

SPECIFICATION

BURNING FURNACE INCLUDING VIBRATOR AND
BURNING FURNACE INCLUDING DRYING CHAMBER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to improvement of a burning furnace for burning ordinary dust containing few moisture as well as garbage, sludge or the like containing a high quantity of moisture wherein the dust, garbage, sludge or the like are discharged from a factory, a restaurant, a convenient store or the like.

BACKGROUND ART

Conventionally, with a small sized burning furnace for burning a dust discharged from a restaurant, a superstore, a convenient store or the like, ash deposited in the burning furnace after completion of a burning operation is manually taken from the burning furnace, and the dust which can not be burnt is burnt again in the furnace after the ash is taken out therefrom.

On the other hand, ordinary dust containing no moisture as well as garbage containing a high quantity of moisture discharged from a factory, a restaurant, a supermarket, a convenient store or the like are forcibly burnt in the furnace

store by operating a burner or the like.

However, ordinary dust containing few moisture can easily be burnt in the burning furnace but garbage containing a large quantity of moisture can not completely be burnt under the same conditions as those for the ordinary dust.

Ash remaining in the burning furnace as burning waste after completion of a burning operation for dust and garbage is deposited in the burning furnace, resulting in the material to be burnt failing to be completely burnt. Thus, after unburnt waste is removed from the burning furnace, it is ignited and burnt. For this reason, a drawback of the conventional burning furnace is that many manhours are required until the waste and the garbage are completely burnt.

The present invention has been made in consideration of the aforementioned background. An object of the present invention is to provide a burning furnace which is very convenient because even though a material to be burnt continues to be burnt, ash automatically drops in a receiving tray. Another object of the present invention is to provide a burning furnace including a vibrator as well as a burning furnace including a drying chamber which assure that after moisture contained in garbage is dried by a burning heat derived from ordinary dust in a garbage receiving groove, the unburnt waste is caused to drop in a burning chamber by actuating raking rod so as to allow the unburnt waste to be

completely burnt, and moreover, ash is automatically fallen in a receiving tray by the action of vibration of a lattice-shaped vibrating plate without any degrading of a burning efficiency due to ash deposited by continuously burning the waste for a long time.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, there is provided a burning furnace including a vibrator, wherein the burning furnace is characterized in that an ash receiving chamber including an ash receiver is arranged below a burning chamber including a holding plate connected to a vibrator and having a discharging/sucking port on the rear surface, a burner chamber including a burner, a blower chamber including a blower having an air feeding pipe and a branch pipe and a chimney chamber including a chimney are arranged in the burning furnace, the air feeding pipe of the blower is inserted into the chimney, and the foremost end of the branch pipe is disposed in the vicinity of the foremost end of the branch pipe.

In addition, according to the present invention, there is provided a furnace including an ashing chamber, a burning chamber and a drying chamber, wherein the furnace is characterized in that a plurality of through holes are formed through the burning chamber and the drying chamber, and a partition having a garbage receiving groove formed therein is



arranged in the burning furnace. Moreover, according to the present invention, there is provided a burning furnace including a burning chamber and a cyclone, wherein a burning chamber and a drying chamber is arranged in the burning furnace and a drying chamber are arranged in the burning furnace, a plurality of through holed are formed through the burning chamber and the drying chamber, and a receiving groove for receiving garbage therein is arranged in the burning furnace.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a front view of a burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 2 is a left-hand side view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 3 is a plan view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 4 is a front view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention wherein a door for the burning furnace is fully opened, Fig. 5 is a vertical sectional view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 6 is a cross-sectional view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 7 is a vertical sectional view of the rear part of the burning furnace including a vibrator in



accordance with the present invention, Fig. 8 is a front view of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 9 is a rear view of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 10 is a vertical sectional view of a burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 11 a vertical sectional view of the rear part of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 12 is a plan view of a partition for the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 13 is a vertical sectional view of a partition for the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 14 is a vertical sectional view of other embodiment of the partition for a drying furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 15 is a vertical sectional view of another embodiment of the partition for the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 16 is a front view of other embodiment of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 17 is a plan view of another embodiment of a partition for the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, and Fig. 18 is a vertical sectional view of the

drying chamber of another embodiment of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The present invention will be described in more detail with reference to the accompanying drawings which illustrate preferred embodiments thereof.

