaceutical composition, substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to any one of the examples.

44. A method of treating or preventing a disease state characterised by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood, which method comprises administering to a mammalian subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition containing a compound of formula I or of a compound of formula I



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein: Y is -S(O)- or -S(O)₂-; Z is -NR¹R² or -OR³ where R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₆)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)heteroalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkadienyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted

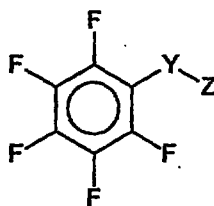




aryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, wherein R¹ and R² may be connected

by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula $\begin{array}{c} R^1-E \\ | \\ N-R^2 \end{array}$ wherein B represents a bond, (C₁-C₄) alkylene, or (C₁-C₄) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R¹, E, R² and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms; and where R³ is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl.

45. A compound of formula I

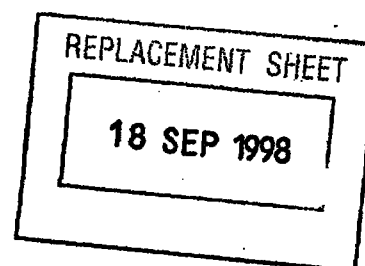


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein: Y is -S(O)- or -S(O)₂-; Z is -NR¹R² or -OR³ where R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₆)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)heteroalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkadienyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, wherein R¹ and R² may be connected

by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula $\begin{array}{c} R^1-E \\ | \\ N-R^2 \end{array}$ wherein B represents a bond, (C₁-C₄) alkylene, or (C₁-C₄) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R¹, E, R² and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms; and where R³ is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl or a composition according to any one of claims 1 to 43 when used in the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease state characterised by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

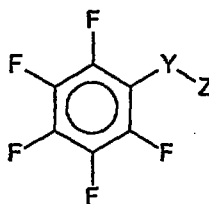
46. The use of a compound of formula I

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





77



REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein: Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; Z is $-NR^1R^2$ or $-OR^3$ where R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1-C_{10}) alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C_3-C_6) alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_2-C_6) heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_3-C_6) heteroalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_3-C_6) alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_3-C_8) cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_5-C_7) cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_5-C_7) cycloalkadienyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl- (C_3-C_8) cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl- (C_5-C_7) cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy- (C_3-C_8) cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl- (C_1-C_4) alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl- (C_1-C_4) alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl- (C_1-C_4) heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl- (C_3-C_6) alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy- (C_1-C_4) alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy- (C_2-C_4) heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl- (C_1-C_4) alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl- (C_1-C_4) alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl- (C_1-C_4) heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl- (C_3-C_6) alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy- (C_1-C_4) alkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy- (C_2-C_4) heteroalkyl, wherein R^1 and R^2 may be connected

by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula  wherein B represents a bond, (C_1-C_4) alkylene, or (C_1-C_4) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R^1 , E, R^2 and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms; and where R^3 is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease state characterised by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

47. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 46, wherein, in the compound of formula I, Y is SO_2 and Z is NR^1R^2 where R^2 is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl.

48. The method, compound or use of claim 47, wherein R^1 is hydrogen or lower alkyl, R^2 is optionally substituted phenyl, and there is no linking group E between R^1 and R^2 .

49. The method, compound or use of claim 48, wherein R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, and the substituents on are independently chosen from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroarylamino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.

50. The method, compound or use of claim 49, wherein the compound is chosen from: 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-methylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfon

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





18 SEP 1998

amidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-(N,N-diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole, 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole, 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene, 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-(pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene, 1,2-dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 3,5-dimethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 3-ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 7-hydroxy-2-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidonaphthalene, 3-phenoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 3-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 4(1-morpholino)-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene, 2-hydroxy-1,3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene, 1,3-dimethoxy-2-hydroxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 5-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene, 3-hydroxy-5-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 3,5-dihydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene, 2-bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene hydrochloride, 3,4-difluoro-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 4-trifluoromethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 2-chloro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene, 4-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene, 2-bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene, 1-bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt, 3-chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-3-trifluoromethylbenzene, 4-methoxy-1-(N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene, 1-(N-(3-butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene, 4-methoxy-1-(N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene, 1-(N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene, 1-(N-(3,4-dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene, 1-(N-(4,5-dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene, 1-(N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene, 4-methoxy-1-(N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene, 4-methoxy-3-nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1-

