

THIS SHEET HAS BEEN REPLACED

SHROUD AND CYCLONIC CLEANING APPARATUS INCORPORATING SAME

The invention relates to an improved shroud and to apparatus incorporating an improved shroud.

A shroud is used in conjunction with cyclonic dust separation means to filter an airflow. In apparatus incorporating dual cyclonic separation means, ie. two separate cyclones arranged in series to remove, initially, larger pieces of dirt and fluff and, subsequently, finer dust particles, the shroud is positioned between the two cyclone arrangements and the airflow is passed through the shroud to reduce the possibility of larger pieces of dust and fluff entering the second, high efficiency cyclone.

It has been found that various features of the shroud have an effect on the overall performance of the separation means. It is therefore an object of the invention to provide a shroud which improves the overall performance of the cyclonic dust separation means in conjunction with which it is used.

The invention provides a shroud as claimed in claim 1. Advantageous and preferable features are set out in the subsidiary claims. When used in conjunction with dual cyclonic separation means, these arrangements improve the percentage of dirt, dust and fluff remaining

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



in the low efficiency cyclone which, in turn, improves the performance of the high efficiency cyclone and thus of the entire separation means.

Embodiments of the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a side view, partially in section, of a shroud incorporating the present invention;

Figure 2a is an enlarged sectional view of part of the wall of the perforated portion of the embodiment shown in Figure 1;

Figure 2b is an enlarged detail of the embodiment shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a side view of a second embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 3a is an enlarged section through part of the wall of the perforated section of the embodiment shown in Figure 3.

Figure 1 shows a shroud 10 having a cylindrical portion 12 in which is located a perforated portion 14. The perforated portion 14 has a lower edge 16 from which depends a lip 18 which will be described in greater detail below. Extending radially inwardly from the lower edge 16 of the perforated portion 14 is an annular web 20 which communicates with or seals against an inner cyclone 22. The inner cyclone 22 forms no part of the present invention and will not be described in any further detail here. The web 20 effectively forms



THIS SHEET HAS BEEN REPLACED

support means for and a seal against the cylindrical portion 12. Further support and sealing means 24 are located at the upper edge of the cylindrical portion 12 but which, again, do not form part of the present invention, except to support the cylindrical portion 12.

Figure 2a shows, in sectional view, a portion of the wall 26 forming the perforated portion 14. The wall 26 has an upstream surface 28 and a multiplicity of perforations 30 through which, in use, the airflow passes in the direction of arrows 32. In prior art shrouds, the perforations have been formed in such a manner that the upstream edge of each perforation incorporates a radius at its intersection with the upstream surface of the shroud. According to the present invention, the upstream edge of each perforation 30 meets the upstream surface 28 at a sharply defined angle. Such an angle can be produced by forming the perforations 30 by drilling or, if desired, by moulding or any other suitable manufacturing process. The provision of a sharp angle at the intersection between the upstream edge of each perforation 30 and the upstream surface 28 of the shroud 10 decreases the amount of fine dust passing through the perforations 30 and therefore decreases the risk of the perforations 30 becoming blocked by dust and fluff particles.

The thickness of the material t forming the wall 26 is substantially 2mm. The diameter d of each

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



cylindrical perforation 30 is substantially 2.2mm.

The embodiment shown in Figure 1 includes a lip 18 depending from the lower edge 16 of the perforated portion 14. The lip 18, which is shown in more detail in Figure 2b, essentially comprises a parallel sided portion 34 extending substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis 36 of the shroud 10. The distal end of the parallel-sided portion 34 is inclined at an angle α of substantially 45° . At the proximal end of the lip 18, a step 38 is formed, the breadth b of the step 38 being substantially the same as the breadth B of the parallel-sided portion 34. Both the breadth b and the breadth B are, in the embodiment shown, substantially 2mm.

The height h of the step 38 corresponds substantially to the breadth b of the step 38 and, again, is approximately 2mm in this embodiment.

The distance x to which the lip 18 extends below the lower edge 16 of the perforated portion 14 is approximately 15mm.

It has been found that this shape of bottom lip 18 of the shroud 10 reduces the amount of blockage of the perforations 30 in the shroud 10 and the amount of fine dust passing through the perforations 30 when used in dual cyclonic vacuum cleaning apparatus with the shroud 10 being positioned in the airflow path between a low efficiency cyclone and a high efficiency cyclone. A

relatively large proportion of dirt and dust is retained in the low efficiency cyclone and the step 38 also improves the seal between the lip 18 and the lower edge 16 of the perforated section 14.