Fig. 1 is a front view of a burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 2 is a left-hand side view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, and Fig. 3 is a plan view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention.

In the drawings, reference numeral 2 denotes a burning portion. The burning portion 2 exhibits a substantially parallelepiped contour, and includes an upper opening/closing door 3 having an opening/closing lever 3d, a lower opening/closing door 4 having an opening/closing lever 4a, a chimney 5 on the rear upper surface, and a switch board 6 on the left-hand side surface for controlling an operation of the burning furnace 1.

Reference numeral 7 denotes an upper cover for a burner chamber, reference numeral 7a designates a lower cover for the blower chamber, and reference numerals 8, 8a and 8c

denote feet for the burning furnace 1.

Fig. 4 is a front view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention while the door is fully kept opened, and the interior of the burning portion 2 is divided into a burning chamber 9, an ash receiving chamber 12a, a burner chamber 16, a blower chamber 21 and a chimney chamber 23.

A sucking/discharging port 10 is formed on the rear wall of the burning chamber for allowing the smoke generated when burning a material 11 to be burnt to be discharged via the chimney 5, and the sucking/discharging port 10 is communicated with a chimney chamber 23.

An ash receiving chamber 12a includes an ash receiver 13 having a handle 13a attached thereto, the ash receiver 13 is slidably displaced along left-hand and right-hand guides 14 and 15. When the ash receiver 13 is fully filled with ash, it is forwardly pulled by seizing the handle 13a with an operator's hand so that ash in the ash receiver 13 is taken out of the ash receiving chamber 12a.

Fig. 5 is a vertical sectional view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, Fig. 6 is a cross-sectional view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the present invention, and Fig. 7 is a rear vertical sectional view of the burning furnace including a vibrator in accordance with the

present invention.

As shown in Fig. 5, since a number of vertical holes are formed through a holding plate 2d on which a material 11 to be burnt is held, ash derived from burning of the material 11 to be burnt drops on the ash receiver 13 through the holes. A vibrator 26 is connected to the holding plate 2d, and as the vibrator 26 is driven, the holding plate 2d is vibrated. The vibrator 26 is installed in a blower chamber 21. Corners of the holding plate 2d are vibrantly mounted, and coil springs 27 and 28 are fitted to the respective corners so as to enable the holding plate 2d to be effectively vibrated.

An air ventilating hole 12b is formed through a bottom plate 12, and air flows through the ventilating holes 12b, a number of through holes formed through the holding plate 2d and the material 11 to be burnt so that the latter is burnt at a high efficiency. To adjust a quantity of air to flow through the ventilating hole 12b, a manual turn plate 12c is turnably placed on the bottom plate 12 to open or close the ventilating hole 12b.

A burner chamber 16 and a blower chamber 21 are arranged behind a burning chamber 9 such that a burner 17 is disposed in the burner chamber 16 and a blower 22 is disposed in the blower chamber 21. The blower 22 includes an air feeding pipe 18, and a branch pipe 24 is branched from the air feeding pipe 18 so that the fore end part of the air feeding pipe 18 is

inserted into the chimney 5 and the fore end part of the branch pipe 24 directed to the burner chamber 16 to cool the burner 17.

A change lever 19 is disposed on the branch pipe 18, and as required, air is feed to the burner 17 by actuating a lever 19 so as to cool the burner 19.

As shown in Fig. 6, the air feeding pipe 18 attached to the blower 22 is inserted into the chimney 5 as mentioned above. The foremost end of an ignition sleeve 17a of the burner 17 is projected into the interior of a chimney chamber 23 with slight upward inclination. The slight upward inclination of the ignition sleeve 17a in that way is intended to completely burn the material to be burnt by generating an eddy current at the upper part of the chimney chamber 23. It of course is obvious that the ignition sleeve 17a may be disposed with horizontal attitude.

In addition, as air continues to be fed into the chimney 5 via the air feeding pipe 18, an intensity of air pressure in the chimney chamber 23 is reduced, causing hot gas in the burning chamber 9 to be sucked in the chimney chamber 23 from the sucking/discharging port 10 formed on the rear wall of the burning chamber 9. Thus, fresh air flows in the combustion chamber 9 so that the material 11 to be burnt is efficiently burnt.