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-phenoxybenzene, 4-benzyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido benzene, 4-methylmercapto-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenyl sulfonamidobenzene, 4-allyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1-pentafluorophenyl sulfonamido-4-propoxybenzene, 4-(1-methyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonyloxybenzene, 1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonylindole, 1-pentafluorobenzene sulfonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, 2-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamide, 4-tert-butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, and 2-anilino-3-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine.

51. The method, compound or use of claim 50, wherein the compound is chosen from: 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-pentafluoro phenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-ethylenedioxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfon amidobenzene, 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenyl sulfonamidobenzene, 4-hydroxy-1-pentafluorosulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenyl sulfonamidobenzene, 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole, 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-(N-methyl pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-benzene, 4-ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 3-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfon amidobenzene, 2-chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido-benzene, 2-bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluoro benzenesulfonamidobenzene, 1-bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monosodium salt, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monopotassium salt, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzene sulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt, 4-chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, and 3-amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

52. The method, compound or use of claim 51, wherein the compound is: 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfon amidobenzene, 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-dimethyl-4-pentafluoro phenylsulfonamidobenzene, 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole, 4-ethoxy-1-pentafluorobenzene sulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluoro benzenesulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamido benzene, 1-bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monosodium salt, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene; monopotassium salt, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluoro benzenesulfonamidobenzene; sodium salt, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzene sulfonamidobenzene; potassium salt, or 3-amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

53. The method, compound or use of claim 52, wherein the compound is 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzene

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998



sulfonamidobenzene; monosodium salt, or 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene monopotassium salt.

54. The method, compound or use of claim 52, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene.

55. The method, compound or use of claim 52, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.

56. The method, compound or use of claim 52, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorobenzenesulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.

57. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 56, wherein the disease state is atherosclerosis.

58. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 56, wherein the disease state is pancreatitis.

59. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 56, wherein the disease state is hypercholesterolemia.

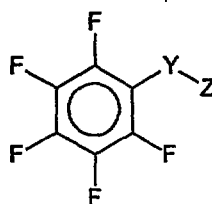
60. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 56, wherein the disease state is hyperlipoproteinemia.

61. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 60, wherein the composition is administered orally.

62. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 61, wherein the subject is human.

63. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 44 to 62, wherein the composition is administered in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of a hypolipemic agent or a hypocholesterolemic agent that is not represented by formula I.

64. A compound having the formula I:



REPLACED

18 SEP 1998

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein: Y is -S(O)- or -S(O₂)-; and Z is NR¹R², wherein R² is an optionally substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, and R¹ is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₆)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)heteroalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₆)alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₅-C₇)cycloalkadienyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₅-C₇)cycloalkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₃-C₈)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₁-C₄)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-(C₃-C₆)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryloxy-(C₂-C₄)heteroalkyl, wherein



R¹ and R² may be connected by a linking group E to give a substituent of the formula wherein E represents a bond, (C₁-C₄) alkylene, or (C₁-C₄) heteroalkylene, and the ring formed by R¹, E, R² and the nitrogen contains no more than 8 atoms; provided that: in the case that Y is -S(O₂)-, and R¹ is hydrogen or methyl, then R² is substituted phenyl or heteroaryl group; in the case that Y is -S(O₂)- and R² is a ring system chosen from 1-naphthyl, 5-quinolyl, or 4-pyridyl, then either R¹ is not hydrogen or R² is substituted by at least one substituent that is not hydrogen; in the case that Y is -S(O₂)-, R² is phenyl, and R¹ is a propylene unit attaching the nitrogen of -NR¹R²- to the 2- position of the phenyl ring in relation to the sulfonamido group to form a 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline system, and one or more of the remaining valences on the bicyclic system so formed is substituted with at least one substituent that is not hydrogen; in the case that Y is -S(O₂)- and R² is phenyl substituted with 3-(1-hydroxyethyl), 3-dimethylamino, 4-dimethylamino, 4-phenyl, 3-hydroxy, 3-hydroxy-4-diethylaminomethyl, 3,4-methylenedioxy, 3,4-ethylenedioxy, 2-(1-pyrrolyl), or 2-methoxy-4-(1-morpholino), then either R¹ is not hydrogen or when R¹ is hydrogen, one or more of the remaining valences