Figure 3 illustrates a second embodiment of the invention. In Figure 3, a frusto-conical shroud 40 is illustrated having support means 42 located at the upper end thereof. A frusto-conical perforated portion 44 is located in the frusto-conical shroud 40. A multiplicity of perforations 46 are arranged in the perforated portion 44 and Figure 3a is a sectional view through part of the side wall 48 of the perforated portion 44.

As can be seen from Figure 3a, the thickness t of the material forming the side wall 48 of the shroud 40 is substantially 2mm. Also, the diameter d of each cylindrical perforation 46 is substantially 2.2mm. The longitudinal axis of each perforation 46 is substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 50 of the shroud 40 and the angle at which the interior wall of each perforation meets the external surface of the side wall 48 is sharply defined.

In the embodiment shown, the angle of inclination β of the side wall 48 to the longitudinal axis 50 of the shroud 40 is substantially 12.5°. However, this angle could be varied according to the requirements of the cyclonic dust separating apparatus and particularly to the angle of inclination of the inclined wall of the

high efficiency cyclone. The angle of inclination β is preferably substantially identical to the angle of inclination of the wall of the high efficiency cyclone so that the wall 48 of the shroud 40 can be located parallel to the inclined wall of the high efficiency cyclone whilst still providing for the passage of air between the perforations and the high efficiency cyclone.

It has been found that the provision of sharply defined perforations 46 having a diameter of 2.2mm is advantageous in that the amount of fine dust passing through the shroud is reduced thus reducing the likelihood of the shroud becoming blocked by dust or fluff. The provision of a conical shroud 40 increases the volume of the area of the low efficiency cyclone in which dirt and dust is collected thus increasing the capacity of the cyclone.

It will be appreciated by a skilled reader that the invention is not limited to the embodiments illustrated above. Various modifications and alterations will be apparent to the skilled reader as falling within the scope of the invention.

CLAIMS

THIS SHEET HAS BEEN
REPLACED

1. A shroud for use in apparatus incorporating cyclonic dust separation means for separating dirt and dust from an airflow, the shroud comprising a perforated portion having a lower edge and a lip depending therefrom, the lip comprising a parallel-sided portion having an inclined distal end, wherein a step is formed radially inwardly of the parallel-sided portion and at the proximal end thereof.
2. A shroud as claimed in claim 1, wherein the breadth of the step is substantially equal to the breadth of the parallel-sided portion.
3. A shroud as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the height of the step is substantially equal to the breadth thereof.
4. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the breadth of the parallel-sided portion is substantially 2mm.
5. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the parallel-sided portion extends substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of the shroud.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





THIS SHEET HAS BEEN
REPLACED

6. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the lip extends substantially 15mm below the lower edge of the perforated portion.
7. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the distal end of the lip is inclined at an angle of substantially 45° to the parallel sides of the lip.
8. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the perforated portion is cylindrical.
9. A shroud for use in apparatus incorporating cyclonic dust separation means for separating dirt and dust from an airflow, substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to any one of the embodiments shown in the accompanying drawings.
10. Apparatus for separating dirt and dust from an airflow comprising cyclonic dust separation means and a shroud according to any one of the preceding claims.
11. Apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the cyclonic dust separation means comprise a low efficiency cyclone and a high efficiency cyclone positioned downstream of the low efficiency cyclone, the shroud being positioned between the two cyclones.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced





THIS SHEET HAS BEEN
REPLACED

12. Apparatus as claimed in claim 10 or 11, wherein the apparatus consists of a vacuum cleaner.

This Sheet Has Been Replaced



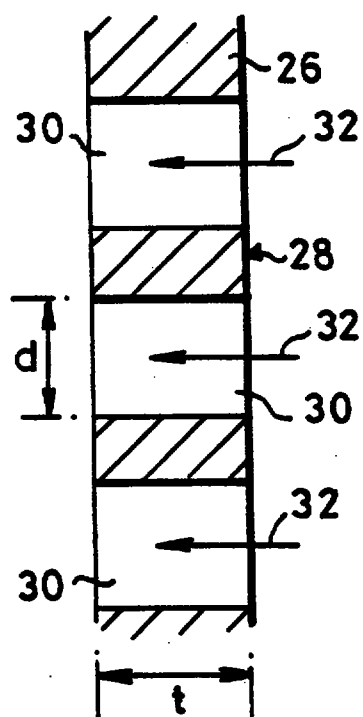
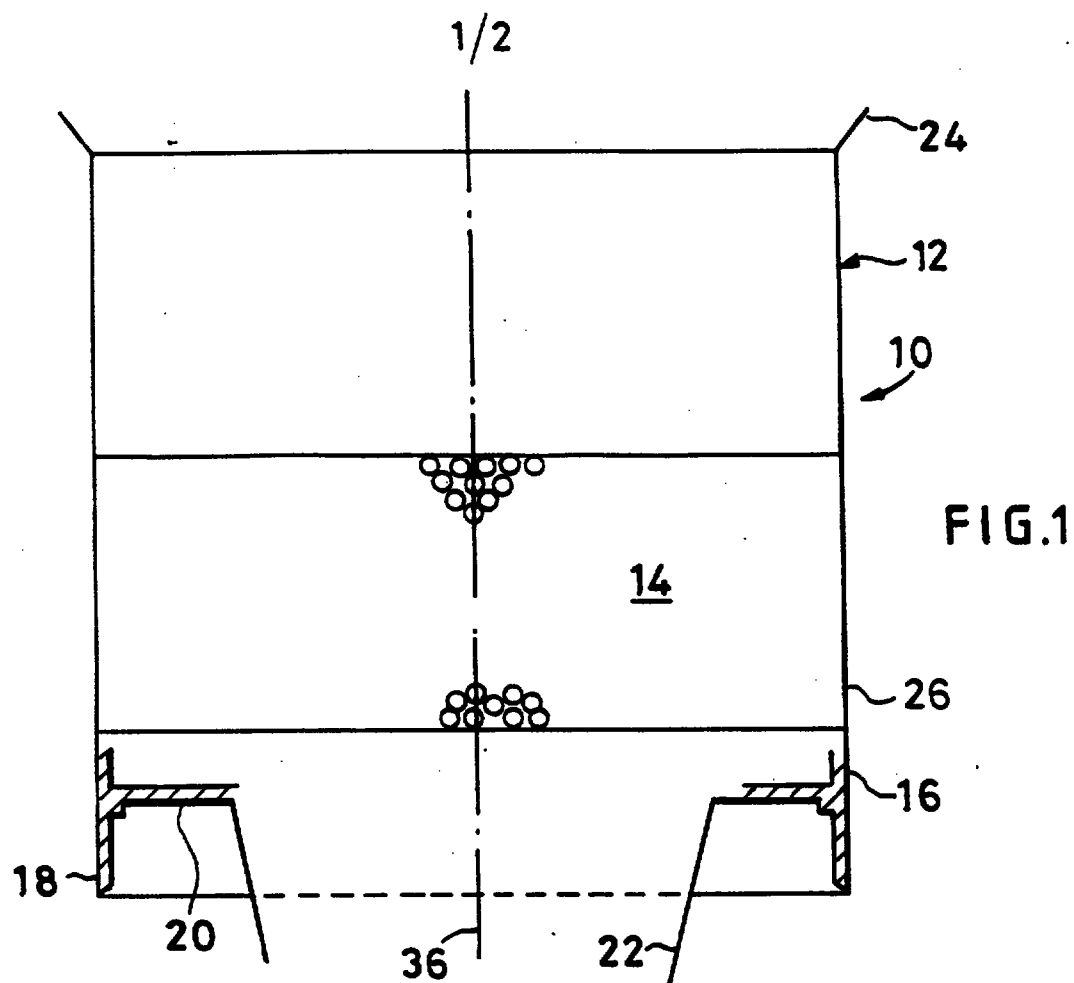