Reference numeral 5a denotes a heater. By disposing the

heater 5a in the chimney 5, fine dust which enters the chimney 5 without burning in the burning chamber 8 and then is discharged to the atmosphere from the chimney 5 can completely be burnt by the heater 5a. It of course is obvious that the heater 5a may not be disposed.

To assure that the burning furnace is centrally controlled at a single location, a switch board 6 is arranged between the burner chamber 16 and the blower chamber 21. A variety of actuating buttons such as an ON/OFF button, a timer or the like are disposed on the switch board 6 in order to drive the vibrator 26, the blower 22, the burner 17 or the like, and moreover, actuate the vibrator 26 at a predetermined time.

Since the upper and lower opening/closing doors 3 and 4, the burning chamber 9 and the chimney chamber 23 are exposed to an elevated temperature, the wall of each of the chambers has a three-layered structure. Specifically, each wall is composed of inner materials 2a and 3a, intermediate materials 2b and 3b and outer materials 2c and 3c, and castor is used for the inner materials, ceramic wool is used for the intermediate materials and glass wool is used for the outer materials.

Fig. 8 is a front view which shows a burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention, and Fig. 9 is a rear view which shows the burning

furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention.

The burning furnace 1 including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention is composed of a burning chamber 28 for burning ordinary dust, a drying chamber 27 for drying garbage containing moisture, an ash receiving chamber 29 including an ash receiving tray for receiving burnt ordinary dust and ash generated after completion of the burning of the garbage, a chimney chamber 42, a burner chamber 43 including a burner chamber 45 and a blower chamber 44 including a blower 44a.

Opening/closing door is openably fitted to the drying chamber 27, the burning chamber 28 and the ash receiving chamber 29 by hinges 31, and each door is attached to the drying chamber 27, the burning chamber 28 and the ash receiving chamber 28 by tightening members 30. Reference numeral 32 denotes a chimney through which smoke generated at the time of burning is discharged.

As shown in Fig. 9, opening/closing doors 33, 33a and 33b are attached to inspecting ports on the rear surface of the burning furnace, and an ash outlet door 33b is attached to an ash outlet.

The ash outlet door 33b is constructed so as to largely adjust an opening angle so that a quantity of suction air from the ash outlet port 33c can be adjusted by adjusting an

opening angle of the ash outlet door 33c as required.

Fig. 10 is a vertical sectional view of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention. Ordinary dust 37 containing few moisture is put in the burning chamber 34, and a vibrating plate 36 exhibiting a lattice-shaped contour is placed at the bottom of the burning chamber 34. The vibrating plate 36 is connected to a vibrator 46a so that it is vibrated at a predetermined time set by a timer so as to allow an ash deposited on the vibrating plate 36 to drop in an ash receiving tray 35 in an ash receiving chamber 29. The ash receiving tray 35 is slidably received in the ash receiving chamber 20 and it can be drawn outside of the ash receiving chamber 29.

The inner wall of the burning chamber 34 is inclined at the lower part thereof so as to allow the material to be burnt deposited on the inner wall to be smoothly displaced on the vibrating plate 36.

Reference numerals 29a and 29b denote air holes through which air is taken in the burning chamber 34. Reference numeral 29c denotes a bottom of the burning furnace 1a to which an air intake adjusting plate having a through hole formed therein is attached. A quantity of intake air can be adjusted by actuating the air intake adjusting plate.

A partition 38 is disposed between the drying chamber 27 and the burning chamber 28, and a garbage receiving groove 38e

is formed on the upper surface of the partition 38 to accumulatively receive garbage 39 therein. As shown in Fig. 12, a plurality of through holes 38a, 38b, 38c, 38d, 38f, 38g and 38h are formed around the outer periphery of the garbage receiving groove 38e in such a manner as to surround the garbage receiving groove 38e.

Hot air generated by burning ordinary dust 37 flow through the through holes 38a to 38h to gradually dry garbage 39 including a large quantity of moisture received in the garbage receiving grooves 38e with the hot air.

The hot air generated by burning the ordinary dust 37 flows through the through holes 38a, 38b, 38c, 38f, 38g and 38h and then is forcibly discharged out of the chimney 32 by the blower 44a disposed in the blower chamber 44.