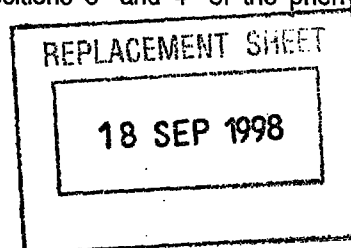
on the phenyl ring of R² is substituted with a substituent that is not hydrogen; in the case that Y is -S(O₂)- and R² is 2-methylbenzothiazol-5-yl, 6-hydroxy-4-methyl-pyrimidin-2-yl, 3-carbomethoxypyrazin-2-yl, 5-carbomethoxypyrazin-2-yl, 4-carboethoxy-1-phenylpyrazol-5-yl, 3-methylpyrazol-5-yl, 4-chloro-2-methylthiopyrimidin-6-yl, 2-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-5-yl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl, 4-methylthiazol-2-yl, 6,7-dihydroindan-5-yl, 7-chloro-5-methyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl, 5,7-dimethyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl, or 3-cyanopyrazol-4-yl, then R¹ is a group other than hydrogen; wherein said compound has pharmacological activity.

65. The compound of claim 64, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or lower alkyl, Y is S(O₂), and there is no linking group E between R¹ and R².

66. The compound of claim 65, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or methyl and R² is substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents on R², ranging in number from one to four, are independently chosen from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroarylamino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.

67. The compound of claim 66, wherein R¹ is hydrogen and R² is substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents on R² are independently chosen from amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino, and are located at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





68. The compound of claim 67, wherein the compound is 4-(N,N-diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 4-amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

69. The compound of claim 65, wherein R¹ is hydrogen, and R² is phenyl substituted at positions 3- and 4-, in relation to the sulfonamido group, with a divalent moiety that forms a 5- or 6-membered ring together with carbons 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring.

70. The compound of claim 69, wherein the divalent moiety is: -C=CNH-, or -C=NNH-.

71. The compound of claim 70, wherein the compound is 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindazole or 5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole.

72. The compound of claim 66, wherein R¹ is hydrogen, and the substituents on R² are independently selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino.

73. The compound of claim 72, wherein the substituents on R² are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, amino, or dimethylamino.

74. The compound of claim 73, wherein the substituents on R² are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, and ethoxy.

75. The compound of claim 74, wherein the substituents on R² are at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

76. The compound of claim 75, wherein R² is monosubstituted phenyl.

77. The compound of claim 76, wherein the compound is 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 4-ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 3-ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 3-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

78. The compound of claim 76, wherein the compound is 3-chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 4-chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

79. The compound of claim 75, wherein R² is disubstituted phenyl.

80. The compound of claim 79, wherein the compound is 1,2-dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 1,2-dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt, or 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monopotassium salt.

81. The compound of claim 79, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt, or 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, potassium salt.

82. The compound of claim 80, wherein the compound is 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, monosodium salt.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998



83. The compound of claim 81, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.

84. The compound of claim 83, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

85. The compound of claim 83, wherein the compound is 2-fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, sodium salt.

86. The compound of claim 75, wherein R^2 is trisubstituted phenyl.

87. The compound of claim 81, wherein the compound is 2-bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene, or 2-chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

88. The compound of claim 72, wherein the compound is 1,2-dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

89. The compound of claim 66, wherein the compound is 3-phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

90. The compound of claim 65, wherein R^2 is a phenyl ring substituted by a heterocyclic group at the 4- position, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

91. The compound of claim 77, wherein the compound is 4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

92. The compound of claim 64, wherein R^1 and R^2 are covalently joined in a moiety that forms a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring with the nitrogen atom of NR^1R^2 .