FIG. 2a

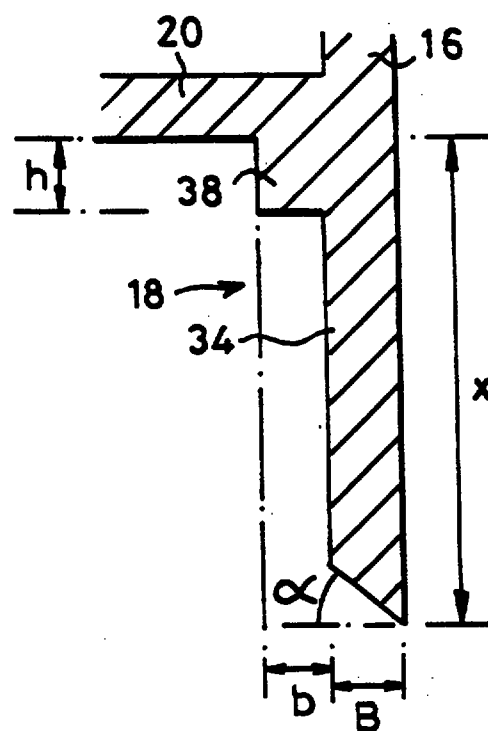


FIG. 2b

2/2

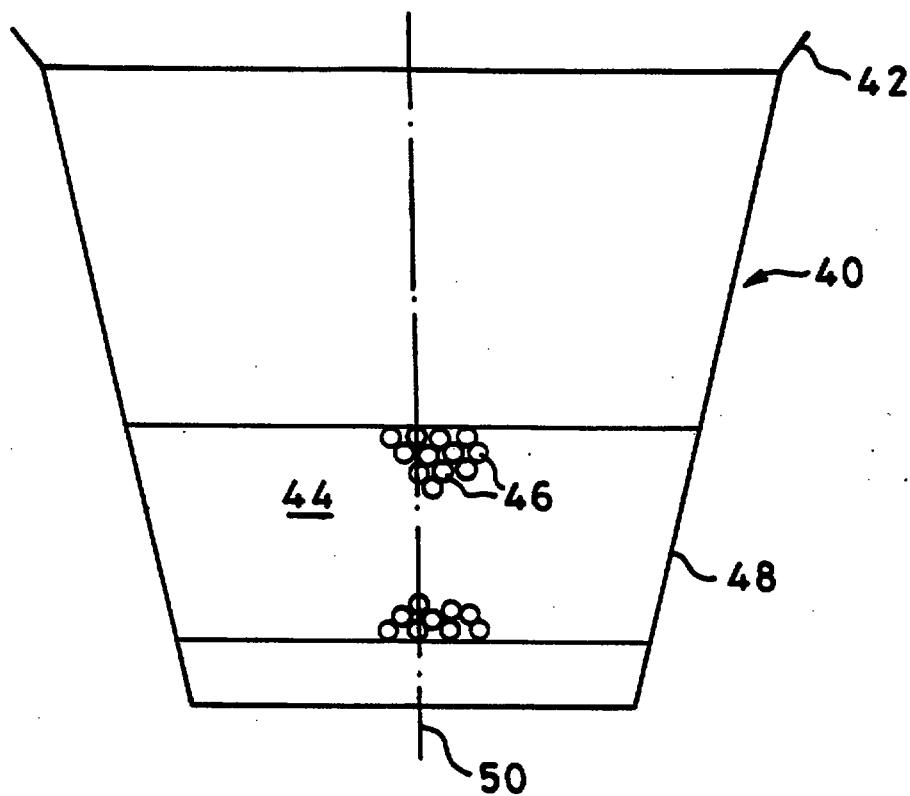


FIG. 3

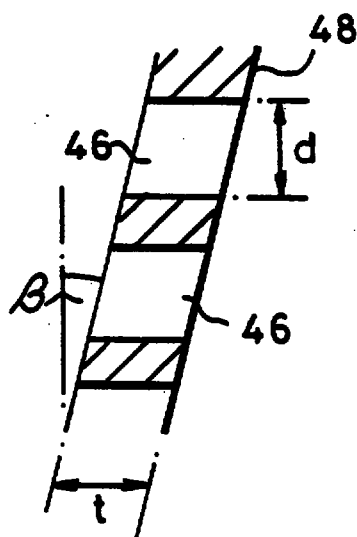
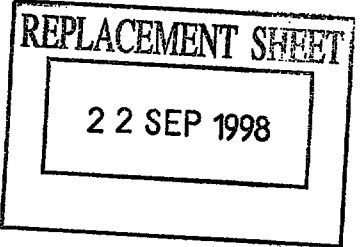


FIG. 3a



Shroud and Cyclonic Cleaning Apparatus Incorporating Same

The invention relates to an improved shroud and to apparatus incorporating an improved shroud.

A shroud is used in conjunction with cyclonic dust separation means to filter an airflow. In apparatus incorporating dual cyclonic separation means, ie. two separate cyclones arranged in series to remove, initially, larger pieces of dirt and fluff and, subsequently, finer dust particles, the shroud is positioned between the two cyclone arrangements and the airflow is passed through the shroud to reduce the possibility of larger pieces of dust and fluff entering the second, high efficiency cyclone. Apparatus of this type is described and illustrated in EP-A-0489565 and EP-A-0557096. Vacuum cleaners incorporating shrouds having all of the features of the first part of Claim 1 are known.

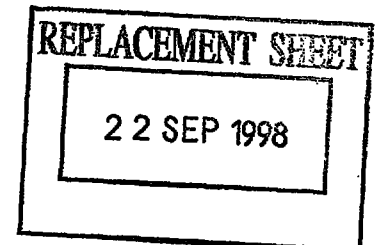
It has been found that various features of the shroud have an effect on the overall performance of the separation means. It is therefore an object of the invention to provide a shroud which improves the overall performance of the cyclonic dust separation means in conjunction with which it is used.