As the garbage 39 dried in the drying chamber 34a is raked out by actuating a raking rod 27a, the unburnt garbage drops in the burning chamber 34 through the through holes 38a, 38b, 38c, 38d, 38f, 38g and 38h so that it is burnt in the burning chamber 28. With such construction, the garbage 39 which can not be hitherto treated by burning can be completely burnt in the burning furnace 1a.

Fig. 11 is a vertical sectional view which shows the rear part of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention. As shown in the drawing, a burner chamber 43 having an ignition burner 45

including an ignition sleeve 45a received therein, a blower chamber 44a in which a blower 44a including an air feeding pipe 44b having a branch pipe connected thereto and the blower 44a having a vibrator 46a disposed therein are arranged, and a chimney chamber 42 are arranged at the rear part of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention.

Reference numeral 32a denotes a heater. The heater 32a is intended to additionally burn the incompletely burnt gas which enters from a discharge hole 47 into the chimney chamber 42 before it is discharged from the chimney 32. It of course is obvious that the heater 30a may not be disposed.

The ignition sleeve 45a is intended to completely burn the incompletely burnt waste gas in the same manner as mentioned above. A branch pipe is equipped with a change lever so that air is delivered to the burner 45 by actuating the change lever as required to cool the ignition burner 45.

The air feeding pipe 44b fitted to the blower 44a is inserted into the lower part of the chimney 32 as mentioned above. The fore end part of the ignition sleeve 45a of the burner 45 is inserted into the chimney 42, and as shown in Fig. 11, the ignition sleeve 45s is disposed to direct in the slight upward direction. Since the ignition sleeve 45a of the burner 45 is disposed in the upward direction in that way, an eddy current is generated at the upper part of the chimney

chamber 48 to completely burn the incompletely burnt waste gas.

The chimney chamber 42 is designed to have a hollow cylindrical contour in order to allow air to flow smoothly while forming an eddy current with the air. It of course is obvious that the ignition sleeve 42a may be disposed in the horizontal direction.

A fan of the blower 44a is normally driven so that the fan is normally rotated. This is because air flow in the chimney 42 is improved by normally rotating the fan of the blower 44a.

Specifically, since air in the burning chamber 34 and the drying chamber 34a is discharged from the chimney 7 by normally driving the blower 44a, fresh air is sucked in the chimney chamber 17 from a furnace bed 20c, and moreover, fresh air is sucked from the furnace floor 29c to the burning chamber 34, whereby the material to be burnt is completely burnt.

As shown in Fig. 11, when air is continuously fed from the air feeding pipe 44b to the chimney 42, the air pressure in the chimney chamber 42 is reduced, causing the hot air in the drying chamber 34a to be sucked from the discharge port 47 into the chimney chamber 42 formed at the rear wall of the drying chamber 34a. Then, since the sucked hot air is discharged from the chimney, fresh air flows in the drying chamber 34a so

that the material 37 to be burnt is burnt and the garbage 39 is dried whereby the ordinary dust 37 and the garbage 39 can simultaneously be burnt at a high efficiency.

Fig. 13 is a vertical sectional view which is disposed between the burning chamber and the drying chamber of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention.

A material of the partition 38 shown in Fig. 13 is made of a ceramic material, and the receiving groove 38e in which garbage, sludge or the like is recessed has the mortar-like sectional contour.

Reference character a and b denote molded products each made by mixing the burnt ash generated from the dust burnt in the burning furnace 1 of the present invention and sludge or burnt ash and clay and then molding the mixture to a brick-like contour. The sludge molded products a and b are placed on the receiving groove 38e and dried in the burning chamber 34a whereby quasi-bricks employable for building works can be produced.

Fig. 14 is a vertical sectional view which shows other embodiment of a partition for the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention. In this embodiment, cooling water 38i is recirculated in the partition 38 in order to prevent the partition 38 from being excessively heated by high temperature generated in the

burning chamber.

Fig. 15 is a vertical sectional drawing which shows another embodiment of a partition disposed between the burning chamber and the drying chamber of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention.

In this embodiment, the partition 38 is made of a casting having a thin wall. By forming the partition with the casting in that way, the burning chamber and the drying chamber can be widened.