93. The compound of claim 92, wherein R^1 is a $-CH=CH-$ group linked to the 2- position of the R^2 phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally substituted indole.

94. The compound of claim 93, wherein the compound is 1-(pentafluorophenylsulfonyl)indole.

95. The compound of claim 92, wherein R^1 is a $-(CH_2)_3-$ group linked to the 2- position of the R^2 phenyl group, in relation to the sulfonamido group, forming an optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.

96. The compound of claim 64, wherein the compound is 2-hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypent-1-yl)pentafluorophenyl-sulfonamido]benzene, 4-methoxy-1-[N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene, 4-methoxy-1-[N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene, 1-[N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, 1-[N-(3,4-dihydroxybutyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, 1-[N-(4,5-dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenyl sulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, 1-[N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene, or 4-methoxy-1-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene.

97. A 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-benzene [sulfinic or sulfonic] acid or acid amide derivative, substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to any one of the examples.

98. A pharmaceutical composition including or consisting of an effective amount of at least one compound according to any one of claims 64 to 97, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent or adjuvant therefor.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998



99. A method for the treatment or prophylaxis of disease state characterised by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood in a mammal requiring said treatment or prophylaxis, which method includes or consists of administering to said mammal an effective amount of at least one compound according to any one of claims 64 to 97, or of a composition according to claim 98.

100. A compound according to any one of claims 64 to 97 or a composition according to claim 98 when used in the treatment or prophylaxis of disease state characterised by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

101. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 64 to 97 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of disease state characterised by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

102. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 99 to 101, wherein the disease state is atherosclerosis.

103. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 99 to 101, wherein the disease state is pancreatitis.

104. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 99 to 101, wherein the disease state is hypercholesterolemia.

105. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 99 to 101, wherein the disease state is hyperlipoproteinemia.

106. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 99 to 105, wherein the composition is administered orally.

107. The method, compound or use of any one of claims 99 to 106, wherein the subject is human.

108. The method, composition, compound or use of any one of claims 1 to 107, wherein the compound regulates LDL receptor gene expression.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



REPLACEMENT SHEET

18 SEP 1998

pancreatitis.

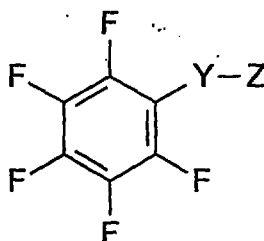
Still further objects are to provide methods for upregulating LDL receptor synthesis, for lowering serum LDL cholesterol levels, and for inhibiting atherosclerosis.

Other objects, features and advantages will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the following description and claims.

Summary of the Invention

The invention provides methods and compositions relating to novel pentafluorobenzenesulfonamide derivatives and analogs and their use as pharmacologically active agents. The compositions find particular use as pharmacological agents in the treatment of disease states, particularly hypercholesterolemia and atherosclerosis, or as lead compounds for the development of such agents.

Accordingly, a first aspect of the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a compound of formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

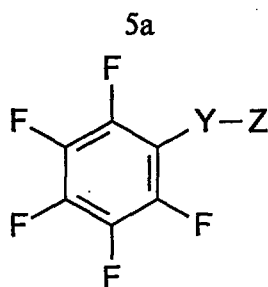
Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and

Z is $-NR^1R^2$; wherein R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, and R^2 is a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, wherein the phenyl substituents, when present, are selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen and said compound I has pharmacological activity.