The invention provides a shroud as claimed in claim 1. Advantageous and preferable features are set out in the subsidiary claims. When used in conjunction with dual cyclonic separation means, these arrangements improve the percentage of dirt, dust and fluff remaining

support means for and a seal against the cylindrical portion 12. Further support and sealing means 24 are located at the upper edge of the cylindrical portion 12 but which, again, do not form part of the present invention, except to support the cylindrical portion 12.

Figure 2a shows, in sectional view, a portion of the wall 26 forming the perforated portion 14. The wall 26 has an upstream surface 28 and a multiplicity of perforations 30 through which, in use, the airflow passes in the direction of arrows 32. In prior art shrouds, the perforations have been formed in such a manner that the upstream edge of each perforation incorporates a radius at its intersection with the upstream surface of the shroud. The upstream edge of each perforation 30 meets the upstream surface 28 at a sharply defined angle. Such an angle can be produced by forming the perforations 30 by drilling or, if desired, by moulding or any other suitable manufacturing process. The provision of a sharp angle at the intersection between the upstream edge of each perforation 30 and the upstream surface 28 of the shroud 10 decreases the amount of fine dust passing through the perforations 30 and therefore decreases the risk of the perforations 30 becoming blocked by dust and fluff particles.

The thickness of the material t forming the wall 26 is substantially 2mm. The diameter d of each



22 SEP 1998

CLAIMS

1. A shroud for use in apparatus incorporating cyclonic dust separation means for separating dirt and dust from an airflow, the shroud (10;40) comprising a perforated portion (14;44) having a lower edge (16) and a lip (18) depending therefrom, the lip (18) comprising a parallel-sided portion (34) having an inclined distal end, characterised in that a step (38) is formed radially inwardly of the parallel-sided portion (34) and at the proximal end thereof.
2. A shroud as claimed in claim 1, wherein the breadth of the step (38) is substantially equal to the breadth of the parallel-sided portion (34).
3. A shroud as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the height of the step (38) is substantially equal to the breadth thereof.
4. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the breadth of the parallel-sided portion (34) is substantially 2mm.
5. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the parallel-sided portion (34) extends substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis (36) of the shroud (10;40).
6. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the lip (18) extends substantially 15mm below the lower edge of the perforated portion (14;44).
7. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the distal end of the lip (18) is inclined at an angle of substantially 45° to the parallel sides of the lip (18).
8. A shroud as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the perforated portion (14) is cylindrical.

9. Apparatus for separating dirt and dust from an airflow comprising cyclonic dust separation means and a shroud (10;40) according to any one of the preceding claims.
10. Apparatus as claimed in claim 9, wherein the cyclonic dust separation means comprise a low efficiency cyclone and a high efficiency cyclone positioned downstream of the low efficiency cyclone, the shroud (10;40) being positioned between the two cyclones.
11. Apparatus as claimed in claim 9 or 10, wherein the apparatus consists of a vacuum cleaner.

RTMP
COPY

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : A47L 9/16	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 96/19936 (43) International Publication Date: 4 July 1996 (04.07.96)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB95/03040 (22) International Filing Date: 27 December 1995 (27.12.95) (30) Priority Data: 9426287.0 28 December 1994 (28.12.94) GB (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): NOTETRY LIMITED [GB/GB]; Sycamore House, Bathford, Bath BA1 7RS (GB). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): DYSON, James [GB/GB]; Sycamore House, Bathford, Bath BA1 7RS (GB). (74) Agent: SMITH, Gillian, Ruth; Marks & Clerk, 57-60 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London WC2A 3LS (GB).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG), ARIPO patent (KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG). Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(54) Title: SHROUD AND CYCLONIC CLEANING APPARATUS INCORPORATING SAME (57) Abstract The invention provides a shroud (10; 40) for use in apparatus incorporating cyclonic dust separation means for separating dirt and dust from an airflow, the shroud (10; 40) comprising a perforated portion (14; 44) having a multiplicity of perforations (30; 46) for allowing the airflow to pass therethrough. According to invention, the perforated portion (14) has a lower edge (16) and a lip (18) depending therefrom, the lip (18) comprising a parallel-sided portion (34) having an inclined distal end and a step (38) formed radially inwardly of the parallel-sided portion (34) and at the proximal end thereof. The invention improves performance of the dust separation apparatus in conjunction with which the shroud (10; 40) is utilised.		