Fig. 16 is a front view which shows other embodiment of the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention. In this embodiment, the burning furnace 48 including a drying chamber is composed of a burning furnace 49 and a cyclone 50. A burning chamber 53 and a drying chamber 51 are arranged in the burning furnace 49, and a partition 52 is interposed between the burning chamber 51 and the drying chamber 51. As shown in Fig. 17, a receiving groove 52a for receiving garbage and sludge is formed in the partition 52.

Fig. 17 is a plan view which shows the partition 52 for the burning furnace including a drying chamber shown in Fig. 16, and Fig. 18 is a vertical sectional view which show the drying chamber of the burning furnace including a drying chamber shown in Fig. 16.

In this embodiment, the partition 52 includes a mortal-like receiving groove 52a at the central part, and moreover, includes a plurality of through holes 52b, 52c and 52d at the positions located outside of the receiving groove 52a.

To assure that the burning furnace 48 including a drying chamber is centrally controlled at a single location, a switch board 40 is disposed between the burner chamber 43 and the blower chamber 44, and ON/OFF button and various buttons for driving a vibrator 46a, a blower 44a, a burner 45 or the like and a timer for actuating a vibrator 46a for a predetermined time are arranged on the switch board 40.

Each of chambers 27, 28, 42, 43 and 44 for the burning furnace 48 including a drying chamber has a three layered structure. Specifically, each chamber is composed of an inner layer, an intermediate layer and an outer layer, and caster is used for the inner later, ceramic wool or caster is used for the intermediate layer and glass wool or heat resistant board is used for the outer layer.

The burning furnace 1a including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention is constructed to include a lattice-like plate but not include a vibrating plate 36 adapted to vibrate.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

As is apparent from the above description, the burning

furnace including a vibrator as well as the burning furnace including a drying chamber in accordance with the present invention can completely burn any material to be burnt without discharging non-immflammable gas, resulting in the burning furnace being satisfactorily acceptable from the viewpoint of environment.

In addition, even though the burning furnace continues to burn a material to be burnt, the burning section is not excessively heated, and the ash generated by burning the material to be burnt automatically drops in the ash receiver without any obstacle of feeding oxygen due to the deposited ash. Consequently, any material to be burnt can efficiently burnt.

Further, ordinary dust containing few moisture as well as garbage containing a large quantity of moisture can easily instantaneously be burnt.



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CLAIMS;

1. A burning furnace including a vibrator, characterized in that an ash receiving chamber including an ash receiver below a burning chamber including a holding plate connected to a vibrator and having a suction/discharging port formed on the rear wall of said burning chamber is arranged in said burning furnace, a burner chamber including a burner, a blower chamber including a blower having an air feeding pipe and a branch pipe attached thereto, and a chimney chamber including a chimney are arranged behind said burning chamber, said air feeding pipe of said blower is inserted into said chimney, and the foremost end of said branch pipe is located in the vicinity of said burner.
2. The burning furnace including a vibrator as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that said chimney is equipped with a heater therein.
3. The burning furnace including a vibrator as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, characterized in that an ignition sleeve projecting in the interior of said chimney is located at a slight upper position.
4. The burning furnace including a vibrator as claimed in any one of claim 1 to claim 3, characterized in that said branch pipe is equipped with a change lever.
5. The burning furnace including a vibrator as claimed in any one of claim 1 to claim 4, characterized in that each of said





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burning section and upper and lower opening and closing doors has a three layered structure which is composed of an inner material, an intermediate material and an outer material.

6. The burning furnace including a vibrator as claimed in any one of claim 1 to claim 5, characterized in that a switch board including various kinds of switches is disposed between said burner chamber and said blower chamber to effect central controlling therewith.

7. A burning furnace including a drying chamber, said burning furnace being composed of an ash receiving chamber, a burning chamber and a drying chamber, characterized in that a plurality of through holes are formed between said burning chamber and said drying chamber, and a partition having a receiving groove for receiving garbage therein formed thereon is disposed in said burning furnace.

8. The burning furnace including a drying chamber as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that a chimney chamber, a burner chamber and a blower chamber are arranged in said burning furnace.

9. A burning furnace including a drying chamber, said burning furnace being composed of a burning furnace and a cyclone, characterized in that a burning chamber and a drying chamber are arranged in said burning furnace, a plurality of through holes are formed between said burning chamber and said drying chamber, and a partition having a receiving groove for





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receiving garbage formed thereon is attached to said drying chamber.

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