A second aspect of the present invention provides a method of treating or preventing a disease state characterized by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood, which method comprises administering to a mammalian subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition containing a compound of formula I:

REPLACEMENT SHEET
16 AUG 1999

REPLACEMENT SHEETS	SG
☒ Description	: paged 5.. to paged 5h
☒ Claim(s)	: paged 72 to paged 83
☐ Drawing(s)	: paged to paged
☐ Abstract	: paged to paged
DATE OF RECEIPT 16/8/99	

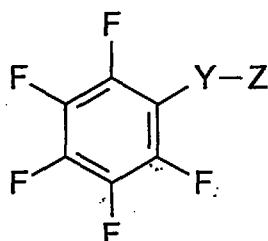


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and

Z is $-NR^1R^2$; wherein R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, and R^2 is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl.

A third aspect of the present invention provides a compound having the formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and

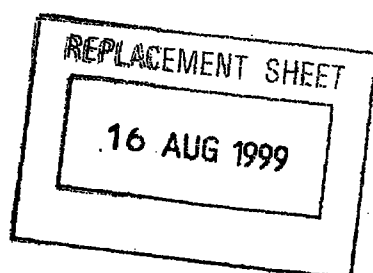
Z is $-NR^1R^2$, wherein R^2 is an optionally substituted phenyl group, and R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, wherein the phenyl substituents, when present, are selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen provided that:

in the case that Y is $-S(O)_2-$ and R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, then R^2 is substituted phenyl;

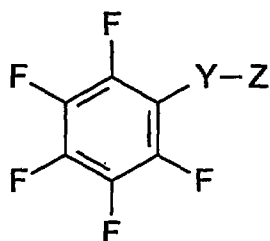
in the case that Y is $-S(O)_2-$ and R^2 is phenyl substituted with 3-(1-hydroxyethyl), 3-dimethylamino, 4-dimethylamino, 4-phenyl, 3-hydroxy, or 3-hydroxy-4-diethylaminoethyl, then either R^1 is not hydrogen or when R^1 is hydrogen, one or more of the remaining valences on the phenyl ring of R^2 is substituted with a substituent that is not hydrogen;

wherein said compound has pharmacological activity.

In one embodiment, the invention provides for the pharmaceutical use of compounds of the general formula I and for pharmaceutically acceptable compositions of formula I:



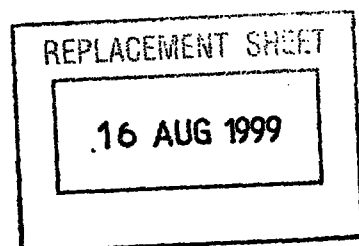
5b



or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

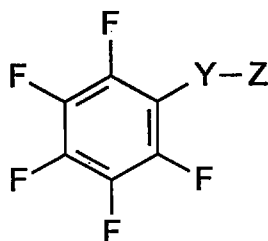
Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$;

Z is $-NR_1R_2$ or $-OR_3$, where R_1 and R_2 are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C8)cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C5-C7)cycloalkenyl,



The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a compound of formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and

Z is $-NR^1R^2$; wherein R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, and R^2 is a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, wherein the phenyl substituents, when present, are selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen and said compound I has pharmacological activity.

2. The composition of claim 1, wherein R^1 is hydrogen and R^2 is substituted phenyl, wherein the phenyl substituents are independently selected from amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino, and are located at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

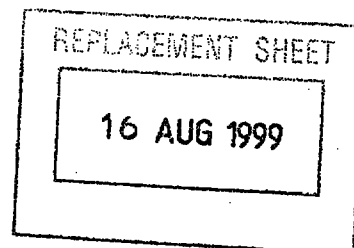
3. The composition of claim 2, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

- 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-(N,N-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfoamidobenzene;
- 3-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenyl-sulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene; and
- 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene hydrochloride.

4. The composition of claim 3, wherein the compound is 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

5. The composition of claim 1, wherein the compound is pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

6. The composition of claim 1, wherein R^1 is hydrogen, R^2 is substituted phenyl and the phenyl substituents are independently selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino.



7. The composition of claim 6, wherein the phenyl substituents are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, amino, and dimethylamino.

8. The composition of claim 7, wherein the phenyl substituents are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy and ethoxy.

9. The composition of claim 6, wherein the phenyl substituents are at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

10. The composition of claim 9, wherein R^2 is monosubstituted phenyl.

11. The composition of claim 10, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

- 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene; and
- 4-tert-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.



12. The composition of claim 10, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of 3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene and 4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

13. The composition of claim 9, wherein R^2 is disubstituted phenyl.

14. The composition of claim 13, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

- 1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,
- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monosodium salt; and
- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene salt.

15. The composition of claim 13, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

- 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt; and
- 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene potassium salt.

REPLACEMENT SHEET

16 AUG 1999



16. The composition of claim 14, wherein the compound is 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

17. The composition of claim 14, wherein the compound is 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monosodium salt.

18. The composition of claim 15, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

19. The composition of claim 15, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt.

20. The composition of claim 15, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene potassium salt.

21. The composition of claim 6, wherein R² is a trisubstituted phenyl.

22. The composition of claim 15, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of 2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene and 2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

23. The composition of claim 6, wherein the compound is 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

24. The composition of claim 1, wherein R² is a phenyl group substituted by phenoxy or optionally substituted phenoxy.

25. The composition of claim 24, wherein the compound is 3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

26. The composition of claim 1, wherein R² is a phenyl ring substituted by a heterocyclic group at the 4- position, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

27. The composition of claim 11, wherein the compound is 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

28. The composition of claim 1, wherein R¹ is an optionally substituted (C2-C10)alkyl or an optionally substituted (C3-C6)alkenyl.

29. The composition of claim 28, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypent-1-yl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;

4-Methoxy-1-[N-(2-propenyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;

4-Methoxy-1-[N-(4-pentenyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;

1-[N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene;

1-[N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene;

1-[N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene;

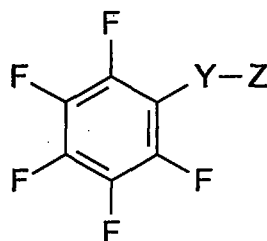
1-[N-(4-hydroxybutyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene; and

REPLACEMENT

16 AUG

4-Methoxy-1-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene.

30. A method of treating or preventing a disease state characterized by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood, which method comprises administering to a mammalian subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition containing a compound of formula I:

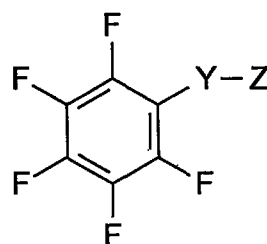


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and

Z is $-NR^1R^2$; wherein R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, and R^2 is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl.

31. The use of a compound of formula I:

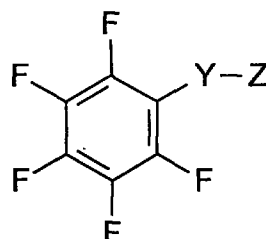
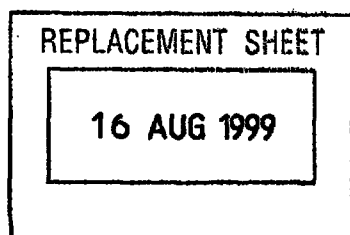


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and

Z is $-NR^1R^2$; wherein R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, and R^2 is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of a disease state in a mammalian subject characterized by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

32. A compound of formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and



Z is $-NR^1R^2$; wherein R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, and R^2 is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, when used in the treatment or prevention of a disease state in a mammalian subject characterized by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

33. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32 respectively, wherein R^1 is hydrogen or lower alkyl and R^2 is optionally substituted phenyl.

34. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32 respectively, wherein R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, and R^2 is substituted phenyl, the phenyl substituents being independently selected from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.

35. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

- 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-(N,N-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
- 1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3,5-Dimethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 4(1-Morpholino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
- 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene;

REPLACEMENT SHEET

16 AUG 1999

2-Hydroxy-1,3-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene;
 1,3-Dimethoxy-2-hydroxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 1,2-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 5-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-1,2,3-trihydroxybenzene;
 3-Hydroxy-5-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 3,5-Dihydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
 2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene hydrochloride;
 3,4-Difluoro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Trifluoromethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Chloro-5-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidopyridine;
 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;
 4-(1,1-Dimethyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt;
 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene potassium salt;
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt;
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene potassium salt;
 3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 3-Nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-3-trifluoromethylbenzene;
 4-Methoxy-1-(N-(2-propenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
 1-(N-(3-Butenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
 4-Methoxy-1-(N-(4-pentenyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
 1-(N-(2,3-Dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
 1-(N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
 1-(N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;
 1-(N-(4-hydroxybutyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)-4-methoxybenzene;



RECEIVED

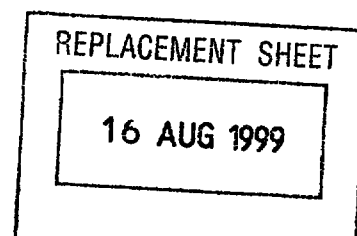
16 AUG 1999

4-Methoxy-1-(N-(5-hydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
 4-Methoxy-3-nitro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene-4-phenoxybenzene;
 4-Benzyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Methylmercapto-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Allyloxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 1-Pentafluorophenylsulfonamido-4-propoxybenzene;
 4-(1-Methyl)ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene and
 4-tert-Butoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.



36. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32 respectively, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 3-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-(N-methylpentafluorophenylsulfonamido)benzene;
 4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Bromo-3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Bromo-4-methoxy-5-hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 1-Bromo-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;
 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monosodium salt;
 2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monopotassium salt;
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt;
 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene potassium salt;
 4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene; and





3-Amino-4-methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

37. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32 respectively, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene,

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monosodium salt; and

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monopotassium salt.

38. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32 respectively, wherein the compound regulates LDL receptor gene expression.

39. The method, use or compound of claim 36, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

40. The method, use or compound of claim 36, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt.

41. The method, use or compound of claim 36, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene potassium salt.

42. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the disease state is atherosclerosis.

43. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the disease state is pancreatitis.

44. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the disease state is hypercholesterolemia.

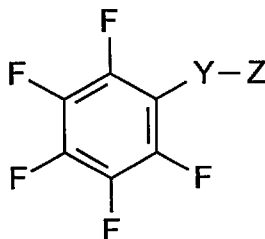
45. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the disease state is hyperlipoproteinemia.

46. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the composition is administered orally.

47. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the subject is human.

48. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 30-32, wherein the composition is administered in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of a hypolipemic agent or a hypocholesterolemic agent that is not represented by formula I.

49. A compound having the formula I:



REPLACEMENT SHEET

16 AUG 1999



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$; and

Z is $-NR^1R^2$, wherein R^2 is an optionally substituted phenyl group, and R^1 is selected from hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C10)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C3-C6)alkenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C6)heteroalkyl, wherein the phenyl substituents, when present, are selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen provided that:

in the case that Y is $-S(O)_2-$ and R^1 is hydrogen or methyl, then R^2 is substituted phenyl;

in the case that Y is $-S(O)_2-$ and R^2 is phenyl substituted with 3-(1-hydroxyethyl), 3-dimethylamino, 4-dimethylamino, 4-phenyl, 3-hydroxy, or 3-hydroxy-4-diethylaminoethyl, then either R^1 is not hydrogen or when R^1 is hydrogen, one or more of the remaining valences on the phenyl ring of R^2 is substituted with a substituent that is not hydrogen;

wherein said compound has pharmacological activity.

50. The compound of claim 49, wherein R^1 is hydrogen or methyl and R^2 is substituted phenyl, wherein the phenyl substituents range in number from one to four, and are independently selected from lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino optionally substituted with one or two lower alkyls, optionally substituted arylamino, optionally substituted heteroaryl amino, optionally substituted phenoxy, and halogen.

51. The compound of claim 50, wherein R^1 is hydrogen and R^2 is substituted phenyl, wherein the phenyl substituents are independently selected from amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino, and are located at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

52. The compound of claim 51, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

4-(N,N-Diethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

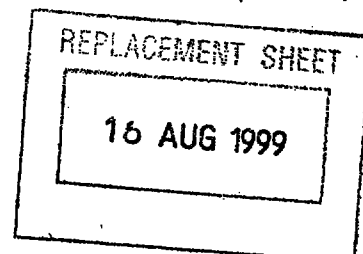
4-Amino-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene; and

4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

53. The compound of claim 50, wherein R^1 is hydrogen, and the phenyl substituents are independently selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, (lower)alkylamino, and di(lower)alkylamino.

54. The compound of claim 53, wherein the phenyl substituents are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, amino and dimethylamino.

55. The compound of claim 54, wherein the phenyl substituents are independently selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, methoxy and ethoxy.



56. The compound of claim 55, wherein the phenyl substituents are at one or more of positions 3- and 4- of the phenyl ring, in relation to the sulfonamido group.

57. The compound of claim 56, wherein R^2 is monosubstituted phenyl.

58. The compound of claim 57, selected from the group consisting of:

4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

3-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

4-Hydroxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

4-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

3-Ethoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene; and

3-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.



59. The compound of claim 57, selected from the group consisting of 3-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene and 4-Chloro-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

60. The compound of claim 56, wherein R^2 is disubstituted phenyl.

61. The compound of claim 60, selected from the group consisting of:

1,2-Dimethoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

1,2-Dihydroxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monosodium salt; and

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene monopotassium salt.

62. The compound of claim 60, selected from the group consisting of:

2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

2-Bromo-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

2-Chloro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene;

2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt; and

2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene potassium salt.

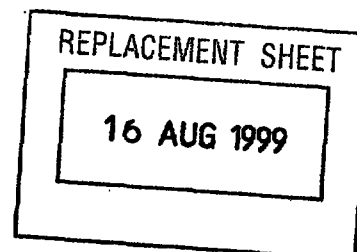
63. The compound of claim 62, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

64. The compound of claim 62, wherein the compound is 2-Fluoro-1-methoxy-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene sodium salt.

65. The compound of claim 55, wherein R^2 is trisubstituted phenyl.

66. The compound of claim 53, wherein the compound is 1,2-Dimethyl-4-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

67. The compound of claim 50, wherein the compound is 3-Phenoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.





68. The compound of claim 58, wherein the compound is 4-Methoxy-1-pentafluorophenylsulfonamidobenzene.

69. The compound of claim 49, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

2-Hydroxy-1-methoxy-4-[N-(5-hydroxypent-1-yl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;
4-Methoxy-1-[N-(2-propenyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;
4-Methoxy-1-[N-(4-pentenyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene;
1-[N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene;
1-[N-(3,4-Dihydroxybutyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene,
1-[N-(4,5-Dihydroxypentyl)pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene;
1-[N-(4-hydroxybutyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]-4-methoxybenzene; and
4-Methoxy-1-[N-(5-hydroxypentyl) pentafluorophenylsulfonamido]benzene.

70. A pharmaceutical composition including or consisting of an effective amount of at least one compound according to any one of claims 49-69 together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent or adjuvant therefor.

71. A method of treating or preventing a disease state characterized by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood, which method comprises administering to a mammalian subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound according to any one of claims 49-69 or of a composition according to claim 70.

72. A compound according to any one of claims 49-69 or a composition according to claim 70 when used in the treatment or prevention of a disease state in a mammalian subject characterized by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

73. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 49-69 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of a disease state in a mammalian subject characterized by abnormally high levels of low density lipoprotein particles or cholesterol in the blood.

74. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 71-73, wherein the disease state is atherosclerosis.

75. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 71-73, wherein the disease state is pancreatitis.

76. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 71-73, wherein the disease state is hypercholesterolemia.

77. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 71-73, wherein the disease state is hyperlipoproteinemia.

78. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 71-73, wherein the composition is administered orally.

REPLACEMENT SHEET

16 AUG 1999



83

79. The method, use or compound of any one of claims 71-73, wherein the subject is human.

REPLACED

16 AUG 1999